

Customer Notification

EWRL78 V2.xx/V3.xx/V4.xx/V5.xx

Embedded Workbench® for RL78 V2.xx/V3.xx/ V4.xx/V5.xx

Operating Precautions

Y-IAR-EWRL78-FULL-MOBILE Y-IAR-EWRL78-FULL

Renesas Electronics

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			EWF	RL78							
No.	Outline	Version	8.1.4.5777 (4.10.1)	8.4.0.6247 (4.20.1)	8.4.2.6370 (4.20.2)	8.5.2.7561 (4.21.1)	8.5.2.7561 (4.21.2)	8.5.2.7561 (4.21.3)	9.1.7.10450 (5.10.1)	9.1.9.10638 (5.10.3)	9.1.9.10638 (5.10.4)
<u>A1</u>		h mirror configuration for the ily RL78/G10	×	~	✓	✓	~	✓	~	~	×
<u>A2</u>	Wrong Sec Templates	tion-Name in Linker-Control-File-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
<u>A3</u>	Wrong mir	ror end address	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
<u>A4</u>	Mirror Area	a Size not checked	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×	×	×
<u>A5</u>	Loading of	*.ipcf file generates warnings	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
<u>A6</u>		ol _NEAR_CONST_LOCATION_SIZE ng calculated if Mirror ROM 1 is	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	×
<u>A7</u>	MISRA C v	iolation on Assembler module	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
<u>A8</u>		nirror area size is one byte smaller g the IAR Embedded Workbench	✓	✓	✓	✓	~	✓	✓	✓	×
<u>A9</u>		nfiguration tab under General splays the old style of library names	×	✓	~	✓	~	✓	~	✓	×
<u>A10</u>	Two windo	ws might become invisible	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
<u>A11</u>	The Renes	as E2 self utility does not work	×	×	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
<u>A12</u>	FAA code a reserved	and data areas in RAM are not	×	×	×	~	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

A) Table of Operating Precautions for the IDE EWRL78

✗: Applicable

✓: Not applicable

			AF	RL78								
No.	Outline	Version	3.10.1	4.10.1	4.20.1	4.20.2	4.21.1	4.21.2	4.21.3	4.21.4	5.10.1	5.10.3
<u>B1</u>	RSEG Directive	es cannot be used in Macro Definitions	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
<u>B2</u>	Assembler File	must contain at least one Directive	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
												\vdash

B) Table of Operating Precautions for the Assembler ARL78

✗: Applicable

✓: Not applicable

			ICC	RL7	8							
No.	Outline	Version	3.10.1	4.10.1	4.20.1	4.20.2	4.21.1	4.21.2	4.21.3	4.21.4	5.10.1	5.10.3
<u>C1</u>	Internal Compiler Error: Stack Overflow	l	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
<u>C2</u>	Internal Compiler Error: Size mismatch		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
<u>C3</u>	Internal Compiler Error: Bad Operator		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
<u>C4</u>	Scratch Registers are not saved in Interrup Routine	ot Service	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>C5</u>	Internal Compiler Error: Illegal State		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	~	<
<u>C6</u>	Wrong Code may generated for Instruction Operand imm[BC]	is using	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>C7</u>	Inconsistency of extended Keywordmor	nitor	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
<u>C8</u>	Floating point comparison fails if the differ between the operands is one bit only.	ence	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>C9</u>	An internal error will be generated in case accessing a section address by using sfe	of	✓	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	✓
<u>C10</u>	An internal error will be generated in case sequential pointer casting	of	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>C11</u>	Wrong Optimization of static local Variable	;	✓	✓	✓	✓	~	✓	✓	✓	~	✓
<u>C12</u>	Inserted NOP after DIVWU/DIVHU Instruction (cross call optimization)	on moved	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>C13</u>	The C library function isblank(c) will in sor erroneously return true	ne cases	×	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	✓
<u>C14</u>	Switch statement inside recursive function work correctly	does not	×	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	✓
<u>C15</u>	Error in case a simple character literal is for wide character literal	ollowed by a	×	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	✓
<u>C16</u>	Range error on nextXXX() functions		×	✓	✓	✓	✓	~	✓	✓	~	✓
<u>C17</u>	No output to stdout when putchar(-1) is us	ed	×	✓	~	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
<u>C18</u>	Different return value between iswctype an	id iswblank	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
<u>C19</u>	%Z format output for strftime is wrong		×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
<u>C20</u>	Square root function in the floating point li returns +0.0 for sqrt(-0.0)	brary	×	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>C21</u>	errno() might cause a range error		×	~	✓	~	✓	~	✓	✓	~	✓

C) Table of Operating Precautions for C/C++ Compiler ICCRL78

			ICC	RL7	8	1	T	1	1	1	1	
No.	Outline	Version	3.10.1	4.10.1	4.20.1	4.20.2	4.21.1	4.21.2	4.21.3	4.21.4	5.10.1	5.10.3
<u>C22</u>	Wrong result in case of Complex_I multiple -0.0	ication with	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
<u>C23</u>	Function cosh() does not set errno()		×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
<u>C24</u>	A const long long int array element value i referenced correctly	s not	×	~	✓	~	✓	~	~	~	~	~
<u>C25</u>	If there are multiple if-statements that reference argument values, value judgment is incorr		~	✓	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>C26</u>	A long long int array element value with au duration is not referenced correctly.	ito storage	×	×	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>C27</u>	A long long int array element value is not r using the const pointer correctly within the statement.		×	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>C28</u>	printf outputs nothing after long long int to dimension arrays operation	NO-	×	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>C29</u>	Internal Compiler Error: Double Defined In Vector	terrupt	×	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>C30</u>	Files based on the UTF-8 (BOM) format car compiled	nnot be	×	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>C31</u>	Compiler can generate faulty code for 8-bi arithmetic operations	t logical and	×	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>C32</u>	Data model will be ignored in case of using constseg	g #pragma	×	~	~	~	✓	~	~	~	~	~
<u>C33</u>	Inline Assembler instruction generates an syntax error	illegal	×	×	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>C34</u>	Error in floating point division		×	×	✓	✓	✓	•	✓	✓	~	✓
<u>C35</u>	Memory dependency problem		×	×	~	✓	✓	~	✓	✓	~	✓
<u>C36</u>	Casting two far pointers to long integer an difference will result in a wrong subtractio		~	~	×	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>C37</u>	Internal error will be thrown in case optimi "Function inlining" is activated	zation	×	×	×	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>C38</u>	Incorrect code will be generated if Compile optimization "Common subexpression elin active		~	×	×	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>C39</u>	C++ Compiler can generate incorrect code comparisons of floating-point numbers	for	×	×	×	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>C40</u>	Byte order of the offset in the opcode for M offset[BC/B/C],AX is swapped.	Novw	×	×	×	×	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>C41</u>	long long operations which are using the _ function are not reentrant	Mul64	×	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~

			ICCRL78												
No.	Outline	Version	3.10.1	4.10.1	4.20.1	4.20.2	4.21.1	4.21.2	4.21.3	4.21.4	5.10.1	5.10.3			
<u>C42</u>	Faulty code for switches if the code for the its associated cases span across a 64k border	e switch and	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	~	~			
<u>C43</u>	Constants located outside of the near area mirror) cannot be used as parameter for pu function	•	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	~	~			
<u>C44</u>	Copying several bits (1-bit bitfields) in seq the same destination byte can generate faulty code on optimization le medium or higher.		~	~	×	×	×	×	~	~	~	~			
<u>C45</u>	The tools crash when try to enter the debu E1 or E20.	gger with	~	~	~	~	~	~	×	~	~	~			
<u>C46</u>	Accessing the SFR area (0xFFF00) via near_pointer+index throws an error in case Compiler optimization "Medium" and high		×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	~	~			

×: Applicable

✓: Not applicable

D) Table of Operating Precautions for the Linker ILINKRL78 and ELF-Tools

					ILIN	KRL	78 a	nd E	LF-1	Fool	5	
No.	Outline	Version	3.10.1	4.10.1	4.20.1	4.20.2	4.21.1	4.21.2	4.21.3	4.21.4	5.10.1	5.10.3
<u>D1</u>	Runtime Model Conflict using far Runtin	me-Library-Calls	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
<u>D2</u>	Area in ROM marked as read-write-data	in MAP-File	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	\checkmark	✓	✓	✓	✓
<u>D3</u>	Routines for HW-Multiplier/Division Uni far runtime library calls	t don't support	~	✓	✓	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>D4</u>	Internal error will be thrown if the section by "initialize manually" or "initialize by not placed		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>D5</u>	The symbol _NEAR_CONST_LOCATION wrong calculated if Mirror ROM 1 is sele			Nov	v list	ed a	s IDI	E buę	g. Se	e No). A6	
<u>D6</u>	Constant Data with Memory Attribute 'n as 'readwrite' Data in the Map File	ear' are treated	×	~	✓	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>D7</u>	The linker does not issue a warning if m interrupt function uses the same interru		~	✓	✓	~	~	~	~	✓	✓	~
<u>D8</u>	Switch/case statement over 64KB page		×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
<u>D9</u>	sfb() returns wrong address for section	on .text	✓	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
<u>D10</u>	End address of SADDR region is wrong		×	×	✓	✓	✓	\checkmark	✓	✓	✓	✓
<u>D11</u>	Linker can terminate with an internal er (relevant) linking errors are present	ror if other	×	×	×	×	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>D12</u>	Internal error will be thrown in during lin generated by the Renesas compiler	nking object files	×	×	×	×	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>D13</u>	Error will be thrown by using the ielftoo	l and filler bytes	×	×	×	×	~	\checkmark	✓	✓	✓	✓
<u>D14</u>	EWRL78 ielftoolfill option doesn't fill t unused area if the END address defined		×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	~	~
<u>D15</u>	Hardware multiplication replacement ro cannot be placed above the address 0x		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	×	~
<u>D16</u>	Initializing data can fail if the block to co fit inside the first available block in ROM		×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	~

×: Applicable

✓: Not applicable

E) Table of Operating Precautions for Debugger C-SPY

			C-	SPY						1			
No.	Outline	Version	3.10.1	4.10.1	4.20.1	4.20.2	4.21.1	4.21.2	4.21.3	4.21.4	5.10.1	5.10.3	5.10.4
<u>E1</u>	E1 C-SPY Driver: Debug Session Error 'Flash macro service ROM stepped in'		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>E2</u>	The C-SPY system macroset does not work for emulators	LogBreak()	~	~	~	~	✓	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>E3</u>	IECUBE C-SPY Driver: Wrong av results	verage timer	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	-	-	-
<u>E4</u>	E1 C-SPY Driver: Step-in Step o work for switch case construct 99 cases		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>E5</u>	E1 C-SPY Driver: Specifying the for the E1/E20 emulator sometin to be found.		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>E6</u>	Wrong sampled values might be Data Sample/Sampled Graphs w of sampling a variable with a siz	indow in case	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>E7</u>	E1 C-SPY Driver: Download of a image might destroy a part of th application.		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>E8</u>	Data sampling time not constan	t	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	-	-	-
<u>E9</u>	Min. update interval value for Li Memory Window is wrong	ve Watch and	×	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>E10</u>	Binary image not showing symb "Disassembly" window	ool info in	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
<u>E11</u>	Simulator interrupts can go wro above 64KB	ng if code is	×	×	~	~	~	~	~	✓	~	~	~
<u>E12</u>	Simulator interrupts have wrong in case of shared vector	g priority levels	×	×	~	~	✓	~	~	✓	~	~	~
<u>E13</u>	E1/E2 C-SPY Driver: OCD Trace disabled in case Step-in/Step-ov		×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	~	~	~
<u>E14</u>	EWRL78 hanged-up while powe	r debugging	×	×	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
<u>E15</u>	In some situations, the debugge using an OCD emulator.	er crashes when	×	×	×	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>E16</u>	Debugging via hot-plugin doesr	n't work	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	✓	✓	✓
<u>E17</u>	Simulator result of MACH instru	ction is wrong	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	✓	✓	✓

<u>E18</u>	Loading of extra images fails if there is data in the EEPROM memory in the extra image.	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	~	~
<u>E19</u>	Several registers are missing in the Register view. E.g. the register "ADCSR"	✓	~	~	~	~	✓	×	×	×	×	×
<u>E20</u>	FAA breakpoints cannot be removed after setting	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	×	~
<u>E21</u>	The execution speed decreases by approximately half when activate FAA debugging	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	×	~
<u>E22</u>	The C-SPY system macrosetCodeBreak does not work with the emulator.	×	×	×	x	×	×	×	×	×	×	~
×: Ap	plicable 🗸 : Not applicable - :	Not o	hec	ked	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

F) Table of Operating Precautions for Runtime Library, Linker Files and Include Files

			Ru	ntim	e Lib	rary,	Link	er F	iles a	and Ir	nclud	le Fil	es
No.	Outline	Version	2.21.2	3.10.1	4.10.1	4.20.1	4.20.2	4.21.1	4.21.2	4.21.3	4.21.4	5.10.1	5.10.3
<u>F1</u>	case of usi	r will be thrown by the linker in ng the "far runtime library calls" ombination with integer arithmetic	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>F2</u>	used, asser	n "Use far runtime library calls" is nbler support routines from the run are placed in an incorrect section tt"	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>F3</u>		name .textf_unit64kp is in the linker files	×	~	~	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	~	~	✓
<u>F5</u>	Overlapping	g of two registers	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
<u>F6</u>		es, the linker might fail with the sternal error	×	×	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
<u>F7</u>	cannot be l	enerated with IAR V2.xx version inked on newer IAR versions if the udes a vector table.	~	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×

✗: Applicable

✓: Not applicable

G) Description of Operating Precautions for the IDE EWRL78

No. A1	Wrong flash mirror configuration for the device family RL78/G10
	IAR Reference EW26031
	<u>Details</u> The flash mirror area of the device family RL78/G10 is specified as follows:
	0000H to 003FFH/007FFH/00FFFH mirrored to the area F8000H to F83FFH/F87FFH/F8FFFH
	However, by using the IDE the flash mirror configuration is wrong. The flash mirror address starts from the address 8000H instead of 0000H
	8000H to 083FFH/087FFH/08FFFH mirrored to the area F8000H to F83FFH/F87FFH/F8FFFH
	Workaround
	Workaround via command line:
	Define the linker symbol _NEAR_CONST_LOCATION_START manually within the linker file and build the application from the command line.
	define symbol _NEAR_CONST_LOCATION_START=0x00D8; define symbol _NEAR_CONST_LOCATION_SIZE=0x100;
	Workaround via IDE:
	 Define new linker symbols like e.gMY_NEAR_CONST_LOCATION_START and _MY_NEAR_CONST_LOCATION_SIZE within your linker file Rename all the symbols _NEAR_CONST_LOCATION_START and _NEAR_CONST_LOCATION_SIZE within the linker file according to the new names

No. A2	Wrong Section-Name in Linker-Control-File-Templates
	IAR Reference EWRL78-511
	<u>Details</u> The section name .textf_unit64kp is misspelled in the linker-control-file-templates (*.icf):
	Example:
	"ROMFAR":place in ROM_far { block INIT_ARRAY, R_TEXTF_UNIT64KP, ro section .text_unit64kp, ro section .constf, ro section .switchf, ro };
	Workaround
	Correct the section name manually:
	"ROMFAR":place in ROM_far { block INIT_ARRAY, R_TEXTF_UNIT64KP, ro section .textf_unit64kp, ro section .constf, ro section .switchf, ro };

No. A3	Wrong mirror end address
No. <i>A</i> 3	IAR Reference IAR Reference IMPRIATE NOT ARE AND ADDRESS OF THE STATE OF THE S
	Near constant location Override default addresses Start address: Mirror ROM 0 0xf2000

No. A4	Mirror Area Size not checked
	IAR Reference EWRL78-558
	<u>Details</u> The size check of the mirror area is ignored if the size is set to zero. The linker allows to place near-variables without checking the size size of the mirror area.
	Near constant location ✓ Override default addresses Start address: Mirror ROM 0 ✓ OxFEF00 0xFEF00
	<u>Workaround</u> If enough Flash memory is available, don't use a mirror area of size zero.
No. A5	Loading of .ipcf file generates warnings
L	IAR Reference IDE-2878
	<u>Details</u> During the load procedure "Add Project Connection" of an *.ipcf file the following warnings might occur:
	larldePm ×
	Could not enable the linker map file.
	OK Don't show again
	larldePm ×

Could not enable the linker log file.

OK

Don't show again

Workaround Press the "OK" button and ignore the messages.

No. A6	The symbol _NEAR_CONST_LOCATION_SIZE will be wrong calculated if Mirror ROM 1 is selected
	<u>IAR Reference</u> EWRL78-540 <u>Details</u> The symbol _NEAR_CONST_LOCATION_SIZE will be wrong calculated if Mirror ROM 1 is
	selected as shown below:
	Options for node "StartupSampleQB-R5F104LE-TB"
	Category: Static Analysis C/C++ Compiler Assembler Output Converter Custom Build Build Actions Linker Debugger E1 E20 E21 E2 - CUBE IECUBE Simulator Tk Near constant location Near c
	<u>Workaround</u> Replace _NEAR_CONST_LOCATION_SIZE in the linker file at the following two places with the correct size.
	<pre>define block MIRROR_ROM with maximum size = _NEAR_CONST_LOCATION_SIZE { ro R_CONST_init, ro section .const_init, ro section .switch_init };</pre>
	<pre>define block MIRROR_RAM with maximum size = _NEAR_CONST_LOCATION_SIZE { rw R_CONST, rw section .const, rw section .switch };</pre>
	Example:
	The size for the above screenshot values shall be calculated as follows _NEAR_CONST_LOCATION_SIZE = 0xFE900 - 0xF2000 = 0xC900
	The define _NEAR_CONST_LOCATION_SIZE shall be replaced within the linker file as follows:
	<pre>define block MIRROR_ROM with maximum size = 0xC900 { ro R_CONST_init, ro section .const_init, ro section .switch_init };</pre>
	<pre>define block MIRROR_RAM with maximum size = 0xC900 { rw R_CONST, rw section .const, rw section .switch };</pre>

IAR Reference EWRL78-636
<u>Details</u> The cstartup.s file provided by IAR as a template includes two symbol definitions @cstart and @cend. These symbols are not referenced by the application, but they will be used by the Renesas CS+ debugger in order to identify the start and the end of the application.
In case the source file cstartup.s is added to the application and the MISRA C checker is activated an error for the MISRA-C 2004 rule 8.10 will be thrown, because a symbol is defined in an assembler module but is not referenced.
<u>Workaround</u> If the Renesas CS+ debugger is not used for debugging you can remove the definition of the symbols @cstart and @cend from the cstartup.s file. Otherwise, treat that error as a warning and document why the MISRA C error appears.
The ROM mirror area size is one byte smaller when using the IAR Embedded Workbench
IAR Reference EWRL78-673
<u>Details</u> The ROM mirror area size is one byte smaller when using the IAR Embedded Workbench.
<u>Workaround</u> Replace _NEAR_CONST_LOCATION_SIZE in the linker file at the following two places with the correct size.
define block MIRROR_ROM with maximum size = _NEAR_CONST_LOCATION_SIZE { ro R_CONST_init, ro section .const_init, ro section .switch_init };
define block MIRROR_RAM with maximum size = _NEAR_CONST_LOCATION_SIZE { rw R_CONST, rw section .const, rw section .switch };
Example:
The mirror size for the R5F104LE shall be 0xC900. However, in case of using the IDE for the build the size is one byte smaller: _NEAR_CONST_LOCATION_SIZE = 0xC8FF
The symbol _NEAR_CONST_LOCATION_SIZE shall be replaced within the linker file as follows:
<pre>define block MIRROR_ROM with maximum size = 0xC900 { ro R_CONST_init, ro section .const_init, ro section .switch_init };</pre>
define block MIRROR_RAM with maximum size = 0xC900 { rw R_CONST, rw section .const, rw section .switch };

No. A9	Library Configuration tab under General Options displays the old style of library names
	IAR Reference EWRL78-763
	<u>Details</u> The Library Configuration tab under General Options displays the old style of library names instead of the new one used by V4.10
	Example:
	The library file in the following example should be dlrInnf23n.a instead of dlrI78nnf23n.a:
	Category: General Options Static Analysis C/C++ Compiler Assembler Output Converter Custom Build Build Actions Linker Debugger E1 E2 E20 E2 Lite / E2 On-board E2-CUBE IECUBE Simulator TK
	<u>Workaround</u> Please ignore the displayed library file. Internally the correct file will be used.
No. A10	Two windows might become invisible

No. A10 Two windows might become invisible IAR Reference EWRL78-775/IDE-4531 Details If you undock two windows in the debugger and, put them outside the IDE and, put them together and, leave the debugger, these windows become invisible and cannot be used for sub-sequent debug sessions. Workaround None

No. A11	The Renesas E2 self utility does not work
	IAR Reference EWRL78-799
	<u>Details</u> The Renesas E2 self utility does not work with the E2.
	<u>Workaround</u> Download the latest E2 self utility (E2SCP_Vxxxx.exe) via the following link: <u>http://www.renesas.eu/update?oc=RTE0T00020KCE00000R#packageInfo</u>

No. A12	FAA code and data areas in RAM are not reserved
	IAR Reference: EWRL78-1097
	Details
	The FAA code and data areas in RAM are not reserved in the linker configuration files in a way that it guarantees that user's variables cannot overwrite.
	Workaround
	None

H) Description of Operating Precautions for the Assembler ARL78

No. B1	RSEG Directives cannot be used in Macro Definitions
	Details
	The assembler calculates a wrong relative jump-distance if the RSEG directive is used within a macro definition:
	<u>Example</u>
	myDummyMacro MACRO RSEG CODE:CODE NOP ENDM
	Workaround
	Don't use the RSEG directive in macro definitions. The used code-segment must be defined in the code where the macro is expanded to.

No. B2	Assembler File must contain at least one Directive
	Details
	An assembler module without any assembler directive causes the following error message:
	Error[As074]: Each file must contain at least one directive
	<u>Example</u>
	<pre>#if PLATFORM == RL78 ; section without directive #else ; section without directive #endif</pre>
	Workaround
	Please use the END directive:
	<pre>#if PLATFORM == RL78 ; section code END #else ; section code END #endif</pre>

I) Description of Operating Precautions for the C/C++ Compiler ICCRL78

No. C1	Internal Compiler Error: Stack Overflow
	IAR Reference: EW24353
	Details
	Very deep nestlings of structure declarations, parenthesis or if-else statements, may generate a stack overflow error in the compiler.
	Internal Error: [CoreUtil/General]: Stack overflow (0xXXXXXXX) at xxxxxxxx
	Examples
	<pre>1) #define LBR1 ((((((((((((#define LBR1 LBR1 LBR1 LBR1 LBR1 LBR1 LBR1 LBR1</pre>
	#define THOU HUN HUN HUN HUN HUN HUN HUN HUN HUN HU
	<pre>void foo() { if (0) { } THOU THOU THOU THOU THOU THOU THOU T</pre>
	<u>Workaround</u> Avoid such code, this will be listed as a known problem.

No. C2	Internal Compiler Error: Size mismatch
	IAR Reference: EW25533
	Details
	Reading a 16-bit SFR that is located between 0xFFF00-0xFFF1F might generate an internal error :
	<pre>Internal error: [CoreUtil/General]: Size mismatch for " MOVW HL, S:0xFFFxx ;; 1 cycle, inserted as 3 bytes, assembled as 2 bytes.</pre>
	Examples
	<pre>#include <ior5f10ppj.h></ior5f10ppj.h></pre>
	unsigned short v1[10]; unsigned char v2;
	<pre>void test(void) { v1[v2] = ADCR; }</pre>
	<u>Workaround</u> Use a static temporary variable:
	<pre>void test(void) { static unsigned short dummy; dummy = ADCR; v1[v2] = dummy; }</pre>
	The issue will be fixed in future update.

No. C3 Internal Compiler Error: Bad Operator IAR Reference: EW25541 Details In case of using explicit double casting, an internal compiler error occurs: Internal error: [GoBinaryExprCvm::Evaluate]: bad operator Example void test (void) { (void) (unsigned short int) ((*(unsigned short *)0xF06E6)); Workaround Either remove the (void) cast or make the pointer cast volatile: (void) (unsigned short int) ((*(unsigned short volatile *)0xF06E6))

No. C4	Scratch Registers are not saved in Interrupt Service Routine
	IAR Reference: EW25593
	Details
	Interrupt service routines using the new Renesas calling convention (v2) fail to save the scratch registers. This occurs independently of the used optimization.
	<u>Example</u>
	<pre>far const unsigned char data[] = { 0xfa, 0xfa, 0xfa}; unsigned long v1;</pre>
	<pre>#pragma vector = 0x7Ainterrupt void isr01(void) { v1 = (unsigned long)&data[0]; }</pre>
	Workaround
	Change the calling convention of the for the interrupt service routine:
	v1_callinterrupt void isr01(void)
	<pre>{ v1 = (unsigned long)&data[0]; }</pre>

No. C5	Internal Compiler Error: Illegal State
	IAR Reference: EW25713
	Details
	Far pointers that have a constant value (known at compile time) that points into the short address area can generate an internal error.
	<u>Example</u>
	<pre>typedef union { struct { unsigned char p10 :1; unsigned char p11 :1; unsigned char reservel:6; }; unsigned char all; } SFRDEF;</pre>
	<pre>typedef union { SFRDEF byte; } SFR;</pre>
	far SFR sfr @(0xFFF01) ;
	<pre>void test(void) { sfr.byte.p10 = 0; sfr.byte.all = 0; }</pre>
	Workaround
	Avoid absolute addressing by using a user defined data segment:
	#pragma dataseg=saddr MySeg far SFR sfr; #pragma dataseg= default

o. C6	Wrong Code may generated for Instructions using Operand imm[BC]
	IAR Reference: EW25763
	Details
	Instructions that have one operand of type imm[BC] can in some cases generate wrong offsets to BC if the offset is a constant (not a label).
	<u>Example</u>
	<pre>#define D (*((volatile Tnear *)(0x1234)))</pre>
	<pre>typedef struct { unsigned char c[10]; } T;</pre>
	<pre>int i = 0; int j;</pre>
	<pre>void test(void) { j = D.c[i]; // wrong generated code: // 000004 49 3412 MOV A, (0x1234)[BC] ;; 1 cycle</pre>
	D.c[i] = j; // correct code: // 000013 48 1234 MOV (0x1234)[BC], A ;; 1 cycle
	}
	<u>Workaround</u> None.

No. C7	Inconsistency of extended Keywordmonitor
	IAR Reference: EW25971
	Details
	Using IAR function object attributes (likemonitor) with member functions of template classes defined outside the class definition does not work properly. Specifying the attribute both on the declaration and the definition of the function results in a nonsensical error message ("declaration is incompatible with").
	Example:
	<pre>template <typename long="" size="" t,="" unsigned=""> class buffer { monitor void clear(); };</typename></pre>
	<pre>template <typename long="" size="" t,="" unsigned="">monitor void buffer<t, size="">::clear() { // }</t,></typename></pre>
	<u>Workaround</u> None; it will be fixed in next update.

No. C8	Floating point comparison fails if the difference between the operands is one bit only.
	IAR Reference: EW26007
	Details
	A floating point comparison fails if the difference between the operands is one bit only.
	Example:
	The following code should return 0, because the value of the expression (-16777215.0F <= -16777216.0F) is false. But it returns 1.
	<pre>volatile float a; const float t = -16777216.0F;</pre>
	<pre>int main() { int ret = 0;</pre>
	<pre>a = (-16777215.0F); if(a <= -16777216.0F) ret = 1; if(a <= t)</pre>
	Workaround
	Compare with a (const) volatile variable or an external const variable instead of a constant.

No. C9 An internal error will be generated in case of accessing a section address by using sfe IAR Reference: EW25997 <u>Details</u> An internal error will be generated in case of accessing section address by using the sfe and inline Assembler. Following internal error will be thrown. Internal Error: [CoreUtil/General]: Access violation (0xc0000005) at 0040997E (reading from address 0x18) Internal Error: [CoreUtil/General]: Access violation (0xc0000005) at 0040997E (reading from address 0x18) Example: int main() { asm("MOVW SP, #LWRD(sfe(""CSTACK""))"); } Workaround Use #pragma section before accessing section addresses: #pragma section="CSTACK"

asm("MOVW SP, #LWRD(sfe(""CSTACK""))");

No. C10 An internal error will be generated in case of sequential pointer casting IAR Reference: EWRL78-506 Details An internal error can be generated in case of casting a near pointer to a short, then casting it to far pointer and then casting to a long, if optimization level medium or higher is used. Internal Error: [TaOpPrefix::GetWordIndex]: Diagnostics: Not implemented yet) Example: unsigned long 1; char ___near np; void test() l = (unsigned long) (void __far *) (unsigned short) &np; } Workaround Avoid pointer casting sequence or reduce optimization level for the function by using #pragma

lo. C11	Wrong Optimization of static local Variable
	IAR Reference: EWRL78-547
	Details
	At optimization level 'high', static local variables assigned only the constants 0 and 1, but initialized with another value, can be optimized incorrectly.
	Example:
	<pre>typedef enum { tt1 = 0, tt2, tInvalid } tMyTpe;</pre>
	int g1, g2;
	<pre>void test() { static tMyTupe v1;</pre>
	if (g1 < g2) && (v1 != tt2) {
	}
	Workaround
	Set initial start value of the first struct member to 1:
	<pre>typedef enum { tt1 = 1, tt2, tInvalid } tMyTpe;</pre>

No. C12 Inserted NOP after DIVWU/DIVHU Instruction moved (cross call optimization) IAR Reference: EWRL78-576 Details The compiler adds a NOP instruction for the RL78 S3 MCU core after every DIVWU and DIVHU instruction as a workaround for an error in the MCU. However, the cross call optimizer will in some cases move an instruction in between the DIVHU/DIVWU instruction and the NOP. This happens only if cross call optimization is activated. Example: None Workaround Disable the cross call optimization by using the compiler option --no_crosscall

No. C13 The C library function isblank(c) will in some cases erroneously return true

IAR Reference: EW26558/EWRL78-584

<u>Details</u>

The C library function isblank(c) will in some cases erroneously return true for a few characters (h, n, r and v).

<u>Example</u>

```
if( isblank( '\v' ) ) {
   printf( "This line will be printed in case of wrong return value!!!" );
}
Workaround
```

Workaround None

No. C14 Switch statement inside recursive function does not work correctly. IAR Reference: EW26549/EWRL78-585

Details

On optimization level -Om or higher the compiler can generate erroneous code for functions with a recursive call followed directly by a switch statement where one of the switch cases has the only effect that the function exits.

<u>Example</u>

```
#include <stdio.h>
int val = 0;
void func( int p )
{
  if(p > 0) {
    func( -1 );
    switch( val ) {
    case 0 :
      val = 1;
      break ;
    case 1 :
      val = 2;
      break ;
    default :
      break ;
    ł
  }
}
int main( void )
{
  func( 1 );
  if( val != 1 ) {
   printf( "FAILED" );
  } else {
    printf( "OK");
  }
Workaround
None
```

No. C15 Error in case a simple character literal is followed by a wide character literal IAR Reference: EW26564/EWRL78-587 Details If the code contains a simple character literal followed by a wide character literal, an error is issued. See Example. Example wchar_t buf[] = L"1""2" ; Error: [Pe1282]: string literals with different character kinds cannot be concatenated Workaround Workaround

None

No. C16	Range error on nextXXX() functions
	IAR Reference: EWRL78-603
	<u>Details</u>
	The range error occurs when the first argument of the following function is 0.0 nextafter / nextafterf / nextafterl / nexttoward / nexttowardf / nexttowardl.
	Example
	<pre>#include <stdio.h> #include <string.h> #include <math.h> #include <errno.h></errno.h></math.h></string.h></stdio.h></pre>
	<pre>int main(void) { errno = 0 ;</pre>
	nextafter(0.0, 1.0) ;
	<pre>if (errno == 0) { printf("OK") ; } else { printf("NG") ; }</pre>
	return(0) ; }
	<u>Workaround</u> None

No. C17	No output to stdout when putchar(-1) is used
	IAR Reference: EWRL78-606
	Details
	The library function putchar() does not handle the input value -1 according to the standard. Instead of printing '\0377' (-1 casted to unsigned char) to stdout and return this value it does not output anything and returns -1.
	<u>Example</u>
	<pre>#include <stdio.h> #include <string.h> #include <math.h> #include <errno.h></errno.h></math.h></string.h></stdio.h></pre>
	<pre>int main(void) { errno = 0 ; nextafter(0.0, 1.0) ;</pre>
	<pre>if (errno == 0) { printf("OK") ; } else { printf("NG") ; }</pre>
	return(0) ; }
	<u>Workaround</u>
	Cast the parameter to unsigned char when calling putchar.

```
putchar((unsigned char)-1);
```

No. C18	Different return value between iswctype and iswblank
	IAR Reference: EWRL78-602 / EW26582
	Details
	The return value of iswctype(wc, wctype("blank")) and the return value of iswblank(wc) are NOT same.
	res1 = iswblank(L' ') ;
	IAO/IEC9899:1999 describes that iswctype(wc, wctype("blank")) and iswblank(wc) have the same return value.
	++++ IAO/IEC9899:1999 : 7.25.2.2.1 The iswctype function Each of the following expressions has a truth-value equivalent to the call to the wide character classification function (7.25.2.1) in the comment that follows the expression: iswctype(wc, wctype("blank")) // iswblank(wc) ++++
	<u>Example</u>
	<pre>#include <stdio.h> #include <wctype.h></wctype.h></stdio.h></pre>
	<pre>int main(void) { int res1, res2 ;</pre>
	<pre>res1 = iswblank(L' ') ; res2 = iswctype(L' ', wctype("blank")) ;</pre>
	<pre>if(resl != res2) { printf("NG") ; } else { printf(OK") ; }</pre>
	return(0) ; }
	Workaround
	None

No. C19	%Z format output for strftime is wrong
	IAR Reference: EWRL78-605 / EW26595
	Details
	By default the character ":" is used as a replacement for %Z if the application has not implemented time zone handling. However, here the value 0x00 will be written instead of 0x3A ":".
	<u>Example</u>
	<pre>#include <stdio.h> #include <time.h> #include <string.h></string.h></time.h></stdio.h></pre>
	<pre>int main(void) { char expected[] = ":"; char result[100]; struct tm input;</pre>
	<pre>input.tm_sec = 0 ; input.tm_min = 0 ; input.tm_hour = 0 ; input.tm_mday = 1 ; input.tm_mon = 0 ; input.tm_year = 0 ; input.tm_year = 0 ; input.tm_yday = 0 ; input.tm_isdst = 0 ;</pre>
	<pre>strftime(result, 100, "%Z", &input) ; if(strcmp(result, expected) == 0) { printf("OK") ; } else { printf("NG") ; }</pre>
	return(0) ; }
	Workaround

None

No. C20	Square root function in the floating point library returns +0.0 for sqrt(-0.0)
	IAR Reference: EWRL78-607 / EW26605
	Details
	The square root function in the floating point library returns +0.0 for sqrt(-0.0) and not -0.0 as the standard specifies.
	Example
	<pre>#include <stdio.h> #include <math.h></math.h></stdio.h></pre>
	<pre>volatile float sqrt_result; float compare_value = -0.0f;</pre>
	<pre>unsigned long int * value_1 = (unsigned long int *)&sqrt_result; unsigned long int * value_2 = (unsigned long int *)&compare_value;</pre>
	int main(void) {
	<pre>sqrt_result = sqrt(-0.0f);</pre>
	<pre>if(*value_1 == *value_2){ printf("OK"); } else { printf("NG"); }</pre>
	return(0) ; }
	<u>Workaround</u>
	None
No. C21	errno() might cause a range error
---------	---
	IAR Reference: EWRL78-604 / EW26577
	Details
	errno() might cause a range error if the first argument to a function is ±DBL_MIN and the sign of the second argument is opposite to the first argument.
	<u>Example</u>
	<pre>#include <stdio.h> #include <string.h> #include <math.h> #include <errno.h> #include <float.h></float.h></errno.h></math.h></string.h></stdio.h></pre>
	<pre>int main(void) { errno = 0 ; nextafter(DBL_MIN, -0.1) ;</pre>
	<pre>if (errno == 0) { printf("OK") ; } else { printf("NG") ; }</pre>
	return(0) ; }

<u>Workaround</u> None

No. C22	Wrong result in case of Complex_I multiplication with -0.0
	IAR Reference: EWRL78-601 / EW26599
	Details
	A multiplication of a real floating point type (r1) with a complex type will promote r1 to a complex type before the multiplication. This will produce undesirable results when infinite number, NaNs, or -0.0:s are involved. The same thing happens when you divide a complex type with a real floating type.
	<u>Example</u>
	<pre>#include <stdio.h> #include <math.h> #include <complex.h> #include <string.h></string.h></complex.h></math.h></stdio.h></pre>
	<pre>int main(void) { complex double d = -0.0 * _Complex_I ; char real[10], image[10] ;</pre>
	<pre>sprintf(real, "%g", creal(d)) ; sprintf(image, "%g", cimag(d)) ;</pre>
	<pre>if((strcmp(real, "-0") != 0) (strcmp(image, "-0") != 0)) { printf("%-12s %04d:NG [-0][-0]>[%s][%s]\n",FILE,LINE, real, image) ; } else { printf("%-12s %04d:OK\n",FILE,LINE) ; }</pre>
	return(0) ; }
	<u>Workaround</u> None

No. C23	Function cosh() does not set errno()
	IAR Reference: EWRL78-612 / EW26609
	Details
	The standard library function cosh() called with an infinite does not set errno() to EDOM (domain error) as expected.
	<u>Example</u>
	<pre>#include <stdio.h> #include <stdio.h> #include <string.h> #include <math.h> #include <math.h> #include <erno.h> int main(void) {</erno.h></math.h></math.h></string.h></stdio.h></stdio.h></pre>
	}

```
<u>Workaround</u>
None
```

lo. C24	A const long long int array element value is not referenced correctly
	IAR Reference: EWRL78-646
	<u>Details</u>
	The compiler can sometimes fail to calculate correct live ranges for local long long arrays causing them to share the same stack space with other local variables.
	<u>Example</u>
	<pre>#include <stdio.h></stdio.h></pre>
	<pre>int flg = 0 ;</pre>
	<pre>void sub(void);</pre>
	<pre>void sub(void) {</pre>
	<pre>int i ; const signed long long int ary[1] = { 0LL } ;</pre>
	<pre>for (i = 0 ; i < 1 ; i++) { if (ary[i] != 0LL) { flg++ ; } }</pre>
	} }
	<pre>int main(void) { sub();</pre>
	<pre>if(!flg) { printf("%-12s %04d:OK\n",FILE,LINE) ; } else { printf("%-12s %04d:NG\n",FILE,LINE) ; }</pre>
	return(0) ; }
	<u>Workaround</u> None

No. C25 If there are multiple if-statements that refer to function argument values, value judgment is incorrect. IAR Reference: EWRL78-644 Details The compiler can sometimes remove 16-bit compares in if statements if the variable value instead of being re-read is restored by adding a constant before the compare. **Example** #include <stdio.h> void sub(signed int); void sub(signed int a) { if (a > 10) { printf("%-12s %04d:NG [1]\n", __FILE__, __LINE__) ; } else if (a > 0 && a <= 10) if (a > 0 && a <= 10) { printf("%-12s %04d:NG [2]\n", __FILE__, __LINE__) ; } else if (a >= -10 && a < 0) { printf("%-12s %04d:OK\n", __FILE__, __LINE__) ; } }

int main(void)

Workaround

sub(0) ;
return(0) ;

{

}

None

```
No. C26
           A long long int array element value with auto storage duration is not referenced
           correctly.
           IAR Reference: EWRL78-645
           Details
           The compiler can sometimes fail to calculate correct live ranges for local long long arrays
           causing them to share the same stack space with other variables.
           Example
           #include <stdio.h>
           int flg = 0 ;
           #define N 2
           void func( void );
           void func( void )
           {
                         int i ;
                        long long int a[N] = \{ 0, 1 \};
                        }
           }
           int main( void )
           {
                        func() ;
                         if( flg == 0 ) {
                                      printf( "%-12s %04d:OK\n", __FILE__, __LINE__ ) ;
                         } else {
                                      printf( "%-12s %04d:NG\n", __FILE__, __LINE__ ) ;
                         }
                        return( 0 ) ;
           }
           <u>Workaround</u>
           None
```

```
No. C27
           A long long int array element value is not referenced using the const pointer correctly
           within the for-statement.
           IAR Reference: EWRL78-640/EWRL78-641
           Details
           Taking the address of a local long long array/struct and using it to initialize a local long long
           pointer can cause the two variables to share the same stack address.
           Example
           #include <stdio.h>
           int flg = 0 ;
           void sub( void );
           void sub( void )
           {
                        int i ;
                        signed long long int ary[1] = { OLL } ;
                        const signed long long int *ptr = &ary[0] ;
                        flg++;
                                      }
                        }
           }
           int main( void )
           {
                        sub() ;
                        if( !flg ) {
                                      printf( "%-12s %04d:OK\n", __FILE__, __LINE__ ) ;
                        } else {
                                      printf( "%-12s %04d:NG\n", __FILE__, __LINE__ ) ;
                        }
                        return( 0 ) ;
           }
           Workaround
           None
```

No. C28	printf outputs nothing after long long int two-dimension arrays operation
	IAR Reference: EWRL78-638
	Details
	The compiler can sometimes fail to calculate correct live ranges for local long long arrays causing them to share the same stack space.
	<u>Example</u>
	<pre>#include <stdio.h> int flg = 0 ; void sub(void);</stdio.h></pre>
	<pre>void sub(void) { int i, j; signed long long int ary1[1][6] = { { 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, } }; signed long long int ary2[1][6] = { { 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, } }; for(i = 0; i < 1; i++) for(j = 0; j < 6; j++) { ary1[i][j] -= ary2[i][j];</pre>
	<pre>int main(void) { sub(); if(!flg) { printf("%-12s %04d:OK\n",FILE,LINE); } else { printf("%-12s %04d:NG\n",FILE,LINE); } return(0); }</pre>
	<u>Workaround</u> None

No. C29	Internal Compiler Error: Double Defined Interrupt Vector
	IAR Reference: EWRL78-705/EWRL78-675
	Details
	Internal Compiler error will be thrown if a interrupt vector is double defined.
	<u>Example</u>
	<pre>#define my1_vect (0x3E) #define my2_vect (0x3E)</pre>
	<pre>#pragma vector=myl_vect, my2_vect staticinterrupt void my_interrupt (void) {</pre>
	}
	Following internal error will be thrown.
	Tool Internal Error: Internal Error: [Front end]: assertion failed: construct_message: not all fill-ins used (\\Translator\compiler_core\src\parser\edg\error.c, line 3989)
	S Internal Error: [Front end]: assertion failed: construct_message: not all fill-ins used (\\Translator\compiler_core\src\parser\edg\error.c, line 3989)
	 Tool Internal Error: Internal Error: [OgModuleLabels::Def::Define]: Label already defined:interrupt_0x3E Internal Error: [OgModuleLabels::Def::Define]: Label already defined:interrupt_0x3E Error while running C/C++ Compiler
	<u>Workaround</u> None

No. C30	Files based on the UTF-8 (BOM) format cannot be compiled
	IAR Reference: EWRL78-719
	Details
	The compiler emits "Error[Pe007]: unrecognized token" for UTF-8 (BOM) encoded source files.
	<u>Example</u> None
	<u>Workaround</u> None

No. C31	Compiler can generate faulty code for 8-bit logical and arithmetic operations
	IAR Reference: EWRL78-699
	<u>Details</u>
	Depending on the register allocation, the compiler can generate faulty code for 8-bit logical and arithmetic operations where one of the operands is an indirection of a pointer.
	<u>Example</u>
	<pre>static unsigned char cs_check(COMM_INFO *pi) {</pre>
	RCV_DATA *pp; unsigned char rtn; unsigned char cs; unsigned int i, dtlen;
	<pre>pp = &pi->Rx; cs = 0; dtlen = pp->Len; for(i = 0; i < dtlen; i++)</pre>
	<pre>{ cs ^= pp->Buf[i]; } if(cs == 0)</pre>
	<pre>{ /* CheckByte OK */</pre>
	<pre>{ /* CheckByte Ng */</pre>
	<pre>return rtn; }</pre>
	Workaround
	Declare one of the operands volatile.

lo. C32	Data model will be ignored in case of using #pragma constseg
	IAR Reference: EWRL78-698
	Details
	#pragma constseg defaults to near memory regardless of selected data model.
	Example
	If project data model is set to far the constant TSV in the example shall be treated as far constant. However, in the example below the TSV constant will be treated as near constant whereas the data model is far.
	<pre>const unsigned char TCV = 0x33; #pragma constseg=far "TSFar" const unsigned char TSVfar = 0x55; #pragma constseg="TS" const unsigned char TSV = 0x77; #pragma constseg = default</pre>
	unsigned char TC; unsigned char TSfar; unsigned char TS;
	<pre>void main(void) { TC = TCV; TSfar = TSVfar; TS = TSV; }</pre>
	<u>Workaround</u> Specify a memory attribute when you use #pragma constseg:
	#pragma constseg=far "MY_SEG"

No. C33 Inline Assembler instruction generates an illegal syntax error

IAR Reference: EWRL78-747

<u>Details</u>

The instruction MOV ES, S:label generates an illegal syntax error.

Example

```
__saddr unsigned char _AA;
int main( void )
{
        asm("MOV ES, S:_AA");
        return _AA;
}
<u>Workaround</u>
None
```

No. C34	Error in floating point division
	IAR Reference: EWRL78-769
	Details
	Casting (explicit or implicit) a subnormal float to a double can cause the program to loop endlessly if the exact value of the float is 0x00100000. For other large subnormal values the result will be incorrect (values between 0x00080000-0x000FFFF).
	<u>Example</u>
	None
	Workaround
	A workaround is to keep all operations in the float domain if possible.
	Example: f * 1.0 change it to f * 1.0f

No. C35	Memory dependency problem
	IAR Reference: EWRL78-770
	Details
	Due to a memory dependency problem, the compiler might generate slightly different code depending on which software license locking criteria is used. The code correctness is not affected.
	<u>Example</u>
	None
	Workaround
	A workaround is to keep all operations in the float domain if possible.
	Example: f * 1.0 change it to f * 1.0f

No. C36 Casting two far pointers to long integer and saving the difference will result in a wrong subtraction IAR Reference: EWRL78-774 Details Calculating a memory area size by casting two far pointers to long integer and saving the difference will result in a subtraction of the index part of the pointers, i.e. the lower 16 bits, instead of the expected 32-bit subtraction. Example u_32 GetMemAreaSize(u_32 const __far *pMemAreaStart, u_32 const __far *pMemAreaEnd) { u_32 MemAreaSize = 0; MemAreaSize = (u_32) ((u_32)pMemAreaEnd - (u_32)pMemAreaStart); GetMemAreaSize returns incorrect result 0xFFFFFFFE when called with 0x10002 & 0x30000. Correct value is 0x1FFFE.

Workaround

```
u_32 GetMemAreaSize(u_32 const __far *pMemAreaStart, u_32 const __far *pMemAreaEnd){
    u_32 MemAreaSize = 0;
    MemAreaSize = (u_32)((u_32 const __huge *)pMemAreaEnd - (u_32 const __huge *)pMemAreaStart);
    return MemAreaSize;
}
```

No. C37 Internal error will be thrown in case optimization "Function inlining" is activated IAR Reference: EWRL78-788 Details When using the function inlining optimization with far data model, accessing the first struct member via a pointer to said struct might cause an internal error. Workaround None

No. C38 Incorrect code will be generated if Compiler optimization "Common subexpression elimination" is active IAR Reference: EWRL78-779 Details Subtraction of char values can fail if there are two or more subtractions following each other where the minuends has the same value.

Workaround

Disable Compiler optimization "Common subexpression elimination".

No. C39	C++ Compiler can generate incorrect code for comparisons of floating-point numbers
	IAR Reference: EWRL78-773
	Details
	The C++ compiler can generate incorrect code for comparisons of floating-point numbers, on all optimization levels. If at least one of the numbers is NaN, the result of the comparison is sometimes reversed.
	Workaround
	None.

No. C40	Byte order of the offset in the opcode for MOVW offset[BC/B/C],AX is swapped.
	IAR Reference: EWRL78-827
	Details
	The byte order of the offset in the opcode for MOVW offset[BC/B/C],AX is swapped. This only affects assembler code and C inline assembler, as the C/C++ compiler does not generate this instruction. Other instructions that use this address mode work correctly.
	Example:
	asm("movw 0xdf22[BC],AX");
	The above listed MOVW inline instruction will generate a wrong OP code: 78 22DF \rightarrow correct OP code shall be 78 DF22
	Workaround
	Manually swap byte order for the offset to BC/B/C for the instruction MOVW offset[BC/B/C], AX:
	$asm("movw 0xdf22[BC],AX"); \rightarrow asm("movw 0x22df[BC],AX");$

No. C41 long long operations which are using the __Mul64 function are not reentrant IAR Reference: EWRL78-650, EWRL78-647, EWRL78-648, EWRL78-646, EWRL78-641,

<u>IAR Reference:</u> EWRL78-650, EWRL78-647, EWRL78-648, EWRL78-646, EWRL78-64 EWRL78-638

<u>Details</u>

Operations on long long variables might access the IAR __Mul64 library function which is using the RL78 MACH instruction. By executing the MACH instruction, the result will be stored into the MACR register. Since the __Mul64 function doesn't backup/restore the contents of MACR register that function is not reentrant and shall not be used inside of ISRs.

Workaround

Disable interrupts during the operation of long long variables were __Mul64 is used or avoid using long operations inside of ISRs.

No. C42 Faulty code for switches if the code for the switch and its associated cases span across a 64k border

IAR Reference: EWRL78-831

<u>Details</u>

A program built with far code model, or using __far_func functions, can generate faulty code for switches if the code for the switch and its associated cases span across a 64k border. This only happens for one specific switch pattern. To check if the code might have this bug, check the compiler list files and the linker map file for labels containing the string VSWITCH.

Workaround

Change the placement of section .textf in the linker file from ROM_huge to ROM_far.

No. C43 Constants located outside of the near area (flash mirror) cannot be used as parameter for printf function IAR Reference: EWRL78-800 Details The printf function cannot handle a pointer which points to a memory area outside of the near area (flash mirror). Example: #pragma location=0x10000 __root __far const my_const[]="hello"; int main(void) { printf(my_const); } Workaround Copy the data from the constant into a RAM buffer and pass that buffer to the printf function.

No. C44 **Copying several bits (1-bit bitfields) in sequence to the same destination byte** can generate faulty code on optimization level medium or higher.

IAR Reference: EWRL78-883

<u>Details</u>

Copying several bits (1-bit bitfields) in sequence to the same destination byte can generate faulty code on optimization level medium or higher.

Example:

No. C45	⁵ The tools crash when try to enter the debugger with E1 or E20.			
	IAR Reference: EWRL78-903			
	Details			
	E1 and E20 emulators cannot update firmware due to missing files in the installation. This leads to a crash in the debug driver.			
	Workaround			
	Install a new instance of EWRL78 V4.21.1 and copy the following files to EWRL78 V4.21.3:			
	Files from EWRL78 V4.21.1 <iar_install_folder>\rl78\config\renesas\execs\BfwE20rl78_V152.s <iar_install_folder>\rl78\config\renesas\execs\BfwE20mini2_V131.s</iar_install_folder></iar_install_folder>			
	Copy to the following folder in EWRL78 V4.21.3 <iar_install_folder>\rl78\config\renesas\execs</iar_install_folder>			

No. C46 Accessing the SFR area (0xFFF00) via near_pointer+index throws an error in case of Compiler optimization "Medium" and higher.

IAR Reference: EWRL78-991

Details

Initializing a near pointer with a constant value can generate illegal instructions on medium or high optimization levels. It mainly occurs with array and pointer indexing with a variable as index, i.e. ptr[index] or *(ptr+index).

Sample:

```
volatile char i = 3;
volatile char *firstIOAddress = (char *)0xFF00u;
/* error by reading access + index */
```

Following Compiler error will be thrown:

retVal = *(firstIOAddress+i); retVal = firstIOAddress[i];

main.c
 Error[As025]: Limit exceeded: Allowed range is 0 - 0xfff (0 - 65535), value is 0xfff00 (1048320)
 Error[As025]: Limit exceeded: Allowed range is 0 - 0xfff (0 - 65535), value is 0xfff00 (1048320)
 Error while running C/C++ Compiler

Workaround

Lower optimization level or make the pointer variable volatile or initialize the pointer in another file.

J) Description of Operating Precautions for Linker ILINKRL78 and ELF-Tools

No. D1	Runtime Model Conflict using far Runtime-Library-Calls
	IAR Reference EW25570
	<u>Details</u> In case of using far runtime-library-calls, the following linker error occurs as a matching runtime library variant is missing:
	<pre>Error[Li009]: runtime model conflict: Moduledbg_xxexit.o(dbgrl78fnf23d.a) specifies that 'far_rt_calls' must be 'false', but module <xxxxx.o> has the value 'true'</xxxxx.o></pre>
	Using far runtime library calls is only necessary, if the runtime library itself shall be executed in RAM. The feature can be enabled in the GUI or by compiler command line option "generate_far_runtime_library_calls" :
	Options for node "EWRL78_210x_dummy"
	Category: C/C++ Compiler Assembler Output Converter Custom Buid Buid Actions Linker Debugger E1 E20 IECUBE Simulator TK Near Data model Near Override default addresses Start address: Mirror ROM 0 Oxf3000 Mirror ROM 0 Oxf3000
	OK Cancel
	<u>Workaround</u> Use a customer specific runtime library build with option 'Using far runtime library calls 'enabled.

IAR Reference EW25758						
<u>Details</u> Although located in ROM memory memory in the linker map file mod In the following sample the block created':	dule summ	ary.		-		
**************************************	*****	* * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * *	*****	* * * * * * * * * *	: * *
Module		ro data		(abs)	(abs)	
C:\\QB-R5F10BMG-TB\startupsa			\Debug\0b			
globals.o	24		8	6		
interrupt.o low_level_initialization.o	24 137			6 14	41	
main.o	119			14	1	
Total:	280		8	20	42	
command line: [2]						
Total:						
dbgrl78nnf23nd.a: [3]						
dbg_break.o	3					
dbg_xxexit.o	15					
Total:	18					
dlrl78nnf23n.a: [4]						
cexit.o	5					
cstartup.o	56					
data_init.o	66					
exit.o huge_zero_init.o	3 107					
Total:	237					
	251	_				
Linker created			640 			
Grand Total:	535	24	648	20	42	
Workaround						

No. D3	Routines for HW-Multiplier/Division Unit don't support far runtime library calls					
	IAR Reference EW25784					
	<u>Details</u> The assembler routines for the Hardware Multiplier/Division Unit don't support far runtime library calls and therefore cause a linker error:					
	<pre>Error[Lp002]: relocation failed: value out of range or illegal: with >place at address mem:0x20000 { ro section .text object LibReplacement.o };</pre>					
	Workaround					

None. Will be fixed in next update

No. D4 Internal error will be thrown if the section to be copied by "initialize manually" or "initialize by copy" feature is not placed

IAR Reference EW25983

Details

By using the linker copy feature initialize manually or initialize by copy, a linker internal error will be generated if the section to be copied is not located in memory.

Error[Lc036]: no block or place matches the pattern "rw code section RAMSECTION in main.o symbols: [_ram_func]" Tool Internal Error: Internal Error: [CoreUtil/General]: Access violation (0xc0000005) at 00441C1C (reading from address 0x4) Internal Error: [CoreUtil/General]: Access violation (0xc000005) at 00441C1C (reading from address 0x4)

Workaround

Define all the sections which shall be copied via "initialize manually" or "initialize by copy".

No. D5 The symbol _NEAR_CONST_LOCATION_SIZE will be wrong calculated if Mirror ROM 1 is selected

Now listed as IDE bug. See No. A6

No. D6	Constant Data with Memory Attribute 'near' are treated as 'readwrite' Data in the Map File
	IAR Reference: EWRL78-527
	Details
	Constants defined with thenear memory attribute are included as "read-write" memory in the linker map file module summary.
	Example:
	<pre>root const char my_const[4] = {0x11, 0x22, 0x33, 0x44};</pre>
	For data model near the linker map file shows the following results:
	157 bytes of readonly code memory 4 bytes of readonly data memory 132 bytes of readwrite data memory
	However, the above 4 byte array is a constant and therefore shall be added to the readonly memory instead of readwrite memory. Below you can see the correct results:
	161 bytes of readonly code memory 4 bytes of readonly data memory 128 bytes of readwrite data memory
	<u>Workaround</u> None. Will be fixed in next update.

No. D7	The linker does not issue a warning if more than one interrupt function uses the same interrupt vector.
	IAR Reference: EWRL78-566
	Details
	Using of the same interrupt vector for two or more interrupt functions will not lead to a linker warning or error.
	Example:
	####### File1.c ########
	<pre>staticinterrupt void clock_monitor_interrupt(void);</pre>
	<pre>#pragma vector = INTCLM_vect staticinterrupt void clock_monitor_interrupt(void) { no_operation(); }</pre>
	####### File2.c ########
	<pre>staticinterrupt void other_interrupt(void);</pre>
	<pre>#pragma vector = INTCLM_vect staticinterrupt void other_interrupt(void) { no_operation(); }</pre>
	<u>Workaround</u> None, Will be fixed in next update.

No. D8	Switch/case statement over 64KB page
	IAR Reference: EWRL78-687
	Details
	 A function using switches can fail if the switch is big enough to use a table and the switch cases are placed by the linker so that some of them end up in different 64k pages
	<u>Workaround</u> Use pragma location to place the function in its own section and add that section to the ROMFAR block in the linker file.
	#pragma location=".my64kp" void test() {
	}
	<pre>"ROMFAR":place in ROM_far { block INIT_ARRAY,</pre>

No. D9	sfb() returns wrong address for section .text
	IAR Reference: EWRL78-753
	<u>Details</u>
	Usingsfb() to read the start of section .text in C/C++ can result in a wrong address being returned.
	Example: Start address of .text section is 0x300A.
	Wrong result according to this bug: sfb(".text") \rightarrow 0xF300A
	Correct: sfb(".text") → 0x300A
	<u>Workaround</u> Mask with 0xFFFF to get a correct result for .text.

End address of SADDR region is wrong				
IAR Reference: -				
Details				
In all linker configuration file templates (*.icf) of the RL78/G10 series (R5F10Y14, R5F10Y16, R5F10Y17, R5F10Y44, R5F10Y46, R5F10Y47) the end address of the SDDR area is wrong. It must be 0xFFEDF instead of 0xFFEF7:				
<u>Workaround</u> Change the end address manually in the linker file.				
Example for device R5F10Y14:				
<pre>define region SADDR = mem:[from 0xFFE60 to 0xFFEF7];</pre>				
change to				
<pre>define region SADDR = mem:[from 0xFFE60 to 0xFFEDF];</pre>				

No. D11	Linker can terminate with an internal error if other (relevant) linking errors are present					
	IAR Reference: EWRL78-784					
	Details					
	When linking object files generated with a compiler using themfc and discard_unused_publics options, the linker can terminate with an internal error if other (relevant) linking errors are present at the same time					
	<u>Workaround</u> None					

No. D12	Internal error will be thrown in during linking object files generated by the Renesas compiler
	IAR Reference: EWRL78-784, EWRL78-801
	<u>Details</u>
	When linking object files generated by the Renesas compiler (e.g. FSL, FDL and EEL), that contains symbols in meta sections (like the section symbol for a .rela relocation section), the linker might display non deterministic behavior for repeated builds. It can either successfully link the project, generate warnings (or errors), or terminate with an internal error.
	<u>Workaround</u> None

No. D13	Error will be thrown by using the ielftool and filler bytes					
	IAR Reference: EWRL78-811					
	<u>Details</u>					
	When generating filler bytes in applications where the segment ends on address X and the fill range ends on address X+1, ielftool fails to generate fill for address X+1.					
	If the byte on address X+1 is accessed by: a) the checksum generator, this will trigger an error (uninitialized content). b) the application itself, this will result in a read of uninitialized memory, the byte value is undefined.					
	<u>Workaround</u> A workaround for this problem is to instead fill to address X (the last byte of the segment) or X+2 (or possibly more than 2, if X+1 has to be filled).					
No. D14	EWRL78 ielftoolfill option doesn't fill the first byte of unused area if the END address defined forfill points					
	IAR Reference: EWRL78-1013					
	Details					
	When generating filler bytes in applications where the segment ends on address X and the fill range ends on address X+1, ielftool fails to generate fill for address X+1. If the byte on address X+1 is accessed by:					
	 a) the checksum generator, which will trigger an error (uninitialized content). b) the application itself, which will result in a read of uninitialized memory, the byte value is undefined. 					
	Workaround					
	A workaround for this problem is to instead fill to address X (the last byte of the segment) or X+2 (or possibly more than 2, if X+1 actually has to be filled).					
	Another workaround is to use ielftool v10.11.1 or newer.					
No. D15	Hardware multiplication replacement routines for 64-bit cannot be placed above the address 0xFFFF					
	IAR Reference: EWRL78-1055					
	Details					
	The hardware multiplication replacement routines for 64-bit integers must be placed in the address range 0x0'0000-0x0'FFFF to avoid relocation errors while linking.					
	Workaround					

Avoid using the hardware multiplier 64-bit replacement routines or make sure to place them in the first 64k code area.

No. D16 Initializing data can fail if the block to copy is too big to fit inside the first available block in ROM IAR Reference: EWRL78-1056 Details Using the initialize method copy to initialize data can fail if the block to copy is too big to fit inside the first available block in ROM, and the linker is forced to split it into two or more source parts while still maintaining a single destination part. Example for "block in ROM" marked in yellow: define region ROM_far = mem: [from 0x000D8 to 0x03D8] | mem: [from 0x10000 to 0x103F0] ; Workaround Either make sure there is enough space in the first block used for the init data, or make sure to shrink the usable space in the first block by either filling it with stuff or shrinking the size of the block.

K) Description of Operating Precautions for Debugger C-SPY

No. E1 E1 C-SPY Driver: Debug Session closed after Error 'Flash macro service ROM accessed or stepped in' IAR Reference EW25668 Details The debug session is closed after error 'Flash macro service ROM accessed or stepped in' occurs. The error occurs, if a breakpoint is defined at a jump instruction while the Flash sequencer is active due to usage of a Renesas Flash Libraries. As the sequencer works asynchrony to program execution, the sequencer status is unknown to the user. Due to the breakpoint C-SPY will use a step command to proceed even if the user command is "Go". Workaround Don't place a breakpoint on jump instructions while the Flash sequencer is active.

No. E2 The C-SPY system macro __setLogBreak() does not work for emulators IAR Reference EW25840 Details The C-SPY system macro __setLogBreak() does not work for emulators like E1, IECUBE etc. It can only be used via the Simulator. Workaround None. Workaround

No. E3 IECUBE C-SPY Driver: Wrong average timer results

IAR Reference EW25913

<u>Details</u>

In some cases it might happen that the timer average result of a conditional measurement is wrong.

Example:

```
Timer 1: Pass count: 369. Average pass time: 5 msec. (total cycles: 239540413, average cycles: 649161, min cycles: 12288621, max cycles: 12288686, rate: 8.33333 nsec/cycle).
```

Workaround

None. Please ignore the average result and use the min and max values for the investigation.

No. E4 E1 C-SPY Driver: Step-in Step over doesn't work for switch case construct with more than 99 cases

IAR Reference EW25950

Details

Temporary breakpoints are used for example in case of a single-step at C level. If you exceed the number of available temporary breakpoints that the OCD driver has allocated space for, an error is generated.



<u>Workaround</u> Step at assembler level instead of at C level.

No. E5	E1 C-SPY Driver: Specifying the serial number for the E1/E20 emulator sometime causes it not to be found.			
	<u>IAR Reference</u> EWRL78-520 <u>Details</u> The E1 serial number defined by the user will sometimes not be found whereas it is the correct one.			
	Example:			
	Options for node "StartupSampleQ8-R5F100LE-TB" Category: General Options Static Analysis C/C++ Compiler Assembler Output Converter Custom Build Build Actions Linker Debugger E20 E21 tile E2-CUBE E2-CUBE Simulator TK Communication log I Use communication log file: SPROJ_DIRS\copycomm_log			
	OK Cancel			
	The debugger will throw the following warning and the debug session will be terminated.			
	E1 Warning: Emulator with serial number E1:_5DS07647C not found OK			
	<u>Workaround</u> In case there is only one E1 required you can use the automated detection of the E1 instead of entering the serial number. Please uncheck the "Serial No" checkbox in that case.			

No. E6 Wrong sampled values might be shown in the Data Sample/Sampled Graphs window in case of sampling a variable with a size of 2 bytes

IAR Reference EWRL78-533

<u>Details</u>

The sampling of two byte variables might lead to wrong values in the Data Sample or Sampled Graphs window. The probability to get a wrong value increases if the write frequency to the two byte variable is very high (e.g. toggle of the variable in a loop) and the sample period of the debugger very low (e.g. 10ms).

<u>Workaround</u> None

No. E7 **E1 C-SPY Driver: Download of an additional image might destroy a part of the original application.**

IAR Reference EWRL78-513

<u>Details</u>

During the download procedure of an image the debugger performs the following steps:

- 1) Depending on the image size and location the flash will be erased by 2KB units
- 2) Image will be written to the flash memory

If the additional image to be downloaded is located directly below of the application it might happens that a part of the application will be destroyed.

Example:

Bootloader: 0x00000 - 0x0DBFF Application: 0x0DC00 - 0x0FBFF

The above application is the main software which will be downloaded first and the bootloader will be downloaded afterwards as an image.

Because of the fact that the flash erase unit of the debugger is 2KB the image download will also erase the address 0xD800 to 0xDFFF. That means the first programmed application part (0x0DC00 to 0xDFFF) will be erased during the bootloader image download.

<u>Workaround</u>

Change the order of the download process:

- 1) Download the image with lower address range first (e.g. 0x00000 0x0DBFF)
- 2) Download the image with higher address range (e.g. 0x0DC00 0x0FBFF)

No. E8	Data sampling time not constant
	IAR Reference EWRL78-671
	<u>Details</u> The data sampling time can be configured for each variable separately with a minimum sampling of 10ms. However, because of the fact that the MS Windows is not a real-time OS the real sampling time depends on the current load of the PC and MS Windows. Therefore the data sampling time might not be constant.
	<u>Workaround</u> None

	ate interval value for the Live Watch and a. supported update interval is 10ms.	Memory Window can be set to
IDE Options		×
 Common Fonts Key Bindings Language Editor Messages Project Source Code Control Debugger Stack 	When source resolves to multiple function instances Automatically choose all instances Source code color in disassembly window Color Step into functions All functions Functions with source only Update intervals (milliseconds) Live watch: Memory window: 1 Window classification by background color	STL container expansion Depth: 10 Default integer format Decimal
		OK Cancel

No. E10 Binary image not showing symbol info in "Disassembly" window

IAR Reference EWRL78-672

<u>Details</u>

During the build process of an application it is possible to link a pure binary file via the linker option –image_input. The content of the binary file could be code or constant data. However, in the debug session the "Disassembly" window always represents that content as a constant even if an additional debug file with code is loaded to the same area.

io to	0x5000	-	Memory		•	
Disa	ssembly					
	04FFC	FF		???		
	04FFD	FF		???		
	04FFE	FF		???		
	04FFF	FF		???		
:	interrupt_	_tab_0x0	0:			
_in	terrupt_ve	ector_ta	ble:			
my	_bin:			_		
	05000	80		DC8		-128
	05001	50		DC8		interrupt_tab_0x50
INI	T_ARRAY\$\$!	Base:				
INI	T_ARRAY\$\$]					
	05002	00		DC8		0
	05003	00		DC8		0
:	interrupt_		4:			
	05004	DA		DC8		-38
	05005	50		DC8		interrupt_tab_0x50
:	interrupt_		6:			
	05006	DA		DC8		-38
	05007	50		DC8		interrupt_tab_0x50
;	interrupt_		8:			
	05008	DA		DC8		-38
	05009	50		DC8		interrupt_tab_0x50
	interrupt_		A:			
	0500A	DA		DC8		-38
	0500B	50		DC8		interrupt_tab_0x50
_	interrupt_		C:			
	0500C	DA		DC8		-38
	0500D	50		DC8		interrupt_tab_0x50
	interrupt_		E:			
	0500E	DA		DC8		-38
	0500F	50		DC8		<pre>interrupt_tab_0x50</pre>
;	interrupt_		.0:	DC9		20
	05010	DA	_	DC0		-38
rkai	round					
e						

No. E11 Simulator interrupts can go wrong if code is above 64KB IAR Reference EWRL78-756 Details Interrupts in the simulator can go wrong if the interrupt occurs when the current PC is on an address >= 64k. Workaround None

No. E12	Simulator interrupts have wrong priority levels in case of shared vector
	IAR Reference EWRL78-764
	<u>Details</u> If there are several interrupts sharing a vector, the interrupt priority levels for the simulator will be wrong for all interrupts following.
	<u>Workaround</u> None

No. E13 E1/E2 C-SPY Driver: OCD Trace automatically disabled in case Step-in/Step-over is used. IAR Reference EWRL78-771 Details OCD Trace will be automatically disabled in case the user performs a Step-in or Step-over. Workaround None

No. E14 EWRL78 hanged-up while power debugging IAR Reference EWRL78-786 Details Using power debugging in C-SPY, the IDE sometimes hangs during single-stepping. Workaround None

No. E15 In some situations, the debugger crashes when using an OCD emulator. IAR Reference EWRL78-778 Details In some situations, the debugger crashes when using an OCD emulator.

<u>Workaround</u> None

No. E16 Debugging via hot-plugin doesn't work IAR Reference EWRL78-862 Details User is able to connect to the device via hot-plugin but features like Run/Break/Stop are not available. Workaround None

No. E17	Simulator result of MACH instruction is wrong
	IAR Reference EWRL78-941
	<u>Details</u> Operation of the signed sum-of-products instruction (MACH) might be wrong in case of using the simulator for debugging.
	<u>Workaround</u> None

No. E18	Loading of extra images fails if there is data in the EEPROM memory in the extra image.					
	IAR Reference EWRL78-1078					
	<u>Details</u> Loading of extra images fails if there is data in the EEPROM memory in the extra image.					
	The problem lies in the memory cache and that the EEPROM memory is set to read only. After the main image is loaded, the cache is turned on and after that no writing of read only areas takes place.					
	<u>Workaround</u> Change the 'Type' from 0x0000A to 0x00002 in the DDF file 'Memory map information' for the EEPROM area.					
	Example of DDF file content:					
	Map2 = 0xF1000, 0xF2FFF, 0x0000A, 0x1					
	Change to:					
	Map2 = 0xF1000, 0xF2FFF, 0x00002, 0x1					
No. E19	Several registers are missing in the Register view. E.g. the register "ADCSR"					

 No. E 19
 Several registers are missing in the Register view. E.g. the register "ADCSR"

 IAR Reference
 EWRL78-1112

 Details
 If several sfr's share the same address, only one of them is used in the group descriptions used by the register window.

 Workaround
 None

No. E20	FAA breakpoints cannot be removed after setting					
	IAR Reference EWRL78-1103					
	<u>Details</u> The maximum number of breakpoints that can be set in FAA code is four. If more than four breakpoints are set, they cannot be removed again.					
	<u>Workaround</u> None					

No. E21	The execution speed decreases by approximately half when activate FAA debugging					
	IAR Reference EWRL78-1099					
	<u>Details</u> The execution speed decreases by approximately half when you activate FAA debugging, because the SFR memory is read during execution.					
	Workaround					
	None					

No. E22	The C-SPY system macrosetCodeBreak does not work with the emulator.
	IAR Reference EWRL78-1090
	<u>Details</u> The C-SPY system macrosetCodeBreak does not work with the emulator.
	<u>Workaround</u> None

L) Description of Operating Precautions for Runtime Library

No. F1	Runtime library are placed in the wrong section if generate far runtime library calls is chosen.
	IAR Reference EWRL78-497
	Details
	When building a project with the "far runtime library calls" feature and usage of integer arithmetic libraries the linker might throw a range error as shown within the following sample:
	<pre>main.c ====== long long l = 2; int main(void) { if (l < 4) return 0;</pre>
	else return 1; }
	Linker output
	<pre>IAR ELF Linker V2.21.1.1833 for RL78 Copyright 2011-2016 IAR Systems AB. Error[Lp002]: relocation failed: value out of range or illegal: 0x10044 Kind : R_RL78_DIR16U[0x4] Location: 0x10077</pre>
	<u>Workaround</u> None
No. F2	If the option "Use far runtime library calls" is used, assembler support routines from the run time library are placed in an incorrect section called ".ftext"
	IAR Reference EWRL78-496
	<u>Details</u>
	If the option "Use far runtime library calls" is used, assembler support routines from the run time library are placed in an incorrect section called ".ftext"
	<u>Workaround</u> None

No. F3 The section name .textf_unit64kp is misspelled in the linker files. IAR Reference EWRL78-511 Details The section name .textf_unit64kp is misspelled in the standard icf linker file. It is called ".text_unit64kp" instead of ".textf_unit64kp". Therefore the following warning might be thrown by the linker: ro section .text_unit64kp,

"C:\Program Files (x86)\IAR Systems\Embedded Workbench 7.4\rl78\config\lnkr5f104fj.icf",115 Warning[Lc059]: the section name in this pattern caused it to not match any sections.

Workaround

Please rename the section ".text_unit64kp" to ".textf_unit64kp".

No. F5 **Overlapping of two registers**

IAR Reference none

<u>Details</u>

Depending on the used peripherals of the device there are sometimes two register which are located at the same address. If both register are referenced by the application the linker will throw an overlapping error.

Example:

Referenced register are LMD0 and LMD1. The linker will throw the following error:

Error[e24]: Segment NEAR_A (seg part no 7, symbol "_A_LMD1" in module "sci_rl78", address [f06c8-f06c8]) overlaps segment NEAR_A (seg part no 23, symbol "_A_LMD0" in module "LIN_Drv_RL78", address [f06c8-f06c8]).

The root cause for this problem is that both register are defined in the io header file (e.g. ior5f10pgg_ext.h) for the same address but in different unions:

__near __no_bit_access __no_init volatile union { unsigned char LMD0; __BITS8 LMD0_bit; } @ 0xF06C8; __near __no_bit_access __no_init volatile union { unsigned char LMD1; __BITS8 LMD1_bit; } @ 0xF06C8;

<u>Workaround</u>

.

Add both register into one unit like shown below:

__near __no_bit_access __no_init volatile union { unsigned char LMD0; __BITS8 LMD0_bit; unsigned char LMD1; __BITS8 LMD1_bit; } @ 0xF06C8;

No. F6 Linker might fail with the internal error Distributor::TraverseRanges

IAR Reference: EWRL78-665

<u>Details</u>

In rare cases, the linker might fail with the following internal error:

Internal Error: [CoreUtil/General]: Distributor::TraverseRanges - range overshoot: 0x155a3 > 0x10000

<u>Workaround</u> None

No. F7 Libraries generated with IAR V2.xx version cannot be linked on newer IAR versions if the library includes a vector table.

IAR Reference: EWRL78-746

<u>Details</u>

In version V3.10 the handling of the interrupt vector table was changed so it could handle a movable interrupt vector table. That broke backwards compatibility with version V2.xx since the compiler now utilizes a vector table instead of placing the vectors at fixed addresses.

The result is that the vector table area is filled with the vector table and trying to link an old file with a vector entry at a fixed address will generate a placement error as the vector table area is already filled.

Workaround

Re-build the library on the version V3.xx or newer.

M) Valid Specification

ltem	Date published	Document No.	Document Title
1	November 2022	UIDERL78_I-7	IAR Embedded Workbench IDE Project Management and Building Guide
2	February 2023	DRL78-I-6a	IAR Embedded Workbench C/C++ Development Guide Compiling and Linking for RL78
3	December 2018	ARL78_I-2	IAR Embedded Workbench Assembler User Guide for RL78
4	November 2022	UCSRL78_I-5	IAR Embedded Workbench C-SPY Debugging Guide for RL78
5	April 2016	MUBROFELFRL78_I- 2	IAR Embedded Workbench Migrating from UBROF to ELF/DWARF
6	January 2011	EWMISRAC1998-4	IAR Embedded Workbench MISRA C 1998 Reference Guide
7	January 2011	EWMISRAC:2004-3	IAR Embedded Workbench MISRA C 2004 Reference Guide

N) Revision

Edition	Date published	Document No.	Comment
1	18-06-2015	R20UT3407ED0100	Initial release.
2	29-06-2015	R20UT3407ED0101	Item <u>C2</u> added.
3	15-07-2015	R20UT3407ED0102	Compiler and Assembler update to V2.10.2, items $\underline{C3}$ and $\underline{D1}$ added.
4	21-08-2015	R20UT3407ED0103	Update V2.10.3 Item <u>C4</u> added.
5	15-09-2015	R20UT3407ED0104	Item <u>E1</u> added.
6	20-10-2015	R20UT3407ED0105	Items <u>C5</u> and <u>D2</u> added.
7	22-10-2015	R20UT3407ED0106	Item <u>C6</u> added
8	16-11-2015	R20UT3407ED0107	Update EWRL78 V2.10.4 Item D3 added
9	21-12-2015	R20UT3407ED0108	Update EWRL78 V2.20.1 Item <u>C6</u> sample updated Item <u>E2</u> added.
10	01-02-2016	R20UT3407ED0109	Item <u>E3</u> added.
11	16-03-2016	R20UT3407ED0110	Item <u>C7</u> added
12	27.04.2016	R20UT3407ED0111	Item <u>A1</u> added Item <u>C8</u> added Item <u>C9</u> added Item <u>D4</u> added
13	08.07.2016	R20UT3407ED0112	Update EWRL78 V2.21.1/ V2.21.2 Item <u>E4</u> added Item <u>F1</u> added Item <u>F2</u> added
14	14.07.2016	R20UT3407ED0113	Item <u>C10</u> added
15	22.08.2016	R20UT3407ED0114	Item <u>A2</u> added, update of valid specification
16	11.10.2016	R20UT3407ED0115	Item <u>E5</u> added Item <u>F3</u> added Item <u>F5</u> added
17	23.11.2016	R20UT3407ED0116	Item <u>E6</u> added
18	21.12.2016	R20UT3407ED0117	Item <u>D5</u> added Item <u>A3</u> added
19	06.02.2017	R20UT3407ED0118	Items <u>A4</u> , <u>C11</u> , and <u>D6</u> added
20	13.03.2017	R20UT3407ED0119	Item <u>A5</u> added Item <u>D7</u> added
21	21.04.2017	R20UT3407ED0120	Update EWRL78 V2.21.5 Item <u>C12</u> added Item <u>E7</u> added

Edition	Date published	Document No.	Comment
22	09.06.2017	R20UT3407ED0121	Item C13 added Item C14 added Item C15 added Item C16 added Item C17 added Item C19 added Item C20 added Item C21 added Item C22 added Item C23 added
23	08.09.2017	R20UT3407ED0122	Item <u>C24</u> added Item <u>C25</u> added Item <u>C26</u> added Item <u>C27</u> added Item <u>C28</u> added
24	02.10.2017	R20UT3407ED0123	Update EWRL78 V3.10.1 Item <u>E8</u> added Item <u>E9</u> added Item <u>F6</u> added Specification Update (<u>Chapter M)</u>)
25	08.11.2017	R20UT3407ED0124	Item <u>A7</u> added Item <u>A8</u> added
26	21.12.2017	R20UT3407ED0125	Item <u>E10</u> added Item <u>D8</u> added
27	21.03.2018	R20UT3407ED0126	Item C29 added
28	27.07.2018	R20UT3407ED0127	Item C30 added
29	13.11.2018	R20UT3407ED0128	Item <u>C31</u> added Item <u>C32</u> added Update <u>C29</u> : Bug with the ID EWRL78-675 is same as EWRL78-705
30	30.01.2019	R20UT3407ED0129	Update EWRL78 V4.10.1
31	06.05.2019	R20UT3407ED0130	Item C33 added Item F7 added
32	13.08.2019	R20UT3407ED0131	Item <u>A9</u> added Item <u>D9</u> added Item <u>D10</u> added Item <u>E11</u> added
33	09.12.2019	R20UT3407ED0132	Update EWRL78 V4.20.1 Item <u>C34</u> added Item <u>C35</u> added Item <u>E12</u> added Item <u>E13</u> added Specification Update (<u>Chapter M)</u>

Edition	Date published	Document No.	Comment
34	20.02.2020	R20UT3407ED0133	Update EWRL78 V4.20.2 Item <u>C36</u> added Item <u>C37</u> added Item <u>C38</u> added Item <u>C39</u> added Item <u>E14</u> added Item <u>E15</u> added Item <u>D11</u> added
35	04.06.2020	R20UT3407ED0134	Item A10 added Item A11 added Item D8 updated: It showed that this error was partially fixed in v4.10. One kind of switch that requires tables was not fixed. Item D12 added
36	19.03.2021	R20UT3407ED0135	Item <u>C40</u> added Item <u>C41</u> added Item <u>D13</u> added
37	14.10.2021	R20UT3407ED0136	Update EWRL78 V4.21.1 Item <u>C26</u> updated (bug fixed in version V4.20.x) Item <u>C42</u> added Item <u>C43</u> added Item <u>E16</u> added
38	28.04.2022	R20UT3407ED0137	Update EWRL78 V4.21.2 / V4.21.3 Item <u>C44</u> added Item <u>C45</u> added
39	16.11.2022	R20UT3407ED0138	Update EWRL78 V4.21.4 Item <u>C46</u> added Item <u>E17</u> added
40	28.03.2023	R20UT3407ED0139	Update EWRL78 V5.10.1 Item <u>D14</u> added Item <u>D15</u> added Item <u>D16</u> added
41	16.10.2023	R20UT3407ED0140	Update EWRL78 V5.10.3 Item <u>A4</u> corrected for V5.10.1 Item <u>E18</u> added
42	19.02.2024	R20UT3407ED0141	Update EWRL78 V5.10.4 Item E19 added Item E20 added Item E21 added Item E22 added Item A12 added

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In case of any technical question related to the Embedded Workbench for RL78, please feel free to contact the Renesas <u>Software-Tool-Support Team</u>.



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