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## M16C/62P Group

### Example Application for Reduced Power Consumption in the Flash Memory Version

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#### 1. Abstract

This document describes the procedure and example usage for reducing the power consumption in the flash memory version of microcomputer

#### 2. Introduction

The explanation of this issue is applied to the following condition:

Applicable MCU: M16C/62P Group (flash memory version)

This program can also be used when operating other microcomputers within the M16C family, provided they have the same SFR (Special Function Registers) as the M16C/62P microcomputers. However, some functions may have been modified.

Refer to the User's Manual for details. Use functions covered in this Application Note only after careful evaluation.

### 3. Explanation of Example Usage

#### 3.1 Implementation Flow for Reduced Power Consumption

Figure 1 shows flowchart for implementing reduced power consumption.

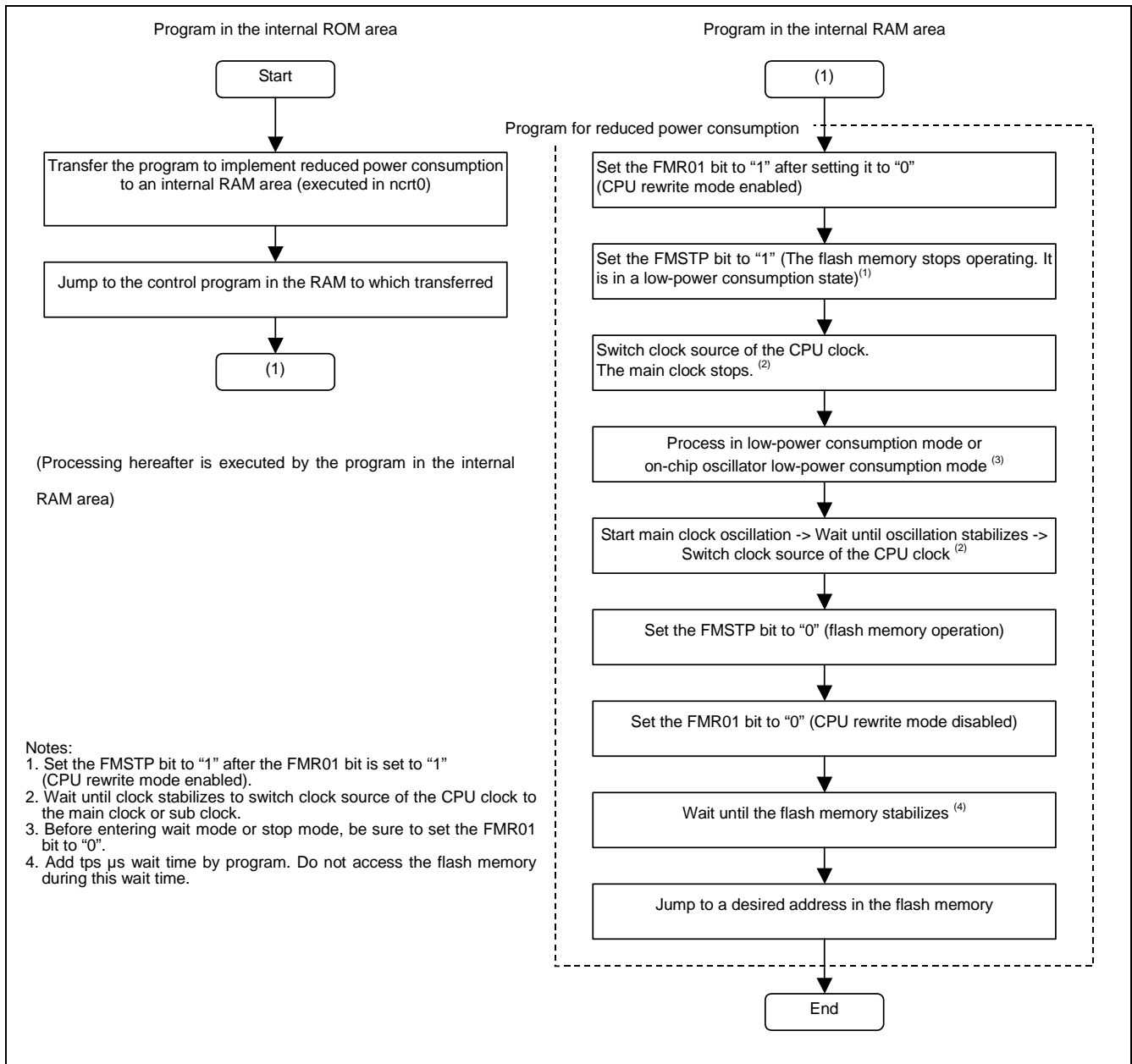


Figure 1. Flowchart for Implementing Reduced Power Consumption

## 3.2 Set Up Procedure

### 3.2.1 Transferring the Reduced-power Consumption Program into RAM

The program to implement reduced power consumption needs to be run in RAM. Here, the following explains an example for transferring the reduced-power consumption program from the ROM area in which it is stored beginning with the address 0F1000h to an area in RAM.

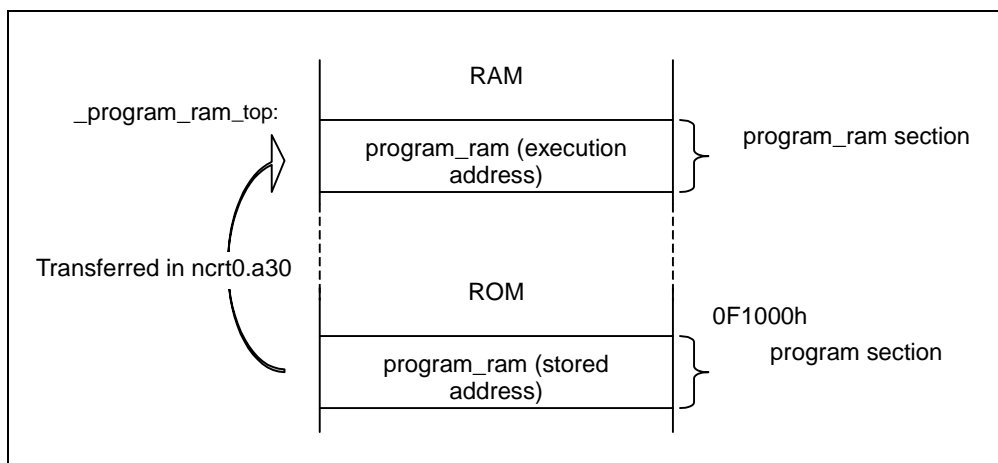


Figure 2. Program Location

#### (1) Change the Section Name.

Add a section name “program\_ram,” and locate the program to be run in RAM in that section. To relocate the program from the program section to the program\_ram section, write a process as shown below.

```
void main(void)
{
    /* This program part is located in the program section */
}
```

```
/* The program part following the #pragma SECTION declaration is located in the program_ram section */
#pragma SECTION program program_ram
void low_power(void)
{
    /* This program part is located in the program_ram section */
}
```

#### (2) Changing sect30.inc

Add the program\_ram section to sect30.inc. In the example here, it is located after the heap section. Note also that the program\_ram\_top label is used when transferring the program.

```
-----
; heap section
;-----
.section heap,DATA
heap_top:
.blkb HEAPSIZE
```

```

;-----
; RAM program area
;-----
        .section program_ram,ALIGN
_program_ram_top:
        .glb      _program_ram_top
    
```

Add here.

### (3) Transferring the Program

Add a process for transferring the program into RAM in the startup routine (ncrt0.a30).

```

;=====
; Initialize standard I/O
;-----
.if __STANDARD_IO__ != 1
        .glb      _init
        .call     _init,G
        jsr.a     _init
.endif
    
```

```

;=====
; Program Ram initialize
; _from_addr is defined by as30 option "-D_from_addr=0f1000h"
;-----
        N_BCOPY _from_addr,_program_ram_top,program_ram
;
    
```

Add here

```

;=====
; Call main() function
;-----
        ldc      #0h,fb ; for debugger

        .glb      _main
        jsr.a     _main
    
```

### (4) Specifying the Program Storage Location

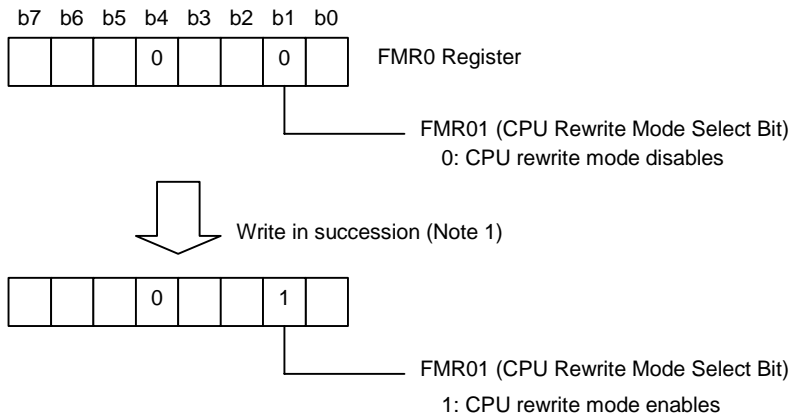
To run the program transferred into RAM, it is necessary to specify in the linker (ln30) that the program storage address (in ROM) and execution address (in RAM) be located separately.

```
ln30 -LOC program_ram=0F1000
```

In the above option, the program\_ram section is stored beginning with the address 0F1000h.

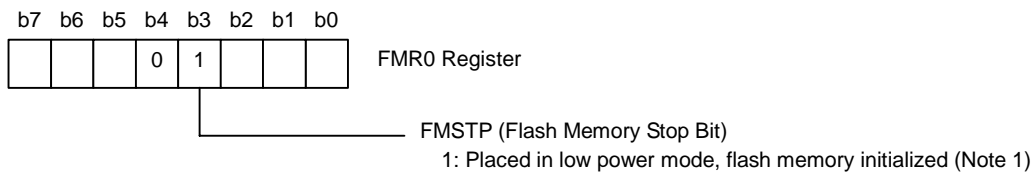
## 3.2.2 Processing in the Reduced-power Consumption Program

### (1) Enable the CPU rewrite mode.



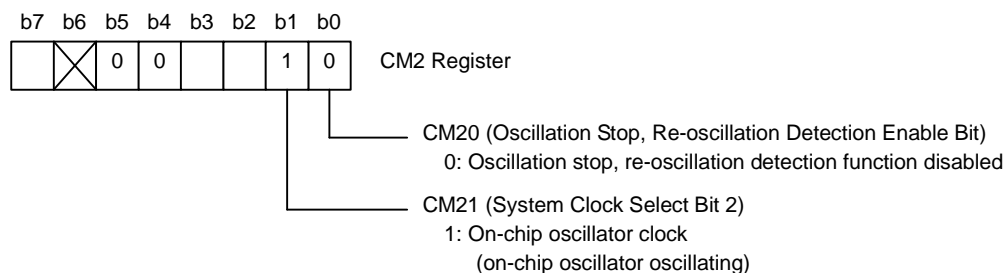
Note: To set the FMR01 bit to "1", write "0" and then "1" to the FMR01 bit in succession. Make sure no interrupts or DMA transfers occur before the CPU writes "1" after writing "0". Make sure writes to the FMR01 bit is performed in other than the internal flash memory. Also make sure this write operation is performed while the  $\overline{\text{NMI}}$  pin is in the high state.

### (2) Turn the flash memory off.

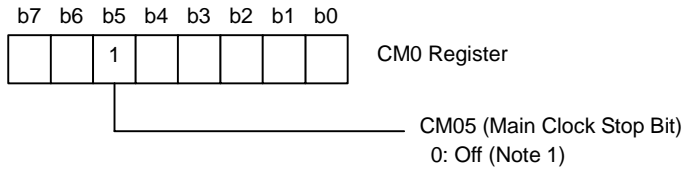


Note 1: Write to this bit from a program in other than the flash memory. Effective when the FMR01 bit = 1 (CPU rewrite mode). If the FMR01 bit = 0, although the FMR03 bit can be set to "1" by writing "1" in a program, the flash memory is neither placed in low power mode nor initialized.

### (3) Change the CPU clock source to the on-chip oscillator clock. (When using the on-chip oscillator)



**(4) Stop the main clock.**

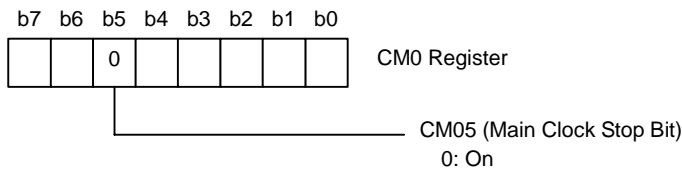


Note 1: This bit is provided to stop the main clock when the low power dissipation mode or on-chip oscillator low power dissipation mode is selected. This bit cannot be used for detection as to whether the main clock stopped or not. To stop the main clock, set bits in the following order.

- (a) Set the CM07 bit to "1" (Sub-clock select) or the CM21 bit of CM2 register to "1" (On-chip oscillator select) with the sub-clock stably oscillating.
- (b) Set the CM20 bit of CM2 register to "0" (Oscillation stop, re-oscillation detection function disabled).
- (c) Set the CM05 bit to "1" (Stop).

**(5) Execute the user program that runs during reduced power consumption with the on-chip oscillator clock.**

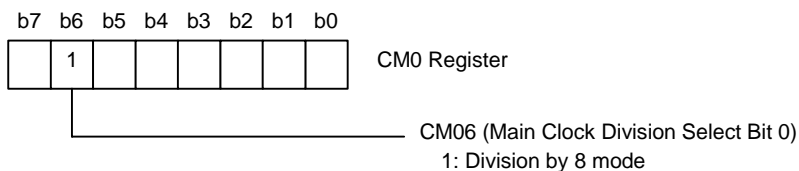
**(6) Let the main clock start oscillating.**



**(7) Wait about 1 ms (Note 1) until the main clock oscillation stabilizes.**

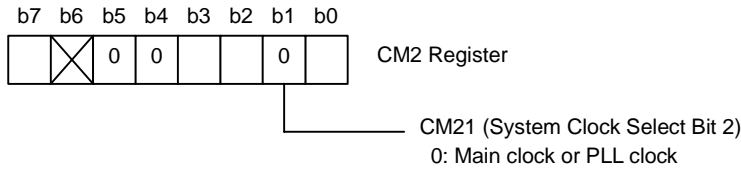
Note 1: In this document, the main clock is assumed to have an oscillation stabilization time of 1 ms. Since the oscillation stabilization time varies with each type of resonator, check the resonator used in your system to find the time to be waited until it stabilizes.

**(8) Set the main clock divide ratio to divide-by-8 mode.**

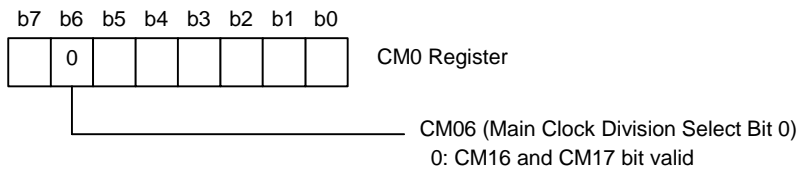
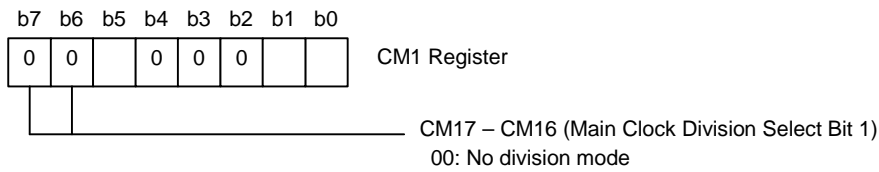




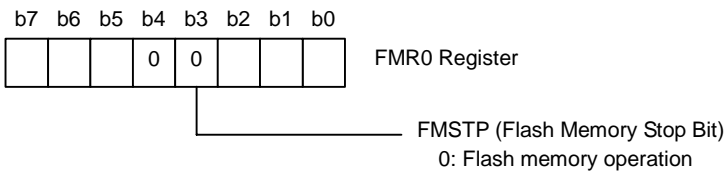
**(9) Change the CPU clock source to the main clock.**



**(10) Set the main clock divide ratio to not-divided mode.**

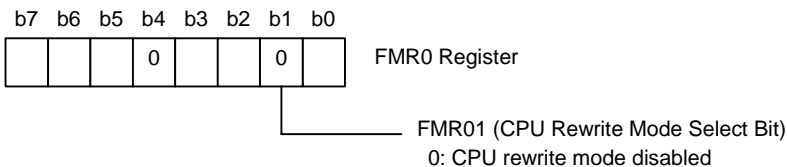


**(11) Turn the flash memory on.**



Note 1: Write to this bit from a program in other than the flash memory.  
Effective when the FMR01 bit = 1 (CPU rewrite mode). If the FMR01 bit = 0, although the FMR03 bit can be set to "1" by writing "1" in a program, the flash memory is neither placed in low power mode nor initialized.

**(12) Disable the CPU rewrite mode.**



**(13) Wait until the flash memory circuit stabilizes.**

Wait a finite time equal to the flash memory circuit stabilization time (tPS).

**(14) Jump to any address in the flash memory.**

#### 4. Sample Programming Code

The following shows an example program for entering and exiting reduced-power consumption mode clocked by on-chip oscillator repeatedly as triggered by an  $\overline{\text{INT0}}$  interrupt request generated.

**Operating Conditions:**

(1) VCC1=VCC2=5V

(2) XIN=16MHz

**Amount of memory used:**

The reduced-power consumption program transferred into RAM requires 115 bytes of memory when it is compiled without optimization options.

4.1 Processing Flow

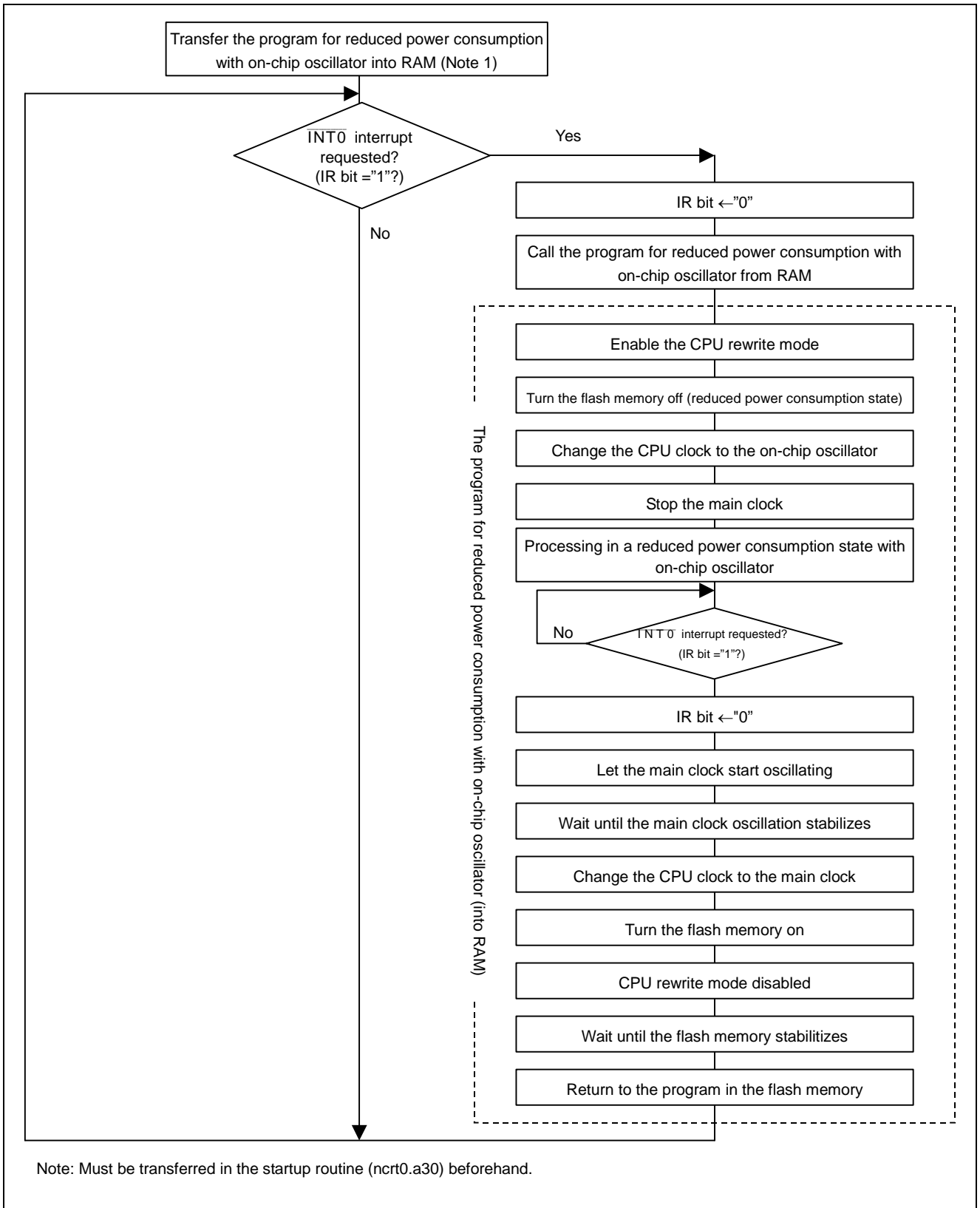


Figure 3. Sample Program Processing Flow

## 4.2 Program source

### (1) Program (rjj05b0642\_src.c)

```

/*****/
/*                                          */
/* M16C/62P Group Program Collection      */
/*                                          */
/* FILE NAME : rjj05b0642_src.c          */
/* CPU       : This program is the example of application of the */
/*             reduction in on-chip oscillator power consumption. */
/*                                          */
/* HISTORY   : 2004.11.01 Ver 1.00       */
/*                                          */
/* Copyright (C) 2004. Renesas Technology Corp. */
/* Copyright (C) 2004. Renesas Solutions Corp. */
/* All right reserved.                    */
/*                                          */
/*****/
/*****/
/* include file                          */
/*****/
#include "sfr62p.h"                       // Special Function Register Header File

/*****/
/* Function declaration                   */
/*****/
void low_power(void);                    // Low power consumption-ized program.

/*****/
/* symbol declaration                    */
/*****/
#define WAIT_MAIN_STB 65 // Main clock oscillation stable waiting time.
// 1ms (at on-chip-oscillator-clock(1MHz) no-division mode)
#define WAIT_tPS 16 // Flash memory circuit stable waiting time.
// 15us (at main-clock(16MHz) no-division mode)

/*****/
/* main function                         */
/*****/
void main(void)
{
    int0ic = 0; // Set INTO0 interrupt proprity level
    ifsr = 0; // INTO0 select a falling edge.

    asm(" fclr I");

    while(1)
    {
        // Waiting for an INTO0 interruption demand.
        while(!ir_int0ic);
        int0ic = 0; // An INTO0 interruption demand is cleared.
        low_power(); // Low power consumption-ized program execution.
    }
}

#pragma SECTION program program_ram
/*****/
/* Low power consumption-ized program */
/*****/
void low_power(void)
{

```

```

unsigned short loop;           // wait counter.

fmr01 = 0;                     // CPU rewrite mode enabled.
fmr01 = 1;

fmstp = 1;                     // Stop flash memory.

prc0 = 1;                      // Protect disabled.

cm21 = 1;                      // An on-tip oscillator is oscillated
// and it is made a CPU clock.

cm05 = 1;                      // Stop main-clock.

prc0 = 0;                      // Protect enabled.

// Waiting for an INT0 interruption demand.
while(!ir_int0ic);
int0ic = 0;                    // An INT0 interruption demand is cleared.

prc0 = 1;                      // Protect disabled.

cm05 = 0;                      // Main-clock oscillation.

// Waiting for main clock oscillation stability.
for (loop=0;loop<WAIT_MAIN_STB;loop++) {
    asm("");                   // The asm Function suppresses optimization.
};

cm06 = 1;                      // Set main-clock divid-by-8 mode.

cm21 = 0;                      // A main clock is used as a CPU clock.

cm1 = cm1 & 0x3f;             // Set "0" to cm17 and cm16.
cm06 = 0;                      // Set main-clock no-divid mode.

prc0 = 0;                      // Protect enabled.

fmstp = 0;                     // A flash memory is operated.

fmr01 = 0;                     // CPU rewrite mode disabled.

// Waiting for flash memory stability.
for (loop=0;loop<WAIT_tPS;loop++) {
    asm("");                   // The asm Function suppresses optimization.
};

return;

}

```

## (2) Start Up File (ncrt0.a30)

```

;***** ;
; C COMPILER for R8C/Tiny, M16C/60,30,20,10
; COPYRIGHT(C) 1999(2000-2004) RENESAS TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION
; AND RENESAS SOLUTIONS CORPORATION ALL RIGHTS RESERVED
;
;
; ncrt0.a30 : NC30 startup program
;
; This program is applicable when using the basic I/O library
;
; $Id: ncrt0.a30,v 1.27 2004/03/08 04:13:56 muranaka Exp $
;
;*****

;-----
; HEAP SIZE definition
;-----
.if    __HEAP__ == 1
HEAPSIZE    .equ    0H
.else
.endif

.if    __HEAPSIZE__ == 0
HEAPSIZE    .equ    300H
.else
HEAPSIZE    .equ    __HEAPSIZE__
.endif

.endif

;-----
; STACK SIZE definition
;-----
.if    __USTACKSIZE__ == 0
.if    __R8C__ != 1
STACKSIZE    .equ    300h
.else
STACKSIZE    .equ    80h
.endif
.else
STACKSIZE    .equ    __USTACKSIZE__
.endif

;-----
; INTERRUPT STACK SIZE definition
;-----
.if    __ISTACKSIZE__ == 0
.if    __R8C__ != 1
ISTACKSIZE    .equ    300h
.else
ISTACKSIZE    .equ    80h
.endif
.else
ISTACKSIZE    .equ    __ISTACKSIZE__
.endif

;-----
; INTERRUPT VECTOR ADDRESS definition
;-----
.if    __R8C__ != 1
VECTOR_ADR    .equ    0ffd00h
SVECTOR_ADR    .equ    0ffe00h
.else
VECTOR_ADR    .equ    0fedch
.endif

;-----

```

```

; Section allocation
;-----
        .list OFF
        .include sect30.inc
        .list ON

;-----
; SBDATA area definition
;-----
        .glb    __SB__
__SB__ .equ    data_SE_top

;=====
; Initialize Macro declaration
;-----
N_BZERO        .macro TOP_ ,SECT_
        mov.b   #00H, R0L
        mov.w   #(TOP_ & 0FFFFH), A1
        mov.w   #sizeof SECT_ , R3
        sstr.b
        .endm

N_BCOPY .macro FROM_,TO_,SECT_
        mov.w   #(FROM_ & 0FFFFH),A0
        mov.b   #(FROM_ >>16),R1H
        mov.w   #TO_ ,A1
        mov.w   #sizeof SECT_ , R3
        smovf.b
        .endm

BZERO .macro TOP_,SECT_
        push.w  #sizeof SECT_ >> 16
        push.w  #sizeof SECT_ & 0ffffh
        pusha   TOP_ >>16
        pusha   TOP_ & 0ffffh
        .stk    8
        .glb    _bzero
        .call   _bzero,G
        jsr.a   _bzero
        .endm

BCOPY .macro FROM_ ,TO_ ,SECT_
        push.w  #sizeof SECT_ >> 16
        push.w  #sizeof SECT_ & 0ffffh
        pusha   TO_ >>16
        pusha   TO_ & 0ffffh
        pusha   FROM_ >>16
        pusha   FROM_ & 0ffffh
        .stk    12
        .glb    _bcopy
        .call   _bcopy,G
        jsr.a   _bcopy
        .endm

.if    __R8C__ != 1
;
; for M16C/60,30,20,10 series
;
;                .glb    __BankSelect
;__BankSelect .equ    0BH

;-----
; special page definition
;-----
;        macro define for special page
;
;Format:
;        SPECIAL number
;

```

```

SPECIAL      .macro NUM
              .org      0FFFFFFH-(NUM*2)
              .glb      __SPECIAL_@NUM
              .word     __SPECIAL_@NUM & 0FFFFFFH
            .endm
;=====
; Interrupt section start
;-----
              .insf     start,S,0
              .glb      start
              .section   interrupt
start:
;-----
; after reset,this program will start
;-----
              ldc       #istack_top,   isp      ;set istack pointer
              mov.b     #02h,0ah
              mov.b     #00h,04h          ;set processer mode
              mov.b     #08h,06h
              mov.b     #20h,07h          ;set mein clock no-division mode
              mov.b     #00h,0ah
              ldc       #0080h, flg
              ldc       #stack_top,    sp       ;set stack pointer
              ldc       #data_SE_top,  sb       ;set sb register
              ldintb   #VECTOR_ADR

;=====
; NEAR area initialize.
;-----
; bss zero clear
;-----
              N_BZERO  bss_SE_top,bss_SE
              N_BZERO  bss_SO_top,bss_SO
              N_BZERO  bss_NE_top,bss_NE
              N_BZERO  bss_NO_top,bss_NO

;-----
; initialize data section
;-----
              N_BCOPY  data_SEI_top,data_SE_top,data_SE
              N_BCOPY  data_SOI_top,data_SO_top,data_SO
              N_BCOPY  data_NEI_top,data_NE_top,data_NE
              N_BCOPY  data_NOI_top,data_NO_top,data_NO

;=====
; FAR area initialize.
;-----
; bss zero clear
;-----
              BZERO   bss_FE_top,bss_FE
              BZERO   bss_FO_top,bss_FO

;-----
; Copy edata_E(O) section from edata_EI(OI) section
;-----
              BCOPY   data_FEI_top,data_FE_top,data_FE
              BCOPY   data_FOI_top,data_FO_top,data_FO

              ldc     #stack_top,sp
              .stk    -40

;=====
; heap area initialize
;-----
.if __HEAP__ != 1
              .glb    __mbase
              .glb    __mnext
              .glb    __msize

```



```

mov.w  #(heap_top&0FFFFH), __mbase
mov.w  #(heap_top>>16), __mbase+2
mov.w  #(heap_top&0FFFFH), __mnext
mov.w  #(heap_top>>16), __mnext+2
mov.w  #(HEAPSIZE&0FFFFH), __msize
mov.w  #(HEAPSIZE>>16), __msize+2
.endif

;=====
; Initialize standard I/O
;-----
.if __STANDARD_IO__ == 1
    .glb  _init
    .call _init,G
    jsr.a _init
.endif

;=====
; Program Ram initialize
; _from_addr is defined by as30 option "-D_from_addr=0fa000h"
;-----
    N_BCOPY _from_addr, program_ram_top, program_ram
;

;=====
; Call main() function
;-----
    ldc  #0h,fb ; for debugger

    .glb  _main
    jsr.a _main

.else ; __R8C__

;-----
; for R8C/Tiny
;-----

;=====
; Interrupt section start
;-----
    .insf start,S,0
    .glb  start
    .section      interrupt
start:
;-----
; after reset, this program will start
;-----
    ldc  #istack_top,   isp    ;set istack pointer
    mov.b #02h,0ah
    mov.b #00h,04h      ;set processor mode
    mov.b #00h,0ah
    ldc  #0080h, flg
    ldc  #stack_top,   sp     ;set stack pointer
    ldc  #data_SE_top, sb     ;set sb register
    ldintb #VECTOR_ADR

;=====
; NEAR area initialize.
;-----
; bss zero clear
;-----
    N_BZERO bss_SE_top,bss_SE
    N_BZERO bss_SO_top,bss_SO
    N_BZERO bss_NE_top,bss_NE
    N_BZERO bss_NO_top,bss_NO

;-----
; initialize data section

```

```

;-----
N_BCOPY data_SEI_top,data_SE_top,data_SE
N_BCOPY data_SOI_top,data_SO_top,data_SO
N_BCOPY data_NEI_top,data_NE_top,data_NE
N_BCOPY data_NOI_top,data_NO_top,data_NO

;=====
; FAR area initialize.
;-----
; bss zero clear
;-----
; BZERO bss_FE_top,bss_FE
; BZERO bss_FO_top,bss_FO

;-----
; Copy edata_E(O) section from edata_EI(OI) section
;-----
; BCOPY data_FEI_top,data_FE_top,data_FE
; BCOPY data_FOI_top,data_FO_top,data_FO

ldc #stack_top,sp
; .stk -40

;=====
; heap area initialize
;-----
.if __HEAP__ != 1
.glb __mbase
.glb __mnext
.glb __msize
mov.w #(heap_top&0FFFFH), __mbase
mov.w #(heap_top&0FFFFH), __mnext
mov.w #(HEAPSIZE&0FFFFH), __msize
.endif

;=====
; Initialize standard I/O
;-----
.if __STANDARD_IO__ == 1
.glb _init
.call _init,G
jsr.a _init
.endif

;=====
; Call main() function
;-----
ldc #0h,fb ; for debugger

.glb _main
jsr.a _main

.endif ; __R8C__

;=====
; exit() function
;-----
.glb _exit
.glb $exit
_exit: ; End program
$exit:
jmp _exit
.einsf

;=====
; dummy interrupt function
;-----
.glb dummy_int
dummy_int:
reit

```

```
.end  
;*****  
;  
; C COMPILER for R8C/Tiny, M16C/60,30,20,10  
; COPYRIGHT(C) 1999(2000-2004) RENESAS TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION  
; AND RENESAS SOLUTIONS CORPORATION ALL RIGHTS RESERVED  
;  
;*****
```

(3) Section define File (sect30.inc)

```

;*****
;
; C Compiler for R8C/Tiny, M16C/60,30,20,10
; COPYRIGHT(C) 1999(2000-2002) RENESAS TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION
; AND RENESAS SOLUTIONS CORPORATION ALL RIGHTS RESERVED
;
;
; Written by T.Aoyama
;
; sect30.inc      : section definition
; This program is applicable when using the basic I/O library
;
; $Id: sect30.inc,v 1.22 2004/02/16 05:17:14 muranaka Exp $
;*****

.if   __R8C__ != 1
;
;   for M16C/60,30,20,10
;
;-----
;
;   Arrangement of section
;
;-----
; Near RAM data area
;-----
; SBDATA area
    .section      data_SE,DATA
    .org      400H
data_SE_top:

    .section      bss_SE,DATA,ALIGN
bss_SE_top:

    .section      data_SO,DATA
data_SO_top:

    .section      bss_SO,DATA
bss_SO_top:

; near RAM area
    .section      data_NE,DATA,ALIGN
data_NE_top:

    .section      bss_NE,DATA,ALIGN
bss_NE_top:

    .section      data_NO,DATA
data_NO_top:

    .section      bss_NO,DATA
bss_NO_top:

;-----
; Stack area
;-----
    .section      stack,DATA
    .blkb      STACKSIZE
stack_top:

    .blkb      ISTACKSIZE
istack_top:

;-----
;   heap section

```

```

;-----
        .section      heap,DATA
heap_top:
        .blkb    HEAPSIZE
;-----
; RAM program area
;-----
        .section      program_ram,ALIGN
_program_ram_top:
        .glb    _program_ram_top
;-----
; Near ROM data area
;-----
        .section      rom_NE,ROMDATA,ALIGN
rom_NE_top:

        .section      rom_NO,ROMDATA
rom_NO_top:
;-----
; Far RAM data area
;-----
        .section      data_FE,DATA
        .org          10000H
data_FE_top:

        .section      bss_FE,DATA,ALIGN
bss_FE_top:

        .section      data_FO,DATA
data_FO_top:

        .section      bss_FO,DATA
bss_FO_top:
;-----
; Far ROM data area
;-----
        .section      rom_FE,ROMDATA
        .org          0F0000H
rom_FE_top:

        .section      rom_FO,ROMDATA
rom_FO_top:
;-----
; Initial data of 'data' section
;-----
        .section      data_SEI,ROMDATA
data_SEI_top:

        .section      data_SOI,ROMDATA
data_SOI_top:

        .section      data_NEI,ROMDATA
data_NEI_top:

        .section      data_NOI,ROMDATA
data_NOI_top:

        .section      data_FEI,ROMDATA
data_FEI_top:

        .section      data_FOI,ROMDATA
data_FOI_top:

```

```

;-----
; Switch Table Section
;-----
        .section          switch_table,ROMDATA
switch_table_top:

;-----
; code area
;-----

        .section          program

        .section          interrupt
; .org      ;must be set internal ROM area
        .section          program_S

.if     __MVT__==0
;-----
; variable vector section
;-----
        .section          vector,ROMDATA ; variable vector table
        .org      VECTOR_ADR

.if     M60TYPE == 1
        .lword  dummy_int      ; vector 0 (BRK)
        .lword  dummy_int      ; vector 1
        .lword  dummy_int      ; vector 2
        .lword  dummy_int      ; vector 3
        .lword  dummy_int      ; vector 4
        .lword  dummy_int      ; vector 5
        .lword  dummy_int      ; vector 6
        .lword  dummy_int      ; vector 7
        .lword  dummy_int      ; vector 8
        .lword  dummy_int      ; vector 9
        .lword  dummy_int      ; vector 10
        .lword  dummy_int      ; DMA0 (for user) (vector 11)
        .lword  dummy_int      ; DMA1 2 (for user) (vector 12)
        .lword  dummy_int      ; input key (for user) (vector 13)
        .lword  dummy_int      ; AD Convert (for user) (vector 14)
        .lword  dummy_int      ; vector 15
        .lword  dummy_int      ; vector 16
        .lword  dummy_int      ; uart0 trance (for user) (vector 17)
        .lword  dummy_int      ; uart0 receive (for user) (vector 18)
        .lword  dummy_int      ; uart1 trance (for user) (vector 19)
        .lword  dummy_int      ; uart1 receive (for user) (vector 20)
        .lword  dummy_int      ; TIMER A0 (for user) (vector 21)
        .lword  dummy_int      ; TIMER A1 (for user) (vector 22)
        .lword  dummy_int      ; TIMER A2 (for user) (vector 23)
        .lword  dummy_int      ; TIMER A3 (for user) (vector 24)
        .lword  dummy_int      ; TIMER A4 (for user) (vector 25)
        .lword  dummy_int      ; TIMER B0 (for user) (vector 26)
        .lword  dummy_int      ; TIMER B1 (for user) (vector 27)
        .lword  dummy_int      ; TIMER B2 (for user) (vector 28)
        .lword  dummy_int      ; INT0 (for user) (vector 29)
        .lword  dummy_int      ; INT1 (for user) (vector 30)
        .lword  dummy_int      ; INT2 (for user) (vector 31)
.else
        .lword  dummy_int      ; BRK      (vector 0)
        .lword  dummy_int      ;          (vector 1)
        .lword  dummy_int      ;          (vector 2)
        .lword  dummy_int      ;          (vector 3)
        .lword  dummy_int      ; int3(for user)(vector 4)
        .lword  dummy_int      ; timerB5(for user)(vector 5)
        .lword  dummy_int      ; timerB4(for user)(vector 6)
        .lword  dummy_int      ; timerB3(for user)(vector 7)
        .lword  dummy_int      ; si/o4 /int5(for user)(vector 8)
        .lword  dummy_int      ; si/o3 /int4(for user)(vector 9)
        .lword  dummy_int      ; Bus collision detection(for user)(v10)

```

```

.lword dummy_int ; DMA0(for user)(vector 11)
.lword dummy_int ; DMA1(for user)(vector 12)
.lword dummy_int ; Key input interrupt(for user)(vect 13)
.lword dummy_int ; A-D(for user)(vector 14)
.lword dummy_int ; uart2 transmit(for user)(vector 15)
.lword dummy_int ; uart2 receive(for user)(vector 16)
.lword dummy_int ; uart0 transmit(for user)(vector 17)
.lword dummy_int ; uart0 receive(for user)(vector 18)
.lword dummy_int ; uart1 transmit(for user)(vector 19)
.lword dummy_int ; uart1 receive(for user)(vector 20)
.lword dummy_int ; timer A0(for user)(vector 21)
.lword dummy_int ; timer A1(for user)(vector 22)
.lword dummy_int ; timer A2(for user)(vector 23)
.lword dummy_int ; timer A3(for user)(vector 24)
.lword dummy_int ; timer A4(for user)(vector 25)
.lword dummy_int ; timer B0(for user)(vector 26)
.lword dummy_int ; timer B1(for user)(vector 27)
.lword dummy_int ; timer B2(for user)(vector 28)
.lword dummy_int ; int0 (for user)(vector 29)
.lword dummy_int ; int1 (for user)(vector 30)
.lword dummy_int ; int2 (for user)(vector 31)
.endif

.lword dummy_int ; vector 32 (for user or MR30)
.lword dummy_int ; vector 33 (for user or MR30)
.lword dummy_int ; vector 34 (for user or MR30)
.lword dummy_int ; vector 35 (for user or MR30)
.lword dummy_int ; vector 36 (for user or MR30)
.lword dummy_int ; vector 37 (for user or MR30)
.lword dummy_int ; vector 38 (for user or MR30)
.lword dummy_int ; vector 39 (for user or MR30)
.lword dummy_int ; vector 40 (for user or MR30)
.lword dummy_int ; vector 41 (for user or MR30)
.lword dummy_int ; vector 42 (for user or MR30)
.lword dummy_int ; vector 43 (for user or MR30)
.lword dummy_int ; vector 44 (for user or MR30)
.lword dummy_int ; vector 45 (for user or MR30)
.lword dummy_int ; vector 46 (for user or MR30)
.lword dummy_int ; vector 47 (for user or MR30)
.lword dummy_int ; vector 48
.lword dummy_int ; vector 49
.lword dummy_int ; vector 50
.lword dummy_int ; vector 51
.lword dummy_int ; vector 52
.lword dummy_int ; vector 53
.lword dummy_int ; vector 54
.lword dummy_int ; vector 55
.lword dummy_int ; vector 56
.lword dummy_int ; vector 57
.lword dummy_int ; vector 58
.lword dummy_int ; vector 59
.lword dummy_int ; vector 60
.lword dummy_int ; vector 61
.lword dummy_int ; vector 62
.lword dummy_int ; vector 63
.else ; __MVT__

.section __NC_rvector,ROMDATA
.org VECTOR_ADR

.endif ; __MVT__

.if __MST__ == 0
;=====
; fixed vector section
;-----
.section svector,ROMDATA ; specialpage vector table
.org SVECTOR_ADR
;=====

```

```
; special page defination
;-----
;   macro is defined in ncrt0.a30
;   Format: SPECIAL number
;-----
;   SPECIAL 255
;   SPECIAL 254
;   SPECIAL 253
;   SPECIAL 252
;   SPECIAL 251
;   SPECIAL 250
;   SPECIAL 249
;   SPECIAL 248
;   SPECIAL 247
;   SPECIAL 246
;   SPECIAL 245
;   SPECIAL 244
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;     SPECIAL 32
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;     SPECIAL 30
;     SPECIAL 29
;     SPECIAL 28
;     SPECIAL 27
;     SPECIAL 26
;     SPECIAL 25
;     SPECIAL 24
;     SPECIAL 23
;     SPECIAL 22
;     SPECIAL 21
;     SPECIAL 20
;     SPECIAL 19
;     SPECIAL 18
.else
    .section    __NC_svector,ROMDATA
    .org      SVECTOR_ADR
.endif ; __MST
;
;=====
; fixed vector section
;-----
    .section    fvector,ROMDATA
;     .org      0ffffdcH
;UDI:
;     .lword   dummy_int
;OVER_FLOW:
;     .lword   dummy_int
;BRKI:
;     .lword   dummy_int
;ADDRESS_MATCH:
;     .lword   dummy_int
;SINGLE_STEP:
;     .lword   dummy_int
;WDT:
;     .lword   dummy_int
;DBC:
;     .lword   dummy_int
;NMI:
;     .lword   dummy_int
;     .org      0ffffcH
RESET:
    .lword   start

.else ; __R8C__

```

```

;
; for R8C/Tiny
;
;-----
;
;   Arrangement of section
;
;-----
; Near RAM data area
;-----
; SBDATA area
    .section      data_SE,DATA
    .org      400H
data_SE_top:

    .section      bss_SE,DATA,ALIGN
bss_SE_top:

    .section      data_SO,DATA
data_SO_top:

    .section      bss_SO,DATA
bss_SO_top:

; near RAM area
    .section      data_NE,DATA,ALIGN
data_NE_top:

    .section      bss_NE,DATA,ALIGN
bss_NE_top:

    .section      data_NO,DATA
data_NO_top:

    .section      bss_NO,DATA
bss_NO_top:

;-----
; Stack area
;-----
    .section      stack,DATA,ALIGN
    .blkb      STACKSIZE
stack_top:

    .blkb      ISTACKSIZE
istack_top:

;-----
;   heap section
;-----
    .section      heap,DATA
heap_top:
    .blkb      HEAPSIZE

;-----
; Near ROM data area
;-----
    .section      rom_NE,ROMDATA
    .org      0e000H
rom_NE_top:

    .section      rom_NO,ROMDATA
rom_NO_top:

;-----
; Initial data of 'data' section
;-----
    .section      data_SEI,ROMDATA,ALIGN
data_SEI_top:

```

```

        .section          data_SOI,ROMDATA
data_SOI_top:

        .section          data_NEI,ROMDATA,ALIGN
data_NEI_top:

        .section          data_NOI,ROMDATA
data_NOI_top:

;-----
; Switch Table Section
;-----
        .section          switch_table,ROMDATA
switch_table_top:

;-----
; code area
;-----

        .section          program,CODE,ALIGN

        .section          interrupt,CODE,ALIGN

.if    __MVT__ == 0
;-----
; variable vector section
;-----
        .section          vector,ROMDATA ; variable vector table
        .org    VECTOR_ADR

        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 0
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 1
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 2
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 3
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 4
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 5
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 6
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 7
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 8
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 9
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 10
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 11
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 12
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 13
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 14
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 15
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 16
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 17
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 18
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 19
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 20
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 21
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 22
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 23
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 24
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 25
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 26
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 27
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 28
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 29
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 30
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 31
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 32
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 33
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 34
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 35
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 36
        .lword  dummy_int           ; vector 37

```

```

        .lword  dummy_int          ; vector 38
        .lword  dummy_int          ; vector 39
        .lword  dummy_int          ; vector 40
        .lword  dummy_int          ; vector 41
        .lword  dummy_int          ; vector 42
        .lword  dummy_int          ; vector 43
        .lword  dummy_int          ; vector 44
        .lword  dummy_int          ; vector 45
        .lword  dummy_int          ; vector 46
        .lword  dummy_int          ; vector 47
        .lword  dummy_int          ; vector 48
        .lword  dummy_int          ; vector 49
        .lword  dummy_int          ; vector 50
        .lword  dummy_int          ; vector 51
        .lword  dummy_int          ; vector 52
        .lword  dummy_int          ; vector 53
        .lword  dummy_int          ; vector 54
        .lword  dummy_int          ; vector 55
        .lword  dummy_int          ; vector 56
        .lword  dummy_int          ; vector 57
        .lword  dummy_int          ; vector 58
        .lword  dummy_int          ; vector 59
        .lword  dummy_int          ; vector 60
        .lword  dummy_int          ; vector 61
        .lword  dummy_int          ; vector 62
        .lword  dummy_int          ; vector 63
    .else ; __MVT__
        .section      __NC_rvector,ROMDATA
        .org          VECTOR_ADR
    .endif

;=====
; fixed vector section
;-----
        .section      fvector,ROMDATA          ; fixed vector table
;        .org      0ffdcH
;UDI:
;        .lword  dummy_int
;OVER_FLOW:
;        .lword  dummy_int
;BRKI:
;        .lword  dummy_int
;ADDRESS_MATCH:
;        .lword  dummy_int
;SINGLE_STEP:
;        .lword  dummy_int
;WDT:
;        .lword  dummy_int
;DBC:
;        .lword  dummy_int
;NMI:
;        .lword  dummy_int
        .org      0fffcH
RESET:
        .lword  start

    .endif; __R8C

;-----
; far ROM data area
;-----
;
;        .section      rom_FE,ROMDATA
;        .org          10000H
;
;        .section      rom_FO,ROMDATA
;
;        .section      data_FEI,ROMDATA,ALIGN
;data_FEI_top:

```

```
;
;      .section      data_FOI,ROMDATA
;data_FOI_top:
;
;*****
;
;      C Compiler for R8C/Tiny, M16C/60,30,20,10
; COPYRIGHT(C) 1999(2000-2002) RENESAS TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION
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;
;*****
```

## 5. Reference

Renesas Technology Corporation Home Page

<http://www.renesas.com/>

E-mail Support

E-mail: [support\\_apl@renesas.com](mailto:support_apl@renesas.com)

Hardware Manual

**M16C/62P Group Hardware Manual Rev.2.30**

(Use the latest version on the home page: <http://www.renesas.com>)



## 6. REVISION HISTORY

Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
1.00	2005.01.14	-	First edition issued

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