

## ISL74324M

Neutron Test Results of the ISL74324M Radiation Tolerant High-Gain Broadband RF Amplifier

### Introduction

This report documents the results of 1MeV equivalent neutron testing of the ISL74324M, a High-Gain Broadband RF Amplifier. The testing was conducted on samples of the ISL7432MRZ to provide an assessment of the displacement damage (DD) hardness of the parts caused by neutron or proton environments but is applicable to all versions of this part. Neutron fluences ranged from  $5 \times 10^{11} \text{n/cm}^2$  to  $1 \times 10^{13} \text{n/cm}^2$ .

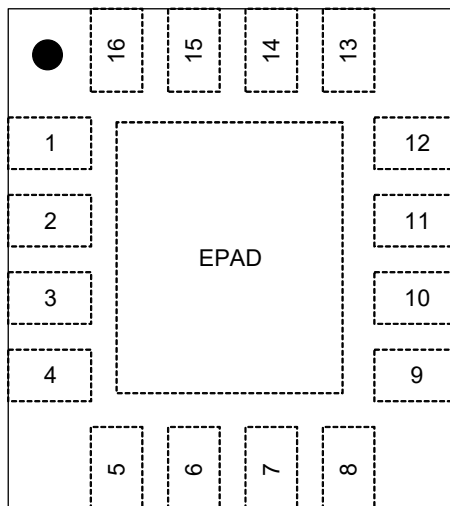
### Product Description

The ISL74324M is a 500MHz to 6500MHz SiGe BiCMOS High-Gain Broadband RF Amplifier. The combination of low noise figure (NF) and high linearity performance allows the device to be used in L-Band, S-Band, and C-Band receiver and transmitter applications.

The ISL74324M operates with a single 5V or 3.3V power supply using a nominal 60mA of current. With a supply voltage of 5V, the ISL74324M provides 16.6dB gain with +38.4dBm Output Third Order Intercept Point (OIP3) and 2.2dB noise figure at 4200MHz. The part is bias adjustable and can be operated as low as at 40mA for improved efficiency.

This ISL74324M incorporates convenient shutdown capability through the STBY pin. It is packaged in a 3x3mm, 16-pin thin QFN with 50Ω single-ended RF input and output impedances for ease of integration into the signal path. The package and pin assignments for the ISL74324M are shown in [Figure 1](#) and the pin descriptions are shown in [Table 1](#).

The ISL74324M30 is rated at 30krad(Si) and the ISL74324M50 is rated at 50krad(Si) at low dose rate (0.01 rad(Si)/s). The ISL7432MRZ is rated at 75krad(Si) LDR.



**Figure 1. ISL74324M Pin Assignments**

**Table 1. ISL74324M Pin Descriptions**

| Pin Number | Pin Name | Description   |
|------------|----------|---|
| 1          | VCC      | Power supply. The bypass capacitor must be as close to the pin as possible. |
| 2          | RFIN     | RF input internally matched to 50Ω. An external DC block is required.       |
| 3          | NC       | No Internal Bond Wire. Connect to GND.                                      |
| 4          | RSET     | Main amplifier current bias setting resistor. Connect to GND.               |

Table 1. ISL74324M Pin Descriptions (Cont.)

| Pin Number | Pin Name | Description  |
|------------|----------|--|
| 5          | NC       | No Internal Bond Wire. Connect to GND.   |
| 6          | NC       |  |
| 7          | NC       |  |
| 8          | NC       |  |
| 9          | RDSET    | Distortion amplifier current bias setting resistor. Connect to GND.  |
| 10         | STBY     | Standby. If this pin is not connected or is logic LOW, the device operates under its normal operating condition. If this pin is logic HIGH, the ISL74324M is in STBY Mode.   |
| 11         | RFOUT    | RF output internally matched to 50Ω. An external DC block is required.   |
| 12         | NC       | Internally bonded. Connect to GND.   |
| 13         | NC       | No Internal Bond Wire. Connect to GND.   |
| 14         | NC       |  |
| 15         | NC       |  |
| 16         | NC       |  |
| -          | EPAD     | Exposed pad. This pad is internally connected to GND. Solder this exposed pad to a printed circuit board (PCB) pad that uses multiple ground vias to provide heat transfer out of the device into the PCB ground planes. These multiple ground vias are also required to achieve the specified RF performance. |

## Related Literature

For a full list of related documents, visit our website:

- [ISL74324M](#) device page
- MIL-STD-883 Test Method 1017

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# 1. Test Description

## 1.1 Irradiation Facilities

Neutron fluence irradiations were performed on the test samples on May 27, 2025, at the University of Massachusetts, Lowell (UMASS Lowell) fast neutron irradiator per Mil-STD-883G, Method 1017.2, with each part unpowered during irradiation. The target irradiation levels were  $5 \times 10^{11} \text{n/cm}^2$ ,  $2 \times 10^{12} \text{n/cm}^2$ , and  $1 \times 10^{13} \text{n/cm}^2$ . The parts were shipped back to Renesas (Palm Bay, FL) for post-irradiation electrical testing.

## 1.2 Test Fixturing

No formal irradiation test fixturing is involved, as these DD tests are bag tests in the sense that the parts are irradiated with all leads unbiased.

## 1.3 Dosimetry

Table 2 shows dosimetry from UMASS Lowell indicating the total accumulated gamma dose and actual neutron fluence exposure levels for each set of samples.

Table 2. Neutron Fluence Dosimetry Data

| Irradiation | Requested Fluence (n/cm <sup>2</sup> ) | Reactor Power (kW) | Time (s) | Flux (n/cm <sup>2</sup> -s) <sup>[1][2]</sup> | Gamma Dose (rad(Si)) <sup>[3]</sup> | Measured Fluence (n/cm <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>[4]</sup> |
|-------------|--|--------------------|----------|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| CRF#98191-C | 5.00E+11                               | 40                 | 262      | 3.06E+09                                      | 119                                 | 6.12E+11   |
| CRF#98191-D | 2.00E+12                               | 80                 | 531      | 6.12E+09                                      | 484                                 | 2.38E+12   |
| CRF#98191-E | 1.00E+13                               | 800                | 266      | 6.12E+10                                      | 2424                                | 1.19E+13   |

1. Dosimetry method: ASTM E-265.
2. The neutron fluence rate is determined from *Initial Testing of the New Ex-Core Fast Neutron Irradiator at UMass Lowell (6/18/02)*. Validated on 6/07/2011 under the Trident II D5LE neutron facility study by Navy Crane. Reaffirmed 8/1/17 using SACRR transistor transfer calibration based on ASTM E1855 – 15.
3. Based on reactor power at 1000kW, the gamma dose is  $41 \pm 5.3\%$  krad(Si)/hr as mapped by TLD-based dosimetry.
4. Validated by S-32 flux monitors.

## 1.4 Characterization Equipment and Procedures

Electrical testing was performed before and after irradiation using the Renesas production automated test equipment (ATE). All electrical testing was performed at room temperature.

## 1.5 Experimental Matrix

Testing proceeded in general accordance with the guidelines of MIL-STD-883 TM 1017. The experimental matrix consisted of five samples irradiated at  $5 \times 10^{11} \text{n/cm}^2$ , five irradiated at  $2 \times 10^{12} \text{n/cm}^2$ , and five irradiated at  $1 \times 10^{13} \text{n/cm}^2$ . The actual levels achieved (shown in Table 3) were  $6.12 \times 10^{11} \text{n/cm}^2$ ,  $2.38 \times 10^{12} \text{n/cm}^2$ , and  $1.19 \times 10^{13} \text{n/cm}^2$ . Three control units were used. The ISL74324M samples were pulled from wafer lot 3A9AB00B33A.

# 2. Test Results

Neutron testing of the ISL74324M is complete and the results are reported in the balance of this report. It should be understood when interpreting the data that each neutron irradiation was performed on a separate set of samples; this is not total dose testing, where the damage is cumulative. Each marker represents a separate set of five samples. The line connecting them is for trend visualization only.

## 2.1 Attributes Data

Table 3 shows the ISL74324M attributes data.

Table 3. Attributes Data

| 1MeV Fluence, (n/cm <sup>2</sup> ) |          | Sample Size | Pass <sup>[1]</sup> | Fail | Notes      |
|------------------------------------|----------|-------------|---------------------|------|------------|
| Planned                            | Actual   |             |                     |      |            |
| 5×10 <sup>11</sup>                 | 6.12E+11 | 5           | 5                   | 0    | All passed |
| 2×10 <sup>12</sup>                 | 2.38E+12 | 5           | 5                   | 0    | All passed |
| 1×10 <sup>13</sup>                 | 1.19E+13 | 5           | 5                   | 0    | All passed |

1. A Pass indicates a sample that passes all post-irradiation datasheet limits.

## 2.2 Key Parameter Variables Data

The plots in Figure 2 through Figure 18 illustrate the neutron irradiation response of the selected parameters shown in Table 4 in the Appendix. The plots show the average tested values of the parameters as a function of neutron fluence. The plots also include error bars at each down-point, representing the minimum and maximum measured values of the samples, although in some plots the error bars might not be visible due to their values compared to the scale of the graph.

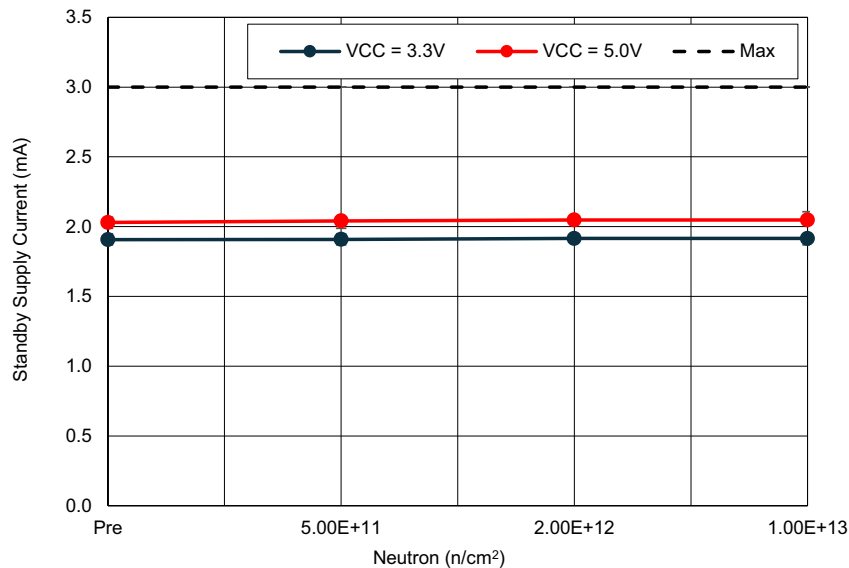


Figure 2. Standby supply current ( $I_{CC\_STBY}$ ) at  $V_{CC} = 3.3V$  and  $5.0V$  as a function of neutron fluence. The error bars represent the minimum and maximum measured values. The post-irradiation datasheet limit is 3mA maximum.

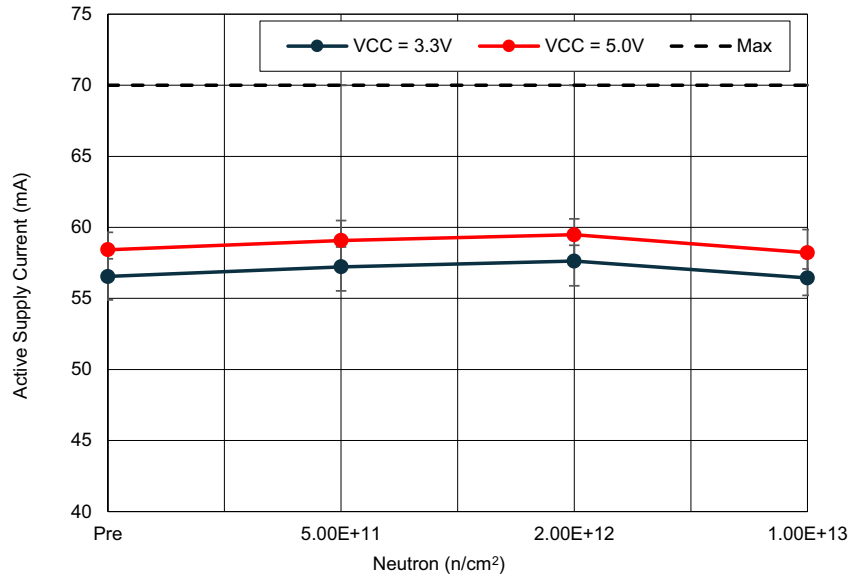


Figure 3. Active supply current ( $I_{CC}$ ) for the high bias setting at  $V_{CC} = 3.3V$  and  $5.0V$  as a function of neutron fluence. The error bars represent the minimum and maximum measured values. The post-irradiation datasheet limit is 70mA maximum.

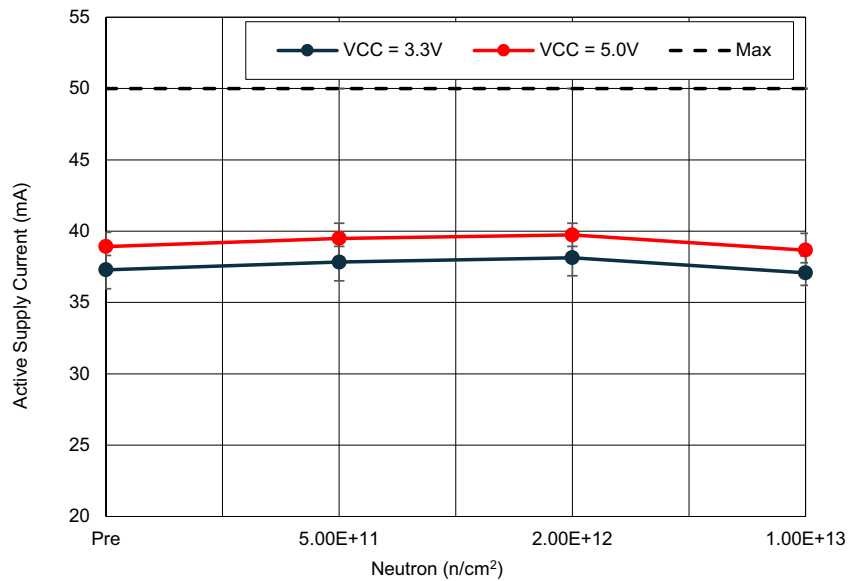


Figure 4. Active supply current ( $I_{CC}$ ) for the low bias setting at  $V_{CC} = 3.3V$  and  $5.0V$  as a function of neutron fluence. The error bars represent the minimum and maximum measured values. The post-irradiation datasheet limit is 50mA maximum.

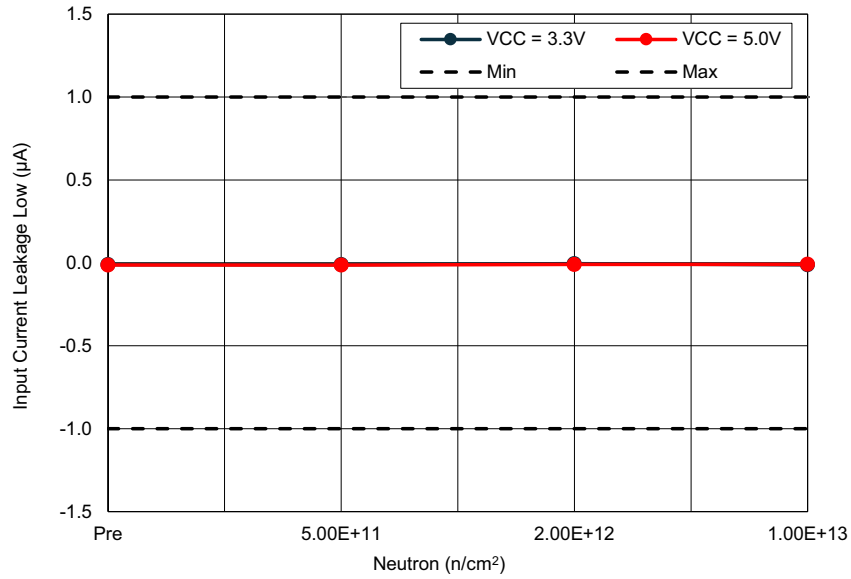


Figure 5. Input leakage current low ( $I_{IL}$ ) at  $V_{CC} = 3.3V$  and  $5.0V$  as a function of neutron fluence. The error bars represent the minimum and maximum measured values. The post-irradiation datasheet limits are  $-1.0\mu A$  minimum and  $1.0\mu A$  maximum.

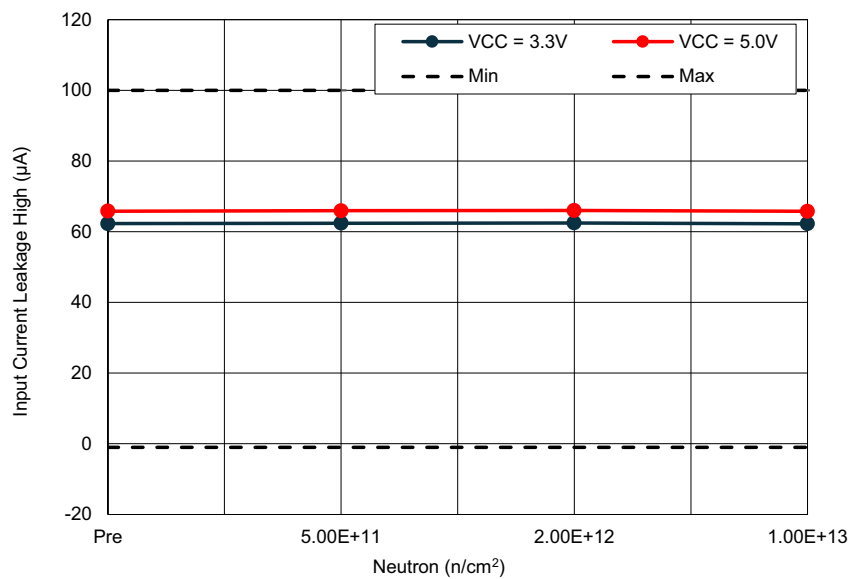


Figure 6. Input leakage current high ( $I_{IH}$ ) at  $V_{CC} = 3.3V$  and  $5.0V$  as a function of neutron fluence. The error bars represent the minimum and maximum measured values. The post-irradiation datasheet limits are  $-1\mu A$  minimum and  $100\mu A$  maximum. *Note:* This measurement is done through a pulldown resistor, which is why the measurements are high compared to  $I_{IL}$ .

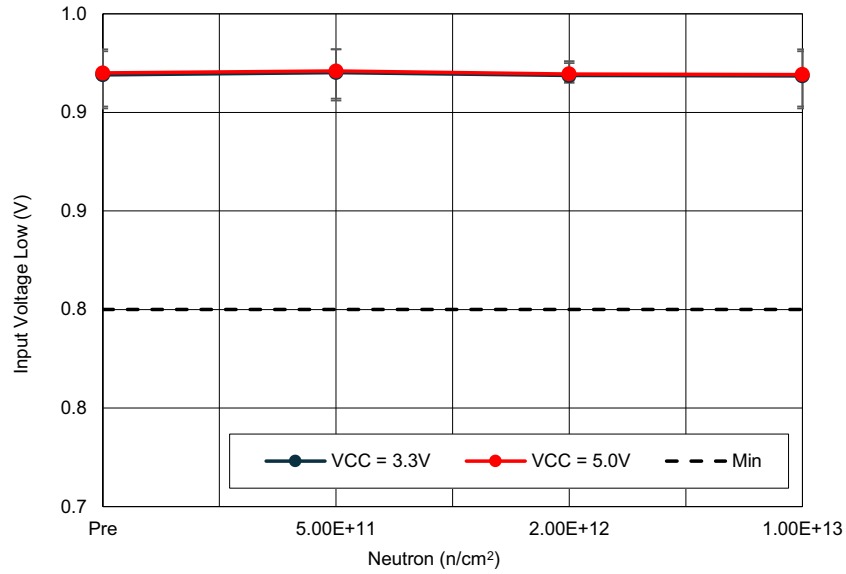


Figure 7. Logic input voltage low (V<sub>IL</sub>) at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V and 5.0V as a function of neutron fluence. The error bars represent the minimum and maximum measured values. The post-irradiation datasheet limit is 0.8V minimum.

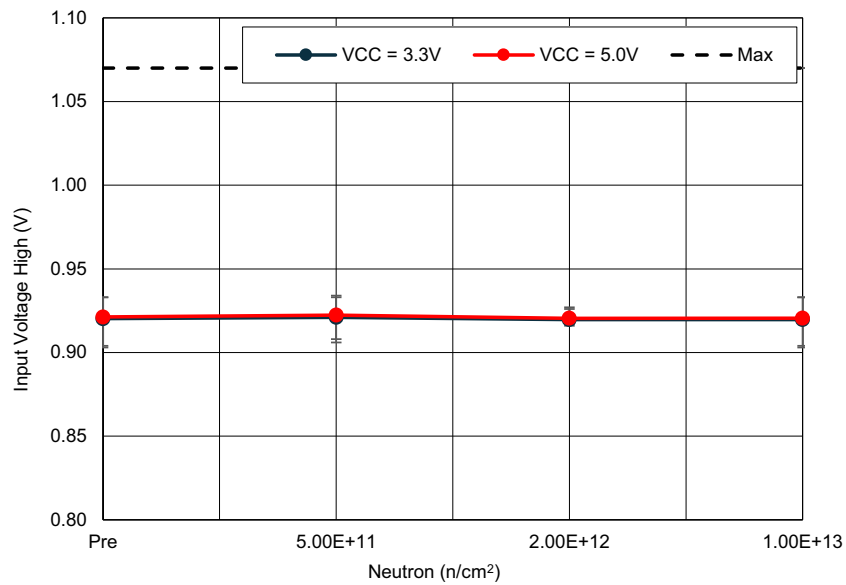


Figure 8. Logic input voltage high (V<sub>IH</sub>) at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V and 5.0V as a function of neutron fluence. The error bars represent the minimum and maximum measured values. The post-irradiation datasheet limit is 1.07V maximum.

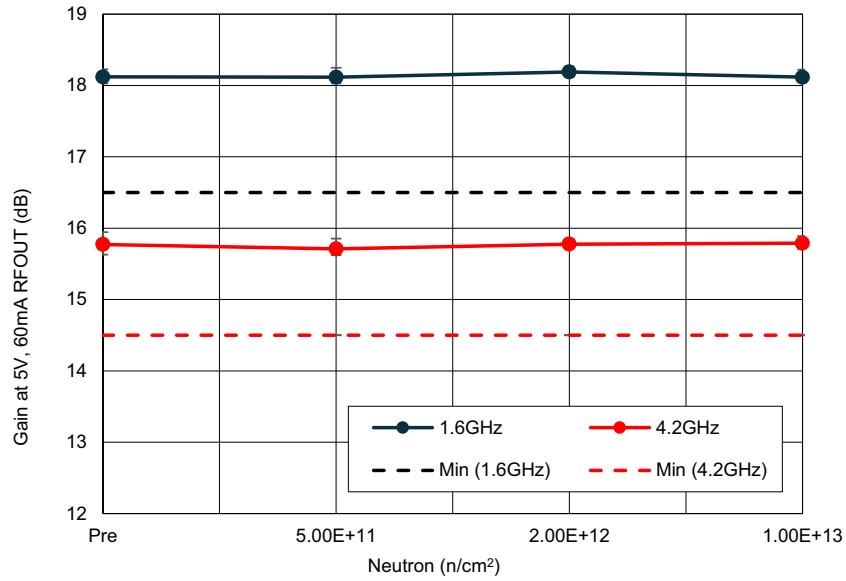


Figure 9. Gain (G) at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V, I<sub>CC</sub> = 60mA, with F<sub>RF</sub> = 1.6GHz and 4.2GHz as a function of neutron fluence. The error bars represent the minimum and maximum measured values. The post-irradiation datasheet limits are 16.5dB minimum at 1.6GHZ and 14.5dB minimum at 4.2GHZ.

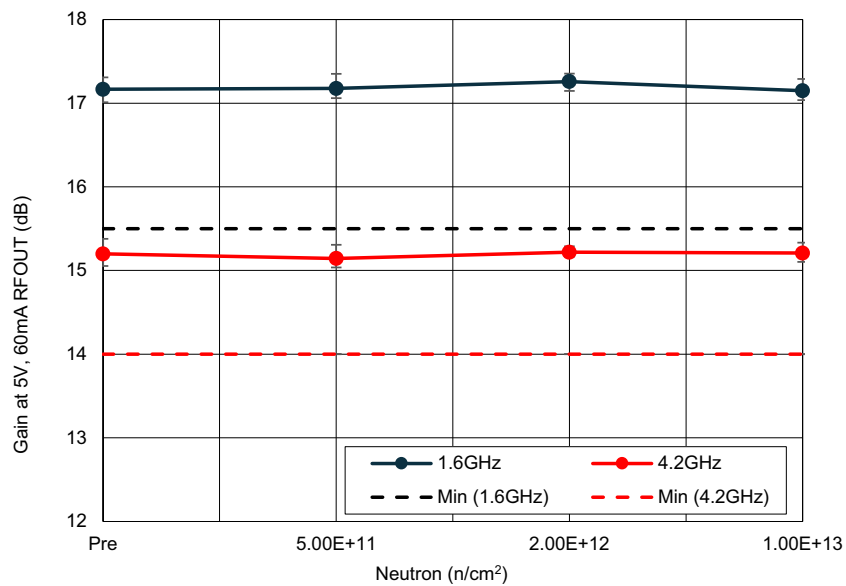


Figure 10. Gain (G) at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V, I<sub>CC</sub> = 40mA, with F<sub>RF</sub> = 1.6GHz and 4.2GHz as a function of neutron fluence. The error bars represent the minimum and maximum measured values. The post-irradiation datasheet limits are 15.5dB minimum at 1.6GHZ and 14dB minimum at 4.2GHZ.

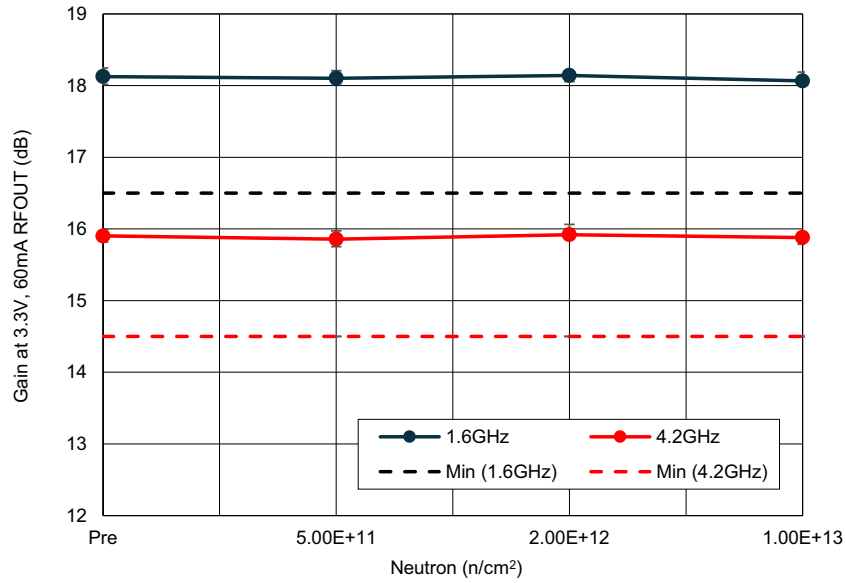


Figure 11. Gain (G) at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V, I<sub>CC</sub> = 60mA, with F<sub>RF</sub> = 1.6GHz and 4.2GHz as a function of neutron fluence. The error bars represent the minimum and maximum measured values. The post-irradiation datasheet limits are 16.5dB minimum at 1.6GHZ and 14.5dB minimum at 4.2GHZ.

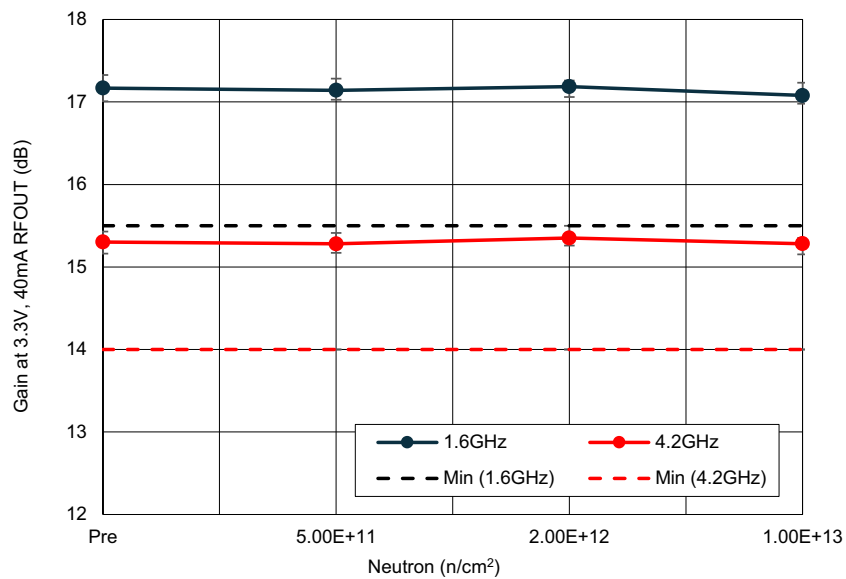


Figure 12. Gain (G) at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V, I<sub>CC</sub> = 40mA, with F<sub>RF</sub> = 1.6GHz and 4.2GHz as a function of neutron fluence. The error bars represent the minimum and maximum measured values. The post-irradiation datasheet limits are 15.5dB minimum at 1.6GHZ and 14dB minimum at 4.2GHZ.

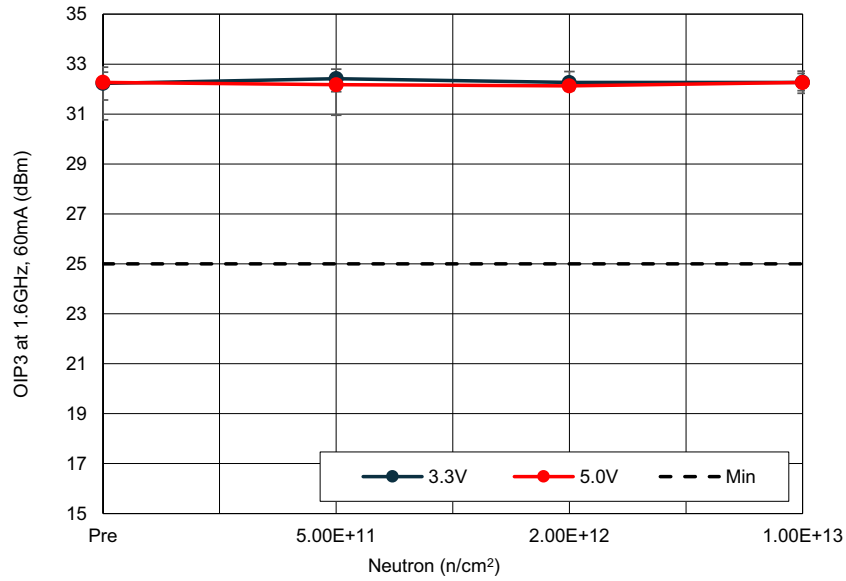


Figure 13. Output Third-Order Intercept Point (OIP3) at  $V_{CC} = 3.3V$  and  $5.0V$ , with  $I_{CC} = 60mA$  and  $F_{RF} = 1.6GHz$ , as a function of neutron fluence. The error bars represent the minimum and maximum measured values. The post-irradiation datasheet limit is 25dBm minimum.

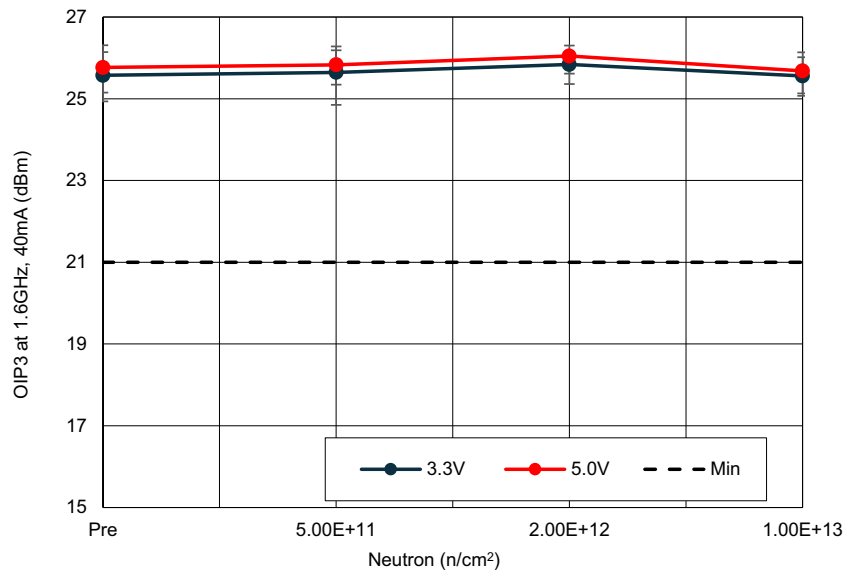


Figure 14. Output Third-Order Intercept Point (OIP3) at  $V_{CC} = 3.3V$  and  $5.0V$ , with  $I_{CC} = 40mA$  and  $F_{RF} = 1.6GHz$ , as a function of neutron fluence. The error bars represent the minimum and maximum measured values. The post-irradiation datasheet limit is 21dBm minimum.

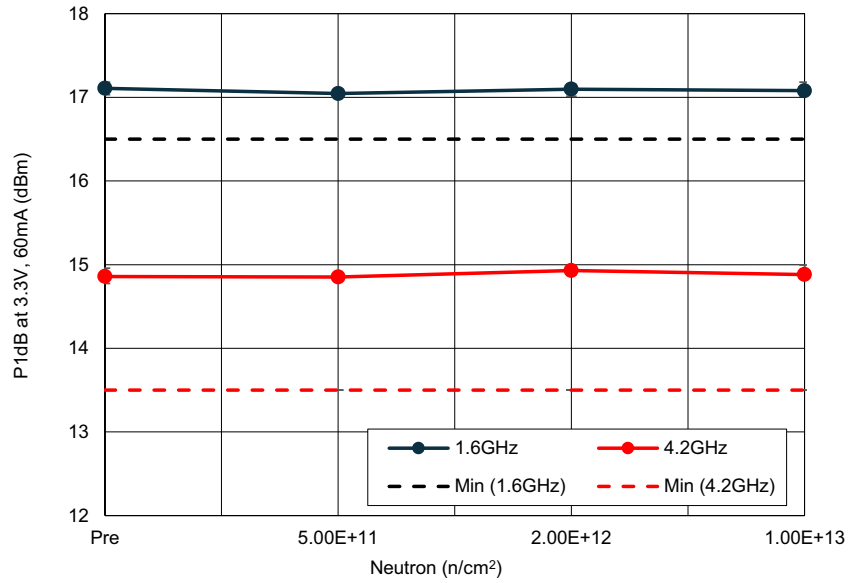


Figure 15. Output P1dB Compression ( $OP_{1dB}$ ) at  $V_{CC} = 3.3V$ ,  $I_{CC} = 60mA$ , with  $F_{RF} = 1.6GHz$  and  $4.2GHz$ , as a function of neutron fluence. The error bars represent the minimum and maximum measured values. The post-irradiation datasheet limits are 16.5dBm minimum at 1.6GHZ and 13.5dBm minimum at 4.2GHZ.

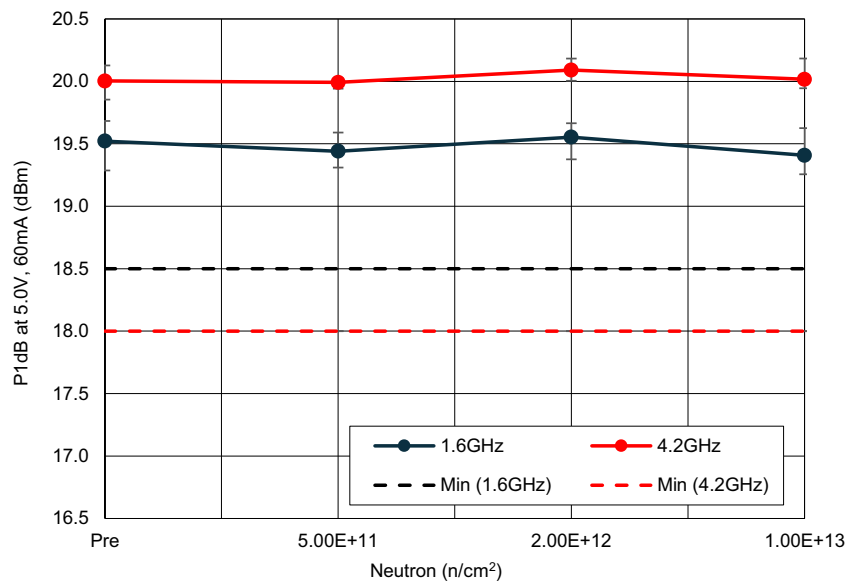


Figure 16. Output P1dB Compression ( $OP_{1dB}$ ) at  $V_{CC} = 5.0V$ ,  $I_{CC} = 60mA$ , with  $F_{RF} = 1.6GHz$  and  $4.2GHz$ , as a function of neutron fluence. The error bars represent the minimum and maximum measured values. The post-irradiation datasheet limits are 18.5dBm minimum at 1.6GHZ and 18.0dBm minimum at 4.2GHZ.

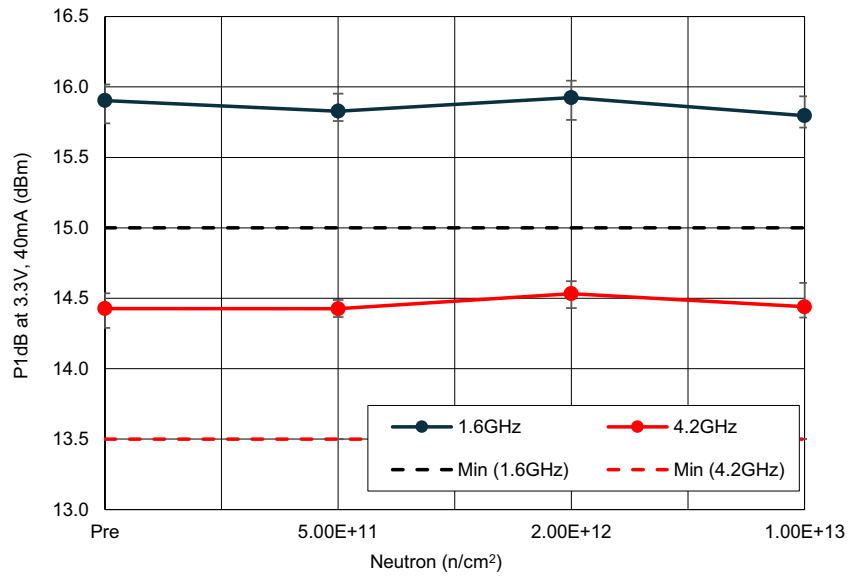


Figure 17. Output P1dB Compression ( $OP_{1dB}$ ) at  $V_{CC} = 3.3V$ ,  $I_{CC} = 40mA$ , with  $F_{RF} = 1.6GHz$  and  $4.2GHz$ , as a function of neutron fluence. The error bars represent the minimum and maximum measured values. The post-irradiation datasheet limits are 15.0dBm minimum at 1.6GHZ and 13.5dBm minimum at 4.2GHZ.

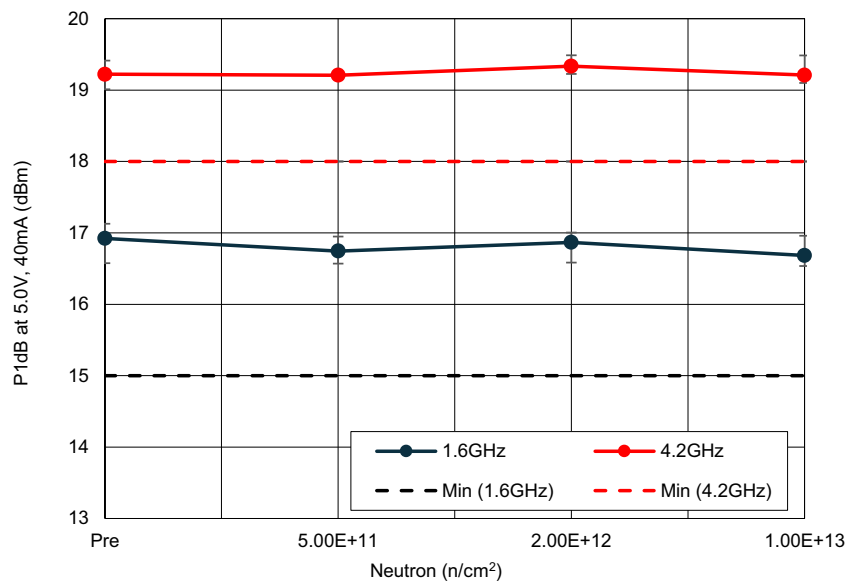


Figure 18. Output P1dB Compression ( $OP_{1dB}$ ) at  $V_{CC} = 5.0V$ ,  $I_{CC} = 40mA$ , with  $F_{RF} = 1.6GHz$  and  $4.2GHz$ , as a function of neutron fluence. The error bars represent the minimum and maximum measured values. The post-irradiation datasheet limits are 15dBm minimum at 1.6GHZ and 18dBm minimum at 4.2GHZ.

### 3. Discussion and Conclusion

The results of 1MeV equivalent neutron testing of the ISL74324M, a High-Gain Broadband RF Amplifier are reported. Parts were tested at actual fluences of  $6.12 \times 10^{11} \text{n/cm}^2$ ,  $2.38 \times 10^{12} \text{n/cm}^2$  and  $1.19 \times 10^{13} \text{n/cm}^2$ . The results of key parameters before and after irradiation to each level are plotted in [Figure 2](#) through [Figure 18](#).

The plots show the mean of each parameter as a function of neutron irradiation, with error bars that represent the minimum and maximum measured values. Each marker represents a separate set of five samples. The line connecting them is for trend visualization only. The figures also show the applicable electrical limits taken from the datasheet.

All tested datasheet parameters passed at all down-points up to and including  $1.19 \times 10^{13} \text{n/cm}^2$ . These results are applicable to all versions of this part.

### 4. Revision History

| Revision | Date        | Description      |
|----------|-------------|------------------|
| 1.00     | Nov 7, 2025 | Initial release. |

## A. Reported Parameters

Table 4 below lists the datasheet parameters that are considered indicative of part performance. These parameters are plotted in Figure 2 through Figure 18. All limits are taken from the ISL74324M datasheet, which may also have more details on test conditions.

**Table 4. Datasheet Total Dose Parameters ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )**

| Fig. | Parameter                   | Symbol            | Conditions   | Low Limit | High Limit   | Unit          |
|------|-----------------------------|-------------------|--|-----------|--|---------------|
| 2    | Standby Supply Current      | $I_{DDO}$         | $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V}$ and $5.0\text{V}$   | -         | 3  | mA            |
| 3    | Active Supply Current       | $I_{CC}$          | High Bias Setting  | -         | 70   | mA            |
| 4    |                             |                   | Low Bias Setting   | -         | 50   | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| 5    | Logic Current Low           | $I_{IL}$          | Applied STBY voltage = $3.6\text{V}$   | -1        | 1  | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| 6    | Logic Current High          | $I_{IH}$          | -  | -1        | 100  | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| 7    | Logic Input Low Threshold   | $V_{IL}$          | $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V}$ and $5.0\text{V}$   | 0.8       | -  | V             |
| 8    | Logic Input High Threshold  | $V_{IH}$          | $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V}$ and $5.0\text{V}$   | -         | 1.07   | V             |
| 9    | Gain                        | G                 | $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}$ , $I_{CC} = 60\text{mA}$ , $F_{RF} = 1.6\text{GHz}$                     | 16.5      | -  | dB            |
| 10   |                             |                   | $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}$ , $I_{CC} = 60\text{mA}$ , $F_{RF} = 4.2\text{GHz}$                     | 14.5      | -  | dB            |
|      |                             |                   | $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}$ , $I_{CC} = 40\text{mA}$ , $F_{RF} = 1.6\text{GHz}$                     | 15.5      | -  | dB            |
| 11   |                             |                   | $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}$ , $I_{CC} = 40\text{mA}$ , $F_{RF} = 4.2\text{GHz}$                     | 14        | -  | dB            |
|      |                             |                   | $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V}$ , $I_{CC} = 60\text{mA}$ , $F_{RF} = 1.6\text{GHz}$                     | 16.5      | -  | dB            |
| 12   |                             |                   | $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V}$ , $I_{CC} = 60\text{mA}$ , $F_{RF} = 4.2\text{GHz}$                     | 14.5      | -  | dB            |
|      |                             |                   | $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V}$ , $I_{CC} = 40\text{mA}$ , $F_{RF} = 1.6\text{GHz}$                     | 15.5      | -  | dB            |
|      |                             |                   |  |           | $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V}$ , $I_{CC} = 40\text{mA}$ , $F_{RF} = 4.2\text{GHz}$ | 14            |
| 13   | Third Order Intercept Point | OIP3              | $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V}$ and $5.0\text{V}$ , $I_{CC} = 60\text{mA}$ , $F_{RF} = 1.6\text{GHz}$   | 25        | -  | dBm           |
| 14   |                             |                   | $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V}$ , and $5.0\text{V}$ , $I_{CC} = 40\text{mA}$ , $F_{RF} = 1.6\text{GHz}$ | 21        | -  | dBm           |
| 15   | 1 dB Compression Point      | $OP_{1\text{dB}}$ | $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V}$ , $I_{CC} = 60\text{mA}$ , $F_{RF} = 1.6\text{GHz}$                     | 16.5      | -  | dBm           |
| 16   |                             |                   | $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V}$ , $I_{CC} = 60\text{mA}$ , $F_{RF} = 4.2\text{GHz}$                     | 13.5      | -  | dBm           |
|      |                             |                   | $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}$ , $I_{CC} = 60\text{mA}$ , $F_{RF} = 1.6\text{GHz}$                     | 18.5      | -  | dBm           |
| 17   |                             |                   | $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}$ , $I_{CC} = 60\text{mA}$ , $F_{RF} = 4.2\text{GHz}$                     | 18        | -  | dBm           |
|      |                             |                   | $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V}$ , $I_{CC} = 40\text{mA}$ , $F_{RF} = 1.6\text{GHz}$                     | 15        | -  | dBm           |
| 18   |                             |                   | $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V}$ , $I_{CC} = 40\text{mA}$ , $F_{RF} = 4.2\text{GHz}$                     | 13.5      | -  | dBm           |
|      |                             |                   | $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}$ , $I_{CC} = 40\text{mA}$ , $F_{RF} = 1.6\text{GHz}$                     | 15        | -  | dBm           |
|      |                             |                   |  |           | $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{V}$ , $I_{CC} = 40\text{mA}$ , $F_{RF} = 4.2\text{GHz}$ | 18            |

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### Corporate Headquarters

TOYOSU FORESIA, 3-2-24 Toyosu,  
Koto-ku, Tokyo 135-0061, Japan  
[www.renesas.com](http://www.renesas.com)

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