

To our customers,

Old Company Name in Catalogs and Other Documents

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Renesas Electronics website: <http://www.renesas.com>

April 1st, 2010
Renesas Electronics Corporation

Issued by: Renesas Electronics Corporation (<http://www.renesas.com>)

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150/154 OUTPUT TFT-LCD GATE DRIVE

The μ PD16654 is a TFT-LCD gate driver. Because this gate driver has a level shift circuit for logic input, it can output a high gate scanning voltage in response to a CMOS-level input.

Moreover, it can also drive both the XGA/SXGA panel (154 outputs) and SVGA panel (150 outputs) by changing the number of outputs over between 150 and 154.

FEATURES

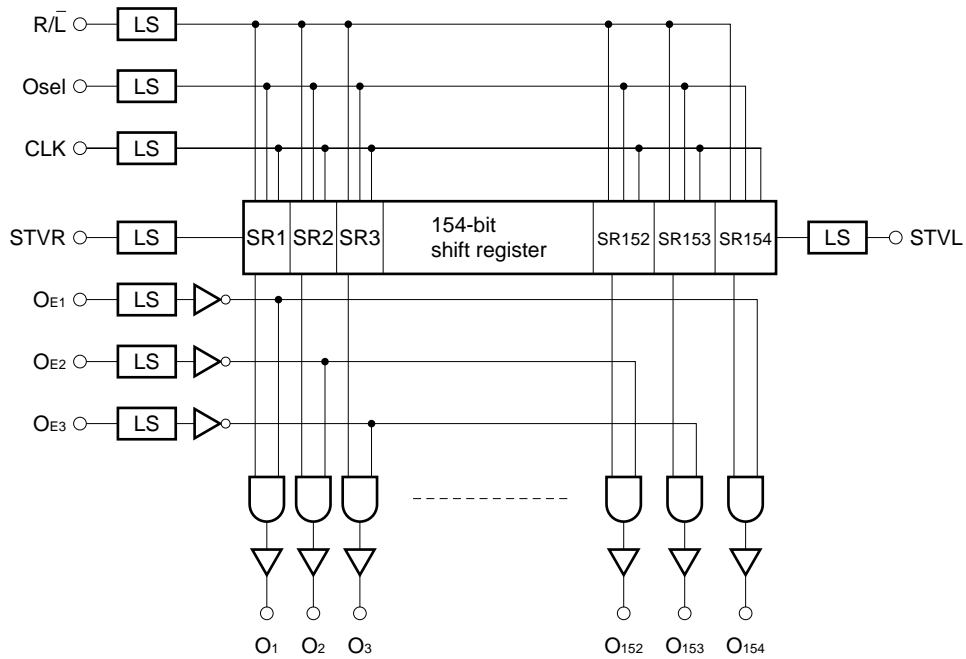
- High breakdown voltage output (ON/OFF range: $V_{DD2}-V_{EE2} = 40\text{ V MAX.}$)
- 3.3 V CMOS level input
- Number of output select function (150/154 outputs)

ORDERING INFORMATION

| Part Number | Package |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| μ PD16654N-xxx | TCP (TAB package) |

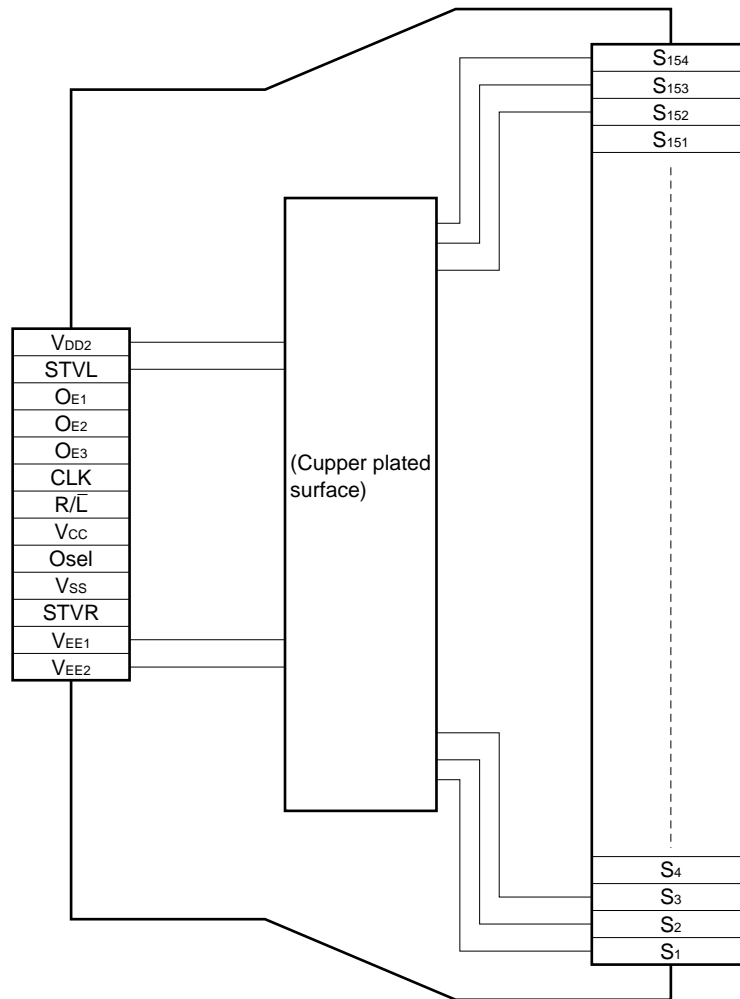
The TCP's external shape is customized. To order your TCP's external shape, please contact an NEC salesperson.

1. BLOCK DIAGRAM



LS (level shifter): Interfaces between 3.3 V CMOS level and V_{DD2} - V_{EE1} level.

2. PIN CONFIGURATION (μPD16654N-xxx)



Caution This figure does not specify the TCP package.

3. PIN FUNCTIONS

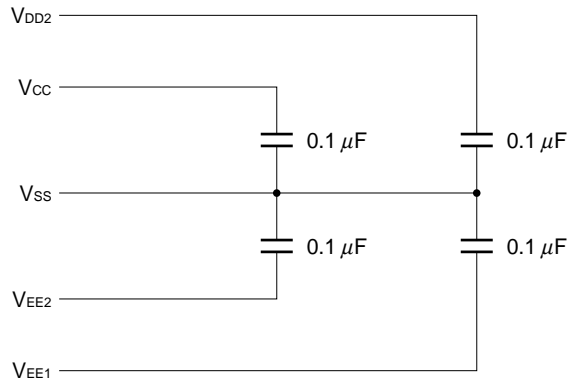
| Pin Symbol | Pin Name | Description |
|---|--|--|
| O ₁ to O ₁₅₄ | Driver output pins | Scan signal output pins that drive the gate electrode of a TFT-LCD. The status of each output pin changes in synchronization with the rising edge of shift clock CLK. The output voltage of the driver is V _{DD2} to V _{EE2} . |
| STVR STVL | Start pulse input/output pin | Input/output pin of the internal shift register. Start pulse signal is read at the rising edge of shift clock CLK and a scan signal is output from the driver output pin. The interface of this terminal is CMOS of 3.3 V. When O _{sel} signal is Low level, start pulse goes up to high level at the 154th falling edge of shift clock CLK and goes down to low level at the 155th falling edge. And when O _{sel} signal is High level, start pulse goes up to high level at the 150th falling edge of shift clock CLK and goes down to low level at the 151st falling edge. The output level is V _{CC} -V _{SS} (logic level). |
| CLK | Shift clock input | Shift clock input for the internal shift register. The contents of internal shift register is shifted at the rising edge of CLK. |
| R/L | Shift direction switching input | Shift direction switching input pin of the internal shift register. R/L = H (right shift) : STVR → O ₁ → O ₂ ... O ₁₅₃ → O ₁₅₄ → STVL R/L = L (left shift) STVL → O ₁₅₄ → O ₁₅₃ ... O ₂ → O ₁ → STVR |
| O _{E1} O _{E2} O _{E3} | Enable input | This pin fixes the driver output to the L level when it is high. However, the shift register is not cleared. And, output enable actuation is asynchronous in the clock. And, refer to "RELATIONS OF ENABLE INPUT AND OUTPUT TERMINAL". |
| O _{sel} | Number of output select input | Selects the number of outputs. O _{sel} = L : 154 outputs (SVGA) O _{sel} = H: 150 outputs (VGA, XGA, SXGA) When O _{sel} = H (150 outputs), O ₇₆ through O ₇₉ outputs of the shift register are fixed to the V _{EE2} level. Fix this pin to V _{CC} (V _{DD2}) or V _{SS} (V _{EE1}) on TCP. |
| V _{DD2} | Positive power supply for driver | Shared with internal logic and driver |
| V _{CC} | Reference power supply | 3.3 V ± 0.3 V. Reference power supply for level shifter: LS |
| V _{SS} | Ground (GND) | Connect this pin to the system ground. |
| V _{EE1} | Negative power supply for internal logic | Negative power supply for internal logic |
| V _{EE2} | Negative power supply for driver | Negative power supply for driver |

Caution 1. Power ON/OFF sequence

To prevent the μPD16654 from damage due to latch up, turn on power in the order V_{CC} → V_{EE1}, V_{EE2} and V_{DD2} → logic input. Turn off power in the reverse order. Observe these power sequences even during transition period.

Caution 2. Inserting bypass capacitor

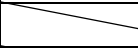
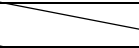
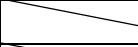
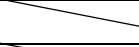
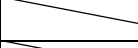
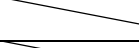
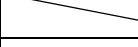
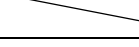
Because the internal logic operates at a high voltage ($V_{DD2}-V_{EE1}$), insert a bypass capacitor of about $0.1 \mu\text{F}$ between the respective power pins as shown below to secure the noise margin of V_{IH} and V_{IL} .



Do not input a switching signal to the O_{sel} pin that selects the number of outputs. Connect this pin to V_{CC} or V_{SS} (V_{EE1}).

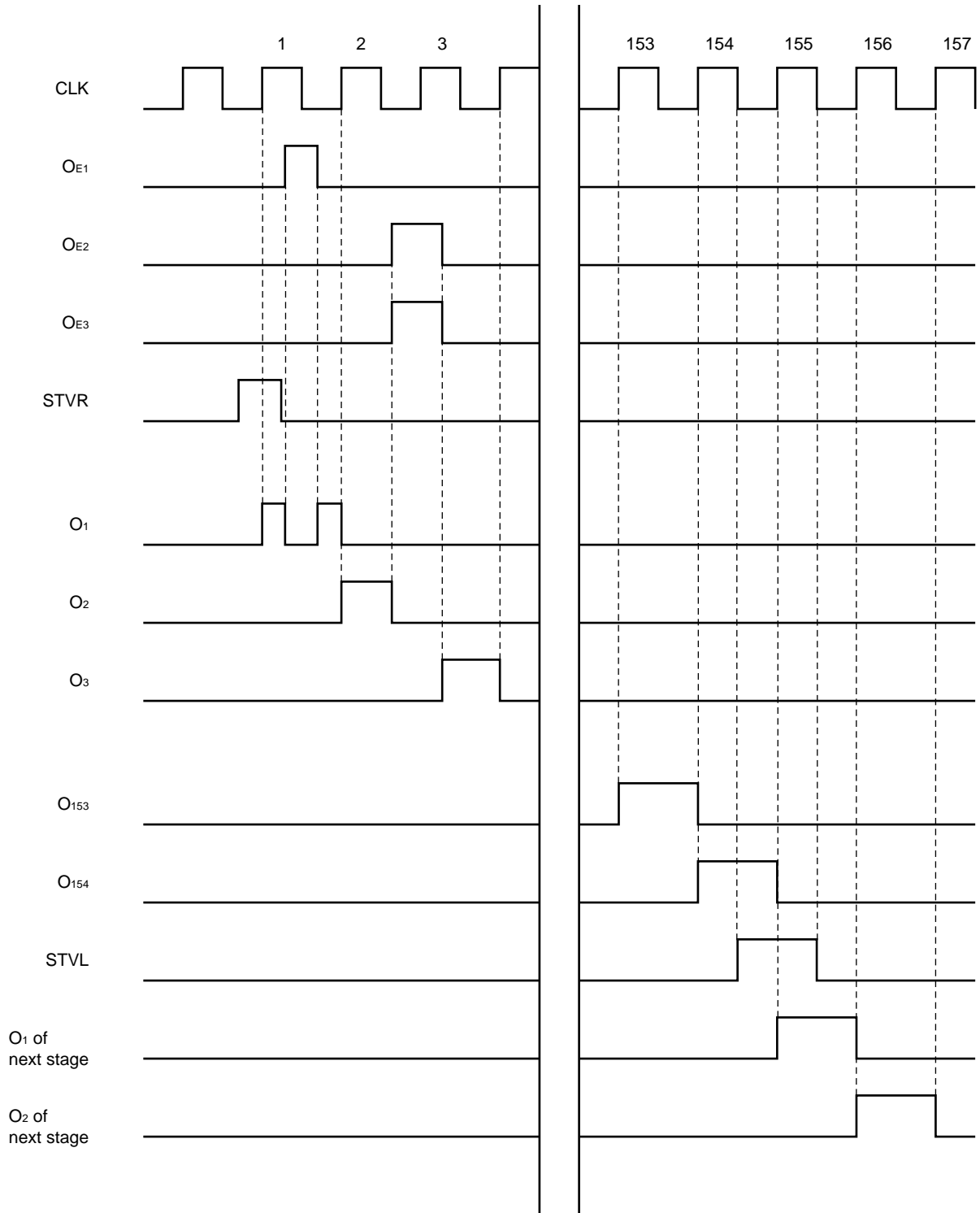
4. RELATIONS OF ENABLE INPUT AND OUTPUT TERMINAL

Switching is possible for 154/150 with μPD16654 by the O_{sel} terminal. And, the output terminal which can be controlled by the enable signal changes as follows along with this function.

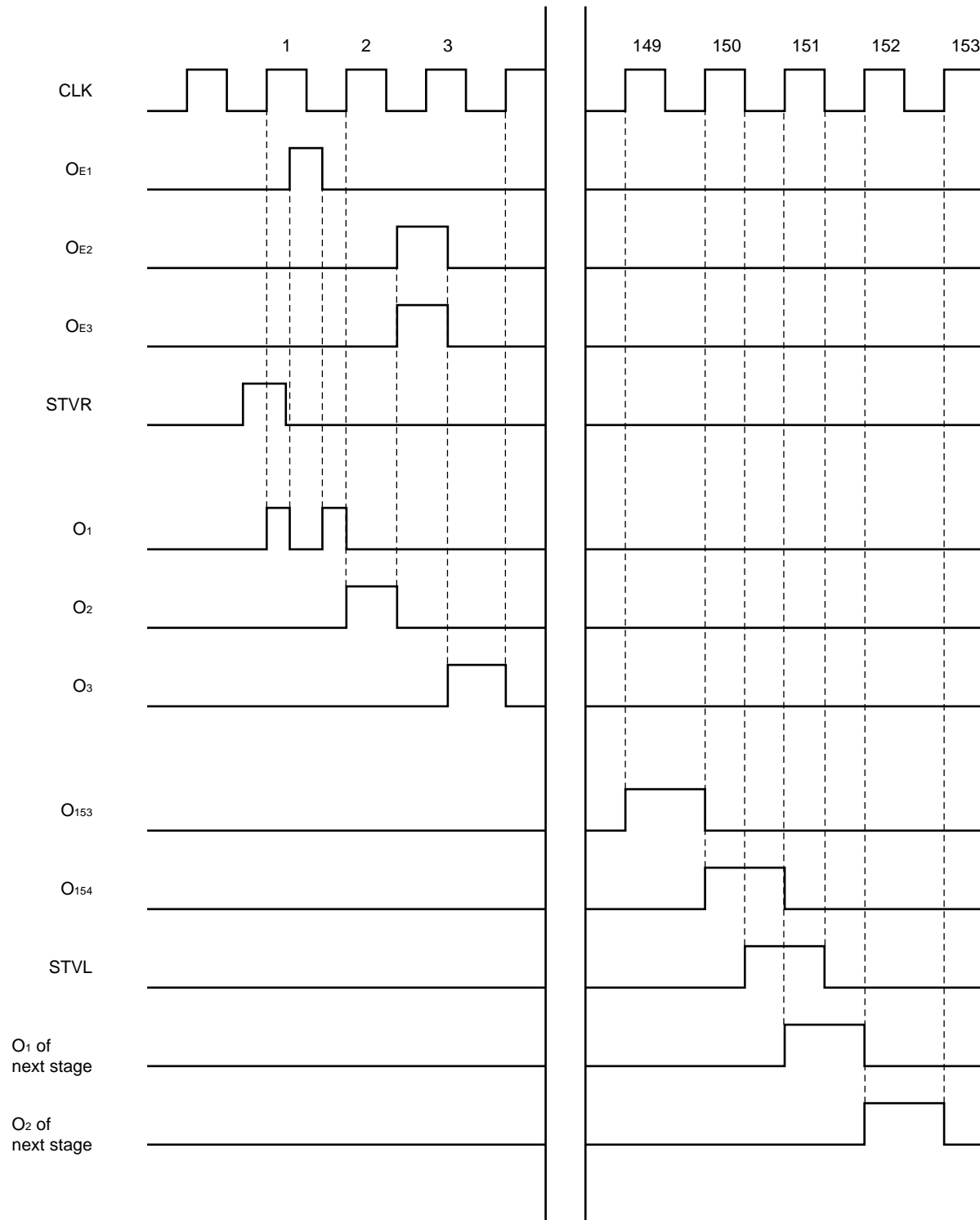
| 154 out TCP | | 150 out Mode | |
|--|--|---|---|
| 154 out Mode (O _{sel} = L) | 150 out Mode (O _{sel} = H) | 154 out Mode (O _{sel} = L) | 150 out Mode (O _{sel} = H) |
| O ₁ (O _{E1}) | O ₁ (O _{E1}) | O ₁ (O _{E1}) | O ₁ (O _{E1}) |
| O ₂ (O _{E2}) | O ₂ (O _{E2}) | O ₂ (O _{E2}) | O ₂ (O _{E2}) |
| O ₃ (O _{E3}) | O ₃ (O _{E3}) | O ₃ (O _{E3}) | O ₃ (O _{E3}) |
| O ₄ (O _{E1}) | O ₄ (O _{E1}) | O ₄ (O _{E1}) | O ₄ (O _{E1}) |
| O ₅ (O _{E2}) | O ₅ (O _{E2}) | O ₅ (O _{E2}) | O ₅ (O _{E2}) |
| O ₆ (O _{E3}) | O ₆ (O _{E3}) | O ₆ (O _{E3}) | O ₆ (O _{E3}) |
| • | • | • | • |
| • | • | • | • |
| • | • | • | • |
| O ₇₂ (O _{E3}) | O ₇₂ (O _{E3}) | O ₇₂ (O _{E3}) | O ₇₂ (O _{E3}) |
| O ₇₃ (O _{E1}) | O ₇₃ (O _{E1}) | O ₇₃ (O _{E1}) | O ₇₃ (O _{E1}) |
| O ₇₄ (O _{E2}) | O ₇₄ (O _{E2}) | O ₇₄ (O _{E2}) | O ₇₄ (O _{E2}) |
| O ₇₅ (O _{E3}) | O ₇₅ (O _{E3}) | O ₇₅ (O _{E3}) | O ₇₅ (O _{E3}) |
| O ₇₆ (O _{E1}) | V _{out} = V _{EE2} |  |  |
| O ₇₇ (O _{E2}) | V _{out} = V _{EE2} |  |  |
| O ₇₈ (O _{E3}) | V _{out} = V _{EE2} |  |  |
| O ₇₉ (O _{E1}) | V _{out} = V _{EE2} |  |  |
| O ₈₀ (O _{E2}) | O ₈₀ (O _{E1}) | O ₈₀ (O _{E2}) | O ₈₀ (O _{E1}) |
| O ₈₁ (O _{E3}) | O ₈₁ (O _{E2}) | O ₈₁ (O _{E3}) | O ₈₁ (O _{E2}) |
| O ₈₂ (O _{E1}) | O ₈₂ (O _{E3}) | O ₈₂ (O _{E1}) | O ₈₂ (O _{E3}) |
| • | • | • | • |
| • | • | • | • |
| • | • | • | • |
| O ₁₅₀ (O _{E3}) | O ₁₅₀ (O _{E2}) | O ₁₅₀ (O _{E3}) | O ₁₅₀ (O _{E2}) |
| O ₁₅₁ (O _{E1}) | O ₁₅₁ (O _{E3}) | O ₁₅₁ (O _{E1}) | O ₁₅₁ (O _{E3}) |
| O ₁₅₂ (O _{E2}) | O ₁₅₂ (O _{E1}) | O ₁₅₂ (O _{E2}) | O ₁₅₂ (O _{E1}) |
| O ₁₅₃ (O _{E3}) | O ₁₅₃ (O _{E2}) | O ₁₅₃ (O _{E3}) | O ₁₅₃ (O _{E2}) |
| O ₁₅₄ (O _{E1}) | O ₁₅₄ (O _{E3}) | O ₁₅₄ (O _{E1}) | O ₁₅₄ (O _{E3}) |

5. TIMING CHART

(1) 154 outputs, $R/\bar{L} = H$ $O_{sel} = L$



(2) 150 outputs, $R/\bar{L} = H$ $O_{sel} = H$



O₇₆ to O₇₉ is L (V_{EE2}) level fixation (150 output).

6. ELECTRIC SPECIFICATION

Absolute Maximum Ratings (T_A = 25°C, V_{SS1} = V_{SS2} = 0 V)

| Parameter | Symbol | Rating | Unit |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------|
| Supply Voltage | V _{DD2} | -0.5 to +28 | V |
| Supply Voltage | V _{CC} | -0.5 to +7.0 | V |
| Supply Voltage | V _{DD2} -V _{EE1/2} | -0.5 to 42 | V |
| Supply Voltage | V _{EE1} | -16.5 to +0.5 | V |
| Supply Voltage | V _{EE2} | V _{EE1} - 0.5 to +0.5 | V |
| Input Voltage | V _I | -0.5 to V _{CC} + 0.5 | V |
| Input Current | I _I | ±10 | mA |
| Output Current | I _O | ±10 | mA |
| Operating Temperature Range | T _A | -20 to +70 | °C |
| Storage Temperature Range | T _{stg} | -55 to +125 | °C |

Recommended Operating Condition (T_A = -20 to +80°C, V_{SS1} = V_{SS2} = 0 V)

| Parameter | Symbol | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | Unit |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|------|------------------------|------|
| Supply Voltage | V _{DD2} | 17 | | 25 | V |
| Supply Voltage | V _{EE1} | -15 | | -5.0 | V |
| Supply Voltage | V _{EE2} | V _{EE1} | | V _{EE1} + 6.0 | V |
| Supply Voltage | V _{DD2} - V _{EE1} | 22 | | 40 | V |
| Supply Voltage | V _{CC} | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.6 | V |

Electrical Specifications (T_A = -20 to +70°C, V_{DD1} = 25 V, V_{DD2} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V, V_{EE1} = V_{EE2} = -15 V, V_{SS} = 0 V)

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | Unit |
|-----------------------|------------------|---|---------------------------------------|------|---------------------------------------|------|
| Input voltage, high | V _{IH} | CLK, STVR (STVL), R/L, O _{sel} , OE1-OE3 | 0.8 V _{CC} | | V _{CC} | V |
| Input voltage, low | V _{IL} | | V _{SS} | | 0.2 V _{CC} | V |
| Output voltage, high | V _{OH} | STVR (STVL), I _{OH} = -40 μA | V _{CC} - 0.4 ^{Note} | | V _{CC} ^{Note} | V |
| Output voltage, low | V _{OL} | STVR (STVL), I _{OL} = +40 μA | V _{SS} ^{Note} | | V _{SS} + 0.4 ^{Note} | V |
| Output current, high | I _{nOH} | On, V _n = V _{DD2} - 1.0 V | | | -1.0 | mA |
| Output current, low | I _{nOL} | On, V _n = V _{EE2} + 1.0 V | 1.0 | | | mA |
| Output ON resistance | R _{on} | V _n = V _{EE2} + 1.0 V or V _{DD2} - 1.0 V | | | 1.0 | kΩ |
| Input leakage current | I _{IL} | V _I = 0 V or 3.6 V | | | ±1.0 | μA |
| Dynamic current | I _{DD2} | V _{DD2} , f _{CLK} = 30 kHz, no loads | | | 400 | μA |
| | I _{CC} | V _{CC1} , f _{CLK} = 30 kHz, no loads | | | 600 | μA |
| | I _{EE} | I _{EE1} + I _{EE2} , f _{CLK} = 30 kHz, no loads | | | 800 | μA |

Note The cascade output is at the driver level (V_{CC}-V_{SS}).

Switching Characteristics (T_A = -20 to +70°C, V_{DD1} = 25 V, V_{DD2} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V, V_{EE1} = V_{EE2} = -15 V, V_{SS} = 0 V)

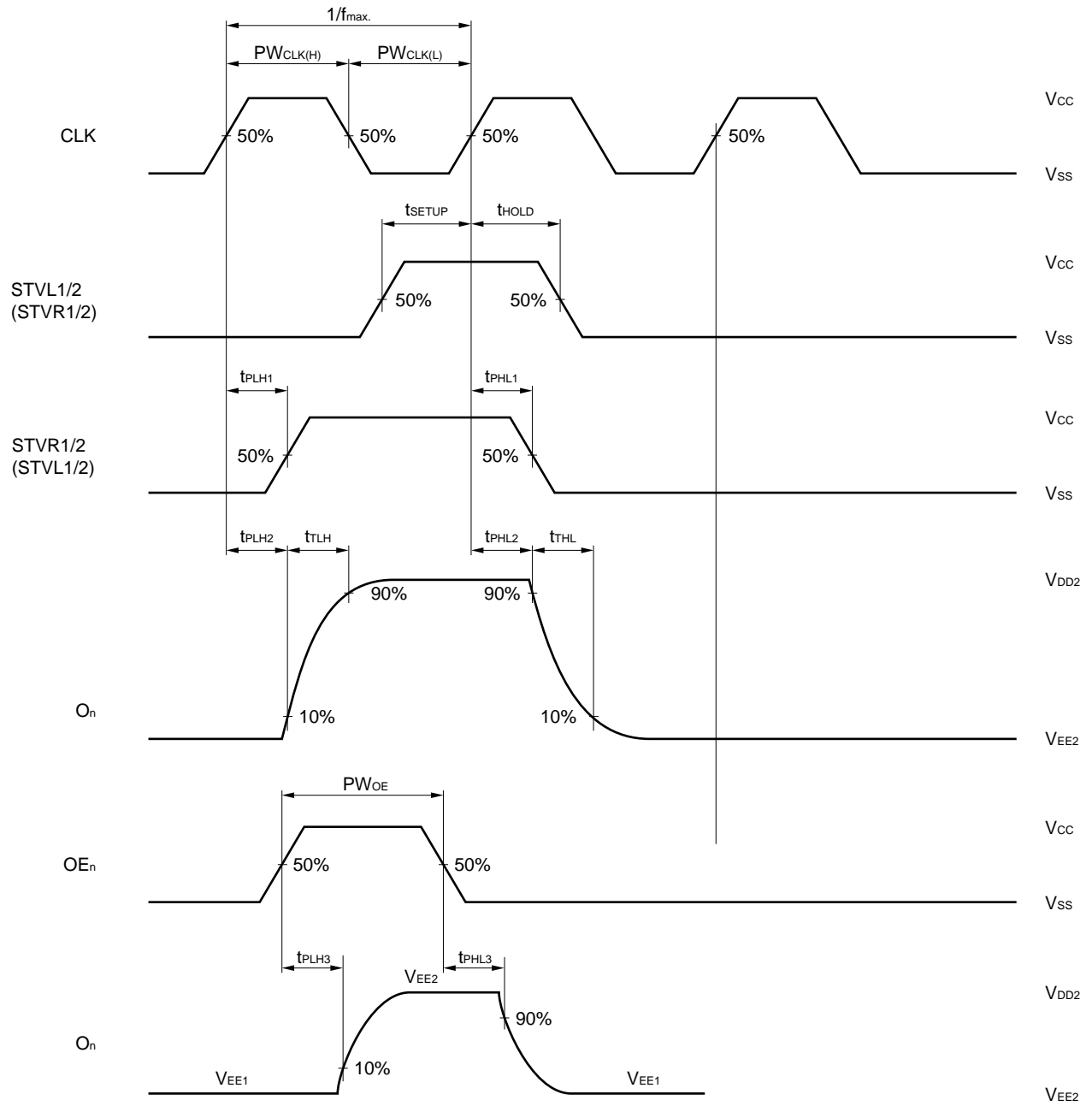
| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | Unit |
|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Cascade output delay time | t _{PHL1} | C _L = 20 pF | | | 800 | ns |
| | t _{PLH1} | CLK → STVL (STVR) | | | 800 | ns |
| Driver output delay time 1 | t _{PHL2} | C _L = 300 pF | | | 500 | ns |
| | t _{PLH2} | CLK → On | | | 500 | ns |
| Driver output delay time 2 | t _{PHL3} | C _L = 300 pF | | | 500 | ns |
| | t _{PLH3} | O _{En} → On | | | 500 | ns |
| Output rise time | t _{TLH} | C _L = 300 pF | | | 450 | ns |
| Output fall time | t _{THL} | | | | 450 | ns |
| Input capacitance | C _I | T _A = 25°C | | | 15 | pF |
| Maximum clock frequency | f _{max.} | When connected in cascade | 500 | | | kHz |

Timing Requirement (T_A = -20 to +70°C, V_{DD1} = 25 V, V_{DD2} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V, V_{EE1} = V_{EE2} = -15 V, V_{SS} = 0 V)

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | Unit |
|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Clock Pulse Low Period | PW _{CLK(H)} | | 500 | | | ns |
| Clock Pulse High Period | PW _{CLK(L)} | | 500 | | | ns |
| Enable Pulse low period | PW _{OE} | | 1.0 | | | μs |
| Data Setup Time | t _{SETUP} | STVR (STVL) ↑ → CLK ↑ | 200 | | | ns |
| Data Hold Time | t _{HOLD} | CLK ↑ → STVR (STVL) ↓ | 200 | | | ns |

The rise and fall times of logic input must be t_r = t_f = 20 ns (10% to 90%).

7. SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS WAVEFORM (R/L = H)



8. RECOMMENDED MOUNTING CONDITIONS

When mounting this product, please make sure that the following recommended conditions are satisfied.

For packaging methods and conditions other than those recommended below, please contact NEC sales personnel.

| Mounting Condition | Mounting Method | Condition |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| Thermocompression | Soldering | Heating tool 300 to 350°C, heating for 2 to 3 sec; pressure 100 g (per solder) |
| | ACF (Adhesive Conductive Film) | Temporary bonding 70 to 100°C; pressure 3 to 8 kg/cm ² ; time 3 to 5 sec. Real bonding 165 to 180°C; pressure 25 to 45 kg/cm ² , time 30 to 40 secs. (When using the anisotropy conductive film SUMIZAC1003 of Sumitomo Bakelite, Ltd.) |

Caution To find out the detailed conditions for packaging the ACF part, please contact the ACF manufacturing company. Be sure to avoid using two or more packaging methods at a time.

Reference

NEC Semiconductor Device Reliability/Quality Control System (C10983E)

Quality Grades to NEC's Semiconductor Devices (C11531E)

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