# **inter<sub>sil</sub>**"

ISL7202xBSEHEVAL1Z

ISL7202xBSEHEVAL1Z Evaluation Board User Guide

UG101 Rev.0.00 Mar 7, 2017

### Description

The Intersil ISL7202xBSEH family of devices are 3.3V radiation hardened CAN transceivers that are compatible with the ISO11898-2 standard for use in Controller Area Network (CAN) serial communication systems. The transceivers perform transmit and receive functions between the CAN controller and the CAN differential bus. They can transmit and receive at bus speeds of up to 5Mbps. These devices are specifically designed to operate in harsh environments such as space.

The ISL7202xBSEHEVAL1Z boards are designed to provide a quick and easy method for evaluating the <u>ISL72026BSEH</u>, <u>ISL72027BSEH</u>, and <u>ISL72028BSEH</u> 3.3V radiation hardened CAN transceivers. These devices are unique ICs. Proper use of these evaluation boards requires a thorough knowledge of the operation of the ICs. Refer to the <u>ISL72026BSEH</u>, <u>ISL72027BSEH</u>, and <u>ISL72028BSEH</u> datasheets for an understanding of the functions and features of these devices.

The ISL72026BSEHEVAL1Z, ISL72027BSEHEVAL1Z and ISL72028BSEHEVAL1Z evaluation boards are built using the same base board, P/N: ISL7202xSEHEVAL1Z. Throughout this document, information about the term

"ISL7202xBSEHEVAL1Z" applies to all three evaluation boards. The three boards are exactly the same, except for the CAN transceiver part, which is installed at reference designator U1.

### **Ordering Information**

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	
ISL72026BSEHEVAL1Z	ISL72026BSEH evaluation board	
ISL72027BSEHEVAL1Z	ISL72027BSEH evaluation board	
ISL72028BSEHEVAL1Z	ISL72028BSEH evaluation board	

### **Key Features**

- D-SUB 9-pin male connector for connection to another CAN evaluation board
- $60\Omega$  resistor across the differential signal lines to evaluate propagation delay, rise/fall time, and skew parameters
- · Convenient test points and connections for test equipment
- Jumpers to select between the three rise/fall settings or tie RS high to enter the low power listen (ISL72026BSEH, ISL72027BSEH) or shutdown (ISL72028BSEH) modes
- Banana jacks for power, ground, and Voltage Common-Mode (VCM) connections

### **Related Literature**

- · For a full list of related documents, visit our website
  - ISL72026BSEH, ISL72027BSEH, and ISL72028BSEH product pages

### **Specifications**

These evaluation boards have been configured and optimized for the following conditions:

- V<sub>CC</sub> = 3V to 3.6V
- Data rate: ≤1Mbps
- CAN bus termination resistance of  $60\Omega$  across the CANH and CANL differential signal lines
- Board temperature: +25°C



FIGURE 1. ISL7202xBSEHEVAL1Z BLOCK DIAGRAMS

### Introduction

The ISL72026BSEHEVAL1Z, ISL72027BSEHEVAL1Z, and ISL72028BSEHEVAL1Z evaluation boards are exactly the same, except for the CAN transceiver part installed at reference designator U1.

- The ISL72026BSEHEVAL1Z has an ISL72026BSEHF/PROTO IC installed at U1. It will have a paper label indicating it is an ISL72026BSEHEVAL1Z board.
- The ISL72027BSEHEVAL1Z has an ISL72027BSEHF/PROTO IC installed at U1. It will have a paper label indicating it is an ISL72027BSEHEVAL1Z board.
- The ISL72028BSEHEVAL1Z has an ISL72028BSEHF/PROTO IC installed at U1. It will have a paper label indicating it is an ISL72028BSEHEVAL1Z board.

The ISL7202xBSEHEVAL1Z boards are designed to provide a quick and easy method for evaluating the ISL72026BSEH, ISL72027BSEH, and ISL72028BSEH 3.3V radiation hardened CAN transceivers.

<u>Table 1</u> shows the functional differences between the three part types. Figure 1 on page 1 shows the block diagrams/pinouts for the parts.

FEATURE	ISL72026BSEH	ISL72027BSEH	ISL72028BSEH
Loopback	Yes	No	No
VREF Output	No	Yes	Yes
Listen Mode	Yes	Yes	No
Shutdown Mode	No	No	Yes
Supply Current in Listen Mode	2mA (maximum)	2mA (maximum)	N/A
Supply Current in Shutdown Mode	N/A	N/A	50µA (maximum)

TABLE 1. TABLE OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE PART TYPES

NOTE: N/A = Not Applicable

A picture of the evaluation board for ISL72026BSEHEVAL1Z is shown in <u>Figure 6 on page 8</u>. The ISL72026BSEHF/PROTO 8 Ld flatpack IC is soldered onto the evaluation board. It is located in the upper center of the board and is designated as U1.

The transceivers perform transmit and receive functions between the CAN controller and the CAN differential bus. They can transmit and receive at bus speeds of up to 5Mbps. They are designed to operate over a common-mode range of -7V to +12V with a maximum of 120 nodes. The devices are capable of withstanding ±20V on the CANH and CANL bus pins outside of ion beam and ±16V under ion beam.

The parts have various configurations of operation. The ISL7202xBSEHEVAL1Z evaluation board contains standard jumpers, a BNC connector, banana connectors, a cable connector, and load resistors to allow the user to easily interface with the IC to evaluate its functions, features, and performance.

This user guide will guide the user through the process of configuring and using the evaluation board to evaluate the ISL7202xBSEH devices.

### **Functional Description**

The ISL7202xBSEHEVAL1Z evaluation boards provide a simple platform to demonstrate the features and evaluate the performance of the ISL7202xBSEH family of ICs. It provides easy access to the pins of the ISL7202xBSEH ICs and convenient connectors/test points for connecting test equipment. The schematic, bill of materials, and top silkscreen for the board are available on pages 9 through <u>11</u>.

<u>Figures 11</u> through <u>18</u> show the performance data recorded using the ISL7202xBSEHEVAL1Z evaluation board and basic lab equipment.

<u>Table 1</u> shows the differences between the different parts in the family.

The sections that follow will discuss using the evaluation board.

### **Basic Layout of Evaluation Board**

The basic layout of the evaluation boards described in this section applies to all three evaluation boards (ISL72026BSEHEVAL1Z, ISL72027BSEHEVAL1Z, ISL72028BSEHEVAL1Z). Refer to Figure 6 for an example, or the actual ISL7202xBSEHEVAL1Z evaluation board to be used.

Located in the upper center of the board is the IS7202xBSEHF/PROTO transceiver IC (U1). The evaluation board has a Pin 1 dot to show how the IC should be oriented onto the evaluation board. The IC Pin 1 indicator dot needs to be aligned with the evaluation board Pin 1 dot indicator. The board comes with the IC soldered onto the board.

Power for the IC is located at the left side of the board through banana jacks labeled VCC and GND. A DC voltage source of 3.3V must be connected between VCC and GND to power the part. Test points TP13 (VCC) and TP2 (GND) are available to measure the VCC voltage to the part.

Access to the D input to the transceiver is at the BNC connector labeled D at the upper right corner of the evaluation board. The user connects the digital source of the CAN digital test pattern at this connector.

Access to R output of the transceiver is at the test point labeled TP4 located at the top center of the evaluation board. There is a through-hole labeled R that could have a wire soldered to it, if the user wants to feed the digital output into a CAN controller board.

Control of the RS pin is through jumpers J5, J6, J7, and J8 located at the middle left side of the evaluation board. Only one of these jumper locations should have a jumper installed at any one time. Putting the jumper at J5 will put the transceiver in the Listen mode for the ISL72026BSEH and ISL72027BSEH parts and in the Low-Power Shutdown mode for the ISL72028BSEH part. Putting the jumper at J6 will put the transceiver driver in the slow speed mode, at J7 in the medium speed mode, and at J6 in the fast speed mode. Note that J4 and R5 are not populated. They can be used to put a mechanical potentiometer at the RS pin.

Access to the differential pins (CANH and CANL) are through the test points TP7 and TP8 or through the BNC connectors labeled CANH and CANL (not populated) or through the D-SUB 9 pin male connector J1, located at the bottom of the board. The J1

connector can be used to connect two evaluation boards together to evaluate the performance of two boards communicating with each other over various length cables. The CANH and CANL BNCs can be used to apply voltages to the differential pins to evaluate the receiver of the transceiver.

The board comes populated with a  $60\Omega$  resistor (R<sub>10</sub>) installed across the CANH and CANL lines. Many performance tests for the transceiver such as propagation delay, rise time, fall time, and skew are done with a  $60\Omega$  resistor. In a normal CAN system the bus is terminated at both ends with a  $120\Omega$  resistor, which gives a differential loading of  $60\Omega$ .

See the board schematic (Figure 7 on page 9) for the reference designators of the jumpers, resistors, and connectors associated with each I/O.

#### **Power Supply**

The ISL7202xBSEH ICs require a DC power supply in the range of 3.0V to 3.6V for proper operation.

The power supply is connected at banana jacks VCC and GND. The power supply should be capable of delivering 100mA of current.

#### **Evaluation Board Logic Control**

The ISL72026BSEH IC has three logic control input pins: the D (Pin 1), RS (Pin 8), and LBK (Pin 5).

The ISL72027BSEH and ISL72028BSEH ICs have two logic control input pins: the D (Pin 1) and RS (Pin 8).

#### D PIN

The D pin is the digital input to the driver of the transceiver. A digital bit pattern is applied at this pin. A Logic 1 on the D pin puts the CANH and CANL differential pins in the recessive state. A Logic 0 on the D pin puts the CANH and CANL differential pins in the dominant state.

The Logic 1 V<sub>IH</sub> level is from 2.0V to 5.5V with a VCC supply voltage of 3.0V to 3.6V. The Logic 0 V<sub>IL</sub> level is from 0.8V to 0V.

#### **RS PIN**

The output driver rise and fall time has three distinct selections that may be chosen by using a resistor from the RS pin to GND. Connecting the RS pin directly to GND results in output switching times that are the fastest, limited only by the drive capability of the output stage. RS =  $10k\Omega$  provides for a typical slew rate of  $8V/\mu s$  and RS =  $50k\Omega$  provides for a typical slew rate of  $4V/\mu s$ .

Putting a high logic level to the RS pin places the transceiver in a low current Listen mode for the ISL72026BSEH and ISL72027BSEH parts and a low current Shutdown mode for the ISL72028BSEH part.

#### LBK PIN (ISL72026BSEH)

When a high level is applied to the LBK pin, the device enters the loopback state. The transceiver CANH and CANL pins are disconnected from the bus. The driver and receiver circuitry of the transceiver remains active to allow for diagnostic testing of the node. Installing a jumper at position 1 to 2 on jumper J9 of the evaluation board will connect the LBK pin to VCC putting the part in loopback state. Removing the jumper will put the part



back into normal operation. LBK pin of the transceiver has an internal pull-down.

#### VREF PIN (ISL72027BSEH AND ISL72028BSEH)

The VREF pin (Pin 5) of the ISL72027BSEH and ISL72028BSEH parts outputs a voltage equal to VCC/2. This voltage is available for applications that want to implement a split termination configuration on the bus. See the application section titled "Split Mode Termination" in the datasheets of the ISL72027BSEH or ISL72028BSEH for more information. To implement a split termination on the bus pins of the evaluation board, a capacitor can be installed at C<sub>7</sub> and R<sub>11</sub>, R<sub>12</sub> can be populated with resistors, and a jumper can be installed at position 2 and 3 of jumper J9.

#### **Test Points**

The board has various test points for ease of connecting probes to make measurements. The test points available are described in <u>Table 2</u>.

DESIGNATOR	DESCRIPTION	
TP1	Ground test point	
TP2	Ground test point	
TP3	D input test point	
TP4	R output test point	
TP5	LBK or VREF test point	
TP6	RS pin test point	
TP7	CANH pin test point	
TP8	CANL pin test point	
TP9	Ground test point	
TP10	Not populated - VCM test point	
TP11	Ground test point	
TP12	Not populated - R output test point	
TP13	VCC test point	

#### TABLE 2. TEST POINTS

#### **Board Component Definitions**

DESIGNATOR	DESCRIPTION	
U1	ISL7202xBSEHF/PROTO flatpack IC	
VCC	VCC power supply connection (3.3V <sub>DC</sub> )	
GND	Ground connection	
J1	9-pin male D-SUB connector (used to connect to another CAN evaluation board)	
J4	Not populated - jumper on RS pin to connect to mechanical potentiometer	
J5	Jumper on RS pin – connects to VCC (a jumper installed at this location will put the transceiver in Listen mode for ISL72026BSEH or ISL72027BSEH or Shutdown mode for ISL72028BSEH.	
Je	Jumper on RS pin – connects the RS pin to ground through a $50k\Omega$ resistor (a jumper installed at this location will put the transceiver in slow speed mode).	
J7	Jumper on RS pin – connects the RS pin to ground through a $10k\Omega$ resistor (a jumper installed at this location will put the transceiver in medium speed mode).	
8L	Jumper on RS pin – connects the RS pin to ground (a jumper installed at this location will put the transceiver in high speed mode).	
er	Three-pin jumper on the LBK pin (ISL72026BSEH) or VREF pin (ISL72027BSEH, ISL72028BSEH). Install the jumper in the upper position (1 to 2) to put the ISL72026BSEH device in loopback mode. Remove the jumper for normal operation. Put the jumper in a lower position (2 to 3) to connect CANH to CANL differential output pins for evaluation of split mode termination for ISL72027BSEH and ISL72028BSEH.	
J10	Jumper, location is not populated. It needs to be populated if the user is going to use the BNC connector labeled CANH.	
J11	Jumper, location is not populated. It needs to be populated if the user is going to use the BNC connector labeled CANL.	
D	BNC connector. Provides access to the D pin of the transceiver.	
CANH	BNC connector, location is not populated. Provides access to the CANH pin for special receiver testing and fault testing.	
CANL	BNC connector, location is not populated. Provides access to the CANL pin for special receiver testing and fault testing.	



FIGURE 2. BASIC EVALUATION TEST SETUP BLOCK DIAGRAM (MEASURING PROPAGATION DELAY, SKEW, AND RISE/FALL TIME)

### Using the Board to Measure Propagation Delay, Skew, and Rise/Fall Time

Refer to Figure 2 on page 4.

#### Lab Equipment

The equipment, external supplies, and signal sources needed to operate the board are as follows:

- 3.3V DC power supply
- Function/signal generator (HP 8112A pulse generator or equivalent)
- Four-channel oscilloscope (Tektronix TDS5140 digital oscilloscope or equivalent)

#### **Initial Board Setup Procedure**

- 1. Attach the main evaluation board to the DC power supply to the banana jacks labeled VCC and GND as shown in Figure 2. Positive terminal at VCC and negative terminal at GND. The supply should be capable of delivering 3.0V to 3.6V and 100mA of current. Set the supply voltage to 3.3V.
- 2. Configure the board for high speed mode by installing a jumper at J8. No jumpers should be installed at J5, J6, J7, and J9.
- 3. Connect the oscilloscope to the evaluation board as indicated in Figure 2.
  - a. Connect the Channel 1 probe to the D pin by connecting the oscilloscope probe at TP3 on the evaluation board and the probe ground at TP1.
  - b. Connect the Channel 2 probe to the CANH differential pin by connecting the oscilloscope probe at TP7 on the evaluation board and the probe ground at TP9.
  - c. Connect the Channel 3 probe to the CANL differential pin by connecting the oscilloscope probe at TP8 on the evaluation board and the probe ground at TP11.
  - d. Connect the Channel 4 probe to the R pin by connecting the oscilloscope probe at TP4 on the evaluation board and the probe ground at TP2.
- 4. Connect the function/signal generator at the BNC connector labeled D on the evaluation board as shown in Figure 2. Set the generator to output a 125kHz square wave, 0V to 3.3V amplitude, 50% duty cycle with a  $t_{rise} = t_{fall} \le 6ns$ . Disable the generator output.
- 5. Verify that a  $60\Omega$  resistor is installed at location  $R_{10}$  on the evaluation board.

#### **Calculating V<sub>DIFF</sub> and Taking Measurements**

- 1. Set the oscilloscope to  $2.0 \mu s/division.$
- 2. Set channel CH1 of the oscilloscope to 5V/division.
- 3. Set CH2, CH3, and CH4 of the oscilloscope to 2V/division
- Using the math function of the oscilloscope, set the Math 1 selection to measure CH2 CH3 and display the M1 trace on the oscilloscope screen: M1 = CH2 - CH3 = V<sub>DIFF</sub> = CANH - CANL

- 5. Use the "Measure" menu of the oscilloscope to set up the following four measurements:
  - a. LOW to HIGH propagation delay  $(t_{PLH})$  to measure the time from the 50% point of the falling edge of CH1 (D pin) to the 900mV point on the rising edge of the M1 trace (V<sub>DIFF</sub>).
  - b. HIGH to LOW propagation delay  $(t_{PHL})$  to measure the time from the 50% point of the rising edge of CH1 (D pin) to the 500mV point on the falling edge of M1 trace ( $V_{DIFF}$ ).
  - c. Output rise time  $(t_r)$  to measure the 10% to 90% time of the rise edge of the M1 trace (V<sub>DIFF</sub>).
  - d. Output fall time (t\_f) to measure the 90% to 10% time of the falling edge of the M1 trace (V\_DIFF).
- 6. Ensure that a jumper is installed at J8 (selects fast driver edges by connecting the RS pin to ground) and no jumpers are installed at J5, J6, J7, and J9.
- 7. Enable the function generator. The scope plots should look like the ones shown in <u>Figure 3 on page 6</u>.
- 8. In fast speed mode (RS = 0V):
  - a. t<sub>PLH</sub> should be around 75ns and no greater than 150ns.
  - b. t<sub>PHL</sub> should be around 80ns and no greater than 155ns.
  - c.  $t_{rise}$  should be around 55ns and no less than 20ns or greater than 100ns.
  - t<sub>fall</sub> should be around 25ns and no less than 10ns or greater than 75ns.
- 9. Move the jumper from J8 to J7 (selects medium driver edges by connecting the RS pin to ground through a  $10k\Omega$  resistor). Note: No jumpers should be installed at J5, J6, J8, and J9.
- 10. The scope plot should look like the ones in Figure 4 on page 6.
- **11**. In medium speed mode (RS =  $10k\Omega$ ):
  - a.  $t_{\mbox{\rm PLH}}$  should be around 520ns and no greater than 850ns.
  - b. t<sub>PHL</sub> should be around 460ns and no greater than 800ns.
  - c.  $t_{\rm r}$  should be around 400ns and no less than 200ns or greater than 780ns.
  - d.  $t_f$  should be around 300ns and no less than 175ns or greater than 500ns.
- 12. Move the jumper from J7 to J6 (selects slow driver edges by connecting the RS pin to ground through a  $50k\Omega$  resistor). Note: No jumpers should be installed at J5, J7, J8, and J9.
- 13. The scope plot should look like the ones in Figure 5 on page 7.
- 14. In slow speed mode (RS =  $50k\Omega$ ):
  - a. t<sub>PLH</sub> should be around 850ns and no greater than 1400ns.
  - b. t<sub>PHL</sub> should be around 725ns and no greater than 1300ns.
  - c.  $t_r\,should\,be$  around 700ns and no less than 400ns or greater than 1400ns.
  - d.  $t_{\rm f}\, {\rm should}\, {\rm be}\, {\rm around}\, 650 {\rm ns}\, {\rm and}\, {\rm no}\, {\rm less}\, {\rm than}\, 300 {\rm ns}\, {\rm or}\,$  greater than 1000 {\rm ns}.





FIGURE 4. OSCILLOSCOPE PLOT (MEDIUM SPEED) WAVEFORMS AND MEASUREMENTS

inter<sub>si</sub>



### ISL7202xBSEHEVAL1Z Waveforms (Continued)

FIGURE 5. OSCILLOSCOPE PLOT (SLOW SPEED) WAVEFORMS AND MEASUREMENTS

### ISL7202xBSEHEVAL1Z Evaluation Board



FIGURE 6. ISL72026BSEHEVAL1Z EVALUATION BOARD

### ISL7202xBSEHEVAL1Z Circuit Schematic



ISL7202xBSEHEVAL1Z

**FIGURE 7. SCHEMATIC** 

### ISL7202xBSEHEVAL1Z Bill of Materials

QTY	REFERENCE DESIGNATOR	DESCRIPTION	MFR	MANUFACTURER PART NUMBER
1	SEE LABEL - RENAME BOARD	PWB-PCB, ISL7202XEVAL1Z, Rev A, ROHS	IMAGINEERING INC	ISL7202XEVAL1ZREVAPCB
1	C2	CAP, SMD, 0805, 0.1µF, 50V, 10%, X7R, ROHS	КЕМЕТ	C0805C104K5RACTU
1	C1	CAP, SMD, 0805, 10µF, 25V, 10%, X5R, ROHS	ток	C2012X5R1E106K
1	D	CONN - BNC, RECEPTACLE, TH, 4 POST, $50\Omega$ , GOLDCONTACT, ROHS	AMPHENOL	31-5329-52RFX
1	TP13	CONN - MINI TEST PT, VERTICAL, RED, ROHS	KEYSTONE	5000
4	TP1, TP2, TP9, TP11	CONN - MINI TEST PT, VERTICAL, BLK, ROHS	KEYSTONE	5001
2	TP7, TP8	CONN-MINI TEST PT, VERTICAL, WHITE, ROHS	KEYSTONE	5002
4	TP3, TP4, TP5, TP6	CONN-MINI TEST PT, VERTICAL, YEL, ROHS	KEYSTONE	5004
1	J1	9 PIN MALE RIGHT ANGLE D-SUB CONNECTOR	TE CONNECTIVITY / AMP	5788792-1
3	GND, VCC, VCM	CONN - JACK, MINI BANANA, 0.175 PLUG, NICKEL/BRASS, ROHS	KEYSTONE	575-4
1	U1	CAN BUS PART, 8P, FLAT-PACK, GOLD, ROHS	INTERSIL	ISL7202xBSEHF/PR0T0
1	et.	CONN - HEADER, 1x3, BREAKAWY 1x36, 2.54mm, ROHS	BERG/FCI	68000-236HLF
4	J5, J6, J7, J8	CONN - HEADER, 1x2, RETENTIVE, 2.54mm, 0.230x0.120, ROHS	BERG/FCI	69190-202HLF
0	R2, R9, R11, R12, R13, R14, R17	RESISTOR, SMD, 0805, DNP, TF, ROHS	-	-
4	R1, R8, R15, R16	RES, SMD, 0805, 0Ω, 1/8W, TF, ROHS	YAGEO	RC0805JR-070RL
1	R7	RES, SMD, 0805, 10kΩ, 1/8W, 1%, TF, ROHS	VENKEL	CR0805-8W-1002FT (PbFREE)
1	R6	RES, SMD, 0805, 49.9kΩ, 1/8W, 1%, TF, ROHS	PANASONIC	ERJ-6ENF4992V
1	R10	RES, SMD, 0805, 60.4Ω, 1/8W, 1%, TF, ROHS	PANASONIC	ERJ-6ENF60R4V
4	Four Corners	SCREW, 4-40x1/4in, PAN, SS, PHILLIPS	-	-
4	Four Corners	STANDOFF, 4-40x3/4in, F/F, HEX, ALUMINUM, ROHS	KEYSTONE	2204 (.250 OD)
1	Place assy in bag	BAG, STATIC, 6x8, ZIP LOC, ROHS	ULINE	S-2262
0	TP10, TP12	CONN-MINI TEST POINT, VERTICAL, ROHS	KEYSTONE	5004
0	C3, C4, C5, C6, C7, C8	DO NOT POPULATE OR PURCHASE		
0	J4, J10, J11	DO NOT POPULATE OR PURCHASE		
0	R5	DO NOT POPULATE OR PURCHASE		
0	CANH, CANL	DO NOT POPULATE OR PURCHASE		
1	AFFIX TO BACK OF PCB	LABEL-DATE CODE_LINE 1: YRWK/REV#, LINE 2: BOM NAME	INTERSIL	LABEL-DATE CODE

### **Board Layout**



FIGURE 8. TOP LAYER

FIGURE 9. BOTTOM LAYER



FIGURE 10. TOP LAYER SILKSCREEN

#### Typical Performance Curves Unless noted: V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V, D = 125kHz, square wave, 0 to V<sub>CC</sub>, 50% duty cycle, t<sub>r</sub> = t<sub>f</sub> ≤6ns, T<sub>A</sub> = +25 °C







FIGURE 12. MEDIUM DRIVER AND RECEIVER WAVEFORMS



## inter<sub>sil</sub>

# **Typical Performance Curves** Unless noted: $V_{CC} = 3.3V$ , D = 125kHz, square wave, 0 to $V_{CC}$ , 50% duty cycle, $t_r = t_f \leq 6ns$ , $T_A = +25 \degree C$ (Continued)



FIGURE 15. TRANSMITTER PROPAGATION DELAY AND SKEW vs TEMPERATURE AT MEDIUM SPEED



FIGURE 17. TRANSMITTER RISE AND FALL TIMES  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{vs}}$  TEMPERATURE AT FAST SPEED



FIGURE 16. TRANSMITTER PROPAGATION DELAY AND SKEW vs TEMPERATURE AT SLOW SPEED



FIGURE 18. TRANSMITTER RISE AND FALL TIMES vs TEMPERATURE AT MEDIUM SPEED

#### Notice

- 1. Descriptions of circuits, software and other related information in this document are provided only to illustrate the operation of semiconductor products and application examples. You are fully responsible for the incorporation or any other use of the circuits, software, and information in the design of your product or system. Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for any losses and damages incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of these circuits, software, or information
- 2. Renesas Electronics hereby expressly disclaims any warranties against and liability for infringement or any other claims involving patents, copyrights, or other intellectual property rights of third parties, by or arising from the use of Renesas Electronics products or technical information described in this document, including but not limited to, the product data, drawings, charts, programs, algorithms, and application examples
- 3. No license, express, implied or otherwise, is granted hereby under any patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of Renesas Electronics or others.
- 4. You shall not alter, modify, copy, or reverse engineer any Renesas Electronics product, whether in whole or in part. Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for any losses or damages incurred by you or third parties arising from such alteration, modification, copying or reverse engineering.
- Renesas Electronics products are classified according to the following two quality grades: "Standard" and "High Quality". The intended applications for each Renesas Electronics product depends on the product's quality grade, as indicated below.
  - "Standard" Computers: office equipment: communications equipment: test and measurement equipment: audio and visual equipment: home electronic appliances; machine tools; personal electronic equipment: industrial robots: etc.

"High Quality": Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.); traffic control (traffic lights); large-scale communication equipment; key financial terminal systems; safety control equipment; etc. Unless expressly designated as a high reliability product or a product for harsh environments in a Renesas Electronics data sheet or other Renesas Electronics document, Renesas Electronics products are not intended or authorized for use in products or systems that may pose a direct threat to human life or bodily injury (artificial life support devices or systems; surgical implantations; etc.), or may cause serious property damage (space system; undersea repeaters; nuclear power control systems; aircraft control systems; key plant systems; military equipment; etc.). Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for any damages or losses incurred by you or any third parties arising from the use of any Renesas Electronics product that is inconsistent with any Renesas Electronics data sheet, user's manual or other Renesas Electronics document.

- 6. When using Renesas Electronics products, refer to the latest product information (data sheets, user's manuals, application notes, "General Notes for Handling and Using Semiconductor Devices" in the reliability handbook, etc.), and ensure that usage conditions are within the ranges specified by Renesas Electronics with respect to maximum ratings, operating power supply voltage range, heat dissipation characteristics, installation, etc. Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for any malfunctions, failure or accident arising out of the use of Renesas Electronics oroducts outside of such specified ranges
- 7. Although Renesas Electronics endeavors to improve the quality and reliability of Renesas Electronics products, semiconductor products have specific characteristics, such as the occurrence of failure at a certain rate and malfunctions under certain use conditions. Unless designated as a high reliability product or a product for harsh environments in a Renesas Electronics data sheet or other Renesas Electronics document, Renesas Electronics products are not subject to radiation resistance design. You are responsible for implementing safety measures to guard against the possibility of bodily injury, injury or damage caused by fire, and/or danger to the public in the event of a failure or malfunction of Renesas Electronics products, such as safety design for hardware and software, including but not limited to redundancy, fire control and malfunction prevention, appropriate treatment for aging degradation or any other appropriate measures. Because the evaluation of microcomputer software alone is very difficult and impractical, you are responsible for evaluating the safety of the final products or systems manufactured by you.
- 8. Plea e contact a Renesas Electronics sales office for details as to environmental matters such as the environmental compatibility of each Renesas Electronics product. You are responsible for carefully and sufficiently investigating applicable laws and regulations that regulate the inclusion or use of controlled substances, including without limitation, the EU RoHS Directive, and using Renesas Electronics products in compliance with all these applicable laws and regulations. Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for damages or losses occurring as a result of your noncompliance with applicable laws and regulations.
- 9. Renesas Electronics products and technologies shall not be used for or incorporated into any products or systems whose manufacture, use, or sale is prohibited under any applicable domestic or foreign laws or regulations. You shall comply with any applicable export control laws and regulations promulgated and administered by the governments of any countries asserting jurisdiction over the parties or transactions
- 10. It is the responsibility of the buyer or distributor of Renesas Electronics products, or any other party who distributes, disposes of, or otherwise sells or transfers the product to a third party, to notify such third party in advance of the contents and conditions set forth in this document.
- 11. This document shall not be reprinted, reproduced or duplicated in any form, in whole or in part, without prior written consent of Renesas Electronics
- 12. Please contact a Renesas Electronics sales office if you have any questions regarding the information contained in this document or Renesas Electronics products
- (Note 1) "Renesas Electronics" as used in this document means Renesas Electronics Corporation and also includes its directly or indirectly controlled subsidiaries
- (Note 2) "Renesas Electronics product(s)" means any product developed or manufactured by or for Renesas Electronics.

(Rev.4.0-1 November 2017)



#### **Renesas Electronics Corporation**

http://www.renesas.com

SALES OFFICES Refer to "http://www.renesas.com/" for the latest and detailed information Renesas Electronics America Inc. 1001 Murphy Ranch Road, Milpitas, CA 95035, U.S.A. Tel: +1-408-432-8888, Fax: +1-408-434-5351 Renesas Electronics Canada Limited 9251 Yonge Street, Suite 8309 Richmond Hill, Ontario Canada L4C 9T3 Tel: +1-905-237-2004 Renesas Electronics Europe Limited Dukes Meadow, Miliboard Road, Bourne End, Buckinghamshire, SL8 5FH, U.K Tei: +44-1628-651-700, Fax: +44-1628-651-804 Renesas Electronics Europe GmbH Arcadiastrasse 10, 40472 Düsseldorf, Germar Tel: +49-211-6503-0, Fax: +49-211-6503-1327 Renesas Electronics (China) Co., Ltd. Room 1709 Quantum Plaza, No.27 ZhichunLu, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191 P. R. China Tel: +86-10-8235-1155, Fax: +86-10-8235-7679 Renesas Electronics (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Unit 301, Tower A, Central Towers, 555 Langao Road, Putuo District, Shanghai, 200333 P. R. China Tel: +86-21-2226-0888, Fax: +86-21-2226-0999 Renesas Electronics Hong Kong Limited Unit 1601-1611, 16/F., Tower 2, Grand Century Place, 193 Prince Edward Road West, Mongkok, Kowloon, Hong Kong Tel: +852-2265-6688, Fax: +852 2886-9022 Renesas Electronics Taiwan Co., Ltd. 13F, No. 363, Fu Shing North Road, Taipei 10543, Taiwan Tel: +886-2-8175-9600, Fax: +886 2-8175-9670 Renesas Electronics Singapore Pte. Ltd. 80 Bendemeer Road, Unit #06-02 Hyflux Innovation Centre, Singapore 339949 Tel: +65-6213-0200, Fax: +65-6213-0300 Renesas Electronics Malaysia Sdn.Bhd. Unit 1207, Block B, Menara Amcorp, Amco Amcorp Trade Centre, No. 18, Jln Persiaran Barat, 46050 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan, Malaysia Unit 1207, Block B, Menara Amcorp, Amcorp Tel: +60-3-7955-9390, Fax: +60-3-7955-9510 Renesas Electronics India Pvt. Ltd. No.777C, 100 Feet Road, HAL 2nd Stage, Indiranagar, Bangalore 560 038, India Tel: +91-80-67208700, Fax: +91-80-67208777 Renesas Electronics Korea Co., Ltd. 17F, KAMCO Yangjae Tower, 262, Gangnam-daero, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, 06265 Korea Tei: +822-558-3737, Fax: +822-558-5338