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SH7262/SH7264 Group

I²C Bus Interface 3 Transmission in Single-Master Mode (Write in EEPROM)

Summary

This application note describes an example of writing data in EEPROM by the SH7262/SH7264 Microcomputers (MCUs) I²C Bus Interface 3 (IIC3) transmission in single-master mode.

Target Device

SH7264 MCU (In this document, SH7262/SH7264 are described as "SH7264".)

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1. Introduction

1.1 Specifications

- Specifies the SH7264 MCU as the master device, and EEPROM as the slave device to write data in EEPROM.
- Transfer rate is set to 391 kHz.

Note: Set the transfer rate to satisfy the specifications of EEPROM.

1.2 Modules Used

• I²C Bus Interface 3 (IIC3)

1.3 Applicable Conditions

MCU	SH7262/SH7264
Operating Frequency	Internal clock: 144 MHz
	Bus clock: 72 MHz
	Peripheral clock: 36 MHz
Integrated Development	Renesas Technology Corp.
Environment	High-performance Embedded Workshop Ver.4.04.01
C compiler	Renesas Technology SuperH RISC engine Family
	C/C++ compiler package Ver.9.02 Release 00
Compiler options	Default setting in the High-performance Embedded Workshop
	(-cpu=sh2afpu -fpu=single -object="\$(CONFIGDIR)\\$(FILELEAF).obj" -debug -
	gbr=auto -chgincpath -errorpath -global_volatile=0 -opt_range=all -
	infinite_loop=0 -del_vacant_loop=0 -struct_alloc=1 –nologo)
EEPROM	HX58X24128FPIE (128 Kbit)

1.4 Related Application Note

Refer to the related application notes as follows:

- SH7262/SH7264 Group Example of Initialization
- SH7262/SH7264 Group I²C Bus Interface 3 Reception in Single-Master Mode (Read from EEPROM)



2. Applications

The SH7264 MCU (the master device) transfers data to an EEPROM (the slave device) using the IIC3 in the sample program.

2.1 IIC3 Operation

IIC3 is compliant to the I^2C bus (Inter IC Bus) interface specifications invented by Philips and supports subsets. However, the configuration of registers to control the I^2C bus partly differs from that of Philips.

The SH7264 IIC3 has the following features:

- Format options selectable, I²C bus format or clocked synchronous serial format
- Transmits or receives data continuously As the shift register, transmit data register and receive data register are separate registers, the IIC3 can transmit and receive data continuously.

The table below lists the features of two options of formats. Figure 1 shows the IIC3 block diagram. For details on the IIC3, refer to Section 17, I²C Bus Interface 3 in SH7262 Group, SH7264 Group Hardware Manual.

Table 1 Format Features

Format Name	Description			
l ² C Bus Format	 Automatically generates the START and STOP conditions in master mode An output level of an ACK can be selected upon reception Automatically loads an ACK bit upon transmission Includes the bit synchronization/wait function The IIC3 monitors the SCL status per bit in master mode to synchronize automatically. When it is not ready for transfer, it specifies the SCL to low level to wait. Six interrupt sources (1) Transmit data empty (including when slave address match) (2) Transmit end (3) Receive data full (including when slave address match) (4) Arbitration lost (5) NACK detection (6) Stop condition detection Using the transmit data empty interrupt and the receive data full interrupt to activate the Direct Memory Access Controller (DMAC) and transfer data Bus can be driven directly The SCL and SDA pins are driven by an NMOS open-drain output when selecting the bus drive function 			
Clocked synchronous serial format	 Four interrupt sources (1) Transmit data empty (2) Transmit end (3) Receive data full (4) Overrun error Using the transmit data empty interrupt and the receive data full interrupt to activate the Direct Memory Access Controller (DMAC) and transfer data 			





Figure 1 IIC3 Block Diagram



2.2 IIC3 Setting Procedure

This section describes how to set up the IIC3. Make sure to specify the transfer rate to satisfy the SH7264 MCU external specifications. $P\phi/92$ is specified in the sample program. The figure below shows the flow chart of the IIC3 setup example. For details on register settings, refer to the SH7262 Group, SH7264 Group Hardware Manual.



Figure 2 IIC3 Setup Flow Chart



2.3 Sample Program Operation

The sample program specifies the IIC3 in master transmit mode to write 10 bytes of data (sequential read). This sample program uses "B'1010" as the device code and "B'000" as the device address. For device codes and the device address, refer to the EEPROM data sheet provided by the manufacturer.

The memory address indicates the write start address on EEPROM, and the address is incremented when writing in EEPROM. The figure below shows the IIC3 page write operation. Figure 4 shows the operating environment of the sample program.



Figure 3 Page Write Operation



Figure 4 Sample Program Operating Environment



2.4 Sample Program Flow

Table 2 lists the register settings in the sample program. Table 3 lists the macro definitions used in the sample program. Figure 5 to Figure 9 show flow charts of the sample program.

Table 2 Register Settings (Default Setting)

Register Name	Address	Setting	Function
Standby control register 5 (STBCR5)	H'FFFE 0410	H'00	MSTP56 = "0": IIC3 channel 1 is operating
I ² C bus control register 1 (ICCR1_1)	H'FFFE E400	H'B5	ICE = "1": SCL/SDA pins are driven by bus RCVD = "0": Following reception enabled MST = "1", TRS = "0": Master transmit mode CKS = "B'0101": transfer rate is PΦ/92
I ² C bus mode register (ICMR_1)	H'FFFE E402	H'30	MLS = "0": MSB first BCWP = "0": Set the BC value when writing BC = "B'000": 9 bits

Table 3 Macro Definitions

Macro Definitions Setting		Function	
EEPROM_MEM_ADDR	H'0000	EEPROM start address	
DEVICE_CODE	H'A0	Device code	
DEVICE_ADDR	H'00	Device address	
IIC_DATA_WR	H'00	Write code	
IIC_DATA_RD	H'01	Read code	
IIC3_DATA	10	Data transfer size	





Figure 5 Sample Program Flow Chart (1/5)





Figure 6 Sample Program Flow Chart (2/5)





Figure 7 Sample Program Flow Chart (3/5)





Figure 8 Sample Program Flow Chart (4/5)





Figure 9 Sample Program Flow Chart (5/5)



3. Sample Program Listing

3.1 Sample Program Listing "main.c" (1/9)

```
1
2
       *
3
             System Name : SH7264 Sample Program
4
       *
             File Name : main.c
             Abstract : IIC3 Master transmit mode sample program
5
             Version
6
       *
                        : 1.00.00
       *
7
             Device
                       : SH7264/SH7262
8
       *
             Tool-Chain : High-performance Embedded Workshop (Ver.4.04.01).
9
       *
                        : C/C++ compiler package for the SuperH RISC engine family
10
       *
                                                 (Ver.9.02 Release00).
       *
11
            OS
                       : None
12
        *
             H/W Platform: M3A-HS64G50 (CPU board)
             Disclaimer :
13
14
       *
15
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             typographical errors. Renesas Technology Corporation and Renesas Solutions
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21
22
       *
23
             History
                       : Jan.23,2009 Ver.1.00.00
      24
25
       #include <machine.h>
       #include "iodefine.h"
                             /* SH7264 iodefine */
26
27
28
       /* ==== symbol definition ==== */
       #define EEPROM MEM ADDR 0x0000
29
      #define DEVICE CODE 0xA0 /* EEPROM device code :b'1010
30
                                                             */
      #define DEVICE ADDR 0x00 /* EEPROM device address:b'000
                                                          */
31
      #define IIC_DATA_WR 0x00 /* Data write code :b'0
32
                                                          */
                                                          */
33
      #define IIC DATA RD 0x01 /* Data read code
                                                 :b'1
34
      #define IIC3 DATA 10
35
36
      #define E OK 0
37
       #define E ERR -1
38
       /* ==== RAM allocation variable declaration ==== */
39
40
       unsigned char WriteData[IIC3 DATA];
41
```



3.2 Sample Program Listing "main.c" (2/9)

```
42
    /* ==== prototype declaration ==== */
    void main(void);
43
44
    int io iic3 eeprom write (unsigned char d code, unsigned char d adr,
45
                     unsigned short w adr, unsigned int w size, unsigned char* w buf);
46
    int io iic3 data send(unsigned char data);
47
    int io iic3 address send(unsigned char* data);
    void io_iic3_mst_send_end(void);
48
49
    int io iic3 init(void);
50
    int io iic3 ack polling(void);
51
52
    53
    * TD
          :
54
    * Outline : Sample program main
55
     *_____
56
     * Include
57
     *_____
58
     * Declaration : void main(void);
59
     *_____
60
     * Description : Transmits data to EEPROM using the IIC3 master transmit mode.
61
     *_____
62
     * Argument
             : void
     *_____
63
64
     * Return Value: void
     65
66
    void main (void)
67
    {
68
     int i,ack;
69
70
     /* ==== Creates the write data ==== */
71
     for(i=0;i<IIC3 DATA;i++) {</pre>
      WriteData[i] = IIC3 DATA+i;
72
73
     }
74
     /* ==== Initializes the IIC3 ==== */
75
76
     io_iic3_init();
77
     /* ==== Transmits data in the IIC3 master transmit mode ==== */
78
79
     DEVICE_ADDR, /* Device address */
80
                  0x0000,
                               /* Write start address */
81
                  sizeof(WriteData),
82
                                  /* Write data size */
                               /* Buffer storing data */
                  WriteData);
83
84
85
     if( ack == E OK ){
```



3.3 Sample Program Listing "main.c" (3/9)

```
86
      /* ==== Acknowledge Polling ==== */
87
      while(io iic3 ack polling() != E OK){
88
        /* Waits until reprogramming EEPROM internally is complete */
89
      }
90
     }
91
92
     while(1){
93
      /* Loop */
94
    }
95
    }
96
    97
98
    * ID
            :
99
    * Outline : Initializes the IIC3 module
100
     *_____
101
             : #include "iodefine.h"
     * Include
102
     *_____
103
     * Declaration : int io_iic3_init(void);
104
     *_____
105
     * Description : Initializes the IIC3 channel 1.
    *_____
106
     * Argument
            : void
107
     *_____
108
109
     * Return Value: E OK
    110
    int io iic3 init(void)
111
112
    {
113
    /* ---- STBCR5 ---- */
114
     CPG.STBCR5.BIT.MSTP56 = 0; /* IIC3 channel 1 is operating */
115
116
     /* ---- PORT ---- */
117
     PORT.PECR0.BIT.PE2MD = 0x01; /* SCL1 select */
118
     PORT.PECR0.BIT.PE3MD = 0x01; /* SDA1 select */
119
120
121
     /* ---- Enables the IIC3 module operation ---- */
122
     123
     IIC3 1.ICCR1.BIT.RCVD = 0u;  /* Continues to the next reception */
124
     IIC3 1.ICCR1.BIT.MST = 1u;
                        /* Selects the master */
125
126
     IIC3 1.ICCR1.BIT.TRS = 1u;
                         /* Selects the transmission */
127
     IIC3 1.ICCR1.BIT.CKS = 5u;
                        /* Transfer clock rate at Pq/92 (391 kHz) */
128
```



3.4 Sample Program Listing "main.c" (4/9)

```
129
     /* --- Sets the IIC bus mode register (ICMR) --- */
130
     IIC3 1.ICMR.BYTE = 0x30u;
131
           /*
                     : MLS:0 ----- MSB first
               bit 7
132
               bits 6 to 4: Reserve:1 ----- Reserve bit
133
134
               bit 3 : BCWP:0----- Not set
               bits 2 to 0: BC0:0, BC1:0, BC0:0----- IIC format 9-bit
135
136
           */
137
138
    return(E OK);
139
   }
140
    141
142
    * ID
        :
    * Outline : Write data into EEPROM
143
144
     *_____
145
     * Include
             : #include "iodefine.h"
     *_____
146
     * Declaration : int io iic3 eeprom write(unsigned char d code,
147
148
                                unsigned char d adr,
             :
149
             :
                                unsigned short w adr,
150
                                unsigned int w size,
              :
151
                                unsigned char* w buf);
              :
     *_____
152
153
     * Description : Writes the w size bytes of data stored in the buffer specified
             : by the "w_buf" into EEPROM specified by the device code "d_code",
154
155
              : device address "d adr". Specify the memory address of EEPROM by
156
             : the "w adr".
     *_____
                      _____
157
158
     * Argument : unsigned char d code : Device code
            : unsigned char d adr : Device address
159
    *
             : unsigned short w adr : Write start address
160
    *
161
             : unsigned int w size : Write data size
              : unsigned char* w_buf : BUffer storing the write data
162
163
    *_____
                              _____
     * Return Value: ACK received: E OK
164
165
     * : NO ACK received: E ERR
     166
```



3.5 Sample Program Listing "main.c" (5/9)

```
167
      int io iic3 eeprom write(unsigned char d code, unsigned char d adr, unsigned short w adr,
168
                              unsigned int w_size, unsigned char* w_buf)
169
     {
170
       int ack = E OK;
171
       int i;
172
       unsigned char send[3];
173
174
       send[0] = (unsigned char) (d code|((d adr & 0x7)<<1)|IIC DATA WR);</pre>
       send[1] = (unsigned char)((w adr>>8) & 0x00ff);
175
176
       send[2] = (unsigned char) (w adr & 0x00ff);
177
       while(IIC3 1.ICCR2.BIT.BBSY == 1u) {
178
179
        /* Waits for the bus release */
180
       }
181
        IIC3_1.ICCR1.BYTE |= 0x30u;
                                                              /* Sets the IIC3 in the
182
                                                              master transmit mode */
       IIC3 1.ICCR2.BYTE = ((IIC3 1.ICCR2.BYTE & 0xbfu)|0x80u); /* Issues START condition */
183
184
185
        ack = io iic3 address send(send);
                                                              /* Transmits the 1st, 2nd,
                                                              and 3rd bytes */
186
187
188
       if(ack == E OK){
         /* Received an ACK from the specified device */
189
190
         for(i=0;i<w_size;i++){
191
             ack = io iic3 data send(*w buf++); /* Transmits data */
             if(ack == E ERR){
192
193
                break;
194
             }
195
         }
196
         io iic3 mst send end();
197
       }
198
       else{
         /* No ACK received from the specified device */
199
200
         io iic3 mst send end();
201
       }
202
       return(ack);
203
      }
204
```



3.6 Sample Program Listing "main.c" (6/9)

```
205
206
   * ID
          :
207
   * Outline : Transmit the slave device address
   *_____
208
209
   * Include
           :
210
   *_____
211
   * Declaration : int io_iic3_address_send(unsigned char* data);
212
   *_____
213
   * Description : Transmits the address of the slave device (1 byte) and the memory
214
   * : address (2 bytes) specified by the argument "data".
   *-----
215
216
   * Argument : unsigned char* data : Transmit data
   *_____
217
218
   * Return Value: ACK received: E OK
   * : No ACK received: E_ERR
219
220
   221
   int io iic3 address send(unsigned char* data)
2.2.2
  {
223
   int ack;
224
  225
   if(ack == E ERR){
226
227
    return(ack);
228
   }
   229
   if(ack == E ERR){
230
231
    return(ack);
232
   }
   ack = io_iic3_data_send(*data); /* 2nd memory address */
233
234
   if(ack == E ERR){
    return(ack);
235
236
   }
2.37
   return(ack);
238
  }
239
```



3.7 Sample Program Listing "main.c" (7/9)

	ne : Transmit one byte of data			
* Inclu	de : #include "iodefine.h"			
* Decla	ration : int io_iic3_data_send(unsigned char data);			
	iption : Transmits the"data" as the following steps.			
*	: 1. Waits for the ICDRT empty			
*	: 2. Sets the transmit data			
*	: 3. Confirms the transmission is complete			
*	: 4. Confirms an ACK is received			
* Argum	ent : unsigned char data : Transmit data			
	n Value: ACK received: E OK			
*	: NO ACK received: E ERR			
*""FUNC	COMMENT END""***********************************			
	ic3 data send(unsigned char data)			
<u>-</u> - {				
int ac	k;			
while(IIC3 1.ICSR.BIT.TDRE == 0u) {			
	aits for the ICDRT empty */			
}	- 1 - 2 - /			
,	.ICDRT = data;			
_	IIC3 1.ICSR.BIT.TEND == 0u) {			
	aits until the transmission is complete */			
}				
	3 1.1CIER.BIT.ACKBR == 011)			
<pre>if(IIC3_1.ICIER.BIT.ACKBR == 0u) { ack = E OK;</pre>				
}				
; else{				
	= E ERR;			
ack =				
,				
	(ack);			
return				



3.8 Sample Program Listing "main.c" (8/9)

```
279
280
    * ID
           :
281
   * Outline : Issue STOP condition
   *_____
282
           : #include "iodefine.h"
283
    * Include
284
    *_____
285
    * Declaration : void io_iic3_mst_send_end(void);
    *_____
286
2.87
    * Description : Issues STOP condition, and switches the mode to slave receive mode.
    *_____
288
289
    * Argument
            : void
    *-----
290
    * Return Value: void
291
   292
293
   void io iic3 mst send end(void)
294
  {
    IIC3 1.ICSR.BIT.TEND = Ou; /* Clears the TEND flag */
295
296
    IIC3 1.ICSR.BIT.STOP = Ou;
                      /* Clears the STOP flag */
    IIC3_1.ICCR2.BYTE &= 0x3fu;
                      /* Issues STOP condition */
297
298
299
    while(IIC3 1.ICSR.BIT.STOP == 0u) {
300
    /* Waits for the bus release */
301
    }
302
    IIC3_1.ICCR1.BYTE &= 0xcfu; /* Slave receive mode */
303
    IIC3 1.ICSR.BIT.TDRE = 0u;
                      /* Clears the TDRE */
304
305
   }
306
```



3.9 Sample Program Listing "main.c" (9/9)

```
307
308
    * ID
             :
309
    * Outline
              : Acknowledge Polling
    *_____
310
              : #include "iodefine.h"
311
     * Include
312
     *_____
313
     * Declaration : io_iic3_ack_polling
     *_____
314
     ^{\star} Description : Checks if the write cycle of the EEPROM is finished.
315
316
          : EEPROM ignores the input command and does not return an ACK when
317
              : the write cycle is not finished. Access EEPROM after checking that
318
              : the write cycle of EEPROM is finished. Read/Write codes to transmit
319
              : upon the Acknowledge Polling depends on the type of EEPROM.
320
              : Refer to the datasheet of EEPROM for further information.
321
     *_____
              : void
322
     * Argument
323
     *_____
     * Return Value: E_OK : NOT_BUSY
324
325
     * : E ERR : BUSY (EEPROM is in the write cycle).
    32.6
327
    int io iic3 ack polling(void)
328
    {
329
     int ack = E OK;
     unsigned char send = (unsigned char)(DEVICE_CODE|((DEVICE_ADDR & 0x7)<<1)|IIC_DATA_WR);
330
331
     while(IIC3 1.ICCR2.BIT.BBSY == 1u) {
332
333
      /* Waits for the bus release */
334
     }
                                              /* Sets the IIC3 in
     IIC3 1.ICCR1.BYTE |= 0x30u;
335
336
                                              master transmit mode */
     IIC3 1.ICCR2.BYTE = ((IIC3 1.ICCR2.BYTE & 0xbfu) | 0x80u); /* Issues START condition */
337
338
339
     ack = io iic3 data send(send);
340
     io_iic3_mst_send_end(); /* Issues STOP condition */
341
342
343
    return(ack);
344
    }
345 /* End of File */
```



4. References

- Software Manual SH-2A/SH-2A-FPU Software Manual Rev. 3.00 (Download the latest version from the Renesas website.)
- Hardware Manual SH7262 Group, SH7264 Group Hardware Manual Rev. 1.00 (Download the latest version from the Renesas website.)



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Revision History

		Descript	ion
Rev.	Date	Page	Summary
1.00	Apr 14, 2009	_	First edition issued

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