

***flash*MASTER V 3.02**

Flash Programmer



***flashMASTER* complies with the EMC protection requirements**

Warning

This is a 'Class A' (EN 55022: 1994) equipment. This equipment can cause radio frequency noise when used in the residential area. In such cases, the user/operator of the equipment may be required to take appropriate countermeasures under his responsibility.

EEDT-ST-001-10

Caution

This equipment should be handled like a CMOS semiconductor device. The user must take all precautions to avoid build-up of static electricity while working with this equipment. All test and measurement tools including the workbench must be grounded. The user/operator must be grounded using the wrist strap. The In-Circuit Emulator probe target connector plug and/or its adapter pins should not be touched with bare hands.

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1. Introduction

flashMASTER is a tool for programming data into, erasing data from, and verifying data in flash ROM of the NEC microcontrollers.

Main features of *flashMASTER*

- On-board programming
flashMASTER enables programming without removing the MCU from the user target system.
- Stand-alone programming
Program information can be stored in the *flashMASTER* 1MB SRAM or 1MB flash memory in order to program target systems without host connection of *flashMASTER*
- A 2048 bit EEPROM stores programming parameters
- Serial and parallel interface
Serial interface (RS232C) connection to host systems and parallel interface for optional fast program download available.
- I/O port configuration
Parallel interface can be configured to control *flashMASTER* remotely.
- Universal host connection
A Windows 95, Windows 98 and Windows NT User interface is provided as well as ASCII command line interface for terminal connection.
- CSI, UART, I²C or Port Mode interface supported for data transfer to flash device.
- Programming Voltage can be selected between 5 and 10.5 V.
- Voltage supply (Vdd)
flashMASTER can supply up to 100 mA. (2.5 - 5 V)

This manual will familiarise you with hard- and software of the *flashMASTER* package.

Chapter 2 describes the hardware components and the installation of *flashMASTER*.

Chapter 3 describes the installation of the GUI and the required steps to upgrade *flashMASTER* firmware, if necessary. This chapter is very important if you have *flashMASTER* prior to version 3.00 in use already.

Chapter 4 describes the GUI software.

Chapter 5 explains in a sample session how to program flash devices using the GUI.

Chapter 6 lists all flash and host commands which are available for operating *flashMASTER* in terminal mode.

Chapter 7 shows in a sample session how to program flash devices using a terminal program.

Chapter 8 describes connectors and cables of the *flashMASTER* package.

Chapter 9 and chapter 10 contain design proposals for user systems.

It is strongly recommended to read the **README.TXT** file additionally to this manual. The README.TXT contains last minute information and may be useful for any kind of operation of *flashMASTER*. The README.TXT is available on disk 1 of the software package.

2. Hardware Installation

2.1 System requirements

HOST PC	A PC supporting Windows 95, Windows 98 or Windows NT is required for <i>flashMASTER</i> user interface program. For terminal operation of <i>flashMASTER</i> any terminal program may be used.
Host interface	Serial (RS232C) interface capable to handle communication at 9600 (minimum) baud up to 38400 baud.
File formats	Program files must be available in Motorola S format or Intel HEX file format.
GUI	The graphical user interface (GUI) is available for Windows 95, Windows 98 or Windows NT operating systems. About 10 Mbytes of free hard disk space is required to install the graphical user interface (GUI) software.
Compatible MCU	All NEC devices with flash ROM can be programmed. A detailed list of programmable devices is available in the README file. Please read this information carefully.

2.2 Package contents

Please verify that you have received all parts listed in the package contents list attached to the *flashMASTER* package. If any part is missing or seems to be damaged, please contact the dealer from whom you purchased your *flashMASTER*.

Note: Updates to this User's Manual, additional documentation and/or device parameter file(s) for *flashMASTER*, if available, may be downloaded from the NEC WEB page(s) at

<http://www.nec.de/updates>

2.3 System configuration and components

The *flashMASTER* system configuration is given in the diagram below:

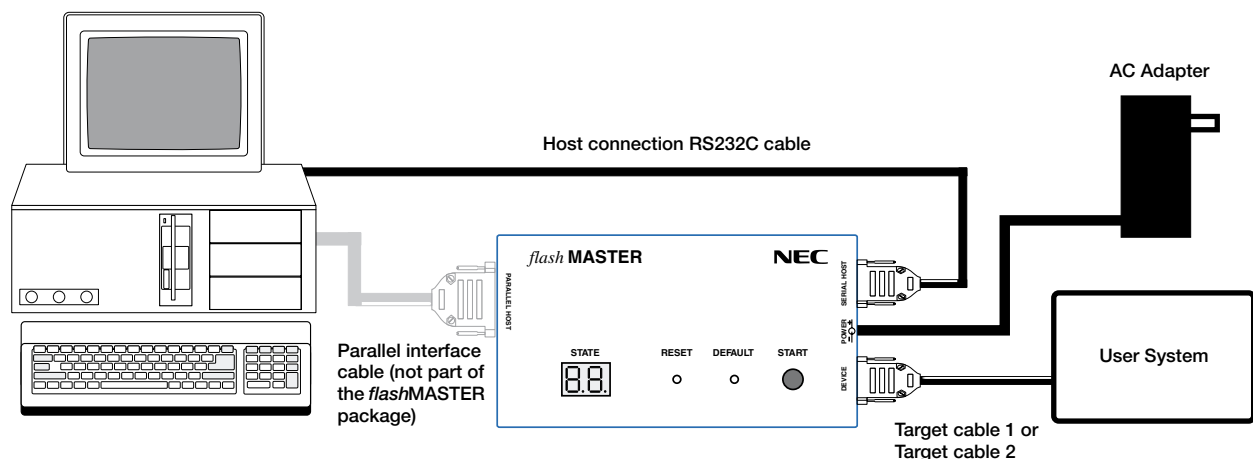


Figure 1: *flashMASTER* system configuration

flashMASTER is connected to the host system via RS232C serial interface cable. An optional parallel interface connection to the hosts system printer port may be established using the centronics interface connection of *flashMASTER*. This interface cable is not part of the *flashMASTER* package.

flashMASTER is connected to the user system by either target cable 1 or target cable 2 depending on the layout of the pin connector of the user system. For any detailed specification of target cable 1 or target cable 2 please refer to the chapter "Connectors and Cables" of this documentation.

2.3.1 Host computer

A PC is used to communicate with *flashMASTER*. The PC must support any terminal program to communicate to the *flashMASTER* command line interface. For GUI operation of *flashMASTER* Windows 95, Windows 98 or Windows NT must be available.

It also must be equipped with a serial interface. An optional parallel interface may be used for fast program download to *flashMASTER*.

2.3.2 *flashMASTER*

2.3.2.1 *flashMASTER* control panel

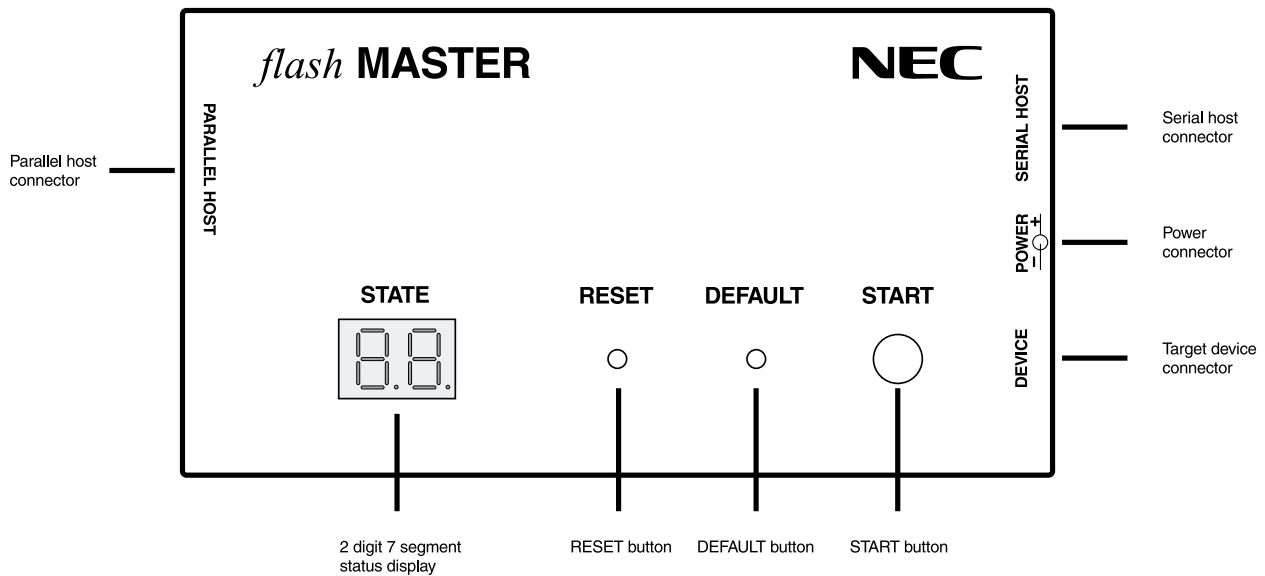


Figure 2: *flashMASTER* top view

The control buttons are used in stand alone operating mode of *flashMASTER*.

RESET button The RESET button resets the *flashMASTER* internal MCU.

DEFAULT button The DEFAULT button will reset the host communication to 9600 bps.

START button The START button will initiate the EPV (Erase / Program / Verify) command sequence.

Status display The status display informs about the operating modes. It is mainly used for *flashMASTER* s stand alone operating mode.

2.3.2.2 flashMASTER connectors

The serial connector, the target connector and the power connector are located on the right side of flashMASTER.

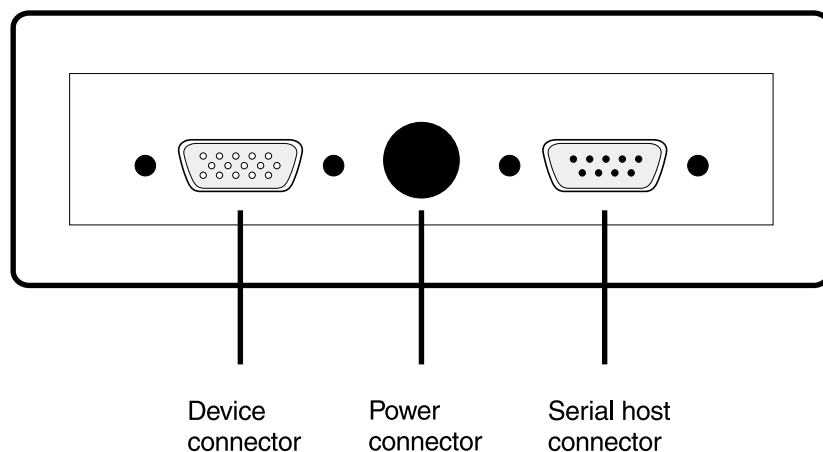


Figure 3: flashMASTER connectors

The parallel connector is located on the left side of flashMASTER. The parallel interface connector may be configured as centronics interface (default) or I/O port.

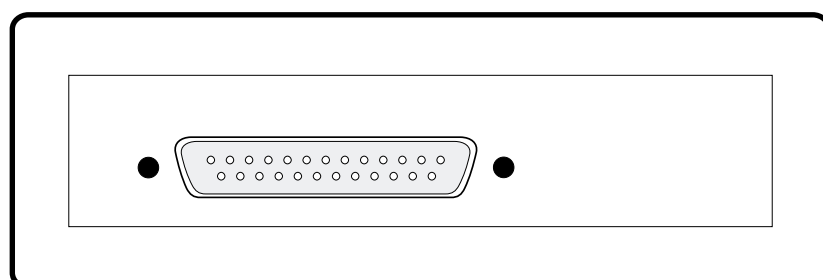


Figure 4: flashMASTER parallel host interface

2.3.3 User system

The user system must be equipped with a device interface according to target cable 1 or target cable 2 specification. For any detailed specification please refer to the chapter “Connectors and Cables” of this document.

2.3.4 Power supply

The power supply FW7201/12 is equipped with a DC-plug 2.1 x 55 x 14 and may be connected to mains using one of the available AC-plugs Euro, UK or USA / Japan.

For a specification of the power supply jack please refer to the chapter “Connectors and Cables” of this document.

Note: Connect only the provided AC adapter to the power supply jack!

2.3.5 RS232 Host connection

The RS232 host interface enables communication to the *flashMASTER*. A terminal program or the Windows 95 / Windows 98 / Windows NT GUI may be used to operate *flashMASTER*, which is connected to the serial port. RS232 data transfer starts at 9600 baud, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, no parity and no hardware handshake.

The baudrate may be selected from 9600 bps (default), 19200 bps or 38400 bps.

For a detailed specification of the host interface please refer to the chapter “Connectors and Cables” of this document.

2.3.6 Parallel host connection

The parallel host connection may be configured in one out of two possible configurations

1. Centronics Interface configuration
Configured as centronics interface program data can be downloaded via high speed parallel port from the host system.
2. I/O port configuration
Configured as I/O port *flashMASTER* can be controlled remotely. Via I/O port start signal an ERASE-PROGRAM-VERIFY sequence can be started and *flashMASTER* signals status information as device connected, busy, OK and error via I/O signal lines.

For a detailed specification of the parallel interface please refer to the chapter “Connectors and Cables” of this document.

2.3.7 Target cable 1

The target cable 1 is compatible with all NEC flash programming adapters FA-XXX-YY.

XXX: 20 pin, 28 pin, 30 pin, 42 pin, 44 pin, 64 pin, 80 pin, 100 pin and 144 pin.

YY: package type GC, GF, GJ, GK, GS and CT.

For a detailed specification of target cable 1 please refer to the chapter “Connectors and Cables” of this document.

2.3.8 Target cable 2

The target cable 2 is compatible with the programming layout of the EB-V853STARTER.

For a detailed specification of target cable 2 please refer to the chapter “Connectors and Cables” of this document.

3. Software Installation

3.1 Graphical User Interface

The *flashMASTER* graphical user interface software allows easy and most comfortable access to all features of the *flashMASTER* flash programmer. It requires MS Windows 95, Windows 98 or MS Windows NT, V4.0 or higher versions as operating system.

This software allows the user:

- Setup the connection between *flashMASTER* and PC
- Setup all device specific options of the *flashMASTER*
- Download a program to the *flashMASTER*
- Erase, program and verify all 75XL, K0S, K0, K4 and V850 Series flash devices
- Run automatic Erase -> Program -> Verify procedures

All current device specific options are stored in the *flashMASTER* hardware itself. When the program is opened these options are loaded from the hardware. So the last used options are present.

Any terminal program may be used as well to operate *flashMASTER*. The command interface is not that comfortable as the GUI and it requires much more command input.

3.2 GUI Installation

The installation program is located on the first of the two floppy disks, which are delivered with the *flashMASTER* package.

To install the GUI software, please perform following steps:

- ⇒ Insert floppy disk 1 into your floppy drive (normally drive a:)
- ⇒ Click on the Windows **START** button
- ⇒ Click on **RUN**
- ⇒ Type in or select 'a:\setup' (If your floppy drive has another letter, change the entry accordingly)
- ⇒ Click on the **OK** button.

Now the setup program is starts. After a short while of initialisation the welcome screen appears:

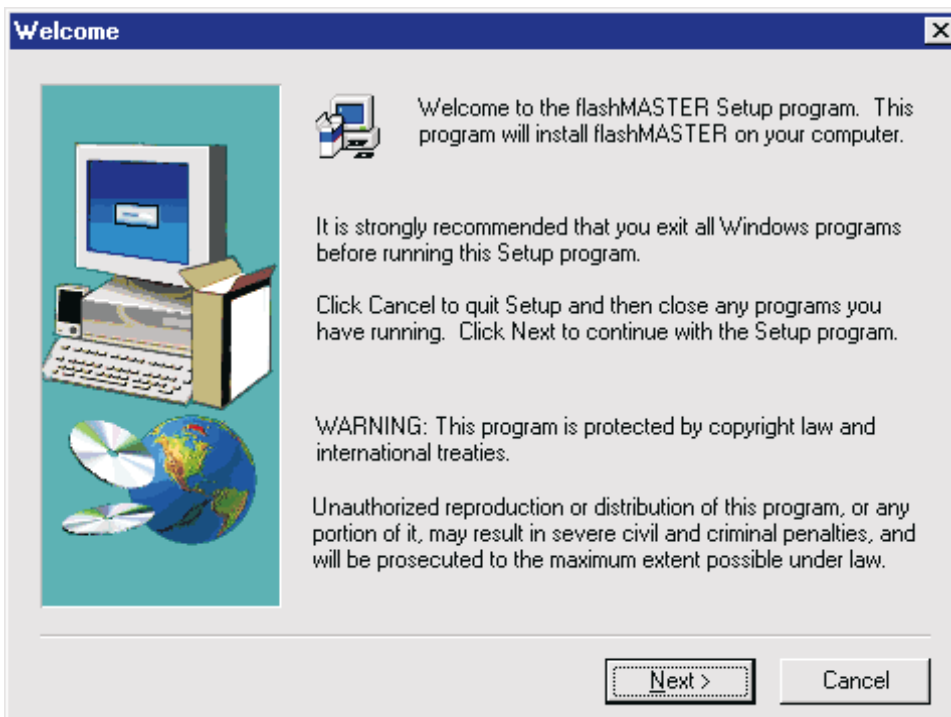


Figure 5: Welcome screen

Click on **Next** to continue the installation.

The installation start window appears:

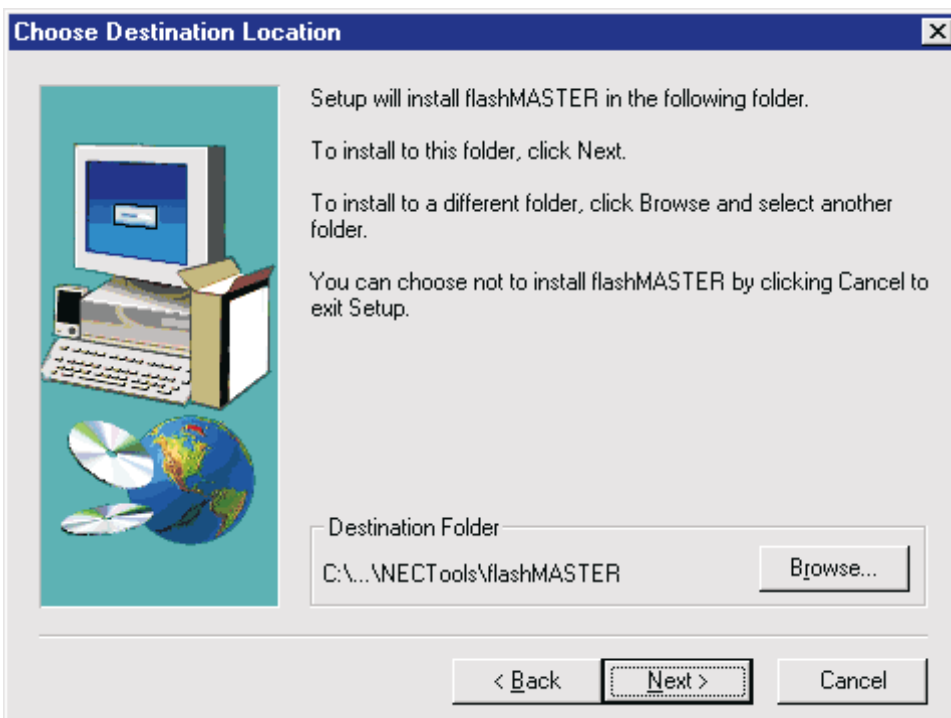


Figure 6: Installation start window

You might exit the installation with the **Cancel** button.

You can click on the **Browse** button to be able to change the installation destination path.

Pressing the **Next** button will proceed to the *Setup Program Folder* selection.

When activating the **Browse** button, the *Choose Folder* window appears:

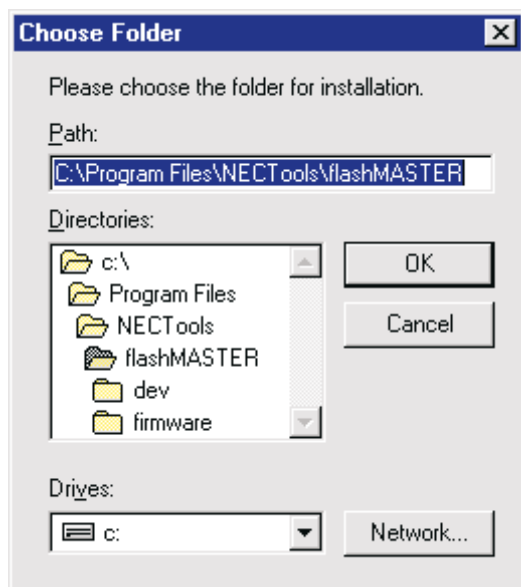


Figure 7: Choose Folder window

Here you can change the destination path. Then click on **OK** to accept the changes or click on **Cancel** to undo the changes. You will return to the Installation start window (Figure 7).

When the folder window is closed, press the **Next** button in the installation start window. The setup procedure opens the *Program Folder* selection window. By default a program group NEC Tools will be created for the *flashMASTER* executable. You may change the folder name by selecting one of the existing folders or by typing a new folder name in the edit field.

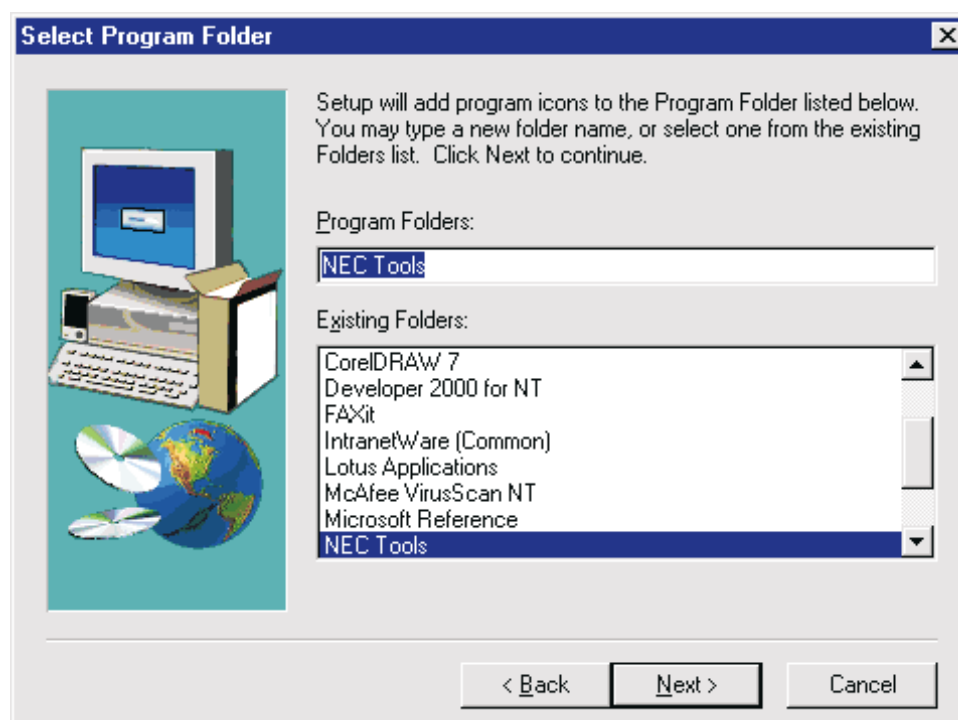


Figure 8: Select Program Folder window

When the correct folder has been selected, the **Next** button will start file copying to your hard disk. On the installation progress window you can follow the installation. You will be prompted to change the floppy disk.

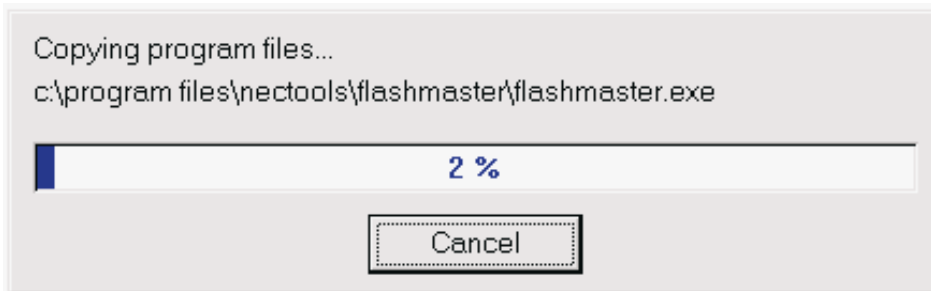


Figure 9: Setup progress window

You can always abort the installation with the **Cancel** button.

When the installation is terminated, the following message window appears:

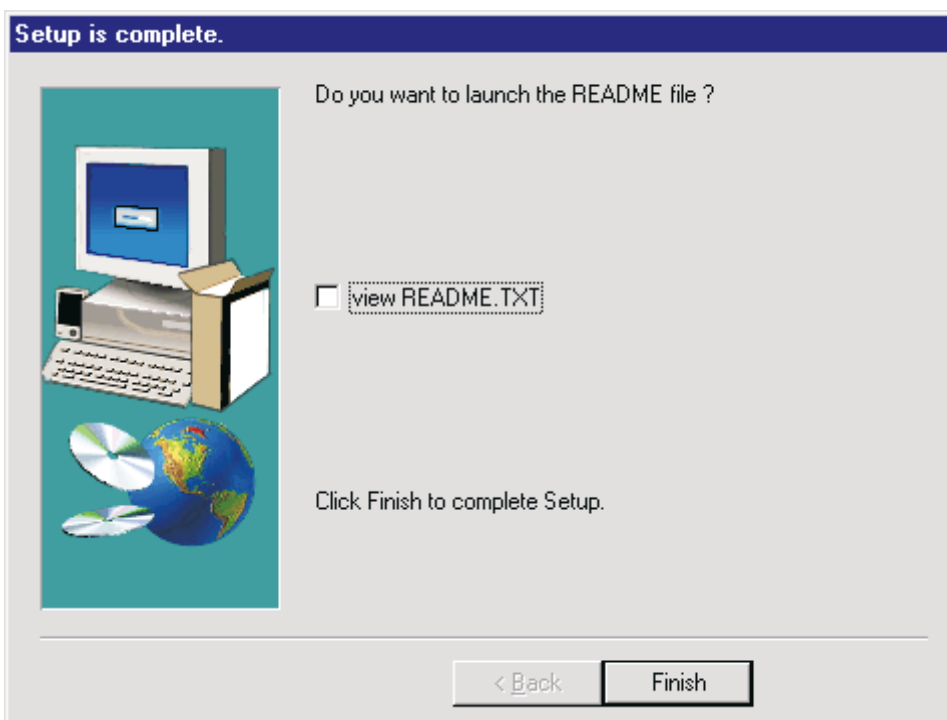


Figure 10: Setup is complete

The program has been installed successfully and an entry has been made into the program menu to start the *flashMASTER* software. Select the view README.TXT checkbox to start Notepad to show you the README.TXT file. Since this file is copied into your *flashMASTER* directory anyway you may review it at later times.

Press the **Finish** button to exit the installation.

The installation process is complete now and the setup utility has installed a new program folder which holds the *flashMASTER* GUI Software and a *flashMASTER* unlnst icon which allows to delete the *flashMASTER* GUI software if it is not used any more.

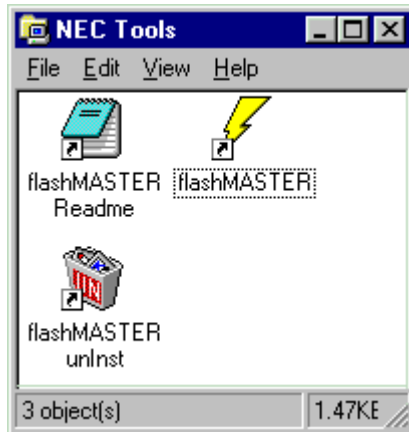


Figure 11: Program folder after installation

The setup program has installed following files on your hard disk:

C:\...\NECTools\flashMASTER
flashMASTER.EXE
fMASTER.ini

Readme.txt
Uninst.isu

\dev*.dev

\std*.std

\cust*.dev
\prg*.prg
\firmware

FIR_V300.rec
EXT_V300.rec
SP_V300.rec

flashMASTER GUI.

Customisation of the GUI as well as storage of most recently used settings.

Last minute information.

Database for proper use of unlnst.

Target device initialisation information if GUI is used.

Target device initialisation information if terminal program is used.

user customised device settings

bootstrap files

flashMASTER firmware program file

flashMASTER external functions program file

flashMASTER selfprogramming library

3.3 Terminal installation

If a terminal program is used as communication interface only some data files will be needed for the software package enclosed to the *flashMASTER* package.

In subdirectory \std of disk 2 some device initialisation files are available which may be used with the loaddev command. Please copy these files to your harddisk or workstation for later use.

Start communication with *flashMASTER* using 9600 bps, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit no parity and no hand-shake. Once communication is established you may switch to 19200 bps or 38400 bps.

Make sure that communication is done in lower case letters only.

3.4 Firmware Installation

In order to guarantee proper operation of *flashMASTER* programmer it is mandatory that the correct firmware version is available in the programmer's internal memory. The GUI software checks the firmware version automatically when connecting to the programmer. In case the firmware is not up to date you may update the firmware by the *flashMASTER* GUI software or any terminal communication software.

Firmware installation consists of 3 steps which are executed automatically if you update the firmware using the GUI software.

Step 1: Installing firmware for internal functions

Internal functions provide rudimentary operations of the programmer. Mainly they support communication of the programmer with the host system and the installation of external functions. Updating internal functions is the most severe state in the installation process. The program code file for the internal functions is located in the subdirectory *firmware* in your *flashMASTER* directory. It needs to be downloaded.

After successful download it needs to be selfprogrammed. The selfprogramming algorithm itself is located in the directory *firmware* as well.

Although the whole process of installing new firmware should not be interrupted, the selfprogramming state is the most sensitive one. Switching off power or resetting the programmer may damage the programmer seriously!

Step 2: Installing firmware for external firmware functions

External functions support all the commands useable for setting up the programmer to the needs of the target device.

The file containing external firmware functions is located in the subdirectory "firmware" in your *flashMASTER* directory. After downloading the file the programmer will restart automatically with the just downloaded new functionality.

Step 3: Setting default values for all parameters in the programmer

Attention:

Installing new firmware is a rudimentary operation for the programmer!

**PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING CHAPTER VERY CAREFULLY AND
TAKE YOUR TIME FOR UPDATING YOUR *flashMASTER* FIRMWARE!**

3.4.1 Firmware update using *flashMASTER* GUI software

When you start the *flashMASTER* GUI software it checks the version number information from the programmer's hardware automatically.



Figure 12: Firmware Update Window

You should click the **Yes** button in order to install the new firmware version. Otherwise *flashMASTER* will not operate correctly!

During all operations of *flashMASTER* the status window will inform about the current activities:

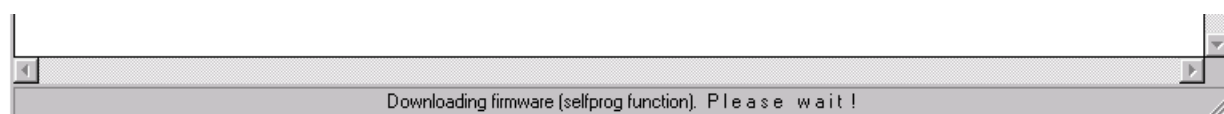


Figure 13: GUI status window

After downloading the new firmware it needs to be programmed into *flashMASTER*'s internal memory.

An additional message box will inform that from now on, *flashMASTER* **must not be switched off or reset**:

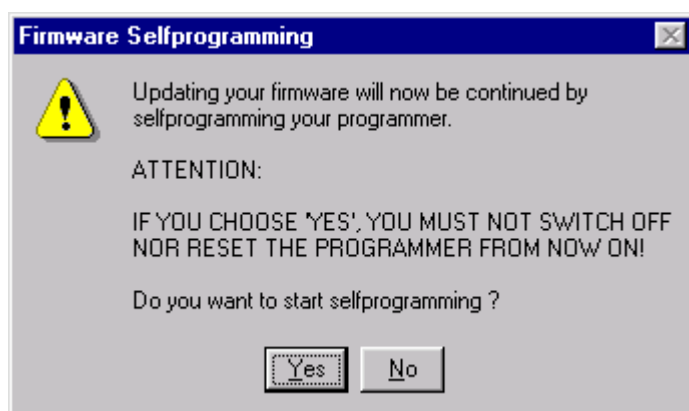


Figure 14: Firmware Selfprogramming Window

You will be notified, if the new firmware is installed successfully in your programmer:

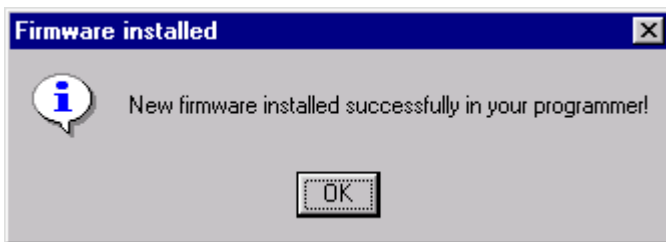


Figure 15: Firmware update successful message

In case selfprogramming failed GUI will warn and recommend counter measures:

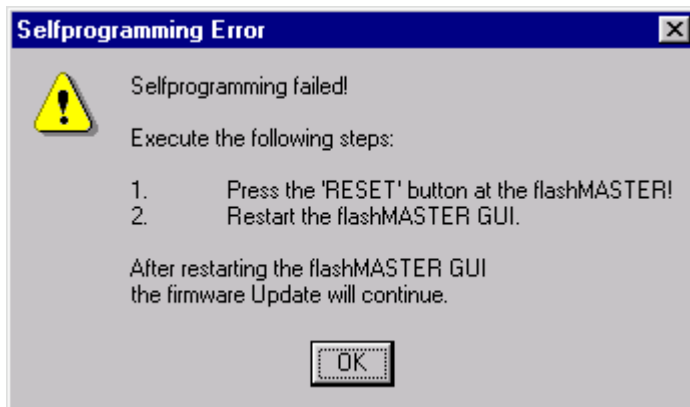


Figure 16: Selfprogramming failed message

Please follow the recommendation given and reset *flashMASTER* and restart the GUI software again.

In case the installation of the new firmware in your programmer failed the following message will be displayed:



Figure 17: Firmware update error message

This message will also appear if any of the firmware update steps failed and *flashMASTER* holds invalid fragments of firmware data.

3.4.2 Firmware update using terminal communication software

If *flashMASTER* is used without the GUI software firmware can also be upgraded using a terminal program. After installation of the hardware and startup of a terminal program select 9600 baud as communication speed and no flow control as handshake. *flashMASTER* will start up showing following screen:

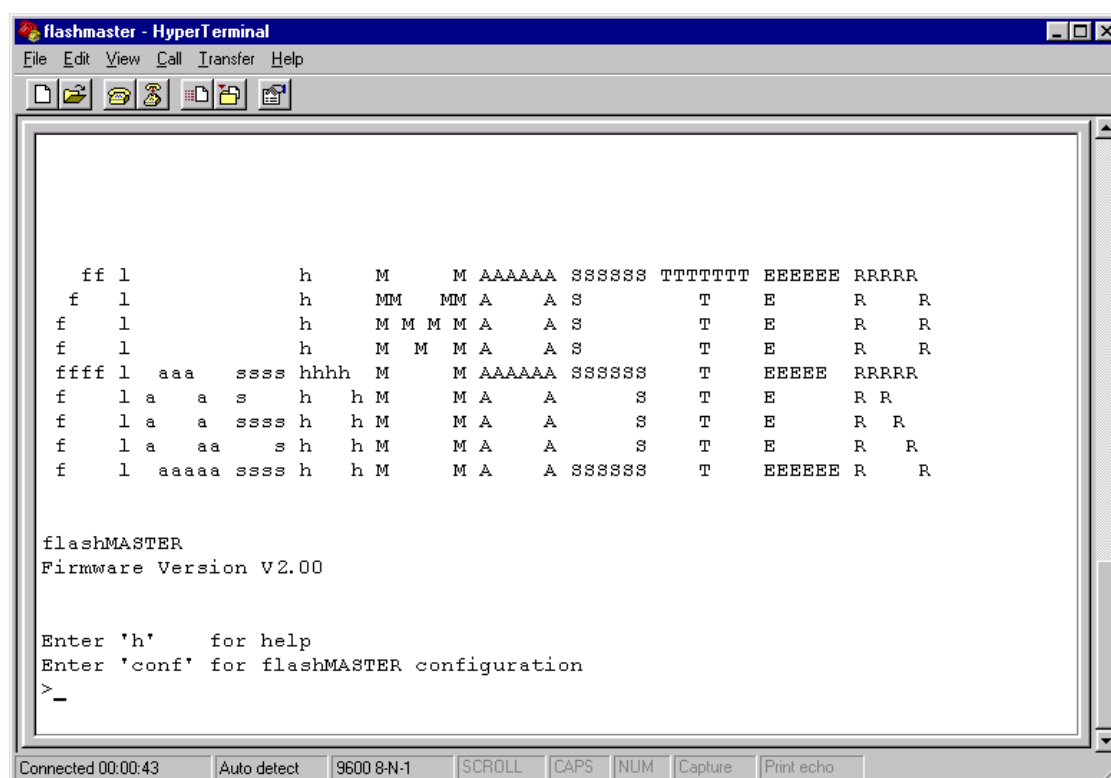


Figure 18: Initial screen before firmware upgrade

All data files necessary for the firmware update are located in the directory \firmware of disk 2 of the software package. It is recommended to copy the files from this directory on to your hard disk. For firmware upgrade, please enter below given command sequence.

Note that *flashMASTER* will accept only lower case characters in terminal mode!

Command	Description	LED
set mem r 	Select <i>flashMASTER</i> internal memory	
set vpp 10300 	Set the correct programming voltage	
ls ff 	Preset internal memory with 0xFF and start program download sequence for the internal part of the firmware When ls command is accepted, <i>flashMASTER</i> waits for new program data in Motorola S Format to be sent via serial line. Select Send Text File from your terminal program and specify FIR_V300.REC as program filename. <i>FlashMASTER</i> will display several dots on screen while download is in progress. Please wait until the message Done is shown. FIR_V300.REC is available in the subdirectory firmware of disk 2 of the software package enclosed to the <i>flashMASTER</i> package.	

ls 

Download the selfprogramming function library `SP_V300.REC`.
When `ls` command is accepted, *flashMASTER* waits for new program data in Motorola S Format to be sent via serial line.
Select `Send Text File` from your terminal program and specify `SP_V300.REC` as program filename.
FlashMASTER will display several dots on screen while download is in progress. Please wait until the message `Done` is shown.
`SP_V300.REC` is available in the subdirectory `firmware` of disk 2 of the software package enclosed to the *flashMASTER* package.

ATTENTION:

Selfprogramming the *flashMASTER* firmware is a rudimentary operation!

Interrupting the selfprogramming process, switching off or resetting *flashMASTER* will seriously damage the programmer!

g 120000 

Program the new firmware into *flashMASTER*.
FlashMASTER will display several dots on screen during self programming. Please wait until the message `Done` is shown.
The self programming may take up to 10 minutes.
After successful programming, *flashMASTER* will startup automatically showing the new startup screen.



lu 

Start program download sequence for external functions.
When `lu` command is accepted, *flashMASTER* waits for new program data in Motorola S Format to be sent via serial line.
Select `Send Text File` from your terminal program and specify `EXT_V200.REC` as program filename.
flashMASTER will display several dots on screen while download is in progress. Please wait until the message `Done` is shown.
`EXT_V200.REC` is available in the subdirectory `firmware` of disk 3 of the software package enclosed to the *flashMASTER* package.



conf 

Change to external firmware.

init 

Reset firmware program constants and write new parameters to *flashMASTER*'s EEPROM.
The communication speed to the host will be set to 9600 bps. If you are connected to *flashMASTER* with some different communication speed, make sure to adjust the port settings after this command.



+++ 

Reset *flashMASTER* to ensure that all internal variables are in their initial state.

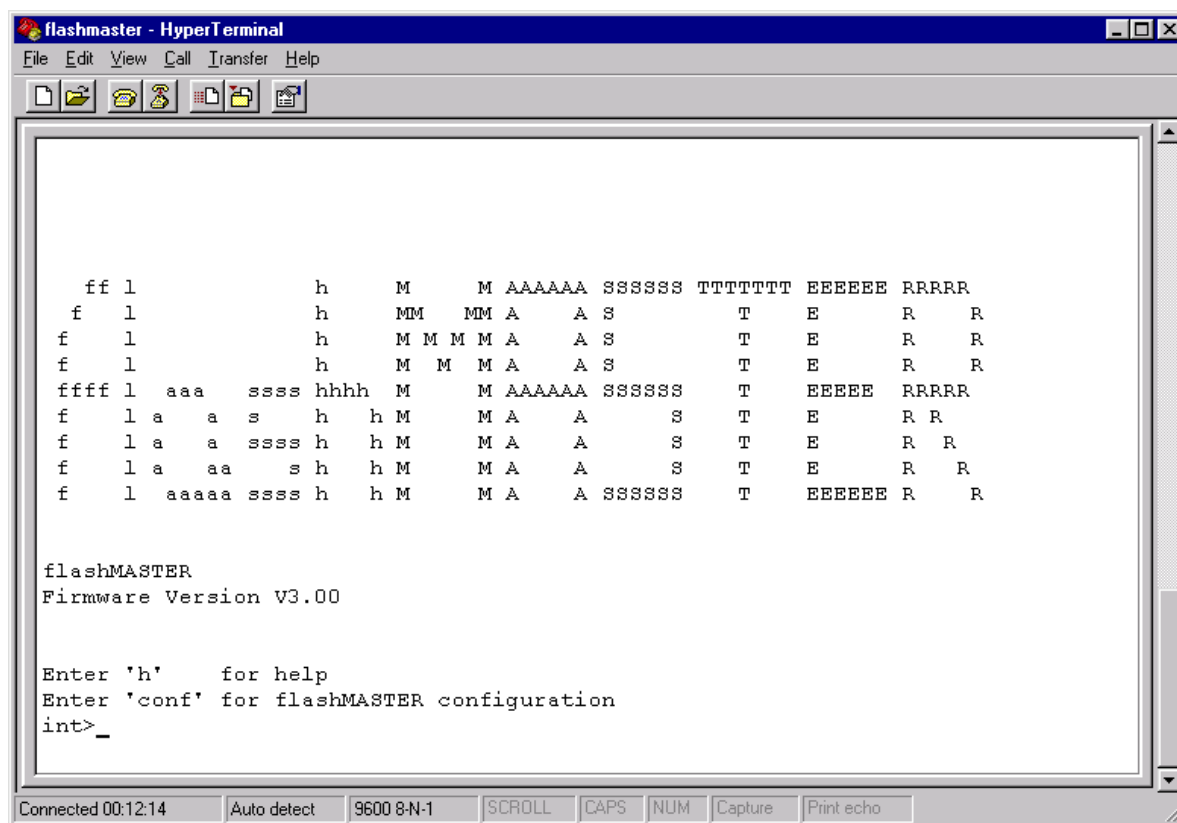


Figure 19: Initial screen after firmware upgrade

In case any error occurs during firmware upgrade, repeat the command until it returns successful.

Note: If there is an error during self programming, try again after pressing the RESET button at the *flashMASTER* box. If this does not help to restart *flashMASTER*, please get in contact with your NEC sales representative.

4. *flash*MASTER operation using GUI

4.1 Getting started

After unpacking *flash*MASTER please connect *flash*MASTER to your host computer using the provided serial interface cable and the 'Serial Host' connector. *flash*MASTER uses at startup the default baudrate, which is 9600 bps.

After plugging in the power supply, the 7-segment LED will show an 'r' indicating that the SRAM is used to store the download data.

4.2 Program Start

When being started, the following entry window appears. This window is also shown by the menu item *Help* → *About*.



Figure 20: Help - About Window

After several seconds or by clicking on the Micro picture the window disappears and the programs main window is displayed.

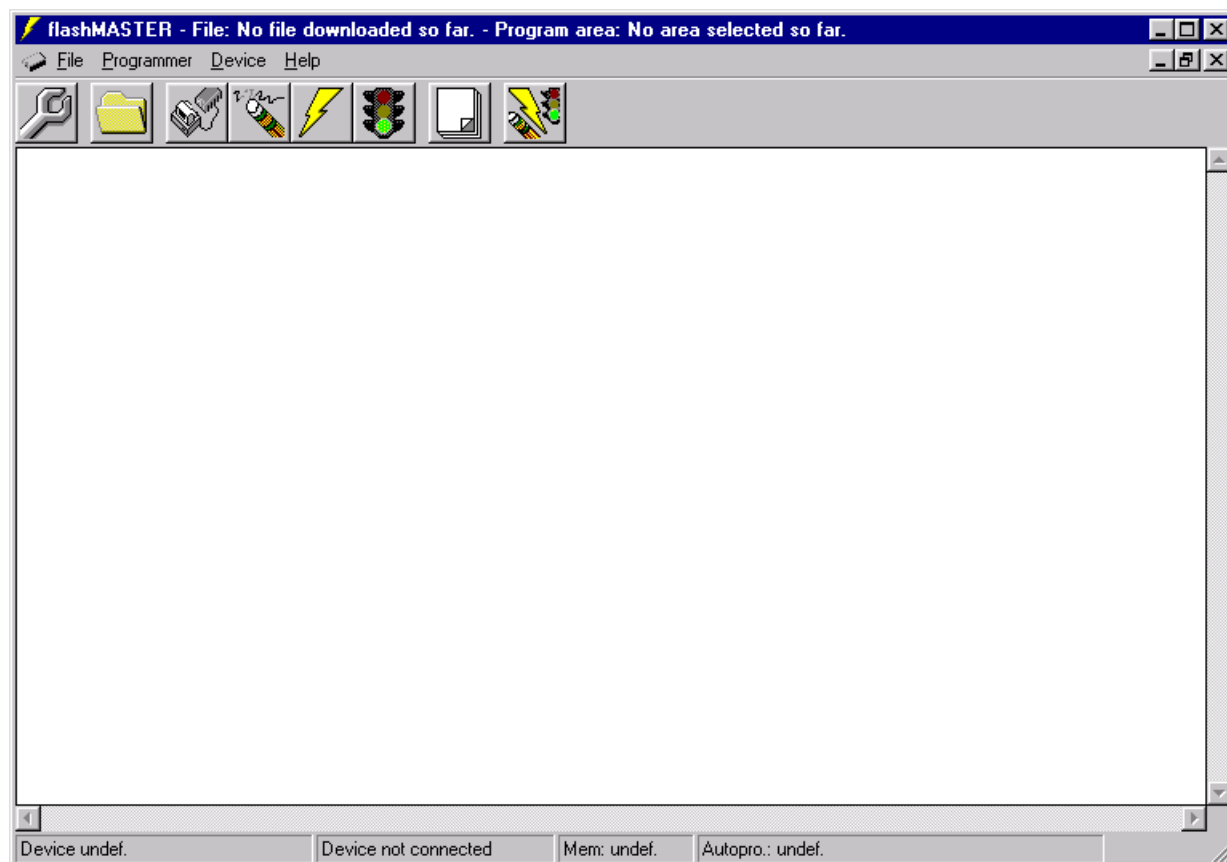


Figure 21: Main window with communication window opened

The programs main window consists of

- The menu (top of the window)
- The toolbar (menu below) with buttons for all most important program options.
- The status bar (bottom of the window) with device name, device status, memory selection information and information about the programming options.
- The title bar, which contains the name of the most recently downloaded file and the selected programming area if multiple areas are enabled.

Note: Version 3.00 of the *flashMASTER* GUI software requires firmware version 3.00 installed in the programmer. If firmware version 3.00 has not been installed yet you may update the firmware either by *flashMASTER* GUI software or by any terminal program. Please refer to the corresponding chapter(s) of this document to learn about the necessary steps of operation.

4.3 The Menu Items

Depending on the actual device status and depending on the setting of several keys in the initialisation file fMASTER.INI, some menu items may be enabled or disabled, i.e. the menu *Device* → *Blankcheck* is only enabled when a device is connected.

4.3.1 File Menu

The file menu allows to select and download a program file in various formats to *flashMASTER* so that it can be programmed into the device's flash memory. A checksum can be calculated over the downloaded program file and *flashMASTER* parameter settings can be dumped.



Figure 22: Menu item *File*

4.3.1.1 Download Menu

This menu item allows to select and download a program file into the *flashMASTER* memory. Before downloading a program file you may select whether to download into *flashMASTER*'s internal SRAM or internal flash memory. Please refer to the section **Memory Selection**. After downloading the program file may be programmed into the device's flash memory.

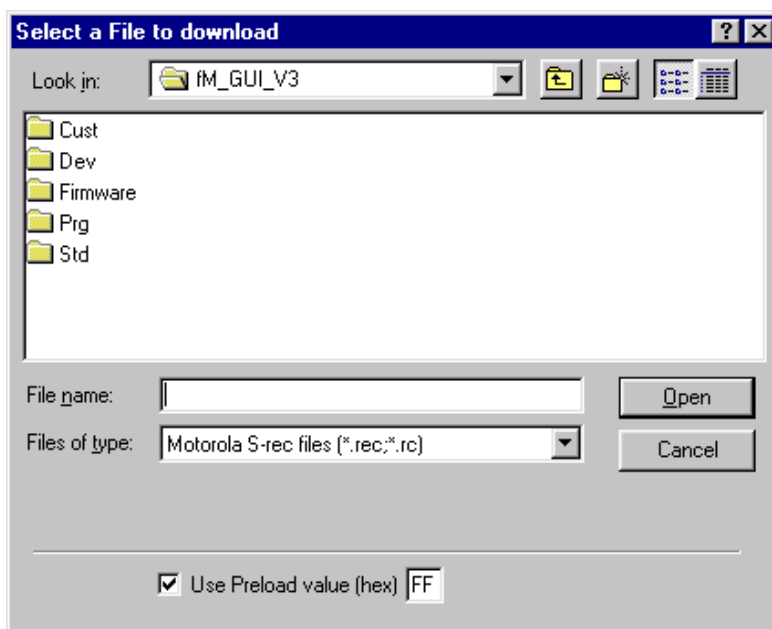


Figure 23: File selection window

In the appearing window you can

- Select a program file for download.
- Select the download file format (Intel HEX or Motorola S-Record format)
- Select a preload value in hexadecimal format to initialise unused memory locations.

The most recently used directory a file has been downloaded from will be offered in this download menu. The directory name will be saved in the key `FileDownloadDirectory` of the `[GUI]` section of `fMASTER.INI` file.

After program download a CRC will be calculated covering *flashMASTERs* complete flash / SRAM memory area and the CRC will be stored in the key `FileDownCrcSum` of the `[Programmer]` section of `fMASTER.INI` file. The CRC will be used to verify *flashMASTERs* memory contents before an autoprogramming is started, provided the key `SaveMode` of the `[GUI]` section is set.

The **Open** button starts the download procedure.

The **Cancel** button closes the window without downloading the program.

4.3.1.2 Checksum Menu

The menu item *Checksum* may be used to verify if *flashMASTERs* flash / SRAM memory area contains the correct download file.

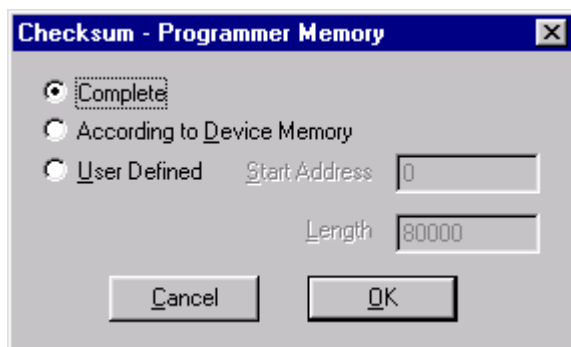


Figure 24: Checksum dialogue window

Select **Complete** if a 32 bit CRC shall be calculated covering the complete *flashMASTERs* programming memory area.

Select **According to Device Memory** if the target device's memory shall define the memory area for the CRC calculation. If the device has not been connected so far, connection will be established automatically to read the target device's memory area.

Select **User Defined** if a CRC shall be calculated over any other memory area. As soon as this option is enabled, the memory **Start Address** and memory **Length** need to be specified.

4.3.1.3 Dump Settings... Menu

The *Dump Settings...* menu displays all GUI settings as well as the *flashMASTER* configuration.

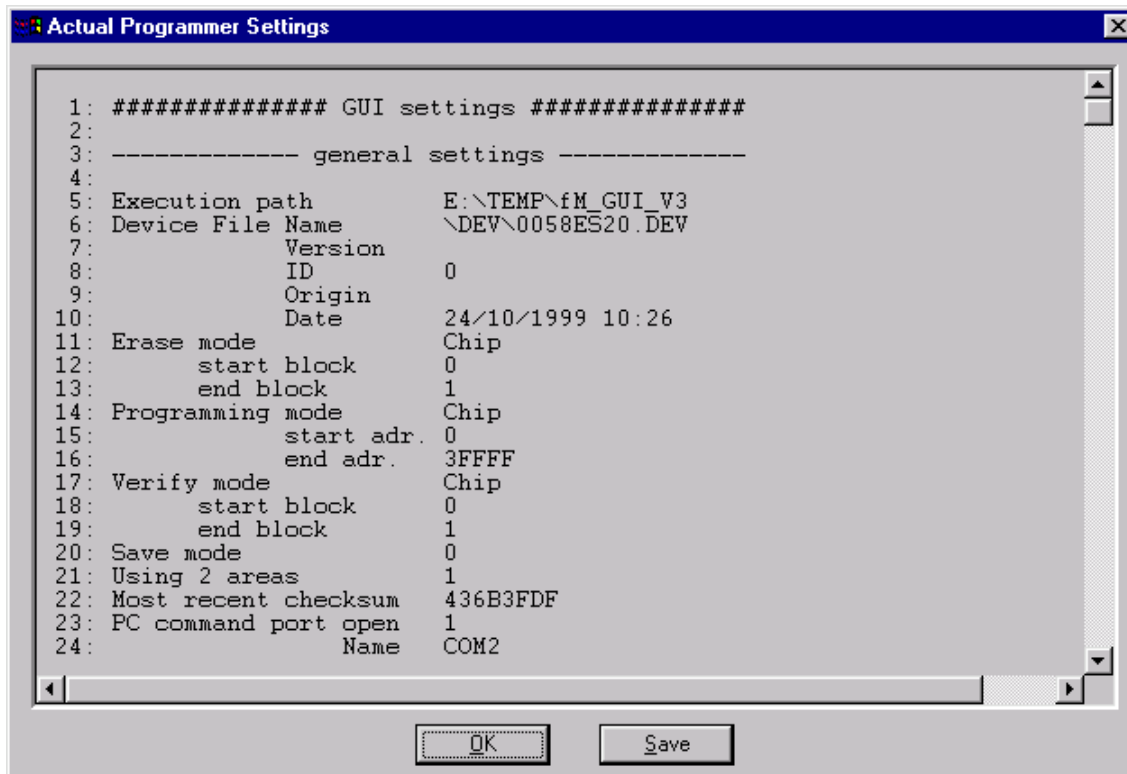


Figure 25: Dump settings dialogue

The **Save** button allows to save the window's contents to a file for later investigation.

The **OK** button closes the window.

4.3.1.4 Quit

The menu item *Quit* terminates the interface program and returns control to the operating system.

4.3.2 Programmer

In the menu item *Programmer* it is possible to select communication parameters and to open a serial protocol window to monitor the commands sent to *flashMASTER*. Memory selection (SRAM / flash memory) as well as multiple programming selections may be specified as well.

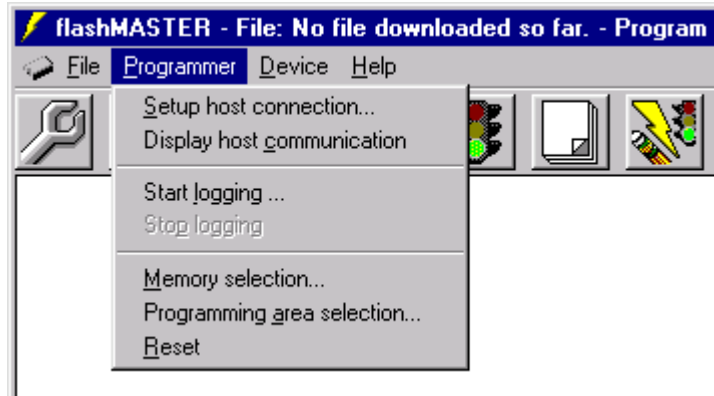


Figure 26: Menu item *Programmer*

4.3.2.1 Setup host connection

At startup the GUI automatically tries to connect to *flashMASTER* using the parameters `HostConnectionSpeed` and `HostConnectionPort` of the section `[GUI]` of `fMASTER.INI`. If this connection cannot be established, the GUI tries to connect via COM1 ... COM6, using 9600 baud, 19200 baud and 38400 baud on each port until it succeeds.

Additionally, manual selection of the comport settings for the connection between *flashMASTER* and the PC can be done in this dialogue:

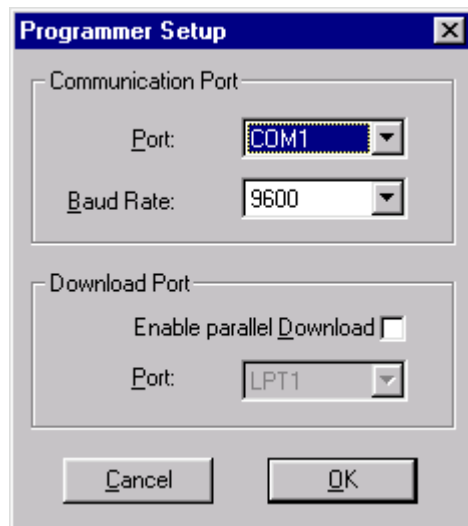


Figure 27: Setup host connection

You can select comport number and communication speed.

If **Enable parallel Download** is selected, data download to *flashMASTER* is performed via the selected parallel interface. Despite of this selection, command communication will still be done via the serial interface.

Note: The parallel interface cable is not part of the *flashMASTER* package!

Using the parallel port requires that the LPTx port is not captured by the operating system! For details, please refer to the documentation of your operating system.

Clicking the **Cancel** button closes the window without changes.

By clicking the **OK** button the software tries to establish a connection between *flashMASTER* and PC using the selected communication parameters.

4.3.2.2 Display host communication

Activating this menu item shows a window, which monitors the communication between the GUI software and *flashMASTER*. You may enter flash commands or host commands described in chapter 6 in this window. The window is shown in figure 22.

The communication between programmer and the PC is ASCII based. Lower case command input is required!

The communication window area may be used to copy and paste command sequences from / to other files for any purpose in addition to the logging feature of the GUI.

4.3.2.3 Start logging...

The *Start logging...* menu allows to create an ASCII log file which protocols the complete communication between *flashMASTER* and the PC.

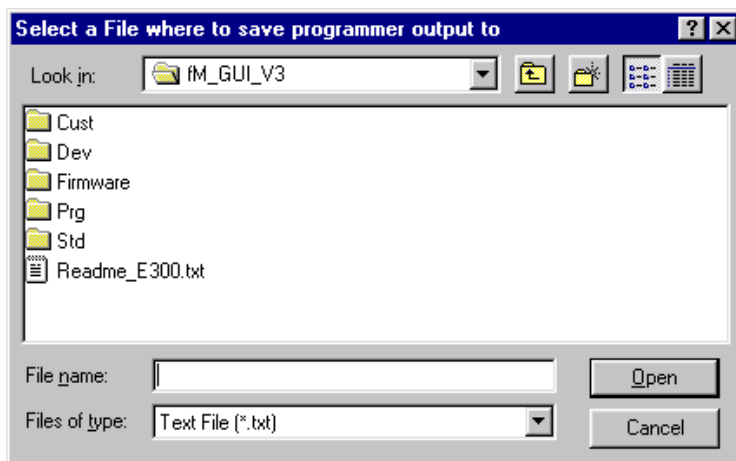


Figure 28: Start logging window

A file name needs to be specified to keep the communication protocol data.

4.3.2.4 Stop logging

The *Stop logging* menu stops any logging activity of the *flashMASTER* GUI.

4.3.2.5 Memory selection

This menu item opens a dialogue box where you can specify the destination memory of the *flashMASTER*. Program files will be downloaded into the *flashMASTER*'s memory according to your selection.

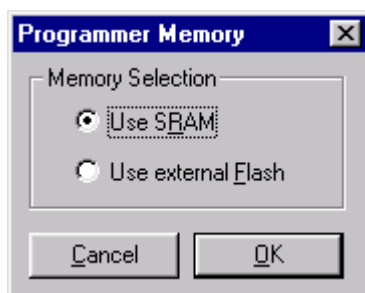


Figure 29: Programmer Memory selection

Select **Use SRAM** when SRAM memory shall be used to hold download files.

Select **Use external Flash** when *flashMASTER*'s internal flash memory shall be used to hold download files.

4.3.2.6 Programming area selection

This menu item allows to select one out of two different programming areas of *flashMASTER*.

The *flashMASTER* internal memory area can be split into two independent memory areas which may hold two different application programs for flash programming.

Area 0: 0x00000 – 0x3FFFF

Area 1: 0x40000 – 0x7FFFF

This feature needs to be enabled by the key `UseMultipleProgramArea` of the [Programmer] section of `fMASTER.INI` file.

4.3.2.7 Reset

By clicking on this menu item, you can do a software reset to the programmer. The communication window will show the current version of *flashMASTER* firmware after the reset.

4.3.3 Device Menu

This menu item offers commands to control *flashMASTER*. Most items of this menu are only available if communication to *flashMASTER* is established!

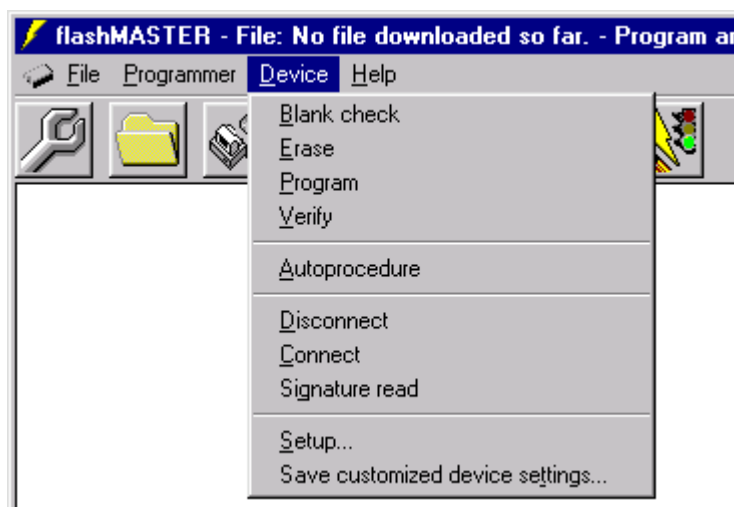


Figure 30: Menu item *Device*

4.3.3.1 Blank Check

This *Blank Check* command initiates the blank check. When it is finished, the result is displayed.

If the device is erased, the blank check is terminated successfully. Then a message window appears with the message OK.

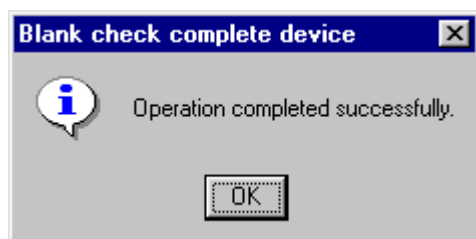


Figure 31: Positive blank check result

If the chip is not or not completely erased the following error message is displayed. The chip has to be erased first before programming may start.



Figure 32: Possible negative blank check result (Example)

4.3.3.2 Erase

This menu item starts the erasing procedure.

As erasing needs some time (some seconds up to several minutes, depending on the device) a progress window is displayed, indicating the programmers activity.



Figure 33: Erase procedure progress window

Note: You may abort the erase procedure by the **Abort** button but additionally you have to press the Reset button on the programmer.

When the erase procedure is finished successfully an OK message window appears.

In case of errors, the concerning error is displayed in the message window.

4.3.3.3 Program

This menu item starts the programming procedure. The program, which has been downloaded to the programmer hardware, is programmed into the erased device.

As writing needs some time (some seconds up to several minutes, depending on the device) a progress window is displayed, indicating the programmers activity. The progress windows shows the percentages of the program already programmed into the device.

Note: You may abort the erase procedure by the **Abort** button in the progress window but additionally you have to press the Reset button on the programmer.

When the program procedure is finished successfully an **OK** message window appears.

In case of errors, the concerning error is displayed in the message window.

4.3.3.4 Verify

This menu item allows you to compare the program stored in the programmer with the program programmed in the device.

As verifying needs some time (some seconds up to several minutes, depending on the device) a progress window is displayed. In case the device needs to be verified completely, the percentages already verified are displayed. In case only several blocks of the device need to be verified, a stopwatch is displayed indicating the programmers activity.

Note: You may abort the erase procedure by the **Abort** button in the progress window but additionally you have to press the Reset button on the programmer.

When the verify procedure is finished successfully an **OK** message window appears.

In case of errors, the concerning error is displayed in a message window.

4.3.3.5 Autoprocedure

This menu item starts an automatic procedure which may be configured by the user. The commands **blank check**, **erase**, **program** and **verify** may be executed, depending on which of them have been defined in the **Device Setup** menu.

When the key `SaveMode` of section `[GUI]` of `fMASTER.INI` is set, the recently made device settings of the GUI are compared with the actual programmer settings before the `epv` command is executed. This includes comparing the programmer memory CRC with the most recently calculated CRC which has been saved before in `fMASTER.INI` file after downloading a file.

As the concerning steps need some time (some seconds up to several minutes, depending on the device) a progress window is displayed, indicating the programmers activity. Regarding the selected commands, their execution behavior and their possible messages, please refer to the corresponding chapter(s).

Note: You may abort the erase procedure by the **Abort** button in the progress window but additionally you have to press the Reset button on the programmer.

When all steps have been finished, a message window appears showing the result of each of the steps.

4.3.3.6 Disconnect

This menu item will disconnect the target device from the *flashMASTER*. This menu item should be executed before disconnecting *flashMASTER* and target hardware from each other.

4.3.3.7 Connect

This command will try to establish a connection between *flashMASTER* and target hardware. In case there is already a connection to the device, *flashMASTER* will first disconnect and then connect again to the device.

When you setup the device specific options and *flashMASTER* could not get a connection to the device with this settings, you will have to change the settings and reconnect.

4.3.3.8 Signature Read

By means of this command the device name and flash block structure will be displayed. This command may also be activated automatically by the host-PC, e.g. when changes of block settings are performed.

4.3.3.9 Setup

This menu item allows to setup all device specific options of the programmer. Each time the *Setup* dialogue is opened the actual settings of the programmer are read. After closing the Dialogue using the **OK** button all changed items will be written to the programmer. This behavior of reading and writing will be controlled by the *SaveMode* key of section [GUI] of the fMASTER.INI file. If *SaveMode* = 1 is set, the GUI will write all settings to the programmer regardless if they have been changed or not.

4.3.3.9.1 Standard Setup

The following window is opened:

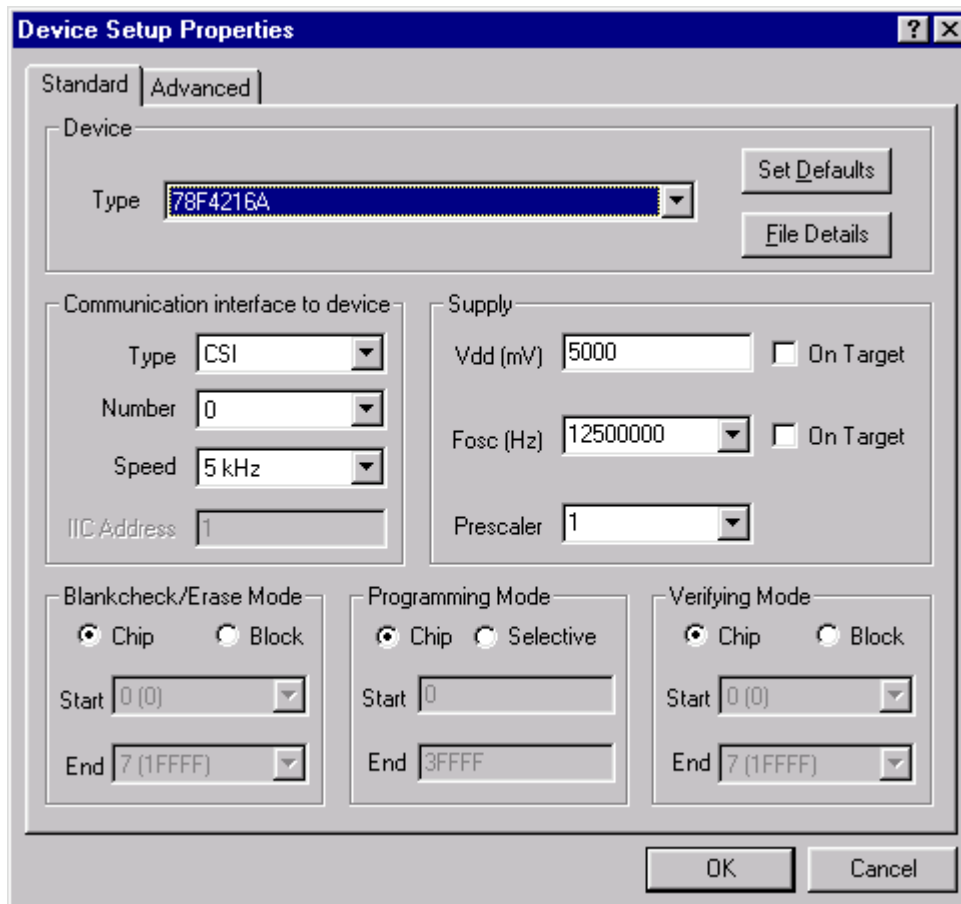


Figure 34: Device setup window – Standard view

This window shows all basic options which might be set depending on your target device. Also specific device options which are enabled/disabled in the device parameter file may force the Standard Setup window to look different in some specific areas. The following sections of the manual will highlight these areas.

4.3.3.9.1.1 Setup Device

The device to be programmed can be selected from the device list box. Standard device parameter files and customised parameter files will be offered for selection.

Customised device parameter files are those which have been modified according to specific needs and which may differ from the standard parameter files delivered by NEC.

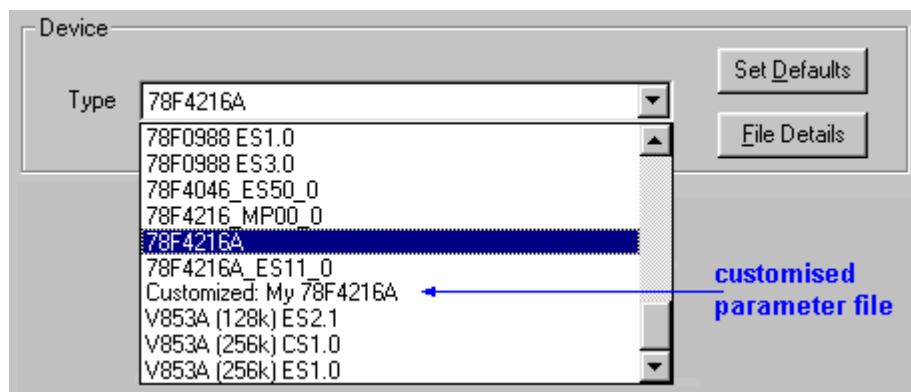


Figure 35: Setup window - Device type selection

After changing the device type selection all parameters will be read out of the device file. The **OK** button will activate the download to *flashMASTER*.

The **Set Default** button may be used to change all device parameters to the default setting as given in the device parameter file.

The **File Details** button will open a dialogue to inform about details of the device file selected:

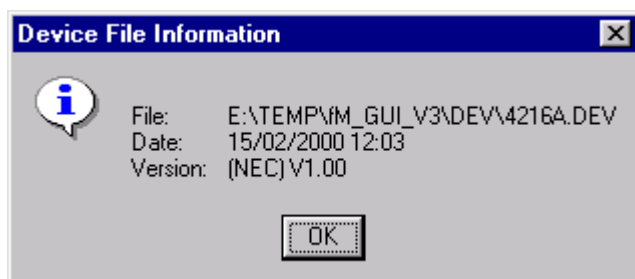


Figure 36: Device file information dialogue

4.3.3.9.1.2 Setup of power supply V_{dd}

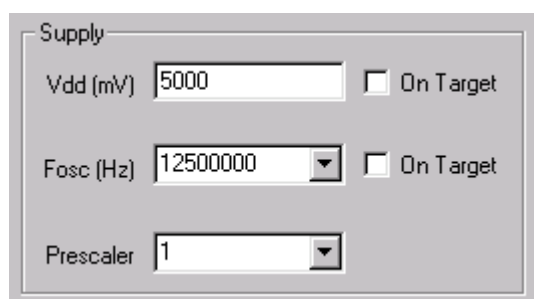


Figure 37: Setup window - Supply selection

You can select, whether the programmer shall supply V_{dd} or if V_{dd} is available on your target board. For this selection simply click the check box near to the V_{dd} selection.

4.3.3.9.1.3 Setup of device clock frequency f_{osc} and prescaler

You can select, whether the programmer shall supply the clock or if it is available on your target board. For this selection simply click the check box near to the frequency selection.

If you select that the clock shall be provided by the programmer, then the frequency is no longer free selectable but in steps. The text box changes to a drop down box.

However, frequencies below 1 MHz can only be entered via direct keyboard input.

With the prescaler selection you can set-up the device internal frequency division or multiplication (by PLL). Possible factors are $\frac{1}{2}$, 1, 2, 4, 5 or 10, where 5 means device internal frequency multiplication by 5.

Example: $f_{Quarz} = 5 \text{ MHz}$, prescaler selection 5 $\Rightarrow f_{OPR} = 25 \text{ MHz}$.

4.3.3.9.1.4 Setup of Blankcheck/Erase Mode, Programming Mode and Verifying Mode

The figure shows three side-by-side panels from a software setup window. Each panel has a title bar and two radio buttons for 'Chip' and 'Block' selection. Below the radio buttons are 'Start' and 'End' address fields, which are dropdown menus showing hexadecimal values.

- Blankcheck/Erase Mode:** 'Chip' is selected. Start: 0 (0), End: 7 (1FFFF).
- Programming Mode:** 'Chip' is selected. Start: 0, End: 3FFFF.
- Verifying Mode:** 'Chip' is selected. Start: 0 (0), End: 7 (1FFFF).

Figure 38: Setup window – BlankcheckErase Mode, Programming Mode and Verifying Mode 1

In most devices the flash memory is divided into several blocks or areas. If you select block or area mode, you can blankcheck, erase, program and verify single/multiple blocks/areas or all blocks/areas. Before this selection is available, connection between *flashMASTER* and the device must be established to receive the block/area structure which is filled into the drop down boxes **Start** and **End**.

When changing Start or End block the corresponding entry in the Program Mode will change accordingly.

The operation mode can be selected for blankcheck/erase, programming and verify separately.

In chip mode the block/area and address selection don't apply. If you select chip mode, the required operation affects the complete flash memory of the device.

For those devices where separate selection of Programming Mode / Verifying Mode cannot be made, the above shown part of the standard setup dialogue will look as follows:

The figure shows two side-by-side panels from a software setup window. Each panel has a title bar and two radio buttons for 'Chip' and 'Block' selection. Below the radio buttons are 'Start' and 'End' address fields, which are dropdown menus showing hexadecimal values.

- Blankcheck/Erase Mode:** 'Block' is selected. Start: 0 (0), End: 1 (7FFF).
- Programming/Verifying Mode:** 'Block' is selected. Start: 0 (0), End: 1 (7FFF).

Figure 39: Setup window – BlankcheckErase Mode, Programming Mode and Verifying Mode 2

4.3.3.9.1.5 Setup the communication interface to the device

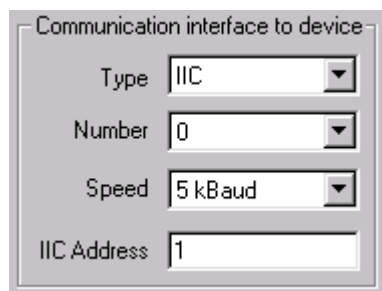


Figure 40: Setup window - Communication interface

Depending on the target device and the electrical connection between device and programmer you can select

- The communication interface to the flash device
 - CSI
 - CSI0 with handshake
 - UART
 - PORT
 - I²C
- The number of the interface
- The speed of the communication via this interface
 - CSI: 5 KHz – 1000 KHz
 - UART: 4800 Bd – 76800 Bd
 - PORT: 100 Hz – 2000 Hz
 - I²C: 5 KBd – 30 KBd
- I²C address if I²C communication interface is selected

4.3.3.9.2 Advanced Setup

By clicking on *Advanced* tab some advanced device specific options are displayed.

Most of the advanced options cannot be changed and are loaded with the device parameter file.

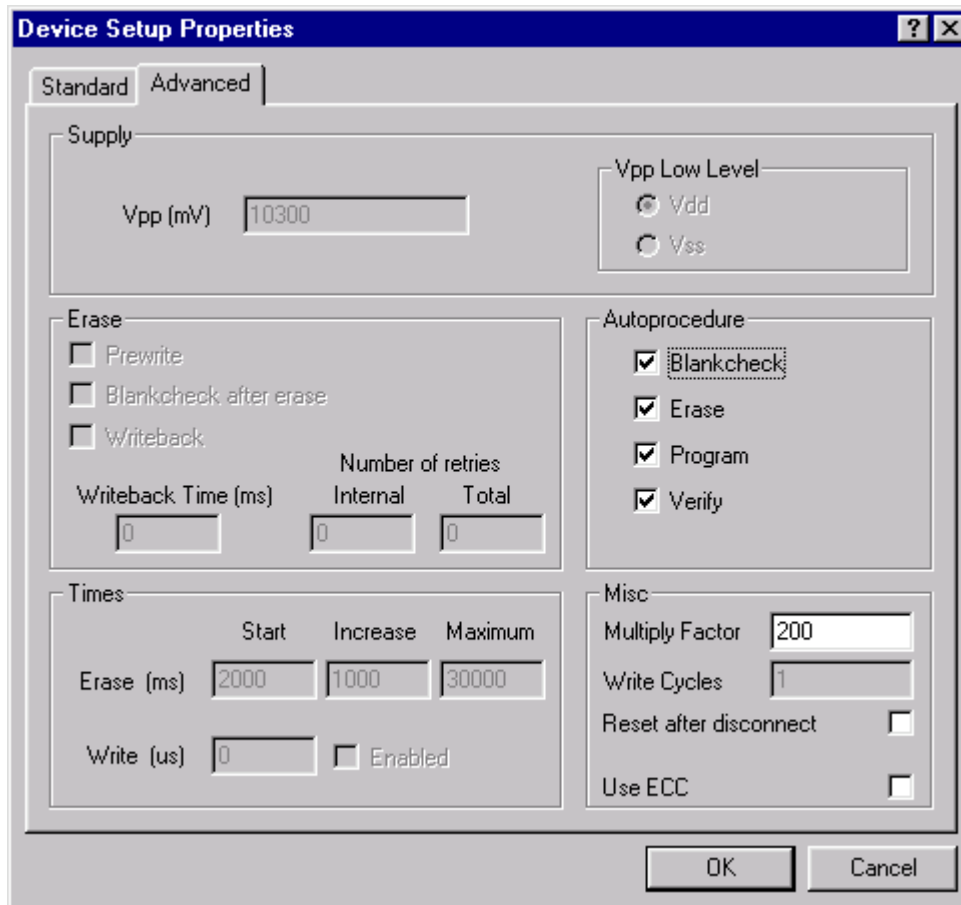


Figure 41: Device setup window – Advanced view

4.3.3.9.2.1 Setup Autoprocedure options

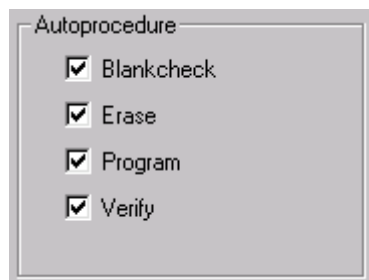


Figure 42: Setup window - Autoprocedure

The Autoprocedure checklists fix the command sequence to be executed during an epv command.

- Blankcheck
 - When checked, a blankcheck of the device is to be performed when executing the epv command.
- Erase
 - When checked, erasing the device is to be performed when executing the epv command. Regardless the block settings always the whole chip is erased.
- Program
 - When checked, programming the device is to be performed while executing the epv command. Regardless the block settings always the whole chip is programmed.
- Verify
 - When checked, erasing the device is to be performed when executing the epv command. Regardless the block settings always the whole chip is verified.

4.3.3.9.2.2 Setup misc

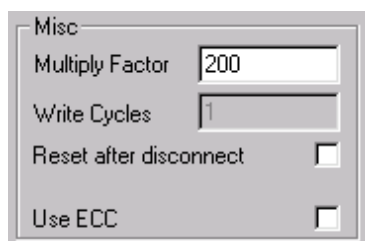


Figure 43: Setup window - Misc

The **Multiply Factor** is determined by the performance of the device. It can be changed by typing in a value in the text box.

The **Reset after disconnect** may be set to release the reset signal after disconnecting the device from flashMASTER.

The **Use ECC** may be set to use the ECC code area. This field is available only if the device supports ECC!

4.3.3.10 Save customized device settings... menu

If the key `CustomerDeviceFileCreation` key of the section `[GUI]` of `fMASTER.INI` is set and changes have been made in the Setup dialogue, the *Save customized device settings...* menu item becomes enabled and allows to save these settings in a new device parameter file in the subdirectory `\cust`.

A dialogue opens to enter the file name and any other directory:

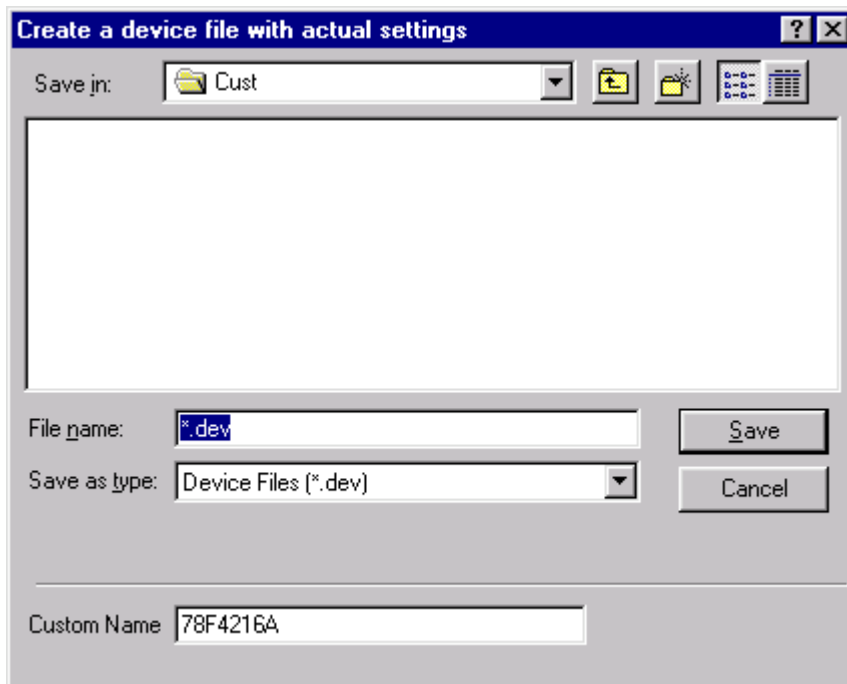


Figure 44: Create customized device parameter file

Additionally to file name a **Custom Name** can be entered which may consist of up to 20 characters. The Custom name will be displayed in the parameter file selection box with the preceding “Custom:” indicator to distinguish the customized device parameter file from those delivered by NEC.

Only customised device file having the extension `*.dev` and located in the subdirectory `cust` will be displayed during device parameter file selection.

4.3.4 Help Menu

The help menu item displays the about box only.



Figure 45: Menu item *Help*

4.3.4.1 About

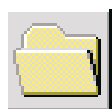
This opens the program entry window (Chapter *Program Start*). It is displayed until you click on the Micro picture.

4.4 The Toolbar

The toolbar contains the most important procedures of the *flashMASTER*. You can activate all these procedures by the menu but the common used items can be activated faster by this tool bar.



Menu item *Device* → *setup*



Menu item *File* → *Download*



Menu item *Device* → *Connect / Disconnect* button



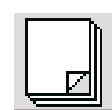
Menu item *Device* → *Erase*



Menu item *Device* → *Program*



Menu item *Device* → *Verify*



Menu item *Device* → *Blank check*



Menu item *Device Erase* → *Program* → *Verify (Autoprocure)*

4.5 flashMASTER initialisation file

flashMASTER can be customised by specific settings in an initialisation file. The initialisation file fMASTER.INI is located in the same directory as FLASHMASTER.EXE itself.

The initialisation file consists of several sections and keys in these sections. In case a key is not available in the corresponding section the default setting for that key will be assumed.

flashMASTER GUI will maintain most of the keys of fMASTER.INI to keep actual settings and start up with the same settings as valid during a previous session. Only those keys which are marked (*) will not be written by the GUI itself.

Default key setting(s) are marked as bold.

4.5.1 Section [GUI]

Key name	Value	Description
StartWithMaximizedMainWindow	0	At startup of flashmaster, the main window will open with default window size.
	1	At startup of flashmaster, the main window will open with maximised window size.
StartWithCommunicationWindow	0	At startup of flashmaster, the communication window will not be opened.
	1	At startup of flashmaster, the communication window will be opened.
CustomerDeviceFileGeneration (*)	1	The menu item Device → Save device settings will be enabled to save device parameters in a specific parameter file.
	0	The menu item Device → Save device settings will not be disabled.
SaveMode=0 (*)	1	Device Setup: Send all settings from GUI to the programmer. Autoprogramming: Compare all actual flashMASTER settings and verify checksum of most recent downloaded file before epv.
	0	Device Setup: Send settings from GUI to the programmer only for changed settings. Autoprogramming: Send epv command only.
HostConnectionPort	COM1	Specifies the communication port.
HostConnectionSpeed	9600	Specifies the communication speed. Other settings may be 19200 or 38400.

4.5.2 Section [Device]

Key name	Value	Description
DevFile	<value>	Specifies the most recently used device parameter file name. If no file name is given, <i>flashMASTER</i> will use the first file found in the subdirectory \DEV.
EraseMode	Chip	Specifies the way of erasing the device in use. Chip specifies the complete device.
	AreaBlock	Specifies the way of erasing the device in use. AreaBlock specifies the address range given in the Device → Setup dialog..
ProgrammingMode	Chip	Specifies the way of programming the device in use. Chip specifies the complete device.
	AreaBlock	Specifies the way of programming the device in use. AreaBlock specifies the address range given in the Device → Setup dialog..
VerifyMode	Chip	Specifies the way of verifying the device in use. Chip specifies the complete device.
	AreaBlock	Specifies the way of verifying the device in use. AreaBlock specifies the address range given in the Device → Setup dialog..
ProgrammingStartAddress	<value>	Most recently used program start address given in hexadecimal notation. Default is 0 .
ProgrammingEndAddress	<value>	Most recently used program end address given in hexadecimal notation. Default is the last possible flash address.
BlankcheckEraseStartBlockAreaNumber	<value>	Most recently used block/area number for erase start of the device. Default is 0 .
BlankcheckEraseEndBlockAreaNumber	<value>	Most recently used block/area number for erase end of the device. Default is the last possible flash block/area.
VerifyStartBlockAreaNumber	<value>	Most recently used block/area number for verify start of the device. Default is 0 .
VerifyEndBlockAreaNumber	<value>	Most recently used block/area number for verify end of the device. Default is the last possible flash block/area.

4.5.3 Section [Programmer]

Key name	Value	Description
UseMultipleProgramAreas (*)	1	Enable/disable the usage of multiple program areas and display the menu item Programmer → Programming area selection
	0	Single programming area only.
FileDownloadDirectory	<value>	Specifies the most recently used directory program files have been downloaded from. Default directory is the directory FLASHMASTER.EXE is located in.
FileDownCrcSum	<value>	Saves the most recently used CRC as hexadecimal value of the complete memory after user or prg-file download. In case of errors Failed will be written into this key.

5. Sample programming session using GUI software

As an example, a 78F4126A microcontroller will be used to show a typical programming sequence using *flashMASTER* GUI software.

1. Use the provided serial cable to connect flashMASTER to your host computer
2. Choose the target cable 1 from your *flashMASTER* package and connect *flashMASTER* to the target hardware. This may either be a NEC programming adapter or your own target hardware.
3. Select the suitable AC-plug (EURO, UK or US/JAPAN) and connect it to the AC adapter.
4. Connect the AC adapter to *flashMASTER*'s power connection and mains.
5. If not yet done, install the *flashMASTER* GUI software on your PC as described in the chapter "Software Installation".
6. Start *flashMASTER* GUI software.
7. Select the appropriate communication speed you want *flashMASTER* to operate at. Communication speed shall be set to 9600 bps.

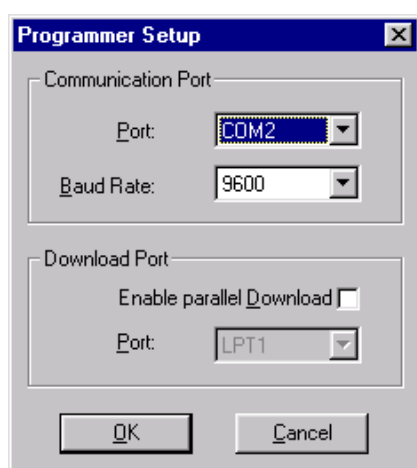
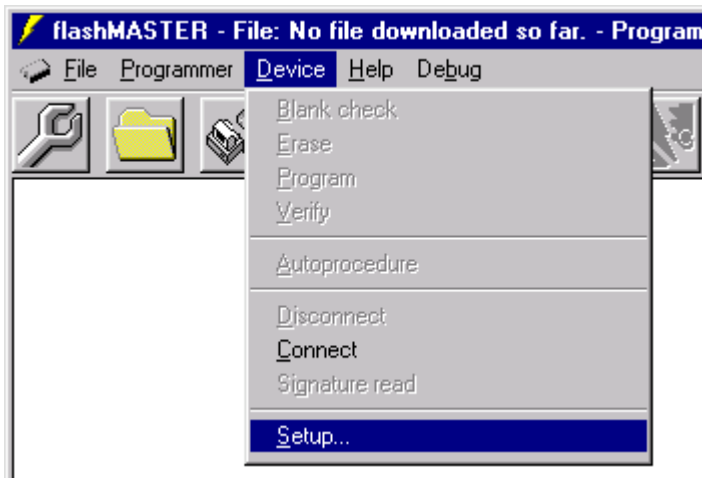


Figure 46: Setup communication parameters

8. Select **OK** to activate the port settings.

- Select the menu item **Device**→**Setup**



Toolbar:

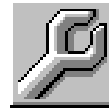


Figure 47: Device setup menu

- The Dialogue for device setup will be activated.

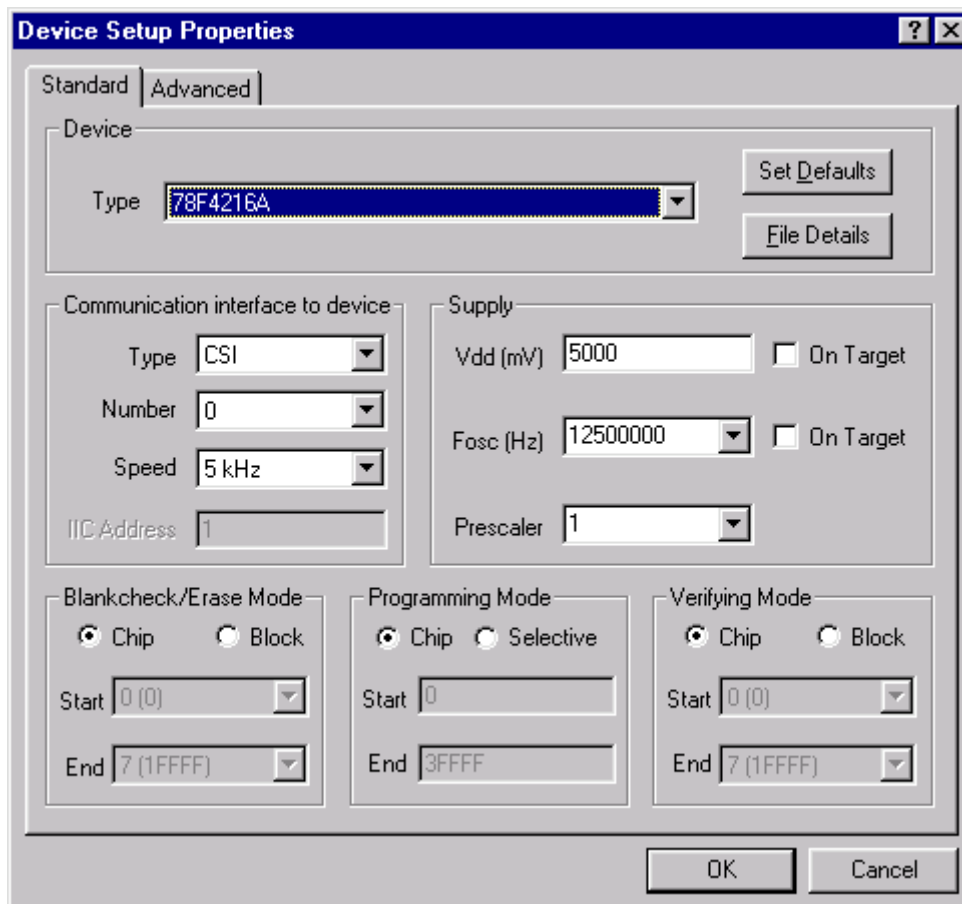


Figure 48: Device Setup Dialogue

11. Select 78F4216A in the **TYPE** drop down box.

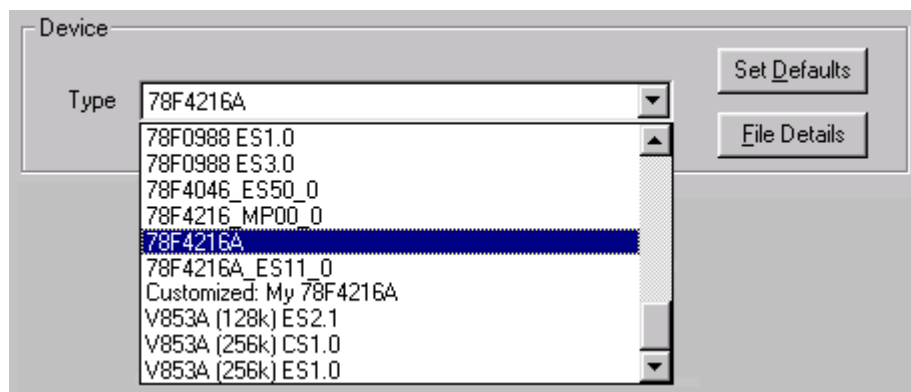


Figure 49: Device type selection

12. After device selection *flashMASTER* will select the default settings for this new device.
13. Verify that all settings shown in this dialogue correspond to the needs of your target hardware.

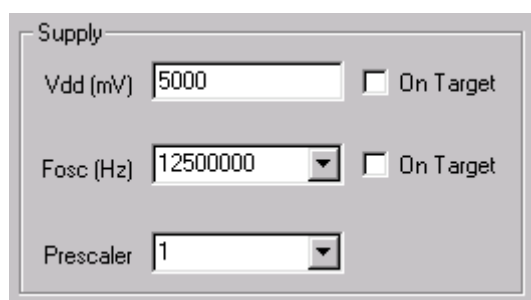


Figure 50: Device supply data

Especially V_{DD} and F_{OSC} must be set to the correct values.

- Switch to the Advanced dialogue.

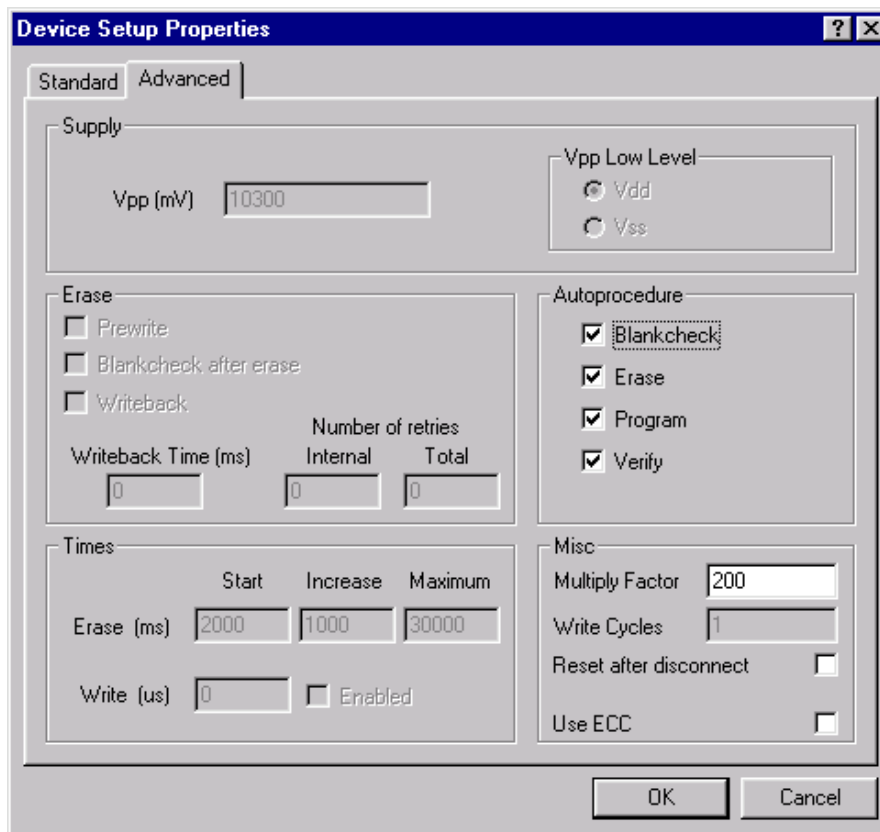


Figure 51: Advanced device setup dialogue

- Mark Blankcheck, Erase, Program and Verify as required actions for the autoprocure:

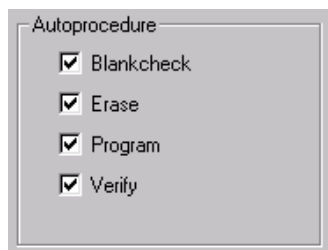


Figure 52: Erase/Program/Verify selection

- Click **OK** to activate all settings of the device setup.
- Activate the **Programmer→Memory** menu item.

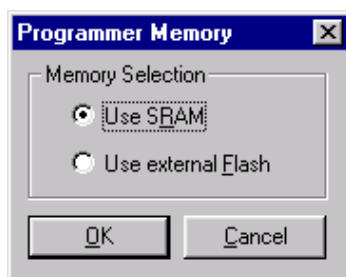
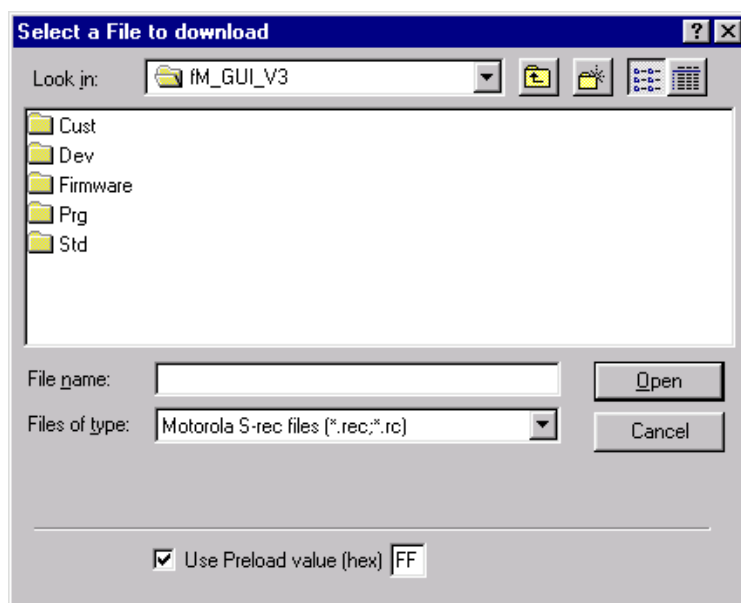


Figure 53: Programmer memory selection

- Select the destination memory of flashMASTER where you would like to download your program files to and click **OK** to activate the selection.

19. Select the menu item **File→Download**



Toolbar:

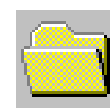
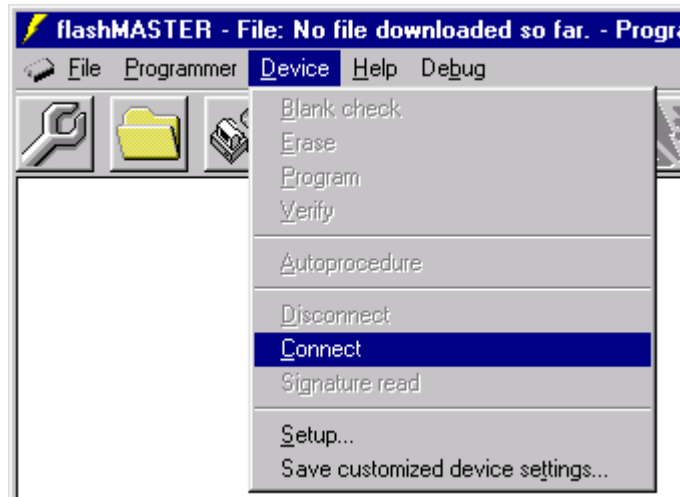


Figure 54: Open a program file for download

20. Select the file type (Intel-HEX or Motorola S) and the file name you would like to download. Click **OK** to start the download sequence. During program download a progress window will show the progress of downloading.
21. Select the **Device→Connect** menu item to connect flashMASTER to the device.

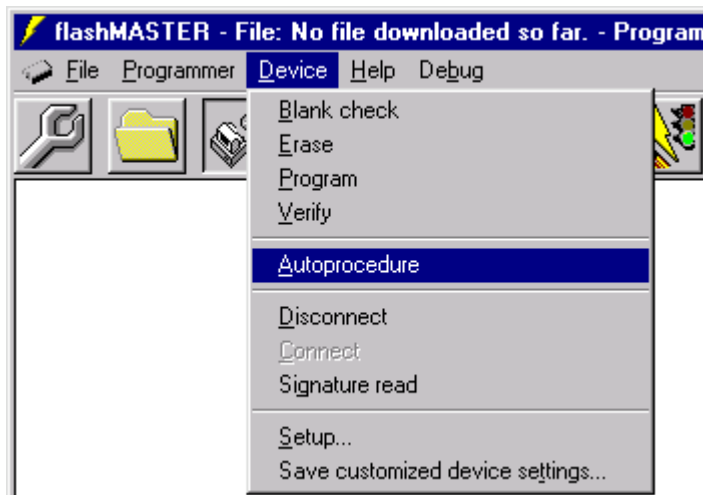


Toolbar:



Figure 55: Connect flashMASTER to target device

22. Select the **Device→Autoprocedure** menu item.



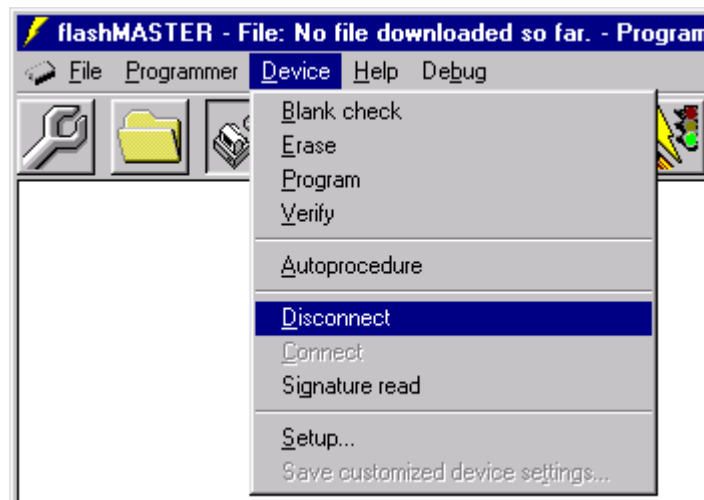
Toolbar:



Figure 56: Erase→Program→Verify menu

The selections made in 16. will now be activated and the 78F4216A will be blankchecked, programmed and verified.

23. Select the **Device→Disconnect** menu item.



Toolbar:



Figure 57: Device→Disconnect menu

Your target hardware may now be disconnected from *flashMASTER*.

24. If necessary, connect a new device to be programmed to *flashMASTER* and repeat from 22.
25. If no other device needs to be programmed exit *flashMASTER* GUI. All settings made during this programming session will be saved so that they can be reused GUI software is started up next time. The file fMASTER.INI will keep the window layout as well as the communication settings. All target device settings are saved in an EEPROM inside *flashMASTER*. They will be reloaded when connecting next time to *flashMASTER*.

6. flashMASTER operation using terminal communication

After unpacking *flashMASTER* please connect *flashMASTER* to your host computer using the provided serial interface cable and the 'Serial Host' connector.

Start communication with *flashMASTER* using 9600 bps, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit no parity and no hand-shake. Once communication is established you may switch to 19200 bps or 38400 bps. Make sure that communication is done in lower case letters only.

After plugging in the power supply the host screen will show the standard output of *flashMASTER* showing the firmware version number. The 7-segment LED will show an 'r' indicating that the SRAM is used to store the download data.

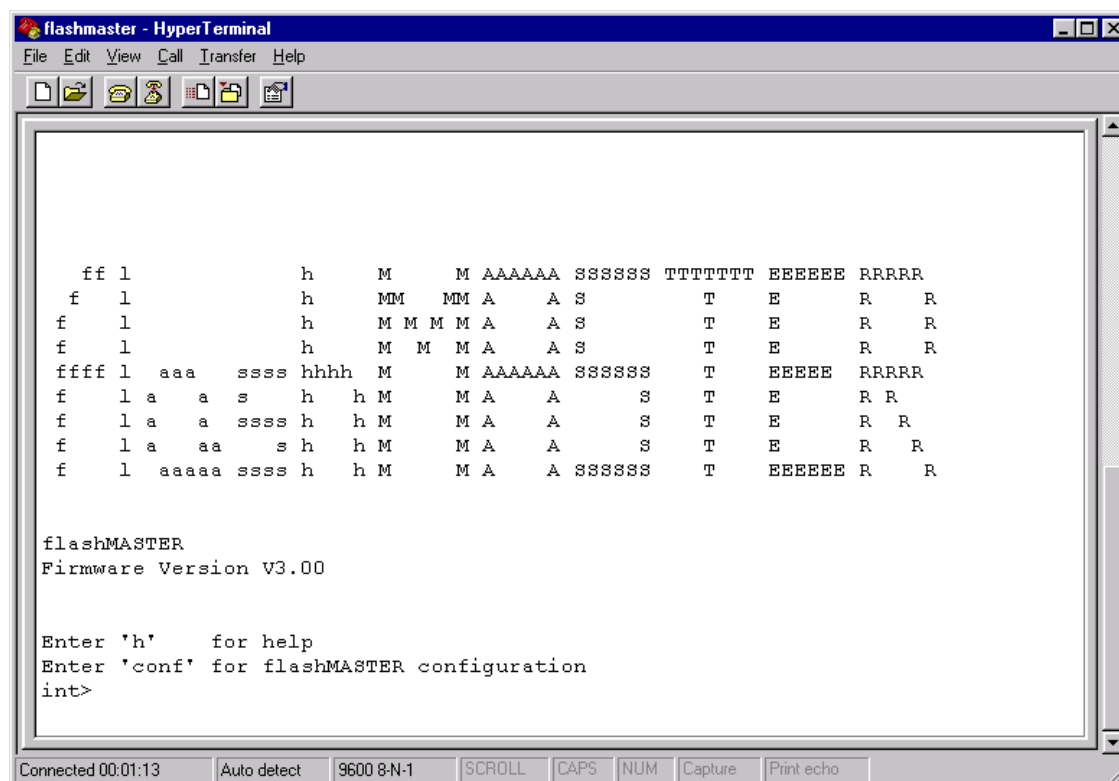


Figure 58: Initial information screen of *flashMASTER*

Following steps are necessary to connect a device to *flashMASTER*:

- The device has to be connected to *flashMASTER* using one of the provided target cables. The function of both cables is the same, only the pin layout is different and provides compatibility with previous NEC programming tools. For details of the target cable layout please refer to the chapter "Connectors and Cables" of this document.
- Load the device default settings with the `loaddev` command.
- V_{DD} have to be set to the correct values using the 'set command'. V_{DD} has to be 0 if the target board has its own power supply. Important: the entered values for the voltage are mV (10300 for 10.3 V V_{PP}).
- Please check the oscillator frequency, the multiply factor and if *flashMASTER* has to provide the clock signal.
- Check the used device interface (*flashMASTER* will use the CSI interface by default)
- Check the communication speed to the device
- Use the 'Connect Command' to connect to the device.
- If the connection has been established you will find the device name on the screen. If anything went wrong an error message will be output.

In order to use the parallel download feature, enter `set centronics 1` and use the `ls` or `li` command. As soon as *flashMASTER* responds with the “*now loading*” message, open a DOS command shell and enter:

```
COPY <file name> LPTn  n: parallel port number
```

The data will be sent via parallel interface and *flashMASTER* will be captured on the centronics port. Be sure that the parallel port you use is not captured by the operating system.

flashMASTER will store all parameters and continue to use those.

6.1 Stand-alone Mode

flashMASTER provides all necessary features to allow a stand-alone programming mode:

- On-board flash memory to hold the downloaded data.
- Start button (pressing this button executes the ‘epv’ command sequence).
- Parallel port input to start the ‘epv’ command via TTL signal.
- Two 7-segment LED to show the status.

6.2.1 Setting up the stand-alone mode

Before the stand-alone mode can be used, a couple of simple steps have to be performed:

- A *.STD file according to the device selection needs to be downloaded to *flashMASTER*.
- All device parameters (see device parameter settings) have to be set to the proper values. Those values will be stored in the EEPROM and used during the following operations. The parameters to be set include the following
 - V_{DD} (0 for external supply)
 - Target device port and speed
 - Target clock supply
 - ‘epv command’ options
- Set the memory mode to Flash ‘set mem f’
- Download the data to be written to the device (see `ls` / `li` command).

After those steps the host connection is not necessary any more. The ‘Start’ button or the parallel port I/O input can now start a complete programming of the Flash device.

6.2 Flash commands supported by flashMASTER

6.2.1 Blank Check Command

This command verifies if the flash memory of the device is erased.

Command	b 	The whole flash will be checked.
	b a 	The whole flash will be checked block wise.
	b <i>block number</i> 	The specified block will be checked.

Status	Screen Output	LED
On success	Blank Check Block <i>block number</i> : OK	
On error	Blank Check Block <i>block number</i> : ERROR	

There is no progress information returned from flashMASTER during blank check operation. Please wait until flashMASTER send the prompt character before you enter another command.

6.2.2 Connect Command

This command connects flashMASTER to the device. Before connecting flashMASTER to the target device, the corresponding *.STD file needs to be downloaded first using the loaddev command. The *.STD files contains necessary device settings for flash programming.

flashMASTER checks during the connect command if the correct *.STD file has been downloaded and refuses connection if not.

Also V_{DD} (if selected) and V_{PP} are applied to the device during connect command execution. Please check V_{DD} and V_{PP} before using the connect command.

Command c 

Status	Screen Output	LED
On success	The initial screen is reprinted including the information from the device connected. Those are the block structure and the device name. The displayed prompt is changed in a way that it includes the device name (if available the nickname).	
On error	If the device could not be connected an error message will be displayed.	

6.2.3 Disconnect Command

This command disconnects from the device. Vdd and Vpp are switched off.

Command dc 

Status **Screen Output**

The prompt is changed back to its default appearance.

6.2.4 Erase Command

This command erases the flash. The specified times (see Set Erase Time Command) are used. The erase will always start with a prewrite, if this is selected (see 'set prewrite' command).

Command e a  The whole flash will be erased.

 e *block number*  The specified block will be erased.

Status **Screen Output**

LED

During operation



On success The status of the erase is output.



On error The status of the erase is output.



6.2.5 Erase-Program-Verify Command

By setting the EPV options (see 'set progoptions xxxx') the user can decide on what operations should be performed during the epv command execution. All operations include the whole chip, it is not possible to erase blocks or write to specific addresses.

The following operations can be included:

- b: blank check before erase
- e: erase (prewrite is defined by prewrite settings)
- p: program
- v: verify

Command epv  Executes the e-p-v sequence.

The output of this command sequence is the same as for the single functions.

Status **Screen Output**

Same as for single functions.

6.2.6 Silicon Signature Command

This command reads the silicon signature of the device.

Command sg 

Status **Screen Output**

Silicon Signature, including device name.

6.2.7 Verify Command

Verifies the contents of the flash. In case of no parameter is passed, the complete flash is verified.

Command v  The complete flash will be verified.

 v a  The complete flash will be verified block wise.

 v *block number*  The requested block will be verified.

Status **Screen Output**

LED

During operation During operation the progress of verification is shown as percentage.



On success



On error



6.2.8 Write Command

This command writes the data stored in the *flashMASTER* buffer to the device flash.

Command w  The complete flash will be written.

 w *startaddr number*  Write *number* of bytes from *startaddr* to flash.

Status **Screen Output**

LED

During operation During operation the progress of verification is shown as percentage.
If an error occurs this will be displayed in the terminal window.



On success



On error



6.3 Host Commands

This chapter describes the host commands which are supported by *flashMASTER*.

6.3.1 Checksum Command

This command calculates are CRC32 checksum of the *flashMASTER* memory using the specified address range.

Command	Description	Screen Output
checksum ↵	Calculate CRC covering the whole flash memory as per device selection.	CRC Checksum xxx-yyy: cccc
checksum startaddress length ↵	Calculate CRC from <i>startaddress</i> , <i>length</i> bytes.	CRC Checksum xxx-yyy: cccc

6.3.2 Configuration Command

This command shows all the settings of *flashMASTER*.

Command	conf ↵	Displays the current configuration of <i>flashMASTER</i> .
----------------	--------	--

6.3.3 Dump Memory Command

This command dumps the memory contents of the *flashMASTER* buffer to screen.

Command	d address length ↵	Dumps <i>length</i> memory bytes from <i>address</i> to screen
	d address ↵	If <i>length</i> is omitted, memory dump continues to display a block of the internal buffer memory.
	d ↵	If <i>address</i> and <i>length</i> are omitted, memory dump continues to display a block of the internal buffer memory, starting from the end location of the previous memory dump command.

Status	Screen Output
	Shows the memory contents.

6.3.4 Fill Memory Command

This command is used to alter the contents of the *flashMASTER* buffer manually. This command should not be used when the on-board flash is selected.

Command	f address length data ↵	Fills <i>length</i> memory bytes from <i>address</i> with <i>data</i> byte
	f a ↵	Fills the complete memory with 0xFF.

6.3.5 Loaddev Command

This command is used to download device specific data to *flashMASTER* and initialise its EEPROM. For each flash device which can be programmed with *flashMASTER* a separate initialisation file is available in the subdirectory \std of disk 2 of the software package enclosed to the *flashMASTER* package.

It is necessary in all cases to download the correct *.STD file before executing any flash command. The *.STD files contain target specific settings for *flashMASTER* which are essential for correct flash programming operation.

The data file *.STD may be downloaded using the *Send Text File* menu of the terminal program.

Command loaddev  Download device specific data to *flashMASTER*.

Status **Screen Output**

LED

. During download.



In order to activate the new settings, either reset command or RESET button at flashMASTER must be activated.

Beside internal flashMASTER intialisation, the device specific data affected by downloading the *.STD file are:

Initialised item:	Detailed command description given in section:
prewrite flag	set prewrite
blankcheck flag	set blankcheck
writeback flag	set writeback
supply voltage V_{DD}	set vdd
programming voltage V_{PP}	set vpp
level of V_{PP} pulses	set pulselevel
device erasetime	set erasetime
device writetime	set writetime
number of writecycles	set writecycles
writeback time	set writebacktime
writeback retry numbers	set wbretries
device waitfactor	set waitfactor
device prescale factor	set prescale

6.3.6 Help Command

This command is used to inform about all available terminal commands and their options.

Command h  Displays all available functions with the necessary parameter (indicated by <>) and optional parameter (indicated by ())

6.3.7 Help Command for set command

This command is used to inform about all available set commands and their options.

Command helpset  Displays help on all available set commands.

6.3.8 Init Command

This command initialises the *flashMASTER*. This command is used only if the *flashMASTER* is programmed for the first time. All used EEPROM parameters are set to the default values.

Command init 

Output The initial screen is printed using the new values.

6.3.9 Load to Memory Command

Loads data from a Motorola S Format file to the *flashMASTER* buffer. This can either be the SRAM or the on-board flash depending on the selection switch. It is possible to load the data via the serial connection or the parallel interface. The reception of the data using the parallel interface can either be started by sending the command via the serial or the parallel connection.
When on-board flash is selected, the flash is automatically erased and rewritten.

Command ls  Loads data from a Motorola S Format file to the *flashMASTER* buffer.

ls xx  Loads data from a Motorola S Format file to the *flashMASTER* buffer. Before loading, memory will be filled with hexvalue xx.

Status	Screen Output	LED
	. During download.	

6.3.10 Load to Memory Command (INTEL Hex Format)

Loads data from an INTEL HEX Format file to the *flashMASTER* buffer. This can either be the SRAM or the on-board flash depending on the selection switch. It is possible to load the data via the serial connection or the parallel interface. The reception of the data using the parallel interface can either be started by sending the command via the serial or the parallel connection. When on-board flash is selected, the flash is automatically erased and rewritten.

Command	li 	Loads data from an INTEL HEX file to the <i>flashMASTER</i> buffer.
	li xx 	Loads data from an INTEL HEX file to the <i>flashMASTER</i> buffer. Before loading, memory will be filled with hexvalue xx.

Status	Screen Output	LED
	. During download.	

6.3.11 Load Update Command

Loads data from a Motorola S Format file into a reserved memory area of *flashMASTER*. This data file contains all device specific operations.

Command	lu 	Loads data from an Motorola S format file to the <i>flashMASTER</i> buffer.
---------	--	---

Status	Screen Output	LED
	. During download.	

6.3.12 Reset Command

The reset command restarts the *flashMASTER* firmware program from reset conditions. The reset command has the same effect as pressing the reset button.

Command +++  restarts *flashMASTER* firmware.

Status	Screen Output	LED
	Initial information screen as shown in Figure 58.	 or  depending on memory selection

6.3.13 Set Command

This command is used to set parameters on the *flashMASTER*, which are written to the EEPROM.

6.3.13.1 Set autocon Command

The `set autocon` command sets the autoconnect flag. This flag defines if *flashMASTER* tries to connect automatically to a device. Due to safety reasons, this is only done if the target board supplies Vdd.

Command	Description	Screen Output
<code>set autocon</code> 	Displays the current setting If autoconnect is enabled: If autoconnect is disabled:	Autoconnect : ON Autoconnect : OFF
<code>set autocon 1</code> 	Enables autoconnection, if Vdd is set to 0.	Autoconnect : ON
<code>set autocon 0</code> 	Disables autoconnection	Autoconnect : OFF

6.3.13.2 Set blankcheck Command

The `set blankcheck` command sets the blankcheck flag: This flag decides if an additional blankcheck is performed after an erase command and, if the blankcheck fails, an additional erase is added.

Command	Description	Screen Output
<code>set blankcheck</code> 	Displays the current setting If the blankcheck and possible erase is performed If the blankcheck and possible erase is not performed	Blankcheck after erase : ON Blankcheck after erase: OFF
<code>set blankcheck 1</code> 	Enables blankcheck after erase.	Blankcheck after erase : ON
<code>set blankcheck 0</code> 	Disables blankcheck after erase.	Blankcheck after erase: OFF

Note: It is highly recommended not to use this command directly!
The target specific device settings are available in the device corresponding *.STD file and can be downloaded using the `loaddev` command.

6.3.13.3 Set centronics Command

The `set centronics` command sets the functionality of the parallel interface. This is by default set to centronics and can be changed with this command.

Command	Description	Screen Output
<code>set centronics</code> 	Displays the current setting	
<code>set centronics 1</code> 	Parallel interface will be set to centronics.	Parallel Port used as centronics
<code>set centronics 0</code> 	Parallel interface will be set to I/O port.	Parallel Port used as I/O port

6.3.13.4 Set clock Command

The `set clock` command defines if the CPU clock is provided by the target hardware or by *flashMASTER*.

Command	Description	Screen Output
<code>set clock</code> 	Displays the current setting If clock will be provided by <i>flashMASTER</i> . If clock has to be provided by the target system.	Clock source: Programmer Clock source: Target
<code>set clock 1</code> 	Clock will be provided by <i>flashMASTER</i> .	Clock source: Programmer
<code>set clock 0</code> 	Clock has to be provided by the target system.	Clock source: Target

6.3.13.5 Set comdevcsi Command

The `set comdevcsi` command sets the baudrate for device communication using the CSI. The baudrate input in kbps.

Command	Description	Screen Output
<code>set comdevcsi</code> 	Displays the current setting	Current CSI baudrate is xxxx kbps
<code>set comdevcsi xxxx</code> 	Baudrate will be set to xxxx kbps. Range 5 - 1000.	Current CSI baudrate is xxxx kbps
	If invalid value has been selected:	Value not correct, please check entry

6.3.13.6 Set comdeviic Command

The `set comdeviic` command sets the baudrate for device communication using the I²C.

Command	Description	Screen Output
<code>set comdeviic</code> 	Displays the current setting	Current IIC speed is : xx kbps
<code>set comdeviic xx</code> 	Baudrate will be set to xx kBps. Steps: 5, 10, 20, 30	Current IIC speed is : xx kbps

6.3.13.7 Set comdevport Command

The `set comdevport` command sets the baudrate for device communication using the port The baudrate input in bps.

Command	Description	Screen Output
<code>set comdevport</code> 	Displays the current setting	Current Port baudrate is xxxx bps
<code>set comdevport xxxx</code> 	Baudrate will be set to xxxx bps. Range 100 - 2000.	Current Port baudrate is xxxx bps
	If invalid value has been selected:	Value not correct, please check entry

6.3.13.8 Set comdevuart Command

The `set comdevuart` command sets the baudrate for device communication using the UART.

Command	Description	Screen Output
<code>set comdevuart</code> 	Displays the current setting	Current UART baudrate is xxxx bps
<code>set comdevuart 9600</code> 	Baudrate will be set to 9600 baud	Baudrate to device will be set to 9600 bps
<code>set comdevuart 19200</code> 	Baudrate will be set to 19200 baud	Baudrate to device will be set to 19200 bps
<code>set comdevuart 38400</code> 	Baudrate will be set to 38400 baud	Baudrate to device will be set to 38400 bps

6.3.13.9 Set comhost Command

The `set comhost` command sets the baudrate to communicate with the host. This is by default set to 9600 bps and can be changed with this command.

Command	Description	Screen Output
<code>set comhost</code> 	Displays the current setting	Current baudrate is xxxx bps
<code>set comhost 9600</code> 	Baudrate will be set to 9600 baud	Baudrate will be set to 9600 bps
<code>set comhost 19200</code> 	Baudrate will be set to 19200 baud	Baudrate will be set to 19200 bps
<code>set comhost 38400</code> 	Baudrate will be set to 38400 baud	Baudrate will be set to 38400 bps

Note: The baudrate changes directly after command input!

The baudrate may be changed as well using the DEFAULT button at *flashMASTER*. It will force *flashMASTER* to switch back to default settings which are 9600 bps, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, no parity and no handshake.

6.3.13.10 Set devstatdisconnect Command

This command sets the status of the reset line after the disconnect command was executed. This can be used to test the device with *flashMASTER* still plugged in, when the power is provided by the target board.

Command	Description	Screen Output
<code>set devstatdisconnect</code> 	Displays the current setting.	Device status after disconnect: xxxx
<code>set devstatdisconnect 0</code> 	Device will be reset after disconnect.	Device status after disconnect: Reset
<code>set devstatdisconnect 1</code> 	Reset will be released after the disconnect.	Device status after disconnect: Active

6.3.13.11 Set erasetime Command / set et Command

The `set erasetime` command sets the device erase time.

The erase begins with the start value and continues if necessary with the increment value until the flash is erased or the maximum time is reached.

For long data input, `set et` may be selected as well.

Command	Description	Screen Output
<code>set erasetime</code> 	Displays the current erasetime.	Erase time (ms): ss ii mm
<code>set et</code> 		
<code>set erasetime SS // MM</code> 	Sets the new starttime <i>SS</i> ,	Erase time (ms): ss ii mm
<code>set et SS // MM</code> 	incremental time <i>//</i> and maximum time <i>MM</i> .	

Note: It is highly recommended not to use this command directly!
The target specific device settings are available in the device corresponding *.STD file and can be downloaded using the `loaddev` command.

6.3.13.12 Set frequency Command

The `set frequency` sets the oscillator or crystal frequency.

Command	Description	Screen Output
<code>set frequency</code> 	Displays the current frequency setting	Oscillator (Crystal) frequency (Hz): xxxx
<code>set frequency xxxxx</code> 	Sets the new frequency	Oscillator (Crystal) frequency (Hz): xxxx

The `set frequency` and `set clock` commands are related to each other. The frequencies generated by *flashMASTER* may be 0 ... 1.000.000 Hz, 3.125.000 Hz, 6.250.000 Hz or 12.500.000 Hz. Trying to set other frequencies than the above listed while clock is provided by *flashMASTER* will not be accepted. There is no such restrictions when external clock is specified as clock source (`set clock 0`).

6.3.13.13 Set iicaddress Command

The `set iicaddress` command sets the I²C address of the device after a successful connect was done.

Command	Description	Screen Output
<code>set iicaddress</code> 	Displays the current I ² C address of the device	IIC Address: xx
<code>set iicaddress xx</code> 	I ² C address will be set to xx. Range: 0 0x7F	IIC Address: xx

6.3.13.14 Set mem Command

The `set mem` command selects the *flash*MASTER internal memory which holds the target program.

Command	Description	Screen Output	LED
<code>set mem</code> 	Outputs the current memory selection.	Flash selected	
		RAM selected	
<code>set mem f</code> 	selects Flash memory	Flash selected	
<code>set mem r</code> 	selects RAM memory	Flash selected	

6.3.13.15 Set port Command

The `set port` command defines the port used to communicate with the device.

Command	Description	Screen Output
<code>set port</code> 	Displays the current setting If UART is selected: If CSI is selected:	Device connection : UART n with xxxx bps Device connection : CSI n with xxxxx bps
<code>set port csi0</code> 	Selects CSI0	Device connection : CSI 0 with xxxxx kbps
<code>set port csi1</code> 	Selects CSI1	Device connection : CSI 1 with xxxxx kbps
<code>set port csi2</code> 	Selects CSI2	Device connection : CSI 2 with xxxxx kbps
<code>set port csihs</code> 	Selects CSI0 with additional handshake lines	Device connection : CSI 0 (Handshake) with xxxx kbps
<code>set port iic0</code> 	Selects IIC0	Device connection : IIC 0 with xxxx kbps
<code>set port iic1</code> 	Selects IIC1	Device connection : IIC 1 with xxxx kbps
<code>set port iic2</code> 	Selects IIC2	Device connection : IIC 2 with xxxx kbps
<code>set port iic3</code> 	Selects IIC3	Device connection : IIC 3 with xxxx kbps
<code>set port uart0</code> 	Selects UART0	Device connection : UART 0 with xxxx bps
<code>set port uart1</code> 	Selects UART1	Device connection : UART 1 with xxxx bps
<code>set port uart2</code> 	Selects UART2	Device connection : UART 2 with xxxx bps
<code>set port uart3</code> 	Selects UART3	Device connection : UART 3 with xxxx bps
<code>set port port0</code> 	Selects PORT0	Device connection : PORT 0 with xxxx bps
<code>set port port1</code> 	Selects PORT1	Device connection : PORT 1 with xxxx bps

6.3.13.16 Set prescale Command

The `set prescale` command sets the prescale factor. This factor defines the PLL factor or divider of the device.

Command	Description	Screen Output
<code>set prescale</code> 	Displays the current prescale factor.	<code>Prescale factor : xxxx</code>
<code>set prescale xxxx</code> 	Sets the new prescale factor. (1/2 is used for division by 2)	<code>Prescale factor : xxxx</code>

6.3.13.17 Set prewrite Command

The `set prewrite` command sets the prewrite flag: This flag decides if a prewrite is performed before an erase or not.

Command	Description	Screen Output
<code>set prewrite</code> 	Displays the current setting If prewrite is selected. If prewrite is not selected.	<code>Prewrite : ON</code> <code>Prewrite : OFF</code>
<code>set prewrite 1</code> 	Prewrite is selected.	<code>Prewrite : ON</code>
<code>set prewrite 0</code> 	Prewrite is not selected.	<code>Prewrite : OFF</code>

Note: It is highly recommended not to use this command directly!
The target specific device settings are available in the device corresponding *.STD file and can be downloaded using the `loaddev` command.

6.3.13.18 Set progarea Command

If the two area option is activated by `set twoarea 1`, this command defines which area of the two possible ones is to be used. This setting is used for downloading of the program from host to *flashMASTER* as well as for the programming of the device.

When two areas are used the *flashMASTER* application memory is divided as follows:

Area 0: 0x00000 ... 0x3FFFF

Area 1: 0x40000 ... 0x7FFFF

Command	Description	Screen Output
<code>set progarea</code> 	Displays the current setting.	
<code>set progarea 0</code> 	Program area 0 is used.	<code>Program area 1 not activated</code>
<code>set progarea 1</code> 	Program area 1 is used.	<code>Program area 1 activated</code>

6.3.13.19 Set progoptions Command

The `set progoptions` command sets the programming options for the EPV command sequence. These options are used either for the EPV Command or the Start button.

Command	Description	Screen Output
<code>set progoptions</code> 	Displays the current option setting	Autoprogramming Options : xxxx
<code>set progoptions xxxx</code> 	Set the autoprogramming options. b: blankcheck before erase e: erase p: program v: verify	Autoprogramming Options : xxxx

6.3.13.20 Set pulselevel Command

The `set pulselevel` command sets the level of the V_{pp} pulses. With this command the level of V_{pp} during the pulses which define the selected device port can be defined.

Command	Description	Screen Output
<code>set pulselevel</code> 	Displays the current setting. If the low level of the pulse is going down to the Vss level If the low level of the pulse is going down to the Vdd level	Vpp pulses (low level): Vss Vpp pulses (low level): Vdd
<code>set pulselevel 0</code> 	Sets the low level of the pulse to the Vss level.	Vpp pulses (low level): Vss
<code>set pulselevel 1</code> 	Sets the low level of the pulse to the Vdd level.	Vpp pulses (low level): Vdd

Note: It is highly recommended not to use this command directly!
The target specific device settings are available in the device corresponding *.STD file and can be downloaded using the loaddev command.

6.3.13.21 Set twoarea Command

The `set twoarea` command allows keeping two different program codes in the *flashMASTER* memory at the same time. Which program code is actually programmed to the device is selected with the `set progarea` command.

Command	Description	Screen Output
<code>set twoarea</code> 	Displays the current setting.	
<code>set twoarea 0</code> 	One program area (512K max. size) is used.	Two program areas not activated
<code>set twoarea 1</code> 	Two program areas (256K max. size each) are used.	Two program areas activated

6.3.13.22 Set V_{DD} Command

The `set vdd` command selects the supply voltage.

Command	Description	Screen Output
<code>set vdd</code> 	Outputs the current Vdd in mV	Vdd: xxxx mV
<code>set vdd xxxx</code> 	Selects Vdd in mV and decimal. Range 0 - 5000 mV.	Vdd: xxxx mV

Note: Due the fact that an 8 bit D/A converter is used, the entered value is automatically converted to a value which can be output by the D/A converter.

6.3.13.23 Set V_{PP} Command

The `set vpp` command selects the programming voltage.

Command	Description	Screen Output
<code>set vpp</code> 	Outputs the current Vpp in mV	Vpp: xxxxxx mV
<code>set vpp xxxxx</code> 	Selects Vpp in mV and decimal. Range 0 - 10500 mV.	Vpp: xxxxxx mV

Note: Due the fact that an 8 bit D/A converter is used, the entered value is automatically converted to a value which can be output by the D/A converter.

Note: It is highly recommended not to use this command directly!
The target specific device settings are available in the device corresponding *.STD file and can be downloaded using the `loaddev` command.

6.3.13.24 Set waitfactor Command

The `set waitfactor` command sets a waitfactor. This is an input that describes the general communication speed (NOT baudrate) of the *flashMASTER*. This factor is needed to adapt the writer to different devices, which have different performances even with the same CPU clock.

Command	Description	Screen Output
<code>set waitfactor</code> 	Displays the current setting.	Factor : xxx
<code>set waitfactor xxx</code> 	Sets the new wait factor.	Factor : xxx

6.3.13.25 Set wbretries Command

The `set wbretries` sets maximum retry number for the writeback command.

Command	Description	Screen Output
<code>set wbretries</code> 	Displays the current setting	Number of WB retries: 0 Total number of WB retries: 0
<code>set wbretries iii ttt</code> 	Sets the new values for internal retries (<i>iii</i>) and total retries (<i>ttt</i>)	Number of WB retries: iii Total number of WB retries: ttt

Note: It is highly recommended not to use this command directly!
The target specific device settings are available in the device corresponding *.STD file and can be downloaded using the `loaddev` command.

6.3.13.26 Set writeback Command

The `set writeback` command sets the writeback flag. This flag defines if *flashMASTER* starts writeback operation after erase if necessary.

Command	Description	Screen Output
<code>set writeback</code> 	Displays the current setting If writeback is enabled: If writeback is disabled:	Writeback : ON Writeback: OFF
<code>set writeback 1</code> 	Enables writeback, if Vdd is set to 0.	Writeback: ON
<code>set writeback 0</code> 	Disables writeback	Writeback: OFF

Note: It is highly recommended not to use this command directly!
The target specific device settings are available in the device corresponding *.STD file and can be downloaded using the `loaddev` command.

6.3.13.27 Set writebacktime Command

The `set writebacktime` command sets the writeback time used, if writeback is enabled.

Command	Description	Screen Output
<code>set writebacktime</code> 	Displays the current setting	Writebacktime: xxx ms
<code>set writebacktime xxx</code> 	Sets writebacktime in ms. Range 0 - 1000 ms. If value is out of range:	Writebacktime: xxx ms Value to large

Note: It is highly recommended not to use this command directly!
The target specific device settings are available in the device corresponding *.STD file and can be downloaded using the loaddev command.

6.3.13.28 Set writecycle Command

The `set writecycle` command sets a wait cycle. This factor is used to define how often a Flash has to be written. There are some devices that require several writes.

Command	Description	Screen Output
<code>set writecycle</code> 	Displays the current setting. It shows the current number of writes that will be performed when using the write command	Number of writes: xx
<code>set writecycle xx</code> 	Sets the new number of write cycles. Range 1 - 10. If invalid range is selected	Number of writes: xx Number to large

Note: It is highly recommended not to use this command directly!
The target specific device settings are available in the device corresponding *.STD file and can be downloaded using the loaddev command.

6.3.13.29 Set writetime Command

The `set writetime` command sets the device write time.

Command	Description	Screen Output
<code>set writetime</code> 	Displays the current writetime.	Write time (μs):xxxx
<code>set writetime xxxx</code> 	Sets the new writetime (ms).	Write time (μs):xxxx

Note: Specific devices like 78K0 and 78K4 do not allow specifying the writetime. In this case the writetime must be set to 0!

Note: It is highly recommended not to use this command directly!
The target specific device settings are available in the device corresponding *.STD file and can be downloaded using the loaddev command.

7. Sample programming session using terminal communication program

As an example, a 78F0034A micro-controller will be used to show a typical programming sequence using the Windows HyperTerminal software.

1. Use the provided serial cable to connect *flashMASTER* to your host computer.
2. Choose target cable 1 from your *flashMASTER* package and connect *flashMASTER* to the target hardware. This may either be a NEC programming adapter or your own target hardware.
3. Select the suitable AC-plug (EURO, UK or US/JAPAN) and connect it to the AC adapter.
4. Connect the AC adapter to *flashMASTER*'s power connection and mains.
5. If not yet done, copy all *.STD files in the subdirectory \dev on disk 2 of the *flashMASTER* GUI installation package to your harddisk.
6. Start HyperTerminal.
7. Activate **File** → **Properties** menu to set the appropriate port number you connected *flashMASTER* to.

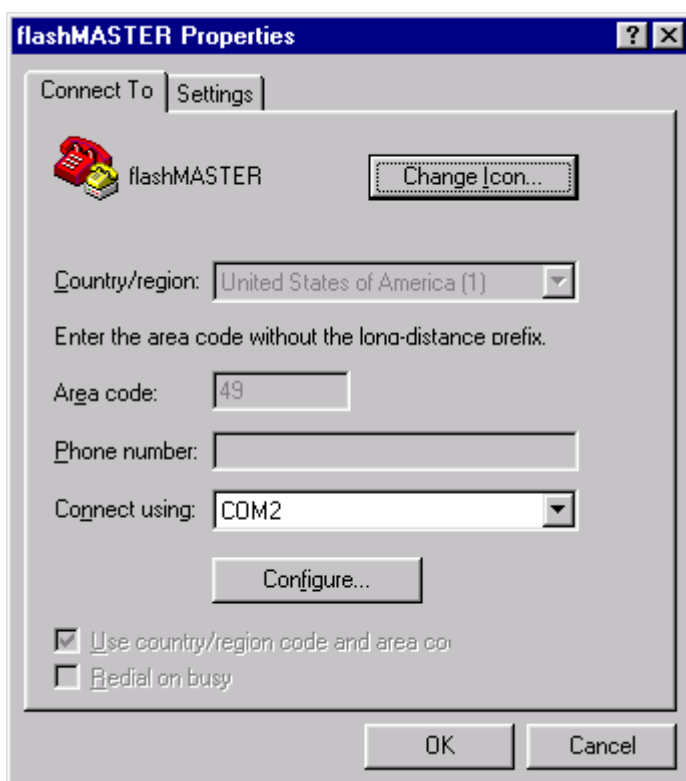


Figure 59: HyperTerminal properties window

By pressing **Configure** you proceed to the communication settings for the selected port.

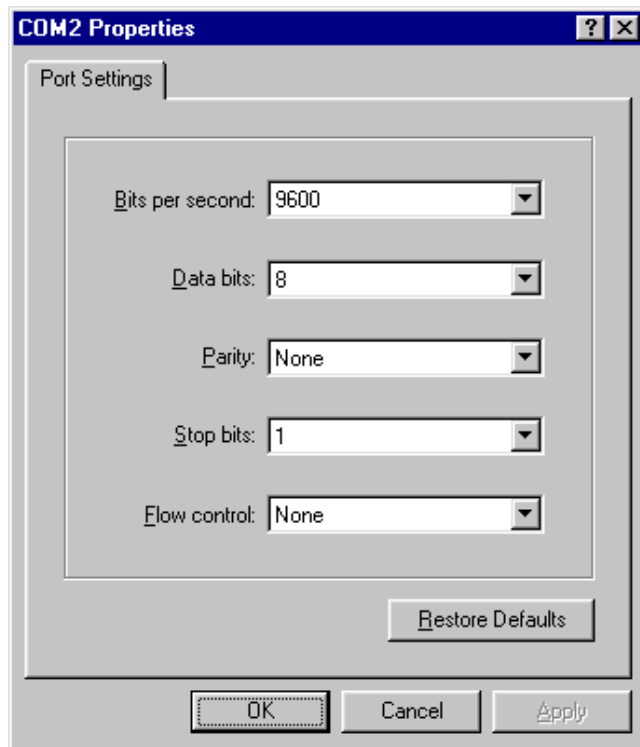


Figure 60: Hyperterminal Port Setup

The communication speed shall be set to 9600 bps. Select 8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit and no flow control in this window.

8. Select **Call → Disconnect** and **Call → Connect** menus to activate the communication settings made in step 7. You will now be connected to the *flashMASTER*.
If you would like to change the communication speed you may use the `set comhost` command in the HyperTerminal communication window to select any other speed setting. Then return to step 7 to adjust the HyperTerminal settings.
9. Type `loaddev` in the HyperTerminal communication window, activate **Transfer → Send Text File** menu. Select the file 0034AHP.STD in the directory you have chosen in step 5. Press **Open** to send this file to *flashMASTER*.
By resetting *flashMASTER* the device specific settings for the 78F0034A are initialised.
10. Depending on your target hardware define the port to be used by *flashMASTER* to communicate with the target system by one of the following commands:

```

set port csi0..2 ↵
or
set port uart0..3 ↵
or
set port iic0..3 ↵

```


11. Define the baud rate for communication between your target hardware and *flashMASTER* by one of the following commands (depending on the port you have chosen in 10.):

```
set comdevcsi 5..1000  (measured in KHz)
or
set comdevuart 4800..38400  (measured in Baud)
or
set comdevport 100..2000  (measured in Hz)
or
set comdeviic 5..30  (measured in KBaud)
```

If *comdeviic* is selected, the command `set iicaddress 0...7F` is also required to specify the I²C address.

12. Define the clock source depending on your target hardware by one of the following commands:

```
set clock 0  clock is provided by your target system
or
set clock 1  clock is provided by flashMASTER
```

13. Define the appropriate oscillator or crystal frequency for your target hardware with the following command:

```
set frequency xxxxx  (measured in Hz)
```

14. Define the supply voltage of your target hardware by the following command:

```
set vdd 0..5000  (measured in mV)
```

Use

```
set vdd 0 
```

in case V_{dd} is supplied by your target system.

15. Define the destination memory for your target program in *flashMASTER* by one of the following commands:

```
set mem r  SRAM will hold your target program
or
set mem f  onboard flash memory will hold your target program
```

16. Enter

```
set progoptions epv 
```

in the HyperTerminal communication window to set programming options for the EPV-command sequence.

17. Use the

```
conf 
```

command to verify that all settings are correct.

18. Start downloading your program by using the

ls 

command for Motorola S files or the

li 

command for INTEL HEX files. When Now loading is displayed on the screen, select **Transfer → Send Text File** in HyperTerminal. Highlight the file to be send and press **Open**. While downloading is processed, several ‘.’ will be displayed.

19. Connect to the device by entering

c 

in the HyperTerminal window. If the connection has been established you will find the device name shown on the screen.

20. Use the

epv 

command to program your target device. What operations will be performed during the epv command execution depends on the setting made in 16. with the set progoptions command.

21. Enter the disconnect-command

dc 

Your target hardware may now be disconnected from *flashMASTER*.

22. If necessary, connect another device to be programmed to *flashMASTER* and repeat from step 19.

23. If no other device needs to be programmed exit HyperTerminal. All settings made during this programming session will be saved in the *flashMASTER* so that they can be reused next time.

8. Connectors and Cables

8.1 Power supply jack

The specifications of the power supply jack are listed below:

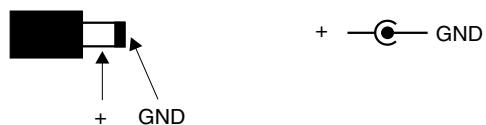


Figure 61: Power supply jack

Power supply specification:

Compatible plug: EIA class 4

Polarity: Center GND

Note: Connect only the provided AC adapter to the power supply jack of *flashMASTER*!

8.2 Serial host connector

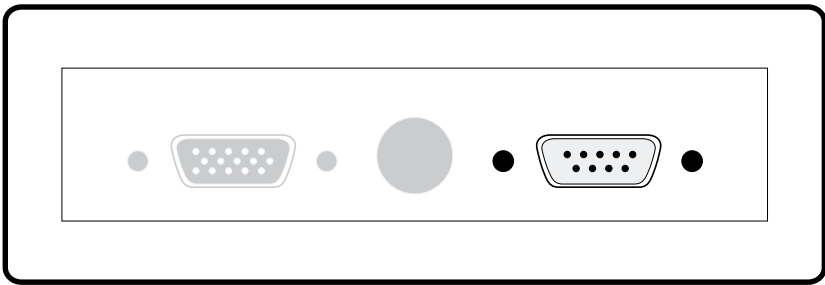


Figure 62: Serial host connector

Serial Host	Signal name at <i>flashMASTER</i>
1	NC
2	RxD
3	TxD
4	NC
5	GND
6	NC
7	NC
8	NC
9	NC

Table 1: Pinout of serial host connector

8.3 Target cable 1

The target cable 1 is compatible with all NEC flash programming adapters FA-XXX-YY.



HD-SUB 15 (male)

Target Connector:

1	3	5	7	9
2	4	6	8	10

(View from the solder side of the target system)

Figure 63: Target cable 1

Target cable 1	flashMASTER HD-Sub 15	Signal name at flashMASTER
1	15	GND
2	4	/RESET
3	2	SI / RxD
4	8, 9	V _{DD}
5	1	SO / TxD
6	11	V _{PP}
7	3	SCK
8	7	(*)
9	14	CLK
10	13	(*)

Table 2: Pinout of target cable 1

(*) : Reserved for future use, leave open!

8.4 Target cable 2

The target cable 2 is compatible with the programming layout of the EB-V853STARTER.



HD-SUB 15 (male)

Target Connector:

1	3	5	7	9
2	4	6	8	10

(View from the solder side of the target system)

Figure 64: Target cable 2

Target cable 2	flashMASTER HD-Sub 15	Signal name at flashMASTER
1	2	SI / RxD
2	1	SO / TxD
3	3	SCK
4	4	/RESET
5	11	V _{PP}
6	8, 9	V _{DD}
7	7	(*)
8	15	GND
9	14	CLK
10	13	(*)

Table 3: Pinout of target cable 2

(*) : Reserved for future use, leave open!

8.5 HD-Sub 15 device connector

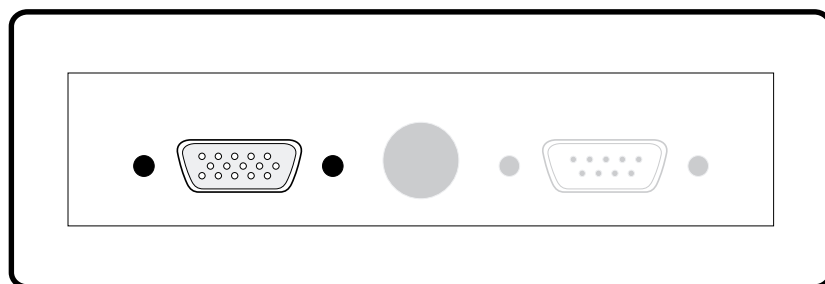


Figure 65: HD-Sub 15 connector

<i>flashMASTER</i> HD-Sub 15	Signal at <i>flashMASTER</i>
1	SO / TxD
2	SI / RxD
3	SCK
4	/RESET
5	(*)
6	(*)
7	(*)
8	VDD
9	VDD
10	(*)
11	VPP
12	(*)
13	(*)
14	CLKOUT
15	GND

Table 4: Pinout of HD-Sub 15 connector

(*) : Reserved for future use, leave open!

8.6 Parallel host connector

The parallel host connector can be configured as centronics interface or as I/O port. Depending on the selection, one of the following signal setting is available.

8.6.1 Parallel port configured as centronics interface

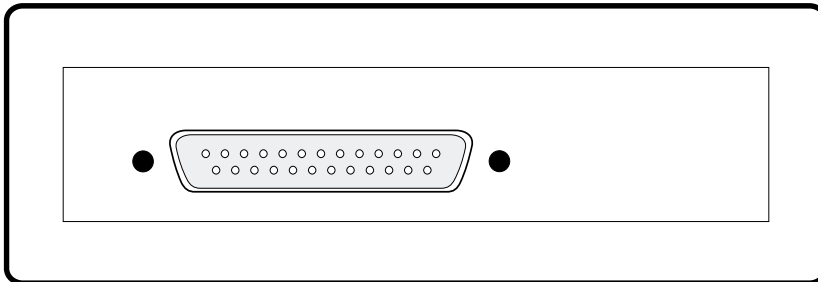


Figure 66: Parallel port

If the parallel port is configured as centronics interface, below listed signals are available.

Parallel Port	Signal at <i>flashMASTER</i>
1	/STROBE
2	D0
3	D1
4	D2
5	D3
6	D4
7	D5
8	D6
9	D7
10	/ACK
11	BUSY
12	GND
13	NC
14 - 17	V _{cc}
18	NC
19 - 25	GND

Table 5: Pinout of centronics interface

NC: Not connected.

8.6.2 Parallel port configured as I/O port

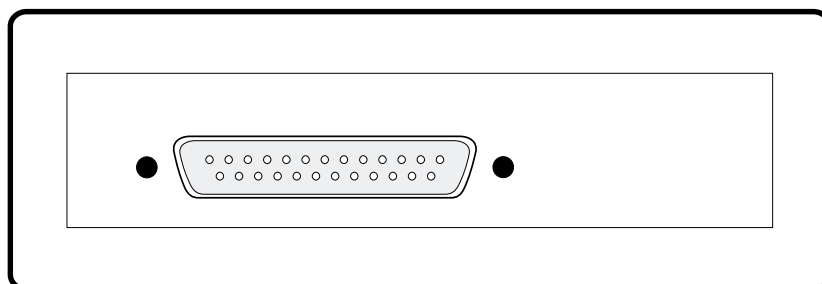


Figure 67: Parallel port

If the parallel port is configured as I/O port, below listed signals are available. The signal I/O is TTL level (74LS241).

Parallel Port	Signal at <i>flashMASTER</i>	
1	IC	
2	Start EPV command, area 0	INPUT, active low
3	Start EPV command, area 1	INPUT, active low
4	IC	
5	IC	
6	Device connected	OUTPUT, active high
7	Busy	OUTPUT, active high
8	OK	OUTPUT, active high
9	Error	OUTPUT, active high
10	IC	
11	IC	
12	GND	
13	NC	
14 - 17	Vcc	For reference only!
18	NC	
19 - 25	GND	System ground reference

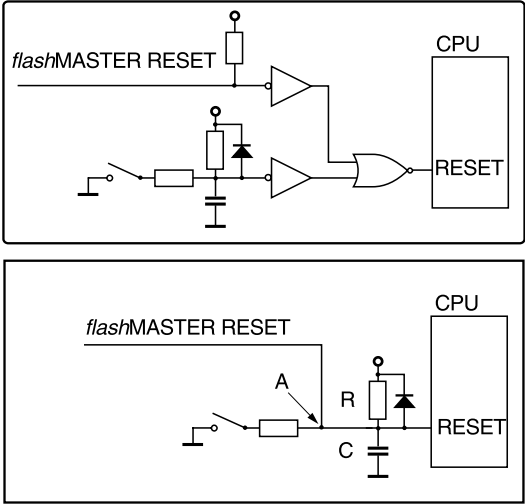
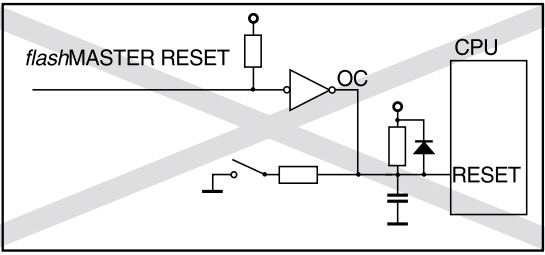
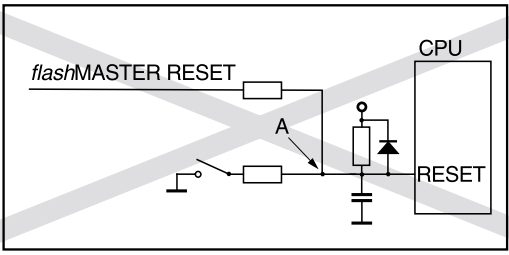
Table 6: Pinout of I/O port

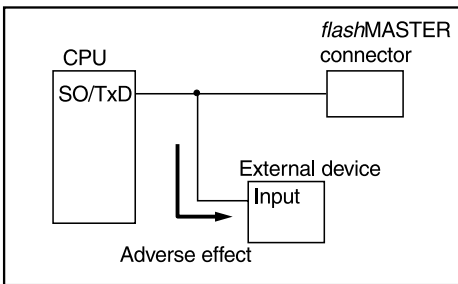
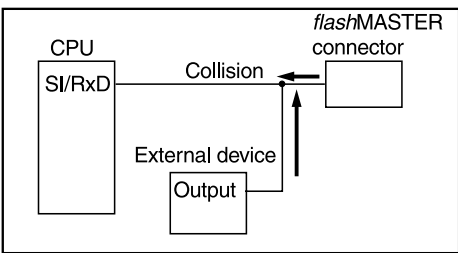
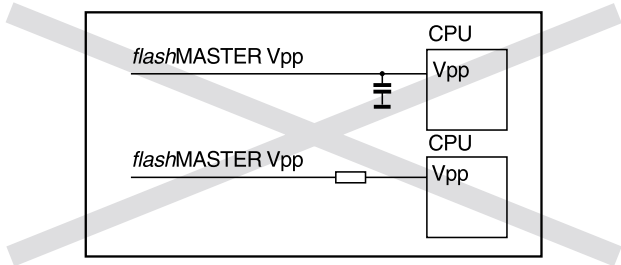
NC: Not connected.

IC: Internally connected, leave open!

9. Design proposals for user systems

This chapter explains the user system design proposals for rewriting the flash ROM in the microcontroller using *flashMASTER*.

CPU pin	Design proposal
/RESET	Do not generate RESET while <i>flashMASTER</i> is connected. Be particularly careful to observe this requirement when using a system with an external watchdog timer.
	Connect the RESET signal of <i>flashMASTER</i> at a point where the status of the programmer RESET signal and that of the CPU RESET pin are the same. Acceptable connection:  R must be 1 kΩ or more. The value for C must be chosen that the rise time between V_{IL} and V_{IH} does not exceed max. spec of the device. Avoid the following RESET signal connection: - Connection to a point where the target CPU RESET rise time is slower than the <i>flashMASTER</i> RESET rise time. Unacceptable connection:  It takes time for the CPU RESET pin to go high after the <i>flashMASTER</i> RESET level goes from low to high. - Connection to a point where the target CPU RESET pin cannot be driven to low level by <i>flashMASTER</i> RESET signal. Unacceptable connection:  When the <i>flashMASTER</i> RESET is driven low, the level of the voltage at point A does not fall.

NMI	Do not generate NMI while the <i>flashMASTER</i> is connected. Be particularly careful to ensure that this requirement is satisfied for a user system with an external watchdog timer.
Maskable interrupt	All maskable interrupts are ignored while <i>flashMASTER</i> is connected.
Ports	While the <i>flashMASTER</i> is connected, all those ports that are not being used by the <i>flashMASTER</i> will be in the input (floating) state. When an external device connected to such a port does not allow the port to enter the floating state, pull the port up or down. When the CPU port used by the <i>flashMASTER</i> is also connected to the input of an external device, and if that device malfunctions, disconnect the external device. Example:  While the CPU port used by the <i>flashMASTER</i> is also connected to the output of an external device, and if a signal collision occurs, disconnect the external device. Example: 
V _{PP}	Keep the wiring between the <i>flashMASTER</i> connector and the CPU V_{pp} pin as thick and short as possible. Insert neither capacitors nor resistors into the V_{pp} line. Unacceptable circuit: 
Others	The CPU may have WAIT, MODE, and other pins whose handling depends on the CPU. For an explanation of such signals, refer to the related CPU manual.

10. User system interface circuits

This chapter describes the user system interface circuits of the *flashMASTER* (TTL level).

10.1 SO/TxD, SCK, RESET

10.1.1 V_{DD} supplied by *flashMASTER*

For programming flash devices, V_{DD} may be supplied by *flashMASTER*. The signal lines SO/TxD, SCK and RESET will have TTL level voltage.

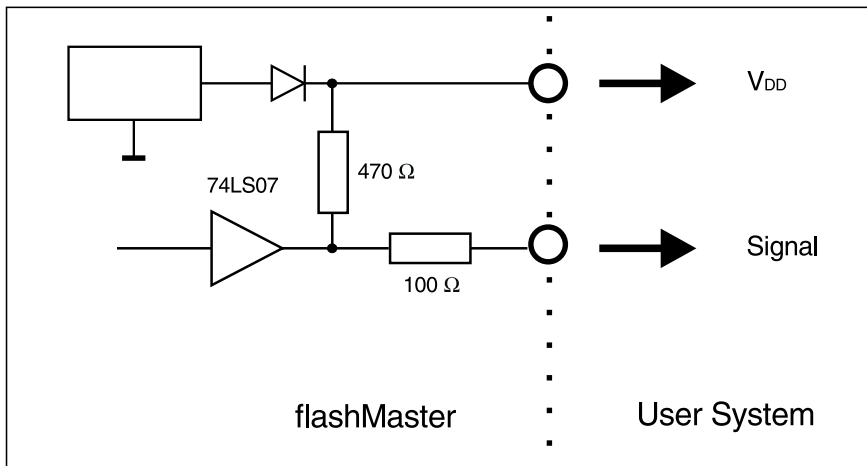


Figure 68: *flashMASTER* output signal level

10.1.2 V_{DD} supplied by User System

Alternatively, V_{DD} may be supplied by the User System. The *flashMASTER* internal voltage regulator is protected so that user V_{DD} will only affect the signal lines SO/TxD, SCK and RESET.

The terminal command `SET VDD 0`  will activate this selection.

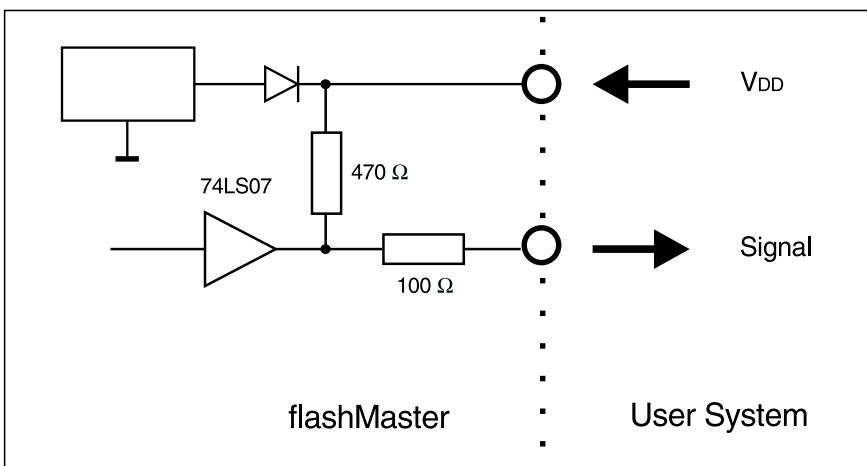


Figure 69: *flashMASTER* output signal level

10.2 SI/RxD

The SI/RxD input signal must not exceed TTL level voltage.

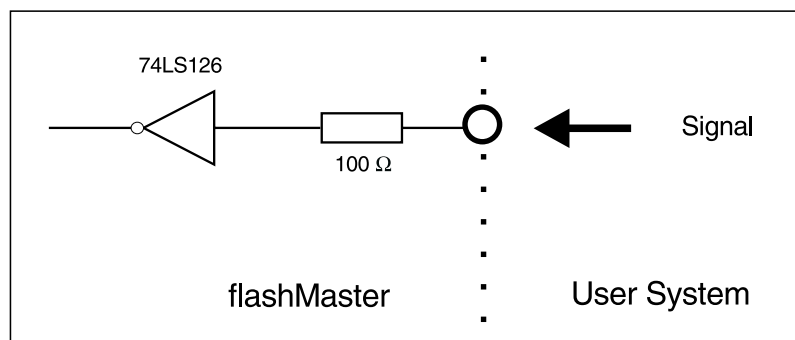


Figure 70: *flashMASTER* input signal level

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