

## RX Family

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### USB Host Mass Storage Class Driver for USB Mini Firmware Using Firmware Integration Technology

#### Introduction

This application note describes USB Host Mass Storage Class Driver(HMSC), which utilizes Firmware Integration Technology (FIT). This module operates in combination with the USB Basic Mini Host and Peripheral Driver. It is referred to below as the USB HMSC FIT module.

#### Target Device

RX111 Group  
RX113 Group  
RX231 Group  
RX23W Group  
RX261 Group

When using this application note with other Renesas MCUs, careful evaluation is recommended after making modifications to comply with the alternate

#### Related Documents

1. Universal Serial Bus Revision 2.0 specification
2. USB Mass Storage Class Specification Overview Revision 1.1
3. USB Mass Storage Class Bulk-Only Transport Revision 1.0  
<http://www.usb.org/developers/docs/>
4. RX111 Group User's Manual: Hardware (Document number .R01UH0365)
5. RX113 Group User's Manual: Hardware (Document number.R01UH0448)
6. RX231 Group User's Manual: Hardware (Document number .R01UH0496)
7. RX23W Group User's Manual: Hardware (Document number .R01UH0823)
8. RX261 Group User's Manual: Hardware (Document number .R01UH1045)
9. RX Family M3S-TFAT-Tiny: FAT file system software (Document number: R20AN0038EJ)
10. RX Family M3S-TFAT-Tiny: Memory Driver Interface Module (Document number: R20AN0335EJ)
11. USB Basic Mini Host and Peripheral Driver (USB Mini Firmware) using Firmware Integration Technology Application Note (Document number.R01AN2166)

#### Renesas Electronics Website

<http://www.renesas.com/>

#### USB Device Page

<http://www.renesas.com/prod/usb/>

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## 1. Overview

The USB HMSC FIT module, when used in combination with the USB-BASIC-F/W FIT module, operates as a USB host mass storage class driver (HMSC).

The HMSC comprises a USB mass storage class bulk-only transport (BOT) protocol. When combined with a file system and storage device driver, it enables communication with a BOT-compatible USB storage device.

Note that please use the M3S-TFAT-Tiny (Document number: R20AN0038) and Memory driver interface module (Document number: R20AN0335) in combination when using this driver.

This module supports the following functions.

1. Checking of connected USB storage devices (to determine whether or not operation is supported).
2. Storage command communication using the BOT protocol.
3. Support for SFF-8070i (ATAPI) USB mass storage subclass.

### 1.1 Please be sure to read

Please refer to the document (Document number: R01AN2166) for *USB Basic Mini Host and Peripheral Driver (USB Mini Firmware) using Firmware Integration Technology Application Note* when creating an application program using this driver.

This document is located in the "**reference\_documents**" folder within this package.

### 1.2 Note

This driver is not guaranteed to provide USB communication operation. The customer should verify operation when utilizing it in a system and confirm the ability to connect to a variety of different types of devices.

### 1.3 Limitation

1. Some MSC devices may be unable to be connected (because they are not recognized as storage devices).
2. MSC devices that return values of 1 or higher in response to the GetMaxLun command (mass storage class command) are not supported.
3. USB storage devices with a sector size of 512 bytes can be connected.
4. A device that does not respond to the READ\_CAPACITY command operates as a device with a sector size of 512 bytes.

### 1.4 Terms and Abbreviations

APL	:	Application program
BOT	:	Mass storage class Bulk Only Transport
FSL	:	FAT File System Library
HCD	:	Host Control Driver of
HDCD	:	Host Device Class Driver (device driver and USB class driver)
MGR	:	Peripheral device state manager of HCD
MSC	:	Mass Storage Class
RSK	:	Renesas Starter Kits
RTOS	:	USB Driver for the real-time OS
TFAT	:	Tiny FAT file system software for microcontrollers (M3S-TFAT-Tiny-RX)
USB-BASIC-FW	:	USB Basic Mini Host and Peripheral Driver
USB	:	Universal Serial Bus

### 1.5 USB HMSC FIT Module

User needs to integrate this module to the project using `r_usb_basic_mini`. User can control USB H/W by using this module API after integrating to the project.

## 2. Software Configuration

HDCD (Host Device Class Driver) is the all-inclusive term for HMSDD (Host Mass Storage Device Driver) and HMSCD (USB Host Mass Storage Class Driver).

Figure 2-1 shows the HMSC software block diagram, with HDCD as the centerpiece. Table 2-1 describes each module.

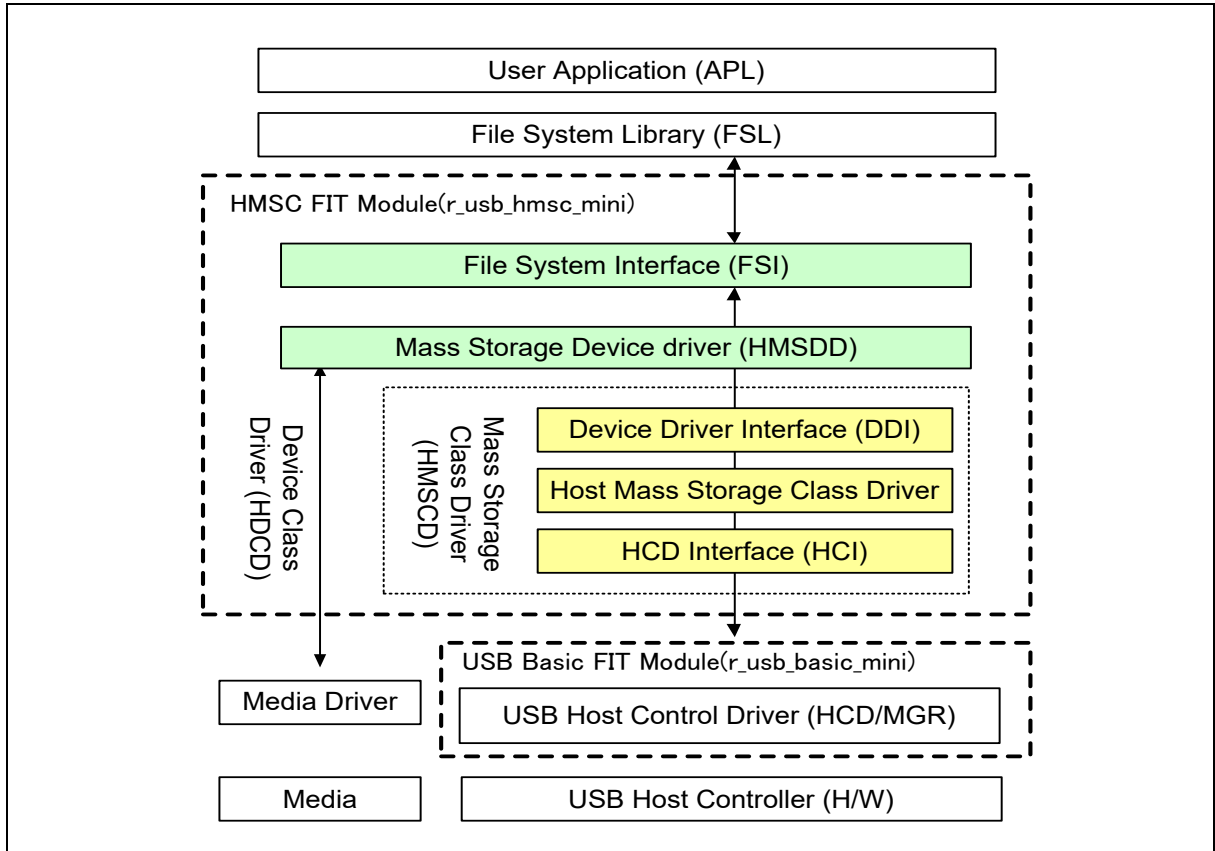


Figure 2-1 Software Module Structure

Table 2-1 Module

Module	Description
FSI	FSL-HMSDD interface functions. They should be modified to match FSL.
HMSDD	To be created (modified) by the customer to match the storage media.
DDI	HMSDD-HMSCD interface functions. They should be modified to match the storage media interface of HMSDD.
HMSCD	The USB host mass storage class driver. It appends BOT protocol information to storage commands and sends requests to HCD. It also manages the BOT sequence. The storage commands should be added (modified) by the customer to match the system specifications. SFF-8070i (ATAPI) is supported in the example code.
HCI	HMSCD-HCD interface functions.
MGR	Enumerates the connected devices and starts HMSCD. Also performs device state management.
HCD	USB host hardware control driver.

### 3. API Information

This Driver API follows the Renesas API naming standards.

#### 3.1 Hardware Requirements

This driver requires your MCU support the following features:

- USB

#### 3.2 Software Requirements

This driver is dependent upon the following packages:

- r\_bsp
- r\_usb\_basic\_mini

#### 3.3 Operating Confirmation Environment

Table 3-1 shows the operating confirmation environment of this driver.

Table 3-1 Operation Confirmation Environment

Item	Contents
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ compiler for RX Family V.3.07.00 (The option "-lang=C99" is added to the default setting of IDE)
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202411 (The option "-std=gnu99" is added to the default setting of IDE)
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 5.10.1
Real-Time OS	FreeRTOS V.10.4.3 RI600V4 V.1.06
Endian	Little Endian, Big Endian
USB Driver Revision Number	Rev.1.32
Using Board	Renesas Starter Kit for RX111 Renesas Starter Kit for RX113 Renesas Starter Kit for RX231 Renesas Solution Starter Kit for RX23W Evaluation Kit for RX261

#### 3.4 Usage of Interrupt Vector

Table 3-2 shows the interrupt vector which this driver uses.

Table 3-2 List of Usage Interrupt Vectors

Device	Contents
RX111	USBIO Interrupt (Vector number: 36) / USBR0 Interrupt (Vector number: 90) USB D0FIFO0 Interrupt (Vector number: 36) / USB D1FIFO0 Interrupt (Vector number: 37)
RX113	
RX231	
RX23W	
RX261	

#### 3.5 Header Files

All API calls and their supporting interface definitions are located in *r\_usb\_basic\_mini\_if.h* and *r\_usb\_hmsc\_mini\_if.h*.

### 3.6 Integer Types

This project uses ANSI C99 “Exact width integer types” in order to make the code clearer and more portable. These types are defined in *stdint.h*.

### 3.7 Compile Setting

For compile settings, refer to chapter 8, **Configuration (r\_usb\_hmsc\_mini\_config.h)** in this document and chapter "Configuration" in the document (Document number: R01AN2166) for *USB Basic Mini Host and Peripheral Driver (USB Mini Firmware) using Firmware Integration Technology Application Note*.

### 3.8 ROM / RAM Size

The follows show ROM/RAM size of this driver.

#### 1. CC-RX (Optimization Level: Default)

##### (1). Non-OS

	Checks arguments	Does not check arguments
ROM size	21.5K bytes (Note 4)	21.2K bytes (Note 5)
RAM size	5.0K bytes	5.0K bytes

##### (2). RI600V4

	Checks arguments	Does not check arguments
ROM size	38.2K bytes (Note 4)	37.9K bytes (Note 5)
RAM size	5.4K bytes	5.4K bytes

##### (3). FreeRTOS

	Checks arguments	Does not check arguments
ROM size	34.2K bytes (Note 4)	33.9K bytes (Note 5)
RAM size	17.2K bytes	17.2K bytes

#### 2. GCC (Optimization Level: -O2)

	Checks arguments	Does not check arguments
ROM size	25.5K bytes (Note 4)	25.2K bytes (Note 5)
RAM size	4.2K bytes	4.2K bytes

#### 3. IAR (Optimization Level: Medium)

	Checks arguments	Does not check arguments
ROM size	17.7K bytes (Note 4)	17.5K bytes (Note 5)
RAM size	3.3K bytes	3.3K bytes

#### [Note]

1. ROM/RAM size for BSP and USB Basic Driver is included in the above size.
2. ROM/RAM size for FAT is not included in the above size.
3. The above is the size when specifying RX V2 core option.
4. The ROM size of “Checks arguments” is the value when *USB\_CFG\_ENABLE* is specified to *USB\_CFG\_PARAM\_CHECKING* definition in *r\_usb\_basic\_mini\_config.h* file.
5. The ROM size of “Does not check arguments” is the value when *USB\_CFG\_DISABLE* is specified to *USB\_CFG\_PARAM\_CHECKING* definition in *r\_usb\_basic\_mini\_config.h* file.

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### 3.9 Argument

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For the structure used in the argument of API function, refer to chapter "**Structures**" in the document (Document number: R01AN2166) for *USB Basic Mini Host and Peripheral Driver (USB Mini Firmware) using Firmware Integration Technology Application Note*.

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### 3.10 “for”, “while” and “do while” statements

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In FIT module, when using “for”, “while” and “do while” statements (loop processing) in register reflection waiting processing, etc., write comments with “WAIT\_LOOP” as a keyword for these loop processing. Also, write in the FIT documentation that “WAIT\_LOOP” is written as a comment in these loop processes.

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### 3.11 Adding the FIT Module to Your Project

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This module must be added to each project in which it is used. Renesas recommends the method using the Smart Configurator described in (1) or (3) below. However, the Smart Configurator only supports some RX devices. Please use the methods of (2) or (4) for RX devices that are not supported by the Smart Configurator.

- (1) Adding the FIT module to your project using “Smart Configurator” on e<sup>2</sup> studio

By using the Smart Configurator in e<sup>2</sup> studio, the FIT module is automatically added to your project. Refer to “Renesas e<sup>2</sup> studio Smart Configurator User Guide (R20AN0451)” for details.

- (2) Adding the FIT module to your project using the FIT Configurator in e<sup>2</sup> studio

By using the FIT Configurator in e<sup>2</sup> studio, the FIT module is automatically added to your project. Refer to “Adding Firmware Integration Technology Modules to Projects (R01AN1723)” for details.

- (3) Adding the FIT module to your project using the Smart Configurator in CS+

By using the Smart Configurator Standalone version in CS+, the FIT module is automatically added to your project. Refer to “Renesas e<sup>2</sup> studio Smart Configurator User Guide (R20AN0451)” for details.

- (4) Adding the FIT module to your project on CS+

In CS+, please manually add the FIT module to your project. Refer to “Adding Firmware Integration Technology Modules to CS+ Projects (R01AN1826)” for details.

#### 4. Target Peripheral List (TPL)

For the structure used in the argument of API function, refer to chapter " **How to Set the Target Peripheral List (TPL)**" in the document (Document number: R01AN2166) for *USB Basic Mini Host and Peripheral Driver (USB Mini Firmware) using Firmware Integration Technology Application Note*.

## 5. Class Driver

### 5.1 Class Request

This driver supports the following class request.

**Table 5-1 Class Request**

Request	Description
GetMaxLun	Gets the maximum number of units that are supported.
MassStrageReset	Cancels a protocol error.

### 5.2 Storage Command

This driver supports the following storage command.

1. TEST\_UNIT\_READY
2. REQUEST\_SENSE
3. MODE\_SELECT10
4. MODE\_SENSE10
5. PREVENT\_ALLOW
6. READ\_FORMAT\_CAPACITY
7. READ10
8. WRITE10

## 6. API Functions

The following are Host Mass Storage Class specific API functions

API	Description
R_USB_HmscStrgCmd()	Issues a Mass Storage command.
R_USB_HmscGetSem()	Gets a semaphore (Only RTOS)
R_USB_HmscRelSem()	Releases a semaphore (Only RTOS)

### Note:

1. Uses the FAT (File Allocation Table) API to access storage media.
2. Refer to chapter "API" in the document(Document number: R01AN2166) for *USB Basic Mini Host and Peripheral Driver (USB Mini Firmware) using Firmware Integration Technology Application Note* when using other API.

## 6.1 R\_USB\_HmscStrgCmd

### Issues a Mass Storage command

#### Format

```
usb_err_t      R_USB_HmscStrgCmd(uint8_t *p_buf, uint16_t command)
```

#### Arguments

```
p_buf          Pointer to data area
command        Mass storage command
```

#### Return Value

```
USB_SUCCESS    Successfully completed
USB_ERR_PARA   Parameter error
USB_ERR_NG     Other error
```

#### Description

The Mass Storage command assigned to the argument (*command*) is issued to the MSC device. An application program can check the completion of the Mass Storage command with the *USB\_STS\_MSC\_CMD\_COMPLETE* return value of the *R\_USB\_GetEvent* function.

If a Mass Storage command with response data is issued, after checking *USB\_STS\_MSC\_CMD\_COMPLETE* return value of the *R\_USB\_GetEvent* function, an application program can obtain the response data from the area indicated by the second argument (*p\_buf*). Check the member (*size*) of the *usb\_ctrl\_t* structure to get the size of the response data that was received.

Assign the following to the argument (*command*).

**Table 6-1 Mass Storage Command**

MassStorage Command
USB_ATAPI_TEST_UNIT_READY
USB_ATAPI_REQUEST_SENSE
USB_ATAPI_INQUIRY
USB_ATAPI_MODE_SELECT10
USB_ATAPI_PREVENT_ALLOW
USB_ATAPI_READ_FORMAT_CAPACITY
USB_ATAPI_READ_CAPACITY
USB_ATAPI_MODE_SENSE10

#### Note

- Do not assign a pointer to the auto variable (stack) area to the arguments (*p\_buf*).
- Assign *USB\_NULL* to the argument (*p\_buf*) when issuing the mass storage command without the response data.
- If a command other than the Mass Storage commands listed in Table 6-1 is assigned to the argument (*command*), then *USB\_ERR\_PARA* will be the return value.
- When calling FAT API and this API after issuing the Mass storage command by this API, be sure to call these APIs after checking the return value (*USB\_STS\_CMD\_COMPLETE*) of *R\_USB\_GetEvent* function.
- Refer to chapter "7. Return Value (USB\_STS\_MSC\_CMD\_COMPLETED) of R\_USB\_GetEvent Function" about CSW.
- The CSW information is set to the member (*status*) of the *usb\_ctrl\_t* structure. If the value of the member (*status*) is *USB\_CSW\_FAIL*, issue the "Requeset Sense" command to the MSC device using this API.
- Set the page code (1 Byte) of the "Mode Sense10" command in the start address to the area indicated by the 2nd argument (*p\_buf*).

8. Set the parameter data for the "*Mode Select10*" command to the area indicated by the 2nd argument (*p\_buf*) based on the specification for USB Mass Storage Subclass (SFF-8070i etc).
9. This function can be called when the USB device is in the configured state. When the API is called in any other state, *USB\_ERR\_NG* is returned.

### Example

#### 1. Non-OS

```

void usb_application( void )
{
    usb_ctrl_t ctrl;
    usb_err_t err;
    :
    while (1)
    {
        switch (R_USB_GetEvent(&ctrl))
        {
            :
            case USB_STS_CONFIGURED:
                :
                g_buf[0] = 0x3F; /* Page Code */
                R_USB_HmscStrgCmd( &g_buf, USB_ATAPI_MODE_SENSE10 );
                :
                break;
            case USB_STS_MSC_CMD_COMPLETE:
                if( ctrl.status == USB_CSW_FAIL )
                {
                    R_USB_HmscStrgCmd(&ctrl, &g_buf, USB_ATAPI_REQUEST_SENSE);
                }
                :
                break;
            :
        }
    }
}

```

## 2. RTOS

```
/* Callback function */
void usb_apl_callback (usb_ctrl_t *p_ctr, rtos_task_id_t task_id, uint8_t is_request)
{
    USB_APL_SND_MSG(USB_APL_MBX, (usb_msg_t *)p_ctr);
}

void usb_application_task( void )
{
    usb_ctrl_t    ctrl;
    usb_ctrl_t    *p_mess;
    :
    while(1)
    {
        USB_APL_RCV_MSG(USB_APL_MBX, (usb_msg_t **)&p_mess);
        ctrl = *p_mess;
        switch (ctrl.event)
        {
            :
            case USB_STS_CONFIGURED:
                :
                g_buf[0] = 0x3F          /* Page Code */
                R_USB_HmScStrgCmd(&g_buf, USB_ATAPI_MODE_SENSE10);
                :
            break;
            case USB_STS_MSC_CMD_COMPLETE:
                if (ctrl.status == USB_CSW_FAIL)
                {
                    R_USB_HmScStrgCmd(&g_buf, USB_ATAPI_REQUEST_SENSE);
                }
                :
            break;
        }
    }
}
```

## 6.2 R\_USB\_HmscGetSem

### Gets a semaphore (Only RTOS)

#### Format

```
void          R_USB_HmscGetSem(void)
```

#### Arguments

none

#### Return Value

none

#### Description

Gets a specific semaphore which is used in HMSC driver.

#### Note

1. Be sure to call this API before calling the FAT file open function (e.g *R\_tfat\_f\_open*).
2. If this API is called when a semaphore counter value is zero, the user task which calls this API shift to a semaphore waiting status.
3. The creation processing of a semaphore which this API uses is performed in USB driver.

#### Example

```
/* Callback function */
void usb_apl_callback (usb_ctrl_t *p_ctrl, rtos_task_id_t task_id, uint8_t is_request)
{
    USB_APL_SND_MSG(USB_APL_MBX, (usb_msg_t *)p_ctrl);
}
void          usb_application_task( void )
{
    usb_ctrl_t      ctrl;
    usb_ctrl_t      *p_mess;
    :
    while(1)
    {
        USB_APL_RCV_MSG(USB_APL_MBX, (usb_msg_t **)&p_mess);
        ctrl = *p_mess;
        switch (ctrl.event)
        {
            :
            case USB_STS_CONFIGURED:
                :
                R_USB_HmscGetSem();
                R_tfat_f_open(&file, (const char *) &g_msc_file[drvno][0],
                    (TFAT_FA_CREATE_ALWAYS | TFAT_FA_WRITE));
                R_tfat_f_write(&file, g_file_data, sizeof(g_file_data), &file_size);
                R_tfat_f_close(&file);
                R_USB_HmscRelSem();
                :
            break;
            :
        }
    }
}
```

## 6.3 R\_USB\_HmscRelSem

### Releases a semaphore (Only RTOS)

#### Format

```
void          R_USB_HmscRelSem(void)
```

#### Arguments

none

#### Return Value

none

#### Description

Releases a specific semaphore which is used in HMSC driver.

#### Note

1. Be sure to call this API after calling the FAT file close function (e.g *R\_tfat\_f\_close*).
2. An application task during a semaphore waiting status by *R\_USB\_HmscGetSem* function is released the semaphore waiting status by this API.
3. The creation processing of a semaphore which this API uses is performed in USB driver.

#### Example

```
/* Callback function */
void usb_apl_callback (usb_ctrl_t *p_ctr, rtos_task_id_t task_id, uint8_t is_request)
{
    USB_APL_SND_MSG(USB_APL_MBX, (usb_msg_t *)p_ctr);
}
void          usb_application_task( void )
{
    usb_ctrl_t      ctrl;
    usb_ctrl_t      *p_mess;
    :
    while(1)
    {
        USB_APL_RCV_MSG(USB_APL_MBX, (usb_msg_t **)&p_mess);
        ctrl = *p_mess;
        switch (ctrl.event)
        {
            :
            case USB_STS_CONFIGURED:
                :
                R_USB_HmscGetSem();
                R_tfat_f_open(&file, (const char *) &g_msc_file[drvno][0],
                    (TFAT_FA_CREATE_ALWAYS | TFAT_FA_WRITE));
                R_tfat_f_write(&file, g_file_data, sizeof(g_file_data), &file_size);
                R_tfat_f_close(&file);
                R_USB_HmscRelSem();
                :
            break;
            :
        }
    }
}
```

## 7. Return Value (USB\_STS\_MSC\_CMD\_COMPLETED) of R\_USB\_GetEvent Function

### (1). Non-OS

After the completion of a Mass Storage command is checked with the *R\_USB\_HmscStrgCmd* function, if the *R\_USB\_GetEvent* function is called, then *USB\_STS\_MSC\_CMD\_COMPLETE* will be the return value.

### (2). RTOS

When a Mass Storage command completes, the callback function that has been registered using the *R\_USB\_Callback* function will be called by the USB driver. At this time, *USB\_STS\_MSC\_CMD\_COMPLETE* will be set to the member (*event*) in the argument (the pointer to the *usb\_ctrl\_t* structure) of this callback function.

The following shows the information which is set to the member in the *usb\_ctrl\_t* structure when completing Mass Storage command.

size : Size of response data  
status : CSW information

#### Note:

1. The member (*size*) has the size of the response data sent from MSC device.
2. The member (*status*) has bCSWStatus of the CSW (Command Status Wrapper):

USB_CSW_SUCCESS	(Value: 00H)	: Successful
USB_CSW_FAIL	(Value: 01H)	: Failed
USB_CSW_PHASE	(Value: 02H)	: Phase error

## 8. Configuration (r\_usb\_hmsc\_mini\_config.h)

Please set the following according to your system.

### Note:

Be sure to set *r\_usb\_basic\_mini\_config.h* file as well. For *r\_usb\_basic\_mini\_config.h* file, refer to chapter "**Configuration**" in the document (Document number: R01AN2166) for *USB Basic Mini Host and Peripheral Driver (USB Mini Firmware) using Firmware Integration Technology Application Note*.

### 1. Setting pipe to be used

Set the pipe number (PIPE1 to PIPE5) to use for Bulk IN/OUT transfer. Do not set the same pipe number for the definitions of *USB\_CFG\_HMSC\_BULK\_IN* and *USB\_CFG\_HMSC\_BULK\_OUT*.

#define	USB_CFG_HMSC_BULK_IN	Pipe number (USB_PIPE1 to USB_PIPE5)
#define	USB_CFG_HMSC_BULK_OUT	Pipe number (USB_PIPE1 to USB_PIPE5)

## 9. Configuration File (When using RI600V4)

It is necessary to register the OS resource used by HMSC USB driver to RI600V4 when using RI600V4. Please add the following definition in the configuration file. For how to create the configuration file, refer to the chapter, "**RI600V4(Configuration File Creation)**" in the document (Document number: R01AN2166) for *USB Basic Mini Host and Peripheral Driver (USB Mini Firmware) using Firmware Integration Technology Application Note*.

### 9.1 Mailbox Definition

#### 1. Mailbox 1

```
name           : ID_USB_RTOS_HMSC_MBX
wait_queue     : TA_FIFO
message_queue  : TA_MFIFO
```

#### 2. Mailbox 2

```
name           : ID_USB_RTOS_HMSC_REQ_MBX
wait_queue     : TA_FIFO
message_queue  : TA_MFIFO
```

### 9.2 Semaphore Definition

```
name           : ID_USB_RTOS_HMSC_SEM
max_count      : 1
initial_count  : 1
wait_queue     : TA_FIFO
```

### 9.3 Mutex Definition

```
name           : ID_USB_RTOS_TFAT_MTX
ceilpri        : 1
```

## 10. Creating an Application

Refer to the chapter “**Creating an Application Program**” in the document (Document number: R01AN2166) for *USB Basic Mini Host and Peripheral Driver (USB Mini Firmware) using Firmware Integration Technology Application Note*.

**Website and Support**

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## Revision Record

Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
1.00	Dec 1, 2014	—	First edition issued.
1.01	Jun 1, 2015	—	RX231 is added in the target device.
1.02	Dec 28, 2015	—	Upgrading of this USB driver by upgrading of "USB Basic Mini Firmware (R01AN2166)".
1.10	Nov 30, 2018	—	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Supporting Smart Configurator.</li> <li>2. The following chapter is added.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1). 5. Class Driver</li> <li>(2). 6. API Functions</li> <li>(3). 7. Return Value (USB_STS_MSC_CMD_COMPLETED of R_USB_GetEvent Function</li> <li>(4). 8. Configuration (r_usb_hmsc_mini_config.h)</li> </ol> </li> <li>3. The following chapters are changed.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1). 3. API Information</li> <li>(2). 9. Creating an Application</li> </ol> </li> <li>4. The following chapters are deleted.                "How to Register Class Driver", "System Resources", "Task ID and Priority Setting", "File System Interface", "Host Mass Storage Device Driver", "USB Mass Storage Class Driver"</li> </ol>
1.11	May 31, 2019	—	Support GCC compiler and IAR compiler.
1.12	Jun 30, 2019	—	RX23W is added in the target device.
1.20	Jun 1, 2020	—	Support the real time OS.
1.30	Jul 31, 2024	—	RX261 is added in the target device.
1.31	Mar 01, 2025	—	Change Disclaimer.
1.32	Apr 20, 2026	—	Included spdx file and json file in the package.

## General Precautions in the Handling of Microprocessing Unit and Microcontroller Unit Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all Microprocessing unit and Microcontroller unit products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this document, refer to the relevant sections of the document as well as any technical updates that have been issued for the products.

### 1. Precaution against Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

A strong electrical field, when exposed to a CMOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop the generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it occurs. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. This is recommended to avoid using insulators that can easily build up static electricity.

Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors must be grounded. The operator must also be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions must be taken for printed circuit boards with mounted semiconductor devices.

### 2. Processing at power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the time when power is supplied. The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the time when power is supplied. In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting is specified.

### 3. Input of signal during power-off state

Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is powered off. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Follow the guideline for input signal during power-off state as described in your product documentation.

### 4. Handling of unused pins

Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under handling of unused pins in the manual. The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of the LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible.

### 5. Clock signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal becomes stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal is stabilized. When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator or from an external oscillator during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Additionally, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator or by an external oscillator while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

### 6. Voltage application waveform at input pin

Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between  $V_{IL}$  (Max.) and  $V_{IH}$  (Min.) due to noise, for example, the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between  $V_{IL}$  (Max.) and  $V_{IH}$  (Min.).

### 7. Prohibition of access to reserved addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited. The reserved addresses are provided for possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses as the correct operation of the LSI is not guaranteed.

### 8. Differences between products

Before changing from one product to another, for example to a product with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems. The characteristics of a microprocessing unit or microcontroller unit products in the same group but having a different part number might differ in terms of internal memory capacity, layout pattern, and other factors, which can affect the ranges of electrical characteristics, such as characteristic values, operating margins, immunity to noise, and amount of radiated noise. When changing to a product with a different part number, implement a system-evaluation test for the given product.

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