

RI3C Module Using Firmware Integration Technology

Introduction

This application note describes the Renesas I3C module using firmware integration technology (FIT) for communications between devices using the Improved Inter-Integrated Circuit communications interface.

Target Device

• RX26T Groups (products with 64 Kbytes of RAM)

When using this application note with other Renesas MCUs, careful evaluation is recommended after making modifications to comply with the alternate MCU.

Target Compilers

- Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family
- GCC for Renesas RX
- IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX

For details of the confirmed operation contents of each compiler, refer to "6.1 Operating Test Environment".



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1. Overview

The Renesas I3C module using firmware integration technology (RI3C FIT module) provides a method to transmit and receive data between the controller and target devices using the RI3C. The RI3C complies with MIPI I3C.

Limitations

- This module does not support HDR (I3C high data rate) mode.

1.1 Renesas I3C FIT Module

This module is implemented in a project and used as the API. Refer to 2.12 Adding the FIT Module to Your Project for details on implementing the module to the project.

1.2 Outline of the API

Table 1.1 lists the API Functions.

Table 1.1 API Functions

Item	Contents
R_RI3C_Open()	Configure an RI3C instance.
R_RI3C_Enable()	Enable the RI3C device.
R_RI3C_DeviceCfgSet()	Set the configuration for this device.
R_RI3C_ControllerDeviceTableSet()	Configure an entry in the controller device table.
R_RI3C_TargetStatusSet()	Set the status returned to the controller in response to a GETSTATUS command.
R_RI3C_DeviceSelect()	In controller mode, select the device for the next transfer.
R_RI3C_DynamicAddressAsignmentStart()	Start the Dynamic Address Assignment Process.
R_RI3C_CommandSend()	Send a broadcast or direct command to target devices on the bus.
R_RI3C_Write()	Set the write buffer for the transfer. In controller mode, start the transfer. When the transfer is completed, send a stop condition or a repeated-start.
R_RI3C_Read()	Set the read buffer for the transfer. In controller mode, start the transfer. When the transfer is completed, send a stop condition or a repeated-start.
R_RI3C_IbiWrite()	Initiate an IBI write operation.
R_RI3C_IbiRead()	Set the read buffer for storing received IBI data.
R_RI3C_Close()	Close the RI3C instance.



1.3 Overview of RI3C FIT Module

1.3.1 Specifications of RI3C FIT Module

- 1. This module supports controller transmission, controller reception, target transmission and target reception.
- 2. This module supports SDR (I3C single data rate) mode with FIFO transfer.
- 3. RI3C autonomously starts transfer when data and command are written.
- 4. An interrupt occurs in one of the following contexts: Respond queue full (RESPI), command queue empty (CMDI), IBI queue empty/full (IBII), receive status queue full (RCVI), receive data full (RXI), transmit data empty (TXI), Communication error or communication event (EEI).
- 5. Controller device can communicate with multiple target devices by using 7-bit address.



1.4 Using RI3C FIT Module

1.4.1 Using RI3C FIT Module in C++ project

For C++ project, add RI3C FIT module interface header file within extern "C"{}:

extern "C"
{
 #include "r_smc_entry.h"
 #include "r_ri3c_rx_if.h"
}



2. API Information

This driver API adheres to the Renesas API naming standards.

2.1 Hardware Requirements

This driver requires your MCU supports the following feature:

- RI3C Module.

2.2 Software Requirements

This driver is dependent upon the following packages:

- Board Support Package Module (r_bsp) Rev.7.30 or higher

2.3 Supported Toolchains

This driver has been confirmed to work with the toolchain listed in 6.1 Operating Test Environment

2.4 Interrupt Vector

The In-band interrupts are enabled by execution of R_RI3C_Enable API function.

Table 2.1 shows the interrupt vectors used by the RI3C FIT module.

 Table 2.1
 List of Usage of Interrupt Vectors.

Device	Contents
RX26T	RESPI interrupt (vector no.: 40)
	CMDI interrupt (vector no.: 41)
	IBII interrupt (vector no.: 42)
	RCVI interrupt (vector no.: 43)
	RXI interrupt (vector no.: 118)
	TXI interrupt (vector no.: 119)
	EEI interrupt (vector no.: 113)

2.5 Header Files

All API calls and their supporting interface definitions are located in r_ri3c_rx_if.h and r_ri3c_rx_api.h.

2.6 Integer Types

This project uses ANSI C99. These types are defined in stdint.h.



2.7 Configuration Overview

The configuration options in this module are specified in $r_ri3c_rx_config.h$. The option names and setting values are listed in the table below.

Configuration options in <i>r_ri3c_rx_config.h</i>			
RI3C_CFG_PARAM_CHECKING_ENABLE - Default value = BSP_CFG_PARAM_CHECKING_ENABLE	Specify whether to include code for API parameter checking Set to 1 includes parameter checking; 0 compiles out parameter checking Use this option with caution.		
RI3C_CFG_UNALIGNED_SUPPORT - Default value = 1	Selects whether to support Unaligned Buffer in this device. 1 = Enabled (System default) 0 = Disabled		
RI3C_CFG_DEVICE_TYPE - Default value = RI3C_DEVICE_TYPE_TARGET	Device operation mode. RI3C_DEVICE_TYPE_PRIMARY_CONTROLLER RI3C_DEVICE_TYPE_TARGET (System default) Select enable/disable Controller mode of this		
RI3C_CFG_CONTROLLER_SUPPORT - Default value = 1	device. 1 = Enabled (System default) 0 = Disabled If only Controller mode is required, disable Target support to decrease code size.		
RI3C_CFG_TARGET_SUPPORT - Default value = 1	Select enable/disable Target mode of this device 1 = Enabled (System default) 0 = Disabled If only Target mode is required, disable Controller support to decrease code size.		
RI3C_CFG_PCLKA_REF_VALUE - Default value = 48000000	Peripheral Clock A Reference Value. 48 MHz (System default) 64 MHz FIT RI3C Modules works properly on 48 MHz or 64 MHz.		
RI3C_CFG_STANDARD_OPEN_DRAIN_LOGIC_HIGH_PERIOD - Default value = 167	The Logic High period of SCL during Standard Mode Open Drain transfers.		
RI3C_CFG_STANDARD_OPEN_DRAIN_FREQUENCY - Default value = 1000000	The Frequency of SCL during Standard Mode Open Drain transfers.		
RI3C_CFG_STANDARD_PUSH_PULL_LOGIC_HIGH_PERIOD - Default value = 167	The Logic High period of SCL during Standard Mode Push Pull transfers.		
RI3C_CFG_STANDARD_PUSH_PULL_FREQUENCY - Default value = 3400000	The Frequency of SCL during Standard Mode Push Pull transfers.		
RI3C_CFG_EXTENDED_OPEN_DRAIN_LOGIC_HIGH_PERIOD - Default value = 167	The Logic High period of SCL during Extended Mode Open Drain transfers.		
RI3C_CFG_EXTENDED_OPEN_DRAIN_FREQUENCY - Default value = 1000000	The Frequency of SCL during Extended Mode Open Drain transfers.		
RI3C_CFG_EXTENDED_PUSH_PULL_LOGIC_HIGH_PERIOD - Default value = 167	The Logic High period of SCL during Extended Mode Push Pull transfers.		
RI3C_CFG_EXTENDED_PUSH_PULL_FREQUENCY - Default value = 3400000	The Frequency of SCL during Extended Mode Push Pull transfers.		
RI3C_CFG_OPEN_DRAIN_RISING_TIME - Default value = 0	The Open Drain rising time in nanoseconds. Value must be greater than or equal to 0		



Configuration options in <i>r_ri3c_rx_config.h</i>		
RI3C_CFG_OPEN_DRAIN_FALLING_TIME	The Open Drain falling time in nanoseconds.	
- Default value = 0	Value must be greater than or equal to 0	
RI3C_CFG_PUSH_PULL_RISING_TIME	The Push Pull rising time in nanoseconds.	
- Default value = 0	Value must be greater than or equal to 0	
RI3C_CFG_PUSH_PULL_FALLING_TIME	The Push Pull falling time in nanoseconds.	
- Default value = 0	Value must be greater than or equal to 0	
DIAC CEC ADDRESS ASSICNMENT DUACE	Enable clock stalling during the Address	
- Default value = 0	0 = Disable (System default)	
	1 = Enable	
	Enable clock stalling during the Transition Bit	
RI3C_CFG_TRANSITION_PHASE	of a read transfer.	
- Default value = 0	0 = Disable (System default)	
DIC CEC DADIMY DUACE	Enable clock stalling during the Parity Bit of a	
- Default value = 0	0 = Disable (System default)	
	1 = Enable	
	Enable clock stalling during the ACK phase of	
RI3C_CFG_ACK_PHASE	a transfer.	
- Default value = 0	0 = Disable (System default)	
	I he amount of time to stall the clock during the	
RI3C CFG CLOCK STALLING TIME	Parity Phase, and ACK Phase.	
- Default value = 0	Value must be an integer	
	Value must be great than or equal 0 and less	
	than PCLKA	
	If enabled, the RI3C instance will ACK Hot-Join	
RI3C_CFG_CONTROLLER_ACK_HOTJOIN_REQ	Requests and notify the application.	
Delault value - 0	1 = Enable	
	If enabled, the application will get a callback	
RI3C_CFG_CONTROLLER_NOTIFY_REJECTED_HOTJOIN_RE	when an IBI Hot-Join Request is rejected.	
<pre>> - Default value = 0</pre>	0 = Disable (System default)	
DIAC CEC COMMONTED NOMIEY DE LECMED COMMONTED	If enabled, the application will get a caliback when an IBI Controller Role Request is	
ROLE REO	rejected.	
- Default value = 0	0 = Disable (System default)	
	1 = Enable	
RI3C CFG CONTROLLER NOTIFY REJECTED INTERRUPT	If enabled, the application will get a callback	
REQ	wnen an IBI Interrupt Request is rejected.	
- Default value = 0	1 = Enable	
	Configure whether the target can issue IBI	
RI3C_CFG_TARGET_IBI_REQ	requests.	
- Default value = 0	0 = Disable (System default)	
	1 = Enable	



Configuration options in <i>r_ri3c_rx_config.h</i>		
RI3C_CFG_TARGET_HOTJOIN_REQ - Default value = 0	Configure whether the target can issue Hot- Join requests. 0 = Disable (System default) 1 = Enable	
RI3C_CFG_TARGET_CONTROLLERROLE_REQ - Default value = 0	Configure whether the target can issue Controller Role requests. 0 = Disable (System default) 1 = Enable	
RI3C_CFG_TARGET_INCLUDE_MAX_READ_TURNAROUND_TI ME - Default value = 0	Configure whether the Max Read Turnaround time will be transmitted. 0 = Disable (System default) 1 = Enable	
RI3C_CFG_TARGET_ENTER_ACTIVITY_STATE - Default value = RI3C_ACTIVITY_STATE_ENTAS0	Configure the starting activity state of the target. RI3C_ACTIVITY_STATE_ENTAS0 = 1 nanosec: Latency-free operation (Default value) RI3C_ACTIVITY_STATE_ENTAS1 = 100 nanosec RI3C_ACTIVITY_STATE_ENTAS2 = 2 microsec RI3C_ACTIVITY_STATE_ENTAS3 = 50 microsec: Lowest-activity operation	
RI3C_CFG_TARGET_MAX_WRITE_LENGTH - Default value = 65535	Set the max write length in Target Mode. Write length must be in range of [8, 65535]	
RI3C_CFG_TARGET_MAX_READ_LENGTH - Default value = 65535	Set the max read length in Target Mode. Read length must be in range of [8, 65535]	
RI3C_CFG_TARGET_MAX_IBI_PAYLOAD_LENGTH - Default value = 0	Set the max IBI payload length, or set it to 0 for unlimited. Read length must be in range of [0, 255]	
RI3C_CFG_TARGET_WRITE_DATA_RATE - Default value = RI3C_DATA_RATE_SETTING_2MHZ	Set the max write data rate in Target Mode. RI3C_DATA_RATE_SETTING_FSCL_MAX = FSCL_MAX RI3C_DATA_RATE_SETTING_8MHZ = 8 MHz RI3C_DATA_RATE_SETTING_6MHZ = 6 MHz RI3C_DATA_RATE_SETTING_4MHZ = 4 MHz RI3C_DATA_RATE_SETTING_2MHZ = 2 MHz (Default)	
RI3C_CFG_TARGET_READ_DATA_RATE - Default value = RI3C_DATA_RATE_SETTING_2MHZ	Set the max read data rate in Target Mode. RI3C_DATA_RATE_SETTING_FSCL_MAX = FSCL_MAX RI3C_DATA_RATE_SETTING_8MHZ = 8 MHz RI3C_DATA_RATE_SETTING_6MHZ = 6 MHz RI3C_DATA_RATE_SETTING_4MHZ = 4 MHz RI3C_DATA_RATE_SETTING_2MHZ = 2 MHz (Default)	



Configuration options in <i>r_ri3c_rx_config.h</i>			
RI3C_CFG_TARGET_CLK_TURNAROUND_RATE - Default value = RI3C_CLOCK_DATA_TURNAROUND_8NS	Set the max clock to data turnaround time in Target Mode. RI3C_CLOCK_DATA_TURNAROUND_8NS = 8 nanoseconds (Default) RI3C_CLOCK_DATA_TURNAROUND_9NS = 9 nanoseconds RI3C_CLOCK_DATA_TURNAROUND_10NS = 10 nanoseconds RI3C_CLOCK_DATA_TURNAROUND_11NS = 11 nanoseconds RI3C_CLOCK_DATA_TURNAROUND_12NS = 12 nanoseconds RI3C_CLOCK_DATA_TURNAROUND_12NS = 12 nanoseconds RI3C_CLOCK_DATA_TURNAROUND_EXTENDED = Greater than 12 nanoseconds		
RI3C_CFG_TARGET_INCLUDE_MAX_READ_TURNAROUND_TI ME - Default value = 0	Configure whether the Max Read Turnaround Time will be transmitted in Target Mode. 0 = Disable (System default) 1 = Enable		
RI3C_CFG_TARGET_MAX_READ_TURNAROUND_TIME - Default value = 0	Set max read turnaround time in Target Mode. Value must be in the range of [0, 255]		
RI3C_CFG_TARGET_FREQUENCY_BYTE - Default value = 0	Set the internal oscillator frequency in increments of 0.5 MHz in Target Mode. Value must be in the range of [0, 255]		
RI3C_CFG_TARGET_INACCURACY_BYTE - Default value = 0	Set the oscillator inaccuracy byte in increments of 0.5% in Target Mode. Value must be in the range of [0, 255]		
RI3C_CFG_BUS_FREE_DETECT_TIME - Default value = 38.4	The minimum period occurring after a STOP and before a START. Must be greater than or equal to 38.4 nanoseconds.		
RI3C_CFG_BUS_AVAILABLE_CONDITION_DETECT_TIME - Default value = 1	The minimum period occurring after the Bus Free Condition when Targets can initiate IBI requests. Must be greater than or equal to 1 microsecond.		
RI3C_CFG_BUS_IDLE_CONDITION_DETECT_TIME - Default value = 1000	The minimum period occurring after the Bus Available Condition when Targets can initiate Hot-Join requests. Must be greater than or equal to 1000 microsecond.		
RI3C_CFG_TIMEOUT_DETECTION - Default value = 0	If enabled, the application will get a callback if SCL is stuck at a logic high or logic low level for more than 65535 cycles of the RI3C source clock. 0 = Disable (System default) 1 = Enable		
RI3C_CFG_INTERRUPT_PRIORITY_LEVEL - Default value = 2	Set the interrupt priority level of the RI3C Module. Value must be in the range of [0, 15]		

Table 2.2 List of RI3C module configuration options.



2.8 Code Size

Typical code sizes associated with this module are listed below. Information is listed for a single representative device of the RX26T Group.

The ROM (code and constants) and RAM (global data) sizes are determined by the build-time configuration options described in 2.7 Configuration Overview. The table lists reference values when the C compiler's compile options are set to their default values, as described in 2.3 Supported Toolchains. The compile option default values are optimization level: 2, optimization type: for size, and data endianness: little-endian. The code size varies depending on the C compiler version and compile options.

The values in the table below are confirmed under the following conditions.

Module Revision: r_ri3c_rx rev1.00

Compiler Version: Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.05.00

(The option of "-lang = c99" is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment.)

GCC for Renesas RX 8.03.00.202204

(The option of "-std=gnu99" is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment.)

Configuration Options: Default settings

	ROM, RAM and Stack Memory Usage							
Device Category		Memory Used						
			Renesas Compiler		GCC		IAR Compiler	
			With	Without	With	Without	With	Without
			Parameter	Parameter	Parameter	Parameter	Parameter	Parameter
			Checking	Checking	Checking	Checking	Checking	Checking
	ROM	Controller device	6569 bytes	5788 bytes	7508 bytes	6804 bytes	7071 bytes	6615 bytes
		Target device	5931 bytes	5474 bytes	6876 bytes	6428 bytes	6615 bytes	6465 bytes
RX26T	RAM	Controller device	292 bytes		384 bytes		192 bytes	
		Target device	292 bytes	292 bytes		384 bytes		192 bytes
	STACK *1		268 bytes	300 bytes	-		300 bytes	300 bytes

Note 1. The size of maximum usage stack of Interrupts functions is included.



2.9 Parameters

This section describes the structure whose members are API parameters. These structures are located in $r_{ri3c_{rx_if.h}}$ and $r_{ri3c_{rx_api.h}}$

```
typedef struct st_ri3c_instance_ctrl
    uint32 t open;
#if(( CCRX ) || ( GNUC ))
    volatile struct RI3C0_Type R_BSP_EVENACCESS * p_reg;
#elif(__ICCRX )
    struct RI3CO Type R BSP VOLATILE SFR * p req;
#endif
    volatile uint32 t
                                  internal state;
    uint8_t
                                  current command code;
                                  device_index;
device_bitrate_mode;
    uint32 t
   ri3c_bitrate_mode_t
ri3c_target_info_t
                              device_bittan_
current_target_info;
   uint32 t
                                  next word;
   uint32 t
                                   ibi next word;
   ri3c_write_buffer_descriptor_t write_buffer_descriptor;
   ri3c_read_buffer_descriptor_t read_buffer_descriptor;
ri3c_read_buffer_descriptor_t ibi_buffer_descriptor;
    volatile uint32 t
                                   read transfer count final;
    volatile uint32 t
                                   ibi transfer count final;
                                 * p_cfg;
    ri3c_cfg_t const
} ri3c instance ctrl t
typedef struct s ri3c extended cfg
{
    ri3c bitrate settings t
                                             bitrate settings;
    ri3c ibi control t
                                             ibi_control
                                             bus free detection time;
    uint32 t
    uint32 t
                                             bus available detection time;
                                             bus idle detection time;
    uint32 t
                                             timeout detection enable;
    bool
    ri3c target command response info t target command response info;
    uint8 t
                                             ipl;
    uint8 t
                                             eei_ipl;
} ri3c extended cfg t;
typedef struct s_target_command_response_info
{
    bool
                                     inband interrupt enable;
    bool
                                     controllerrole request enable;
                                     hotjoin request enable;
    bool
    ri3c activity state t
                                   activity state;
                                     write length;
    uint16 t
                                     read length;
    uint16 t
    uint8 t
                                    ibi payload_length;
    ri3c_data_rate_setting_t write_data_rate;
ri3c_data_rate_setting_t read_data_rate;
    ri3c clock data turnaround t clock data turnaround;
    bool
                                     read turnaround time enable;
    uint32 t
                                     read turnaround time;
    uint8 t
                                     oscillator frequency;
    uint8 t
                                     oscillator inaccuracy;
} ri3c target command response info t;
```



```
typedef struct s_ri3c_clock stalling
{
    uint32 t assigned address phase enable : 1;
   uint32 t transition phase enable : 1;
   uint32 t parity phase enable
                                           : 1;
   uint32 t ack phase_enable
                                           : 1;
   uint16 t clock stalling time;
} ri3c clock stalling t;
typedef struct s ri3c bitrate settings
{
    uint32 t
                          icsbr; ///< The standard bitrate settings.</pre>
                          icebr; ///< The extended bitrate settings.</pre>
   uint32 t
   ri3c clock stalling t clock stalling;
} ri3c bitrate settings t;
typedef struct s ri3c ibi control
{
   uint32 t hot join acknowledge
                                                     : 1;
   uint32 t notify rejected hot join requests : 1;
   uint32 t notify rejected controllerrole requests : 1;
   uint32 t notify rejected interrupt requests : 1;
} ri3c ibi control t;
typedef struct s ri3c read buffer descriptor
{
   uint8 t * p buffer;
   uint32 t count;
   uint32_t buffer size;
   bool _____ read request_issued;
} ri3c_read_buffer_descriptor_t;
typedef struct s ri3c write buffer descriptor
{
   uint8 t * p buffer;
   uint32 t count;
   uint32 t buffer size;
} ri3c write buffer descriptor t;
```



ypedef enum e_ri3c_common_command_code	
/t Ducadasat Common Command Cadaa t/	
$/^{\circ}$ Broadcast Common Command Codes $^{\prime}$	///< Enable Margat initiated events
$ISC_CCC_BROADCASI_ENEC = (0x00),$ $ISC_CCC_BROADCAST_DISEC = (0x01)$	///< Diable Target initiated events.
$ISC_CCC_BROADCASI_DISEC = (0x01),$ $ISC_CCC_BROADCAST_ENTASO = (0x02)$	///< Enton Activity State 0
$ISC_CCC_BROADCASI_ENTASU = (0x02),$ $ISC_CCC_BROADCAST_ENTAS1 = (0x02)$	///< Enter Activity State 0.
$13C_{CCC_{BROADCASI_{ENTASI}} = (0x03),$	///< Enter Activity State 1.
$13C_CCC_BROADCAST_ENTAS2 = (0x04),$	///< Enter Activity State 2.
$13C_CCC_BROADCAST_ENTASS = (0x05),$	///< Enter Activity State 3.
$13C_{CCC} BROADCAST_{RSTDAA} = (0x06),$	///< Reset Dynamic Address Assignment.
$13C_{CCC} BROADCAST_ENTDAA = (0x07),$	///< Enter Dynamic Address Assignment.
$13C_CCC_BROADCAST_DEFSVLS = (0x08),$	///< Define List of Targets.
$13C_{CCC} BROADCAST_{SETMWL} = (0x09),$	///< Set Max Write Length.
$13C_CCC_BROADCAST_SETMRL = (0x0A),$	///< Set Max Read Length.
$13C_CCC_BROADCAST_ENTIM = (0x0B),$	///< Enter Test Mode.
$13C_{CCC} BROADCAST_ENTHDR0 = (0x20),$	///< Enter HDR Mode U.
$13C_CCC_BROADCAST_ENTHDR1 = (0x21),$	///< Enter HDR Mode 1.
$13C_CCC_BROADCAST_ENTHDR2 = (0x22),$	///< Enter HDR Mode 2.
$13C_CCC_BROADCAST_ENTHDR3 = (0x23),$	///< Enter HDR Mode 3.
$13C_CCC_BROADCAST_ENTHDR4 = (0x24),$	///< Enter HDR Mode 4.
$13C_CCC_BROADCAST_ENTHDR5 = (0x25),$	///< Enter HDR Mode 5.
$I3C_CCC_BROADCAST_ENTHDR6 = (0x26),$	///< Enter HDR Mode 6.
$I3C_CCC_BROADCAST_ENTHDR7 = (0x27),$	///< Enter HDR Mode /.
$I3C_CCC_BROADCAST_SETXTIME = (0x28),$	///< Set Exchange Timing Info.
$I3C_CCC_BROADCAST_SETAASA = (0x29),$	///< Set All Addresses to Static Address.
/* Direct Common Command Codes */	
$I3C_CCC_DIRECT_ENEC = (0x80),$	///< Enable Target initiated events.
$I3C_CCC_DIRECT_DISEC = (0x81),$	///< Disable Target initiated events.
$I3C_CCC_DIRECT_ENTASO = (0x82),$	///< Enter Activity State 0.
$I3C_CCC_DIRECT_ENTAS1 = (0x83),$	///< Enter Activity State 1.
$I3C_CCC_DIRECT_ENTAS2 = (0x84),$	///< Enter Activity State 2.
$I3C_CCC_DIRECT_ENTAS3 = (0x85),$	///< Enter Activity State 3.
$I3C_CCC_DIRECT_RSTDAA = (0x86),$	///< Reset Dynamic Address Assignment.
$I3C_CCC_DIRECT_SETDASA = (0x87),$	///< Set Dynamic Address from Static Address.
$I3C_CCC_DIRECT_SETNEWDA = (0x88),$	///< Set New Dynamic Address.
$I3C_CCC_DIRECT_SETMWL = (0x89),$	///< Set Max Write Length.
$I3C_CCC_DIRECT_SETMRL = (0x8A),$	///< Set Max Read Length.
$I3C_CCC_DIRECT_GETMWL = (0x8B),$	///< Get Max Write Length.
$I3C_CCC_DIRECT_GETMRL = (0x8C),$	///< Get Max Read Length.
$I3C_CCC_DIRECT_GETPID = (0x8D),$	///< Get Provisional ID.
$I3C_CCC_DIRECT_GETBCR = (0x8E),$	///< Get Bus Characteristic Register.
$I3C_CCC_DIRECT_GETDCR = (0x8F),$	///< Get Device Characteristic Register.
$I3C_CCC_DIRECT_GETSTATUS = (0x90),$	///< Get Device Status.
$I3C_CCC_DIRECT_GETACCMST = (0x91),$	///< Get Accept Controller Role.
$I3C_CCC_DIRECT_GETMXDS = (0x94),$	///< Get Max Data Speed.
$I3C_CCC_DIRECT_SETXTIME = (0x98),$	///< Set Exchange Timing Information.
$I3C_CCC_DIRECT_GETXTIME = (0x99),$	///< Get Exchange Timing Information.



```
RX Family
```

```
typedef struct s ri3c target device cfg
{
   uint8 t
                       static address;
   uint8_t
                       dynamic address;
   ri3c target info t target info;
} ri3c device cfg t;
typedef enum e ri3c event
{
   RI3C EVENT ENTDAA ADDRESS PHASE,
   RI3C EVENT IBI READ COMPLETE,
   RI3C EVENT IBI READ BUFFER FULL,
   RI3C EVENT READ BUFFER FULL,
   RI3C EVENT IBI WRITE COMPLETE,
   RI3C EVENT HDR EXIT_PATTERN_DETECTED,
   RI3C EVENT ADDRESS ASSIGNMENT COMPLETE,
   RI3C EVENT COMMAND COMPLETE,
   RI3C EVENT WRITE COMPLETE,
   RI3C EVENT READ COMPLETE,
   RI3C EVENT TIMEOUT DETECTED,
   RI3C EVENT INTERNAL ERROR,
} ri3c event t;
typedef enum e ri3c type
{
    RI3C DEVICE TYPE PRIMARY CONTROLLER,
   RI3C DEVICE TYPE TARGET,
} ri3c device type t;
typedef enum e ri3c device protocol
{
   RI3C DEVICE PROTOCOL I2C,
   RI3C DEVICE PROTOCOL I3C,
} ri3c device protocol t;
typedef enum e ri3c address assignment mode
{
    RI3C ADDRESS ASSIGNMENT MODE ENTDAA = I3C CCC BROADCAST ENTDAA,
    RI3C ADDRESS ASSIGNMENT MODE SETDASA = I3C CCC DIRECT SETDASA,
} ri3c address assignment mode t;
typedef enum e ri3c ibi type
{
   RI3C IBI TYPE INTERRUPT,
    RI3C IBI TYPE HOT JOIN,
    RI3C IBI TYPE CONTROLLERROLE REQUEST
} ri3c ibi type t;
typedef struct s ri3c device status
{
    uint8 t pending interrupt;
```

```
uint8_t vendor_status;
```

} ri3c_device_status_t;



```
typedef struct s ri3c device table cfg
{
   uint8_t static_address; ///< I3C Static address / I2C address for</pre>
this device.
    /** Dynamic address for the device. This address will be assigned during
Dynamic Address Assignment. */
   uint8 t dynamic address;
   ri3c device protocol t device protocol; ///< The protocol used to
communicate with this device (I3C / I2C Legacy).
   bool ibi accept;
                                               ///< Accept or reject IBI
requests from this device.
   bool controllerrole_request_accept; ///< Accept controller role</pre>
requests from this device.
    /**
    * IBI requests from this device have a data payload.
    * Note: When the device is configured using ENTDAA, the ibi payload will
automatically be updated
         based on the value of BCR.
    *
     */
   bool ibi_payload;
} ri3c_device_table_cfg_t;
```



```
typedef struct s ri3c target info
{
    uint8 t pid[6];
    union
    {
        uint8 t bcr;
        struct
        {
            uint8 t max data speed limitation : 1;
            uint8 t ibi request capable
                                          : 1;
            uint8 t ibi_payload
                                                : 1;
            uint8_t ibi_payload
uint8_t offline_capable
                                                : 1;
            uint8 t
                                                : 2;
            uint8 t device role
                                                : 2;
        } bcr b;
    };
   uint8 t dcr;
} ri3c target info t;
typedef struct s ri3c command descriptor
{
   uint8_t command_code;
    uint8 t * p buffer;
    uint32 t length;
   bool restart;
bool rnw;
} ri3c command descriptor t;
typedef struct s ri3c callback args
{
   ri3c event_t
                                event;
   uint32 t
                               event status;
   uint32 t
                               transfer size;
   ri3c target info t const * p target info;
                             dynamic_address;
ibi_type;
ibi_address;
   uint8 t
   ri3c ibi type t
   uint8 t
   uint8 t
                               command code;
                            * p_context;
   void const
} ri3c callback args t;
typedef struct st_ri3c_cfg
{
   uint32 t
                       channel;
   ri3c device type t device type;
   void (* p callback) (ri3c callback args t const * const p args);
   void const * p_context;
void const * p_extend;
} ri3c cfg t;
typedef void ri3c ctrl t;
typedef struct st ri3c instance
{
   ri3c ctrl t * p ctrl;
   ri3c cfg t * p cfg;
   ri3c api t * p api;
} ri3c instance t;
```

typedef struct st ri3c api { fsp err t (* open) (ri3c ctrl t * const p ctrl, ri3c cfg t const * const p cfg); fsp_err_t (* enable) (ri3c ctrl t * const p ctrl); fsp err t (* deviceCfgSet) (ri3c ctrl t * const p ctrl, ri3c device cfg t const * const p device cfg); fsp err t (* controllerDeviceTableSet) (ri3c ctrl t * const p ctrl, uint32 t device index, ri3c_device_table_cfg_t const * const p_device_table_cfg); fsp_err_t (* deviceSelect) (ri3c ctrl t * const p ctrl, uint32_t device_index, uint32 t bitrate mode); fsp err t (* dynamicAddressAssignmentStart) (ri3c_ctrl_t * const p_ctrl, ri3c_address_assignment_mode_t address_assignment_mode, uint32_t starting_device_index, uint32_t device_count); fsp err t (* targetStatusSet) (ri3c ctrl t * const p ctrl, ri3c device status t device status); fsp err t (* commandSend) (ri3c ctrl t * const p ctrl, ri3c command descriptor t * p command descriptor); fsp err t (* write) (ri3c ctrl t * const p ctrl, uint8 t const * const p data, uint32 t length, bool restart); /** * In controller mode: Start a read transfer. When the transfer is * completed, send a stop condition or a repeated-start. * In target mode: Set the read buffer for storing data read during the * transfer. When the buffer is full, the application * will receive a callback requesting a new read buffer. If no buffer * is provided by the application, the driver will discard * any remaining bytes read during the transfer. Control block set this instance. * @param[in] p_ctrl * @param[in] p_data Pointer to a buffer to store the bytes read during the transfer. * @param[in] length Number of bytes to transfer. * @param[in] restart If true, issue a repeated-start after the * transfer is completed (Controller only). fsp err t (* read)(ri3c ctrl t * const p ctrl, uint8 t * const p data, uint32 t length, bool restart);

Mar.15.25

```
/**
     * Initiate an IBI write operation.
     * Note: This function is not used in controller mode.
     * @param[in] p_ctrl Control block set this instance.
* @param[in] p_data Pointer to a buffer to start the bytes read
                                 during the transfer.
     * @param[in] length Number of bytes to transfer.
     */
    fsp err t (* ibiWrite)(ri3c ctrl t * const p ctrl,
                             ri3c ibi type_t ibi_type,
                             uint8 t const * const p data,
                             uint32 t length);
    /**
    * Set the read buffer for storing received IBI data (This function is not
used in target mode).
     * @param[in] p_ctrl Control block set this instance.
* @param[in] p_data Pointer to a buffer to store the bytes read
                                 during the transfer.
     * @param[in] length Number of bytes to transfer.
     */
    fsp_err_t (* ibiRead)(ri3c_ctrl_t * const p_ctrl, uint8_t * const p_data,
uint32_t length);
    /** Allows driver to be reconfigured and may reduce power consumption.
     * @param[in] p ctrl Control block set this instance.
     */
    fsp err t (* close) (ri3c ctrl t * const p ctrl);
} ri3c api t;
```



2.10 Return Values

This section describes return values of API functions. This enumeration is located in fsp_common_api.h.

```
/** Common error codes */
typedef enum e fsp err
{
       FSP SUCCESS
                                                                  = 0,
       FSP_ERR_ASSERTION
FSP_ERR_INVALID_POINTER
FSP_ERR_INVALID_ARGUMENT
FSP_ERR_INVALID_CHANNEL
                                                                  = 1,
                                                                  = 2,
                                                                  = 3,
                                                                 = 4,
                                                                  = 5,
      FSP_ERR_INVALID_MODE= 5,FSP_ERR_UNSUPPORTED= 6,FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN= 7,FSP_ERR_IN_USE= 8,FSP_ERR_OUT_OF_MEMORY= 9,FSP_ERR_HW_LOCKED= 10,FSP_ERR_IRQ_BSP_DISABLED= 11,FSP_ERR_OVERFLOW= 12,FSP_ERR_UNDERFLOW= 13,FSP_ERR_ALREADY_OPEN= 14,FSP_ERR_APPROXIMATION= 15,FSP_ERR_CLAMPED= 16,
       FSP_ERR_CLAMPED= 16,FSP_ERR_INVALID_RATE= 17,FSP_ERR_ABORTED= 18,FSP_ERR_NOT_ENABLED= 19,FSP_ERR_TIMEOUT= 20,
      FSF_ERR_TIMEOUT= 19,FSP_ERR_INVALID_BLOCKS= 20,FSP_ERR_INVALID_ADDRESS= 22,FSP_ERR_INVALID_SIZE= 23,FSP_ERR_WRITE_FAILED= 24,FSP_ERR_ERASE_FAILED= 25FSP_ERR_TINVALID_SIZE= 25
       FSP_ERR_ERASE_FAILED= 25,FSP_ERR_INVALID_CALL= 26,
        FSP_ERR_INVALID_HW_CONDITION = 27,
        FSP ERR INVALID FACTORY FLASH = 28,
       FSP_ERR_INVALID_STATE = 30,
                                                                  = 31,
        FSP ERR NOT ERASED
       FSP ERR SECTOR RELEASE FAILED = 32,
        FSP_ERR_NOT_INITIALIZED = 33,
        FSP ERR NOT FOUND
                                                                  = 34,
       FSP_ERR_NO_CALLBACK_MEMORY = 35,
FSP_ERR_BUFFER_EMPTY = 36,
        . . .
} fsp err t;
```



2.11 Callback Functions

In this module, a callback function set up by the user is called when either of the following conditions is met.

- (1) Transmit data empty
- (2) Receive data full
- (3) IBI queue empty/full
- (4) Command queue empty
- (5) Response queue full
- (6) Receive status queue full
- (7) Communication error/communication event

The callback function is set up by storing the address of the user function in the p_callback argument of ri3c_cfg_t structure. The default value of the callback function is a function pointer. User can change it into the user function by assigning g_ri3c0_cfg.p_callback to any function has "ri3c_callback_args_t const *const p_args" as argument.

Example

```
/* Function prototype */
void g_i3c0_user_callback(ri3c_callback_args_t const *const p_args);
void main(void)
{
    /* Assign callback function to RI3C FIT Module */
    g_ri3c0_cfg.p_callback = &g_i3c0_user_callback;
    R_RI3C_Open(&g_ri3c0_ctrl, &g_ri3c0_cfg);
}
void g_i3c0_user_callback(ri3c_callback_args_t const *const p_args)
{
    user_program();
}
```



2.12 Adding the FIT Module to Your Project

This module must be added to each project in which it is used. Renesas recommends the method using the Smart Configurator described in (1) or (2) or (4) below. However, the Smart Configurator only supports some RX devices. Please use the methods of (3) for RX devices that are not supported by the Smart Configurator.

- (1) Adding the FIT module to your project using the Smart Configurator in e² studio By using the Smart Configurator in e² studio, the FIT module is automatically added to your project. Refer to "RX Smart Configurator User's Guide: e² studio (R20AN0451)" for details.
- (2) Adding the FIT module to your project using the Smart Configurator in CS+ By using the Smart Configurator Standalone version in CS+, the FIT module is automatically added to your project. Refer to "RX Smart Configurator User's Guide: CS+ (R20AN0470)" for details.
- (3) Adding the FIT module to your project in CS+ In CS+, please manually add the FIT module to your project. Refer to "RX Family Adding Firmware Integration Technology Modules to CS+ Projects (R01AN1826)" for details.
- (4) Adding the FIT module to your project using the Smart Configurator in IAREW By using the Smart Configurator Standalone version, the FIT module is automatically added to your project. Refer to "RX Smart Configurator User's Guide: IAREW (R20AN0535)" for details.



2.13 "for", "while" and "do while" statements

In this module, "for", "while" and "do while" statements (loop processing) are used in processing to wait for register to be reflected and so on. For these loop processing, comments with "WAIT_LOOP" as a keyword are described. Therefore, if user incorporates fail-safe processing into loop processing, user can search the corresponding processing with "WAIT_LOOP".

The following shows example of description.

```
while statement example :
/* WAIT LOOP */
while(0 == SYSTEM.OSCOVFSR.BIT.PLOVF)
{
    /* The delay period needed is to make sure that the PLL has stabilized. */
}
for statement example :
/* Initialize reference counters to 0. ^{\star/}
/* WAIT LOOP */
for (i = 0; i < BSP REG PROTECT TOTAL ITEMS; i++)
{
    g protect counters[i] = 0;
}
do while statement example :
/* Reset completion waiting */
do
{
    reg = phy read(ether channel, PHY REG CONTROL);
    count++;
} while ((reg & PHY CONTROL RESET) && (count < ETHER CFG PHY DELAY RESET)); /* WAIT LOOP */
```



3. API Functions

R_RI3C_Open()

Configure an RI3C instance.

Format

fsp_err_t R_RI3C_Open(ri3c_ctrl_t *const p_api_ctrl ri3c_cfg_t const *const p_cfg

)

Parameters

ri3c_ctrl_t *const p_api_ctrl

Pointer to RI3C control block. All elements of this structure are initialized by calling R_RI3C_Open()

ri3c_cfg_t const *const p_cfg

This is the pointer to RI3C configuration structure. All elements of this structure have been predefined. However, user can change before calling R_RI3C_Open().

Refer to 2.9 Parameters for details on the structures.

Return Values

FSP_SUCCESS /* Open successful. */ FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* An argument was invalid. */ FSP_ERR_ALREADY_OPEN /* Open has already called for this instance */ FSP_ERR_UNSUPPORTED /* A selected feature is not supported with the current configuration. */

Properties

Prototyped in r_ri3c_rx_if.h.

Description

Configure an RI3C instance.

- Initialize ri3c_instance_ctrl_t.

- Initialize RI3C FIT Module registers allocation.
- Evaluate the bitrate setting.
- Release the RI3C reset bit.
- Generate start condition.



Example

fsp_err_t err;

err = R_RI3C_Open(&g_api_ctrl, &g_ri3c0_cfg);

Special Notes



R_RI3C_Enable()

Enable the RI3C device.

Format

fsp_err_t R_RI3C_Enable(ri3c_ctrl_t *const p_api_ctrl)

Parameters

*ri3c_ctrl_t *const p_api_ctrl* Pointer to RI3C control block.

Refer to 2.9 Parameters for details on the structure.

Return Values

FSP_SUCCESS /* Open successful. */ FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* An argument was NULL. */ FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN /* This instance has not been opened yet. */ FSP_ERR_INVALID_MODE /* This instance is already enabled. */

Properties

Prototyped in r_ri3c_rx_if.h.

Description

Enable the RI3C device.

- Set the RI3C state flag and status flags.
- Initialize bitrate settings.
- Enable the RI3C interrupts.

Example

fsp_err_t err;

err = R RI3C Enable(&g api ctrl);

Special Notes None



R_RI3C_DeviceCfgSet()

Set the configuration for this device.

Format

fsp_err_t R_RI3C_DeviceCfgSet(

ri3c_ctrl_t *const p_api_ctrl,

ri3c_device_cfg_t const *const p_device_cfg

)

Parameters

p_api_ctrl

Pointer to RI3C control block.

p_device_cfg

Structure for configuring a target address when the driver is in Target mode.

Refer to 2.9 Parameters for details on the structure.

Return Values

FSP_SUCCESS /* Open successful. */ FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* An argument was NULL. */ FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN /* This instance has not been opened yet. */ FSP_ERR_UNSUPPORTED /* The device cannot be a secondary controller if controller support is disabled. */

Properties

Prototyped in r_ri3c_rx_if.h.

Description

Set the configuration for this device.

If the device type is controller:

- Set the Dynamic Address of RI3C.
- If the device type is target:
- Configure the device static address.
- Configure the device dynamic address.
- Configure the IBI payload setting based on the BCR register.
- Write settings to the Target Device Address Table Register.
- Write the BCR and DCR settings to the Target Device Characteristic Table Register.
- Write the PID setting to the Target Device Characteristic Table PID Register.
- Set the target address to valid.



Example

```
fsp_err_t err;
ri3c_device_cfg_t controller_device_cfg =
{
    /* This is the Static I3C / I2C Legacy address defined by the device
manufacturer. */
    .static_address = RI3C_CONTROLLER_DEVICE_STATIC_ADDRESS,
    /* The dynamic address will be automatically updated when the controller
configures this device using CCC ENTDAA. */
    .dynamic_address = RI3C_CONTROLLER_DEVICE_DYNAMIC_ADDRESS
};
err = R_RI3C_DeviceCfgSet(
&g_api_ctrl,
&controller_device_cfg
);
```

Special Notes



R_RI3C_ControllerDeviceTableSet()

Configure an entry in the controller device table.

Format

fsp_err_t R_RI3C_ControllerDeviceTableSet(

ri3c_ctrl_t *const p_api_ctrl,

uint32_t device_index,

ri3c_device_table_cfg_t const *const p_device_table_cfg

)

Parameters

p_api_ctrl

Pointer to RI3C control block.

device_index

Index into the device table.

p_device_table_cfg

Pointer to the table settings for the entry in the controller device table.

Refer to 2.9 Parameters for details on the structure.

Return Values

FSP_SUCCESS /* Open successful. */ FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* An argument was NULL. */ FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN /* This instance has not been opened yet. */ FSP_ERR_UNSUPPORTED /* Controller Role requests must be rejected if target support is disabled. */

Properties

Prototyped in r_ri3c_rx_if.h.

Description

Configure an entry in the controller device table.

- Configure the IBI settings for this device.
- Configure the device static address.
- Set the device type so that transfers with this device use the legacy I2C protocol.

Example

```
fsp_err_t err;
```

```
err = R_RI3C_ControllerDeviceTableSet(
&g_ri3c0_ctrl,
0,
&g_device_table_cfg
);
```

Special Notes



R_RI3C_TargetStatusSet()

Set the status returned to the controller in response to a GETSTATUS command.

Format

fsp_err_t R_RI3C_TargetStatusSet(

```
ri3c_ctrl_t *const p_api_ctrl,
```

ri3c_device_status_t status

)

Parameters

p_api_ctrl

Pointer to RI3C control block.

status

The current status of the target device

Return Values

FSP_SUCCESS /* Open successful. */ FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* An argument was NULL. */ FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN /* This instance has not been opened yet. */ FSP_ERR_INVALID_MODE /* The instance is not in target mode. */ FSP_ERR_UNSUPPORTED /* Target support is disabled. */

Properties

Prototyped in r_ri3c_rx_if.h.

Description

Set the status returned to the controller in response to a GETSTATUS command.

- Clear the Pending Interrupt and Vendor Reserved fields in ICDSR register.
- Write the new Pending Interrupt and Vendor Reserved fields in ICDSR register.

Example

```
ri3c_device_status_t g_target_device_status =
{
    .pending_interrupt = 0,
    .vendor_status = 0,
};
fsp_err_t err;
```

err = R_RI3C_TargetStatusSet(&g_ri3c0_ctrl, g_target_device_status);

Special Notes



R_RI3C_DeviceSelect()

In controller mode, select the device for the next transfer.

Format

```
fsp_err_t R_RI3C_DeviceSelect(
ri3c_ctrl_t *const p_api_ctrl,
uint32_t device_index,
uint32_t bitrate_mode
```

)

Parameters

p_api_ctrl

Pointer to RI3C control block.

device_index

Index into the device table.

bitrate_mode

The bitrate settings for the selected device.

Refer to "ri3c_bitrate_mode_t" in 2.9 Parameters

Return Values

FSP_SUCCESS /* Open successful. */ FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* An argument was NULL. */ FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN /* This instance has not been opened yet. */ FSP_ERR_INVALID_MODE /* This operation is prohibited in target mode. */ FSP_ERR_UNSUPPORTED /* Controller support is disabled. */

Properties

Prototyped in r_ri3c_rx_if.h.

Description

In controller mode, select the device for the next transfer.

Example

```
fsp_err_t err;
ret = R_RI3C_DeviceSelect(
&g_ri3c0_ctrl,
0,
RI3C_BITRATE_MODE_RI3C_SDR4_ICEBR_X4
);
```

Special Notes



R_RI3C_DynamicAddressAssignmentStart()

Start the Dynamic Address Assignment Process.

Format

fsp_err_t R_RI3C_DynamicAddressAssignmentStart(

ri3c_ctrl_t *const p_api_ctrl,

ri3c_address_assignment_mode_t address_assignment_mode,

uint32_t starting_device_index,

uint32_t device_count

)

Parameters

p_api_ctrl

Pointer to RI3C control block.

address_assignment_mode

Index into the device table.

starting_device_index

The bitrate settings for the selected device.

device_count

The number of devices to assign (Only used with I3C_ADDRESS_ASSIGNMENT_MODE_ENTDAA).

Return Values

FSP_SUCCESS /* Open successful. */ FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* An argument was NULL. */ FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN /* This instance has not been opened yet. */ FSP_ERR_INVALID_MODE /* This operation is prohibited in target mode. */ FSP_ERR_IN_USE /* The operation could not be completed because the driver is busy. */ FSP_ERR_UNSUPPORTED /* Controller support is disabled. */

Properties

Prototyped in r_ri3c_rx_if.h.

Description

Start the Dynamic Address Assignment Process.

Example

```
fsp_err_t err;
```

```
err = R_RI3C_DynamicAddressAssignmentStart(
&g_ri3c0_ctrl,
RI3C_ADDRESS_ASSIGNMENT_MODE_SETDASA,
1,
0
);
```

Special Notes None.



R_RI3C_CommandSend()

Send a broadcast or direct command to target devices on the bus.

Format

fsp_err_t R_RI3C_CommandSend(

ri3c_ctrl_t *const p_api_ctrl,

ri3c_command_descriptor_t *p_command_descriptor

)

Parameters

p_api_ctrl

Pointer to RI3C control block.

 $p_command_descriptor$

A descriptor for executing the command.

Return Values

FSP_SUCCESS /* Open successful. */ FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* An argument was NULL. */ FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN /* This instance has not been opened yet. */ FSP_ERR_IN_USE /* The operation could not be completed because the driver is busy. */ FSP_ERR_INVALID_MODE /* This operation is prohibited in target mode. */ FSP_ERR_INVALID_ALIGNMENT /* The buffer must be aligned to 4 bytes. If it is a read operation, the length also be a multiple of 4 bytes. */ FSP_ERR_UNSUPPORTED /* Controller support must be enabled to call this function. Target support must be enabled when sending the GETACCMST command. */

Properties

Prototyped in r_ri3c_rx_if.h.

Description

Send a broadcast or direct command to target devices on the bus bases on contents of Command descriptor. For more information about "Command descriptor", refer to the application note "RX26T Group User's Manual: Hardware" (R01UH0979).



Example

```
/* Send Reset Dynamic Address Assignment to all Target devices. */
fsp_err_t err;
ri3c_command_descriptor_t command_descriptor;
command_descriptor.command_code = I3C_CCC_BROADCAST_RSTDAA;
command_descriptor.p_buffer = NULL;
command_descriptor.length = 0;
command_descriptor.restart = false;
command_descriptor.rnw = false;
err = R_RI3C_CommandSend(
    &g_ri3c0_ctrl,
    &command_descriptor
);
```

Special Notes

Refer to "ri3c_common_command_code_t" in 2.9 Parameters for more information of "command_code" field.

Command buffer must be aligned to 4 bytes.



R_RI3C_Write()

Set the write buffer for the transfer. In controller mode, start the transfer. When the transfer is completed send a stop condition or a repeated-start.

Format

fsp_err_t R_RI3C_Write(

ri3c_ctrl_t *const p_api_ctrl, uint8_t const *const p_data, uint32_t length, bool restart

)

Parameters

p_api_ctrl

Pointer to RI3C control block.

p_data

Pointer to a buffer to write.

length

Number of bytes to transfer.

restart

If true, issue a repeated-start after the transfer is completed (Controller only).

Return Values

FSP_SUCCESS /* Open successful. */ FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* An argument was NULL. */ FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN /* This instance has not been opened yet. */ FSP_ERR_IN_USE /* The operation could not be completed because the driver is busy. */ FSP_ERR_INVALID_MODE /* This driver is disabled. */ FSP_ERR_INVALID_ALIGNMENT /* The buffer must be aligned to 4 bytes. */

Properties

Prototyped in r_ri3c_rx_if.h.

Description

Set the write buffer for the transfer. In controller mode, start the transfer. When the transfer is completed send a stop condition or a repeated-start.

-.R_RI3C_Write() uses FIFO to transfer data.



Example

```
uint8_t g_write_data[MAX_WRITE_DATA_LEN];
fsp_err_t err;
err = R_RI3C_Write(
    &g_ri3c0_ctrl, /* Pointer to RI3C instance */
    g_write_data, /* Allocated memory for write transfer */
    sizeof(g_write_data), /* Size of allocated transfer memory */
false /* bool value of repeated-start flag */
);
```

Special Notes



R_RI3C_Read()

Set the read buffer for the transfer. In controller mode, start the transfer. When the transfer is completed send a stop condition or a repeated-start.

Format

fsp_err_t R_RI3C_Read(

ri3c_ctrl_t *const p_api_ctrl, uint8_t const *const p_data, uint32_t length, bool restart

)

Parameters

p_api_ctrl

Pointer to RI3C control block.

p_data

Pointer to a buffer to store the bytes read during the transfer.

length

Number of bytes to transfer.

restart

If true, issue a repeated-start after the transfer is completed (Controller only).

Return Values

FSP_SUCCESS /* Open successful. */ FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* An argument was NULL. */ FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN /* This instance has not been opened yet. */ FSP_ERR_IN_USE /* The operation could not be completed because the driver is busy. */ FSP_ERR_INVALID_MODE /* This driver is disabled. */ FSP_ERR_INVALID_ALIGNMENT /* The buffer must be aligned to 4 bytes. */

Properties

Prototyped in r_ri3c_rx_if.h.

Description

Set the read buffer for the transfer. In controller mode, start the transfer. When the transfer is completed send a stop condition or a repeated-start.

-.R_RI3C_Read() uses FIFO to transfer data.



Example

```
uint8_t g_read_data[MAX_READ_DATA_LEN];
fsp_err_t err;
err = R_RI3C_Read(
    &g_ri3c0_ctrl, /* Pointer to RI3C instance */
    g_read_data, /* Allocated memory for read transfer */
    sizeof(g_read_data), /* Size of allocated transfer memory */
    false /* bool value of repeated-start flag */
);
```

Special Notes



R_RI3C_IbiWrite()

Initiate an IBI write operation.

Format

fsp_err_t R_RI3C_IbiWrite(ri3c_ctrl_t *const p_api_ctrl, ri3c_ibi_type_t ibi_type, uint8_t const *const p_data, uint32_t length

)

Parameters

p_api_ctrl

Pointer to RI3C control block.

ibi_type

The type of In-Band Interrupt.

p_data

Pointer to a buffer to start the bytes read during the transfer.

length

Number of bytes to transfer.

Return Values

FSP_SUCCESS /* Open successful. */ FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* An argument was NULL. */ FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN /* This instance has not been opened yet. */ FSP_ERR_IN_USE /* The operation could not be completed because the driver is busy. */ FSP_ERR_INVALID_MODE /* This function is only called in target mode. */ FSP_ERR_INVALID_ALIGNMENT /* The buffer must be aligned to 4 bytes. */ FSP_ERR_UNSUPPORTED /* Target support is disabled. */

Properties

Prototyped in r_ri3c_rx_if.h.

Description

Initiate an IBI write operation.

- If the device has an IBI payload, then a buffer is setup for writing the data portion of the IBI.
- Calculate the command descriptor for starting an IBI.
- Write the descriptor to the command queue.



Example

```
fsp_err_t err;
err = R_RI3C_IbiWrite(
    &g_ri3c0_ctrl,
    RI3C_IBI_TYPE_HOT_JOIN,
    NULL,
    0
);
```

Special Notes None.



R_RI3C_IbiRead()

Set the read buffer for storing received IBI data.

Format

```
fsp_err_t R_RI3C_IbiRead(
ri3c_ctrl_t *const p_api_ctrl,
uint8_t *const p_data,
uint32_t length
```

)

Parameters

p_api_ctrl

Pointer to RI3C control block.

p_data

Pointer to a buffer to start the bytes read during the transfer.

length

Number of bytes to transfer.

Return Values

FSP_SUCCESS /* Open successful. */ FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* An argument was NULL. */ FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN /* This instance has not been opened yet. */ FSP_ERR_IN_USE /* The operation could not be completed because the driver is busy. */ FSP_ERR_INVALID_MODE /* This function is only called in target mode. */ FSP_ERR_INVALID_ALIGNMENT /* The buffer must be aligned to 4 bytes. */ FSP_ERR_UNSUPPORTED /* Target support is disabled. */

Properties

Prototyped in r_ri3c_rx_if.h.

Description

Set the read buffer for storing received IBI data.



Example uint8_t g_ibi_read_data[MAX_IBI_PAYLOAD_SIZE]; fsp_err_t err; err = R_RI3C_IbiRead(&g_ri3c0_ctrl, g_ibi_read_data, MAX_IBI_PAYLOAD_SIZE

Special Notes

);

This function is only used in controller mode.



R_RI3C_Close()

Close the RI3C instance.

Format

fsp_err_t R_RI3C_Close(ri3c_ctrl_t *const p_api_ctrl,

)

Parameters

p_api_ctrl Pointer to RI3C control block.

Return Values

FSP_SUCCESS /* Open successful. */ FSP_ERR_ASSERTION /* An argument was NULL. */ FSP_ERR_NOT_OPEN /* This instance has not been opened yet. */

Properties

Prototyped in r_ri3c_rx_if.h.

Description

Close the RI3C instance.

- Disable RI3C IRQs.

- Disable the I3C bus operation.



Example

fsp_err_t err;

err = R_RI3C_Close(&g_api_ctrl);

Special Notes



4. Pin Settings

To use the RI3C FIT module, assign input/output signals of the peripheral function to pins with the multifunction pin controller (MPC). The pin assignment is referred to as the "Pin Setting" in this document.

Note: Perform the pin setting after calling R_RI3C_Open().

When performing the pin setting in the e2 studio, the Pin Setting feature of the Smart Configurator can be used. When using the Pin Setting feature, a source file is generated according to the option selected in the Pin Setting window in the Smart Configurator. Then pins are configured by calling the function defined in the source file. Refer to Table 4.1 Function Output by the Smart Configurator for details.

Table 4.1 Function Output by the Smart Configurator.

MCU Used	Function to be Output	Remarks
RX26T	R_RI3C_PinSet_RI3C0()	



5. Sample Code

5.1 RI3C Controller Basic Example

This is a basic example of minimal use of the RI3C Controller in an application.

The example implements controller device initialization, data transfers and provides a prototype of callback function. The procedure is including allocates memory for module registers, sets the device role as primary controller with bitrate, selects I2C or I3C protocols, assigns dynamic addresses for I3C protocol, enables module interrupt requests. The data is sent to target device from write buffer and receive from read buffer.



```
void ri3c controller basic example (void)
{
   /* Initializes the module. */
   fsp_err_t status = R_RI3C_Open(&g_ri3c_ctrl, &g_ri3c_cfg);
   assert(FSP SUCCESS == status);
   static ri3c device cfg t controller device cfg =
        /* This is the Static I3C / I2C Legacy address defined by the device manufacturer. */
        .static address = EXAMPLE CONTROLLER STATIC ADDRESS,
        /* If the device is a main controller, it must configure its own dynamic address. */
        .dynamic address = EXAMPLE CONTROLLER DYNAMIC ADDRESS,
   };
   status = R RI3C DeviceCfgSet(&g ri3c ctrl, &controller device cfg);
   assert(FSP SUCCESS == status);
   static ri3c_device_table_cfg_t device_table_cfg =
        /* This is the Static I3C / I2C Legacy address defined by the device manufacturer. \star/
                              = EXAMPLE STATIC ADDRESS,
        .static address
        /* Dynamic address is not used in I2C. */
        .dynamic address = EXAMPLE DYNAMIC ADDRESS,
        /* This is the type of device. It may be either an I2C device or an I3C device. */
        .device_protocol = I3C_DEVICE_PROTOCOL_I3C,
        .ibi accept
                              = false,
        /\star Depending on the device the IBI requests may have a data payload.
         * Note that this field will be automatically updated if the device is configured
        * using ENTDAA.
        */
        .ibi payload
                              = false,
        /* Controller requests cannot be accepted because Secondary Controller is not supported. */
        .controllerrole request accept = false,
   };
   /* Set the device configuration in the controller device table. */
   status = R RI3C ControllerDeviceTableSet(&g ri3c ctrl, 0, &device table cfg);
   assert(FSP SUCCESS == status);
   /* Enable the RI3C device. */
   status = R RI3C Enable(&g ri3c ctrl);
   assert(FSP_SUCCESS == status);
    /* Start assigning dynamic addresses to devices on the bus using the ENTDAA command. */
   status = R RI3C DynamicAddressAssignmentStart(&g ri3c ctrl,
                                                  I3C ADDRESS ASSIGNMENT MODE ENTDAA,
                                                  0.
                                                  1);
   assert(FSP SUCCESS == status);
   /* Wait for dynamic address assignment to complete. */
   ri3c app event wait (RI3C EVENT ADDRESS ASSIGNMENT COMPLETE);
   /* Select the configured device and bitrate mode for the following operations. */
   status = R RI3C DeviceSelect(&g ri3c ctrl, 0, I3C BITRATE MODE I3C SDR0 STDBR);
   assert(FSP SUCCESS == status);
   /* Start a write transfer. */
   static uint8_t p_write_buffer[] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};
   status = R_RI3C_Write(&g_ri3c_ctrl, p_write_buffer, sizeof(p_write_buffer), false);
   assert(FSP SUCCESS == status);
    /* Wait for the write transfer to complete. */
   ri3c app event wait (RI3C EVENT WRITE COMPLETE);
   /* Start a read transfer. */
   static uint8_t p_read_buffer[16];
   status = R_RI3C_Read(&g_ri3c_ctrl, p_read_buffer, sizeof(p_read_buffer), false);
   assert(FSP SUCCESS == status);
   /* Wait for the read transfer to complete. */
   ri3c app event wait(RI3C EVENT READ COMPLETE);
}
```

```
/* This function is called by the I3C driver from ISRs in order to notify the application of I3C \,
events. */
void ri3c controller basic example callback (ri3c callback args t const * const p args)
{
    switch (p args->event)
    {
        case RI3C EVENT ENTDAA ADDRESS PHASE:
        {
            /* The device PID, DCR, and BCR registers will be available in
             * ri3c callback args t::p target info. */
           break;
        }
        case RI3C_EVENT_ADDRESS_ASSIGNMENT_COMPLETE:
        {
            ri3c app event notify(RI3C EVENT ADDRESS ASSIGNMENT COMPLETE);
            break;
        }
        case RI3C EVENT WRITE COMPLETE:
            ri3c app event notify(RI3C EVENT WRITE COMPLETE);
           break;
        }
        case RI3C EVENT READ COMPLETE:
        {
            /\star The number of bytes read from the target will be available in
            * ri3c_callback_args_t::transfer_size. */
            ri3c app event notify (RI3C EVENT READ COMPLETE);
           break;
        }
        default:
        {
            break;
        }
    }
}
```



5.2 RI3C Target Basic Example

This is a basic example of minimal use of the RI3C Target in an application.

The example implements target device initialization and provides a prototype of callback function. The procedure is including allocates memory for module registers, sets the device role as target with a static address and target device information, allocates memory for data transfers.

```
void ri3c_target_basic_example (void)
{
    /* Initializes the module. */
    fsp_err_t status = R_RI3C_Open(&g_ri3c_ctrl, &g_ri3c_cfg);
    assert (FSP SUCCESS == status);
    static ri3c_device_cfg_t target_device_cfg =
        /* This is the Static I3C / I2C Legacy address defined by the device manufacturer. */
        .static address = EXAMPLE STATIC ADDRESS,
        /* The dynamic address will be automatically updated when the controller configures
        * this device using ENTDAA. */
        .dynamic address = 0,
        /* Device Registers that are read by the controller. */
        .target_info
            .bcr = EXAMPLE BCR SETTING,
            .dcr = EXAMPLE DCR SETTING,
            .pid =
            {
                0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
            }
        }
    };
    /* Set the device configuration for this device. */
   status = R RI3C DeviceCfgSet(&g ri3c ctrl, &target device cfg);
   assert(FSP_SUCCESS == status);
    /* Enable Target Mode. */
    status = R RI3C Enable(&g ri3c ctrl);
   assert(FSP SUCCESS == status);
    static uint8 t p read buffer[EXAMPLE READ BUFFER SIZE];
    static uint8_t p_write_buffer[EXAMPLE_WRITE_BUFFER SIZE];
    /* Set the buffer for storing data received during a read transfer. */
    status = R_RI3C_Read(&g_ri3c_ctrl, p_read_buffer, sizeof(p_read_buffer), false);
   assert(FSP SUCCESS == status);
    /* Wait for the controller to complete a read transfer. */
   ri3c app event wait(RI3C EVENT READ COMPLETE);
    /* Set the write buffer that will be transmitted during a write transfer. */
   status = R RI3C Write(&g_ri3c_ctrl, p_write_buffer, sizeof(p_write_buffer), false);
   assert (FSP SUCCESS == status);
    /* Wait for the controller to complete a write transfer. ^{\star/}
   ri3c_app_event_wait(RI3C_EVENT_WRITE_COMPLETE);
```



```
void ri3c target basic example callback (ri3c callback args t const * const p args)
{
    switch (p_args->event)
        case RI3C EVENT ADDRESS ASSIGNMENT COMPLETE:
            ri3c app event notify(RI3C EVENT ADDRESS ASSIGNMENT COMPLETE);
            break;
        }
        case RI3C EVENT READ BUFFER FULL:
            /* If there is no user provided read buffer, or if the user provided read buffer
             * has been filled, the driver will notify the application that the buffer is full.
             \star The application may provide a new read buffer by calling R RI3C READ().
             * If no read buffer is provided, then any remaining bytes in the transfer
            * will be dropped. */
            uint8_t * p_read_buffer = ri3c_app_next_read_buffer_get();
            R RI3C Read(&g ri3c ctrl, p read buffer, EXAMPLE READ BUFFER SIZE, false);
            break;
        1
        case RI3C EVENT READ COMPLETE:
        {
            /* The number of bytes read by the target will be available in
             * ri3c callback args t::transfer size. */
            ri3c app event notify (RI3C EVENT READ COMPLETE);
            /* Note that the application may also call {\rm R\_RI3C\_READ}\,() or {\rm R\_RI3C\_WRITE}\,()
             * from this event. In order to set the transfer buffers for the next transfer. */
            break;
        }
        case RI3C EVENT WRITE COMPLETE:
        {
            /* The number of bytes written by the target will be available in
             * ri3c_callback_args_t::transfer_size. */
            ri3c app event notify (RI3C EVENT WRITE COMPLETE);
            /* Note that the application may also call R RI3C READ() or R RI3C WRITE()
             \ast from this event. In order to set the transfer buffers for the next transfer.
            */
            break;
        }
        default:
        {
            break;
        }
    }
}
    /* Wait for the read transfer to complete. */
    ri3c app event wait(RI3C EVENT READ COMPLETE);
```



6. Appendices

6.1 Operating Test Environment

This section describes for detailed the operating test environments of this module.

Table 6.1 Operation Test Environment for Rev.1.00

Item	Contents
Integrated development	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 2022-10 (22.10.0)
environment	IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.3
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.05.00
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the
	integrated development environment.
	-lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202204
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the
	integrated development environment.
	-std=gnu99
	Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used:
	-WI,no-gc-sections
	This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module.
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.3
	Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian order	Little-endian
Module version	Rev.1.00
Board used	Renesas Flexible Motor Control Kit for RX26T (Part Number: RTK0EMXE70S00020BJ)



Table 6.2 Operation Test Environment for Rev.1.10

Item	Contents				
Integrated development	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 2023-04 (23.4.0)				
environment	IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.3				
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.05.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99				
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202204				
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99				
	Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used:				
	-WI,no-gc-sections				
	This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module.				
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.3				
	Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.				
Endian order	Little-endian				
Module version	Rev.1.10				
Board used	-				

Table 6.3 Operation Test Environment for Rev.1.11

ltem	Contents				
Integrated development	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 2023-10 (23.10.0)				
environment	IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.3				
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.05.00				
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the				
	Integrated development environment.				
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202305				
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment.				
	-std=gnu99				
	Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used:				
	-WI,no-gc-sections				
	This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module.				
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.3				
	Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development				
	environment.				
Endian order	Little-endian				
Module version	Rev.1.11				
Board used	-				



Table 6.4 Operation Test Environment for Rev.1.12

Item	Contents				
Integrated development	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 2025-01 (25.1.0)				
environment	IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 5.10.1				
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.07.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99				
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202411				
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99				
	Linker option: The following user defined option should be added to the default settings of the integrated development environment, if "Optimize size (-Os)" is used:				
	-WI,no-gc-sections				
	This is to work around a GCC linker issue whereby the linker erroneously discard interrupt functions declared in FIT peripheral module.				
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 5.10.1				
	Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.				
Endian order	Little-endian				
Module version	Rev.1.12				
Board used	-				



6.2 Troubleshooting

(1) Q: I have added the FIT module to the project and built it. Then I got the error: Could not open source file "platform.h".

A: The FIT module may not be added to the project properly. Check if the method for adding FIT modules is correct with the following documents:

• When using CS+:

Application note "Adding Firmware Integration Technology Modules to CS+ Projects (R01AN1826)"

• When using e² studio:

Application note "Adding Firmware Integration Technology Modules to Projects (R01AN1723)"

When using a FIT module, the board support package FIT module (BSP module) must also be added to the project. For this, refer to the application note "Board Support Package Module Using Firmware Integration Technology (R01AN1685)".

(2) Q: I have added the FIT module to the project and built it. Then I got the error: This MCU is not supported by the current r_ri3c_rx module.

A: The FIT module you added may not support the target device chosen in the user project. Check if the FIT module supports the target device for the project used.

(3) Q: I have added the FIT module to the project and built it. Then I got an error for when the configuration setting is wrong.

A: The setting in the file "r_ri3c_rx_config.h" may be wrong. Check the file "r_ri3c_rx_config.h". If there is a wrong setting, set the correct value for that. Refer to 2.7 Configuration Overview details.



7. Reference Documents

User's Manual: Hardware The latest version can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

Technical Update/Technical News The latest information can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.

User's Manual: Development Tools RX Family C/C++ Compiler CC-RX User's Manual (R20UT3248) The latest version can be downloaded from the Renesas Electronics website.



Related Technical Updates

This module reflects the content of the following technical updates. None.



Revision History

	Date	Description		
Rev.		Page	Summary	
1.00	Aug 15, 2022	—	Initial release.	
1.10 Jun 30, 2023	Jun 30, 2023	23, 46	Deleted the description of FIT configurator from "2.12 Adding the FIT Module to Your Project" and "4. Pin Settings".	
		53	6.1 Operating Test Environment:	
			Added Table for Rev.1.10	
		Program	Added support for RX26T-256KB (products with 64 Kbytes of	
		-	RAM)	
1.11 Dec 13, 2023	Dec 13, 2023	23	2.12. Adding the FIT Module to Your Project: Revised.	
		53	6.1 Operating Test Environment:	
			Added Table for Rev.1.11	
		Program	Added WAIT_LOOP comments.	
1.12	Mar 15, 2025	54	6.1 Operating Test Environment:	
			Added Table for Rev.1.12	
		Program	Updated FIT Disclaimer and Copyright.	



General Precautions in the Handling of Microprocessing Unit and Microcontroller Unit Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all Microprocessing unit and Microcontroller unit products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this document, refer to the relevant sections of the document as well as any technical updates that have been issued for the products.

1. Precaution against Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

A strong electrical field, when exposed to a CMOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop the generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it occurs. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. This is recommended to avoid using insulators that can easily build up static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors must be grounded. The operator must also be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions must be taken for printed circuit boards with mounted semiconductor devices.

2. Processing at power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the time when power is supplied. The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the time when power is supplied. In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the power is supplied until the power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting is specified.

3. Input of signal during power-off state

Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is powered off. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Follow the guideline for input signal during power-off state as described in your product documentation.

4. Handling of unused pins

Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under handling of unused pins in the manual. The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of the LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible.

5. Clock signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal becomes stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal is stabilized. When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator or from an external oscillator during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Additionally, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator or by an external oscillator while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

6. Voltage application waveform at input pin

Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between V_{IL} (Max.) and V_{IH} (Min.) due to noise, for example, the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between V_{IL} (Max.) and V_{IH} (Min.).

7. Prohibition of access to reserved addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited. The reserved addresses are provided for possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses as the correct operation of the LSI is not guaranteed.

8. Differences between products

Before changing from one product to another, for example to a product with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems. The characteristics of a microprocessing unit or microcontroller unit products in the same group but having a different part number might differ in terms of internal memory capacity, layout pattern, and other factors, which can affect the ranges of electrical characteristics, such as characteristic values, operating margins, immunity to noise, and amount of radiated noise. When changing to a product with a different part number, implement a system-evaluation test for the given product.

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Corporate Headquarters

TOYOSU FORESIA, 3-2-24 Toyosu, Koto-ku, Tokyo 135-0061, Japan www.renesas.com

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