

User Manual DA16200 DA16600 DPM User Manual UM-WI-030

Abstract

This document describes how to use DPM feature in DA16200 and DA16600.



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1 Terms and Definitions

AP Access Point

API Application Programming Interface

BC Broadcast Packet

BCN Beacon

BUFP Buffering Probe
BSS Basic Service Set

DDPS DPM Dynamic Period Setting

DHCP Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol

DPM Dynamic Power Management

DTIM Delivery Traffic Indication Message

FFM Fully Functional Mode
LPM Low Power Mode
MCU Micro Controller Unit
POR Power on Reset
RTM Retention Memory

RTOS Real Time Operating System

SSID Service Set Identifier

TCP Transmission Control Protocol

TIM Traffic Indication Map

UC Unicast Packet

UDP User Datagram Protocol
WAP Wireless Application Protocol

2 References

- [1] UM-WI-056, DA16200 DA16600 FreeRTOS Getting Started Guide, User Manual, Renesas Electronics
- [2] UM-WI-003, DA16200 DA16600 Host Interfaces and AT Command, User Manual, Renesas Electronics
- [3] UM-WI-006, DA16200 DA16600 Hardware Design Guide, User Manual, Renesas Electronics
- [4] UM-WI-046, DA16200 DA16600 FreeRTOS SDK Programmer Guide, Renesas Electronics



3 DPM

Dynamic Power Management (DPM) is a technology to achieve low power consumption while connecting to access point (AP) or peer for a long time. If device has no actions for sending data to peer devices or communicating with external devices, the device can keep a low power state before receiving any data from peer. When DPM function is enabled, it is called DPM mode, otherwise is Non-DPM mode.

3.1 DPM Modes

DPM provides two different sub modes: FFM and LPM. DPM fully functional mode (FFM) allows a device to communicate over the network and with external devices, and DPM low power mode (LPM) enables a device to receive data from AP only.

In the DPM mode, DPM service starts and monitors the state of applications, and manages transition from DPM FFM to DPM LPM. In addition, DPM service controls timer function and transfers the received data to the related applications.

Figure 1 shows how the DPM mode works. DPM can be enabled only on Wireless Application Protocol (WAP) station mode and Wi-Fi connected state. Therefore, provisioning is required to configure AP profiles before enabling DPM, and a device reboot is required to run the DPM service and set up settings. To enable or disable DPM, use <code>dpm_mode_enable()</code> and <code>dpm_mode_disable()</code> functions. It might take a while to process various tasks like switching DPM FFM to DPM LPM (see Figure 4). For monitoring applications, register applications to DPM service first. To register applications, use <code>dpm_app_register()</code> or setting <code>dpm_flag</code> variable to TRUE in user_app_table in DA16200/DA16600 SDK. Each time the device enters DPM FFM, DPM service and applications are restarted and then, the applications must be registered to DPM service again. DPM service monitors the state of applications by receiving ready/not ready notifications (<code>dpm_app_sleep_ready_set()</code> and <code>dpm_app_sleep_ready_set()</code> from the registered applications.

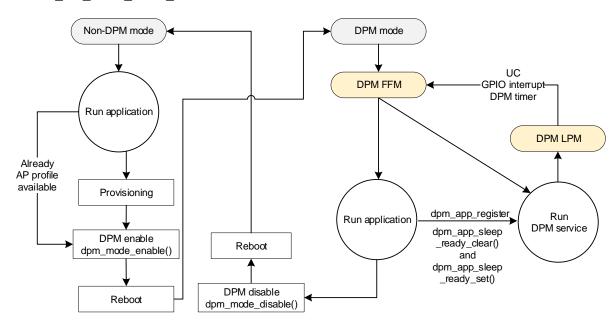


Figure 1: DPM Modes

Figure 2 shows power states in the DPM mode. The device can send data to peer devices over the network and communicate with external devices like peripherals or host device only in DPM FFM. Once the device enters DPM LPM, a firmware for Delivery Traffic Indication Message (DTIM) runs on retention RAM (or retention memory, RTM) with DTIM interval periodically. The PTIM is a tiny firmware image only for checking data from AP such as UC, BC/MC, or BCN. The device stays in sleep mode 3 when PTIM is not active in DPM LPM.



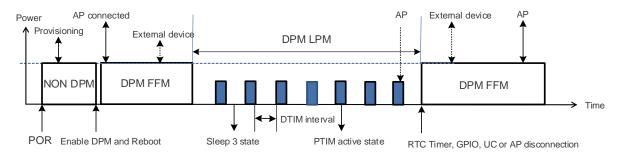


Figure 2: Power States in DPM Mode

3.2 DPM Service and Application

When data from AP or peer device are received, registered DPM timer is expired or GPIO interrupts occur in DPM LPM, the device wakes up from DPM LPM and DPM service runs in DPM FFM. Figure 3 shows how DPM service manages the received data and callback of DPM timer, and monitors applications in DPM FFM.

If network session is connected with peer devices and there are received data from peer, the application needs to be registered with the port number within **200 ms** because DPM service checks the port number where the data is received from peer, and then transfers the data to the application with the same port number. Also, the application has to notify that it is in ready state for receiving the data to DPM service within **500 ms** using <code>dpm_app_data_rcv_ready_set()</code> after waking up from DPM LPM. Otherwise DPM service drops the data because network stack cannot keep the data for a long time.

DPM timer is registered by the application and can be expired in DPM FFM or DPM LPM. When the timer is expired, DPM service checks whether the application is registered and ready to get the callback. Therefore, the application has to be registered at every wake-up from DPM LPM and notify DPM service that it is ready using dpm app wakeup done.

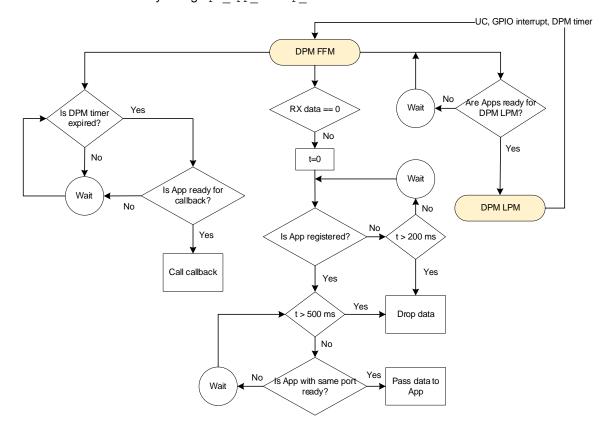




Figure 3: DPM Service in DPM FFM

Figure 4 shows how to register applications and notify the state of applications to DPM service.

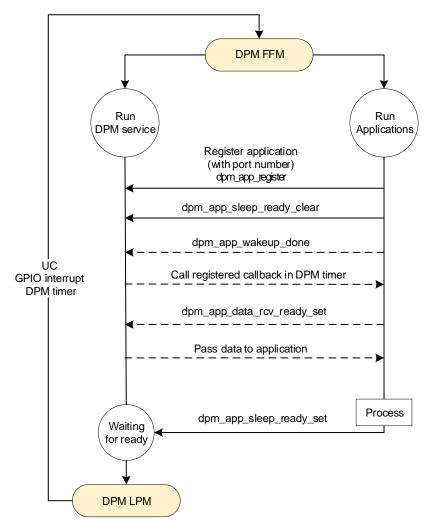


Figure 4: Application in DPM FFM

3.3 Application Programming Interface

3.3.1 **DPM Management**

The APIs in Table 1 are for managing DPM as shown in Figure 1.

Table 1: APIs for DPM Management

void dpm_mode_enable(void)		
Description	Enable DPM	
void dpm_mode_disable(void)		
Description	Disable DPM	
int dpm_mode_is_enabled(void)		
Return	1 (pdTRUE): DPM is enabled 0 (pdFALSE): DPM is disabled	
Description	Return DPM is enabled or disabled	



void dpm_mode_enable(void)					
int dpm_mode_is_wakeup(void)					
Return		1 (pdTRUE): When DA16200/DA16600 wakes up from DPM LPM 0 (pdFALSE): When DA16200/DA16600 wakes up by other cases like POR			
Description		Return whether device wakes up from DPM LPM			
int dpm_mod	e_get_wakeup	o_source(void)			
Return		0x00 (WAKEUP_RESET): Internal reset 0x01 (WAKEUP_SOURCE_EXT_SIGNAL): Boot by external wake-up signal 0x02 (WAKEUP_SOURCE_WAKEUP_COUNTER): Boot by wake-up counter 0x03 (WAKEUP_EXT_SIG_WAKEUP_COUNTER): Boot by wake-up counter or external wake-up signal 0x04 (WAKEUP_SOURCE_POR): Boot by power on reset 0x08 (WAKEUP_WATCHDOG): Boot by watchdog Others: Declared in the enumeration WAKEUP_SOURCE			
Description		Return wake-up source			
int dpm_mod	e_get_wakeup	o_type(void)			
Return		DPM_RTCTIME_WAKEUP: Boot by DPM timer DPM_PACKET_WAKEUP: Boot by receiving data Others: Declared in the enumeration DPM_WAKEUP_TYPE			
Description		Return wake-up source when device wakes up from DPM LPM			
int dpm_slee	int dpm_sleep_is_started(void)				
Return		0 (WAIT_DPM_SLEEP): Wait for entering DPM LPM 1 (RUN_DPM_SLEEP): Run for entering DPM LPM 2 (DONE_DPM_SLEEP): Done for entering DPM LPM			
Description		Return state of DPM service			
int dpm_sleep_start_mode_2(unsigned long long usec, unsigned char retention)					
Return		0: Succeed			
Parameter	usec	Wake-up time; how long DA16200 is in sleep mode 2 or sleep mode 3 If 0, DA16200 wakes up only by external GPIO signal			
	retention	Power on/off RTM in sleep			
Description		Make device enter sleep mode 2 or sleep mode 3. Device can be woke up only by external GPIO signal or DPM timer			

3.3.2 Application Registration and Status Notification

The APIs in Table 2 are for registering applications to DPM service and sending the status of applications to DPM service as shown in Figure 3 and Figure 4.

Table 2: APIs for Application Registration and Status Notification

int dpm_app_register(char *mod_name, unsigned int port_number)		
Return	0 (DPM_REG_OK): Succeeded 9999 (DPM_REG_DUP_NAME): Failed due to the duplicated name of application in DPM service Others: Failed due to other causes	



int dpm_app_register(char *mod_name, unsigned int port_number)				
	mod_name	Name of application to be registered to DPM service.		
Parameter		 Note The name must be less than 19 characters and unique The maximum number of registered applications is 11 The port number of TCP and UDP must be unique 		
	port_number	Port number of applications. If not required, the value can be 0.		
Description		Register the application to DPM service. DPM service identifies a registered application with a name		
void dpm_a	app_unregister	(char *mod_name)		
Parameter	mod_name	Name of registered application		
Description		Deregister the application from DPM service		
int dpm_ap	p_is_register(char *mod_name)		
Return		9999 (DPM_REG_DUP_NAME): Registered application Others: Failed due to other causes		
Parameter	mod_name	Name of registered application		
Description		Return whether the application is registered to DPM service		
char *dpm_	_app_is_registe	er_port(unsigned int port)		
Return		Pointer of name of application if the port number is registered		
Parameter	mod_name	Port number of registered applications		
Description		Check the registered name of application is registered with the port number		
int dpm_app_sleep_ready_set(char *mod_name)				
Return		0 (DPM_SET_OK): Succeeded Other: Failed due to other causes		
Parameter	mod_name	Name of registered application		
Description		Set the application to be ready for entering DPM LPM		
int dpm_ap	p_is_sleep_rea	ady_set(char *mod_name)		
Return		1: Application is set as ready for DPM LPM 0: Application is not set as ready for DPM LPM		
Parameter	mod_name	Name of registered application		
Description		Return the set state by application		
int dpm_app_sleep_ready_clear(char *mod_name)				
Return		0 (DPM_SET_OK): Succeeded Others: Failed due to other causes		
Parameter	mod_name	Name of registered application		
Description		Set the application not to be ready for DPM LPM		
int dpm_app_data_rcv_ready_set(char *mod_name)				
Return		0 (DPM_SET_OK): Succeeded Others: Failed due to other causes		
Parameter	mod_name	Name of registered application		



int dpm_app_register(char *mod_name, unsigned int port_number)					
Description		Set the application to be ready for receiving data			
int dpm_ap	p_data_rcv_re	ady_set_by_port(unsigned int port)			
Return		0 (DPM_SET_OK): Succeeded			
		Others: Fail due to other causes			
Parameter	port	Port number of registered application			
Description		Set the application's port number to be ready for receiving data			
int dpm_ap	int dpm_app_wakeup_done(char *mod_name)				
Return		0 (DPM_SET_OK): Success			
Return		Others: Fail due to other causes			
Parameter mod_name		Name of registered application			
Description		Set the application to be ready for callback of DPM timer			
bool dpm_app_is_wakeup_done(char *mod_name)					
Return		1: registered application is ready to get callback of DPM timer			
Parameter mod_name		Name of registered application			
Description		Check the registered application is ready for callback of DPM timer			

3.3.3 User Data in Retention RAM

There is 64 kB retention RAM in DA16200 and the data is kept during DPM mode. 8 kB is assigned to user area and each data can be allocated with specific name.

The APIs in Table 3 are for adding or removing user data to/from retention RAM in the DPM mode.

Table 3: APIs for Handling User Data in Retention Memory

unsigned int dpm_user_mem_alloc(char *name, void **memory_ptr, unsigned long memory_size, unsigned long wait_option)					
Return		0: Succeeded			
	name	Specified name for memory allocation			
Parameter	memory_ptr	Pointer of allocated memory			
Parameter	memory_size	Size of allocated memory (bytes)			
	wait_option	Suspension option. Deprecated in FreeRTOS SDK			
Description		Allocate memory for user data in retention RAM			
unsigned int	unsigned int dpm_user_mem_free(char *name)				
Return		0: Succeeded			
Parameter name		Specified name of allocated memory			
Description		Release allocated memory			
unsigned int	unsigned int dpm_user_mem_get(char *name, unsigned char **data)				
Return		Length of allocated memory (bytes)			
Parameter	name	Specified name of allocated memory			
i arameter	memory_ptr	Pointer of allocated memory			
Description		Get data from allocated memory			

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unsigned int dpm_user_mem_alloc(char *name, void **memory_ptr, unsigned long memory_size, unsigned long wait_option)		
int dpm_user_mem_init_check(void)		
Return	1 (pdTRUE): access to user data in retention RAM is ready	
Description	Check user data in retention RAM can be accessed	

3.3.4 DPM Timer

The APIs in Table 4 are for using DPM Timer (RTC Timer) which can be used for periodically or one-time wake-up from DPM LPM.

Table 4: DPM Timer APIs

int dpm_timer_create(char *task_name, char *timer_name, void (* callback_func)(char *timer_name), unsigned int msec, unsigned int reschedule_msec)			
Return		5 ~ 15: Assigned Timer ID	
	task_name	Name of the registered application	
	timer_name	Timer name within 7 bytes as a unique character to distinguish timer	
Parameter	callback_func	Function pointer to be called when timeout occurs NULL means no callback function is registered	
	msec	Timeout time (milli seconds)	
	reschedule_msec	Periodic timeout time (milli seconds) If it is set to 0, only one timeout occurs according to timeout time	
Description		Register DPM timer	
int dpm_time	r_delete(char *task_	name, char *timer_name)	
Return		5 ~ 15: Assigned Timer ID	
Parameter	task_name	Name of the registered application	
Parameter	timer_name	Timer name	
Description		Delete the registered DPM timer.	
int dpm_time	r_change(char *task	_name, char *timer_name, unsigned int msec)	
Return		5 ~ 15: Assigned Timer ID	
	task_name	Name of the registered application	
Parameter	timer_name	Timer name	
	msec	Time value to change (milli seconds)	
Description		Change the timeout time of DPM timer	
int dpm_timer_remaining_msec_get(char *thread_name, char *timer_name)			
Return		Remained time to timeout (milli seconds)	
Parameter	task_name	Name of the registered application	
raiailletel	timer_name	Timer name	
Description		Get remained timeout time of DPM timer	



3.3.5 Port Filtering

The APIs listed in Table 5 are for filtering a specific port number of TCP/UDP or IP multicast address. To achieve low power consumption, the device wakes up from DPM LPM by responding only to the registered TCP/UDP port number or IP multicast address in DPM LPM.

Table 5: APIs for Port Filtering

void dpm_udp_filter_enable(unsigned char en_flag)			
Parameter	en_flag	Enable UDP filter functionality Disable UDP filter functionality	
Description		Enable/Disable UDP filter functionality	
void dpm_udp_	_port_filter_set(un	signed short d_port)	
Parameter	d_port	Port number of UDP. The maximum is DPM_MAX_UDP_FILTER (8)	
Description		Set port number of UDP to allow to receive UDP packet in DPM LPM	
void dpm_udp_	_port_filter_delete(unsigned short d_port)	
Parameter	d_port	Port number of UDP	
Description		Delete port number of UDP	
void dpm_tcp_	filter_enable(unsig	ned char en_flag)	
Parameter	en_flag	Enable TCP filter functionality Disable TCP filter functionality	
Description		Enable/Disable TCP filter functionality	
void dpm_tcp_	port_filter_set(uns	igned short d_port)	
Parameter	d_port	Port number of TCP. The maximum is DPM_MAX_TCP_FILTER (8)	
Description		Set port number of TCP	
void dpm_tcp_	void dpm_tcp_port_filter_delete(unsigned short d_port)		
Parameter	d_port	Port number of TCP	
Description		Delete registered port number of TCP	
void dpm_mc_filter_set(unsigned long mc_addr)			
Parameter	mc_addr	IP multicast address	
Description		Set IP multicast address to allow receiving packet	

3.3.6 Wake-Up Types of DPM LPM

When device wakes up from DPM LPM, wake-up types (see Table 6) can be checked by calling dal6x_get_wakeup_source() API. The information about general wake-up sources is available in Ref. [4].

Table 6: Wake-up Types of DPM LPM

DPM_WAKEUP_TYPE	Description
DPM_UC	Wake up when there is Unicast data to process from the AP
DPM_BC_MC	Wake up when there is BC (Broadcast)/MC (Multicast) data to process from the AP
DPM_BCN_CHANGED	Wake up when BCN (beacon) frame is changed such as SSID and channel number
DPM_NO_BCN	Wake up when BCN is not received continuously



DPM_WAKEUP_TYPE	Description	
DPM_FROM_FAST	Wake up when there is an RTC sleep counter expired wake-up set by a user application	
	(Previous status is that no beacon was received in DPM FFM)	
DPM_KEEP_ALIVE_NO_ACK	Wake up when Keep-alive ACK is not received from AP	
DPM_DEAUTH	Wake up when De-authentication frame is received	
DPM_FROM_FULL	Wake up when there is an RTC sleep counter expired wake-up set by a user application (Previous status is that no beacon was received in PTIM)	

3.4 DPM Connection Retry State

If the device loses connection to AP in the DPM mode, initiate the connection again for a specified period in Connection Retry state, which is called DPM abnormal state in SDK. If the connection cannot be re-established within the specified period, the device enters into sleep mode 3. If duration in sleep is defined, the device wakes up from sleep mode 3 after the duration and tries to establish the connection again. If the duration is not defined, the device stays in sleep mode 3 until external GPIO event occurs. Figure 6 shows the flow of the connection retry process.

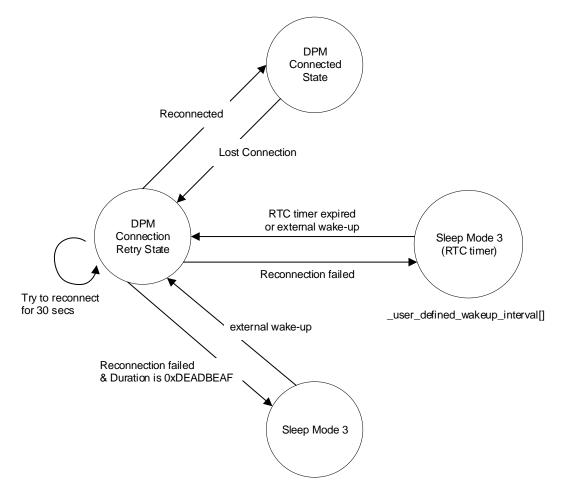


Figure 5: DPM Connection Retry Process



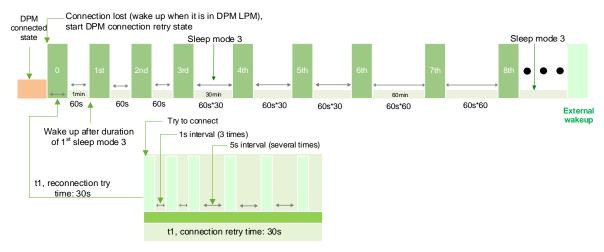


Figure 6: Connection Retry with Default Duration and Interval

The default duration and intervals are defined in a library in SDK as below.

```
unsigned long long user defined wakeup interval[DPM MON RETRY CNT] =
                                                   // Initial value : -1
            -1.
            60,
                                   // 1st Wake up
            60,
                                     // 2nd Wake up
                                                                          : Oxdeadbeaf is no wake up
                                   // 2nd Wake up
// 3rd Wake up
// 4th Wake up
// 5th Wake up
// 6th Wake up
// 7th Wake up
// 8th Wake up
            60,
            60 * 30,
            60 * 30,
            60 * 30,
            60 * 60,
            60 * 60,
            0xDEADBEAF
                                      // 9th Wake up : Oxdeadbeaf is no wake up
};
```

Different duration and intervals can be applied by definition and table in SDK. The definition is as follows.

```
apps/da16200/get_started/inc/sys_common_features.h

#define USER DPM ABNORM WU INTERVAL
```

The table for duration and interval are as shown below.



```
3600 * 24
            }
unsigned long long user defined wakeup interval[DPM MON RETRY CNT] =
{
                             // Initial value : -1
                             // 1st Wake up
                             // 2nd Wake up
                                                             : Oxdeadbeaf is no wake up
          60, // 3rd Wake up : Oxdeadbeaf is no wake up 60 * 30, // 4th Wake up : Oxdeadbeaf is no wake up 60 * 30, // 5th Wake up : Oxdeadbeaf is no wake up 60 * 30, // 6th Wake up : Oxdeadbeaf is no wake up 60 * 60, // 7th Wake up : Oxdeadbeaf is no wake up 60 * 60, // 8th Wake up : Oxdeadbeaf is no wake up 60 * 60, // 8th Wake up : Oxdeadbeaf is no wake up
          OxDEADBEAF // 9th Wake up : Oxdeadbeaf is no wake up
};
static void set dpm abnorm user wakeup interval (void)
     extern unsigned long long *dpm abnorm user wakeup interval;
      dpm abnorm user wakeup interval =
                                (unsigned long long *)_user_defined_wakeup_interval;
#endif /*
                   USER DPM ABNORM WU INTERVAL
```

The step number of parameters in the table is increased whenever device wakes up from sleep mode 3. If the value of the parameter is <code>0xdeafbeaf</code>, the device stops the connection retry, and enters and stays in sleep mode 3 until external GPIO event occurs.

Below console log shows reason connection retry state occurs.

```
...
!!! No selected network !!!
>> Abnormal DPM(1) operation after 1 second.
...
```

The logs and the reasons are:

- Abnormal DPM(1): AP disconnected
- Abnormal DPM(2): DHCP renew failed
- Abnormal DPM(3): ARP response failed
- Abnormal DPM(4/5/6): For debug purpose

3.5 AT Commands with Host Interface in DPM Mode

This section describes how to use AT commands with host interface in the DPM mode.

3.5.1 Enable DPM in Host Interface

Figure 7 shows how to enable DPM using AT commands. Before enabling DPM, AP configuration must be completed in advance. Then, AP connection is done automatically after reboot. GPIO signal to the device can wake up the device from DPM LPM, sleep mode 2 or sleep mode 3. GPIO signal to MCU is also needed for waking up MCU from sleep state. If there is no further AT command communication between the device and MCU, the MCU has to send the device AT+SETDPMSLPEXT command for DPM service making the device enter DPM LPM.



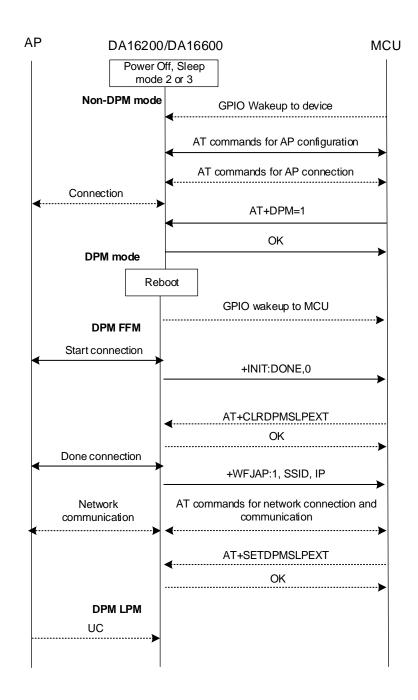


Figure 7: Flow of Enabling DPM Mode in Host Interface

3.5.2 Wake Up from DPM Low Power Mode

The device can be awake by following events in DPM LPM.

- GPIO from MCU
- UC from AP
- RTC timer event
- Disconnection from AP

Figure 8 shows the flow of AT commands when MCU wakes up the device using GPIO.



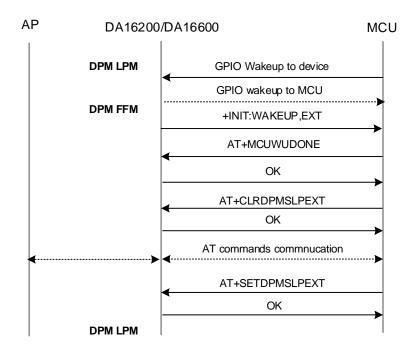


Figure 8: Flow of AT Commands for Waking Up by GPIO of MCU

Figure 9 shows the flow of AT commands when the device receives UC from AP in DPM LPM. When a device receives the UC, the device wakes up immediately, and MCU needs to do responsive process according to the UC.

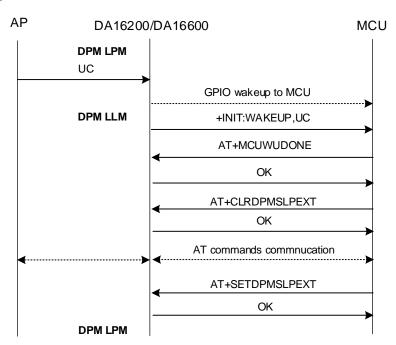


Figure 9: Flow of AT Commands for Waking Up by UC from AP

Figure 10 shows the flow of AT commands when the device wakes up by RTC timer.



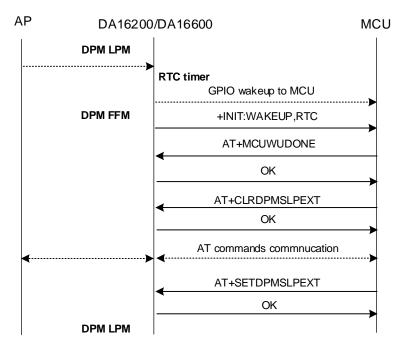


Figure 10: Flow of AT Commands for Waking Up by RTC Timer

Figure 11 shows how the device wakes up using AT commands when it is disconnected with AP. The device tries to connect AP with the same AP information automatically in DPM reconnection state and enters into DPM LPM when it reconnects. In this case, AT+CLRDPMSLPEXT and AT+SETDPMSLPEXT are not necessarily required because DPM service tries to reconnect by itself. But if MCU needs to communicate with the device, both AT commands are required.

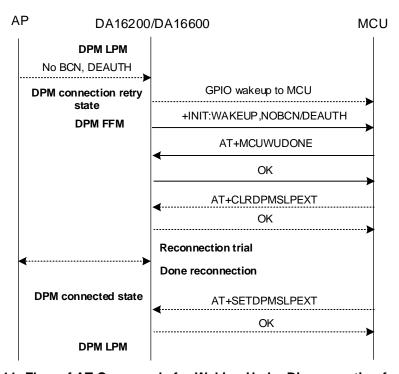


Figure 11: Flow of AT Commands for Waking Up by Disconnection from AP



4 DPM Manager

4.1 DPM Manager Introduction

DPM manager is consisted of high-level APIs for applications with DPM mode being developed easily in case only simple TCP or UDP sessions are used for network. Figure 12 shows the role of DPM manager. And main features supported by DPM manager are as follows:

- TCP/UDP Session Management
 - DPM manager manages TCP/UDP socket registered by user application. It provides callback function to user application to handle events like connection/data reception.
- RTC Timer
 - DPM manager provides 4 x timer and callback to User application. User application can use it according to use case.
- User Data Area in Retention Memory (RTM)
 - DPM manager provides maximum 8 kB user data area in RTM to store user application data.
 User data in RAM which is not stored in the RTM will be disappeared during DPM LPM because the power of RAM except of RTM is turned off during sleep mode 3 of DPM LPM.

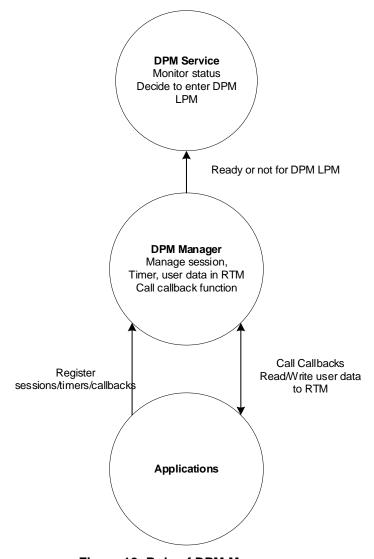


Figure 12: Role of DPM Manager



4.2 Getting Started with DPM Manager

There is an example application using DPM manager in <SDK ROOT>\apps\common\examples\DPM \All Used DPM Manager.

• Define configurations and functions

init_DPM_sample_config includes all configurations and callback functions which are used and called by DPM manager as Table 7. All things must be defined in init_DPM_sample_config as shown in Table 8 according to use cases.

Table 7: Definition of Configurations and Callback Functions

Defined Function Name	Description	
BOOT_INIT_FUNC	Function to be called in Wake-up from POR	
WAKEUP_INIT_FUNC	Function to be called in Wake-up from external wake-up	
TIMER1/2/3/4_TYPE	Timer 1/2/3/4	
TIMER1/2/3/4_INTERVAL	Interval of Timer 1/2/3/4	
TIMER1/2/3/4_FUNC	Callback function of Timer 1/2/3/4	
REGIST_SESSION_TYPE1/2/3/4	Session1/2/3/4 type	
REGIST_MY_PORT_1/2/3/4	Port number of session 1/2/3/4	
REGIST_SERVER_IP_1/2/3/4	Server IP address for session 1/2/3/4	
SESSION1/2/3/4_KA_INTERVAL	Keep alive interval of session 1/2/3/4	
SESSION1/2/3/4_CONN_FUNC	Callback function when connected to server	
SESSION1/2/3/4_RECV_FUNC	Callback function when received data from server	
SESSION1/2/3/4_CONNECT_RETRY_COUNT	Retry count for connection	
	TCP connection timeout (sec).	
SESSION1/2/3/4_CONNECT_WAIT_TIME	Only for TCP client	
	Default is 1 second	
SESSION1/2/3/4_AUTO_RECONNECT Enable/disable Auto reconnection (Only client)		
SESSION1/2/3/4_SECURE_SETUP	TLS enable/disable	
SESSION1/2/3/4/_SECURE_SETUP_FUNC	TLS setup function	
ION_VOLITALE_MEM_ADDR Address of user defined data		
NON_VOLITALE_MEM_SIZE	Size of user defined data	
EXTERN_WU_FUNCTION	Callback when wake-up by external pin	
LATERIA_WO_FONOTION	This callback is disabled by default	
	Error message callback.	
ERROR_FUNCTION	It's called when error case occurs in the DPM manager	

Table 8: Example Function

```
void init_DPM_sample_config (dpm_user_config_t *dpmUserConf)
{
    dpmUserConf->bootInitCallback = BOOT_INIT_FUNC;
    dpmUserConf->wakeupInitCallback = WAKEUP_INIT_FUNC;

    dpmUserConf->timerConfig[0].timerType = TIMER1_TYPE;
    if (sampleParams.tcpClientSendPeriod) {
```



```
dpmUserConf->timerConfig[0].timerInterval =
sampleParams.tcpClientSendPeriod;
    } else {
        dpmUserConf->timerConfig[0].timerInterval = TIMER1 INTERVAL;
   dpmUserConf->timerConfig[0].timerCallback = TIMER1 FUNC;
   dpmUserConf->timerConfig[1].timerType = TIMER2 TYPE;
   if (sampleParams.udpClientSendPeriod) {
        dpmUserConf->timerConfig[1].timerInterval =
sampleParams.udpClientSendPeriod;
   } else {
        dpmUserConf->timerConfig[1].timerInterval = TIMER2 INTERVAL;
   dpmUserConf->timerConfig[1].timerCallback = TIMER2 FUNC;
   dpmUserConf->timerConfig[2].timerType = TIMER3 TYPE;
   dpmUserConf->timerConfig[2].timerInterval = TIMER3 INTERVAL;
   dpmUserConf->timerConfig[2].timerCallback = TIMER3 FUNC;
   dpmUserConf->timerConfig[3].timerType = TIMER4_TYPE;
   dpmUserConf->timerConfig[3].timerInterval = TIMER4 INTERVAL;
   dpmUserConf->timerConfig[3].timerCallback = TIMER4 FUNC;
#if defined ( TCP CLIENT TEST )
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[0].sessionType = REGIST SESSION TYPE1;
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[0].sessionMyPort = REGIST MY PORT 1;
   memcpy(dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[0].sessionServerIp, REGIST SERVER IP 1,
sizeof(REGIST SERVER IP 1));
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[0].sessionServerPort = REGIST SERVER PORT 1;
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[0].sessionKaInterval = SESSION1 KA INTERVAL;
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[0].sessionConnectCallback = SESSION1 CONN FUNC;
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[0].sessionRecvCallback = SESSION1 RECV FUNC;
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[0].sessionConnRetryCnt =
SESSION1 CONNECT RETRY COUNT;
                                  // Only TCP Client
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfiq[0].sessionConnWaitTime = SESSION1 CONNECT WAIT TIME;
     // Only TCP Client
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfiq[0].sessionAutoReconn = SESSION1 AUTO RECONNECT;
      // Only TCP Client
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[0].supportSecure = SESSION1 SECURE SETUP;
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[0].sessionSetupSecureCallback =
SESSION1 SECURE SETUP FUNC;
#endif // TCP CLIENT TEST
#if defined ( UDP CLIENT TEST )
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[1].sessionType = REGIST SESSION TYPE2;
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[1].sessionMyPort = REGIST MY PORT 2;
   memcpy(dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[1].sessionServerIp, REGIST SERVER IP 2,
sizeof(REGIST SERVER IP 2));
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[1].sessionServerPort = REGIST SERVER PORT 2;
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[1].sessionKaInterval = SESSION2 KA INTERVAL;
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[1].sessionConnectCallback = SESSION2 CONN FUNC;
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[1].sessionRecvCallback = SESSION2 RECV FUNC;
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[1].supportSecure = SESSION2 SECURE SETUP;
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[1].sessionSetupSecureCallback =
SESSION2 SECURE SETUP FUNC;
#endif // UDP CLIENT TEST
#if !defined ( LIGHT DPM MANAGER
```



```
#if defined ( TCP SERVER TEST )
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[2].sessionType = REGIST SESSION TYPE3;
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[2].sessionMyPort = REGIST MY PORT 3;
   memcpy(dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[2].sessionServerIp, REGIST SERVER IP 3,
sizeof(REGIST SERVER IP 3));
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[2].sessionServerPort = REGIST SERVER PORT 3;
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[2].sessionKaInterval = SESSION3 KA INTERVAL;
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[2].sessionConnectCallback = SESSION3 CONN FUNC;
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[2].sessionRecvCallback = SESSION3 RECV FUNC;
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[2].supportSecure = SESSION3 SECURE SETUP;
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[2].sessionSetupSecureCallback =
SESSION3 SECURE SETUP FUNC;
#endif // TCP SERVER TEST
#if defined ( UDP SERVER TEST )
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[3].sessionType = REGIST SESSION TYPE4;
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[3].sessionMyPort = REGIST MY PORT 4;
   memcpy(dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[3].sessionServerIp, REGIST SERVER IP 4,
sizeof(REGIST SERVER IP 4));
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[3].sessionServerPort = REGIST SERVER PORT 4;
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[3].sessionKaInterval = SESSION4 KA INTERVAL;
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[3].sessionConnectCallback = SESSION4 CONN FUNC;
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[3].sessionRecvCallback = SESSION4 RECV FUNC;
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[3].supportSecure = SESSION4 SECURE SETUP;
   dpmUserConf->sessionConfig[3].sessionSetupSecureCallback =
SESSION4 SECURE SETUP FUNC;
#endif // UDP_SERVER_TEST
#endif // ! LIGHT DPM_MANAGER_
   dpmUserConf->ptrDataFromRetentionMemory = NON VOLITALE MEM ADDR;
   dpmUserConf->sizeOfRetentionMemory = NON VOLITALE MEM SIZE;
   dpmUserConf->externWakeupCallback = EXTERN WU FUNCTION;
   dpmUserConf->errorCallback = ERROR FUNCTION;
```

- Register init DPM sample config using dpm mng regist config cb
- Start DPM manager using dpm mng start
- DPM manager calls all registered callback functions. User applications has to call
 dpm_mng_job_done() after task in user callback function is done because DPM manager calls
 dpm mng_job_start() before the registered callback function is called
- DPM manager sends ready signal to DPM service for DPM LPM after the registered callback functions are called and related tasks are done
- The dpm_mng_regist_config_cb and dpm_mng_start functions are called whenever DPM wake up

4.2.1 APIs in DPM Manager

Table 9 shows user APIs which can be used in application.

Table 9: User APIs

API	Description
<pre>int dpm_mng_regist_config_cb(</pre>	Register configurations and callback functions in DPM manager



API	Description
int dpm_mng_send_to_session(Send data to the session
int dpm_mng_set_session_info_my_port_no(Change own port number of the session (only for server)
<pre>int dpm_mng_set_session_info_peer_port_no(</pre>	Change peer's port number of the session (only for Server)
<pre>int dpm_mng_set_session_info_peer_ip_addr(</pre>	Change peer's IP address of the session (only for Server)
<pre>int dpm_mng_set_session_info_server_ip_addr(</pre>	Change the server's IP address of the session (only for Client)
<pre>int dpm_mng_set_session_info_server_port_no(</pre>	Change the server's port number of the session (only for Client)
<pre>int dpm_mng_set_session_info_local_port(</pre>	Change own port number of the session (only for Client)
<pre>int dpm_mng_set_session_info(</pre>	Set all the configs of the session Type 1: TCP Server 2: TCP Client 3: UDP Server 4: UDP Client kalnterval: in seconds
<pre>int dpm_mng_set_DPM_timer(</pre>	Change timers timerId: 1~4 timerType: 1 (periodic), 2 (one-shot) interval: timer interval in seconds timerCallback of each timer
int dpm_mng_unset_DPM_timer(UINT timerId)	Unregister timer timerld: 1~4
int dpm_mng_start_session(UINT sessionNo)	Start the session
int dpm_mng_stop_session(UINT sessionNo)	Stop the session
<pre>int dpm_mng_set_session_info_window_size(</pre>	Change window size of the session (only for a TCP session. Session restart (stop/start) is needed to take effect
<pre>int dpm_mng_set_session_info_conn_retry_count(</pre>	Change connection retry count of the session (only for TCP Client session)
int dpm_mng_set_Session_info_conn_wait_time(Change connection wait time for the session (only for TCP Client session) connWaitTime: in seconds



API	Description
int dpm_mng_set_Session_info_auto_reconnect(Set auto reconnection after disconnection. (Only for TCP Client)
UINT sessionNo,	autoReconnection
UINT autoReconnect)	1: try for reconnection
,	0: no retry for reconnection
int dpm_mng_save_to_RTM()	Write user data to RTM
int dpm mng init done()	Return whether the initialization process of DPM manager is complete. return value
	1: Done
	0: Incomplete
int dpm_mng_job_done()	Notify callback function is done
int dpm_mng_job_start()	This function is invoked by the DPM manager before a callback is called, so the application does not need to call this function inside a callback



5 DDPS

5.1 DDPS Introduction

AP with Wi-Fi Basic Server Set (BSS) provides a method to configure the power saving options of each connected station device. To support a station's power saving feature, the AP must maintain the packets for that station when the station is in a power saving state. The DPM Dynamic Period Setting (DDPS) algorithm checks the required buffering time of the AP and decides optimal DTIM interval.

5.2 Enable DDPS

DDPS can be enabled using setup console command during the DPM configuration as below:

```
Dialog DPM (Dynamic Power Management) ? [Yes/No/Quit] : y

DPM factors : Defaults ? [Yes/No/Quit] : y

DDPS Enable : Default ? [No/Yes/Quit] : y

DPM Keep Alive Time (0~600000 ms) ? [Quit] (Default 30000 ms) :

DPM User Wakeup Time (0~86400000 ms) ? [Quit] (Default 0 ms) :

DPM TIM Wakeup Count (1~30 dtim) ? [Quit] (Default 10) :

DPM MODE : Enable
Dynamic Period Set : Enable
Keep Alive Time : 30000 ms
User Wakeup Time : 0 ms
TIM Wakeup Count : 10 dtim

DPM CONFIGURATION CONFIRM ? [Yes/No/Quit] : y
```

For more information on the setup console command, see the getting started guide, Ref. [1]. DDPS can be also enabled or disabled by below DPM API.

Table 10: DPM API

unsigned char setup_apply_dpm(unsigned char dpm_mode,		
	dpm_mode	Enable/Disable DPM Mode
	dpm_Dynamic_Period_Set	Enable/Disable Dynamic Period Set
	dpm_KeepAlive_time	Keep Alive time (0~600000 ms) default: 30000 ms Time to wake up periodically to sync with the AP
Parameter	dpm_User_Wakeup_time	User Wake up Time (0~86400 sec) default: 0 sec This is used when the user needs to wake up periodically.
	dpm_TIM_wakeup_count	TIM Wake up Count (1~65535 dtim) default : 10 dtim This is the interval to check the AP's beacon. It is recommended to use 30 when using DDPS.
Return		E_ERROR(254): Error
Retuill		Others (E_CONTINUE): Success



5.3 AP Test Report for DDPS

Table 11 shows the DDPS test results with APs. DDPS function probes the buffering time of AP and sets almost the same value to the probed minimum or the lowest value 1 as the interval between PTIM active state of Figure 2.

Table 11: DDPS Test Result

AD Madal	Probed Bufferin	g Time of AP
AP Model	Max	Min
360 F5C	5	5
360 F5S	5	4
360 P1	5	4
360 P4	5	5
360 V5S	5	5
AMPED ALLY-0091K	5	5
ANTIBANG A3	5	4
ASUS ACRH13	5	5
ASUS RT-AC1200GU	0	0
ASUS RT-AC1750	5	5
ASUS RT-AC3200	5	5
ASUS RT-AC51UPLUS	0	0
ASUS RT-AC5300	5	5
ASUS RT-AC58U	5	5
ASUS RT-AC66U	5	5
ASUS RT-AC87U	5	5
ASUS RT-AC88U	5	5
ASUS RT-N14UHP	5	5
ASUS TM-AC1900	5	5
BELKIN F7D6301	5	4
BELKIN F9K1002	5	3
BUFFALO WHR-300HP2D	4	2
BUFFALO WSR-1166DHP3	5	5
BUFFALO WSR-2533DHPL	5	4
CISCO RV110W-ECN	5	5
DLINK 605L	5	5
DLINK 616	5	5
DLINK 619L	5	5
DLINK 822	5	5
DLINK DIR-806A	5	5
DLINK DIR-820L	5	4
DLINK DIR-822P	5	5
DLINK DIR-823PRO	5	4



	Probed Buffering Time of AP	
AP Model	Max	Min
DLINK DIR-828	5	5
DLINK DIR-842	5	5
DLINK DIR850LW	5	4
DLINK DIR-880L	5	5
DLINK DIR-890L	5	5
ELECOM WRC-1167GEBKS	5	5
EZVIZ CS-X3C-8E	5	5
FASTCOM FAC1200R	5	4
FASTCOM FAC2100R	0	0
FASTCOM FW313R	5	4
FASTCOM FW450R	5	5
FASTCOM FWR200	5	4
H3CMAGIC R100	5	5
H3CMAGIC R300	5	5
HIWIFI E30	5	4
HIWIFI HC5861B	5	4
HUAWEI GLORY-ROUTINGPRO	5	5
HUAWEI HONOR-X2	5	5
HUAWEI WS5100	5	5
HUAWEI WS5102	5	5
HUAWEI WS5200	5	5
HUAWEI WS550	5	4
HUAWEI WS832	5	5
HUAWEI WS851	5	5
HUMAX QUANTUM-T3Av2	5	5
HUMAX T10X	5	4
IODATA WNAC583R	0	0
IODATA WNAC733GR	0	0
IODATA WNAX1167	0	0
IODATA WNPR2600G	5	5
IPTIME A1004	0	0
IPTIME A2004NSR	5	4
IPTIME A300NS-BCM	5	5
IPTIME A7004M	5	4
IPTIME A3004NS-BCM	5	5
IPTIME A3004NS-BCM	5	5
IPTIME A8004ITL	5	4
IPTIME A804NS	5	4



	Probed Buffering Time of AP	
AP Model	Max	Min
IPTIME N604	5	4
IPTIME A604R	5	5
IPTIME N702BCM	5	5
IPTIME N704BCM	5	4
IPTIME N804V	5	5
LBLINK BL-AC1200D	5	4
LBLINK WR9000	5	4
LBLINK WR4000	5	4
LINKSYS E1200	5	4
LINKSYS EA6900	5	5
LINKSYS EA7500	5	5
LINKSYS EA8300	5	5
LINKSYS WRT1900AC	5	5
LINKSYS WRT300N	5	5
LINKSYS WRT3200ACM	5	4
LINKSYS WRT54GL	5	5
MERCURY C12G	0	0
MERCURY D196G	5	5
MERCURY D19G	5	4
MERCURY D26GPro	5	5
MERCURY MW300R	5	4
MERCURY MW313R	5	4
MERCURY MW316R	5	5
MIKROTIK RB751U-2H	2	0
MOTOROLA MR1900	5	1
MERCURY RUSH-1537N	5	5
NETCORE 360_P2	5	5
NETGEAR JWNR2000v2	5	5
NETGEAR ORBI	5	5
NETGEAR R6120	5	4
NETGEAR R6220	5	3
NETGEAR R7000	5	4
NETGEAR R8000	5	4
NETGEAR RAX120	5	5
NETGEAR RAX40	5	4
NETGEAR RAX80	5	5
NETGEAR WNDR3400v3	5	1
NETGEAR X10	5	5



	Probed Buffering Time of AP	
AP Model	Max	Min
NETIS M3200N	5	5
NETIS MF1200AC	5	5
NETIS WF2770	0	0
NETIS WF2785	5	5
NETIS WF302	5	4
NEXT 504N	5	5
NEXT 7004N	5	5
NEXT 8004N	5	4
PHICOMM PSG1218	0	0
PIXLINK WR07	5	4
SAMSUNG SWW3100BG	5	3
SAMSUNG SWW-3400RW	5	5
SAMSUNG ET-WV525	5	5
SEMA SAP-H310SR	1	0
SYNOLOGY MR2200AC	5	5
SYNOLOGY RT2600AC	5	5
TENDA AC15	5	5
TENDA FH304	5	5
TENDA N318	5	3
TOTOLINK A2500R	5	5
TOTOLINK A3100R	5	5
TOTOLINK A780R	5	4
TOTOLINK A800R	5	5
TOTOLINK A850R	5	5
TOTOLINK N350RP	5	5
TOTOLINK N600R	5	5
TPLINK AD7200	5	4
TPLINK ARCHER-AX10	5	4
TPLINK ARCHER-C2600	5	5
TPLINK TL-WAR1200L	5	5
TPLINK TL-WDR8610	5	5
TPLINK TL-WDR8690	5	5
TPLINK WDR5600	5	4
TPLINK WDR5660	5	5
TPLINK WDR6500	5	5
TPLINK WDR7660	5	4
TPLINK WR2041	5	5
TPLINK WR842N	5	4



AD Montal	Probed Buffering Time of AP	
AP Model	Max	Min
TPLINK WR880N	5	5
TPLINK WR940N	5	5
TRENDNET TEW-812DRU	5	1
TRENDNET TEW-827DRU	5	4
UNICORN AW	5	4
UTT A310	0	0
UTT A655W	0	0
UTT A755W	5	0
VOLANS G1	5	4
WAVLINK A33	0	0
WAVLINK N300	5	4
WAVLINK WN521N2A	0	3
WEVO 11AC-NASROUTER	5	4
WEVO HI1200AC	5	0
XIAOMI DVB4218CN	5	5
XIAOMI MIWIFI3	1	0
XIAOMI MIWIFIPRO	5	5
XIAOMI R1CM	0	5
XIAOMI R3AC	5	
ZIO 2520N	5	
ZIO 5500AC	5	5
ZIO FREEZIO	5	5

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Revision History

Revision	Date	Description
1.6	Apr. 12, 2024	Added DPM wake-up type
1.5	Oct. 06, 2023	 Changed DPM Timer API argument from seconds to milliseconds Updated descriptions about DPM with additional figures Added details for abnormal working flow
1.4	Jan. 12, 2023	Merged documents listed below and added DPM API descriptions • UM-WI-005_DA16200_DA16600_DPM_Manager • UM-WI-034_DA16200_DA16600_DPM_Over_AT-CMD
1.3	Sep. 27, 2022	Updated DPM API
1.2	Mar. 28, 2022	Updated logo, disclaimer, and copyright
1.1	Nov. 25, 2021	Changed the title
1.0	Oct. 29, 2020	Initial release



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