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H8SX Series

PWM 15-Phase Output

Introduction

As well as having an architecture that is upward-compatible with each CPU of the H8/300, H8/300H, and H8S series, so as to inherit a full complement of peripheral functions, the H8SX microcomputer series has a maximum operating frequency of 50 MHz and uses a 32-bit H8SX core CPU as well as an on-chip multiplier/divider to improve performance.

This H8SX series Application Note provides information you may be need during software and hardware design. This is a basic edition that provides operation examples that each use a single H8SX series on-chip peripheral function.

Although the operation of each program, circuit, and other aspects covered by this application note has been checked, make sure that you conduct your own operation checks before actually using the H8SX series.

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1. Overview

The six channels of the 16-bit timer pulse unit (TPU) of the H8SX series are all used to output 15-phase PWM waveforms. You can control up to 15 phases for PWM waveform output by setting the timer operating mode of each channel to PWM mode 2 and enabling synchronous operation.

2. Configuration

When synchronous operation is specified for all the channels of the 16-bit timer pulse unit (TPU), the count and clear operations of the timer counters (TCNT_0 to TCNT_5) of all the channels are performed synchronously. The sample shown below uses timer general register A (TGRA_0) of channel 0 for PWM cycle setting and the other timer general registers for the duty setting. This sample outputs pulses at any duty cycle from the output compare output pin (TIOCB0, TIOCC0, TIOCD0, TIOCA1, ..., or TIOCB5) for each timer general register other than TGRA_0. When the peripheral module clock (P ϕ) is 25 MHz and the count clock is P ϕ /1, you can set any output pulse cycle between 80 nsec and 2.62 msec. You can also set a duty cycle with a resolution of 1/65535.

In the following explanation, channel 0 of the 16-bit timer pulse unit is called TPU0 while channel 1 is called TPU1. Figure 1 is a block diagram.





Figure 1 Block Diagram of PWM 15-Phase Output



Figure 2 shows an example of PWM 15-phase output.



Figure 2 Example of PWM 15-Phase Output



3. Sample Program

3.1 Function

This sample program outputs PWM waveforms according to the timer value for the PWM cycle and each duty cycle (low or high width). You can calculate the timer value for the PWM cycle and each pulse low width using the following equations:

PWM-cycle = timer-value × TPU1-count clock low-width = timer-value × TPU1-count-clock

Assume that the TPU1 count clock is peripheral module $(P\phi)/1$. When P ϕ is 25 MHz, the TPU1 count clock will be 40 nsec. Figure 3 shows an example of operation.





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Table 1 lists the function allocations of the 16-bit timer pulse unit (TPU).

Table 1 Function Allocation of the TPU

Туре		Name	Function
Common	Register	MSTPCRA	Cancels the TPU module stop mode.
		TSYR	Sets synchronous operation of TPU channels 0 to 5.
		TSTR	Specifies whether to start or stop timer count of TPU channels 0 to 5.
TPU0	Register	TMDR_0	Sets the TPU0 operating mode (PWM mode 2).
		TCR_0	Sets the TCNT_0 count clock and counter clear factor.
		TGRA_0	Sets the compare match counter value for the PWM cycle.
		TGRB_0 to	Sets the compare match counter value for the pulse output low width of each
		TGRD 0	corresponding pin.
		TIORH_0	Sets the output level when a compare match occurs.
		TIORL 0	
	Output	TIOCB0 to	Compare match output pins
	pin	TIOCD0	
TPU1	Register	TMDR_1	Sets the TPU1 operating mode (PWM mode 2).
	-	TCR_1	Sets the TCNT_1 count clock and counter clear factor.
		TGRA_1 to	Sets the compare match counter value for the pulse output low width of each
		TGRB 1	corresponding pin.
		TIOR 1	Sets the output level when a compare match occurs.
	Output	TIOCA1 to	Compare match output pins
	pin .	TIOCB1	
TPU2	Register	TMDR 2	Sets the TPU2 operating mode (PWM mode 2).
	0	TCR_2	Sets the TCNT 2 count clock and counter clear factor.
		TGRA 2 to	Sets the compare match counter value for the pulse output low width of each
		TGRB 2	corresponding pin.
		TIOR 2	Sets the output level when a compare match occurs.
	Output	TIOCA2 to	Compare match output pins
	pin	TIOCB2	
TPU3	Register	TMDR 3	Sets the TPU3 operating mode (PWM mode 2).
		TCR_3	Sets the TCNT_3 count clock and counter clear factor.
		TGRA_3 to	Sets the compare match counter value for the pulse output low width of each
		TGRD 3	corresponding pin.
		TIORH_3	Sets the output level when a compare match occurs.
		TIORL 3	
	Output	TIOCA3 to	Compare match output pins
	pin	TIOCD3	Compare match ouput pins
TPU4	Register	TMDR 4	Sets the TPU4 operating mode (PWM mode 2).
11 04	rtegister	TCR 4	Sets the TCNT 4 count clock and counter clear factor.
		TGRA_4 to	Sets the compare match counter value for the pulse output low width of each
		TGRB 4	corresponding pin.
		TIOR_4	Sets the output level when a compare match occurs.
	Output	TIOCA4 to	Compare match output pins
	-		Compare match output pins
	pin Dogistor	TIOCB4	Sate the TRUE operating mode (DM/M mode 2)
TPU5	Register	TMDR_5	Sets the TPU5 operating mode (PWM mode 2).
		TCR_5	Sets the TCNT_5 count clock and counter clear factor.
		TGRA_5 to	Sets the compare match counter value for the pulse output low width of each
		TGRB 5	corresponding pin.
	<u> </u>	TIOR_5	Sets the output level when a compare match occurs.
	Output	TIOCA5 to	Compare match output pins
	pin	TIOCB5	



3.2 Function Specifications

The function that sets the PWM 15-phase output is shown as a sample program. The function specifications are listed below.

void pwm15_set (unsigned short *low_ count, unsigned short cyc_count)

Argument	Description				
*low_count	Start address of the array for storing the timer value for the low width of each PWM pulse.				
	A value between 0 \times 0001 and 0 \times FFFE can be specified for each array element. The value mus				
	be smaller than cyc_count.				
	If 0 $ imes$ 0000 or a value greater than or equal to cyc_count is specified, normal operation is not				
	performed.				
	Each array suffix corresponds to a PWM output pin, as follows:				
	[0] ··· TIOCB0				
	[1] ··· TIOCC0				
	[2] ··· TIOCD0				
	[3] ··· TIOCA1				
	[4] ··· TIOCB1				
	[5] ··· TIOCA2				
	[6] ··· TIOCB2				
	[7] ··· TIOCA3				
	[8] ··· TIOCB3				
	[9] ··· TIOCC3				
	[10] ··· TIOCD3				
	[11] ··· TIOCA4				
	[12] ··· TIOCB4				
	[13] ··· TIOCA5				
	[14] … TIOCB5				
	The count clock is fixed to $P\phi/1$.				
cyc_count	Specifies the timer value for the PWM cycle.				
	A value of between 0 \times 0002 and 0 \times FFFF can be specified. The value must be greater than				
	each low_count element.				
	If 0 $ imes$ 0000 or a value smaller than or equal to low_count is specified, normal operation is not				
	performed.				
	The count clock is fixed to $P\phi/1$.				
Return value	Description				
None	_				



Example)

```
#define CYCLE_TIME 2400
                                            // Pulse cycle: 2400 \mu \text{sec}
#define LOW_TIME_U 150
                                            // Low width: 150 \musec
#define P_CLOCK
                                            // P\phi (MHz)
                     25
                                            // External function reference declaration
extern void pwm15_set ( unsigned short *, unsigned short );
void main(void)
                                            // Main routine
{
                                         // Loop counter
   char
                       i;
unsigned long cyc_count;
                                            // Timer value for the pulse cycle
unsigned long low_work;
unsigned short low_count[15];
                                            // Timer value for the low width
   cyc_count = ((unsigned long)CYCLE_TIME*P_CLOCK);
   for ( i = 0; i < 15; i + + )
   {
       low_work =((unsigned long)(CYCLE_TIME - LOW_TIME_U*(i+1))*P_CLOCK);
              low_count [i] = (unsigned short) low_work;
   }
                                            // Sets pulse output.
   pwm15_set ( low_count, (unsigned short)cyc_count );
. .
```

}



3.3 Flowchart

The processing flow is shown below.





3.4 Program Listing

A source program listing is shown below. In this source program, Renesas's standard definition (file automatically generated by High-performance Embedded Workshop: iodefine.h) defines the I/O register structure. To specify your own definition, change the I/O register structure in the sample program.

```
*/
/* include file
#include <machine.h>
#include "iodefine.h"
/* function prototype
void pwm15 set( unsigned short *, unsigned short );
*/
/* function definition
void pwm15 set( unsigned short *low count,
          unsigned short cyc count )
{
  P MSTPCRA.BIT.MSTPA0 = 0; // reset module-standby for TPU
                      // set TPU countup clock source
  P TPU0.TCR.BIT.TPSC = 0;
  P TPU1.TCR.BIT.TPSC = 0;
  P TPU2.TCR.BIT.TPSC = 0;
  P TPU3.TCR.BIT.TPSC = 0;
  P TPU4.TCR.BIT.TPSC = 0;
  P TPU5.TCR.BIT.TPSC = 0;
                       // set TPU counter clear cause
  P TPU0.TCR.BIT.CCLR = 1;
  P TPU1.TCR.BIT.CCLR = 3;
  P TPU2.TCR.BIT.CCLR = 3;
  P TPU3.TCR.BIT.CCLR = 3;
  P TPU4.TCR.BIT.CCLR = 3;
  P TPU5.TCR.BIT.CCLR = 3;
  P TPU0.TIOR.BIT.IOA = 0;
                       // set TPU output for terminal
  P TPU0.TIOR.BIT.IOB = 2;
  P TPU0.TIOR.BIT.IOC = 2;
  P TPU0.TIOR.BIT.IOD = 2;
  P TPU1.TIOR.BIT.IOA = 2;
  P TPU1.TIOR.BIT.IOB = 2;
  P TPU2.TIOR.BIT.IOA = 2;
  P TPU2.TIOR.BIT.IOB = 2;
  P TPU3.TIOR.BIT.IOA = 2;
  P TPU3.TIOR.BIT.IOB = 2;
  P TPU3.TIOR.BIT.IOC = 2;
  P TPU3.TIOR.BIT.IOD = 2;
  P TPU4.TIOR.BIT.IOA = 2;
  P TPU4.TIOR.BIT.IOB = 2;
```



```
P TPU5.TIOR.BIT.IOA = 2;
P TPU5.TIOR.BIT.IOB = 2;
                             // set TPU compare value
P TPU0.TGRA = (unsigned int)cyc count;
P TPU0.TGRB = (unsigned int)low count[ 0];
P TPU0.TGRC = (unsigned int)low count[ 1];
P TPU0.TGRD = (unsigned int)low count[ 2];
P TPU1.TGRA = (unsigned int)low count[ 3];
P TPU1.TGRB = (unsigned int)low count[ 4];
P TPU2.TGRA = (unsigned int)low count[ 5];
P TPU2.TGRB = (unsigned int)low count[ 6];
P TPU3.TGRA = (unsigned int)low count[ 7];
P TPU3.TGRB = (unsigned int)low count[ 8];
P TPU3.TGRC = (unsigned int)low count[ 9];
P TPU3.TGRD = (unsigned int)low count[10];
P TPU4.TGRA = (unsigned int)low count[11];
P TPU4.TGRB = (unsigned int)low count[12];
P TPU5.TGRA = (unsigned int)low count[13];
P TPU5.TGRB = (unsigned int)low count[14];
P TPU.TSYR.BIT.SYNC0 = 1;
                            // set TPU0~TPU5 synchronous
P TPU.TSYR.BIT.SYNC1 = 1;
P TPU.TSYR.BIT.SYNC2 = 1;
P TPU.TSYR.BIT.SYNC3 = 1;
P TPU.TSYR.BIT.SYNC4 = 1;
P TPU.TSYR.BIT.SYNC5 = 1;
                            // set TPU0~TPU5 PWM-mode-2
P TPU0.TMDR.BIT.MD = 3;
P TPU1.TMDR.BIT.MD
                     = 3;
P TPU2.TMDR.BIT.MD = 3;
P TPU3.TMDR.BIT.MD = 3;
P TPU4.TMDR.BIT.MD
                     = 3;
P TPU5.TMDR.BIT.MD
                     = 3;
P TPU.TSTR.BIT.CST0 = 1;
                            // start TPU0~TPU5
P TPU.TSTR.BIT.CST1 = 1;
P TPU.TSTR.BIT.CST2 = 1;
P TPU.TSTR.BIT.CST3 = 1;
P TPU.TSTR.BIT.CST4 = 1;
P TPU.TSTR.BIT.CST5
                     = 1;
```

}



Revision Record

		Descripti	I	
Rev.	Date	Page	Summary	
1.00	Sept.19.03	_	First edition issued	

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