



Altium

2010

Annual Financial Report

Altium Limited and Controlled Entities

ACN 009 568 772

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Company particulars

Directors

Samuel Weiss	Non-executive Chairman
Nicholas Martin	Chief Executive Officer and Chief Technology Officer
Kayvan Oboudiyat	Executive Vice Chairman
Carl Rooke	Non-executive Director
Dr David Warren	Non-executive Director
William Bartee	Non-executive Director

Company Secretary

Kayvan Oboudiyat

Registered office

3 Minna Close, Belrose NSW 2085
+61 2 8622 8100

Stock exchange listings

Altium Limited shares are listed on the Australian Securities Exchange with ASX code: ALU

Share registry

Computershare Investor Services Pty Limited
Level 3, 60 Carrington Street, Sydney NSW 2000
Australia 1 300 850 505, Overseas +61 3 9415 4000

Auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopers
201 Sussex Street, Sydney NSW 2000
+61 2 8266 0000

Notice of Annual General Meeting

10:30am Friday 12 November 2010
Manly Pacific Hotel
55 North Steyne, Manly NSW 2095

Review of operations and activities

Overview of financial performance and position

	2010 US\$'000	Group 2009 ² US\$'000	Percentage change
Sales	46,507	51,358	(9%)
Revenue	45,008	50,696	(11%)
(Loss) earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation	(645)	4,056	(100%+)
Loss before income tax	(6,469)	(493)	(100%+)
Loss after income tax	(10,353)	(839)	(100%+)
Earnings per share (US cents)	(11.6)	(0.9)	(100%+)
Return of capital per share (AU cents)	-	2.0	(100%)
Dividend per share (AU cents)	-	2.0	(100%)
Adjusted operating (loss) profit before tax ¹	(1,225)	3,903	(100%+)
Operating cash flows	3,155	5,322	(41%)
Cash position	4,845	3,526	37%
Deferred revenue	12,201	11,000	11%
Average number of employees during the year	276	311	(11%)
Number of employees at end of the year	275	286	(4%)

¹ Adjusted operating (loss) profit before tax represents sales less operating costs adjusted for share based payments, amortisation, non-recurring expenditure, foreign exchange difference and research and development salaries capitalised. Sales represent the value of orders invoiced in the period with no adjustment for deferred revenue recognition.

² Results for the year ended 30 June 2009 have been restated to reflect a prior period adjustment. Please refer to note 32 for additional details.

The financial year saw Altium withstand continuing tough economic conditions in all geographical markets, without compromising the long-term objective of helping designers harness the best available technology to design and build great products that make a difference. For this reason investment in research and development continued during the year.

China aside, all regions showed strong sales growth in the second half compared to the first half. In addition, all regions, with the exception of China, had sales growth in the second half when compared to the second half of the year ended 30 June 2009. The fall in sales in China, compared to the year ended 30 June 2009, reflected continued weak market conditions resulting in a decline in the license compliance business program that has been effective in previous years. The new financial year will see the implementation of a program of training and consulting that will help China's engineers design in new ways better suited to the future of electronic design.

Cash and deferred revenue balances have improved year-on-year. The increased cash balance demonstrates the effective management of working capital and careful cost management throughout the year. The deferred revenue balance increased because of higher demand for subscription based purchasing options.

The accounting loss after income tax was US\$10.4 million, a total affected by certain non-cash accounting adjustments required by accounting standards. An example of this is the considerable income tax expense for the current year, despite the current year loss. The explanation for this is the inclusion of a non-cash accounting adjustment of US\$5.9 million, mainly related to tax losses and tax credits that no longer meet criteria set out in the accounting standards. The result is that these tax losses are no longer booked as an asset and must be included as an accounting expense in the results of the financial year just ended.

Review of operations and activities continued

Sales in local currencies

	2010 '000	2009 '000	Percentage change
Product sales			
Americas (US\$)	19,060	19,375	(2%)
EMEA ¹ (€)	12,432	13,010	(4%)
Greater China ² (US\$)	4,448	7,773	(43%)
Asia Pacific excluding Greater China ¹ (US\$)	5,313	5,662	(6%)
Consulting Services			
Europe (€)	457	544	(16%)

¹ EMEA includes Europe, Middle East and Africa

² Greater China includes People's Republic of China, Taiwan and Hong Kong.

Regulatory environment

For details regarding the effect of regulatory changes in accounting standards refer to note 1 in the notes to the financial report.

Legal

At the date of this report there are no significant legal issues affecting the group.

Health and safety

Altium has in place a comprehensive occupational health and safety program to provide its employees with a healthy and safe working environment.

Corporate governance

Corporate governance information is included on page 17 of the financial report.

Statement of compliance

The above report includes disclosures as recommended in The Group of 100 Incorporated publication: Guide to Review of Operations and Financial Condition.

Directors' report

The Directors of Altium Limited present their report on the group consisting of Altium Limited and the entities it controlled at the end of, or during, the year ended 30 June 2010.

Directors

The following persons were Directors of Altium Limited during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report:

Samuel Weiss
Nicholas Martin
Kayvan Oboudiyat
Carl Rooke
Dr David Warren
William Bartee

Principal activities

The group's principal activities during the year were that of the development and sale of computer software for the design of electronic products.

Review of operations

Information pertaining to the operations and financial position of the group is set out in the review of operations and activities on page 2.

Results

	Group	
	2010	2009
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Loss before income tax	(6,469)	(493)
Income tax expense	(3,884)	(346)
Loss after income tax	(10,353)	(839)

Earnings per share

	2010	2009
	US cents	US cents
Basic earnings per share	(11.6)	(0.9)
Diluted earnings per share	(11.6)	(0.9)

Return of capital

	2010	2009
	US\$'000	US\$'000
A return of capital of 2 Australian cents per share (2010: nil) was paid on 7 November 2008.	-	1,238

Dividends

	2010	2009
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Interim unfranked dividend of 2 Australian cents per share (2010: nil) was paid on 24 March 2009.	-	1,162

Directors' report continued

Information on Directors

Samuel Weiss AB MS FAICD, Non-executive Chairman

Sam joined the Altium Board as a Non-executive Director on 1 January 2007 and was elected Chairman of the Board on 4 October of that year. Sam is Deputy Chairman of GLG Corp Ltd and a Non-executive Director of Oroton Group Ltd, Breville Group Ltd, IPGA Ltd and Open Universities Pty Ltd. He is a Director and Honorary Treasurer of the Sydney Festival and is President of The Benevolent Society. He brings valuable experience from his previous roles as Vice President, Asia-Pacific, Gateway Computers and Chief Operating Officer for Nike Europe.

Nicholas Martin, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Technology Officer

Nick founded Altium Limited in 1985 (known then as Protel International) and has served as an Executive Director from the group's inception, becoming Joint Chief Executive Officer in 2001. Nick has served in his current role of Chief Executive Officer since 2005. It is due to Nick's vision and foresight that Altium is considered a global leader in technology innovation in the electronics design industry. Nick provides the business and technology strategy for the company.

Kayvan Oboudiyat BE (Hons) GDA MAICD, Executive Vice Chairman

Kayvan has been a Director since 1997. Originally Kayvan was appointed Managing Director, becoming Chief Executive Officer in 1999 and Joint Chief Executive Officer in 2001. Kayvan has served in his current role of Executive Vice Chairman since 2005. Kayvan has played a key role in driving the group's development of new business opportunities. Prior to joining the group, Kayvan spent eleven years with Telstra, including three years as a Senior Executive in the International Business Unit. Kayvan is also the Company Secretary.

Carl Rooke FCA FAICD, Non-executive Director

Carl joined the Board in 1990 as a Non-executive Director and was appointed Chairman in 1999 and served as Chairman until October 2007. Carl is a former Chairman of Horwath Australia and currently holds the position of Director of BDO Kendalls (TAS) Pty Ltd. Carl is a Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants and the Institute of Company Directors and brings to the group a history of successful business practice with many years of proven experience in management, accounting and finance. Carl is also Chairman of the Audit and Risk Management Committee.

Dr David Warren BSc Tas, HonDSc Tas, MAIP, MAICD, Non-executive Director

Dave has served as a member of the Board since 1991. His work in astronomy led him into the world of software and electronic design where he has since gained more than 30 years experience. After joining Altium's management team in 1987, Dave served as President of Altium's USA operation from 1994 to 1995. Since 1995 he has worked in the areas of mergers, acquisitions, sales and corporate development prior to becoming a Non-executive Board member in 2004. Dave is a Non-executive Board member of Astronomy Australia Ltd, and sits on the boards of various private companies.

William Bartee BS MBA JD, Non-executive Director

Bill was appointed to the Board as a Non-executive Director in 1999. Bill has sixteen years' experience working with emerging growth technology companies in US venture capital and private equity industries. He is a former Investment Director for Macquarie Technology Ventures and former Chief Executive Officer of Mantara, a messaging software company. Bill is also the Chairman of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee.

The Directors held no other Directorships in the past three years other than those stated above.

Directors' report continued

Directors' interest

Directors' interest in Altium Limited at 30 June 2010 was as follows:

	Ordinary shares
Samuel Weiss	696,197
Nicholas Martin	22,524,650
Kayvan Oboudiyat	2,400,000
Carl Rooke	565,365
Dr David Warren	5,523,000
William Bartee	-

None of the Directors currently hold share options.

Directors' meetings

The number of meetings of Altium's Board of Directors and of each Board Committee held during the year ended 30 June 2010, and the numbers of meetings attended by each Director, were:

	Full meetings of Directors	Meetings of Committees	
		Audit and Risk Management	Remuneration and Nomination
Number of meetings held	7	2	1
Number of meetings attended by:			
Samuel Weiss	7	2	1
Nicholas Martin	7	-	-
Kayvan Oboudiyat	6	2*	1*
Carl Rooke	7	2	-
Dr David Warren	7	2	1
William Bartee	6	2	1

- Not a member of the relevant Committee.

* Attended in capacity of Company Secretary

Remuneration report (audited)

The information provided in the remuneration report has been audited as required by section 308(3C) of the Corporations Act 2001.

Remuneration philosophy

Altium's philosophy for executive remuneration is to ensure that remuneration properly reflects the duties and responsibilities of its executives. Altium aligns executive reward with its strategic objectives and ensures it is appropriate for the results delivered. To this end, the group embodies the following principles in its total rewards framework:

- Provide competitive rewards to attract, motivate and retain high calibre executives;
- Link executive rewards to shareholder value;
- Establish appropriate performance targets in relation to variable executive remuneration.

This objective is achieved via a total reward program that involves a mixture of fixed and performance based remuneration.

The executive remuneration philosophy ensures individual as well as collective accountability for the group's performance metrics. The metrics adopted reflect the value added to shareholder interests, long-term sustainability of the business, and profitability. Using share options as a long-term incentive encourages executives to focus on creating sustainable value and a sense of ownership and accountability to the group. Fixed pay conditions are designed to attract and retain top talent in a competitive environment, considering the capability and experience brought to the group.

The philosophy of "leadership without fear" encourages executives to harness their true potential. In this way, the group is able to recognize and reward pure contribution. This opportunity is equally open and applicable to every individual in the group. Altium recognises that, while remuneration is a key factor in recruiting the right people, it is not the only factor. Altium's corporate reputation, its ethical culture and values and its ability to provide interesting and challenging career opportunities are also important.

Remuneration and Nomination Committee

The Board established the Remuneration and Nomination Committee, which is responsible for reviewing and recommending remuneration policies and packages for Board members and senior executives. The Remuneration and Nomination Committee operates under delegated authority of the Altium Board. The Remuneration and Nomination Committee also assesses the appropriateness of the nature and amount of the packages periodically by reference to relevant employment market conditions.

External advice on remuneration matters is obtained and is made available for the Remuneration and Nomination Committee as required.

Remuneration structure

In accordance with best practice corporate governance recommendations, the structure of Non-executive Director remuneration and senior executive remuneration is separate and distinct.

The total remuneration package of all executives is designed to ensure an appropriate mix of fixed remuneration with short and long-term incentive opportunities. The relative weighting of fixed and variable components, for target performance, varies with role and complexity.

Non-executive Director remuneration

Non-executive Director remuneration pay reflects the demands made of, and the responsibilities and skill of the Non-executive Directors. Non-executive Director fees are recommended by the Remuneration and Nomination Committee and determined by the Board.

Remuneration of Non-executive Directors is determined by the Board within the maximum amount of cash salary approved by the shareholders from time to time. The Directors' fee pool is AU\$700,000 per annum and was last approved in a general meeting on 4 October 2007.

The Chairman's fees are considered independently to the fees of the Non-executive Directors and are based on comparative roles in the external market. The Chairman is not present at any discussions relating to the determination of his own remuneration.

Remuneration report (audited) continued

Executive remuneration

The executive pay and reward framework has three key elements:

- Base pay and benefits, including superannuation
- Variable compensation - short-term incentives
- Variable compensation - long-term incentives, through participation in share option plans

The combination of these comprises the executive's total remuneration.

Base pay

Base pay is structured as a total employment cost package which may be delivered as a combination of cash and prescribed non-financial benefits at the executive's discretion. Executives are offered a competitive base pay that comprises the fixed component of pay and rewards. Base pay for executives is reviewed annually by reference to appropriate benchmark information, to ensure that the executive's pay is competitive with the market commensurate with the executive's individual performance and experience. Retirement benefits are paid in line with local legislation and practice.

The Board believes that well managed short-term and long-term incentives plans are important elements of employee remuneration and that the senior executives' participation in these plans aligns their objectives with Altium's short-term goals and long-term vision.

While Altium conducts annual remuneration reviews, there are no guaranteed remuneration increases contained in any executive contracts or agreements. Any increases are determined by individual performance, economic indicators and market data.

Short-term incentives

Short-term incentives are based on achieving specific performance targets. Performance targets are aligned to both tactical and strategic business objectives using quantitative targets. Quantitative measures include sales and operating performance targets. The percentage of total remuneration that is allocated to short-term incentives varies according to the senior executive position and ranges between 30% and 40% of total remuneration for achieving all targets.

Short-term incentives have been structured to ensure payments are closely aligned to business performance and are designed to:

- Deliver group performance improvements over the prior year;
- Provide rewards subject to the achievement of rigorous performance targets; and
- Align individual objectives to business-specific objectives.

Performance monitoring process

The Remuneration and Nomination Committee approves, in principle, the structure and policy of short-term incentives. The Chief Executive Officer and Chief People Officer align key performance indicators for other executives using the principles determined by the Remuneration and Nomination Committee. The Chief Executive Officer assesses whether the financial targets have been fully or partially achieved and makes recommendations to the Board. Short-term incentives are assessed and paid on half year and full year results.

Long-term incentives

Long-term incentives are provided to senior executives through a share plan. Unlike share options, these are fully paid up shares. The objective of the share plan is to align senior executives' rewards with the creation of shareholder value. The Long-term incentives component forms part of the total remuneration of the executive and tied both to company performance as well as longevity of service (currently 3 years).

Remuneration report (audited) continued

Key management personnel

The key management personnel of the group and Altium Limited include the Executive Directors listed on page 4 and the following Executive Officers who have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities:

Richard Leon	Chief Financial Officer	
Alan Perkins	Chief Information Officer	
Anand Shankaran	Chief People Officer	
Matthew Schwaiger	Senior Vice President, Global Customer Success	
Gerry Gaffney	Regional Chief Executive Officer, Americas	
André Pravaz	Executive Vice President, World Wide Field Operations	Ceased employment on 27 November 2009
Martin Harris	Vice President, EMEA	Commenced employment on 10 August 2009

In addition, the following persons must be disclosed under the Corporations Act 2001 as they are among the five highest remunerated group executives.

Peter Murman	Managing Director, Amersfoort Technology Centre
Andrew Mansfield	Regional Director, Sales - Asia Pacific

Service agreements

Remuneration and other terms of employment for each Board member and senior executive are formalised in service agreements. The major provisions of the agreements relating to remuneration are set out below.

	Director's Base fee	Base salary inclusive of superannuation	Notice period
Non-executive Directors of Altium Limited			
Samuel Weiss	AU\$110,000		
Carl Rooke	AU\$70,000		
Dr David Warren	AU\$60,000		
William Barte	AU\$60,000		
Executive Directors of Altium Limited			
Nicholas Martin	AU\$40,000	AU\$319,700	-
Kayvan Oboudiyat	AU\$40,000	AU\$305,000	-
Key executives of the group			
Richard Leon		AU\$280,000	3 months
Alan Perkins		AU\$218,000	1 month
Anand Shankaran		AU\$245,250	3 months
Matthew Schwaiger		AU\$210,000	4 weeks
Gerry Gaffney		US\$312,000	-
Martin Harris ¹		€132,000	6 weeks
André Pravaz ²		AU\$360,000	1 month
Other executives of the group			
Peter Murman		€118,800	3 months
Andrew Mansfield		AU\$180,000	1 month

¹ Martin Harris commenced employment on 10 August 2009.

² André Pravaz ceased employment on 27 November 2009.

The above Directors and senior executives have open agreements with no fixed term.

Remuneration report (audited) continued

Amounts of remuneration

The following tables set out the details of Director and key executive remuneration earned during the year.

2010	Short-term employee benefits			Post-employment benefits	Long-term benefits	Share based payments	Total US\$	Performance related as a proportion of total remuneration %	Options as a proportion of total remuneration %
	Salary and fees US\$	Bonus US\$	Non-monetary benefits US\$	Super-annuation US\$	Long service leave US\$	Options US\$			
Non-executive Directors of Altium Limited									
Samuel Weiss	89,040	-	-	8,014	-	-	97,054	-	-
Carl Rooke	61,761	-	-	-	-	-	61,761	-	-
Dr David Warren	48,567	-	-	4,371	-	-	52,938	-	-
William Barte	48,567	-	-	4,371	-	-	52,938	-	-
Executive Directors of Altium Limited									
Nicholas Martin ¹ *	291,161	-	-	26,204	5,589	-	322,954	-	-
Kayvan Oboudiyat ¹ *	279,262	-	-	25,134	5,361	-	309,757	-	-
Key executives of the group									
Richard Leon [*]	226,648	-	-	20,523	446	11,790	259,407	-	5%
Alan Perkins	173,329	-	-	15,724	246	18,082	207,381	-	9%
Anand Shankaran	199,789	-	-	18,106	309	6,027	224,231	-	3%
Matthew Schwaiger	169,985	-	-	15,423	4,254	24,110	213,772	-	11%
Gerry Gaffney ¹	312,000	172,448	15,136	-	-	6,027	505,611	34%	1%
Martin Harris ¹	207,017	99,841	-	-	-	-	306,858	33%	-
André Pravaz ² ¹ *	343,583	15,769	-	30,870	-	7,444	397,666	4%	2%
Other executives of the group									
Peter Murman ¹	192,566	106,258	6,359	17,046	-	9,973	332,202	32%	3%
Andrew Mansfield [*]	145,702	87,128	-	21,069	376	-	254,275	34%	-

¹ Martin Harris commenced employment on 10 August 2009.

² André Pravaz ceased employment on 27 November 2009. Included in the salary and fees of André Pravaz are termination benefits amounting to US\$207,725.

¹ Denotes one of the five highest paid executives of the group, as required to be disclosed under the Corporations Act 2001.

* Denotes one of the five highest paid executives of the parent, as required to be disclosed under the Corporations Act 2001.

Remuneration report (audited) continued

2009	Short-term employee benefits			Post-employment benefits	Long-term benefits	Share based payments	Performance related as a proportion of total remuneration %	Options as a proportion of total remuneration %	
	Salary and fees US\$	Bonus US\$	Non-monetary benefits US\$	Super-annuation US\$	Long service leave US\$	Options US\$			
Non-executive Directors of Altium Limited									
Samuel Weiss	75,355	-	-	6,782	-	-	82,137	-	-
Carl Rooke	52,269	-	-	-	-	-	52,269	-	-
Dr David Warren	41,103	-	-	3,699	-	-	44,802	-	-
William Bartee	41,103	-	-	3,699	-	-	44,802	-	-
Executive Directors of Altium Limited									
Nicholas Martin*	246,412	-	-	22,177	4,735	-	273,324	-	-
Kayvan Oboudiyat*	236,342	-	-	21,271	4,415	-	262,028	-	-
Key executives of the group									
Richard Leon ¹	153,901	11,071	-	14,931	105	870	180,878	6%	-
Alan Perkins ²	138,108	7,971	-	13,229	244	2,609	162,161	5%	2%
André Pravaz ^{3A*}	218,167	88,780	-	27,716	192	870	335,725	26%	-
Anand Shankaran*	169,011	9,759	-	16,183	342	870	196,165	5%	-
Matthew Schwaiger ⁴	157,888	-	1,299	6,153	7,698	3,478	176,516	-	2%
Emma Lo Russo ^{5A*}	267,921 ⁶	22,141	11,311	21,179	-	42,283	364,835	6%	12%
Other executives of the group									
Gerry Gaffney [^]	311,959	151,150	21,863	6,324	-	870	492,166	31%	-
Frank Hoschar [^]	195,595	81,366	23,628	-	-	435	301,024	27%	-
Jay Cao [^]	228,377	102,104	-	6,901	-	870	338,252	30%	-

¹ Richard Leon commenced employment on 28 August 2008.

² Alan Perkins commenced in this position 12 August 2008.

³ André Pravaz commenced in this position on 11 August 2008 and resigned as a Director on 3 February 2009.

⁴ Matthew Schwaiger commenced in this position on 5 January 2009.

⁵ Emma Lo Russo ceased employment on 5 May 2009.

⁶ Included in the salary and fees of Emma Lo Russo are termination benefits amounting to US\$60,263.

[^] Denotes one of the five highest paid executives of the group, as required to be disclosed under the Corporations Act 2001.

* Denotes one of the five highest paid executives of the parent, as required to be disclosed under the Corporations Act 2001.

Remuneration report (audited) continued

Share based compensation

Unissued ordinary shares of Altium Limited under option at 30 June 2010 are as follows:

Name of option plan	Exercise price of shares (AU\$)	Value per option at grant date (AU\$)	Grant date	Expiry date	Number of options
Altium Employee Share Option Plan ¹	0.92 ³	0.09	21 Feb 2006	21 Feb 2011	1,236,400
Altium Employee Share Option Plan ¹	0.92 ³	0.11	14 Mar 2006	14 Mar 2011	276,100
Altium Employee Share Option Plan ¹	1.42 ³	0.41	8 Dec 2006	8 Dec 2011	395,250
Altium Employee Share Option Plan ¹	1.42 ³	0.67	16 Jan 2007	16 Jan 2012	353,500
Altium Employee Share Option Plan ²	1.00	0.13	8 May 2009	8 May 2014	5,558,960
Total unissued ordinary shares of Altium Limited under option					7,820,210

¹ Options vest in equal amounts over a four-year period from the first anniversary of the date of issue.

² Options vest over a three-year period from the first anniversary of the date of issue, with 40% vesting in year one and 30% vesting in the two subsequent years.

³ The exercise price of the options has been reduced in accordance with plan rules relating to the return of capital of 2 Australian cents per share paid on 7 November 2008 and 6 Australian cents per share paid on 19 October 2007.

The vesting period of options granted under the Altium Employee Share Option Plan and Altium Director Share Option Plan is at the Directors' discretion. The options are exercisable at any time once vested through to expiry date. When exercised, each option is convertible into one ordinary share. No option holder has any right under the options to participate in any other share issue of the company or of any other entity within the group.

The value of options included as remuneration for Directors and executives is determined at the date they are granted and apportioned over the vesting period. Fair values at grant date have been assessed using a derivative of the Black-Scholes option-pricing model incorporating the following factors; exercise price, stock price, expected life, volatility, risk-free rate, dividend yield and vesting period. Further information on options is set out in note 25 to the financial statements.

Options over unissued ordinary shares in Altium Limited provided as remuneration to each Director of the company and each of the key management personnel of the group are set out below:

2010	Balance at 1 July 2009	Balance at 30 June 2010	Vested and exercisable at 30 June 2010
Key executives of the group²			
Richard Leon	100,000	100,000	40,000
Alan Perkins	300,000	300,000	120,000
Anand Shankaran	100,000	100,000	40,000
Matthew Schwaiger	400,000	400,000	160,000
Gerry Gaffney	100,000	100,000	40,000
André Pravaz ¹	100,000	100,000	40,000
Other executives of the group²			
Peter Murman	100,000	100,000	75,000

¹ André Pravaz ceased employment on 27 November 2009. Options retained with Board approval.

² Martin Harris and Andrew Mansfield did not have any options as at 30 June 2009 and 30 June 2010

Remuneration report (audited) continued

2009	Balance at 1 July 2008	Granted during the year	Expired during the year	Balance at 30 June 2009	Vested and exercisable at 30 June 2009
Directors of Altium Limited					
Carl Rooke	160,000	-	(160,000)	-	-
William Bartee	80,000	-	(80,000)	-	-
Kayvan Oboudiyat	400,000	-	(400,000)	-	-
Key executives of the group					
Richard Leon ¹	-	100,000	-	100,000	-
Alan Perkins ²	270,000	300,000	(270,000)	300,000	-
André Pravaz ³	-	100,000	-	100,000	-
Anand Shankaran	-	100,000	-	100,000	-
Matthew Schwaiger ⁴	400,000	400,000	(400,000)	400,000	-
Emma Lo Russo ⁵	500,000	-	-	500,000	300,000
Other executives of the group					
Gerry Gaffney	-	100,000	-	100,000	-
Frank Hoschar	175,000	50,000	(175,000)	50,000	-
Jay Cao	-	100,000	-	100,000	-

¹ Richard Leon commenced employment on 28 August 2008.

² Alan Perkins commenced in this position 12 August 2008.

³ André Pravaz commenced in this position on 11 August 2008 and resigned as a Director on 3 February 2009.

⁴ Matthew Schwaiger commenced in this position on 5 January 2009.

⁵ Emma Lo Russo ceased employment on 5 May 2009.

Nicholas Martin, Dr David Warren and Samuel Weiss have not been granted options over ordinary shares at any time since the commencement of any company option plans. No options were granted to key executives during the 2010 financial year. No amounts are unpaid on any shares issued on the exercise of options. Details of all options granted by Altium Limited to key executives for the year ended 30 June 2009 are set out below. No options were exercised during the current or previous financial year by key executives.

2009	Fair value at grant date US\$	Date granted
Richard Leon	9,819	8 May 2009
Alan Perkins	29,457	8 May 2009
André Pravaz ¹	9,819	8 May 2009
Anand Shankaran	9,819	8 May 2009
Matthew Schwaiger	39,276	8 May 2009
Gerry Gaffney	9,819	8 May 2009
Jay Cao ²	9,819	8 May 2009

¹ André Pravaz ceased employment on 27 November 2009. Options retained with Board approval.

² Jay Cao ceased employment on 11 December 2009.

Directors' report continued

Loans to Directors and executives

Information on loans to Directors and executives, including amounts, interest rates and repayment terms, can be found in note 28 to financial statements.

Significant changes in the state of affairs

There have been no significant changes in the state of affairs during the financial year.

Events subsequent to the end of the financial year

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2010 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

- the group's operations in future financial years, or
- the results of those operations in future financial years, or
- the group's state of affairs in future financial years.

Environmental regulation

The company has assessed whether there are any particular environmental regulations that apply to it and has determined that there are none of significance.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

Information on likely developments in the operations of the group and the expected results of operations have not been included in this report because the Directors believe it would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the group.

Insurance of officers

During the year the group paid a premium of US\$38,493 (2009: US\$30,042) to insure the Directors and officers of Altium Limited and its subsidiaries. The liabilities insured are legal costs and other expenses that may be incurred in defending any civil or criminal proceedings that may be brought against them in their capacity as Directors or officers of the group.

Non-audit services

The group has employed PricewaterhouseCoopers on assignments additional to their audit duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the company and/or the group are important.

The Board of Directors has considered the position and, in accordance with the advice received from the Audit and Risk Management Committee, is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001. The Directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the auditor, as set out on the following page, did not compromise the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reasons:

- All non-audit services have been reviewed by the Audit and Risk Management Committee to ensure they do not influence the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor.
- None of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants.

Directors' report continued

Details of the amounts paid or payable to PricewaterhouseCoopers for non-audit services provided by the group during the year are set out below.

	2010 US\$	2009 US\$
Taxation services		
PricewaterhouseCoopers Australian firm:		
Tax compliance services, including review of company income tax returns	-	21,598
Tax consulting and tax advice	21,226	9,617
Related practices of PricewaterhouseCoopers Australian firm:		
Tax compliance services, including review of company income tax returns	131,891	240,823
Tax consulting and tax advice	58,548	82,062
Total remuneration for taxation services	211,665	354,100
Advisory and Legal services		
PricewaterhouseCoopers Australian firm	36,558	7,024
Related practices of PricewaterhouseCoopers Australian firm	7,741	9,170
Total remuneration for advisory and legal services	44,299	16,194

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 16.

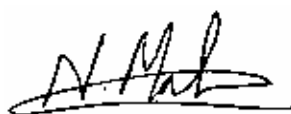
Rounding of amounts

The company is of a kind referred to in Class Order 98/0100, issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission, relating to "rounding off" of amounts in the Directors' report. Amounts in the Directors' report have been rounded off in accordance with that Class Order to the nearest thousand dollars, or in certain cases, to the nearest dollar.

Auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopers continues in office as auditor in accordance with section 327 of the Corporations Act 2001.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.



Nicholas Martin
Director and Chief Executive Officer



Kayvan Oboudiyat
Director and Executive Vice Chairman

Sydney
30 August 2010

PricewaterhouseCoopers
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Auditor's Independence Declaration

As lead auditor for the audit of Altium Limited for the year ended 30 June 2010, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- (a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Altium Limited and the entities it controlled during the period.



M W Chiang
Partner
PricewaterhouseCoopers

Sydney
30 August 2010

Corporate governance statement

Corporate governance is a foundation for creating and maintaining shareholder value. With this intention Altium Limited, its consolidated entities (Altium) and the Altium Limited Board of Directors (Board) are committed to achieving and demonstrating the highest standards of corporate governance.

In all material aspects, Altium's corporate governance framework is consistent with the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) Corporate Governance Council's best practice recommendations. Minor deviations occur only when a principle or recommendation is not appropriate for the group to incorporate.

The Board continuously reviews and assesses the appropriateness of Altium's corporate governance framework with reference to the effect of both internal and external factors.

ASX Principle 1 – The roles of the Board and management

The Board is responsible for promoting the success of the group as a leading global developer and supplier of electronic product development solutions; and as a commercial entity listed on the ASX. The Board has a charter, available at www.altium.com, that outlines its functions and responsibilities, which include the review and approval of corporate strategy, budgets and financial plans, monitoring organisational performance, and achievement of the group's strategic goals and objectives. In addition to this each Director has a specific letter of appointment which details their individual duties and responsibilities.

The relationship between the Board and senior executives is critical to the group's long-term success. The Directors are responsible to shareholders for the performance of the group and seek to balance competing objectives in the best interests of the group as a whole. Their focus is to align the interests of the shareholders, employees and customers and to ensure that the group is appropriately managed.

Day-to-day management of the group's affairs and the implementation of the corporate strategy and policy initiatives are formally delegated by the Board to the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and senior executives.

All senior executives report to the CEO who, in collaboration with the Chief People Officer, conducts performance reviews. Performance reviews were conducted throughout the financial year. Executive performance is measured against a number of indicators including performance against budgets, achievement of financial long-term and short-term goals as well as organisational development, talent and attrition management, personal development and contribution to organisational design. In addition to annual reviews, informal monitoring and reviews occur on a regular basis with issues addressed as and when they arise. Various tools, including consultative and systemic support, access to resources, coaching, and mentoring opportunities are made available in the ongoing development of senior executives.

ASX Principle 2 – Board structure

The Board is currently comprised of four Non-executive Directors and two Executive Directors, as follows;

Name	Position	Independent status	Date appointed
Samuel Weiss	Chairman, Non-executive Director	Independent	1 January 2007
Nicholas Martin	Chief Executive Officer, Chief Technology Officer, Executive Director	-	30 August 1991
Kayvan Oboudiyat	Executive Vice Chairman, Executive Director	-	10 February 1997
Carl Rooke	Non-executive Director	Independent	13 June 1990
Dr David Warren	Non-executive Director	-	4 December 1991
William Bartee	Non-executive Director	Independent	3 May 1999

Details of the background, experience and professional skills of each Director are outlined in the Directors' report under the heading "Information on Directors".

The following Directors are retiring by rotation in accordance with the Constitution and ASX Listing Rules and seek re-election at the 2010 Annual General Meeting:

- Nicholas Martin
- Carl Rooke
- William Bartee

Corporate governance statement continued

Director independence

The Board believes that to add value, a Director needs to have knowledge either of the group or the highly technical industry in which the group operates, while bringing independent views and judgment to the Board's deliberations. Half of the current Board, including the Chairman, are considered independent Directors.

Whilst the Board has adopted AASB standard 1031 to determine materiality, it also considers specific factors such as Directors' shareholdings, length of service and relationships with key advisers when undertaking an annual determination of each Director's independent status. Apart from the two Executive Directors, the Board currently also considers one Non-executive Director (Dr David Warren) not to be independent due to his status as a substantial shareholder and his length of service as an executive to the group.

Meetings of the Board

The Board meets formally between six and eight times a year and on other occasions as required. Senior executives attend and make presentations at Board meetings, as considered appropriate, and are available for questioning by Directors. The number of meetings attended by each Director for the financial year ended 30 June 2010 is outlined in the Directors' report.

Retirement and re-election

The constitution of Altium Limited requires each Director to retire from office at the next Annual General Meeting after serving a period of two years. Directors who have been appointed by the Board are required to retire from office at the next Annual General Meeting. Retiring Directors are eligible for re-election by shareholders. The Chairman is appointed by the Board which also determines the period the elected Chairman is to hold office.

Nomination and appointment of new Directors

Recommendations for new Directors are generally made by the Remuneration and Nomination Committee for consideration by the Board, notwithstanding ASX listing rule requirements*. If a candidate is recommended by the Remuneration and Nomination Committee, the Board assesses the candidate against a range of criteria including background, experience, professional skills, personal qualities, potential for the candidate's skills to augment the existing Board and the candidate's availability to commit to the Board's activities. If these criteria are met and the Board appoints the candidate as a Director, that Director will retire at the following Annual General Meeting and be eligible for re-election by shareholders.

The Remuneration and Nomination Committee reviews the Board composition and membership continuously with regards to the present and future needs of the group, and makes recommendations on the Board composition and appointments.

* Listing rule 14.3 requires the company to accept Director nominations up to 35 business days before a general meeting at which Directors may be elected.

Director induction and training

Upon appointment, new Directors are provided with an induction manual which advises them of the group structure, products, policies, procedures and guidelines. The new Director undertakes an orientation process in close consultation with the Company Secretary who is also on hand to answer any questions and further tailor the orientation towards the specific needs of each Director. With written approval from either the Chairman or Company Secretary, the Board supports and encourages Directors to seek any relevant training to enhance their contribution to the Board. Training may also be recommended by the Board or by the Remuneration and Nomination Committee to further extend the skills of Board members.

Review of Board performance

The Board continually assesses its collective performance, the performance of the Chairman and of its committees. The Chairman also continually undertakes assessment of individual Director performance. Any concerns arising out of these assessments are raised with the relevant Director. The Board prefers to continually monitor performance so that it can immediately address any issues as and when they arise. This practice occurred during the reporting period.

Board access to information and independent advice

When seeking information to enable Directors to perform their duties, subject to the law, the group provides unrestricted access to information and records held by employees or external advisers. The Board also receives regular detailed financial and operational reports from senior executives. In addition, Non-executive Directors are also given the opportunity to meet regularly with senior executives to establish direct relationships.

Corporate governance statement continued

With prior written approval from the Chairman, each Director and Board committee may, in connection with their duties, obtain independent professional advice at the group's expense.

The role of the Company Secretary

The Company Secretary has been appointed by the Board as the chief administrative officer of the company and the executive officer who ensures all relevant business is brought to the Board and then follows through the implementation of all Board decisions. The Company Secretary is to act in good faith, with care and diligence to:

- ensure the company abides by its constitution, the provisions of the Corporations Act 2001 and the ASX Listing Rules;
- ensure the necessary company registers are established and maintained as required by the Corporations Act 2001;
- undertake the preparation and filing of all relevant ASIC filings within appropriate time limits;
- supervise the organisation of all Board and shareholder meetings via the preparation of notices, agendas, proxy documentation, minutes etc.;
- attend Board committee meetings to facilitate access to the executive team and be at hand to provide information and access to resources when required;
- keep abreast of current protocols and procedures in order to advise the Chairman and Board as required;
- supervise the issue of share and option allotment notifications; and
- liaise with the ASX and ASIC on behalf of the group.

Committees of the Board

The Board establishes sub-committees to assist in the execution of its duties and to allow detailed consideration of complex issues. Current committees of the Board are the 'Remuneration and Nomination' Committee and the 'Audit and Risk Management' Committee. The structure, membership and contribution of each committee are reviewed on an annual basis.

Each committee has its own charter setting out its role and responsibilities, composition, structure, membership requirements and the manner in which the committee is to operate. All matters determined by the committees are submitted to the full Board as recommendations for Board evaluation.

ASX Principle 3 – Conduct and ethics

Code of Conduct

Altium is committed to conducting business with honesty and integrity and the conduct of every employee is vital in achieving this aim. Altium Limited's Code of Conduct, available at www.altium.com, provides a guideline for appropriate behaviour expected from all Altium employees. The code is regularly reviewed and updated to reflect the highest standards of behaviour, professionalism and practice necessary to maintain the group's integrity. It is not intended to cover all issues that may arise, but rather to provide a framework within which employees can address ethical issues that may arise through the daily business of the group.

Employees are expected to perform the duties associated with their position to the best of their ability in a diligent, impartial and conscientious manner. This includes compliance with group policies, and legislative and industrial obligations.

Ethical Behaviour Policy

Altium has implemented an Ethical Behaviour Policy, available at www.altium.com, to ensure that if a Director or employee becomes aware of any policy, practice or activity which they reasonably believe is in violation of either the law or company conduct code, they feel they have the necessary support and protection of the group to report the issue.

Corporate governance statement continued

Share trading

The group has implemented trading guidelines, available at www.altium.com, for all staff and Directors. Under the share trading guidelines, all employees and Directors of the group are advised not to trade in Altium Limited's shares or other securities if they are in possession of price sensitive information. These guidelines provide a summary of the Corporations Act 2001 with regards to insider trading, including the possible penalties that can be invoked for breaching the law. Employees are expected to abide by the law at all times. Subject to this guideline and in light of the ASX's continuous disclosure requirements, trading is not restricted to specified windows following the publication of financial results.

In addition, employees and Directors of the group must advise the Company Secretary of their intention to trade and declare that there is no known reason to preclude them from trading in Altium Limited's shares or other securities.

The group is aware of proposed changes to ASX listing rules and will review its guidelines when these rules are implemented.

ASX Principle 4 – Financial Reporting Integrity

Audit and Risk Management Committee

The Audit and Risk Management Committee is comprised entirely of Non-executive Directors of which the majority, including the Chairman, are independent. The Chairman, a qualified Chartered Practising Accountant, is not the Chairman of the Board. The Audit and Risk Management Committee has adopted a charter available at www.altium.com. The committee requires a minimum of three members; the members at the date of this report are:

Director Name	Independent Status	Date Appointed
Carl Rooke – appointed Chairman on 10 December 2007	Independent	22 June 1999
Samuel Weiss	Independent	23 July 2007
Dr David Warren	-	3 February 2009
William Barteel	Independent	22 June 1999

The qualifications of each director are disclosed in the Directors report.

The key role of the Audit and Risk Management Committee is to help the Board fulfil its corporate governance and oversight responsibilities covering the group's financial reporting, internal control systems, risk management system and the internal and external audit functions. The role of the committee is not to absolve the individual Board Directors from their responsibilities, but rather to assist them in discharging their responsibility to exercise due care, diligence and skill in relation to the group.

The specific responsibilities outlined in its charter include reporting to the Board on all financial information published by the group or released to the market, assisting the Board in reviewing the effectiveness of the group's internal control environment, recommending to the Board the appointment, removal and remuneration of the external auditor, reviewing the terms of that engagement and the scope and quality of the audit, and reviewing group insurance matters.

When appropriate, the Audit and Risk Management Committee may invite non-committee members to attend meetings to provide information or advice on matters before the committee. The committee also meets from time to time with the external auditor independently of management, to encourage free and open discussion. The composition, operations and responsibilities of the committee are consistent with best practice recommendations. The number of meetings attended by each committee member for the financial year ended 30 June 2010 is outlined in the Directors' report.

Audit governance and independence

As part of the group's commitment to safeguarding integrity in financial reporting, the group has implemented procedures and policies to monitor the independence and competence of the group's external auditors.

Appointment of auditor

The group's current external auditor is PricewaterhouseCoopers. The Audit and Risk Management Committee reviews the auditor independence, performance and effectiveness continually. The selection and appointment of the group's external auditor is the responsibility of the Audit and Risk Management Committee.

Corporate governance statement continued

Rotation of lead external audit partners

PricewaterhouseCoopers' current policy is to rotate audit engagement partners on listed companies at least every five years. This policy has been applied to all audit work undertaken in the financial year ended 30 June 2010.

Independence declaration

In accordance with changes introduced by CLERP 9, auditors are now required to state that to the best of their knowledge or belief, there have been no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 or any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit. In accordance with section 298(1) (c) and section 306(2), PricewaterhouseCoopers have provided a copy of this declaration to the Audit and Risk Management Committee for the financial year ended 30 June 2010, which has been included in the Directors' report.

Restrictions on the performance of non-audit services by external auditors

The Audit and Risk Management Committee has implemented a policy that requires the prior approval of the committee for the provision of any non-audit services to the group by the external auditor for any amount above AU\$5,000. The Audit and Risk Management Committee has also adopted guidelines to assist in identifying the types of services that may compromise the independence of the external auditor.

Attendance of external auditor at Annual General Meetings

PricewaterhouseCoopers will attend Altium Limited's Annual General Meeting and will be available to answer questions on the audit and audit report.

ASX Principle 5 – Disclosure

Continuous disclosure

The continuous disclosure provisions of the Corporations Act 2001 and the listing rules mean that criminal and civil liabilities could be imposed on Altium Limited and its officers if material information is not released to the market in accordance with the ASX listing rules.

The group has established written policies, available at www.altium.com, and procedures on information disclosure. The focus of these procedures is on continuous disclosure and improving access to information for all investors.

The Board has nominated the Company Secretary to have responsibility for:

- ensuring compliance with ASX Listing rules and the Corporations Act 2001 continuous disclosure requirements;
- overseeing and coordinating disclosure of information to the stock exchange, analysts, brokers, shareholders, the media and the public; and
- educating Directors and staff on the group's disclosure policies and procedures, and raising awareness of the principles underlying continuous disclosure.

Following changes to the Corporations Act 2001, Altium now predominantly uses an on-line Annual Financial Report, with printed copies only sent to shareholders who have specifically requested one. Shareholders will continue to receive a notice of meeting and proxy form along with a notification of the electronic link to the on-line version of the Annual Financial Report.

In addition, all group announcements, media briefings, press releases and financial reports are available on Altium Limited's website www.altium.com.

ASX Principle 6 – Rights of Shareholders

Altium has a communication policy available at www.altium.com, designed to assist in maintaining, and increasing, investor confidence and satisfaction in the accessibility of company information. Altium aims to achieve this by communicating effectively with shareholders, giving them timely access to balanced and understandable information and making it easy for them to participate in general meetings, whilst adhering to the ASX Listing rules and Corporations Act 2001 continuous disclosure requirements. The objective of the policy is to concisely and accurately communicate to shareholders:

Corporate governance statement continued

- our strategy;
- how we implement that strategy; and
- the financial results consequent upon our strategy and its implementation.

The Board of Directors aims to ensure that the shareholders are informed of all major developments affecting the company's state of affairs through the use of company announcements, investor updates, financial releases, the Annual Financial Report and Annual General Meeting.

ASX Principle 7 – Risk management

Risk identification and management

The Board, through the Audit and Risk Management Committee, is responsible for ensuring that there are adequate policies in relation to risk management, compliance and internal control systems.

The group is committed to the identification, monitoring and management of risks associated with its business activities and is embedding in its management and reporting systems a number of risk management controls. These include:

- guidelines and limits for approval of capital expenditure and investments;
- a group regulatory compliance program supported by approved guidelines and standards covering key areas such as occupational health and safety, finance, legal and insurance;
- procedures for the management of financial risk and treasury operations including exposure to foreign currencies and movements in interest rates;
- a formal planning process of product development and upgrade programs with a one to two year horizon;
- annual budgeting and monthly reporting systems for all businesses which enable the monitoring of progress against performance targets and the evaluation of trends;
- appropriate due diligence procedures for acquisitions and divestments; and
- crisis management systems for IT infrastructure within the group.

Financial reporting

The group's financial report preparation and approval process for the financial year ended 30 June 2010, involved both the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer approving, to the best of their knowledge and belief, that :

- the group's financial report is complete and presents a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the group's financial condition and operating results and is in accordance with the law and applicable accounting standards.
- the financial report is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal compliance and controls which implement the policies adopted by the Board.
- the group's risk management and internal compliance and control system is operating efficiently and effectively in all material respects.

ASX Principle 8 – Responsible Remuneration

The Remuneration and Nomination Committee

The members of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee at the date of this report are:

Director Name	Independent Status	Date Appointed
William Bartee - appointed Chairman on 25 February 2008	Independent	22 June 1999
Samuel Weiss	Independent	25 February 2008
Dr David Warren	-	15 July 2005

The number of meetings attended by each Director for the financial year ended 30 June 2010 is outlined in the Directors' report.

Corporate governance statement continued

The Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter is available at www.altium.com. The main responsibilities of the committee are to:

- advise the Board on remuneration and incentive policies and practices generally, including making specific recommendations on remuneration packages and other terms of employment for executive and Non-executive Directors, and other senior executives;
- conduct an annual review of the membership of the Board with regard to present and future needs of the group, make recommendations on Board composition and appointments, propose candidates for Board vacancies, oversee Board and Chairman succession, and establish induction guidelines for newly appointed Directors.

The committee has established criteria for Board independence and conducts an annual review of Director's independence. In addition, all transactions between the Company and Directors, or any interests associated with the Directors, are reviewed to ensure the structure and terms of the transaction are in compliance with the Corporations Act 2001 and appropriately disclosed.

Each member of the senior executive team is required to sign a formal employment contract at the time of their appointment covering a range of matters including their duties, rights, responsibilities and any entitlements on termination.

Remuneration policies

Non-executive Directors' remuneration

The group's Non-executive Directors receive fees for their services and the reimbursement of reasonable expenses. The fees paid to the group's Non-executive Directors reflect the demands on, and the responsibilities of, those Directors. The advice of independent remuneration consultants is taken to ensure that the Directors' fees are in line with market standards. Subject to shareholder approval, Non-executive Directors are eligible to participate in Altium Limited's Directors Option Plan in addition to their remuneration.

Executive Directors' and senior executives' remuneration

The structure and disclosure of the group's remuneration policies for Executive Directors and senior executives are outlined in the Directors' report.

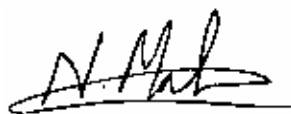
An annual Board review of the current levels of Directors' fees determined that there would be no increase in Director fees in the current period from the fee pool limit of AU\$700,000 per annum approved by shareholders at the 2007 Annual General Meeting. The Directors' remuneration is outlined in the remuneration report.

The Altium Constitution does not require Directors to hold an Altium share qualification.

Declaration to the Board of Directors in accordance with Section 295A of the Corporations Act

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial records of the company and the group for the financial year ended 30 June 2010 have been properly maintained in accordance with section 286 of the Corporations Act 2001; and
- (b) the financial statements, and the notes to the financial statements, of the company and the group, for the financial year ended 30 June 2010:
 - (i) comply with Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - (ii) give a true and fair view of the company's and group's financial position as at 30 June 2010 and of their performance, as represented by the results of their operations and their cash flows, for the financial year ended on that date.
- (c) the financial records and financial statements have been prepared and are founded on a sound system of risk management and internal control, a system which is operating effectively in all material respects in relation to financial reporting.



Nicholas Martin
Chief Executive Officer

Sydney
30 August 2010



Richard Leon
Chief Financial Officer

Sydney
30 August 2010

Altium Limited and Controlled Entities

ACN 009 568 772

Financial report

30 June 2010

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This financial report covers both Altium Limited as an individual entity and the group consisting of Altium Limited and its controlled entities.

Altium Limited is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business is: 3 Minna Close, Belrose, NSW 2085.

A description of the group's principal activities is included in the Directors' report on pages 4-15.

The financial report was authorised for issue by the Directors on 30 August 2010. The Directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial report.

Through the use of the internet, Altium has ensured that its corporate reporting is timely, complete and available globally at minimum cost to the company. All press releases, financial reports and other information are available at the Investors section on the Altium website: www.altium.com. For queries in relation to Altium's reporting, please email investor.relations@altium.com.

Altium Limited and Controlled Entities

ACN 009 568 772

Statements of comprehensive income

For the year ended 30 June

		Group	
	Notes	2010 US\$'000	2009 US\$'000
Revenue	4	45,008	50,696
Raw materials and consumables used	11	(1,498)	(1,180)
Changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress		(26)	122
Employee benefits expense	5	(30,750)	(30,883)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	5	(5,790)	(4,545)
Rental expense		(3,753)	(3,509)
Marketing expense		(2,167)	(3,234)
Travel and entertainment		(1,852)	(1,770)
Professional advice expense		(1,163)	(1,331)
Communications expense		(1,180)	(940)
Net foreign exchange gain	5	392	231
Finance costs		(77)	(130)
Restructuring costs		-	(1,386)
Other expenses		(3,613)	(2,634)
Loss before income tax		(6,469)	(493)
Income tax expense	7	(3,884)	(346)
Loss after income tax		(10,353)	(839)
Other comprehensive income			
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	22	622	(3,254)
Total comprehensive loss attributed to the owners		(9,731)	(4,093)
		US cents	US cents
Basic earnings per share	8	(11.6)	(0.9)
Diluted earnings per share	8	(11.6)	(0.9)

The above statements of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Altium Limited and Controlled Entities

ACN 009 568 772

Statements of financial position

As at 30 June

	Notes	Group 2010 US\$'000	2009 US\$'000
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	4,845	3,526
Trade and other receivables	10	10,804	12,378
Inventories	11	1,285	1,198
Tax receivables	12	445	214
Total current assets		17,379	17,316
Non-current assets			
Other receivables	10	279	268
Property, plant and equipment	13	3,641	4,155
Intangible assets	14	5,334	8,487
Deferred tax assets	15	809	4,751
Total non-current assets		10,063	17,661
Total assets		27,442	34,977
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	16	5,035	4,395
Deferred revenue	17	11,891	10,455
Borrowings	18	232	395
Tax liabilities	19	29	108
Provisions	20	1,516	1,337
Total current liabilities		18,703	16,690
Non-current liabilities			
Deferred revenue	17	310	545
Borrowings	18	154	362
Provisions	20	518	262
Total non-current liabilities		982	1,169
Total liabilities		19,685	17,859
Net assets		7,757	17,118
Equity			
Contributed equity	21	77,170	77,170
Reserves	22	6,845	5,853
Accumulated losses	23	(76,258)	(65,905)
Total equity		7,757	17,118

The above statements of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Altium Limited and Controlled Entities

ACN 009 568 772

Statements of changes in equity

	Notes	Attributable to owners of Altium Limited			Total US\$'000
		Contributed equity US\$'000	Reserves US\$'000	Accumulated losses US\$'000	
Balance at 1 July 2008		78,408	8,913	(63,904)	23,417
Total recognised income and expense		-	(3,756)	(337)	(4,093)
Transactions with equity holders in their capacity as equity holders:					
Dividends paid	24	-	-	(1,162)	(1,162)
Return of capital		(1,238)	-	-	(1,238)
Employee share options	22	-	194	-	194
Balance at 30 June 2009		77,170	5,351	(65,403)	17,118
Restatement of recognised income and expense	32	-	502	(502)	-
Restated balance at 30 June 2009		77,170	5,853	(65,905)	17,118
Total recognised income and expense		-	622	(10,353)	(9,731)
Transactions with equity holders in their capacity as equity holders:					
Employee share options	22	-	370	-	370
Balance at 30 June 2010		77,170	6,845	(76,258)	7,757

The above statements of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Altium Limited and Controlled Entities

ACN 009 568 772

Statements of cash flows

For the year ended 30 June

		Group	
	Notes	2010 US\$'000	2009 US\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from customers (inclusive of goods and services tax)		50,576	53,748
Payments to trade creditors, other suppliers and employees (inclusive of goods and services tax)		(47,277)	(47,418)
Interest received		43	126
Interest paid		(77)	(130)
Net income taxes paid		(110)	(1,004)
Net cash inflows from operating activities	29	3,155	5,322
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for research and development		(705)	(1,347)
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(631)	(2,799)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		-	20
Net cash outflows from investing activities		(1,336)	(4,126)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Repayment of borrowings		(442)	(426)
Capital repayment		-	(1,238)
Dividend paid		-	(1,162)
Net cash outflows from financing activities		(442)	(2,826)
Net increase (decrease) in cash held		1,377	(1,630)
Cash at beginning of the financial year		3,526	5,582
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash		(58)	(426)
Cash at end of the financial year	9	4,845	3,526
Non-cash financing and investing activities		37	446

The above statements of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Notes to the financial statements

1. Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out on the following pages. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated. The financial statements are for the consolidated entity consisting of Altium Limited and its subsidiaries.

a) Basis of preparation

This general purpose financial report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (AIFRS), other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, Urgent Issues Group Interpretations and the Corporations Act 2001.

Compliance with IFRS

The financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

Historical cost convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Comparatives

Certain balances in the prior period have been reclassified in order to conform with the current year presentation.

Going concern

At 30 June 2010, the group had a current net asset deficiency of US\$1,324,000 (June 2009: net current asset of US\$626,000). This arises primarily due to the deferred revenue liability of US\$11,891,000 (June 2009: US\$10,455,000), which is not expected to result in a cash outflow for the group. The current net asset position excluding deferred revenue would be US\$10,567,000 (June 2009: US\$11,081,000).

Having reviewed and considered the expected cash flow, working capital, deferred revenue, capital expenditure and loan facilities available to the group, the directors and management have formed the view that the group will continue as a going concern for a period of at least 12 months from the date of this report and consequently will realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the normal course of business and at the amounts stated in the financial report. The financial report for the group has therefore been prepared on a going concern basis.

b) Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of all subsidiaries of Altium Limited as at 30 June 2010 and the results of all subsidiaries for the year then ended. Altium Limited and its subsidiaries together are referred to in this financial report as the group.

Subsidiaries are all those entities over which the group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies, generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one-half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the group controls another entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control transfers to the group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases. The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the group.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gain on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of the impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries are consistent with the policies adopted by the group.

c) Presentation currency

Altium Limited has selected US dollars as its presentation currency for the following reasons:

- a significant portion of Altium Limited's activity is denominated in US dollars; and
- US dollars is the currency used in Altium Limited's major markets

The functional currency of Altium Limited is Australian dollars.

Summary of significant accounting policies continued

d) Foreign currency translation

- (i) **Functional currency** - Items included in the financial statements of each of the group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency").
- (ii) **Transactions and balances** - Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.
- (iii) **Group companies** - The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
 - assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
 - income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates unless this is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions;
 - all resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate component of equity.

e) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of returns, trade allowances and duties and taxes paid. The group recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the group, and specific criteria have been met for each of the group's activities as described below.

Revenue is recognised for the major business activities as follows:

- (i) **Software** - revenue is recognised when software has been despatched to a customer pursuant to a sales order and the associated risks have passed to the customer.
- (ii) **Subscriptions** - revenue recognition is deferred and taken to the statement of comprehensive income over the period in which the subscription service is provided.
- (iii) **Training services** - revenue is recognised at the time the service is provided.
- (iv) **Project services** - for fixed price contracts, the stage of completion is measured by reference to services performed to date as a percentage of total services to be performed. Revenue from cost plus contracts is recognised by reference to the recoverable costs incurred during the reporting period plus time spent on each contract.
- (v) **Hardware** - revenue is recognised when hardware has been delivered to a customer pursuant to a sales order and the associated risks have passed to the customer.
- (vi) **Interest income** - revenue is recognised on a time proportion basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that assets net carrying amount.
- (vii) **Dividends** - Dividends are recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established.

In multiple element arrangements where licenses and service elements are sold as a bundled product, the fair value of the service element is recognised as revenue over the period during which the service is performed.

f) Income tax

The income tax expense for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, and to unused tax losses.

Summary of significant accounting policies continued

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit and loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the reporting date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in controlled entities where Altium Limited is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax balances attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity are also recognised directly in equity.

g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts.

h) Trade receivables

Trade receivables, which generally have 30 to 90 day terms, are measured at fair value, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired. Collectibility of trade receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectible are written off. A provision for impairment of receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate. Cash flows relating to short-term receivables are not discounted if the effect of discounting is immaterial.

The amount of the impairment is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income within other expenses. When a trade receivable for which an impairment allowance had been recognised becomes uncollectible in a subsequent period, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against other expenses in the statement of comprehensive income.

i) Inventories

Finished goods and raw materials are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of inventories comprises direct cost of materials and conversion after deducting rebates and discounts. Costs have been assigned to inventory quantities on hand using the first-in, first-out basis. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less all estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

j) Investments and other financial assets

Investments are recognised and derecognised on the date that the group commits to purchase or sell the asset. They are measured at fair value, plus directly attributable transaction costs.

Summary of significant accounting policies continued

The group classifies its financial assets as loans and receivables. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition and re-evaluates this designation at each reporting date. Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise when the group provides money, goods or services directly to a debtor with no intention of selling the receivable. They are included in non-current assets, except for those with maturities less than 12 months after the statement of financial position date which are classified as current assets. Loans and receivables are included in receivables in the statement of financial position.

k) Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Subsequent costs are included in the assets carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Plant and equipment are depreciated and leasehold improvements are amortised over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. Assets held under finance lease are depreciated over their expected useful lives as owned assets or, where shorter, the term of the relevant lease.

The expected useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Office equipment	3 – 5 years
Computer hardware and software	2 – 3 years
Leasehold improvements	5 – 8 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each statement of financial position date or when there is an indication that they have changed.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (note 1(o)).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the statement of comprehensive income.

l) Intangible assets

- (i) **Acquired software intellectual property** - Acquisition costs of software licenses, databases, customer lists and copyrights are amortised on a straight-line basis over the period for which the right is acquired or the period over which economic benefits are expected to arise. These periods vary from 3 to 10 years, starting from the date of commercial release.
- (ii) **Internally generated intangible assets** - Development costs relating to internally generated software are treated as per note 1(n).
- (iii) **Software developed for internal use** - Costs relating to software developed for internal use have been capitalised and are being amortised over its estimated useful life using the straight line method. Software developed for internal use is presently being amortised over 3 years. Costs capitalised include labour and other directly attributable costs.

m) Research and development expenditure

Expenditure on research activities, undertaken with the prospect of obtaining new technical knowledge and understanding, is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as an expense when it is incurred.

Expenditure on development activities is charged as incurred, or deferred where these costs are directly associated with either integration of acquired technology or the development of new technology and it is determined that the technology has reached technological feasibility. Costs are deferred to future periods to the extent that they are expected beyond any reasonable doubt to be recoverable. The costs capitalised comprises directly attributable costs, including costs of materials, services and direct labour. Deferred costs are amortised from the date of commercial release on a straight-line basis over the period of the expected benefit, which varies from 2 to 10 years.

Summary of significant accounting policies continued

n) Impairment of assets

Intangible assets with finite useful lives are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Intangible assets not ready for use are reviewed for impairment annually irrespective of whether there is an indicator of impairment. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash generating units).

o) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the group prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

p) Provisions

Provisions for legal claims, service warranties and make good obligations are recognised when the group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date. The discount rate used to determine the present value reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the liability.

q) Employee benefits

- (i) **Wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave** - Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits and annual leave expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date, are recognised in other payables in respect of employees' services up to the reporting date and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. Liabilities for non-accumulating sick leave are recognised when the leave is taken and measured at the rates paid or payable.
- (ii) **Defined contribution superannuation plans** - The group contributes to employee defined contribution superannuation plans. Contributions to these plans are recognised as an expense as they become payable.
- (iii) **Long service leave** - The liability for long service leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on national government bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.
- (iv) **Share based payments** - Share based compensation benefits are provided to employees via the Altium Employee Share Option Plan and Altium Director Share Option Plan. Information relating to these schemes is set out in note 25.

The fair value of options granted under the Altium Employee Share Option Plan and Altium Director Share Option Plan is recognised as an employee benefit expense with a corresponding increase in equity. The fair value is measured at grant date and recognised over the period during which the employees become unconditionally entitled to the options.

The fair value at grant date is determined using a derivative of the Black-Scholes option-pricing model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the vesting and performance criteria, the impact of dilution, the non-tradeable nature of the option, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk-free interest rate for the term of the option.

The fair value of the options granted is adjusted to reflect market vesting conditions, but excludes the impact of any non market vesting conditions (for example, profitability and sales growth targets). Non market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to become exercisable. At each reporting date, the entity revises its estimate of the number of options that are expected to become exercisable. The employee benefit expense recognised each period takes into account the most recent estimate. The impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

Summary of significant accounting policies continued

- (v) **Bonus plans** - The expected cost of bonus payments is recognised when there is a legal or constructive obligation to make such payments as a result of past performance and the obligation can be measured reliably.

r) Leases

Leases of property, plant and equipment, where the group has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership, are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the lease's inception at the lower of the fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are classified as borrowings in the statement of financial position. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance charges so as to achieve a constant rate on the finance balance outstanding. The interest element of the finance cost is charged to the statement of comprehensive income over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

s) Finance costs

Finance costs are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred. The group has applied the revised AASB 123 from 1 July 2009 and capitalises its borrowing costs relating to all qualifying assets for which the commencement date for capitalisation is on or after this date.

t) Contributed equity

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options for the acquisition of a business are not included in the cost of the acquisition as part of the purchase consideration.

If the entity reacquires its own equity instruments, for example as the result of a share buy back, those instruments are deducted from equity and the associated shares are cancelled. No gain or loss is recognised in the profit or loss and the consideration paid including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is recognised directly in equity.

u) Earnings per share

- (i) **Basic earnings per share** - Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of Altium Limited, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.
- (ii) **Diluted earnings per share** - Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

v) Dividends

A provision is made for the amount of any dividend on the date they are declared, being appropriately authorised but not distributed at statement of financial position date.

w) Segment reporting

The AASB 8 'Operating Segments' standard requires a 'management approach', under which segment information is presented on the same basis as that used for internal reporting purposes.

An operating segment is a component of an entity that engages in business activities whose results are reviewed regularly and for which discrete financial information is available. Operating segments are identified using internal reports reviewed by the chief operating decision makers who are evaluating segment performance and deciding how to allocate resources to operating segments.

Summary of significant accounting policies continued

Segment revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities are those that are directly attributable to a segment and the relevant portion that can be allocated to the segment on a reasonable basis. Segment assets include all assets used by a segment and consist primarily of operating cash, receivables, inventories, property, plant and equipment and other intangible assets, net of related provisions. Segment liabilities consist primarily of trade and other creditors and employee benefits. Segment assets and liabilities do not include income taxes.

x) Goods and services tax (GST)

Goods and services tax include other similar taxes used worldwide.

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority are presented as operating cash flow.

y) Rounding of amounts

The company is of a kind referred to in Class order 98/0100, issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission, relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the financial report. Amounts in the financial report have been rounded off in accordance with that Class Order to the nearest thousand US dollars, or in certain cases, the nearest US dollar.

z) New accounting standards and interpretations

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for 30 June 2010 reporting periods. The group's and Altium Limited's assessment of the impact of these new standards and interpretations is set out below.

AASB 2009-8 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards—Group Cash-Settled Sharebased Payment Transactions [AASB 2] (effective from 1 January 2010)

The amendments made by the AASB to AASB 2 confirm that an entity receiving goods or services in a group share-based payment arrangement must recognise an expense for those goods or services regardless of which entity in the group settles the transaction or whether the transaction is settled in shares or cash. They also clarify how the group share-based payment arrangement should be measured, that is, whether it is measured as an equity- or a cash-settled transaction. The group will apply these amendments retrospectively for the financial reporting period commencing on 1 July 2010. There will be no impact on the group's financial statements.

AASB 2009-10 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Classification of Rights Issues [AASB 132] (effective from 1 February 2010)

In October 2009 the AASB issued an amendment to AASB 132 Financial Instruments: Presentation which addresses the accounting for rights issues that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the issuer. Provided certain conditions are met, such rights issues are now classified as equity regardless of the currency in which the exercise price is denominated. Previously, these issues had to be accounted for as derivative liabilities. The amendment must be applied retrospectively in accordance with AASB 108 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors. The group will apply the amended standard from 1 July 2010. As the group has not made any such rights issues, the amendment will not have any effect on the group's financial statements.

AASB 9 Financial Instruments and AASB 2009-11 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9 (effective from 1 January 2013)

AASB 9 Financial Instruments addresses the classification and measurement of financial assets and is likely to affect the group's accounting for its financial assets. The standard is not applicable until 1 January 2013 but is available for early adoption. The group is yet to assess its full impact. The group has not yet decided when to adopt AASB 9.

Summary of significant accounting policies continued

AASB Interpretation 19 Extinguishing financial liabilities with equity instruments and AASB 2009-13 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from Interpretation 19 (effective from 1 July 2010)

AASB Interpretation 19 clarifies the accounting when an entity renegotiates the terms of its debt with the result that the liability is extinguished by the debtor issuing its own equity instruments to the creditor (debt for equity swap). It requires a gain or loss to be recognised in profit or loss which is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability and the fair value of the equity instruments issued. The group will apply the interpretation from 1 July 2010. It is not expected to have any impact on the group financial statements since it is only retrospectively applied from the beginning of the earliest period presented (1 July 2009) and the group has not entered into any debt for equity swaps since that date.

aa) Parent entity financial information

The financial information for the parent entity, Altium limited, disclosed in note 31 has been prepared on the same basis as the consolidated financial statements, except as set out below.

(i) Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost in the financial statements of Altium Limited.

(ii) Financial guarantees

Where Altium Limited has provided financial guarantees in relation to loans and payables of subsidiaries for no compensation, the fair values of these guarantees are accounted for as contributions and recognised as part of the cost of the investment.

2. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with AASB requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies, reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses and related disclosures. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

a) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Income taxes – The group is subject to income taxes in Australia and jurisdictions where it has foreign operations. Significant judgement is required in determining the worldwide provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations undertaken during the ordinary course of business for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The group estimates its tax liabilities based on the group's understanding of the tax law. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities in the period in which such determination is made.

b) Critical judgments in applying the entity's accounting policies

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Certain accounting policies have been identified as involving particularly complex or subjective judgements or assessments, as follows:

- (i) **Estimate of asset lives, residual lives and depreciation methods** - Property, plant and equipment are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values. Intangible assets are amortised over their useful lives. Useful lives are affected by technology innovations. Future market conditions determine residual values. Depreciation and amortisation is calculated on a straight-line basis which may not represent the actual usage of the asset.
- (ii) **Multiple element contracts** - Revenue is recognised from multiple element contracts by attributing a fair value to each element of the contract and then recognizing revenue according to the accounting policy stated in Note 1(f). Fair values are based on sales information for the discrete elements.

Summary of significant accounting policies continued

- (iii) **Valuation of share based payments** - The group has various share option schemes. The fair value of these schemes is determined at inception based on assumptions of market conditions and discount rates. The market conditions at inception may differ significantly to the eventual outcome.
- (iv) **Tax losses** - The group has recognised deferred tax assets for unused tax losses where it is considered probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise these losses.

3. Segment information

Description of segments

Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports used by the Board and executive team to make strategic decisions and review operational performance.

The Board and executive team consider the business from a geographical perspective and have identified four reportable segments:

- Americas – comprises the sales of products throughout the USA, Canada and South America;
- EMEA – comprises the sales of products throughout Europe, Middle East and Africa;
- Greater China – comprises the sales of products throughout People's Republic of China, Taiwan and Hong Kong; and
- Asia Pacific – comprises the sales of products throughout the rest of Asia, Australia and New Zealand.

Global functions, including research and development, are included in the "Other" column. Sales and revenue in this segment relate to consulting services, which are included as a recovery of research and development costs in the reports provided to the Board and executive team.

Segment information provided to the Board and executive team

The segment information provided to the Board and executive team for the reportable segments is as follows:

2010	Americas US\$'000	EMEA US\$'000	Greater China US\$'000	Asia Pacific US\$'000	Other US\$'000	Total US\$'000
Segment revenue	17,936	16,430	5,194	4,854	516	44,930
Segment sales	19,060	17,076	4,448	5,313	610	46,507
Adjusted operating profit	9,983	9,895	1,811	2,881	(25,795)	(1,225)
Depreciation	177	36	77	-	1,143	1,433
Total segment assets	6,589	3,961	1,130	2,015	12,493	26,188
Total segment liabilities	7,904	4,736	216	529	5,885	19,270

Notes to the financial statements

2009 ¹	Americas US\$'000	EMEA US\$'000	Greater China US\$'000	Asia Pacific US\$'000	Other US\$'000	Total US\$'000
Segment revenue	19,388	17,304	7,528	5,646	689	50,555
Segment sales	19,375	17,819	7,773	5,662	729	51,358
Adjusted operating profit	11,139	11,150	5,513	3,607	(27,506)	3,903
Depreciation	210	89	74	62	735	1,170
Total segment assets	5,342	5,715	1,761	2,027	15,166	30,012
Total segment liabilities	5,942	4,879	178	830	5,165	16,994

¹The prior year has been restated to reflect a change in management's approach to segmental data, resulting in a change in cost allocation between the regions and "Other".

Other segment information

Segment sales and segment revenue

Sales between segments are excluded from the segment information and do not form part of the reports used by the Board and executive team. Segment sales is the measure used by the Board and executive team and consists of the following amounts invoiced for:

- software and hardware despatched to a customer;
- subscription contracts invoiced pursuant to a sales order; and
- training services invoiced pursuant to a sales order.

Segment revenue is the revenue recognised as per AASB 118 Revenue and consists of the following:

- software and hardware despatched to a customer where the associated risks have passed to the customer;
- subscription services performed during the period; and
- training services performed during the period.

Segment sales reconciles to total revenue as follows:

	Group	
	2010 US\$'000	2009 US\$'000
Total segment sales	46,507	51,358
Net adjustment for deferred revenue recognition	(1,577)	(803)
Total segment revenue	44,930	50,555
Interest revenue	43	126
Other revenue	35	15
Total revenue	45,008	50,696

The entity is domiciled in Australia. The revenue derived from external customers in Australia is US\$2,215,519 (2009: US\$2,132,000), and the total revenue derived from external customers from other countries is US\$42,714,481 (2009: US\$48,423,000). Revenues of US\$17,936,468 were derived from the United States (2009: US\$19,464,263) and revenues of US\$14,227,791 from Germany (2009: US\$14,465,457). Segment revenues are allocated based on the country in which the customer is located.

Adjusted operating profit

The Board and executive team assess the performance of the operating segments using an adjusted operating profit measure. This measure incorporates segment sales (as described above), excludes non-cash expenses, including amortisation and share based payments, non-recurring expenditure, foreign exchange gains and losses and research and development employee costs capitalised.

Notes to the financial statements continued

Adjusted operating (loss) profit reconciles to loss before income tax as follows:

	Group	
	2010	2009
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Adjusted operating (loss) profit	(1,225)	3,903
Net adjustment for deferred revenue recognition	(1,577)	(803)
Amortisation	(4,357)	(3,375)
Share based payments expense	(370)	(194)
Restructuring costs	-	(1,386)
Capitalisation research and development employee costs	675	1,211
Foreign exchange translation difference	392	231
Other	(7)	(80)
Loss before income tax	(6,469)	(493)

Segment assets

Amounts provided to the Board and executive team in relation to assets are measured in a manner consistent with the financial statements. Assets are allocated based on the operations of the segment and the physical location of the asset

Reportable segments' assets are reconciled to total assets as follows:

	Group	
	2010	2009
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Segment assets	26,188	30,012
Unallocated:		
Current tax	445	214
Deferred tax	809	4,751
Total assets as per the statement of financial position	27,442	34,977

The total of non-current assets other than financial assets and deferred tax assets located in Australia is US\$8,085,646 (2009: US\$ 10,547,000), and the total of these non-current assets located in other countries is US\$1,168,274 (2009: US\$2,363,000). Segment assets are allocated based on the country in which the asset is located.

Segment liabilities

Amounts provided to the Board and executive team in relation to liabilities are measured in a manner consistent with the financial statements. Liabilities are allocated based on the operations of the segment.

The group's interest bearing liabilities are not considered to be segment liabilities as they are managed by the finance function.

Reportable segments' liabilities are reconciled to total liabilities as follows:

	Group	
	2010	2009
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Segment liabilities	19,270	16,994
Unallocated:		
Current tax	29	108
Current borrowings	232	395
Non-current borrowings	154	362
Total liabilities as per the statement of financial position	19,685	17,859

Notes to the financial statements continued

4. Revenue

	Group	
	2010	2009
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Revenue		
Software licence revenue	25,176	29,987
Subscription revenue	16,057	17,234
Service revenue	2,673	2,394
Hardware revenue	1,024	940
	44,930	50,555
Other revenue		
Interest	43	126
Other	35	15
	78	141
Total revenue	45,008	50,696

5. Expenses

Loss before income tax includes the following specific expenses:

	Group	
	2010	2009
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Cost of revenue		
Goods	1,760	1,325
Services	119	201
Total cost of revenue	1,879	1,526
Net foreign exchange gain	392	231
Depreciation		
Plant and equipment	582	504
Leasehold improvements	400	226
Plant and equipment under finance leases	451	440
Total depreciation	1,433	1,170
Amortisation		
Internally generated intangibles	2,673	1,822
Acquired software intellectual property	1,489	1,361
Databases	195	192
Total amortisation	4,357	3,375
Loss on sale of non-current assets	8	5
Charges against assets		
Bad and doubtful debts	50	24
Restructuring costs		
Redundancy costs	-	1,070
Other	-	316
Total restructuring costs	-	1,386
Finance costs		
Interest paid/payable	-	13
Finance charges relating to finance leases	77	117
Total finance costs	77	130

Notes to the financial statements continued

	Group	
	2010 US\$'000	2009 US\$'000
Operating leases relating to:		
Office rent	3,204	2,913
Equipment	248	342
Total cost of operating leases	3,452	3,255
Defined contribution superannuation expense	1,564	1,484
Research and development costs incurred	7,669	7,871
Less: development costs capitalised	(705)	(1,347)
Research and development costs expensed	6,964	6,524

6. Remuneration of auditors

During the year the auditor of Altium Limited, its related practices and non-related audit firms, earned the following remuneration:

	Group	
	2010 US\$	2009 US\$
Assurance services		
Audit and review of financial reports and other audit work under the Corporations Act 2001		
PricewaterhouseCoopers Australian firm	201,013	302,498
Related practices of PricewaterhouseCoopers Australian firm	2,374	59,693
Non-PricewaterhouseCoopers audit firm	83,333	10,979
Total remuneration for assurance services	286,720	373,170
Taxation services		
PricewaterhouseCoopers Australian firm:		
Tax compliance services, including review of company income tax returns	-	21,598
Tax consulting and tax advice	21,226	9,617
Related practices of PricewaterhouseCoopers Australian firm:		
Tax compliance services, including review of company income tax returns	131,891	240,823
Tax consulting and tax advice	58,548	82,062
Non-PricewaterhouseCoopers audit firm	32,848	-
Total remuneration for taxation services	244,513	354,100
Advisory and Legal services		
PricewaterhouseCoopers Australian firm	36,558	7,024
Related practices of PricewaterhouseCoopers Australian firm	7,741	9,170
Non-PricewaterhouseCoopers audit firm	20,779	-
Total remuneration for advisory and legal services	65,078	16,194

From time to time the company will employ accountants to provide consulting services. The group has a policy of seeking competitive tenders for all major projects. The annual audit fee for the group is approved by the Audit and Risk Management Committee.

Notes to the financial statements continued

7. Income Tax

	Group	
	2010 US\$'000	2009 US\$'000
(a) Income tax expense		
Current tax	361	745
Deferred tax	4,105	(224)
Adjustments in respect of current income tax of prior years	(582)	(175)
	3,884	346
Deferred income tax benefit included in income tax benefit comprises:		
(Decrease) Increase in deferred tax assets (note 15)	(4,105)	224
(b) Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense (benefit) to prima facie tax payable		
Loss before income tax	(6,469)	(493)
Income tax calculated at 30%	(1,941)	(148)
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable income:		
Research and development concession	(398)	(353)
Intellectual property amortisation	139	137
Attribution of income	171	127
Share based payments	96	54
Sundry items	198	137
	(1,735)	(46)
Benefit of tax losses previously recognised written down	2,635	-
Tax losses not brought to account	1,292	-
Tax credits written down	1,181	182
Benefit of timing differences previously recognised written down	805	-
Adjustment in respect of current income tax of prior years	(363)	(175)
Effects of different rates of tax on overseas income	67	212
Benefit of tax credits previously recognised written down	-	173
Effects of changes in income tax rates	2	-
Aggregate income tax expense	3,884	346
(c) Amounts recognised directly in equity		
Net tax credited directly to equity	52	422
(d) Tax losses		
Unused tax losses for which no deferred tax asset has been recognised	16,880	4,092
Potential tax benefit	5,064	955

A deferred tax asset shall be recognised for the carry forward of unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which these deferred tax assets can be utilised. The group has written off its deferred tax assets to the extent that it is not probable that taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised.

Notes to the financial statements continued

8. Earnings per share

	Group	
	2010 US cents	2009 US cents
Basic earnings per share	(11.6)	(0.9)
Diluted earnings per share	(11.6)	(0.9)

	Group	
	2010 Number	2009 Number
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of basic earnings per share	89,162,009	89,162,009
Weighted average number of ordinary shares and potential ordinary shares used in the calculation of diluted earnings per share	89,162,009	89,162,009

	Group	
	2010 US\$'000	2009 US\$'000
Earnings used for basic and diluted earnings per share	(10,353)	(839)
Loss per statement of comprehensive income	(10,353)	(839)

Information concerning the classification of securities

Options granted under the Altium Employee Share Option Plan and Altium Director Share Option Plan are considered to be potential ordinary shares and have been included in the determination of diluted earnings per share to the extent that the current share price is greater than the exercise price of the outstanding options. The options have not been included in the determination of basic earnings per share. Details relating to the options are set out in note 25.

For the years ended 30 June 2010 and 30 June 2009, all options were anti-dilutive and were not included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share.

9. Cash and cash equivalents

	Group	
	2010 US\$'000	2009 US\$'000
Cash at bank and on hand	4,845	3,526

The value of bank guarantees amounted to US\$1,040,895 (2009: US\$1,376,000).

10. Trade and other receivables

	Group	
	2010 US\$'000	2009 US\$'000
Current		
Trade receivables	10,146	11,141
Less: provision for impairment	(69)	(128)
	10,077	11,013
Prepayments	439	332
Other receivables	171	882
Loans to key management personnel (net of provision) ¹	21	25
Employee loans (net of provision) ²	96	126
	10,804	12,378

¹ Further information on loans to related parties and key management personnel is set out in note 28.

² The loans advanced are charged at the "benchmark interest rate" under the *Fringe Benefits Tax Assessment Act 1986 (Cwlth)* as at 30 June 2010 being 6.65% p.a. (2009: 5.85%). The above unsecured loans are for a five year term or repayable within thirty days of separation. During the year repayments of US\$71,078 (2009: US\$174,943) were made. An assessment of the carrying value of all employee loans is conducted by the Directors at the end of each reporting period. Where the Directors believe that the carrying value is impaired, the loan is written down to the realisable value.

Notes to the financial statements continued

	Group	
	2010	2009
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Non-current		
Long-term deposits	279	268

At 30 June 2010, a portion of the receivables was past due but not considered impaired. No specific collection issues have been identified. The ageing of these receivables is as follows:

	Group	
	2010	2009
	US\$'000	US\$'000
1 month or less past due	1,589	1,425
Between 1 and 2 months past due	252	776
Over 2 months past due	265	818
	2,106	3,019

Movements in the provision for impairment of receivables are as follows:

Balance at 1 July	(128)	(365)
Amounts recognised as an expense	(50)	(24)
Amounts written off as uncollectable	108	253
Translation differences	1	8
Balance at 30 June	(69)	(128)

The loss has been included in other expenses in the statement of comprehensive income. Amounts are written off when all avenues for collection have been exhausted and there is no expectation of recovery.

Movements in the provision for impairment of key management loans are as follows:

Balance at 1 July	(170)	(372)
Additions	(8)	-
Amounts transferred to employee loans	-	193
Translation differences	(11)	9
Balance at 30 June	(189)	(170)

Movements in the provision for impairment of employee loans are as follows:

Balance at 1 July	(142)	(16)
Decrease in provision	8	-
Amounts recognised as income (expense)	-	53
Amounts transferred from key management	-	(193)
Translation differences	(9)	14
Balance at 30 June	(143)	(142)

11. Inventories

	Group	
	2010	2009
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Finished goods	590	337
Raw materials	695	861
	1,285	1,198

Inventories recognised as an expense during the year ended 30 June 2010 amounted to US\$1,497,822 (2009: US\$1,179,540). There was no write-down of inventory for the years ended 30 June 2010 and 30 June 2009.

None of the inventories is pledged as security for liabilities.

Notes to the financial statements continued

12. Current tax receivables

	Group	
	2010 US\$'000	2009 US\$'000
Income tax	445	214

13. Property, plant and equipment

Reconciliations of the carrying amounts of each class of property, plant and equipment at the beginning and end of the current financial year are set out below.

Group	Plant and equipment US\$'000	Leasehold improvements US\$'000	Leased plant and equipment US\$'000	Total US\$'000
Cost	1,925	448	1,252	3,625
Accumulated depreciation	(932)	(182)	(391)	(1,505)
Carrying amount at 1 July 2008	993	266	861	2,120
Additions	708	2,091	446	3,245
Disposals	(19)	-	-	(19)
Translation differences	(136)	280	(165)	(21)
Depreciation expense (note 5)	(504)	(226)	(440)	(1,170)
Cost	1,831	2,520	1,513	5,864
Accumulated depreciation	(789)	(109)	(811)	(1,709)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2009	1,042	2,411	702	4,155
Additions	208	423	37	668
Translation differences	53	163	35	251
Depreciation expense (note 5)	(582)	(400)	(451)	(1,433)
Cost	1,607	3,098	1,001	5,706
Accumulated depreciation	(886)	(501)	(678)	(2,065)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2010	721	2,597	323	3,641

During the year a number of fully depreciated assets have been written off, with no impact on the financial results of the group.

Notes to the financial statements continued

14. Intangible assets

Reconciliations of the carrying amounts of each class of intangible assets at the beginning and end of the current financial year are set out below.

Group	Internally generated intangibles US\$'000	Acquired software intellectual property US\$'000	Databases US\$'000	Total US\$'000
Cost	13,663	13,465	3,192	30,320
Accumulated amortisation	(6,679)	(9,045)	(2,302)	(18,026)
Carrying amount at 1 July 2008	6,984	4,420	890	12,294
Additions	1,347	-	-	1,347
Amortisation expense (note 5)	(1,822)	(1,361)	(192)	(3,375)
Translation differences	(1,144)	(532)	(103)	(1,779)
Cost	12,967	12,246	2,841	28,054
Accumulated amortisation	(7,602)	(9,719)	(2,246)	(19,567)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2009	5,365	2,527	595	8,487
Additions	705	-	-	705
Amortisation expense (note 5)	(2,673)	(1,489)	(195)	(4,357)
Translation differences	425	127	(53)	499
Cost	14,470	12,652	2,470	29,592
Accumulated amortisation	(10,648)	(11,487)	(2,123)	(24,258)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2010	3,822	1,165	347	5,334

Impairment test for intangible assets

The recoverable amount of the cash generating unit (CGU), to which the group's intangible assets belong, has been based on fair value less costs to sell. Market capitalisation has been used as a proxy for fair value on the basis that the group has a single CGU from which cash flows are derived.

Notes to the financial statements continued

15. Deferred tax

Group	Assets		Liabilities		Net	
	2010 US\$'000	2009 US\$'000	2010 US\$'000	2009 US\$'000	2010 US\$'000	2009 US\$'000
Intangible assets	418	387	1,428	2,075	(1,010)	(1,688)
Property, plant and equipment	163	145	-	11	163	134
Employee benefits	128	414	2	2	126	412
Tax losses	1,500	4,092	-	-	1,500	4,092
Provisions	29	131	-	-	29	131
Foreign tax credits	3	1,363	-	-	3	1,363
Finance leases	-	3	-	-	-	3
Foreign currency revaluations	-	304	2	-	(2)	304
	2,241	6,839	1,432	2,088	809	4,751
Set-off (pursuant to set-off provisions)	(1,432)	(2,088)	(1,432)	(2,088)	-	-
	809	4,751	-	-	809	4,751
Deferred tax to be recovered after 12 months	1,970	3,282	1,428	2,086	542	1,196
Deferred tax to be recovered within 12 months	271	3,557	4	2	267	3,555
	2,241	6,839	1,432	2,088	809	4,751
Movement in deferred tax during the year:						
Balance at 1 July					4,751	5,008
Translation differences					163	(481)
Charged to the statement of comprehensive income					(4,105)	224
Balance at 30 June					809	4,751

16. Trade and other payables

	Group	
	2010 US\$'000	2009 US\$'000
Trade payables	1,594	2,001
Other payables	3,441	2,394
	5,035	4,395

17. Deferred revenue

	Group	
	2010 US\$'000	2009 US\$'000
Current		
Deferred subscription revenue	10,847	9,757
Other deferred revenue	1,044	698
	11,891	10,455
Non-current		
Deferred subscription revenue	310	545

Notes to the financial statements continued

18. Borrowings

	Group	
	2010	2009
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Current		
Lease liabilities (note 26)	232	395
Non-current		
Lease liabilities (note 26)	154	362

The lease liability consists of finance leases for plant and equipment. Lease liabilities are effectively secured as the rights to the leased assets revert to the lessor in the event of default. Leases due within one year have a weighted average interest rate of 12.25% (2009: 11.4%).

19. Current tax liabilities

	Group	
	2010	2009
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Income tax	29	108

20. Provisions

	Group	
	2010	2009
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Current		
Employee entitlements	1,492	1,273
Make good provisions	24	64
	1,516	1,337
Non-current		
Employee entitlements	347	262
Make good provisions	171	-
	518	262

Make good provision on leased premises

In respect of its previously leased premises, Altium was required to make good any damage caused to the premises and to remove any fixtures and fittings installed. The amount represents the expected costs to make good the property at the end of the lease.

Movements in make good provisions for the year ended 30 June 2010 were as follows:

Movement in make good provisions	2009	Additions	Releases	Translation differences	2010
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
Current					
Make good provision	64	86	(138)	12	24
Non current					
Make good provision	-	171	-	-	171
	64	257	(138)	12	195

Notes to the financial statements continued

21. Contributed equity

Share capital	2010 Number	2009 Number	2010 US\$'000	2009 US\$'000
Fully paid ordinary shares	89,162,009	89,162,009	77,170	77,170

	2010 Number of shares	2009 US\$'000	2010 Number of shares	2009 US\$'000
Movements in ordinary share capital				
Balance at 1 July	89,162,009	77,170	89,162,009	78,408
Return of capital	-	-	-	(1,238)
Balance at 30 June	89,162,009	77,170	89,162,009	77,170

A return of capital of 2 Australian cents per share was paid on 7 November 2008.

Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held. On a show of hands, every holder of ordinary shares present at a meeting, in person or by proxy, is entitled to one vote, and upon a poll each share is entitled to one vote. Ordinary shares have no par value and the company does not have a limited amount of authorised capital.

Options

Information relating to the Altium Employee Share Option Plan and Altium Director Share Option Plan, including details of options issued, exercised and lapsed during the financial year and options outstanding at the end of the financial year are set out in note 25.

22. Reserves

	2010 US\$'000	Group 2009 US\$'000
Share based payments reserve		
Balance at 1 July	1,458	1,264
Option expense	370	194
Balance at 30 June	1,828	1,458
Foreign currency translation reserve		
Balance at 1 July	4,395	7,649
Currency translation differences arising during the year	622	(3,254)
Balance at 30 June	5,017	4,395

Nature and purpose of reserves

Share based payments reserve

The share based payments reserve is used to recognise the fair value of options issued.

Foreign currency translation reserve

Exchange differences arising on translation of the foreign controlled entities are taken to the foreign currency translation reserve. The reserve will be recognised in profit and loss when the net investment is disposed.

Notes to the financial statements continued

23. Accumulated losses

	Group	
	2010 US\$'000	2009 US\$'000
Accumulated losses at 1 July	(65,905)	(63,904)
Loss attributable to owners of Altium Limited	(10,353)	(839)
Dividends paid	-	(1,162)
Accumulated losses at 30 June	(76,258)	(65,905)

24. Dividends

	Altium Limited	
Ordinary Shares	2010 US\$'000	2009 US\$'000
Interim unfranked dividend of 2 Australian cents (2010:\$nil) per share paid on 24 March 2009.	-	1,162

25. Share based payments

The company has the following share option plans:

- i) Altium Employee Share Option Plan
- ii) Altium Director Share Option Plan

Altium Employee Share Option Plan

The Board of Directors approved the establishment of the Altium Employee Share Option Plan in December 2003. All employees (excluding executive Directors) of Altium Limited and its subsidiaries are eligible to participate in the plan. Invitations for employees to participate are determined at the discretion of the Directors of the company.

The vesting period of options granted under the Altium Employee Share Option Plan is at the Directors' discretion. Options granted on or before 5 December 2003 vest over a three-year period from the first anniversary date of issue, 40% in year one and 30% in the two subsequent years. The 200,000 options granted in May 2005 are supplementary to the options issued on 5 December 2003. As a result these options vest over a two-year period from date of issue, 40% vest at issue date and 30% in the two subsequent years. This is in line with the vesting periods of the original options granted on 5 December 2003. Options granted on or after 7 May 2005 vest equally over four years. Options granted on 8 May 2010 vest over a three-year period from the first anniversary date of issue, 40% in year one and 30% in the two subsequent years.

These options are exercisable at any time once vested through to expiry date. When exercisable, each option is convertible into one ordinary share. No option holder has any right under the options to participate in any other share issue of the company or of any other entity within the group.

A total of options 7,820,210 (2009: 8,133,720) are outstanding under the plan to eligible employees as at 30 June 2010. Each option is convertible into one ordinary share. Conversion can occur no earlier than the first anniversary of the date on which the options were granted.

Altium Director Share Option Plan

The Board of Directors approved the establishment of the Altium Director Share Option Plan in November 2003. The Board may offer options to any Director of Altium Limited (excluding Nicholas Martin). Before issuing options to Directors, the Board will need to seek shareholder approval in accordance with ASX Listing Rule 10.14.

When the Board is exercising its discretion in respect of the Altium Director Share Option Plan, a Director will not be able to vote if the exercise of the discretion relates to options or shares in the company which will be issued to that Director.

No options (2009: Nil) are outstanding under the plan as at 30 June 2010. Each option is convertible into one ordinary share. Conversion can occur no earlier than the first anniversary of the date on which the options were granted being 5 December 2003. The last exercise date for these options was 5 December 2008.

Notes to the financial statements continued

The following tables set out details of options granted under the share option plan:

Group 2010

Grant date	Expiry date	Exercise price AU\$	Balance at 1 July 2009	Granted	Exercised	Forfeited	Lapsed	Balance at 30 June 2010	Options vested and exercisable
21 Feb 2006	21 Feb 2011	0.92 ¹	1,246,400	-	-	(10,000)	-	1,236,400	1,236,400
14 Mar 2006	14 Mar 2011	0.92 ¹	282,400	-	-	(6,300)	-	276,100	276,100
8 Dec 2006	8 Dec 2011	1.42 ¹	414,500	-	-	(19,250)	-	395,250	296,438
16 Jan 2007	16 Jan 2012	1.42 ¹	368,500	-	-	(15,000)	-	353,500	265,125
8 May 2009	8 May 2014	1.00	5,821,920	-	-	(262,960)	-	5,558,960	2,223,584
Total			8,133,720	-	-	(313,510)	-	7,820,210	4,297,647

Weighted average exercise price (AU\$) 1.04 - 1.04 - 1.02

¹ The exercise price of the options has been reduced in accordance with plan rules relating to the return of capital of 2 Australian cents per share paid on 7 November 2008.

Group 2009

Grant date	Expiry date	Exercise price AU\$	Balance at 1 July 2008	Granted	Exercised	Forfeited	Lapsed	Balance at 30 June 2009	Options vested and exercisable
5 Dec 2003	5 Dec 2008	0.78 ¹	5,907,110	-	-	-	(5,907,110)	-	-
5 Dec 2003	5 Dec 2008	0.78 ¹	990,000	-	-	-	(990,000)	-	-
7 May 2005	7 May 2009	0.78 ¹	200,000	-	-	-	(200,000)	-	-
21 Feb 2006	21 Feb 2011	0.92 ¹	1,335,200	-	-	(88,800)	-	1,246,400	934,800
14 Mar 2006	14 Mar 2011	0.92 ¹	355,100	-	-	(72,700)	-	282,400	224,296
8 Dec 2006	8 Dec 2011	1.42 ¹	559,250	-	-	(144,750)	-	414,500	207,470
16 Jan 2007	16 Jan 2012	1.42 ¹	368,500	-	-	-	-	368,500	184,250
8 May 2009	8 May 2014	1.00	-	5,821,920	-	-	-	5,821,920	-
Total			9,715,160	5,821,920	-	(306,250)	(7,097,110)	8,133,720	1,550,816

Weighted average exercise price (AU\$) 0.90 1.00 - 1.19 0.82 1.04

¹ The exercise price of the options has been reduced in accordance with plan rules relating to the return of capital of 2 Australian cents per share paid on 7 November 2008.

The weighted average contractual life of the options is 3.01 years (2009: 4.03 years).

The market price per ordinary share at 30 June 2010 was AU\$0.22 (2009: AU\$0.33).

Fair value of options granted

No options were granted in the year ended 30 June 2010.

The fair values at grant date of options granted in the year ended 30 June 2009 have been assessed using a derivative of the Black-Scholes option-pricing model including the following factors; the exercise price, stock price, expected life, volatility, risk-free rate, dividend yield and vesting period. The expected price volatility is based on historical volatility, adjusted for any expected changes to future volatility due to publicly available information. Key assumptions adopted for valuing options as at the date of issue are summarised below:

Grant date	Exercise price AU\$	Share price at grant date AU\$	Expected price volatility %	Expected life of option Years	Risk-free interest rate %	Fair value AU\$
8 May 2009	1.00	0.45	54%	5	3.73	0.13

Options are granted for no consideration. The amount received on the exercise of options is recognised as issued capital at the date of issue of the shares.

Notes to the financial statements continued

Expenses arising from share based payment transactions

Total expenses arising from share based payment transactions recognised during the period as part of employee benefit expense were as follows:

	Group	
	2010	2009
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Options issued under employee option plans	370	194

Where options are issued to employees of subsidiaries with the group, the subsidiaries compensate Altium Limited for the amount recognised as an expense in relation to these options.

26. Commitments for expenditure

Operating leases

Commitments in relation to operating leases contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities are payable as follows:

	Group	
	2010	2009
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Within one year	3,489	2,258
Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years	6,356	7,381
Over 5 years	2,594	3,997
	12,439	13,636

Representing:

Non-cancellable operating leases	12,439	13,636
----------------------------------	--------	--------

Finance leases

Commitments to purchase equipment in relation to finance leases are payable as follows:

	Group	
	2010	2009
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Not later than one year	266	462
Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years	163	396
Minimum lease payments	429	858
Less: future finance charges	(43)	(101)
	386	757
Representing lease liabilities:		
Current (note 18)	232	395
Non-current (note 18)	154	362
	386	757

Several finance lease contracts have associated purchase options.

27. Contingent liabilities

From time to time the group is subject to various claims and legal proceedings. Full provision has been made in the financial report for legal costs incurred to date in defending these matters and the Directors do not believe there is significant exposure to these claims based on legal advice received to date.

Notes to the financial statements continued

28. Key management personnel

	Group	
	2010	2009
	US\$	US\$
Short-term employee benefits	2,836,255	2,795,862
Post-employment benefits	190,099	156,064
Other long-term benefits	16,581	17,732
Share based payments	83,454	53,151
Termination benefits	207,725	60,263
	3,334,114	3,083,072

The group has taken advantage of the relief provided by Corporations Regulation 2M.6.04 and has transferred the detailed remuneration disclosures to the Directors' report.

Equity instrument disclosures relating to key management personnel

Options provided as remuneration and shares on exercise of such options: details of options provided as remuneration and shares issued on the exercise of such options, together with terms and conditions of the options can be found in the remuneration report and note 25.

Option holdings: the number of option holdings over ordinary shares in the company held during the financial year by each Director of Altium Limited and other key management personnel of the group, including their personally related parties are set out below:

2010	Balance at 1 July 2009	Balance at 30 June 2010	Vested and exercisable at 30 June 2010
Key executives of the group¹			
Richard Leon	100,000	100,000	40,000
Alan Perkins	300,000	300,000	120,000
Anand Shankaran	100,000	100,000	40,000
Matthew Schwaiger	400,000	400,000	160,000
André Pravaz ²	100,000	100,000	40,000
Gerry Gaffney	100,000	100,000	40,000
Other key executives of the group¹			
Peter Murman	100,000	100,000	75,000

¹ Martin Harris and Andrew Mansfield did not have any options as at 30 June 2009 and 30 June 2010.

² André Pravaz ceased employment on 27 November 2009. Options retained with Board approval.

Notes to the financial statements continued

2009	Balance at 1 July 2008	Granted during the year	Expired during the year	Balance at 30 June 2009	Vested and exercisable at 30 June 2009
Directors of Altium Limited					
Carl Rooke	160,000	-	(160,000)	-	-
William Bartee	80,000	-	(80,000)	-	-
Kayvan Oboudiyat	400,000	-	(400,000)	-	-
Key executives of the group					
Richard Leon ¹	-	100,000	-	100,000	-
Alan Perkins ²	270,000	300,000	(270,000)	300,000	-
André Pravaz ³	-	100,000	-	100,000	-
Anand Shankaran	-	100,000	-	100,000	-
Matthew Schwaiger ⁴	400,000	400,000	(400,000)	400,000	-
Emma Lo Russo ⁵	500,000	-	-	500,000	300,000
Other key executives of the group					
Gerry Gaffney	-	100,000	-	100,000	-
Frank Hoschar	175,000	50,000	(175,000)	50,000	-
Jay Cao	-	100,000	-	100,000	-

¹ Richard Leon commenced employment on 28 August 2008.

² Alan Perkins commenced in this position 12 August 2008.

³ André Pravaz commenced in this position on 11 August 2008 and resigned as a Director on 3 February 2009.

⁴ Matthew Schwaiger commenced in this position on 5 January 2009.

⁵ Emma Lo Russo ceased employment on 5 May 2009.

Nicholas Martin, Dr David Warren and Samuel Weiss have not been granted options over ordinary shares at any time since the commencement of any company option plans.

There were no options exercised by Directors during the financial year. No options were granted or exercised by key management personnel during the 2010 financial year. No amounts are unpaid on any shares issued on the exercise of options.

Details of all options granted to or exercised by key management personnel for the year ended 30 June 2009 are set out below:

2009	Value at grant date US\$	Date granted or exercised
Richard Leon	9,819	8 May 2009
Alan Perkins	29,457	8 May 2009
André Pravaz ¹	9,819	8 May 2009
Anand Shankaran	9,819	8 May 2009
Matthew Schwaiger	39,276	8 May 2009
Gerry Gaffney	9,819	8 May 2009
Jay Cao ²	9,819	8 May 2009

¹ André Pravaz ceased employment on 27 November 2009. Options retained with Board approval.

² Jay Cao ceased employment on 11 December 2009.

Notes to the financial statements continued

Shareholdings

The number of ordinary shares in Altium Limited held during the financial year by each Director of the company and each of the key management personnel of the group, including their related entities, are set out below.

2010	Balance at 1 July 2009	Acquisitions during the year	Balance at 30 June 2010
Directors of Altium Limited			
Samuel Weiss	177,274	518,923	696,197
Carl Rooke	515,365	50,000	565,365
Dr David Warren	5,523,000	-	5,523,000
William Bartee	-	-	-
Nicholas Martin	22,524,650	-	22,524,650
Kayvan Oboudiyat	1,987,500	412,500	2,400,000
Key executives of the group			
Richard Leon	210,916	409,662	620,578
Alan Perkins	50,000	50,000	100,000
André Pravaz ¹	170,000	-	170,000
Anand Shankaran	-	9,000	9,000
Matthew Schwaiger	400,000	-	400,000
Gerry Gaffney	-	-	-
Martin Harris ²	-	-	-
Other key executives of the group			
Peter Murman	-	-	-
Andrew Mansfield	-	-	-

¹ André Pravaz ceased employment on 27 November 2009.

² Martin Harris commenced employment on 10 August 2009.

Notes to the financial statements continued

2009	Balance at 1 July 2008	Acquisitions during the year	Balance at 30 June 2009
Directors of Altium Limited			
Samuel Weiss	45,000	132,274	177,274
Carl Rooke	515,365	-	515,365
Dr David Warren	5,523,000	-	5,523,000
William Bartee	-	-	-
Nicholas Martin	22,524,650	-	22,524,650
Kayvan Oboudiyat	1,987,500	-	1,987,500
Key executives of the group			
Richard Leon ¹	-	210,916	210,916
Alan Perkins ²	-	50,000	50,000
André Pravaz ³	20,000	150,000	170,000
Anand Shankaran	-	-	-
Matthew Schwaiger ⁴	400,000	-	400,000
Emma Lo Russo ⁵	20,000	-	20,000
Other key executives of the group			
Gerry Gaffney	-	-	-
Frank Hoschar	445,500	-	445,500
Jay Cao	-	-	-

¹ Richard Leon commenced employment on 28 August 2008.

² Alan Perkins commenced in this position 12 August 2008.

³ André Pravaz commenced in this position on 11 August 2008 and resigned as a Director on 3 February 2009.

⁴ Matthew Schwaiger commenced in this position on 5 January 2009.

⁵ Emma Lo Russo ceased employment on 5 May 2009.

Loans to Directors, key management and related entities

The following unsecured loans to Directors and other key management, including their personally related parties, were outstanding:

	Gross balance at 30 June US\$	Provision* US\$	Net balance at 30 June US\$	Annual interest charge US\$	Annual repayments US\$	Highest indebtedness US\$
2010	210,068	189,027	21,041	8,942	6,448	210,068
2009	195,067	169,921	25,146	10,276	5,457	222,512

The loan is to a related party of Nicholas Martin. Loans have been written down to fair value, which has been determined, on a loan by loan basis, by using a present value calculation of the cash receipts outlined in the loan repayment terms of each loan agreement. For the year ended 30 June 2009, the loan repayment terms were extended by five years, which has resulted in an additional provision required to write down the loans to fair value. The gross value of the loans remains outstanding and there is no indication that any of the loans will not be repaid.

The loans are charged at the "benchmark interest rate" under the Fringe Benefits Tax Assessment Act 1986 (Cwlth) as at 30 June 2010 being 6.65% p.a. (2009: 5.85%). The above unsecured loans are for a five year term or repayable within thirty days of separation.

Remuneration of Director-related entities

Related entities of Directors employed by any company in the group are paid on normal commercial terms and conditions.

Notes to the financial statements continued

29. Cash flow information

Reconciliation of (loss) profit after income tax to net cash inflows from operating activities

	Group	
	2010	2009
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Operating loss after income tax	(10,353)	(839)
Depreciation and amortisation	5,790	4,545
Increase in equity compensation reserve	373	194
Gain on disposal of assets	8	(5)
Unrealised foreign exchange differences	(444)	901
Change in operating assets and liabilities		
Decrease in trade and other debtors	2,167	980
Decrease (increase) in inventories	(13)	(148)
(Increase) decrease in prepayments and other assets	(128)	323
Decrease (increase) in deferred tax assets	4,102	(302)
Increase in trade and other creditors	1,392	456
Decrease in income tax receivable and payable	(261)	(348)
Increase (decrease) in other provisions	522	(435)
Net cash inflows from operating activities	3,155	5,322
Non-cash financing and investing activities		
Acquisition of plant and equipment by means of finance lease	37	446

30. Financial risk management

The group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, market risk (including foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk) and liquidity risk. The group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the group. No speculative trading in financial instruments was undertaken during the financial year.

(a) Capital risk management

The group's objective is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The group reviews the capital structure, which comprises share capital, reserves and accumulated losses, on a regular basis. In order to adjust the capital structure, the group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt. The group's overall strategy remains unchanged.

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the group. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents and outstanding receivables. The credit risk on financial assets of the group which have been recognised on the statement of financial position, other than investments in shares, is generally the carrying amount, net of any impairment provision.

The group manages its credit risk on trade debtors by ensuring that sales of products and services are made to customers with an appropriate credit history. New customers are subject to credit verification procedures and ongoing customer performance is monitored on a regular basis. The group has no significant concentrations of credit risk.

Cash transactions are limited to high credit quality financial institutions.

(c) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency and from net investments in foreign operations. The group operates internationally and is

Notes to the financial statements continued

exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily the Australian dollar (AU\$) and the euro (€) relative to the US dollar (US\$).

Measuring the exposure to foreign exchange risks are achieved by regular monitoring and performing sensitivity analysis on the group's financial position.

Foreign currency revenues are partially hedged by foreign currency denominated expenses. The group does not have additional hedges against this risk.

The exposure to foreign currency risk at the reporting date, expressed in US dollars, was as follows:

	Group			
	2010 AU\$'000	€'000	2009 AU\$'000	€'000
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	303	11	221	53
Trade and other receivables	1,166	443	1,824	-
	1,469	454	2,045	53
Financial liabilities				
Trade and other payables	(231)	(1)	(490)	(10)

The following tables summarise the sensitivity of financial instruments held at statement of financial position date by the group to the movement in exchange rate of the US dollar to the Australian dollar and euro, with all other variables held constant. The 10% sensitivity is based on reasonably possible changes, over a financial year.

Sensitivity to foreign currency risk on financial instruments is as follows:

	Group			
	Impact on profit (loss) after tax		Impact on equity	
	2010 US\$'000	2009 US\$'000	2010 US\$'000	2009 US\$'000
US\$/AU\$ +10%	79	99	79	99
US\$/AU\$ -10%	(96)	(121)	(96)	(121)
US\$/€ +10%	(32)	(3)	(32)	(3)
US\$/€ -10%	32	3	32	3

Interest rate risk exposures

Interest rate risk is the risk that the group's financial position will be adversely affected by movements in interest rates. Exposures arise predominantly from assets and liabilities bearing variable interest rates as the group intends to hold fixed rate assets and liabilities to maturity.

The exposure to interest rate risk and the effective weighted average interest rate for each class of financial assets and financial liabilities are set out below:

		Group			
		2010 %	US\$'000	2009 %	US\$'000
Financial assets					
Cash	Floating interest	0.37%	2,840	2.32%	1,256
Receivables	Fixed interest	6.05%	129	8.21%	182
Financial liabilities					
Financial lease liabilities	Fixed interest	12.25%	(386)	11.40%	(757)

Notes to the financial statements continued

The following tables summarise the sensitivity of the fair value of financial instruments held at statement of financial position date in the group, following a movement of 50 to 100 basis points, with all other variables held constant, and based on reasonably possible changes over a financial year.

The sensitivity to movements in interest rates is as follows:

	Group 2010 US\$'000	2009 US\$'000
Impact on profit (loss) after tax:		
+1% change (+100 basis points)	18	5
-0.50% change (-50 basis points)	(9)	(2)

(d) Liquidity risk

The liquidity position of the group is managed to ensure sufficient funds are available to meet the financial commitments in a timely and cost effective manner. The group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash reserves and banking facilities by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows.

The group had access to the following undrawn borrowing facilities at the reporting date:

	Group 2010 US\$'000	2009 US\$'000
Bank overdraft facility	-	241
Bank guarantees	1,041	1,376

The table below analyses the group's financial liabilities based on the remaining period at June to the contractual maturity date. The amounts represent contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	1 year or less US\$'000	Between 1 and 2 years US\$'000	Between 2 and 5 years US\$'000	Total contractual cashflows US\$'000	Carrying amount US\$'000
2010					
Accounts payable	4,431	-	-	4,431	4,431
Financial lease liabilities	266	138	25	429	386
	4,697	138	25	4,860	4,817
2009					
Accounts payable	4,395	-	-	4,395	4,395
Financial lease liabilities	460	373	25	858	757
	4,855	373	25	5,253	5,152

(e) Net fair value of financial assets and liabilities

The net fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities is based upon market prices where a market exists or by discounting the expected future cash flows by the current interest rates for assets and liabilities with similar risk profiles. At balance date, the net fair value of financial assets and liabilities approximates their carrying value.

Notes to the financial statements continued

31. Parent entity financial information

(a) Summary financial information

The individual financial statements for Altium Limited show the following aggregate amounts:

	Altium Limited	
	2010	2009
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Balance sheet		
Current assets	7,093	8,425
Total assets	20,301	26,723
Current liabilities	13,532	8,785
Total liabilities	13,928	11,596
<i>Shareholders' equity</i>		
Issued capital	77,170	77,170
Reserves		
Share-based payments	1,828	1,458
Foreign currency translation reserve	5,414	4,230
Retained earnings	(78,039)	(67,731)
Net assets	6,373	15,127
(Loss) profit for the year	(10,311)	16
Total comprehensive loss	(9,128)	(3,549)

(b) Guarantees entered into by Altium Limited

Altium Limited has provided financial guarantees in respect of credit card facilities and rental bonds for the Australian offices amounting to US\$1,040,895 (2009: US\$ 1,376,000).

Notes to the financial statements continued

32. Prior period adjustment

The financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2009 have been restated to reflect a correction in the treatment of the translation of a foreign currency inter-company loan. The correction had the effect of impacting the following balances in 2009:

	Group 2009 US\$'000	
Statement of comprehensive income		
Net foreign exchange gain (loss)	717	Overstated
Profit before income tax	717	Overstated
Income tax (expense) benefit	215	Overstated
Loss attributable to members of Altium Limited	502	Understated
Statement of financial position		
Foreign currency translation reserve	502	Understated
Accumulated losses	502	Understated

Each of the affected financial statement line items for the prior year has been restated for the correction.

Basic and diluted earnings per share for the prior year have also been restated. The impact of the correction for both basic and diluted earnings per share was a reduction of 0.5 US cents.

33. Subsequent events

There has been no matter or circumstance that has arisen since the end of the financial year that has significantly affected the operations of the group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the group.

Directors' declaration

In the Directors' opinion:

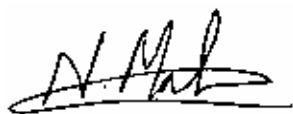
- (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 25 to 62 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - (i) complying with Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the company's and group's financial position as at 30 June 2010 and of their performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (c) the remuneration disclosures set out on pages 7 to 13 of the Directors' report comply with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Note 1(a) confirms that the financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

The Directors have been given the declarations by the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer required by section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

For and on behalf of the Board



Nicholas Martin
Director and Chief Executive Officer



Kayvan Oboudiyat
Director and Executive Vice Chairman

Sydney
30 August 2010

Independent auditor's report to the members of Altium Limited

Report on the financial report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Altium Limited (the company), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2010, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, a summary of significant accounting policies, other explanatory notes and the directors' declaration for the Altium Limited Group (the consolidated entity). The consolidated entity comprises the company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Act 2001*. This responsibility includes establishing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances. In Note 1, the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

Our procedures include reading the other information in the Annual Report to determine whether it contains any material inconsistencies with the financial report.

Our audit did not involve an analysis of the prudence of business decisions made by directors or management.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Altium Limited (continued)

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Auditor's opinion

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of Altium Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2010 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*; and
- (b) the financial report and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1.

Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the remuneration report included in pages 7 to 13 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2010. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the remuneration report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the remuneration report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Auditor's opinion

In our opinion, the remuneration report of Altium Limited for the year ended 30 June 2010, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Matters relating to the electronic presentation of the audited financial report

This auditor's report relates to the financial report and remuneration report of Altium Limited (the company) for the year ended 30 June 2010 included on Altium Limited's web site. The company's directors are responsible for the integrity of the Altium Limited web site. We have not been engaged to report on the integrity of this web site. The auditor's report refers only to the financial report and remuneration report named above. It does not provide an opinion on any other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the financial report or the remuneration report. If users of this report are concerned with the inherent risks arising from electronic data communications they are advised to refer to the hard copy of the audited financial report and remuneration report to confirm the information included in the audited financial report and remuneration report presented on this web site.


PricewaterhouseCoopers


MW Chiang
Partner

Sydney
30 August 2010

Information for shareholders

The shareholder information set out below was current as at 31 August 2010.

a) Number of shareholders

There were 1,383 shareholders, holding 89,162,009 fully paid ordinary shares.

b) Distribution of equity securities

Analysis of equity security holders by size of holding:

Range	Number of shareholders	Number of option holders
1 – 1,000	427	-
1,001 – 5,000	504	17
5,001 – 10,000	164	31
10,001 – 100,000	222	93
100,001 – and over	66	12
	1,383	153

There were **794** holders of a less than marketable parcel of ordinary shares.

c) Equity security holders

Twenty largest quoted equity security holders

Rank	Name of Holding	Number of Shares	%
1	PROTEL SYSTEMS PTY LIMITED	12,340,000	13.84%
2	N & M MARTIN HOLDINGS PTY LTD	11,762,690	13.19%
3	ANZ NOMINEES LIMITED<CASH INCOME ACCOUNT>	11,163,230	12.52%
4	JP MORGAN NOMINEES AUSTRALIA LIMITED	9,361,084	10.50%
5	CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LIMITED	5,155,097	5.78%
6	NATIONAL NOMINEES LIMITED	4,275,975	4.80%
7	MIRKAZEMI HOLDINGS PTY LIMITED	2,603,000	2.92%
8	KAY & JAY INVESTMENTS PTY LTD<K&J SUPERANNUATION FUND A/C>	1,834,800	2.06%
9	HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED	1,480,210	1.66%
10	ZENTEL PTY LIMITED<PROTEL NO.2 SUPER FUND A/C>	1,288,000	1.44%
11	ZENTEL PTY LIMITED<WARREN FAMILY ACCOUNT>	1,050,000	1.18%
12	MR ROBERT GRANVILLE HOPKINS	1,011,000	1.13%
13	MR SIMON GAUTIER HANNES <SGH SUPER FUND>	974,600	1.09%
14	MRS Nanci CATHERINE MOORE	941,500	1.06%
15	N & M MARTIN HOLDINGS PTY LTD<PROTEL SUPER FUND A/C>	759,460	0.85%
16	MR WILLIAM MARTIN RYAN	700,000	0.79%
17	MUTUAL APPRECIATION SOCIETY PTY LIMITED <GARB-WEISS SUPER FUND A/C>	696,197	0.78%
18	MR RICHARD LEON	620,578	0.70%
19	RBC DEXIA INVESTOR SERVICES AUSTRALIA NOMINEES PTY LIMITED <MLCI A/C>	616,378	0.69%
20	MR PEDRAM MIRKAZEMI	604,793	0.68%
		69,238,592	77.65%

Information for shareholders continued

d) Unquoted equity securities

	Number of options on issue	Number of holders
Employees	7,679,310	153
Directors	-	-
Total options on issue	7,679,310	153

e) Substantial shareholders

The substantial holders in the company are set out below:

Rank	Name	Number of shares	%
1	Nicholas Martin	22,524,650	25.26%
2	Smallco Investment Manager Limited	8,925,006	10.01%
3	IOOF Holdings Limited	6,127,950	6.87%
4	David Warren	5,523,000	6.19%
5	Commonwealth Bank of Australia	5,402,113	6.06%
6	SAS Trustee Corporation	5,005,000	5.61%
7	Accident Compensation Corporation	4,547,873	5.10%
		58,055,592	65.11%

f) Voting rights

- a) Ordinary shares: On a show of hands every member present at a meeting in person or by proxy shall have one vote and upon a poll shall have one vote for each share represented
- b) Option: No voting rights

g) Share buy-back

Altium Limited has not undertaken an on-market buy-back during the last financial year.

h) Securities subject to escrow

No shares are currently subject to escrow.

Information for shareholders continued

i) Altium major announcements to the ASX

Date	Announcement
30/8/2010	Altium announces intention to acquire Morfik Technology
30/8/2010	Announcement to the market re Full Year Statutory Accounts
30/8/2010	Results for Announcement to the market
12/7/2010	Altium Announces Update on Financial Performance
7/5/2010	Change of Director's Interest Notice - Sam Weiss
5/5/2010	Change in substantial holding from CBA
30/4/2010	Change of Director's Interest Notice - Sam Weiss
27/4/2010	Change of Director's Interest Notice - Sam Weiss
14/4/2010	Update for Q3 FY2010
26/2/2010	Change of Director's Interest Notice - Kayvan Oboudiyat
26/2/2010	Change of Director's Interest Notice - Sam Weiss
22/2/2010	Half Yearly Report and Accounts
15/1/2010	Half Yearly Performance Update
17/12/2009	Change of Director's Interest Notice Sam Weiss
17/12/2009	Change of Director's Interest Notice - Kayvan Oboudiyat
17/12/2009	Change of Director's Interest Notice - Carl Rooke
15/12/2009	Change of Director's Interest Notice - Sam Weiss
1/12/2009	Change of Director's Interest Notice
27/11/2009	Change of Director's Interest Notice - Sam Weiss
20/10/2009	Change of Director's Interest Notice - Sam Weiss
15/10/2009	Change of Director's Interest Notice - Sam Weiss
12/10/2009	Altium FY10 Q1 results
2/10/2009	Results of Meeting
2/10/2009	Chairman's Address to Shareholders
1/10/2009	Amendment to 3Y - Kayvan Oboudiyat
4/9/2009	3Y Change of Director's Interests - Sam Weiss
1/9/2009	Notice of Annual General Meeting/Proxy Form
1/9/2009	2009 Annual Report to shareholders
26/8/2009	Amendment to 4E
24/8/2009	Altium Full Year Statutory Accounts
18/8/2009	Change of Director's Interest Notice

A complete and up-to-date list of all Altium's financial announcements can be found on the ASX website.

j) Annual General Meeting

Date: Friday 12 November 2010
Time: 10.30am
Venue: Manly Pacific Hotel Sydney, 55 North Steyne, Manly, Sydney, 2095.

Information for shareholders continued

k) Inquiries about your shareholding

Please contact Computershare for all questions in relation to your shareholding, dividends, share transfers and monthly holding statements. See Directory in this report for contact details.

Website: www-au.computershare.com
Access to Forms: www-au.computershare.com/investor/formscatalogue.asp
Access to FAQs: www-au.computershare.com/Investor/FAQs.asp

Mailing address: Computershare Investor Services Pty Limited,
GPO Box 2975, Melbourne VIC 3001 Australia

Phone: (Aus) 1300 555 159
(Overseas) +61 (0)3 9415 4062

l) Have you changed your address?

Whenever you change your address it is important to notify the share registry. This can be done in one of two ways. Either write or fax the share registry, quoting your shareholder number, old address, current address and signature, or visit the registry website and change your details online - www-au.computershare.com

m) Inquiries about Altium Limited

Email: investor.relations@altium.com
Website: www.altium.com

n) Altium shareholder communications

Altium publishes information to its shareholders in the annual report and via releases to the ASX. Investor Information can be found on our website www.altium.com/company/investors/

Altium provides quarterly updates on revenue earnings.



Altium

Altium Limited ACN 009 568 772