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M306H7T3-RPD-E

User's Manual Emulation Pod for M16C/6H Group M306H7

Renesas Electronics www.renesas.com

Rev.1.00 2005.09

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Preface

The M306H7T3-RPD-E is an emulation pod for the M16C/6H Group M306H7 of 16-bit MCUs. It is used with a PC4701 emulator (excluding the PC4700L and PC4701L).

This user's manual mainly describes specifications of the M306H7T3-RPD-E emulation pod and how to setup it. For details on the emulator main unit and emulator debugger, which are used with the M306H7T3-RPD-E, refer to each product's user's manual or online manual.

All the components of this product are shown in "1.1 Package components" (page 13). If there is any question or doubt about this product, contact your local distributor.

The related manuals for using this product are listed below. You can download the latest manuals from the Renesas Tools homepage (http://www.renesas.com/en/tools).

Related manuals

Item	Manual	
Emulator main unit	PC4701U User's Manual	
	PC4701M User's Manual	
	PC4701HS User's Manual	
Integrated development environment	High-performance Embedded Workshop User's Manual	
Emulator debugger	M16C PC4701 Emulator Debugger User's Manual	
	M3T-PD30 User's Manual	
C compiler	C compiler package for R8C/Tiny, M16C/60, 30, 20, 10 and Tiny Series	
	C Compiler User's Manual	
Assembler	C compiler package for R8C/Tiny, M16C/60, 30, 20, 10 and Tiny Series	
	Assembler User's Manual	

Important

Before using this product, be sure to read this user's manual carefully. Keep this user's manual, and refer to this when you have questions about this product.

Emulator:

The emulator in this document refers to the following products that are manufactured by Renesas Technology Corp.:

- (1) PC4701 main unit
- (2) Emulation pod
- (3) Package converter board for connecting the user system

The emulator herein does not include the customer's user system and host machine.

Purpose of use of the emulator:

This emulator is a device to support the development of a system that uses the M16C Family M16C/60 Series M16C/6H Group/M306H7 of Renesas 16bit single-chip MCUs. It provides support for system development in both software and hardware.

Be sure to use this emulator correctly according to said purpose of use. Please avoid using this emulator for other than its intended purpose of use.

For those who use this emulator:

This emulator can only be used by those who have carefully read the user's manual and know how to use it. Use of this emulator requires the basic knowledge of electric circuits, logical circuits, and MCUs.

When using the emulator:

- (1) This product is a development supporting unit for use in your program development and evaluation stages. In mass-producing your program you have finished developing, be sure to make a judgment on your own risk that it can be put to practical use by performing integration test, evaluation, or some experiment else.
- (2) In no event shall Renesas Solutions Corp. be liable for any consequence arising from the use of this product.
- (3) Renesas Solutions Corp. strives to renovate or provide a workaround for product malfunction at some charge or without charge. However, this does not necessarily mean that Renesas Solutions Corp. guarantees the renovation or the provision under any circumstances.
- (4) This product has been developed by assuming its use for program development and evaluation in laboratories. Therefore, it does not fall under the application of Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law and protection against electromagnetic interference when used in Japan.
- (5) Renesas Solutions Corp. cannot predict all possible situations or possible cases of misuse where a potential danger exists. Therefore, the warnings written in this user's manual and the warning labels attached to this emulator do not necessarily cover all of such possible situations or cases. Please be sure to use this emulator correctly and safely on your own responsibility.
- (6) This product is not qualified under UL or other safety standards and IEC or other industry standards. This fact must be taken into account when taking this product from Japan to some other country.

Usage restrictions:

This emulator has been developed as a means of supporting system development by users. Therefore, do not use it as a device used for equipment-embedded applications. Also, do not use it for developing the systems or equipment used for the following purposes either:

- (1) Transportation and vehicular
- (2) Medical (equipment where human life is concerned)
- (3) Aerospace
- (4) Nuclear power control
- (5) Undersea repeater

If you are considering the use of this emulator for one of the above purposes, please be sure to consult your local distributor.

About product changes:

We are constantly making efforts to improve the design and performance of this emulator. Therefore, the specification or design of this emulator or its user's manual may be changed without prior notice.

About the rights:

- (1) We assume no responsibility for any damage or infringement on patent rights or any other rights arising from the use of any information, products or circuits presented in this user's manual.
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- (3) This user's manual and this emulator are copyrighted, with all rights reserved by us. This user's manual may not be copied, duplicated or reproduced, in whole or part, without prior written consent of us.

About diagrams:

The diagrams in this user's manual may not all represent exactly the actual object.

Precautions for Safety

Definitions of Signal Words

In both the user's manual and on the product itself, several icons are used to insure proper handling of this product and also to prevent injuries to you or other persons, or damage to your properties.

This chapter describes the precautions which should be taken in order to use this product safely and properly. Be sure to read this chapter before using this product.





taken that this temperature is not exceeded.



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User Registration

When you have purchased the emulator presented in this user's manual, please be sure to register it. As the H/W Tool Customer Registration Sheet is included with this product, fill it in and FAX it to your local distributor or email the same contents to the following address. Your registered information is used for only after-sale services, and not for any other purposes. Without user registration, you will not be able to receive maintenance services such as a notification of field changes or trouble information. So be sure to carry out the user registration.

For more information about user registration, please email to the following address.

regist_tool@renesas.com

Terminology

Some specific words used in this user's manual are defined as follows:

Emulator main unit (Hereafter PC4701)

This means a generic name for emulators for M16C, 7700, 740 Families. Take note of the fact that the M306H7T3-RPD-E (this product) does not support the PC4701L and PC4700L emulators. For details on specific models of PC4701, visit the Renesas Tools Homepage at http://www.renesas.com/en/tools.

Emulation pod

This means the emulation pod (this product) for the M16C/6H Group M306H7.

Emulator system

This means an emulator system built around the PC4701 emulator. The PC4701 emulator system is configured with an emulator main unit, emulation pod, host machine and integrated development environment High-performance Embedded Workshop.

Integrated development environment High-performance Embedded Workshop

This tool provides powerful support for the development of embedded applications for Renesas microcomputers. It has an emulator debugger function allowing for the emulator PC4701 and emulation pod to be controlled from the host machine via an interface. Furthermore, it permits a range of operations from editing a project to building and debugging it to be performed within the same application. What's more, it supports version management.

Emulator debugger (M16C PC4701 emulator debugger)

This means a software tool starting up from the High-performance Embedded Workshop to control the emulator and this product and enables debugging.

Firmware

Program that analyzes contents of communication with the emulator debugger and controls the emulator hardware. This program is installed in the flash memory in the emulator main unit. This program is downloadable from the emulator debugger to upgrade the firmware or to support other MCUs.

Host machine

This means a personal computer used to control the emulator main unit and emulation pod.

Software break

A software break is a function to break the program before the system executes an instruction at the specified address. The instruction at the preset address will not be executed.

Hardware break

A hardware break is a function to break the program when the system detects a write/read of data to/from memory or a leading/trailing edge of the signal entered from the external trace cable. The former break function is called address break; and the latter break function is called trigger break. While the instruction at the address where the software break is set is not executed, a hardware break is performed after the specified instruction is executed.

Target MCU

This means the MCU you are going to debug.

User system

This means a user's application system using the microcomputer to be debugged.

User program

This means the program you are going to debug.

Evaluation MCU

This means the MCU mounted on the emulation pod which is operated in the specific mode for tools.

*

In this user's manual, this symbol is used to show active Low. (e.g. RESET*: Reset signal)

1. Outline

This chapter describes the package components, the system configuration and the preparation for using this product for the first time.

1.1 Package Components

The M306H7T3-RPD-E package consists of the following items. When unpacking it, check to see if your M306H7T3-RPD-E contains all of these items.

Table 1.1 Package components

Item	Quantity
M306H7T3-RPD-E emulation pod	1
FLX120-RPD flexible cable for connecting PC4701	1
M30800T-PTC converter board for 100-pin 0.65-mm-pitch LCC	1
IC61-1004-051 100-pin 0.65-mm-pitch LCC socket made by Yamaichi Electronics Co., Ltd.	1
OSC-3 16MHz oscillator circuit board for main clock (preinstalled)	1
OSC-2 oscillator circuit board (bare board)	1
Network resistors for pulling up ports P0P5 ($51k\Omega \times 8$)	
H/W Tool Customer Registration Sheet (English)	
H/W Tool Customer Registration Sheet (Japanese)	
Repair request sheet (English)	
Repair request sheet (Japanese)	
M306H7T3-RPD-E User's Manual (This manual)	
M306H7T3-RPD-E User's Manual (Japanese)	
M306H7T3-RPD-E Supplementary Document (English)	
M306H7T3-RPD-E Supplementary Document (Japanese)	1

* Please keep the M306H7T3-RPD-E's packing box and cushion material in your place for reuse at a later time when sending your product for repair or other purposes. Always use these packing box and cushion material when transporting this product.

* If there is any question or doubt about the packaged product, contact your local distributor.

* For purchasing the IC61-1004-051 or for technical information, contact Yamaichi Electronics Co., Ltd.

1.2 Other Tool Products Required for Development

To bring forward programs development on the M16C/6H Group M306H7, the products listed below are necessary in addition to those contained package above. Get them separately.

Table 1.2 Other tool products required for development

	Product	Product name	Notes
	Emulator main unit	PC4701	-
	Emulator dabuggar	M16C PC4701 Emulator Debugger	Included with the PC4701
	Emulator debugger	M3T-PD30	Included with the FC4701
_		M3T-100LCC-DMS	
arc	board	+	
		M3T-DIRECT100S	
converter	100 pip 0.65 mm pitch OEP	M3T-100LCC-DMS	Required according to a foot
Vei	100-pin 0.65-mm-pitch QFP (PRQP0100JB-A)	+	pattern of a user system
con		M3T-DUMMY100S	pattern of a user system
		M3T-100LCC-DMS	
Pitch		+	
		M3T-FLX-100NRB	

* To purchase these products, contact your local distributor.

1.3 System Configuration

1.3.1 System Configuration

Figure 1.1 shows a configuration of the PC4701 system.



Figure 1.1 System configuration

- Emulation pod M306H7T3-RPD-E (this product)
 Emulation pod for the M16C/6H Group M306H7. This emulation pod contains an evaluation MCU.
- (2) Flexible cable FLX120-RPD (included) This is a 120-conductor flexible cable for connecting the PC4701 emulator and the emulation pod.
- (3) Flexible cable M3T-FLX160C (included)This is a 160 conductor flexible cable for connecting the emulation pod and the user system.
- (4) Converter board M30800T-PTC (included) This is a converter board for connecting to 100-pin 0.65-mm-pitch LCC socket IC61-1004-051 on the user system. For details, refer to "2.8 Connecting the User System" (page 31).
- (5) Emulator main unit PC4701 The emulator main unit for the M16C, 7700 and 740 families to be used with this product.
- (6) Host machineA personal computer to control the emulator.
- (7) User system

This is your application system.

This emulator cannot supply the power to the user system. Therefore design your system so that the user system is powered separately.

1.3.2 Names and Functions of the PC4701 Front Panel LEDs

Figure 1.2 shows the names of the LEDs on the front panel of the emulator.



Figure 1.2 Names of the LEDs on the front panel of the PC4701

(1) System Status LEDs

The system status LEDs indicate the emulator PC4701's power supply, firmware operating status, etc. Table 1.3 lists the definition of each system status LED.

Name	Status	Meaning	
POWER ON		Emulator system power supply is turned ON.	
TOWER	OFF	Emulator system power supply is turned OFF.	
	ON	Emulator system is operating normally.	
SAFE	SAFESpecial mode (maintenance mode) for downloading firmware. T emulator system does not operate except for downloading firmware a the self-check.OFFEmulator system is not operating normally (system status error).		
	ON Emulator system is not operating normally.		
ERROR Flashing ON		Downloading firmware.	
		Emulator system is operating normally.	

Table 1.3 Definitions of the system status LEDs

The target status LEDs indicate the target MCU's operating status and target board's power supply. Table 1.4 lists the definition of each target status LED.

Table 1.4 Definitions	of the	target status	LEDs
	01 0110		

Name	Status	Meaning
POWER	ON	Power is supplied to the user system.
TOWER	OFF	Power is not supplied to the user system.
CLOCK	ON	Target MCU clock is oscillating.
CLOCK	OFF	Target MCU clock is not oscillating.
RESET	ON	Target MCU is being reset, or reset signal of the user system is held low.
OFF Target MCU is not being reset.		Target MCU is not being reset.
RUN	ON	User program is being executed.
KUN	OFF	User program has been halted.
HALT	ON	CPU clock of target MCU is not oscillating.
OFF CPU clock of target MCU is oscillating.		CPU clock of target MCU is oscillating.

IMPORTANT

Note on the Target Status POWER LED:

• If your MCU has two or more power supply terminals (Vcc), you need to supply power to all the terminals.

Note on the Target Status CLOCK LED:

- If the LED is not turned on, check the following.
 - After powering on the PC4701 (before starting up the emulator debugger): Make sure that the oscillator circuit board in the emulation pod is properly installed and it is oscillating normally.
 - (2) After the emulator debugger is started up (after the Init dialog box settings are completed): Make sure that the oscillator selected in the Init dialog box is oscillating normally.

1.4 Specifications

Tables 1.5 and 1.6 list the specifications of the M306H7T3-RPD-E.

Table 1.5 M306H7T3-RPD-E s	pecifications (1/2)
----------------------------	---------------------

Item	Description		
Applicable MCU	M16C/6H Group M306H7		
Usable MCU mode	Single-chip mode		
Emulation Memory	1MB		
Applicable power supply	VCC2=4.0V5.5V, VCC1=3.0VVCC2 (Xin: when operating without division) VCC2=2.9V5.5V, VCC1=2.9VVCC2 (Xin: when operating in a divide-by-16 or 8-mode) VCC2=2.0V5.5V, VCC1=2.0VVCC2 (Xcin when operating) *VCC2=2.0V2.6V operates only in low power dissipation mode.		
Maximum operating frequency	16MHz		
Clock supply	X_{IN} - X_{OUT} Internal oscillator circuit board (OSC-3) Switchable to external oscillator input X_{CIN} - X_{COUT} Internal oscillator circuit (fixed 32.768kHz) Switchable to external oscillator input		
Basic debugging functions	 Download Software break (max. 64 points) Program execution/stop (allows free-run execution supporting software breaks) Memory reference/setting (reference/setting C-variables, run-time execution) Register reference/setting Disassemble display C-level debugging, etc. 		
Real-time trace function	 32K-cycle bus information recordable (Bus, external trigger, time stamp) 5 trace modes supported (Break/Before/About/After/Full) Can be recorded ON/OFF by events 		
Real-time RAM monitor function	 1,024 bytes Data/last access result		
Hardware break function	6 points (Bus detection, interrupt, external trace signal)		
Execution time measurement function	Time between program start and stop Maximum/minimum/average execution time and pass count of specified four zones. Count clock: Equal to MCU Clock or 16 MHz		
C0 coverage	256KB		
Event output	Break x1, Event x6		
External trigger input	TTL level x8		
Host machine interface (see "2.3 Connecting the Host Machine" on page 22)	Dedicated parallel (PC4701HS) LPT parallel (PC4701M/PC4701U)		
Power supply to emulator	AC100120V, AC200240V (50/60Hz)		
Overseas standards	US EMI standard [FCC part15 Class A] CE marking [1998 Class A, EN55024: 1998]		

*1 Available to connect the host machine that supports USB 2.0. With the USB interface, not all hardware (such as host machine, USB devices, USB hub) combination will work and guaranteed.

Table 1.6 M306H7T3-RPD-E specifications (2/2)	
---	--

Item	Description	
Connecting the user system	100-pin LCC socket	1 M30800T-PTC (included)
(see "2.8 Connecting the User System"		+ IC61-1004-051 (included)
on page 31)	100-pin 0.65-mm-pitch QFP	1 M30800T-PTC (included)
	(PRQP0100JB-A)	+ M3T-100LCC-DMS (not included)
		+ M3T- DIRECT100S (not included)
		2 M30800T-PTC (included)
		+ M3T-100LCC-DMS (not included)
		+ M3T-DUMMY100S (not included)
		3 M30800T-PTC (included)
		+ M3T-100LCC-DMS (not included)
		+ M3T-FLX-100NRB (not included)

1.5 Operating Environment

Be sure to use this emulator with the operating environmental of the emulator and host machine listed in Tables 1.7 and 1.8.

Table 1.7 Operating environmental conditions

Item	Description	
Operating temperature	5 to 35°C (no dew)	
Storage temperature	-10 to 60°C (no dew)	

Table 1.8 Operating environment of the host machine

Item	Description	
Host machine	IBM PC/AT compatibles	
	Windows 98SE	
OS	Windows Me	
05	Windows XP	
	Windows 2000	
CPU	Pentium III 600 MHz or more recommended	
Memory	128 MB or more recommended	
Pointing device such as mouse	Mouse or any other pointing device usable with the above OS that can be connected	
	to the main body of the host machine.	
CD drive	Needed to install the emulator debugger or refer to the user's manual	

* Windows is trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United states and other countries.

2. Setup

This chapter describes the preparation for using this product, the procedure for starting up the emulator and how to change settings.

2.1 Flowchart of Starting Up the Emulator

The procedure for starting up the emulator is shown in Figure 2.1. For details, refer to each section hereafter. And, when the emulator does not start up normally, refer to "5. Troubleshooting" (page 80).





2.2 Installing the Emulator Debugger (M16C PC4701 Emulator Debugger)

If the OS used in your host machine is Windows XP or 2000, this installation must be executed by a user with administrator rights. Be aware that users without administrator rights cannot complete the installation.

Install the M16C PC4701 Emulator Debugger following the procedure described below.

2.2.1 Installing the Emulator Debugger

- (1) Downloading the M16C PC4701 Emulator Debugger (as occasion demands)
 Download the latest M16C PC4701 Emulator Debugger from the URL below (free of charge).
 http://download.renesas.com/eng/mpumcu/upgrades/in_circuit_emulators/m16c/index.html
- (2) Launching the installer Start the "setup.exe" program.

(3) Entering the user information

In the "user information" dialog box, enter the user information (contractor, section, contact address, and host machine). The supplied information will be turned into a format by which user registration will be provided by e-mail.

(4) Completing the installation

A dialog box will be displayed indicating that setup has been completed. It means that the installation you made is completed.

When connecting the emulator PC4701 to a host machine, interface varies depending on the PC4701 used. Figure 2.1 shows the outline to connect each interface cable. For details on interface, refer to each PC4701 user's manual used.

Table 2.1	1 Operating environment of the host ma	chine
-----------	--	-------

PC4701	Interface	Remarks
PC4701HS	Dedicated parallel	The special parallel interface cable is supplied with the PC4701HS. For connection with the dedicated parallel interface, the parallel interface
		printed circuit board (PCA4202G02: discontinued product) is required on the host machine side.
	Serial (RS232C)	The RS232C interface cable, 25-pin female/25-pin female conversion cable and 25-pin female/9-pin female conversion cable are supplied with the PC4701HS.
	LAN (10BASE-2/5)	The LAN interface cable (10BASE-2/5) is supplied with the PC4701HS.
PC4701M	LPT parallel	The LPT parallel interface cable is supplied with the PC4701M.
	Serial (RS232C)	The RS232C interface cable and 25-pin female/9-pin male conversion cable are supplied with the PC4701M.
PC4701U	LPT parallels	The LPT parallel interface cable is supplied with the PC4701U.
	USB	The USB interface cable is supplied with the PC4701U.
	LAN (10BASE-T)	No LAN interface cable is supplied with the PC4701U; it is, therefore, necessary to arrange a LAN interface cable at your end.

2.4 Connecting the PC4701

To connect the emulation pod to the PC4701, use the FLX120-RPD 120-pin flexible cable included with this product package. Connect the PC4701 side connector of the FLX120-RPD to the cable connector of the PC4701, then secure with screws the FLX120-RPD.

2.4.1 Connecting the Cable to the PC4701

Figure 2.2 shows how to connect the PC4701 and FLX120-RPD.



Figure 2.2 Connecting the cable to the PC4701

Note on Connecting the PC4701 and FLX120-RPD:

• Always shut OFF power before connecting the cable. Otherwise, the internal circuits may be damaged.

IMPORTANT

Notes on Connecting the Cable and Securing the Screws:

- To connect the FLX120-RPD, be sure to hold the both sides of the PC4701 side connector horizontally with the "UPSIDE" facing up.
- After connecting the cable to the emulator main unit PC4701, be sure to secure the screws mounted in both sides of the connector.

2.4.2 Connecting the FLX120-RPD to the Emulation Pod

Figure 2.3 shows how to connect the FLX120-RPD and the emulation pod.



Figure 2.3 Connecting the FLX120-RPD to the emulation pod

Note on Connecting the Cable:

• Always shut OFF power before connecting the emulation pod and the FLX120-RPD. Otherwise, the internal circuits may be damaged.

IMPORTANT

Note on Securing the Screws:

• After connecting the emulation pod and the FLX120-RPD, be sure to secure the screws mounted in both sides of the connector cover

2.4.3 PC4701 and Emulation Pod Arrangement

The PC4701 and emulation pod should be laid out so that the FLX120-RPD becomes straight as shown in Fig. 2.4 below (indicated by circle).

Under the condition in which the FLX120-RPD has warped and there arises clearance in the slit, it is impossible to comply with the overseas applicable standards (U.S FCC and CE Marking) to be satisfied by this product.



Figure 2.4 PC4701 and Emulation Pod Arrangement

Note on PC4701 and Emulation Pod Arrangement:

• The PC4701 and emulation pod should be laid out in accordance with the explanation herein. In case where these arrangements were carried out without following the explanation, it is impossible to keep the overseas applicable standards (U.S FCC and CE Marking) that this product must satisfy..

2.5 Turning ON the Power

2.5.1 Checking the Connections of the Emulator System

Before turning the power ON, check the connection of the interface cable with host machine, PC4701, emulation pod, and user system.

2.5.2 Turning ON/OFF the Power

- Turn ON the power of the emulator and user system as simultaneously as possible.
- Turn OFF the power of the emulator and user system as simultaneously as possible.
- Do not leave either the emulator or user system powered on, because of leakage current the internal circuits may be damaged.
- When turning ON the power again after shutting OFF the power, wait for about 10 seconds.

IMPORTANT

Notes on Power Supply:

(1)

- The emulator's pin Vcc is connected to the user system in order to monitor user system voltage. For this reason, the emulator cannot supply power to the user system. Therefore, provide the user system with a separate power supply from that of the emulator.
- Keep user system power supply voltage within the following range.
 - When JP4 is set as FLX:
 - $2.0 \text{ V} \le \text{Vcc2} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$
 - $2.0 V \le Vcc1 \le Vcc2$
 - (2) When JP4 is set as INT:
 - $2.0 \text{ V} \le \text{Vcc1} = \text{Vcc2} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$
- Do not change user system power supply voltage after power has been activated.

2.5.3 LED Display When the Emulator Starts Up Normally

Figure 2.5 shows front panel LED lighting status when the emulator started up properly. Check it when starting up the emulator system.



Figure 2.5 LED display when the power turned on

IMPORTANT

Note on the Target Status POWER LED:

• If the MCU has two or more Vcc terminals, the LED does not light unless power is supplied to all the terminals.

Note on the Target Status CLOCK LED:

- If the LED is not turned on, check the following.
 - After powering on the PC4701 (before starting up the emulator debugger): Make sure that the oscillator circuit board is properly installed in the PC4701 and it is oscillating normally.
 - (2) After the emulator debugger is started up (after the Init dialog box settings are complete): Make sure that the oscillator selected in the Init dialog box is oscillating normally.

2.6 Downloading Firmware

2.6.1 When It is Necessary to Download Firmware

It is necessary to download the firmware in the cases listed below. Normally, the following are automatically detected when the emulator debugger is started up, and the firmware is downloaded.

- (1) you use this product for the first time
- (2) the firmware has been upgraded
- (3) the emulator debugger has been upgraded
- (4) you use this product with a PC4701 which was used with other emulation pod before

If downloading firmware is not completed in the cases below, redownload the firmware.

- When the power is unexpectedly shut down during a download from the emulator debugger
- When a communications interface cable is unexpectedly pulled out

2.6.2 Downloading Firmware in Maintenance Mode

Download the firmware in maintenance mode as explained here following. The user system must not be connected when downloading the firmware.

- (1) Set the interface select switch on the rear panel of the PC4701 to the dedicated parallel, LPT or serial interface to connect the PC4701 and the host machine. Set the interface selection switch on the rear panel of the PC4701 according to the using interface. The firmware may not be downloaded in maintenance mode correctly with the USB interface.
- (2) Within 2 seconds of activating power to the emulator, press the RESET switch on the PC4701 upper panel to switch to maintenance mode.

Switched to maintenance mode, the SAFE SYSTEM STATUS LED begins to flash.

(3) Start up the emulator debugger. When the Init dialog box setup is complete, the dialog which urges to download the firmware will appear. Download the firmware following messages. Required time for downloading the firmware is about 60 seconds.



Figure 2.6 Downloading firmware in maintenance mode

IMPORTANT

Note on Downloading Firmware:

• Do not shut OFF power while the firmware is being downloaded. Doing so, the emulator will not start up properly. If power is shut OFF by mistake, redownload the firmware in maintenance mode.

2.7 Self-check

2.7.1 Self-check Procedure

To run the self-check of the emulator, do so as explained here below. While the self-check is in progress, the LEDs will change as shown in Figure 2.7.

- (1) If the user system is connected, disconnect it.
- (2) Set the switches in the emulation pod to the factory settings as shown in Figure 2.8.
- (3) Within 2 seconds of activating power to the emulator, press the system reset switch on the emulator front panel to switch the emulator to maintenance mode.
- (4) Check the SAFE LED starts blinking and then press the system reset switch again.
- (5) The self-check will start. If the normal result is displayed in about 30 seconds, the self-check has terminated normally.



Figure 2.7 LED display in the self-check procedure



Figure 2.8 Switch settings for the self-check (factory-settings)

2.7.2 If an Error is Detected in the Self-check

If the self-check does not result normally (system status error or target status error in Figure 2.7), check the following.

- Whether the emulation pod and PC4701 are connected properly
- Whether the proper firmware has been downloaded
- Whether the switch settings of this product are the factory-settings

IMPORTANT

Notes on Self-check:

- Perform the self-check while not connecting the user system.
- If the self-check does not result normally (excluding user system error), the emulation pod may be damaged. Then contact your local distributor.

Connect the emulation pod to the user system as shown in Figure 2.9.



Figure 2.9 Connecting the user system

Note on Connecting the User System:

• Take care not to attach the converter board in a wrong direction. It may cause a fatal damage to the emulator or user system.

* NQPACK, YQPACK, YQSOCKET, YQ-GUIDE, HQPACK, TQPACK and TQSOCKET are trademarks of Tokyo Eletech Corporation.

2.8.1 Connecting to a 100-pin LCC socket

Figure 2.10 shows how to connect a 100-pin LCC socket (IC61-1004-051 of Yamaichi Electronics Co., Ltd.) on the user system to the M30800T-PTC (included).

- (1) Attach the 100-pin LCC socket to the user system.
- (2) Attach the CN2 side of the M30800T-PTC to the CN2 side of the FLX160-PRB.
- (3) Attach the M30800T-PTC to the 100-pin LCC socket.



Figure 2.10 Connecting to a 100-pin LCC socket

Note on Connecting the User System:

• Take care not to attach the converter board in a wrong direction. It may cause a fatal damage to the emulator or user system.

IMPORTANT

Notes on Connectors of Converter Boards:

- The connectors of the M30800T-PTC are guaranteed for only 50 insertion/removal iterations.
- For purchasing the IC61-1004-051 or for technical information, contact Yamaichi Electronics Co., Ltd.

2.8.2 Connecting to a 100-pin 0.65-mm-pitch Foot Pattern (Part 1)

Figure 2.11 shows how to connect a 100-pin 0.65-mm-pitch foot pattern on the user system to the M3T-DIRECT100S (not included), and here following is its procedure.

For details on the M3T-100LCC-DMS (not included) and M3T- DIRECT100S (not included), refer to each user's manual.

- (1) Attach the M3T- DIRECT100S to the user system.
- (2) Attach the M3T-100LCC-DMS to the M3T-DIRECT100S.
- (3) Attach the CN2 side of the M30800T-PTC to the CN2 side of the FLX160-PRB.
- (4) Attach the M30800T-PTC to the M3T-100LCC-DMS



Figure 2.11 Connecting to a 100-pin 0.65-mm-pitch foot pattern (1/3)

Note on Connecting the User System:

• Take care not to attach the converter board in a wrong direction. It may cause a fatal damage to the emulator or user system.

IMPORTANT

Notes on Connectors of Converter Boards:

• The connectors of the M30800T-PTC are guaranteed for only 50 insertion/removal iterations.

• The connectors of the M3T-100LCC-DMS and M3T-DIRECT100S are guaranteed for only 20 insertion/removal iterations.

2.8.3 Connecting to a 100-pin 0.65-mm-pitch Foot Pattern (Part 2)

Figure 2.12 shows how to connect a 100-pin 0.65-mm-pitch foot pattern on the user system to the M3T-DUMMY100S (not included), and here following is its procedure.

For details on the M3T-100LCC-DMS (not included) and M3T-DUMMY100S (not included), refer to each user's manual.

- (1) Attach the M3T-DUMMY100S to the user system.
- (2) Attach the M3T-100LCC-DMS to the M3T-DUMMY100S.
- (3) Attach the CN2 side of the M30800T-PTC to the CN2 side of the FLX160-PRB.
- (4) Attach the M30800T-PTC to the M3T-100LCC-DMS.



Figure 2.12 Connecting to a 100-pin 0.65-mm-pitch foot pattern (2/3)

Note on Connecting the User System:

• Take care not to attach the converter board in a wrong direction. It may cause a fatal damage to the emulator or user system.

IMPORTANT

Notes on Connectors of Converter Boards:

- The connectors of the M30800T-PTC are guaranteed for only 50 insertion/removal iterations.
- The connectors of the M3T-100LCC-DMS and M3T-DUMMY100S are guaranteed for only 20 insertion/removal iterations.
2.8.4 Connecting to a 100-pin 0.65-mm-pitch Foot Pattern (Part 3)

Figure 2.13 shows how to connect a 100-pin 0.65-mm-pitch foot pattern on the user system to the M3T-FLX-100NRB (not included), and here following is its procedure.

For details on the M3T-100LCC-DMS (not included) and M3T-FLX-100NRB (not included), refer to each user's manual.

- (1) Attach the NQPACK100RB included with the M3T-FLX-100NRB to the user system.
- (2) Attach the YQPACK100RB included with M3T-FLX-100NRB to the NQPACK100RB and secure it with the YQ-GUIDE's.
- (3) Attach the M3T-FLX-100NRB to the YQPACK100RB.
- (4) Attach the M3T-100LCC-DMS to the M3T-FLX-100NRB
- (5) Attach the CN2 side of the M30800T-PTC to the CN2 side of the FLX160-PRB.
- (6) Attach the M30800T-PTC to the M3T-100LCC-DMS.



Figure 2.13 Connecting to a 100-pin 0.65-mm-pitch foot pattern (3/3)

Note on Connecting the User System:

• Take care not to attach the converter board in a wrong direction. It may cause a fatal damage to the emulator or user system.

IMPORTANT

Notes on Connectors of Converter Boards:

- The connectors of the M30800T-PTC are guaranteed for only 50 insertion/removal iterations.
- The connectors of the M3T-100LCC-DMS and M3T-FLX-100NRB are guaranteed for only 20 insertion/removal iterations.

2.9 Changing Settings

This chapter describes how to set the inside of the emulator.

2.9.1 Removing/Attaching the Upper Cover

(1) Removing the upper cover

To open the upper cover, remove the four screws of both sides of this product and lift off the upper cover (see Figure 2.14)

(2) Attaching he upper cover

To close the upper cover, attach the upper cover and secure the four screws of both sides of this product.



Figure 2.14 Removing the upper cover

Note on Removing and Attaching the Upper Cover:

• Always shut OFF power when removing/attaching the upper cover or changing the switch settings. Otherwise the internal circuit may be damaged.

2.9.2 Each Setting

Figure 2.15 shows the positions of each part of this product.



Figure 2.15 Positions of each part

2.9.3 Selecting Clock Supply

(1) Clock Supply to the MCU

You can choose a clock supplied to the evaluation MCU by the Emulator tab in the Init dialog box of the emulator debugger. Table 2.2 lists the factory-settings of each clock supply when you install the emulator debugger.

Table 2.2 Clock Supply to the MCU

Clock	Display of emulator debugger	Description	Default setting
Main (XIN-XOUT)	Internal	Internal oscillator circuit of emulation pod (OSC-3: 16.0 MHz or OSC-2)	Yes
	External	User system	-
Sub (XCIN-XCOUT)	Internal	Internal oscillator circuit of emulation pod (32.768 kHz)	-
	External	User system	Yes

IMPORTANT

Note on Changing the Clock Supply:

- The clock supply can be set in the Init dialog box when starting up the emulator debugger or inputting CLK command on the script window.
- For pins X_{CIN}-X_{COUT}, it is necessary to set the switches in the emulation pod. For details, refer to "2.9.4 Switch Settings" (page 42)

(2) Using the Internal Oscillator Circuit Board

An oscillator circuit board for 16.0 MHz (OSC-3) is mounted on this product. Also the oscillator circuit board (OSC-2) is attached to change the oscillation frequency. When you use an internal oscillator circuit as a main clock, "Internal" can be set by the emulator debugger.

(3) Replacing Oscillator Circuit Boards

Figure 2.16 shows how to replace the oscillator circuit boards. For the position of the oscillator circuit board, see Figure 2.15.



Figure 2.16 Replacing oscillator circuit boards



(4) Changing the Internal Oscillator Circuit of the Emulation Pod

To use the emulation pod at a desired frequency, build the desired oscillator circuit on the included OSC-2 oscillator circuit board (bare board). Figure 2.17 shows an external view of the OSC-2 oscillator circuit board (bare board) and where connector pins are located. Figure 2.18 shows the circuitry of the OSC-2 oscillator circuit board (bare board). Use the number of oscillator circuits recommended by the oscillator manufacturer.



Figure 2.17 External view of the OSC-2 oscillator circuit board and its connector pin positions



Figure 2.18 Circuits of the OSC-2 oscillator circuit bare board

(5) Using the Oscillator Circuit on the User System

To operate this product with an external clock, construct the oscillator circuit as shown in Figure 2.19 in the user system and input the oscillator output at 50% duty (within the operating range of the evaluation MCU) into pin X_{IN} . And pin X_{OUT} should be open. Choose "External" in the emulator debugger to use this clock.



Figure 2.19 External oscillator circuit

Make note that in the oscillator circuit shown in Figure 2.20 where a resonator is connected between pins X_{IN} and X_{OUT} , oscillation does not occur because a flexible cable, buffer IC and other devices are used between the evaluation MCU and the user system. It is same for sub-clock oscillator circuits (X_{CIN} and X_{COUT}).



Figure 2.20 Circuit in which oscillation does not occur

2.9.4 Switch Settings

Here follows explanations of the switches of the emulation pod. Set the switches according to the user system.

Tables 2.3 and 2.4 list how to set toggle switches SW1 to SW5 of the M306H7T3-PRT board (MCU-dependent). Tables 2.5 and 2.6 list how to set jumper switches JP1 to JP7 on the M306H7T3-PRT (MCU-dependent board). For the positions of the switches, see Figure 2.15.

(1) Toggle Switches SW1 to SW5 on the M306H7T3-PRT Board (MCU-dependent)

Table 2.3 Switch settings of the M306H7T3- PRT (1))
--	---

Signal	Switch	Setting	g	Description
	SW1		L OPEN H	Xin-Xout is selected as an operation clock after releasing reset. (Factory-setting)
START			H OPEN L	Does not pull up/down pin START of the MCU. Be sure to use this setting when the user system is connected.
			H OPEN L	Xcin-Xcout is selected as an operation clock after releasing reset.
CNVSS	SW2	(Factory-setting)	L OPEN H	Pulls down pin CNVSS of the MCU with a resistance of 1 k Ω . Be sure to use this setting when the user system is not connected. (Factory-setting)
			L OPEN H	Does not pull up/down pin CNVSS of the MCU. Be sure to use this setting when the user system is connected.
			L OPEN H	Do not use this setting.
P87/Xcin	SW3		P87 Xcin	When using the P87/Xcin of the MCU as a port P87 function (Factory-setting)
			P87 Xcin	When using the P87/Xcin of the MCU as a port Xcin function
Xout	SW4		OPEN Xout	Does not connect pin Xout of the MCU to the user system.
			OPEN Xout	Connects pin Xout of the MCU to the user system. (Factory-setting)

Table 2.4 Switch settings of the M306H7T3- PRT (2)

Signal	Switch	Setting		Description
D96/Veout	SW5		P87 Xcout Xcin	Connects pin P86/Xcout of the MCU to the user system. (Factory-setting)
	5.45		P87 Xcin	Does not connect pin P86/Xcout of the MCU to the user system.

Note on Switch Settings:

• Always shut OFF power before changing switch setting. Otherwise, internal circuit board may be damaged.

IMPORTANT

Note on START and CNVSS Switch Settings:

• Switch settings of the START and CNVSS are for debugging without the user system connected.

(2) Jumper Switches JP1 to JP7 on the M306H7T3-PRT Board (MCU-dependent)

Table 2.5 Switch settings of the M306H7T3- PRT (3)
--

Signal	Switch	Setting of jumper switches		
SYNCIN	JP1	FLX O O O INT Connects pin SYNCIN to internal circuit of the M306H7T3-PRT.	FLX O O INT Connects pin SYNCIN to the user system via the M3T-FLX160C. (Factory-setting)	
CVIN	JP2	FLX O O INT Connects pin CVIN to the user system via the M3T-FLX160C.	FLX FLX O O INT Connects pin CVIN to the user system via the M3T-FLX160C. (Factory-setting)	
VCCOFF	JP3	FLX O O INT Pin VCCOFF is to fixed to high	FLX FLX O O INT Connects pin VCCOFF to the user system via the M3T-FLX160C. (Factory-setting)	

Signal	Switch	Setting of jumper switches		
VCC1	JP4	FLX O O INT Connects pin VCC1 of the MCU to the internal power supply of pod (equipotential of VCC2).	FLX O O INT Connects pin VCC1 of the MCU to the user system. Be sure to use this setting when the potentials of VCC1 and VCC2 are different. (Factory-setting)	
VDDAna	JP5	VDD2 OS OV50/TVDD Do not use this setting.	VDD2 OOO V50/TVDD Be sure to use this setting. (Factory-setting)	
JC1_R	JP6	JC1_R O O Does not pull down video input signal (RCA connector).	JC1_R O O Pulls down video input signal (RCA connector) with a resistance of 75 Ω (Factory-setting)	
TVDD	JP7	V50 Do not use this setting.	V50 TVDD Be sure to use this setting. (Factory-setting)	

Note on Switch Settings:

• Always shut OFF power before changing switch setting. Otherwise, internal circuit board may be damaged.

2.9.5 Installing and Removing Network Resistors for Pullup

In this product, you cannot control pullup for ports P0 to P5 by pullup control registers (pullup control register read/write are possible).

A socket for installing the network resistor for pullup is mounted in this product. Mount the 51 k Ω network resistor supplied with this product to the port for which pullup control is required. For the mounting location, refer to Figure 2.21 below. And for the positions of each part, refer to Figure 2.15.



Figure 2.21 Position for mounting network resistors for pullup

Note on Installing and Removing Network Resistors for Pullup:



• Always shut OFF power before installing or removing network resistors for pullup. Also install network resistors for pullup properly. Otherwise, internal circuit board may be damaged.

2.9.6 Bypass Capacitors for A/D Converter

The M306H7T3-RPD-E has the M306H7T3-PRT board which has a foot pattern for installing bypass capacitors for A/D converter near the MCU and premounted 0.1μ F capacitors. Mount suitable bypass capacitors as occasion demands. Figure 2.15 shows where they are installed and Figure 2.22 shows their connection.



Figure 2.22 Foot patterns of bypass capacitors for A/D converter

IMPORTANT

Note on the A/D Converter Function:

• Because a flexible cable and other devices are used between the evaluation MCU and the user system, the A/D converter operates differently from that of the actual MCU. Make the final evaluation of the A/D converter with the actual MCU.

2.9.7 Connection Diagram of Data Slicer

This product has on-board sockets to change parts used for circuits connected to a data slicer. The circuit and the arrangement of the parts used for each circuit are shown in Figure 2.23 and Figure 2.24, respectively.



Figure 2.23 Connection diagram of circuits connected to the data slicer



Figure 2.24 Arrangement of the parts used for each circuit

3. Usage (How to Use the Emulator Debugger)

This chapter describes how to start up the M16C PC4701 emulator debugger from the High-performance Embedded Workshop and how to use the main windows.

3.1. Making an MCU File

It is necessary to make an MCU file to use this product with the emulator debugger. According to the MCU you use, change the contents of the MCU file. Make the MCU file named "M306H7T3.MCU" etc. following the description below using a text editor and store it in the "mcufiles" folder in the directory where the emulator debugger is installed.

The emulator debugger has been installed in the following directory by default.

- When using the M16C PC4701 emulator debugger on the High-performance Embedded Workshop C:\Program Files\Renesas\Hew\Tools\Renesas\DebugComp\Platform\PDTarget\PD30\McuFiles
- When using the M3T-PD30
 - C:\mtool\PD30\McuFiles

The MCU file contains information such as, SFR area, internal RAM area, internal ROM area, firmware file name. The contents of the MCU file when using the M306H7FGFP (8KB RAM, 256KB ROM) are as follows:

0	: SFR area	Start address
3FF	:	End address
400	: Internal RAM	Start address
23FF	:	End address
C0000	: Internal ROM	Start address
FFFFF	:	End address
M30620P	: Name of firmware	(Do not change.)
0	: Expansion No.	(Do not change.)

3.2 Setting the Work Area

With this product, the emulator uses 54 bytes as a work area in emulation memory. With this product, set the work area address at 10000h.

The area used as a work area (54 bytes) is specified in the Work Area tab of the INIT dialog box of the emulator debugger. And be sure to set the MAP setting of the specified work area (54 bytes of 10000h to 10036h) as MAP=INT.

3.3 Starting Up the Emulator Debugger

When debugging the completed programs, switch the session. The session can be changed by the drop down list of the tool bar shown below.



You will have as many sessions created as the number of targets you selected when creating a project, so select the session that corresponds to the target to be connected from the drop-down list. Select "SessionM16C_PC4701_Emulator"

3.3.1 Init Dialog Box

After specifying the session, an Init dialog box to connect the target is displayed.

The Init dialog box is used to set the items that need to be set when the emulator debugger starts up. The contents set in this dialog box remain effective the next time you start the debugger.

(1) MCU tab





Init (M16C PC4701 Emulator)	Specifying the communication interface (Parallel
F/W and Work Area Memory Space Expansion Clock Script MCU Debugging Information MCU: Refer Parallel C Serial C LAN C LPT C USB Host: IBM-PC/AT Target I/O Address: Self Check Resource MHz / OK Cancel Help Next Hide	 <u>communication</u>) In case where the parallel communication is set up, click the radio buttor "Parallel" of MCU tab. For the host area, only IBM-PC/AT can be designated. Set the I/O address value that was set up with the special interface board PCA4202G02 to the I/O address area. Input the I/O address in hexadecimal For I/O address setting of PCA4202G02, refer to the "PCA4202G02 Instruction Manual".
Init (M16C PC4701 Emulator) F/W and Work Area Memory Space Expansion Clock Script MCU Debugging Information MCU: Refer C Parallel Serial C LAN C LPT C USB Port: COM1 Target Baud Rate: 9600 Self Check Resource MHz / OK Cancel OK Cancel Help Next Hide	 Specifying the communication interface (Serial communication) For connection with serial communication, click the radio button "Serial" of MCU tab. Specify the communication port of serial interface used to the port area and the baud rate to the baud rate area.
Init (M16C PC4701 Emulator) F/W and Work Area Memory Space Expansion Clock Script MCU Debugging Information MCU: Refer C Parallel Serial C LPT USB IP Address: 1921680.48 Target Port: 4700 Self Check Resource MHz / OK Cancel OK Cancel Help Next Hide	 Specifying the communication interface (LAN communication) For selecting the LAN communication, click the radio button "LAN" or the MCU tab Specify the IP address of the emulator to the IP address area. Specify the IP address of the emulator at the IP address area. Specify the IP address by one byte of decimal number separating each four bytes with a period. Specify the port number at the Port area.

2) Specifying the communication interface

	Specifying the communication interface (LPT
Init (M16C PC4701 Emulator)	<u>communication</u>
F/W and Work Area Memory Space Expansion Clock Script MCU Debugging Information MCU: Refer C Parallel C Serial C Parallel C Serial C Parallel C Serial Type: AUTO Target I/O Address: 378h Self Check Resource MCU Clock: MHz / OK Cancel Help Next Hide	 For selecting the LPT communication, click the radio button "LPT" of the MCU tab. For the Type area, specify the LPT interface communication mode to be used. Specify the I/O address of the parallel port at the I/O address area. For BIOS setup, the following addresses are available. 378h 278h
Init (M16C PC4701 Emulator) F/W and Work Area Memory Space Expansion Clock Script MCU Debugging Information MCU: Refer C Parallel Serial C LAN LPT Serial No: 1GS0251A Target Self Check Resource MCU Clock: MHz / OK Cancel Help Next Hide	 Specifying the communication interface (USB communication) For selecting the USB communication, click the radio button "USB" of the MCU tab The emulators connected by USB cable are shown at Serial No. area. Select the serial No. of the emulator you are going to connect. Select the serial No. of the emulator you are going to connect.

3) Executing the self-check

	Executing the self-check
Init (M16C PC4701 Emulator)	Enable this function when you want the emulator to be self-checked at
F/W and Work Area Memory Space Expansion Clock Script	startup. Be sure to select the check box only when you want the emulator to
MCU Debugging Information	be self-checked at startup.
MCU: M306H7T3.mcu Refer	Note:
© Parallel C Serial C LAN C LPT C 25B	In case where self-checking was normally completed, terminate the
	emulator debugger once, then start operation with no self-checking
	carried out again (with leaving the check box unchecked).
I/O Address: Self Check	
Resource	This function may be enabled in the following cases:
MCU Clock: MHz /	- When you are using the emulator you have just purchased, and fail to
	download the firmware.
	- When you successfully download the firmware, but fail to start up the emulator
OK Cancel Help Next Hide	- When you want to confirm whether the emulator is operating normally
	because, for example, the MCU runs out of control or something is wrong
	with the trace results
	This function can be enabled only when you are starting up the emulator
	debugger.

4) Specifying the clock frequency

	Specifying the clock frequency
Init (M16C PC4701 Emulator)	Specify the target MCU operation clock and clock dividing ratio.
F/W and Work Area Memory Space Expansion Clock Script MCU Debugging Information MCU: Refer • Parallel Serial C LAN C LPT USB Host: IBM-PC/AT Image: Constant Constan	 Specify the operation clock and clock dividing ratio. In case where no value was set up in the area in which the operation clock is Specified, the unit operates with the reference clock (16 MHz) inside the emulator (PC4701) as time measurement resource. In case where no value was set up in the area in which the dividing ratio is Specified, the unit operates as "No dividing". (Same as when "1" was Specified.)

(2) Debugging Information tab

	Referencing the compiler used and the object format
	Reference the compiler you are using and the format of the object file output
Init (M16C PC4701 Emulator)	by the compiler.
	To make this setting, use the dialog box that is brought up by selecting
F/W and Work Area Memory Space Expansion Clock Script MCU Debugging Information	[Debug] and then [Debug Settings] from the menu.
Compiler: NC30WA/NC8C	
Object Format: IEEE-695	
	Specifying the method for storing debug information
	There are two methods for storing debug information: on memory method
	and an on demand method.
	Select the compiler you are using.
	(By default, the on memory is selected)
	When selecting the on demand method, check the [On Demand] check box.
OK Cancel Help Next Hide	• On Memory
	The debug information is stored in the memory of your computer. This
	method is suitable when the size of the load module (user program) is small.
	• On Demand
	The debug information is saved to a reusable temporary file. When you
	download the same load module for a second time on, the saved debug
	information will be reused and the load module can therefore be
	downloaded fast. This method is suitable when the size of the load module
	(user program) is large.

(3) Work area tab

1) Specifying the firmware

	Specifying the firmware file
Init (M16C PC4701 Emulator)	For the radio button of the firmware group box, be sure to click "Default".
MCU Debugging Information	
F/W and Work Area Memory Space Expansion Clock Script	
F/W	Specifying the work area
C Detault C Select	Specifies the top address which is used as a work area at the start address
F/W Name: M30600	area of the work area group box.
	- With the M306H7T3-RPD-E, set the work area address at 10000h.
Work Area	- The top address of the work area is set to 2C00h by default.
Work Area Start Address: 10000	
Work Area Start Aduress.	
OK Cancel Help Next Hide	

(4) Memory space expansion tab

Init (M16C PC4701 Emulator)	 Specifying the memory space expansion mode Because the M306H7T3-RPD-E supports single-chip mode, only the radio
MCU Debugging Information	button "Normal" can be selected.
F/W and Work Area Memory Space Expansion Clock Script	
Mode: C Normal C Mode1 C Mode2	
OK Cancel Help Next Hide	

(5) Clock tab

	Specifying the target clock
Init (M16C PC4701 Emulator)	Specify the clock sources supplied to the MCU (main clock and sub clock).
MCU Debugging Information	Select the appropriate clock sources according to the clock used by your
F/W and Work Area Memory Space Expansion Olock Script	target MCU.
	• Internal
Main © Internal	Emulator's internal clock
	• External
_ Sub	User system clock
C Internal © External	
OK Cancel Help Next Hide	

(6) Script tab

Init (M16C PC4701 Emulator)	Automatically executing a script command
	To automatically execute a script command when starting up the
MCU Debugging Information F/W and Work Area Memory Space Expansion Clock Script Init File: Refer OK Cancel Help Next Hide	 debugger, click the "Refer" button and specify the script file be executed. Clicking the "Refer" button brings up a file selection dialog bo The script file you have selected is displayed in the Init Fil section of the dialog box shown here. If you do not want automatically execute a script command, delete the charact string displayed in the Init File: section of the dialog box. What you specify here is reflected at only startup. If you speci back again in the Init dialog box after startup, whatever yo specified has no effect (restart the emulator debugger).

When the tab settings (1) to (6) above are completed, click OK button.

3.3.2 Checking Connections of the Emulator System

Check to see that the emulator debugger has been connected correctly to the emulator.

	Checking connections of the emulator system
All all a la fair a second and an	When the emulator debugger is connected correctly to the emulator after you
	have finished setting up the Init dialog box and the MCU Setting dialog box,
1 Tomas	you will see a message "Connected" displayed on the "Debug" tab of the
- <u>A</u> set all h (<u>B</u> - case to - <u>B</u> - seque to	Output window.
E Garantee en la companya de la companya de La companya de la comp	1
al of not 2 min American American I	
T BBB load arts - N KK	
Connected	
Build Debug Find in Files Version Control	
Ready	

3.4 Downloading Program

Download the user program to be debugged.

1) Downloading from the work space window



2) Showing the source program



Editor (Source) window The editor (source) window is a window that always shows the content of the source file corresponding to the current position of the program counter (hereafter, PC). The position of the PC at which the user program has stopped is marked by a yellow arrow. The operation up to the cursor position can be executed, and the software break point can be set up and reset, etc.

3.5 Program execution

(1) Program execution



(2) Software break

1) Setting the software break point



2) Execution completed with software break

167 i68 ; after reset, this program will 169 i70 f06c1 ; after reset, this program will 170 f06c1 idc #istack_top, isp ;set 171 f06c5 mov.b #02h,0sh 172 f06c9 mov.b #00h,0sh 173 f06cc mov.b #00h,0sh 174 f06cf idc #stack_top, sp ;set sta 175 f06d3 idc #stack_top, sp ;set sta 176 f06d7 idintb #VECTOR_ADR 178 idintb #VECTOR_ADR ; 179 ; NEAR area initialize.	
--	--

(3) Executing up to the cursor position (Come command)





2) After the Come command has finished

60 61 62 63 64 f0039 65 f003a 66 f003d 67 f0041 68 69 70 71 f0061 72 f0064 73 f0067 74 f006a 75 f006e 76 77	<pre>; Initialize Macro declaration ; Initialize Macro declaration mov.b #00H, R0 mov.w #(TOP & OFFFFH), A1 mov.w #sizeof SECT_, R3 sstr.b .endm N_BCOPY .macro FROM_,TO_,SECT_ mov.w #(FROM_ & OFFFFH),A0 mov.b #(FROM_ >>16),R1H mov.w #TO_,A1 mov.w #sizeof SECT_, R3 smovf.b .endm</pre>	The cursor stops in the position where the come command was executed. The statement specified with the come command is not executed.

3.6 Hardware Break

Hardware break is set by event condition such as FETCH or DATA ACCESS, etc. The program stops after executing the instruction at the set breakpoint (after several cycles).

(1) Break event setup dialog box

1) Opening the hardware break point setup dialog box



2) Hardware Break Point Setting Window in initial state

		Hardware break point Setting Window in initial state
H/W Break Points *		Select the "Enable H/W Break" check box, and this break function will be
□ Enable H/W Break		enabled, allowing you to set hardware break points.
PASS E ADDRE ACCE CONDITION ✓ A1 000000 FETCHI (addr) == 000000 1 A2 000000 FETCHI (addr) == 000000 1 A3 000000 FETCH (addr) == 000000 1 A4 000000 FETCH (addr) == 000000 1 A4 000000 FETCH (addr) == 000000 1 A5 000000 FETCH (addr) == 000000 1 A6 000000 FETCH (addr) == 000000		<u>Setting Break Event</u> Click the event line at which you want set a break event.
AND Detail Enable	Detail	
Reset Save Load Set	Close	

3) Break event setting dialog box

Al - Set Event Status Event Type: FETCH Fetch Fetch Range: (addr) == Address1 Address2: 000000 Function: Source File : Function:	Decifying the event type ick to select the event type you want to set. FETCH Detects an instruction prefetch. DATA ACCESS Detects a memory access. BIT ACCESS Detects a bit access. INTERRUPT Detects an occurrence of interruption or interrupt completion. TRIGGER Detects a signal from the external trace signal input cable.
--	--

(2) When FETCH is selected

1) Window for setting addresses

	Setting the address
A1 - Set Event Status	You can set eight conditions, e.g., a specified address, a specified address
Event Type: FETCH	range, etc. When you have finished setting the address, click OK.
Fetch Setting Range: (addr) == Address1 Address1: 0F0061 Function: Source File: Function: Function:	
ACCESS: FETCH ADDRESS: 0F0061 CONDITION: (addr) == 0F0061 OK Cancel	

(3) When DATA ACCESS is selected

1) Window for setting the address

At Culture Out	Setting the address
A1 - Set Event Status	Sets the address by "Address" tab.
Event Type: DATA ACCESS	You can set eight conditions, e.g., a specified address, a specified address
Address Address Address Setting Range: (addr) == Address1 Address1: 0F0061 Function: Source File : Function : Image: Address: Image: Address1: 0F0061 Range: Image: Address1: 0F0061 Image: Image: Address2: 000000 Image: Image: Function: Image: Function: Image: ACCESS: READ ADDRESS: 0F0061 CONDITION: (addr) == 0F0061	You can set eight conditions, e.g., a specified address, a specified address range, etc.
OK Cancel	

2) Window for setting data

A1 - Set Event Status	Setting data
	Sets the address by "Data" tab.
Event Type: DATA ACCESS	You can set eight conditions, e.g., specified data, specified data range, etc.
Address Data	Setting the access condition
Setting	You can set three conditions, e.g., read, write, and read/write. When you have
Range: (data) == Data1	finished setting the data and access condition, click OK.
Data 1: 0000 Data 2: Data Access: READ Mask: 0000	
ACCESS: READ ADDRESS: 0F0061 CONDITION: (addr) == 0F0061, (data) == 0000 OK Cancel	

3) Example Data Settings	
Setting events for wordwise accesses to the even-addresses STE.W A0,20E8h(A0=5423h) Cycle Label Address Data BUS BHE BIU R/W RWT CPU -00023 0020E8 5423 16b 0 DW W 0 CW High-order and low-order data effective High-order Condent of the even-addresses CW	Setting a break event.A1Address 1Address 1:0020E8Data 1:5423MASK:FFFFAccess:WRITE
Setting events for wordwise accesses to the odd-addressesSTE.W A0,20E5h(A0=AB79h)CycleLabelAddressDataBUSBHEBIUR/WRWTCPU-000210020E50020200020E679AB16b1DWD020200020E6Odd-address high-order data effectiveEven-address high-order data effective	Setting a break event (using 2 events)A1A2Address 1:0020E5Address 1:0020E6Data 1:7900Data 1:00ABMASK:FF00MASK:00FFAccess:WRITEAccess:WRITESet the combinatorial events to AND.
Setting events for wordwise accesses to the even-addresses STE.B ROL,[A1A0](ROL=E5h,A1=0000h,A0=20E2h) Cycle Label Address Data BUS BHE BIU R/W RWT CPU -00022 0020E2 00E5 16b 1 DB W 0 CB Low-order data effective	Setting a break eventA1Address 1Address 1:0020E2Data 1:00E5MASK:00FFAccess:WRITE
Setting events for wordwise accesses to the odd-addresses STE.B ROL,[A1A0](ROL=E6h,A1=0000h,A0=20E3h) Cycle Label Address Data BUS BHE BIU R/W RWT CPU -00022 0020E3 E600 16b 0 DB W 0 CB High-order data effective 0 0 0 0 0 CB	Setting a break event A1 Address 1 :0020E3 Data 1 :E600 MASK :FF00 Access :WRITE

(4) Setting the combinatorial event condition for the hardware break point

1) Window for setting the combinatorial event condition



3.7 Trace Window

The trace window is used to show the results of real-time trace measurements.

(1) Trace window

1) Opening the hardware break point setup dialog box



2) Trace window

Range: -000129	/ 🖸 😋 😪	Break File: Cyc			ress: 00	041 A Ti	me: 00″00	/00:000.0	44		_
Cycle	Label	Address	Data	BUS	BHE	BIU	R/W	RWT	CPU	QN	
-000041		00041A	0000	16b	1	DB	W	0		3	
-000040		00041A	0000	16b	1		-	1		3	
-000039		00041B	0000	16b	0	DB	W	0		3	
-000038		00041B	0000	16b	0		-	1		3	
-000037	msize	00041c	0000	16b	1	DB	Tel	0		3	
-000036	msize	00041c	0000	16b	1		-	1		3	
-000035		00041D	0000	16b	0	DB	Tel	0		3	
-000034		00041D	0000	16b	0		-	1		3	
-000033		00041E	0000	16b	1	DB	Tel	0		3	
-000032		00041E	0000	16b	1		-	1		3	
-000031		00041F	0000	16b	0	DB	Tal	0	CB	2	
-000030		OFOO5A	7504	16b	0	IW	R	0	CB	3	
-000029		OFOO5A	7504	16b	0		-	1	RW	1	
-000028		OFOO5C	00C3	16b	0	IW	R	0		3	
-000027		OFOO5C	00C3	16b	0		-	1	CW	1	
-000026		OFOO5E	7c00	16b	0	IW	R	0		3	
-000025		OFOO5E	7c00	16b	0		-	1	RW	1	
-000024		OF0060	A2EA	16b	0	IW	R	0		3	
-000023		0F0060	A2EA	16b	0		-	1	CW	1	
-000022		OF0062	0000	16b	0	IW	R	0		3	
-000021		OF0062	0000	16b	0		-	1	CB	2	-
•											

Trace window

Clicking this button opens the trace window.

Trace window

The trace window is used to show the results of real-time trace measurements. It has the following four display modes:

- Bus mode
 - Bus information per cycle can be inspected. The contents are displayed in order of execution paths.

Disassemble mode

The execution paths of the executed instructions can be inspected. The contents are displayed in order of execution paths.

- Data access mode
- Data read/write cycles can be inspected
- Source mode

The execution paths of the source program can be inspected.

The trace window shows the measurement result when a real-time trace measurement has finished. The trace window remains blank until the real-time trace measurement in progress finishes.

3) Trace Window (Bus mode display)

Ranger - 4210 Th	COLUMN Area Des	a line York	Column 1		. INCOME.	Time 1	OF BUILD	-	-				2.8-mail 111
CYLLS.	14041	Address	Data	\$15	810	3/10	EMT		125	P-T	0.7	76543230	Watter and an in
-00017		GEOREA.	7504	16b	TN	1	D	0		1	1	111111111	00*001001003.003
+00514		Groers.	7504	160		-	12	0.8		1	1	111111111	05*00*00,003.003
~ccet5		GFD6FC	0003	10h	114		D	354	1	1	1	111111111	00*00:00:000
+00514		Grüßer:	Dec3	164	-	-	1		1	1	1.	111111111	95*00.001003.003
-00915		GFOGPE.	7090	368	IM		0	04	1	1.	1	11111111	00"00:00:000.004
-00512		Grüser:	2c00	164		-	1			1	1	111111111	00*001001003-004
-DEBII		GESTED	DARA	16b	TH	3	0	30		I	1	111111111	SS"DD'00:003.554
-00510		079100	3484	3.66		-	1		1	1	1	111111111	05*001001000.004
+005009		0.80700	1084	36E	TH		D	08	1	1	1	111111111	00*00:001.004
+00508		0.00102	1CAL	30		-	1		-1	1	1.1	111111111	00*001001003-004
+00507		0.80702	1CAA.	16b	-		1		3	1	1	111111111	99"D0'00:000.004
-00505		GPDTD9	1CAA	106	-	-	1			1	1	11111111	\$5°00.001003.004
00505	tail suite	000410	0000	160	DB.	14	D		1	1	1	111111111	00*00:00:000.004
+0000M	nitepe	000410	0000	106	-	-	1			1	1	111111111	00"00.001001004
-00500		000411	0000	161	100	. 16	D		1	1	1.	111111111	68*60*001003.004
+10802		000411	0000	108		+	1		1	1	L	111111111	00"00'00:003.004
-00501	i	000412	0000	16b	28	141	ា		1	1	1	11111111	00*001001000.004
-00600		000412	0000	16b		-	1		3	1	1	111111111	65*00.00:003.004
-00490		000413	0000	164	100	14	0		11	1	1	11111111	96*001001000.004
-00406		000413	0000	10h		-	1	++	1	1	1.	11111111	00*00:00:000.004
+00497	Netit	000414	0000	100	118		O D		1	1	£	111111111	88*001001001005
+004948	_neet	000414	0000	191:	-		1		1	1	1	11111111	800.000:00:00700
-DD49(5	1.000	000415	0000	164	DB		D		18	1	1	111111111	00*001001000.005
100494		000415	0000	16k:	-	-	1		1	1	1	11111111	00"00:00:000
-00488		100416	0000	100	08		0	++	1	1	1	11111111	00*00.001000-002

4) Trace Window (Disassemble mode display)

Apres - 65.76	00000 Aven	fired. File: Davi	e-Offit? Addeen	+ OFORFT (Time: 007	00108-000-0025		
cylle	Address	oby-casie	Laks2	Harristell	491.81.9	10" of an an- an	1.13
-01517	OFO SFT	04		INV.8	#0,935	00*00100:000.000	
-03516	070670	AA1004		14CV.38	#0410x,23	00*00*00+000	
00213	OPDEFE	75030098		HOV.W	#0000CH, R3	00*00*00:000.004	
-05569	OFGEFF	TOBA		8778.8		00*00100+000.004	
-03482	0#0701	214		140V-8	#0, #0%	DD*00100.000.005	
-03491	050305	AA1CO8		160V-164	#DBLCE, AI	00*00100:000.006	
-00478	0#0705	75c20000		HOV.W	#00003#,#3	00*00*00.000.000	
-01414	070709	7CBA		2273.2		DD*00'00:000.006	
-01412	010708	A3:0000		DOV-M	#0000x,all	DD**00*00+008-006	
-034TD	080708	740308		HOV.E	COPH, BIE	DD*00100:000.000	
-03468	080322	AA0004		MOV.38	#08008.A1	00*00100+000.006	
-03466	010714	75c20000		HOV-M	#00000 x, 83	00"00'00:000.006	
-01464	080738	7086		SINCER.B.		20*00100+030.007	
-00461	010718	A20000		100V.W	#00008, aD	DD*00100.000.007	
-03418	070718	740308		HOV.8	CTR. FIR.	00*00100:000.007	
-03456	0r0720	AA0004		16:1V.10	#0400#, #1	80*00*00+038_807	
-01453	0F0323	75030000		HOV.38	#00001E, F3	00*00'00:020_007	
-03449	040323	7088		DECVT.8		00*00100+000.006	
-03446	0/0729	A20000		HOV.W	#00001, AD	DD*00'00:000.008	
-03444	090320	74C30F		160V.8	WOFE, ROE	DEPT001001000.008	
-03442	0r012r	AA0004		28CV-34	#0400x,A1	DEP001001000.009	
-27440	080732	75031000		HOVW	#00108,23	001001001000.008	
-03418	0r0736	7cm9		UNCUT-B		00*001001000.008	
-01759	080138	A21003		HOV.W	#00108, AD	00"00'00:000.014	
-91110	010338	74c10F		HOV.8	COTE, BIR	00*00100+000-014	

5) Trace Window (Source mode display)

Line	Linksman		manne		
00101		100		and the second second	
001011	OPD683 DeD684	100		sev.b	AGOB, POL A (TOP & OPPERS), A1
01111				BOW-N	Asised SECT. , KJ
00104	OPOSTS.	-		sete .b	Remoted Sport - 4 pp
00102				. spile	
07178					
OQ10T			B BOOFT	and other	FROM .TO .NOT
00108	IPUAIS	141	-	80V.N	A (FROM & OFFFER) . AD
00100	000704				8 (7818) 3015),818
00131	000711				#20A1
00111	Der0714			10010-14	Assess mor , sl
001111	020718			movf.b	
00117				.ende	
00114					
00118			82250		70F_188CT_
00116	DE0747				Asissof SECT pp 16
001117	1017748	-		paints.w	Anisenod SBCT_ 6 Dffffh
00118	DV074P				200 2016
00119	100755	-		prophet	DOB_ 6 OFFERA
00150				_sth	9
07171.				gib	Tposts.
00122				-1011	_hasso, 0
00123	020752			100.4	"preto
00124				- ender	
00112					20

6) Trace Window (Data access mode display)

organ (-0057).	ODDER Uman De	as Die Orche-	-8257 Ass	est 800004 Tase W1070000000	
Owie-	Lane1	Tatolcom		h" m' at m, m	
-00557		100000A	00 M 3	00*00+00+000,001	10
00505	_stain	1000410	00 W 1	00*08*00:000.004	- 10
-00503	-	1000411	100 M 5	00*00*00+000.004	
10203*		1000412	00 W I	00*00*00:000.004	
-00400	1.000	1000413	00 8 3	00*00100+000.004	
-00497	Marint:	1000414	00 # 5	00*00*00.000.005	
-00495	1.00	(000415	00 # 5	00*00*00:000.005	
-00482	1	1000416	400 m ()	00*00*00.000.005	
-00401	1	(000417	00 #)	00*00*00:000,005	
-00469	*****	1000418	40 W S	00*08100+000.005	
+00987		1000419	192 H Y	00*00*00:000.005	
-00465		100041A	100 10 1	00*00+00+000.005	
-00482		1000418	00 W 3	00*00*001000.005	
-100435	1	1060000	00 # 1	00*00100+000-009	
+00429	penL	(200400	100 H j	00*00+00+000,009	
~00417		(DPDOOL	00 8.3	00*001001000.009	
-00434	1	1000401	00 M 2	00*00+00+000+009	
~DE471	1	1DF0001	100 R 2	00 "00:000;000;009	
-00419	1	1000402	100 M ()	00*00+00+000+009	
00417	1	(D#13000)	00 8 1	00*00*00:000,010	
-00414		1000403	400 H 5	00+00+000+010	
-20412		1040004	00 8 5	00*00*001000.013	
-00409		1000404	40 H S	00*00*00+000,010	
-00407		10#0005	00 m)	00*00+00+000+001	
-00404		1000403	00 H)	00*00:00:000,018	-

Explanation of the trace window (bus display)

Shows the status of the address bus.

- Address
- Shows the status of the address bus.
- Data
 - Shows the status of the data bus.
- BUS

Shows the width of the external data bus. In the present emulator, only "16b" for 16 bits wide bus is displayed.

- BHE*

Shows the status (0 or 1) of the BHE (Byte High Enable) signal. If this signal = 0, the odd-address data is valid.

- BIU

Shows the status between the BIU (Bus Interface Unit) and memory or I/O.

- Symbol Status
 - : No change (non-active)
- DMA : Data access except for CPU
- INT : Interrupt acknowledge cycle
- IB : Instruction code read (bytes) by CPU
- DB : Data access (bytes) by CPU
- IW : Instruction code read (words) by CPU
- DW : Data access (words) by CPU
- R/W

Shows the status of the data bus. Displayed as "R" for Read, "W" for Write, and "-" for no access.

- RWT

This is the signal to indicate a valid bus cycle. When valid, RWT = 0. The Address, Data, and the BIU signals are effective when this signal is 0.

CPU

Shows the status between the CPU and BIU (Bus Interface Unit).

- Symbol Status
- CB : Op-code read (bytes)
 - : Operand read (bytes)
 - : Clears instruction queue buffer
 - : Op-code read (words)
- RW : Operand read (words)
- QN

RB

QC CW

Shows the byte count stored in the instruction queue buffer. The display range is 0 to 4.

- 76543210

Shows the level of external trace signal input cable EXTIN0 to EXTIN7.

h" m' s: ms. us

Shows the elapsed time after starting the user program.

(2) Suspending and resuming trace measurement

1) Suspending trace measurement

V B	1000		e 🖬 •	•	Suspend Click this toolbar button to suspend the trace measurement in progress.
Range:, Are Cycle	a: Break File: Cyc Label	le: Address: Address	Time: Data	BU	
				6	

2) Resuming trace measurement

Range: -32511,	00000 Area: Break	File: Cycle:	Addr	
Cycle	Label	Address	Data	BU
-00017		OFO7D8	0404	16
-00016		OF07D8	0404	16
-00015	exit	OF07D5	FEOF	16
-00014		OFO7D6	FBFF	16
-00013		OF07D8	0404	16
-00012		OF07D8	0404	16
-00011	exit	OF07D5	FEOF	16
-00010	_	OF07D6	FBFF	16
-00009		OFO7D8	0404	16
-00008		OFO7D8	0404	16

<u>Re-Start</u>
Click this toolbar button to resume the trace measurement in progress.

(3) Trace point setup window

1) Trace point setup window

) Trace point setup window	
	Trace Point Setting Window in initial state
Trace Points	12-11
Event Status	Clicking this toolbar button opens the trace point setting
PASS E. ADDRE. ACCE. CONDITION	window.
I B1 000000 FETCH (addr) == 000000 I B2 000000 FETCH (addr) == 000000	You can set events in the same way as for the hardware breakpoints.
□ 1 B3 000000 FETCH (addr) == 000000	Tou can set events in the same way as for the natuware breakpoints.
□ 1 B4 000000 FETCH (addr) == 000000	Specifying a trace range
□ 1 B5 000000 FETCH (addr) == 000000 □ 1 B6 000000 FETCH (addr) == 000000	You can specify a trace range for the trace event.
	- Break
	32K cycles of instruction execution before the user program
Combination PID	stopped is recorded.
AND Detail Detail	- Before
Trace Area	32K cycles of instruction execution before a trace point condition was met is recorded.
Break 🗾 Total 💌 Detail	- About
	16K cycles of instruction execution before and after a trace point
Reset Save Load Set Close	condition was met is recorded.
	- After 32K cycles of instruction execution after a trace point condition
	was met is recorded.
	- Full
	32K cycles of instruction execution after a trace began is recorded.
) Setting the trace write condition	
j Setting the trace write condition	Setting the trace write condition
Trace Points *	You can specify a condition for the cycles to be written into the
Event Status	trace memory.
	- Total All cycles are written into memory.
PASS E ADDRE ACCE CONDITION ✓ 1 B1 000000 FETCH (addr) == 000000	 Pick up
1 B2 000000 FETCH (addr) == 000000	Only the cycles in which the specified condition was met are written into memory.
1 B3 000000 FETCH (addr) == 000000	- Exclude
□ 1 B4 000000 FETCH (addr) == 000000 □ 1 B5 000000 FETCH (addr) == 000000	Only the cycles in which the specified condition was not met are
□ 1 B6 000000 FETCH (addr) == 000000	written into memory.
	When you have finished setting the trace write condition, click this
/	button. The Realtime-trace Write Condition dialog box shown
Combination PID	below will appear.
ANDDetail EnableDetail	
Trace Area	
Break Pick up Detail	
Reset Save Load Set Close	
3) Realtime trace Write Condition dialog box	
	Write mode



RENESAS

3.8 RAM Monitor Window

This function makes it possible to make reference to the changes in memory contents without impairing the real-time performance for target program execution. The emulator PC4701 system is provided with the 1K-byte RAM monitoring area, which can be arranged in the 1K-byte space from any continuous address.

(1) RAM monitor window

1) RAM monitor window



2) RAM monitor display area

[110ms]	Label	Regist	er +Û	+1	+2	+3	+4	+5	+6	+7	+8	+9	+A	+B	+C	+D	+E	+F	ASCII
0003A0																			
0003B0 0003C0																			-
000300																			
0003E0																			
0003F0																			
000400	_pool		00 9B	00	00 F1	00 B4		00				00 0A							
000420			5E	00	00	40	74	04	00	B1	AO	FF	FF	38	33	7E	FF	B8	^Lt
000430			DF	00	00	3F	1E	40	00	26	3E	FF	FF	37	Ē7	F7	FF	DA	?.0.&>7
000440			2A	00	20	FF	FF	44	09	F9	5A	FF	FB	49	EF	D7	FF	1E	*DZI
000450			D3 E7	00 00	00 10	AD AD	C3 05	9A 35	00	EB A5	60 26	FF DF	FF FF	1E 10	63 7C	3F FF	FF BF	F8 00	c? 5. %
000460			50 3D	00	00	AU 77	FN	30 01	04	A0 D8	26 9F	FF	FF	77	EC	DE	FF	DF	θα = == ==
000480			D8	24	ŐŐ	FÉ	4F	09	ŏŏ	FĚ	Ĕ2	FΒ	FF	45	ΰB	66	FF	51	.\$0E.f.Q
000490			7A	20	00	B5	DD	00	00	52	45	FF	FF	E0	12	DD	FF	14	zRE
0004A0 0004B0			8A 74	06 08	00 00	5A SF	F1 3D	84 00	00	F0 26	EA 3F	BF FF	FF FF	A4 2F	22 FB	9F FF	FF FF	AA FB	∠
000460			40	23	00	FF	70	00	04	FF	RR	CF	FF	4F 0D	32	FF	FF	ΠF	l/
0004D0			45	40	00	ED	F4	18	00	FF	B9	FE	FF	10	42	DF	FF	D2	E0B
0004E0			51	01	00	FF	AF	01	00	E4	2A	FF	FF	90	33	EA	FF	40	Q
0004F0 000500			BE 7E	31 80	00	27 EA	6E DD	00 D1	00	FC	47 D6	EF 6A	FF FF	7F 45	14 86	00 BD	00 F7	41	.1.'nG
000510			6Å	ÖÖ.	00	B5	E7	53	οŏ	5B	AA	AF	FF	EI	14	B3	FD	54	iS. [T
000520			00	49	00	5E	55	4A	00	BO	CD	FF	FF	28	AD	FF	FD	BA	.I.^W(
000530			18	8A 30	00 00	3E FF	E3 FF	00 8C	00	67 FF	76 D0	DD	FF FF	2F 6D	9C 1B	F7 76	FF	FB 1F	>gv/
000540			AF 8B	30 C0	00	BD	F7	80	00	EF	E5	EF FE	FF	60 1E	1B 20	76 DF	U⊧ FD	DA	.U
000560			00	04	0C	FF	DF	A2	00	E4	6A	F7	FF	CO	05	B5	FF	40	·····.

Changing the RAM monitor display area

This window shows changes of memory contents while the user program is executed. This is accomplished by using the real-time RAM monitor function, and the memory contents corresponding to the RAM monitor area are displayed in dump form. The memory contents displayed here are updated at given intervals (by default, every 100 ms) during user program execution.

The background colors of the data display and the code display sections change with the access attribute as described below.

- Green : Addresses accessed for read
- Red : Addresses accessed for write
- White : Addresses not accessed

The background colors can be changed as necessary.

3) RAM monitor area setting dialog box



RAM monitor area setting window

You can set the start address of the RAM area to be monitored. The 1 KB of the arbitrary continuous space form the specified start address can be displayed.

4. Hardware Specifications

This chapter describes specifications of this product.

4.1 Target MCU Specifications

Table 4.1 lists the specifications of target MCUs which can be debugged with this product.

Item	Description	
Applicable MCU	M16C/6H Group M306H7	
Evaluation MCU	M306H3FCFP, M306H7FG-TOOL	
Applicable MCU mode	Single-chip mode	
Emulation Memory	1 MB	
Operating voltage	VCC2=4.05.5 V, VCC1=3.0VVCC2 (Xin: when operating without division) VCC2=2.95.5 V, VCC1=2.9VVCC2 (Xin: when operating in a divide-by-16 or 8-mode) VCC2=2.05.5 V, VCC1=2.0VVCC2 (Xcin when operating) *VCC2=2.0V2.6V operates only in low power dissipation mode.	
Max. operating frequency	16MHz (VCC2=4.05.5 V, VCC1=3.0VVCC2)	

Table 4.1 Specifications of target MCUs for the M306H7T3-RPD-E

4.2 Differences between the Actual MCU and Emulator

Differences between the actual MCU and emulator are shown below. When debugging the MCU using this product, be careful about the following precautions.

IMPORTANT

Notes on Differences between the Actual MCU and Emulator:

- Operations of the emulator system differ from those of actual MCUs as listed below.
- Reset condition
- Set the time for starting up (0.2 Vcc to 0.8 Vcc) 1 μ s or less.
- Initial values of internal resource data of an MCU at power-on
- Internal memories (ROM and RAM) capacities etc.

With this emulator system, regardless of ROM and RAM of the MCU you use, all the areas other than the SFR area and a reserved area (addresses 27000h--27FFFh) can be read and written into.

Oscillator circuit

In the oscillator circuit where an oscillator is connected between pins XIN and XOUT, oscillation does not occur because a converter board is used between the evaluation MCU and the user system. It is same for pins XCIN and XCOUT. For notes on when using the oscillator circuit on the user system, refer to "2.9.3 (5) Using the Oscillator Circuit on the User System" (page 41).

A/D converter function

Because a converter board, flexible cable and other devices are used between the evaluation MCU and the user system, the A/D converter operates differently from that of the actual MCU.

• Characteristics of ports P0 to P5

This product emulates some I/O ports (P0 to P5). Therefore, the electrical characteristics of these ports differ from those of an actual MCU.

• DBC, single-step and BRK instruction interrupt vector table addresses

As the emulator uses the DBC, single-step and BRK instruction interrupt vector table addresses, when reading these addresses, the downloaded data cannot be read (see Table 4.2).

Table 4.2 Vector table addresses for the emulator

Factor of interruption	Vector table addresses	Data read
DBC*1	FFFF4hFFFF7h	Indefinite
5501	FFFEChFFFEFh	Indefinite
Single-step*1		
BRK instruction	FFFE4hFFFE7h	Indefinite

*1 Interruption for the emulator only

Pins P57/CLKout

When pins P57/CLKout are used for CLKout function and Fc is selected by Clock output selection in stop mode, CLKout output does not stop.

Note on RESET* Input:

• A low input from the user system to pin RESET* is accepted only while a user program is being executed (only while the RUN status LED on the PC4701's front panel is lit).

Note on NMI* Input:

• A low input from the user system to pin NMI* is accepted only while a user program is being executed (only while the RUN status LED on the PC4701's front panel is lit).
IMPORTANT	
 Notes on Maskable Interrupts: Even if a user program is not being executed (including when run-time debugging is being performed the evaluation MCU keeps running so as to control the emulation pod. If a maskable interrup requested when the user program is not being executed (including when run-time debugging is being performed), the maskable interrupt request cannot be accepted, because the emulator disables interrupt The interrupt request is accepted immediately after the user program execution is started. Take note that when the user program is not being executed (including when run-time debugging being performed), a peripheral I/O interruption is not accepted. 	t is eing pts.
Note on DMA Transfer:	
• With this product, the program is stopped with a loop program to a specific address. Therefore, DMA request is generated while the program is stopped, a DMA transfer is executed, but it may not performed correctly. Also note that the below registers have been changed to generate a DMA transfer as explained here even when the program is stopped.	t be
DMA0 transfer counter registers : TCR0 DMA1 transfer counter registers : TCR1	
Note on Pullup Control:	
 With this product, ports P0 to P5 are not pulled up by the pullup control register. To pull up the ports to P5, mount the included network resistor (51 kΩ) to the inside of the emulator as occasion demar How to mount it, refer to "2.9.5 Installing and Removing Network Resistors for Pullup" (page 45). 	
*Note: Ports P6 to P9 are pulled up by the pullup control registers. *Note: Pullup control registers themselves can be read and written into properly.	
 Note on Setting "1" to Protect Bit 2 (PCR2) with Sub Clock: When the CPU clock is set to the sub-clock (low-speed mode or low power dissipation mode), every you enable the PRC2 bit, writing to the register protected by the PRC2 bit (PD9, S3C and S registers) cannot be done properly. When you enable the PRC2 bit and write to the register protected the PRC2 (PD9, S3C and S4C registers), do not set the CPU clock to the sub-clock. 	S4C
 Notes on Setting "1" to Protect Bit 2 (PRC2) in Division by 2 Mode: Under the following conditions, even if you enable the PRC2 bit, writing to the register protected by PRC2 bit (PD9, S3C and S4C registers) cannot be done properly. (1) Between when stop mode is released and when a hardware reset is executed (2) Between when low power dissipation mode is enabled and when a hardware reset is executed Therefore, if the condition (1) or (2) applies, when you enable the PRC2 bit and write to the regist protected by the PRC2 (PD9, S3C and S4C registers), set the CPU clock neither to the main clock division by 2 mode nor to the on-chip oscillator clock in division by 2 mode. 	ster
 Note on the Input Thresholds for the Pins P1_5/INT3, P1_6/INT4 and P1_7/INT5 With this product, regarding pins P1_5/INT3, P1_6/INT4 and P1_7/INT5, a device which port or of bus inputs to and a device which INT interrupt inputs to are different as follows: Device which port or data bus inputs to: Port emulation FPGA (input level: TTL) Device which INT interrupt inputs to: Evaluation MCU for emulating peripheral functions (in level: CMOS Schmidt) Therefore, the port input level can be read as "H" immediately after an INT interrupt (falling), and port input level can be read as "H" immediately before an INT interrupt (rising). 	put
 Note on Final Evaluation: ● Be sure to evaluate your system with an evaluation MCU. Before starting mask production, evaluation your system and make final confirmation with a CS (Commercial Sample) version MCU. 	iate

4.3 Connection Diagram

Figure 4.1 shows a connection diagram of the M306H7T3-RPD-E. This connection diagram mainly shows the interface section. The circuits not connected to the user system such as the emulator's control system are omitted. The signals not shown in Figure 4.1 connect the evaluation MCU and the user system directly.

Tables 4.3 to 4.4 show IC electric characteristics of this product for reference purposes.



Figure 4.1 Part of the connection diagram of the M306H7T3-RPD-E

Table 4.3 Electrical characteristics of the 74HC4066

Symbol	Item	Condition	Standard values			Unit
			Min.	Standard	Max.	Unit
Ron	ON resistor	Vcc=4.5V	-	96	170	Ω
ΔR on	ON resistor difference	Vcc=4.5V	-	10	-	52
Ioff	Leak current (Off)	Vcc=12.0V	-	-	± 100	m A
IIZ	Leak current (On, output: open)	Vcc=12.0V	-	-	± 100	nA

Table 4.4 Electrical characteristics of the Port Emulation FPGA

Symbol	Item	Condition	Standard values			Unit
		Condition	Min.	Standard	Max.	Unit
VIH	High level input voltage		2.0	-	5.5	
VIL	Low level input voltage		-0.5	-	0.8	
Vон High level output voltage		Iон=-8mA DC, Vcc=4.75V	2.4	-	-	
	V OH	righ level output voltage	Iон=-8mA DC, Vcc=3.00V	2.4	-	-
Vol Low level ou		IOL=8mA DC, Vcc=4.75V	-	-	0.45	
	Low level output voltage	IOL=8mA DC, Vcc=3.00V	-	-	0.45	
II	Input leak current	VI=Vcc or GND	-10	—	10	μΑ
Ioz	Leak current (Tristate)	Vo=Vcc or GND	-40	-	40	μA
Cin	I/O pin input capacitance	V _{IN} =0V, f=1.0MHz	-	-	8	pF

4.4 External Dimensions

4.4.1 External Dimensions of the Emulation Pod

Figure 4.2 shows external dimensions of the M306H7T3-RPD-E.



Figure 4.2 External dimensions of the emulation pod

4.4.2 External Dimensions of the M30800T-PTC

Figure 4.3 shows external dimensions of the converter board M30800T-PTC for a 100-pin LCC (included with the M306H7T3-RPD-E).



Figure 4.3 External dimensions of the M30800T-PTC

4.5 Notes on Using This Product

Notes on using this product are listed below. When debugging the MCU using he emulator, be careful about the following precautions.

IMPORTANT
Note on the Version of the Emulator Debugger:
• Be sure to use this product with one of the following emulator debuggers.
1. M16C PC4701 Emulator Debugger
2. M3T-PD30 V8.20 Release 1 or later
Note on Selecting the MCU File:
• It is necessary to make an MCU file which contains information such as, SFR area, internal RAM area
and internal ROM area, etc. to use this product. For creating an MCU file, see "3.1 Making an MCU
File" on page 48. For each memory map of MCU, refer to its data sheet.
Note on Malfunctions in the PC4701 System
• If the emulator malfunctions because of interference like external noise, do the following to remedy the
trouble
(1) Press the RESET switch on the emulator upper panel.
(2) If normal operation is not restored after step (1), shut OFF power to the emulator once and then reactivate it.
Notes on Downloading Firmware:
• Before using this product for the first time, it is necessary to download the dedicated firmware (control
software built into the PC4701). Please note that, to do this, it is necessary to start up the emulator main
unit in maintenance mode. For firmware download procedures, see "2.6.2 Downloading Firmware in
Maintenance Mode" (page 28). Once the firmware has been downloaded, the product can be used by
simply turning on the power.
• Do not shut off the power while downloading the firmware. If this happens, the product will not start up
properly. If power is shut off unexpectedly, redownload the firmware in maintenance mode.
• Be sure to disconnect the user system before downloading the firmware.
Notes on the Self-check:
• If the self-check does not result normally (excluding target status error), the emulation pod may be
damaged. Then contact your local distributor.
• Be sure to disconnect the user system before executing the self-check
Note on Quitting the Emulator Debugger:
• To restart the emulator debugger after it ends, always shut power to the emulator off once and wait
about 10 seconds, then turn the power on again.

IMPORTANT
Note on Clock Supply to the MCU:
• A clock supplied to the evaluation MCU is selected by the Clock tab in the Init dialog box of the
emulator debugger.
(1) When Internal is selected: A cleak generated by the escillation circuit in the emulation ned is sumplied to the evoluation MCL
A clock generated by the oscillation circuit in the emulation pod is supplied to the evaluation MCU. The clock is continually supplied to the evaluation MCU regardless of "user system clock status"
and "user program execution status"
(2) When External is selected:
Clock supply to the evaluation MCU depends on oscillation status (oscillate/off) of the user system.
Note on Setting the Work Area When Starting Up the Emulator Debugger:
• With this product, the emulator uses 54 bytes as a work area in emulation memory. Set the work area
address at 10000h. For more details, see "3.2 Setting the Work Area" (page 48).
Note on Stack Area:
• With this product, a maximum 7 bytes of the user stack is consumed. Therefore, ensure the +7 bytes
maximum capacity used by the user program as the user stack area. If the user stack does not have
enough area, do not use areas which cannot be used as stack (SFR area, RAM area which stores data, or
ROM area) as a work area. Using areas like this is a cause of user program crashes and destabilized
emulator control.
Notes on MAP References and Settings:
• For details on referencing and setting MAP information, see the emulator debugger user's manual.
Make settings as follows:
(1) $MAP = INT$
The emulation memory inside this product becomes effective.
Set this at MCU internal ROM debugging.
(2) $MAP = EXT$
The emulation memory inside this product is not used.
Set this where the MCU internal resource (SFR) or resources on the user system are used.
• Be sure to set the work area as $MAP = INT$.
Note on Operation When Not Executing the User Program:
• With this product, bit 7 of processor mode register 1 (wait bit PM17) is forcibly set to "1" (with wait)
when the user program is not executed (e.g. when the program is stopped or when run-time debugging
is being performed). Therefore, if the external area set to 0 wait is accessed by other than the user
program (such as debugging operation), one wait is inserted. However, when wait bit PM17 is
referenced by the dump window etc. the value set during user program execution is displayed.
Note on Stop and Wait Modes:
• Do not single step an instruction shifting to stop or wait mode. It may cause communication errors
Note on Watchdog Function:
• The MCU's watchdog timer can be used only while programs are being executed. To use it otherwise,
disable the watchdog timer.

IMPORTA	NT		
Note on M1 (Mode Selection Input) Pin:			
• As the evaluation MCU in this product and the M	1 pin of the user system are not connected, this		
product is not affected by the status ("H", "L" or "OF	PEN") of the M1 pin of the user system. Be sure to		
check the status of the M1 pin when evaluating with a	an actual MCU.		
Note on Reading Internal Resources of the MCU:			
• When the registers listed in Table 4.5 are read with a	n emulator, those results will be the following (the		
data in the MCU are not effected).			
(1) Results of real-time trace			
The data values of the cycles read are not display	ed correctly.		
(2) Real-time RAM monitor			
The data values read are not displayed correctly.			
Table 4.5 Resisters and symbols not displayed norma	lly		
Resister	Symbol		
DMA source pointers 0, 1	SAR0, SAR1		
DMA destination pointers 0, 1	DAR0, DAR1		
DMA transfer counters 0, 1	TCR0, TCR1		
DMA control resisters 0, 1	DM0CON, DM1CON		
 port P9 direction register and the SI/Oi control register (1) Step execution of the "instruction for setting ("1") (2) Execution from the instruction setting "1" to PRC (3) Setting the break point from the "instruction for P9 direction register and the SI/Oi control register (4) Setting ("1") PRC2 from the Memory Window or) PRC2" 22 where a software breakpoint is set setting ("1") PRC2" to when the "setting the port r"		
Note on Breaks:			
• The area displaying break points in the program wind	low of the emulator debugger shows the following		
breaks.			
(1) Software break			
 This is a debugging function which generates a BRK interruption by changing an instruction at a specified address to a BRK instruction (00h) to break a program immediately before the system executes an instruction at a specified address. The instruction at the preset address will not be executed. (2) Hardware break This is a debugging function which breaks a program by setting the detection of an execution of an instruction at a specified address as a break event. The program will break after the instruction at the specified address is executed. 			
Notes on Software Breaks:			
 Software breaks change the instruction at a specified when you reference the result of a trace in bus mode, The BRK instruction can be used for the emulator onl It is not possible to use a software break and a hardw operate normally. In the area where the MAP setting is EXTERNAL, so 	"00h" is displayed. ly. You cannot use it in a user program. vare break at the same time. If doing so, it may not		

Note on	Power Supply to the User System:
	 Pins Vcc1 and Vcc2 are connected to the user system to observe the voltage. Therefore, the power is not supplied to the user system from the emulator, design your system so that the user system is powered separately. (1) The voltage of the user system should be within the operating range of the evaluation MCU.
	(2) Do not change the voltage of the user system after turning on the power.
Notes of	n Address-Match Interrupts:
	• To debug address-match interrupts, set a software break or hardware break at the top address of th address-match interrupt process. If you set a software break or hardware break at an address where an address-match interrupt occurs, the program may run out of control.
	• When an address at which an address-match interrupt occurs is executed in single-step mode, th program stops after executing the first instruction after returning from the address-match interrup processing.
Note on	Accessing Addresses 00000h and 00001h:
	• With the M16C/60 Series MCUs, when a maskable interrupt is generated, the interrupt data (interrupt number and interrupt request level) stored in addresses 00000h and 00001h are read out. Also, the interrupt request bit is cleared when address 00000h or 00001h is read out. Consequently, when the address 00000h readout instruction is executed or when address 00000h or 00001h is read out in the cause of a program runaway, a malfunction occurs in that the interrupt is not executed despite the interrupt request, because the request bit of the highest priority interrupt factor enabled is cleared. For this malfunction, when the reading out to the address 00000h or 00001h is generated excluding the interrupt, the LED (yellow) lights up to alarm. When this LED lights, there is a possibility of wrong access, therefore check the program. This LED is turned off by the system reset switch of the emulator main unit.
Note on	 Debugging Operations After Releasing a Reset from the Target: Do not execute debugging operations such as setting a software or hardware break, runtime debugging after releasing a reset from the user system until an interrupt stack pointer (ISP) is set in the user program.

5. Troubleshooting

This chapter describes how to troubleshoot when this product does not work properly.

5.1 Flowchart to Remedy the Troubles

Figure 5.1 shows the flowchart to remedy troubles from when power to the emulator is activated until the emulator debugger starts up. Check this while the user system is not connected. For the latest FAQs visit the Renesas Tools Homepage. http://www.renesas.com/en/tools



Figure 5.1 Flowchart to remedy troubles

5.2 When the Emulator Debugger Does Not Start Up Properly

(1) When the LED Display of the PC4701 is Abnormal

Table 5.1 LED's abnormal display and its checkpoints

Error	Connection to the user system	Checkpoint		
LEDs do not light up.	-	Check that the power cable is connected to the PC4701. See the PC4701 user's manual.		
All LEDs remain lit.	-	Check the connection between the PC4701 and this product. <i>See "2.4 Connecting the PC4701" (page 23).</i>		
The "POWER" LED of "STATUS OF TARGET" does not light up.	Connected	Check that power (Vcc and GND) is properly supplied to the user system.		
The "CLOCK" LED of "STATUS	Disconnected	 Check that both the main/sub clocks are not set to "External" in the emulator debugger See the CLK command of the emulator debugger. Check the oscillator circuit board is mounted on this product and it is oscillating properly. See "2.9.3 Selecting Clock Supply" (page 38). 		
OF TARGET" does not light up.	Connected	 When the clock supply is set to "External", check that the oscillation circuit on the user system is oscillating correctly. Check the switches in the emulation pod are correctly set. <i>See "2.9.4 Switch settings" (page 42)</i> 		
The "RESET" LED of "STATUS OF TARGET" does not go out.	Connected	Check that the reset pin of the user system is at "H" level.		

(2) Program Window is Not Displayed at Debugger Startup (User System Connected)

Table 5.2 Checkpoints of	C 1 / /	1 1 11	
I and S / I heavy notifie of	c errore when cfarting	in the emilistor debilde	r lucer system connected)
	a chiors which starting		

Error	Checkpoint
ERROR 16005: Can't connect with the target.	 Check the connection between the PC4701 and host machine. See the PC4701 User's Manual. Check that the PC4701 is powered on. See the PC4701 User's Manual. Check that all switch settings on the rear of the PC4701 and interface cable settings of the emulator debugger match. See the PC4701 User's Manual and the emulator debugger user's manual (online manual).
ERROR 16211: The version of the emulator and the firmware on the target are not same.	 (1) Check the connection between the PC4701 and this product. See "2.4 Connecting the PC4701" (page 23) (2) Download the proper firmware. See "2.6 Downloading Firmware" (page 28). (3) Choose the proper MCU file in the Init dialog box. See the emulator debugger user's manual (online manual). (4) Check that the descriptions in the MCU file are correct. See "3.1 Making an MCU File" (page 48).
ERROR 16215: Cannot communicate with the debugging monitor. Execute the RESET command.	 (1) Check the connection between the PC4701 and this product. See "2.4 Connecting the PC4701" (page 23) (2) Check that the reset pin of the user system is at "H" level. See the MCU specifications. (3) Check that CNVSS is held low. See the MCU specifications. (4) Check that the oscillator circuit of the emulation pod is oscillating properly. See "2.9.3 Selecting Clock Supply" (page 38)
ERROR 16014: Communication ERROR. Can't accept data.	 (1) Check that the oscillator circuit of the user system is oscillating properly. See "2.9.3 Selecting Clock Supply" (page 38). (2) Check that the PC4701 LEDs at startup show normal operation. See "2.5.3 LED Display When the Emulator Starts Up Normally" (page 27).
ERROR 16231: There was sent undefined data from the emulator.	Check that the emulator debugger has not been started up without shutting down the PC4701. See "4.5 IMPORTANT: Note on Quitting the Emulator Debugger" (page 76).

(3) Program Window is Not Displayed at Debugger Startup (User System Not Connected)

Error	Checkpoint
ERROR 16005: Can't connect with the target.	 (1) Check the connection between the PC4701 and host machine. See the PC4701 User's Manual. (2) Check that the PC4701 is powered on. See the PC4701 User's Manual. (3) Check that all switch settings on the rear of the PC4701 and interface cable settings of the emulator debugger match. See the PC4701 User's Manual and the emulator debugger user's manual (online manual).
ERROR 16211: The version of the emulator and the firmware on the target are not same.	 (1) Check the connection between the PC4701 and this product. See "2.4 Connecting the PC4701" (page 23). (2) Download the proper firmware. See "2.6 Downloading Firmware" (page 28). (3) Choose the proper MCU file in the Init dialog box. See the emulator debugger user's manual (online manual). (4) Check that the descriptions in the MCU file are correct. See "3.1 Making an MCU File" (page 48).
ERROR 16215: Cannot communicate with the debugging monitor. Execute the RESET command	 Check that switch settings in the emulation pod are correct. See "2.9.4 Switch Settings" (page 42). Check that the oscillator circuit of the emulation pod is oscillating properly. See "2.9.3 Selecting Clock Supply" (page 38).
ERROR 16014: Communication ERROR. Can't accept data.	Check that the PC4701 LEDs at startup show normal operation. See "2.5.3 LED Display When the Emulator Starts Up Normally" (page 27).
ERROR 16231: There was sent undefined data from the emulator.	Check that the emulator debugger has not been started up without shutting down the PC4701. See "4.5 IMPORTANT: Note on Quitting the Emulator Debugger" (page 76).

5.3 How to Request for Support

After checking the items in "5 Troubleshooting", fill in the text file which is downloaded from the following URL, then send the information to your local distributor.

)

http://tool-support.renesas.com/eng/toolnews/registration/support.txt

For prompt response, please specify the following information:

- (1) Operating environment
 - Operating voltage: [V]
 - Operating frequency: [MHz]
 - Operating mode: Single-chip, memory expansion, or microprocessor mode
 - Clock supply to the MCU: Internal oscillator/External oscillator
- (2) Condition
 - The emulator debugger starts up/does not start up
 - The error is detected/not detected in the self-check
 - Frequency of errors: always/frequency (
- (3) Problem

6. Maintenance and Guarantee

This chapter describes how to maintenance, repair provisions and how to request for repair.

6.1 User Registration

When you purchase our product, be sure register as a user. For user registration, refer to "User registration" (page 11) of this user's manual.

6.2 Maintenance

- (1) If dust or dirt collects on any equipment of your emulation system, wipe it off with a dry soft cloth. Do not use thinner or other solvents because these chemicals can cause the equipment's surface coating to separate.
- (2) When you do not use this product for a long period, for safety purposes, disconnect the power cable from the power supply.

6.3 Guarantee

If your product becomes faulty within one year after its purchase while being used under good conditions by observing "IMPORTANT" and "Precautions for Safety" described in this user's manual, we will repair or replace your faulty product free of charge. Note, however, that if your product's fault is raised by any one of the following causes, we will repair it or replace it with new one with extra-charge:

- Misuse, abuse, or use under extraordinary conditions
- Unauthorized repair, remodeling, maintenance, and so on
- Inadequate user's system or misuse of it
- Fires, earthquakes, and other unexpected disasters

In the above cases, contact your local distributor. If your product is being leased, consult the leasing company or the owner.

6.4 Repair Provisions

(1) Repair with extra-charge

The products elapsed more than one year after purchase can be repaired with extra-charge.

(2) Replacement with extra-charge

If your product's fault falls in any of the following categories, the fault will be corrected by replacing the entire product instead of repair, or you will be advised to purchase new one, depending on the severity of the fault.

- Faulty or broken mechanical portions
- Flaw, separation, or rust in coated or plated portions
- Flaw or cracks in plastic portions
- Faults or breakage caused by improper use or unauthorized repair or modification
- Heavily damaged electric circuits due to overvoltage, overcurrent or shorting of power supply
- Cracks in the printed circuit board or burnt-down patterns
- Wide range of faults that makes replacement less expensive than repair
- Unlocatable or unidentified faults
- (3) Expiration of the repair period

When a period of one year elapses after the model was dropped from production, repairing products of the model may become impossible.

(4) Transportation fees at sending your product for repair Please send your product to us for repair at your expense.

6.5 How to Make Request for Repair

If your product is found faulty, follow the procedure below to send your product for repair.

CustomerFill in the Repair Request Sheet included with this product, then send it along with this product
for repair to your local distributor. Make sure that information in the Repair Request Sheet is
written in as much detail as possible to facilitate repair.DistributorAfter checking the contents of fault, the distributor should please send the faulty product along
with the Repair Request Sheet to Renesas Solutions Corp.Renesas SolutionsWhen the faulty product is repaired, it will be returned to the customer at the earliest
convenience.

Note on Transporting the Product:

• When sending your product for repair, use the packing box and cushion material supplied with this product when delivered to you and specify handling caution for it to be handled as precision equipment. If packing of your product is not complete, it may be damaged during transportation. When you pack your product in a bag, make sure to use conductive polyvinyl supplied with this product (usually a blue bag). When you use other bags, they may cause a trouble on your product because of static electricity.

Emulation Pod M306H7 for M16C/6H Group M306H7T3-RPD-E User's Manual

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