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User's Manual



SM+

System Simulator

Operation

Target Tool SM+ for V850 Ver. 2.20 or later SM+ for 78K0R Ver. 2.20 or later SM+ for 78K0 Ver. 1.20 or later SM+ for 78K0S Ver. 1.20 or later

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PREFACE

| Target Readers | This manual is intended for user engineers who design and develop application systems of the V850 Microcontrollers, 78K0R Microcontrollers, 78K0 Microcontrollers and 78K0S Microcontrollers. |
|----------------|---|
| Purpose | This manual is intended for users to understand the functions of the SM+ in the organization below. |
| Organization | This manual consists of the following chapters: |
| | OVERVIEW INSTALLATION STARTING AND TERMINATING ASSOCIATION WITH PM+ DEBLIG FUNCTION |

- DEBUG FUNCTION
- SIMULATION FUNCTION
- WINDOW REFERENCE
- COMMAND REFERENCE

How to Use This Manual It is assumed that the readers of this manual have general knowledge of electrical engineering, logic circuits, microcontrollers, C language, and assemblers.

For information on functions the windows and dialog boxes

 \rightarrow Read CHAPTER 7 WINDOW REFERENCE.

For information on functions the command functions \rightarrow Read CHAPTER 8 COMMAND REFERENCE.

For information on the meanings and causes of messages: \rightarrow Read **APPENDIX D MESSAGES**.

Related Documents:

When using this manual, also refer to the following documents. Some related documents may be preliminary versions. Note, however, that whether a related document is preliminary is not indicated in this document.

Documents related to 78K Microcontrollers development tools (User's Manual)

| Document Name | | Document No. |
|--|------------------------------------|--------------|
| CC78K0R Ver. 1.00 C Compiler | Operation | U17838E |
| | Language | U17837E |
| CC78K0 Ver. 3.70 C Compiler | Operation | U17201E |
| | Language | U17200E |
| CC78K0S Ver. 1.60 C Compiler | Operation | U17416E |
| | Language | U17415E |
| RA78K0R Ver. 1.00 Assembler Package | Operation | U17836E |
| | Language | U17835E |
| RA78K0 Ver. 3.80 Assembler Package | Operation | U17199E |
| | Language | U17198E |
| | Structured Assembly Language | U17197E |
| RA78K0S Ver. 1.50 Assembler Package | Operation | U17391E |
| | Language | U17390E |
| | Structured Assembly Language | U17389E |
| SM+ System Simulator | Operation | This manual |
| | User Open Interface Specifications | U18212E |
| SM78K Series Ver. 2.52 System Simulator | Operation | U16768E |
| ID78K0-NS Ver. 2.70 or later Integrated Debugger | Operation | U17729E |
| ID78K0S-NS Ver. 2.52 or later Integrated Debugger | Operation | U16584E |
| ID78K0R-QB Ver. 3.20 Integrated Debugger | Operation | U17839E |
| ID78K0-QB Ver. 2.90 Integrated Debugger | Operation | U17437E |
| ID78K0S-QB Ver. 2.81 Integrated Debugger | Operation | U17287E |
| PM+ Ver. 5.20 Project Manager (for 78K0 and 78K0S) | | U16934E |
| PM+ Ver. 6.20 Project Manager (for 78K0R) | | U17990E |

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| Docu | ument Name | Document No. |
|--|--|--------------|
| CA850 Ver. 3.00 C Compiler Package | 50 Ver. 3.00 C Compiler Package Operation | |
| | C Language | U17291E |
| | Assembly Language | U17292E |
| | Link Directives | U17294E |
| ID850 Ver. 3.00 Integrated Debugger | Operation | U17358E |
| ID850NW Ver. 2.51 Integrated Debugger | Operation | U16454E |
| ID850NWC Ver. 2.51 Integrated Debugger | Operation | U16525E |
| ID850QB Ver. 3.20 Integrated Debugger | Operation | U17964E |
| SM+ System Simulator | Operation | This manual |
| | User Open Interface Specifications | U18212E |
| SM850 Ver. 2.50 System Simulator | Operation | U16218E |
| SM850 Ver. 2.00 or later System Simulator | External Part User Open Interface Specifications | U14873E |
| RX850 Ver. 3.20 Real-Time OS | Basics | U13430E |
| | Installation | U17419E |
| | Technical | U13431E |
| | Task Debugger | U17420E |
| RX850 Pro Ver. 3.20 Real-Time OS | Basics | U13773E |
| | Installation | U17421E |
| | Technical | U13772E |
| | Task Debugger | U17422E |
| RD850 Ver. 3.01 Task Debugger | | U13737E |
| AZ850 Ver. 3.30 System Performance Analyzer | | U17423E |
| PG-FP4 Flash Memory Programmer | | U15260E |
| TW850 Ver. 2.00 Performance Analysis Tuning To | lool | U17421E |
| PM+ Ver. 6.00 Project Manager | | U17178E |

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CHAPTER 1 OVERVIEW

The System Simulator SM+ (hereafter referred to as the SM+) is a software tool developed for NEC Electronics V850/78K0R/78K0/78K0S Series of microcontrollers for embedded control. This software tool is intended to enable efficient debugging of user programs.

SM+ allows debugging through simulation by downloading load module type object files to the target memory area of the simulator.

The following types of SM+ are available according to the corresponding device (descriptions in parentheses show the symbols used to indicate each device in this manual).

- SM+ for V850 ([V850])
- SM+ for 78K0R ([78K0R] or [78K])
- SM+ for 78K0 ([78K0] or [78K])
- SM+ for 78K0S ([78K0S] or [78K])

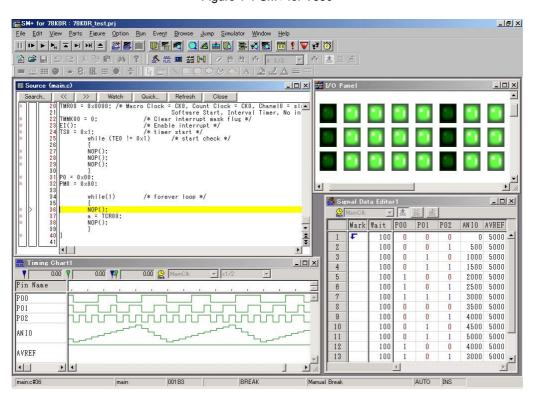


Figure 1-1 SM+ for V850

This chapter explains the following items regarding the SM+.

- Features
- System Configuration
- Operating Environment
- Cautions During Debugging

1.1 Features

(1) Target-less evaluation

Early logical debugging of user programs without an in-circuit emulator is made possible through simulation of target device operation including the operation of internal peripheral units and interrupt processing, in addition to the operation of the CPU itself.

(2) Various simulation functions provided

The operability is similar to that of the System Simulator ID Series developed for NEC Electronics.

(3) Offer various simulation functions

- Signal data display function

Waveform display of the signal data of the specified pins is possible using the [Timing Chart] Window.

- Signal data input function

Input during simulation of the created signal data with timing information is possible using the [Signal Data Editor] Window.

- Panel function

Construction of a dummy target system is possible in the [I/O Panel] Window.

SM+ provides standard display of buttons, LEDs, key matrices, etc., as I/O devices, as well as manipulation items, and a target system can easily be constructed by allocating these elements.

- Construction of user target system

The user logic block in the target system can be constructed through user programming, by using the user open interface^{Note}.

Note: Refer to "SM+ User Open I/F". (Separate document)

(4) Source debugging

A C source program and source program in assembly language can be debugged.

(5) Monitor function (automatic display updating function when execution is stopped)

If execution of the user program is stopped, the values of the window displayed on the screen are automatically updated.

(6) Saving/restoring debugging environment

The debugging environment including information on setting of breakpoints and events, downloading files, and display status and position of windows can be saved to a file (project file).

By loading this project file, the debugging environment can be restored.

(7) Batch execution by command and creation of custom window

A console window that allows batch processing on the command line and creation of the user's own custom window has been added.

(8) Function expansion by TIP or ToolLink [V850] / Function expansion by TIP [78K]

Function expansion is possible by linking with NEC Electronics microcontroller tools that support TIP or ToolLink.

1.2 System Configuration

SM+ startup requires a device file. SM+ can also contribute to the realization of an even better development environment when linked to Project Manager that provides an integrated program development environment for the Windows[®] platform (PM+, product of NEC Electronics).

This section explains the following items related to the system configuration:

- Example of system configuration
- Internal configuration

1.2.1 Example of system configuration

The example of system configuration is shown in the following figure.

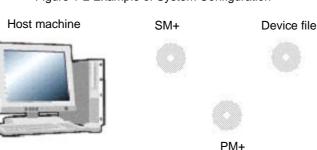


Figure 1-2 Example of System Configuration

1.2.2 Internal configuration

SM+ is configured of the following two blocks.

- Debugger block

Has debugging functions equivalent to those of the ID Series. (Refer to "CHAPTER 5 DEBUG FUNCTION".)

- Simulator block

Simulates the operation of the target device. (Refer to "CHAPTER 6 SIMULATION FUNCTION".)

1.3 Operating Environment

This section explains the following items related to the operating environment:

- Hardware environment
- Software environment

1.3.1 Hardware environment

(1) Host machine

The machine by which the target OS operates

(2) CPU

Pentium IITM 500MHz or above (1GHz or above is recommended)

(3) Memory

RAM: 256MBs or above (512MB or above is recommended)

(4) Other

Personal computers that incorporate multi-CPUs or the Hyper-Threading function are not supported. When using SM+ in a host machine that incorporates the Hyper-Threading function, disable the Hyper-Threading function in the BIOS setting.

1.3.2 Software environment

(1) OS (any of the following)

Windows 98, Windows 2000, Windows Me, Windows XP Home Edition, Windows XP Professional

Caution: Regardless of which of the OSs above is used, we recommend that the latest Service Pack is installed.

The **[78K0R]** only supports Windows 2000 and Windows XP (Home Edition and Professional Edition).

(2) Device file (Individual acquisition)

The device file of the target device to be used.

This file is available from the following Web site of NEC Electronics (ODS).

http://www.necel.com/micro/ods/eng/index.html

1.4 Cautions During Debugging

The cautions to be observed during debugging are described below.

- When performing source level debugging

1.4.1 When performing source level debugging

The object file for which source level debugging is performed must include symbol information or other information for debugging (debugging information).

Therefore, perform the following processing during source file compiling.

(1) When using PM+

Specify [Debug Build] when the Build mode is selected.

(2) When using CA850 [V850], LK78K0R [78K0R], LK78K0 [78K0], LK78K0S [78K0S] on standalone basis Add the -g option.

CHAPTER 2 INSTALLATION

This chapter explains the following items about installation of SM+:

- Installing
- Uninstalling

2.1 Installing

The following items must be installed, when the SM+ is used.

Table 2-1 Install

| Item | Procedure |
|------------------|--|
| SM+ system disk | Install the contents of this disk according to the automatically executed installer. |
| Used device file | Install this file according to the DFINST.exe dedicated startup installer by selecting [start] menu -> [All Programs] -> [NEC Electronics Tools] ^{Note} - > [DeviceFile Installer]. |

- **Note:** The installation folder is [NECTools32] when using SM+ without multiple-version installation function.
- **Caution:** When using SM+ without multiple-version installation function, to install the SM+ again after the SM+ has been installed once, be sure to uninstall the SM+. If the SM+ is installed in a folder different from that, without uninstalling, the SM+ that has already been installed cannot be uninstalled.

2.2 Uninstalling

Perform uninstallation using [Add/Remove Programs] on the Control Panel.

CHAPTER 3 STARTING AND TERMINATING

This chapter explains the following items related to the starting and terminating the SM+:

- Startup Option and Argument Specification
- Starting
- Terminating

3.1 Startup Option and Argument Specification

The procedure for specifying the startup options and arguments for the SM+ is described below.

By specifying the startup options and arguments, it is possible to specify the script file at startup and the project file.

Remark: When starting up the SM+ from PM+, the startup option and argument settings are performed in [Debugger Settings...] in the [Tool] menu of PM+. (Refer to "CHAPTER 4 ASSOCIATION WITH PM+".) The debugger startup option can be set to the option column.

3.1.1 Specification method

- Create the SM+ shortcut on the desktop.
 The SM+ execution file is located in the bin folder in the folder to which the installation was performed.
- 2) Open the properties of the created shortcut and after the execution file name displayed in [Target:], specify the option and argument. (Refer to "3.1.2 Specification format and options".)

| SM+ for V850 \ | /X.XX Properties | ? 🗙 |
|----------------------------------|--|------|
| General Shortc | ut Compatibility | |
| SN ₽ <mark>32</mark> | 1+ for V850 VXXX | |
| Target type: Target location: | Application bin | |
| Iarget: | Tools\SM+ for V850\VX.XX\bin\sm850h32 | exe" |
| <u>S</u> tart in: | | |
| Shortcut <u>k</u> ey: | None | |
| <u>B</u> un: | Normal window | ~ |
| C <u>o</u> mment: | | |
| <u> </u> | Target <u>C</u> hange Icon A <u>d</u> vanced | i |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | OK Cancel | oply |

Figure 3-1 Startup Option (Example)

3.1.2 Specification format and options

(1) Specification format

xxx.exe ?options?

xxx.exe ?options? project

Each option and argument is separated by a space. The case is distinguished in the character string.

Arguments enclosed between '?' can be omitted.

When a project file is specified, that project file is read at startup.

However, during PM+ startup, the project file specification is ignored.

When there are spaces in the file names and paths, specify the project file names and script file names enclosed in double quotation marks (" "). (Refer to " Example3) Specification when there are spaces in the path".)

(2) Specification options

The following options can be specified.

Table 3-1 Startup Options

| Options | Meaning |
|--------------------------|--|
| /sc | Change background color of window to system color. |
| /script:script file name | Specify the script file to be executed at startup. |

(3) Specification example

Example1) Specification of script file only

xxx.exe /script:c:\work\script.tcl

Example2) Specification of script file and project file

xxx.exe /script:c:\work\script.tcl c:\work\project.prj

Example3) Specification when there are spaces in the path

xxx.exe /script:"c:\work folder\script.tcl" "c:\work folder\project.prj"

3.2 Starting

 Start SM+ from the [Start] menu of PM+ or by clicking the shortcut created on the desktop. Refer to "4.3 To Start SM+ from PM+" when starting from PM+. Start the SM+, the Configuration Dialog Box will be opened.

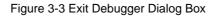
| Configuration | |
|---|-----------------------|
| - Chip Name: uPD 703260Y - | ОК |
| Internal ROM/RAM | Cancel |
| Internal ROM: 256* VKByte | <u>R</u> estore |
| | Project |
| | Help |
| Oscillation Frequency Main (MHz) 25.000 ▼ Sub (KHz) | |
| | |
| Programmable I/O Area | |
| | s¥SN Bro <u>w</u> se… |
| Start Address: Simulator Configuration Ele: O¥Program Files¥NEC Electronics Tool Memory Mapping | |
| Start Address: Simulator Configuration Ele: O¥Program Files¥NEC Electronics Tool Memory Mapping Access Size: • 8Bit • 16Bit • 32Bit | t <u>A</u> dd |
| Start Address: Simulator Configuration Ele: O¥Program Files¥NEC Electronics Tool Memory Mapping | |

Figure 3-2 Configuration Dialog Box

- 2) Set the items related to the operating environment of the SM+ in the Configuration Dialog Box. After setting each item, click the <OK> button in the dialog box.
- 3) The Main Window will be opened and the SM+ can be operated. Mainly use this window for debugging.

3.3 Terminating

 Select [File] menu -> [Exit] on the Main Window. The following Exit Debugger Dialog Box will be opened: (An execution stop confirmation message is displayed when stop operation is performed during program execution.)





2) To save the current debugging environment to a project file, click the <Yes> button. If the <No> button is clicked, all the windows are closed the SM+ terminated.

CHAPTER 4 ASSOCIATION WITH PM+

The SM+ can automatically perform a series of operations in development processes, such as creating source files -> compiling -> debugging -> correcting source files, in association with the PM+.

This chapter explains the following items related to association with the PM+.

For details of the PM+ functions, refer to the PM+ User's Manual.

- Setting Build Mode
- Registering Debugger to PM+ Project
- To Start SM+ from PM+
- Auto Load
- **Caution:** If a load module file is created by using the Windows command prompt, the function to associate the SM+ with the PM+ cannot be used.

4.1 Setting Build Mode

To debug the load module file created by the PM+ on the SM+ at the source level, build to output symbol information for debugging must be performed to create a load module file. This setting can be performed by selecting [Debug Build] on the PM+.

4.2 Registering Debugger to PM+ Project

The debugger to be used or the load module files to be downloaded can be specified for each project in the PM+.

4.2.1 Selecting debugger

The procedure for selecting the debugger is as follows:

The SM+ is registered as the debugger of the active project. The SM+ icon is displayed on the toolbar of the PM+.

(1) Creating a new workspace

- 1) Select [File] menu -> [New Workspace...] on the PM+.
 - -> This opens the dialog box to create a new workspace using the wizard format.
- Creating the necessary settings for the workspace with the wizard, the [Select Debugger] dialog box will be opened. Specify SM+ in this dialog box.

For details of the setting, refer to the User's manual.

(2) Using an existing workspace

- Select [Tool] menu -> [Debugger Settings...] on the PM+.
 -> The [Debugger Settings] dialog box will be opened.
- Specify SM+ and click the <OK> button in this dialog box. For details of the setting, refer to the User's manual.

4.2.2 Downloading multiple load module files [V850]

Load module files in the same project group can be downloaded when using SM+.

Download multiple load module files by specifying items in the [Debugger Settings] dialog box of PM+.

Figure 4-1 Downloading Multiple Files

| Debug Options |
|---|
| ✓ Download the Debug Target Files in the same Project Group |
| Debug Target File List: |
| C:\Program Files\NEC Electronics Tools\sample\b.out |

For details of the project group, refer to the "User's manual".

Remark: Multiple load module files that are being downloaded can be selected in the Load Module List Dialog Box of the SM+.

4.3 To Start SM+ from PM+

The SM+ can be started from the PM+ as follows:

- Click the SM+ starting button on the toolbar of the PM+.
- Select the [Build] menu -> [Debug] on the PM+.
- Select the [Build] menu -> [Build and Debug] on the PM+.
- Select the [Build] menu -> [Rebuild and Debug] on the PM+.

If the debugging environment of the SM+ is saved to a project file currently being used by the PM+, it will be started in the debugging environment saved in the project file.

If the debugging environment of the SM+ is not saved to a project file being used by the PM+, the Configuration Dialog Box is opened. At this time, the device type (chip name) cannot be changed.

4.3.1 Restoring debugging environment

The previous debugging environment can be restored by the following procedure when the SM+ is started from the PM+:

- 1) Create a new workspace (project file: e.g., sample.prj) on the PM+^{Note}.
- Start the SM+ from the PM+. Because a new project file is created, set items other than the device type (chip name) in the Configuration Dialog Box in the same manner as when only the SM+ is started.
- 3) Download the load module file to be debugged with the Download Dialog Box of the SM+.
- 4) Debug the load module file on the SM+.
- 5) Click the <Yes> button on the Exit Debugger Dialog Box when the SM+ is terminated.

-> The debugging environment will be saved to the project file (sample.prj) for the PM+ when the SM+ is terminated (the debug environment can also be saved to the sample.prj file by overwriting the project file at times other than the completion of SM+ debugging).

- 6) When the SM+ is next started up after the sample.prj file is read by PM+, the debug environment at the point when the project file was saved is automatically restored.
- **Note:** In the SM+ and PM+, the environment information is saved to a project file and referenced. The extension of the project file that can be used by the SM+ and PM+ is "prj". For the information that is saved or restored by the project file, refer to the "User's manual" of each product.

4.4 Auto Load

If a bug is found while the load module file is being debugged by the SM+, correct the source file using the following procedure. Compiling and re-downloading the file can be automatically executed. (Refer to "4.4.1 Auto load by correcting source code".)

The load module is downloaded again to the SM+ by compiling and linking the file on the PM+ with the activated SM+. (Refer to "4.4.2 Auto load by starting debugger".)

Caution: This processing cannot be performed if it is selected that the standard editor (idea-L) is used with the PM+.

4.4.1 Auto load by correcting source code

Correct the source file for auto load as follows:

- Open the source file to be corrected in the Source Window. Select [File] menu -> [Open] and specify the file to be corrected on the SM+ (if the file is already open in the Source Window, that window is displayed in the forefront).
 - -> The specified file will be opened in the Source Window.
- 2) Select [Edit] menu -> [Edit Source] on the SM+.
 - -> An editor will be opened and the specified source file will be read.
- 3) Correct the source file on the editor.
- 4) Terminate the editor.
- **Caution:** The CPU reset is not performed when the load module file is automatically downloaded. The debug window that was opened when the editor was called, and each event setting will be restored. If the previously used line or symbol has been deleted as a result of correcting the source file, the following happens:
 - A variable that was displayed is dimmed.
 - The event mark of an event condition is displayed in yellow.
- 5) Select [Build] menu -> [Build and Debug], or [Build] menu -> [Rebuild and Debug] on the PM+.

4.4.2 Auto load by starting debugger

If the following operation is performed on the PM+ with the SM+ started, the load module will be automatically downloaded to the SM+.

- Selecting the [Build] menu -> [Build and Debug] on the PM+.
- Selecting the [Build] menu -> [Rebuild and Debug] on the PM+.
- **Remark:** Specify whether to use a CPU reset after downloading from [Debugger Settings...] on the [Tool] menu of PM+ (a CPU reset is performed by default).

CHAPTER 5 DEBUG FUNCTION

This chapter explains about debug function of SM+.

| Item | Refer To | |
|---|--|--|
| To set the debugging environment | 5.1 Setting Debugging Environment | |
| To download the load module | 5.2 Download Function, Upload Function | |
| To display the source file and the disassemble result | 5.3 Source Display, Disassemble Display Function | |
| To set a break point | 5.4 Break Function | |
| To execute the user program | 5.5 Program Execution Function | |
| To check the variable value | 5.6 Watch Function | |
| To check and edit the memory contents | 5.7 Memory Manipulation Function | |
| To check and change the register variable | 5.8 Register Manipulation Function | |
| To check the execution time | 5.9 Timer Function | |
| To check the trace data | 5.10 Trace Function | |
| To check the coverage measurement results | 5.11 Coverage Measurement Function | |
| To manage the events | 5.12 Event Function | |
| Snapshot function | 5.13 Snapshot Function | |
| Stub function | 5.14 Stub Function | |
| RRM sampling | 5.15 RAM Sampling Function | |
| To save the debug environment and window status | 5.16 Load/Save Function | |
| Jump function, linking window function | 5.17 Functions Common to Each Window | |

Table 5-1 Debug Function List (Flow of Debugging Operations)

5.1 Setting Debugging Environment

This section explains the following items related to the setting debugging environment:

- Setting operating environment
- Setting option
- Setting mapping

5.1.1 Setting operating environment

The simulator operating environment settings are performed in the Configuration Dialog Box that is automatically displayed when SM+ starts up.

If a project file already exists, the debugging environment can be restored by clicking the <Project...> button. (Refer to "5.16.1 Debugging environment (project file)".)

5.1.2 Setting option

The extended options and debug options are set in the Extended Option Dialog Box and Debugger Option Dialog Box.

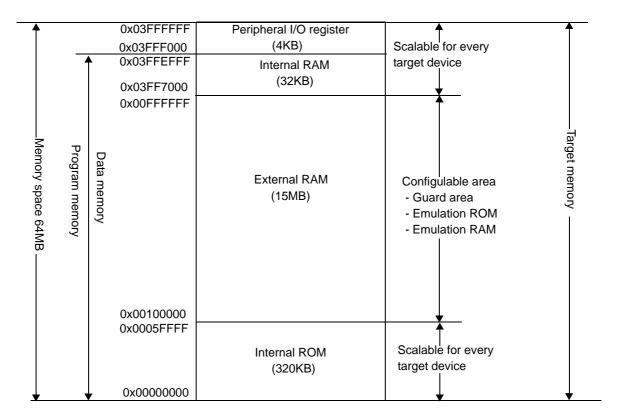
5.1.3 Setting mapping

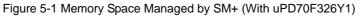
The mapping settings are performed in the Configuration Dialog Box.

The SM+ virtually manages a contiguous memory space the same as that of the target device specified in the Configuration Dialog Box, by securing an alternate memory on the host machine.

Consequently, the size of the internal ROM/RAM area can be changed or any memory area can be mapped as an emulation ROM/RAM area.

The following figure shows the target memory space if the uPD70F3261Y is specified in the Configuration Dialog Box as the CPU to be used.





5.2 Download Function, Upload Function

SM+ allows downloading and uploading of object files in the formats listed in the following table: Table 5-2, Table

5-3.

This section explains the following items:

- Download
- Upload

5.2.1 Download

Object files are downloaded in the Download Dialog Box.

The corresponding source text file (Source Window) is displayed by downloading load module files with debug information.

(1) Format of file that can be downloaded

Format of file that can be downloaded is as follows:

| Format | Extension | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Load module ^{Note1} | Load Module (*.out) Load Module (*Ink,*.Imf) | | |
| Intel Hex format ^{Note2} | Hex Format (*.hex) [V850] Note4 | | |
| Motorola Hex format S type ^{Note3} | Hex Format (*.hex;*.hxb;*.hxf) [78K] Hex Format [Bank] (*.hex;*.hxb;*.hxf) [78K0] | | |
| Extended Tektronix Hex format | Hex Format [64KB] (*.hex;*.hxb;*.hxf) [78K0] | | |
| Binary data | Binary Data (*.bin) ^{Note5} Binary Data [Bank](*.bin) Binary Data [64KB](*.bin) | | |
| Coverage result | Coverage (*.cvb) | | |

| Note1: | ELF/CA850 (.out) format, ELF/GHS extended DWARF2 (.out) (GHS compiler V3.5.1 and V4.0.x |
|--------|--|
| | supported) [V850] |
| | XCOFF(.LNK, .LMF) format [78K] |
| Note2: | Standard, extension [78K] |
| | Standard, extension, and extension linear (Addresses of 1 MB or more can be uploaded.) [V850] |
| Note3: | S0, S3, S7 [V850] |
| | S0, S2, S8 [78K] |
| Note4: | Automatic format detection |
| | Hex Format (*.hex): Hex format file for V850 |
| | Hex Format (*.hex;*.hxb;*.hxf): Hex format file for 78K (with the 78K0, memory banks not used) |
| | Hex Format [Bank] (*.hex;*.hxb;*.hxf): When memory banks are used (for memory banks) [78K0] |
| | Hex Format [64KB] (*.hex;*.hxb;*.hxf): When memory banks are used (when memory capacity is |
| | 64 KB or lower) [78K0] |
| | |

Remark: Multiple load module files can be downloaded. Loaded files can be checked in the Load Module List Dialog Box that is opened by selecting [File] menu -> [Load Module]. [V850]

 Note5:
 Binary Data (*.bin): When memory banks are not used

 Binary Data [Bank](*.bin): When memory banks are used (for memory banks) [78K0]

 Binary Data [64KB](*.bin): When memory banks are used (when memory capacity is 64 KB or lower) [78K0]

5.2.2 Upload

Uploading of memory contents, etc., is performed in the Upload Dialog Box. The saving range can be set.

(1) Format of file that can be uploaded

Format of file that can be uploaded is as follows:

Table 5-3 Type of File That Can Be Uploaded

| Format | Extension |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| Intel Hex format ^{Note1} | Hex Format (*.hex) ^{Note3} |
| Motorola Hex format S type ^{Note2} | |
| Extended Tektronix Hex format | |
| Binary data | Binary Data (*.bin) |
| Coverage results | Coverage (*.cvb) |

| Note1: | Standard (16bit-address) [78K] |
|--------|--|
| | Standard (16bit-address), extension (20bit-address), and extension linear (32bit-address) [V850] |
| Note2: | S0,S3,S7: 32bit - address [V850] |
| | S0,S2,S8: 24bit - address [78K] |
| Note3: | Specify saving format |

5.3 Source Display, Disassemble Display Function

Source file display is performed in the Source Window.

Disassemble display and online assembly are performed in the Assemble Window.

This section explains the following items:

- Source display
- Disassemble display
- Mixed display mode (Source Window)
- Convert symbol (symbol to address)

5.3.1 Source display

The corresponding text file is displayed in the Source Window by downloading a load module file having debug information.

The display start position can be changed in the Source Text Move Dialog Box displayed by selecting [View] menu -> [Move...].

Specifications related to the tab size, display font, etc., and specification of the source path are made in the Debugger Option Dialog Box. Specify a searching method in the Source Search Dialog Box opened by clicking the <Search...> button. The search result is highlighted in the Source Window.

Table 5-4 File Type Can Be Displayed

| File Type (Extension) | Meaning |
|--|--|
| Source (*.c, *.s) [V850] Source (*.c, *.s, *.asm) [78K] | Source file (The extension can be changed in the Debugger Option Dialog Box.) |
| Text (*.txt) | Text file |
| All (*.*) | All files |

5.3.2 Disassemble display

Disassemble display is performed in the Assemble Window.

The display start position can be changed in the Address Move Dialog Box opened by selecting [View] menu -> [Move...].

Offset display and register name display are specified in the Debugger Option Dialog Box.

Specify a searching method in the Assemble Search Dialog Box opened by clicking the <Search...> button. The search result is highlighted in the Assemble Window.

5.3.3 Mixed display mode (Source Window)

Programs can be disassembled and displayed combined with the source file by selecting [View] menu -> [Mix] in the Source Window. The contents displayed in the mixed display mode can be saved as a view file.

Normal display mode

| | | 58 | /* Timer Set */ | |
|---|-----|----|-----------------|--|
| H | - 1 | 59 | TUM1 = 0x200; | |
| ŀ | | 60 | GE1 = 1; | |
| ŀ | | 61 | time_over = 0; | |

In the normal display mode, general text files can be displayed as well as source files.

Mixed display mode

| | 58 | /* Timer Set */ | | |
|---|----------|------------------------|----------------------|--|
| * | 59 | $TUM1 = 0 \times 200;$ | | |
| * | 00000394 | 20660002 | movea 0x200, r0, r12 | |
| * | 00000398 | 606740f2 | st.h r12, TUM1 | |
| * | 60 | CE1 = 1; | | |
| * | 00000390 | c03f42f2 | set1 0x7, TMC1 | |
| * | 61 | time_over = 0; | | |
| * | 00000340 | 440e0000 | movhi OxO, gp, r1 | |
| * | 00000344 | 61071184 | st w r0 -0x7hf0[r1] | |

If a program code corresponds to the line of the displayed source file, the disassembly line is displayed next to the source line. The label of the address, code data, and disassembled mnemonic are displayed (the display start position of the mnemonic is adjusted by the set value of the tab size).

- **Caution:** The mixed display mode is valid only when the load module is downloaded and the symbol information is read, and the corresponding source file is displayed.
- **Remark:** When scrolling is performed using the cursor keys in the Mixed display mode, excessive scrolling may occur. Also, scrolling down to the last line may not be possible using the cursor keys.

5.3.4 Convert symbol (symbol to address)

In the Symbol To Address Dialog Box, can be displayed the address of the specified variable or function, or the value of the specified symbol.

Convert symbol is performed by selecting the character string to be converted in the Source Window or Assemble Window, and then selecting context menu -> [Symbol...].

The Specification symbols is indicated below.

| Conversion Target | Specification Method |
|----------------------------|--|
| Variable | var file#var (to specify a static variable with file name) func#var (to specify a static variable with function name) file#func#var (to specify a static variable with file name and function name) |
| Function | func file#func (to specify a static function with file name) |
| Label | label file#label (to specify a local label with file name) |
| EQU symbol [78K] | equsym file#equsym (to specify a local EQU symbol with file name) |
| Bit symbol [78K] | bitsym file#bitsym(to specify a local bit symbol with file name) |
| Line number of source file | file#no prog\$file#no |
| I/O port name | portname |
| I/O register name [V850] | I/O regname |
| SFR name [78K] | sfrname |
| Register name | regname |
| PSW flag name | pswname |

Table 5-5 Specifying Symbols

Remark1: Separator "#"

"#" is used as a separator for file names, variables, function names, and line numbers. If a specified symbol is not found in the scope, all symbols (static variables, static functions, local labels) are searched.

Remark2: Separator "\$" [V850]

To specify a load module name when two or more load modules are read, use "\$" as a separator to delimit the load module name from a file name, variable, function name, or symbol name. In the default status, a symbol name takes precedence. To temporarily change the priority, prefixing "\$" to a symbol gives the priority to a register name.

5.4 Break Function

The break function is used to stop execution of the user program by the CPU and operation of the tracer.

This section explains the following items:

- Break types
- Breakpoint setting
- Setting breaks to variables

5.4.1 Break types

The SM+ has the following break functions.

Table 5-6 Break Types

| Item | Contents | |
|--|--|--|
| Hardware break ^{Note1} (Event detection break) | Function to stop user program execution upon detection of the set break event condition. -> Refer to "5.4.2 Breakpoint setting". | |
| [Come Here] break ^{Note2} (Simple break) | Function to stop user program execution selected by select- ing [Run] menu -> [Come Here] upon detection of address specified in the Source Window or Assemble Window. | |
| Break on satisfaction of condition of step execution | Function to stop execution upon satisfaction of the stop con- dition of each command ([Step In], [Next Over], [Return Out], [Slowmotion]). | |
| Forced break | Function to forcibly stop execution by selecting [Run] menu -> [Stop], or selecting the STOP button. It is valid for all the execution commands. | |

Note1: This break is valid for [Go], [Go & GO], [Come Here] and [Restart].

Note2: After user program execution has been stopped, the breakpoint by this function is eliminated.
 During execution of a user program by this function, break events set before the cursor position does not occur.

5.4.2 Breakpoint setting

Breakpoints can simply be set to the desired location by clicking in the Source Window or Assemble Window.

Since breakpoints are set as break event conditions and managed using the Event Function, restrictions apply to the number of breakpoints that can be set. (Refer to "5.12.4 Number of enabled events for each event condition".)

(1) Breakpoint setting method

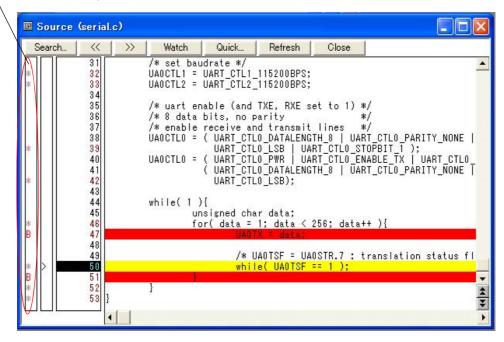
Breakpoints are executed by clicking lines in which "* " is displayed (lines where program code exists).

If a breakpoint is set on a line on which an event breakpoint has already been set, "A" indicating that multiple events have been set is marked. (Refer to "Table 7-5 Event Setting Status (Event Mark)".)

Remark: Breaks before/after execution can be set in the Extended Option Dialog Box.

Figure 5-2 Breakpoint Setting

Click the asterisk (*; program code) in this area.



(2) Deleting a breakpoint method

Click the position at which the breakpoint to be deleted is set.

As a result of deletion, If another event remains, however, the mark of that event is displayed.

5.4.3 Setting breaks to variables

Access breaks can easily be set to variables from the context menu in the Source Window or Watch Window.

| 🗉 Watch | | | | | |
|--|--------|------------------------|---|-----------------------------|----|
| Add | Delete | Up | Down | Refresh | Cl |
| COLUMN | | | ? | CONTRACT | |
| +PortInputBuffer[1 column ColumnLine | | Break whe Break whe | en Access to en Write to thi en Read from | this Variable s Variable | |
| | | Event ? | | | |
| | | Change W Delete Wa | | | |
| | | Bin | | | - |

Figure 5-3 Setting Break to Variable

5.5 **Program Execution Function**

The program execution function is used to start/stop execution of the user program by the CPU and operation of the tracer.

Through user program execution, the program counter (PC) advances until the set breakpoint or forced break. (Refer to "5.4 Break Function".)

Remark: While the user program is being executed, trace event condition and timer event condition can be set. (Refer to " Trace Dialog Box", " Timer Dialog Box".)

The following types of SM+ execution functions are provided. They are operated using the execution buttons on the toolbar, or from the [Run] menu.

Figure 5-4 Execution Button

| II | ∎ | ► | ► _N | ⊼ | ►[| ₩ | A |
|-----------|------|----|----------------|----------|------|------|-----|
| Stop | ReGo | Ge | Ge | Ret | Step | Over | Reg |
| Stop | Redu | ao | GO | nec | Step | Over | nes |

| <u>F</u> ile | <u>E</u> dit | ⊻iew | <u>O</u> ption | <u>R</u> un | Eve <u>n</u> t | <u>B</u> rowse | <u>J</u> ump | <u>S</u> imulator | <u>W</u> indow | <u>H</u> elp |
|--------------|--------------|------|----------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------|-------------------|----------------|--------------|
| | | | | <u>R</u> e: Sto <u>G</u> o | start P | | | F4 F2 F5 | | |
| | | | | Ign | ore brea | k <u>p</u> oints ar | nd Go | Ctrl+F5 | | |
| | | | | S <u>t</u> e | turn Out pIn <u>≺</u> t Over | | | F7 F8 F10 | | |
| | | | | | rt From <u>m</u> e Here | Here | | Shift+F6 F6 | | |
| | | | | | & Go <u>w</u> motion | | | | | |

Figure 5-5 [Run] Menu

Table 5-7 Type of Execution

| Items | Contents |
|------------------------------|---|
| [Restart] | The CPU is reset and the user program is executed starting from address 0. [V850] The CPU is reset and the user program is executed starting from RESET address. [78K] This is the same operation as "resetting the CPU before execution of the user program and executing [Go]". |
| [Go] | The user program is executed starting from the address indicated by the current PC register and is stopped if a set break event condition is satisfied. |
| [Ignore break points and Go] | The user program is executed starting from the address indicated by the current PC register Execution of the user program continues, ignoring set breakpoints. |
| [Return Out] | The user program is executed until execution returns to the calling function described in C language. |
| [Step In] | In the source mode,Step execution of one line of the source text is performed starting from the current PC register value and the contents of each window are updated. In the instruction mode,One instruction is executed from the current PC register value and the contents of each window are updated. |
| [Next Over] | jarl instruction [V850] Next step execution is performed, assuming the function or subroutine called by the jarl instruction as one step (step execution continues until the nesting level becomes the same as when the jarl instruction was executed). Instruction other than jarl [V850] The same processing as [Step In] is performed. CALL / CALLT / CALLF instruction [78K] Next step execution is performed, assuming the function or subroutine called by the CALL / CALLT / CALLF instruction as one step (step execution continues until the nesting level becomes the same as when the CALL / CALLT / CALLF instruction was executed). Instruction other than CALL / CALLT / CALLF [78K] The same processing as [Step In] is performed. |
| [Start From Here] | This command executes the user program starting from the specified address. Execution of the user program is stopped when a set break event condition is satisfied. |
| [Come Here] | The user program is executed from the address indicated by the current PC register to the address selected in the line/address display area of the Source Window or Assemble Window, and then a break occurs. While the user program is being executed, the break event currently set does not occur. |
| [Go & Go] | The user program is executed starting from the address indicated by the current PC register and stopped if a set break event condition is satisfied. The contents of each window are updated, and execution of the user program is resumed from the address at which the program was stopped. This operation is repeated until the user executes [Stop]. |
| [Slowmotion] | Step execution of one line is performed from the address indicated by the current PC register value in the source mode. In the instruction mode, step execution of one instruction is performed. The contents of each window are updated each time step execution is performed. This operation is repeated until the user executes [Stop]. |
| [Stop] | Forcibly stops program execution. |

5.6 Watch Function

This section explains the following items related to the watch function:

- Displaying and changing data values
- Displaying and changing local variable values
- Registering and deleting watch data
- Changing watch data
- Temporarily displaying and changing data values
- Callout watch function
- Stack trace display function

5.6.1 Displaying and changing data values

Data values are displayed and changed in the Watch Window. Shifts in data values can be checked by registering watch data. The display format is specified in the Debugger Option Dialog Box.

| 🗎 Watch | | | | |
|---|----|--|---|-------|
| Add Delete | Up | Down | Refresh | Close |
| place -num_data[10] num_data[1] num_data[2] num_data[3] num_data[4] num_data[5] num_data[6] num_data[7] num_data[8] num_data[9] | | 0×15 0×03 0×77 0×24 0×6E 0×6E 0×35 0×5F 0×76 0×5F 0×7F 0×7F | FFE00C 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 | |
| • | | • • | | ► |

Figure 5-6 Watch Window

Figure 5-7 Specification of the Display Format (Debugger Option Dialog Box)

| -Watch D | efault —— | | | | |
|----------|--------------|----|-----------------|------|----|
| Size: | Byte | • | Radi <u>x</u> : | Hex | - |
| Show V | /ariable Typ | e: | ⊖ On | 🖲 Of | f |
| Langua | ge: | | © 0 | C AS | SM |

5.6.2 Displaying and changing local variable values

Local variables are displayed and changed in the Local Variable Window.

Local variables within the current function are automatically displayed in this window. (Variable addition/deletion is not possible.)

| 🔟 Local V | ariable (slot |) | |
|-----------|---------------|------------|----------|
| Refresh | Close | | |
| _num_idx | | 0×00000001 | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | <u>•</u> |

Figure 5-8 Local Variable Window

5.6.3 Registering and deleting watch data

Data can be registered to the Watch Window from the Source Window or Assemble Window. This is simply done by selecting the variable or symbol name in the respective window, and then clicking the <Watch> button. Registration is also possible with the following method.

- Drag and drop the selected variable or symbol name directly on the Watch Window. (Refer to "5.17.4 Drag & drop function".)
- Click the <Add> button in the Quick Watch Dialog Box or Add Watch Dialog Box.

To delete watch data, click the variable name or symbol name (multiple selections can also be made using the Shift key or Ctrl key), and then click the <Delete> button. However, lines with an expanded hierarchy, such as elements of an array, and members of structures and unions, cannot be deleted.

5.6.4 Changing watch data

Watch data is changed in the Change Watch Dialog Box.

Note that the symbol name can be changed even if it results in duplication of a name already in use with existing data.

| Change | Watch 🗙 |
|------------------|--|
| <u>N</u> ame: | Jata Add |
| Radix: | |
| Size: | |
| N <u>u</u> mber: | |
| | OK Cancel <u>R</u> estore <u>H</u> elp |

Figure 5-9 Change Watch Dialog Box

5.6.5 Temporarily displaying and changing data values

Data values are temporarily displayed and changed in the Quick Watch Dialog Box.

Select the desired variable or symbol name in the Source Window or Assemble Window and click the <Quick...> button to perform watch data registration.

The display radix, display size, and display number can be changed in this window.

| Quick | Watch | | | |
|---------------|----------|--------------|-------------|---------------|
| Proper | Adaptive | <u>∨</u> iew | <u>A</u> dd | <u>C</u> lose |
| <u>N</u> ame: | data | | ✓ Number: | |
| data | | 0×32 | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| • | | • | | • |

Figure 5-10 Quick Watch Dialog Box

5.6.6 Callout watch function

The corresponding variable value pops up when the mouse cursor is placed over a selected variable in the Source Window or Assemble Window.

5.6.7 Stack trace display function

This function displays the stack contents of the current user program in the Stack Window.

| 🔳 Sta | nek | |
|-------|--|--------------------|
| Refr | esh Shrink <<< Close | |
| 0001 | slot.out\$slot.c#slot()#228 num_id× slot.out\$slot.c#main()#73 | 0x00000001 |
| | | ▶ ∢ ▶ |

Figure 5-11 Stack Window

5.7 Memory Manipulation Function

This section explains the following items related to the memory manipulation: Verify check, etc., is specified in the Extended Option Dialog Box.

- Displaying and changing memory contents
- Filling, copying, and comparing memory contents
- Modifying memory contents (DMM function)
- Access monitor function

5.7.1 Displaying and changing memory contents

In the Memory Window, the memory contents can be displayed or changed by using mnemonic codes, hexadecimal codes, and ASCII codes. Searching is done in the Memory Search Dialog Box displayed by clicking the <Search...> button. The results of search is highlighted in the Memory Window.

The display start position can be changed in the Address Move Dialog Box displayed by selecting [View] menu - > [Move...].

The variables and data allocated to the sampling range can be displayed in real time even during program execution. (Refer to "5.15 RAM Sampling Function".)

Remark: The address width changes when memory banks are used. [78K0]

| Memory | | |
|--|--|---------------------|
| Search << >> | Refresh DMM Close | |
| Addr +0 +1 +2 +3 | +4 +5 +6 +7 +8 +9 +A +B | +C 0123456789ABCDEF |
| $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{FCFDO} \\ \textbf{FCF10} \\ \textbf{00} \\ \textbf{0} \\ 0$ | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 08@y\$0XF! 00 |
| FD04000 00 00 00 FD05000 00 00 00 FD06000 00 00 00 | 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0 | |

Figure 5-12 Displaying and Changing Memory Contents

5.7.2 Filling, copying, and comparing memory contents

Memory contents are Filled, copied, and compared in the Memory Fill Dialog Box, Memory Copy Dialog Box, and Memory Compare Dialog Box displayed by selecting [Edit] menu -> [Memory] -> [Fill.../Copy.../Compare...]. The comparison results are displayed in the Memory Compare Result Dialog Box.

Remark: The address width changes when memory banks are used. [78K0]

5.7.3 Modifying memory contents (DMM function)

Memory contents can be modified during user program execution in the DMM Dialog Box displayed by clicking the <Modify...> button in the Memory Window.

The following points must be noted when using the DMM function.

- This function is implemented by software emulation, however, the user program under execution is temporarily stopped and then executed again.
- If the program is stopped immediately before rewriting the memory because a break event is generated, the generated break event is invalid because program execution is resumed, regardless of the break event.
- Verify check is always invalid.

| DMM | |
|--|---------------|
| ⊙ Memory ⊂ <u>R</u> egister ⊂ S <u>f</u> r | <u>S</u> et |
| Memory Address: 0xf3000 | <u>C</u> lose |
| Write Data: | <u>H</u> elp |
| Data Size: | le Word |

Figure 5-13 Modifying Memory Contents (DMM Dialog Box)

5.7.4 Access monitor function

The access monitor function displays the access status (read, write, read & write) for the sampling range of the The RAM Sampling Function using different colors in the Memory Window.

The access monitor color-marking function is executed only during byte display. Colors are not displayed in the ASCII display area. Cumulative display setting and access status display can be cleared by selecting [View] menu -> [Access Monitoring].

Caution: The value of memory rewritten via DMA during program execution, and the value of memory rewritten from the SM+ cannot be displayed on the access monitor.

| 🗷 Memo | ory | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|-----|----|----------|-------|----------|-------|----|----|------|----------|----------|----------|----|----|----------|---------|
| Search. | 4 | << | | \gg | F | Refre | sh | Mo | dify | | Cl | ose | | | | |
| Addr+0 | +1 | +2 | +3 | +4 | +5 | +6 | +7 | +8 | +9 | +A | +B | +C | +D | +E | +F | |
| FB00000 FB1000 | 00 | 00 | 00 00 | 00 | 00 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 00 | |
| FB2000 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | |
| FB3000 FB4000 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 00 | 00 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | |
| FB5000 FB6000 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | |
| FB7000 | ŌŌ | ÕÕ | 00 | 00 | ÔÔ | 00 | ÕÕ | 00 | ŌŌ | 00 | ŌŌ | ŌŌ | 00 | ÔÔ | ÔÔ | |
| FB8000 FB9000 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | - |
| FBA000 | ŌŌ | 00 | ŌŌ | ŌŌ | ŌŌ | ŌŌ | ŌŌ | ŌŌ | ŌŌ | ŌŌ | ÕÕ | ŌŌ | ŌŌ | 00 | 00 | 1 |
| FBB000 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | |



5.8 Register Manipulation Function

This section explains the following items related to the register manipulation function.

- Displaying and changing register contents
- Displaying and changing IOR/SFR contents
- Displaying and changing I/O port contents

5.8.1 Displaying and changing register contents

Register contents can be displayed and changed in the Register Window.

Register name display switching (absolute name/function name) can be done in the Debugger Option Dialog Box.

Remark: The display register is selected in the Register Select Dialog Box. [V850]

Figure 5-15 Absolute Name/Function Name Switching

| – DisAssemble — | |
|-------------------------|--------------------|
| Show Offset: | 🔲 Label 🔽 Mnemonic |
| Regis <u>t</u> er Name: | Function Name |
| | C Absolute Name |

Table 5-8 Absolute Name to Function Name Correspondence [78K]

| Function Name | | Absolute Name | | |
|---------------|----------|---------------|----------|--|
| Pair Register | Register | Pair Register | Register | |
| ах | x | rp0 | rO | |
| | а | | r1 | |
| bc | с | rp1 | r2 | |
| | b | | r3 | |
| de | е | rp2 | r4 | |
| | d | | r5 | |
| hl | 1 | rp3 | r6 | |
| | h | | r7 | |

5.8.2 Displaying and changing IOR/SFR contents

The IOR/SFR contents can be displayed and changed in the IOR/SFR Window.

The display start position can be changed in the Address Move Dialog Box displayed by selecting [View] menu-

> [Move...].

The display register is selected in the IOR/SFR Select Dialog Box.

| 🗵 IO R | | | | | |
|---------|-----------|-------|----------|-------|--|
| Refresh | DMM | Close | | | |
| Name | Attribute | | | Value | |
| PDL | R/W | 16 | 03FFF004 | 0000 | |
| PDLL | | 1,8 | 03FFF004 | 00 | |
| PDLH | R/W | 1,8 | 03FFF005 | 00 | |
| PDH | | 1,8 | 03FFF006 | 00 | |
| PCT | | 1,8 | O3FFF00A | 00 | |
| PCM | | 1,8 | 03FFF00C | 00 | |
| PMDL | | 16 | 03FFF024 | FFFF | |
| PMDLL | R/W : | 1,8 | 03FFF024 | FF | |
| PMDLH | | 1,8 | 03FFF025 | FF | |
| PMDH | R/W | 1,8 | 03FFF026 | FF | |
| PMCT | | 1,8 | 03FFF02A | FF | |
| PMCM | | 1,8 | 03FFF02C | FF | |
| PMCDL | | 16 | 03FFF044 | 0000 | |
| PMCDLL | | 1,8 | 03FFF044 | 00 | |
| PMCDLH | | 1,8 | 03FFF045 | 00 | |
| PMCDH | | 1,8 | 03FFF046 | 00 | |
| PMCCT | | 1,8 | 03FFF04A | 00 | |
| PMCCM | R∕W | 1,8 | 03FFF04C | 00 | |
| BSC | | 16 | 03FFF066 | 0000 | |
| VSWC | | 8 | 03FFF06E | 77 | |
| DSAOL | | 16 | 03FFF080 | 0000 | |
| DSAOH | | 16 | 03FFF082 | 0000 | |
| DDAOL | | 16 | 03FFF084 | 0000 | |
| DDAOH | | 16 | 03FFF086 | 0000 | |
| DSA1L | R∕₩ : | 16 | 03FFF088 | 0000 | |

Figure 5-16 Displaying IOR/SFR Contents

5.8.3 Displaying and changing I/O port contents

User-defined I/O ports can be displayed and changed in the IOR/SFR Window once they have been registered in the Add I/O Port Dialog Box.

In the case of products that support programmable I/O registers, programmable I/O register contents can be displayed and changed by setting programmable I/O area use in the Configuration Dialog Box.

| Add I/O Port | | X |
|------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| I/O <u>P</u> ort List: | <u>N</u> ame: PO | OK |
| | Address: | Cancel |
| | Access | <u>R</u> estore |
| | | <u>H</u> elp |
| | Read / Write | <u>A</u> dd |
| | Read Only Write Only | <u>C</u> hange |
| | Read Protect | <u>D</u> elete |

Figure 5-17 Register I/O Port

5.9 Timer Function

The timer function measures the execution time (run-break time) from the start of user program execution until a break, or the execution time in a specific user program interval using timer events.

The Timer function is enabled by selecting [Option] menu -> [Timer ON].

This section explains the following items:

- Timer event conditions
- Run-Break event

5.9.1 Timer event conditions

A timer event condition specifies the trigger by which time measurement is started or stopped. Timer event conditions are set in the Timer Dialog Box. (Refer to "5.12 Event Function".)

| Timer | | × |
|--|--|-------------------|
| OK New Disable | Clear Cancel | Help |
| Timer <u>N</u> ame: Ti Tmr00001 Start Event: End Event: | | Add <u>E</u> vent |
| E. Evt00001 E. Evt00002 | Pass: 1 time(s) Total: 22000 nsec | Add Link |
| Lime | Average: 22000 nsec Max: 22000 nsec Min: 20000 nsec | <u>R</u> emove |
| Insec 💌 | Min: 22000 nsec hitialize <u>C</u> opy <mark>(View Always)</mark> | Shrink <<< |
| Event <u>M</u> anager: | | |
| E. Evt00001 Ti Tmr00001 | | <u>A</u> dd |
| E. Evt00002 | | In <u>f</u> o |
| <. | 2 | Ot <u>h</u> er |

Figure 5-18 Sets and Displays Timer Event (Timer Dialog Box)

Continuous display in the Timer Result Dialog Box can be selected by clicking the <View Always> button. Timer manipulations during program execution are performed by selecting [Run] -> [Timer Start/Timer Stop].

5.9.2 Run-Break event

Run-Break event is a timer event name given to a timer event condition that measures the execution time from execution to break. Run-break events are registered in advance and the run-break time can be displayed through specification in the Timer Dialog Box.

Since Run-Break events are included in the number of timer events that can be simultaneously enabled (refer to "5.12.4 Number of enabled events for each event condition"), they can be used added to the number of valid timer event conditions.

5.10 Trace Function

The trace function is used to save the history of the data indicating the execution process of the user program to the trace memory.

The Trace function is enabled by selecting [Option] menu -> [Tracer ON].

This section explains the following items:

- Trace memory
- Checking trace data
- Mixed display mode (Trace View Window)
- Tracer operation
- Setting conditional trace

5.10.1 Trace memory

SM+ has trace memory with a ring structure. Size specification is done in the Extended Option Dialog Box. The maximum trace memory capacity is as follows.

| Table 5 | 5-9 1 | Frace | Memory | y Size |
|---------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
|---------|-------|-------|--------|--------|

| Device | Maximum Value |
|--------|---------------|
| SM+ | 16 M frames |

5.10.2 Checking trace data

The trace data saved to the trace memory can be checked in the Trace View Window. Trace data can be searched in the Trace Search Dialog Box displayed by clicking the < Search...> button.

The display start position can be changed in the Trace Move Dialog Box displayed by selecting [View] -> [Move].

The display items in the Trace View Window can be selected in the Trace Data Select Dialog Box.

Setting a time tag counter, count rate, and total time tag are performed in the Extended Option Dialog Box.

| Figure 5 | -19 Chec | king Tra | ice Data |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|
|----------|----------|----------|----------|

| 8 | Tra | ce V | iew | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|----------|-----|----------|----------------------|--------|----------|------|--------|----------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------|
| | Searc | ch | | >> | Refresh | Close | | | | | | | |
| | | ame | | Address | Data | | Address | Data | Status | Jmpaddr | DisAsm | | |
| | A 40 | | 16 | 000002BA | COFF04FA | BRM1 | | 00 | D | 000002BE | tst1 Ox7,∣ | UAOSTR | - |
| | A 40 A 40 | | 152 | 000002BE | EAFD0000 | M1 | FFFFFA04 | 80 | R | | bnz _main+ | N⊻46 | |
| | A 4ŏ | 78 | | | COFF04FA | | | | | 000002BE | tst1 0x7, 1 | UÃOŠTR | |
| | A 40 | | 150 | 0000000 | FAFR0000 | | FFFFFA04 | 80 | R | | | 0.40 | |
| | A 40 A 40 | 80 91 | | | EAFD0000 COFF04FA | | | | | 00000285 | bnz _main+ tst1 0x7, 1 | | |
| | A 40 | 82 | 10 | 00000204 | | DUNIET | FFFFFA04 | 80 | R | 00000202 | (3(1 0/1, | OHOUTN | |
| | A 40 | 83 | | | EAFDOOOO | | | | | | bnz _main+ | | |
| | A 40 A 40 | | 16 | UUUUUZBA | COFF04FA | BRWI | FFFFFA04 | 00 | R | 0000028F | tst1 Ox7, | UAUSIR | |
| | A 40 | 86 | 152 | 000002BE | EAFD0000 | M1 | 11111404 | 00 | n | | bnz main+ | 0x46 | |
| | A 40 | 87 | | | 0A8E0100 | | | | | 000002BE | addi Ox1, | r10, r17 | 1 |
| | A 40 A 40 | 88 00 | | | 11500000 8A000000 | | | | | | mov r17, r zxb r10 | 10 | |
| | A 40 | | | | C5F50000 | | | | | | br main+0: | хЗс | |
| | A 40 | 91 | 16 | 000002B0 | 405707FA | BRM1 | | | | 00000208 | | | |
| | A 40 A 40 | 92 | 196 | 00000004 | COFF04FA | W1 | FFFFFA07 | BB | ₩ | | 1.11 0.7 J | плостр | |
| | A 40 A 40 | 95 94 | 150 | 00000284 | 00FF04FA | ml | FFFFFA04 | nn | R | | tst1 Ox7,∣ | UAU91K | • |
| | יין יי | • • | | Compu | Isory Brea | ak | | | | | | | - |
| μ | | | | | | | | | | | | | ک ار |

5.10.3 Mixed display mode (Trace View Window)

Source file display combined with trace results can be done by selecting [View] -> [Mix] in the Trace View Window (mixed display mode).

If a program code corresponds on the program fetch address to be displayed, a source file line is displayed before the line indicating the result of tracing that program fetch address.

| Frame | Time | Address | Data | Status | Address | Data | Status | Jmpaddr | DisAsm |
|--------------------------------------|------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|--------------|--------|----------|-------------------|
| 4084 | 3 | 000001D2 | 235F0500 | BRM1 | | | | 000002FC | ld.w Ox4[sp], r11 |
| | | | mem_a++ | F;/*1M0 | ove the addi | ress pointer | */ | | |
| 4085 | | | _ | | 001003CC | 00000167 | R | | |
| 4086 | 25 | 000001D6 | 415A0000 | M1 | | | | | add Ox1, r11 |
| 4087 | 2 | 000001D8 | 635F0500 | M1 | | | | | st.w rll, Ox4[sp] |
| 4088 | | | | | 001003CC | 00000168 | W | | |
| 4085 4086 4087 4088 4088 | 1 | 000001DC | 23670900 | M1 | | | | | ld.w 0x8[sp], r12 |
| | | | mem_b++ | F;/* 1 M | ove the add | ress pointei | r*/ | | |
| 4090 | | | | | 00100300 | 00100007 | R | | |

The source file line is displayed, emphasized in green.

Caution: The mixed display mode is valid only when the load module has been downloaded and symbol information is read, and when a fetch address, fetch data, fetch status, or result of disassembly is displayed.

5.10.4 Tracer operation

The trace operation differs as follows according to the user program execution format and the tracer control mode.

Tracer manipulations during program execution are performed by selecting [Run] -> [Tracer Start/Tracer Stop].

(1) Operation during execution

The tracer operation differs as follows according to [Run] -> [Cond. Trace ON/Cond. Trace ON] selection.

| Table 5-10 | Type of | Trace | Modes |
|------------|---------|-------|-------|
|------------|---------|-------|-------|

| Item | Contents |
|---------------------|---|
| Unconditional trace | Trace is started when execution of user program, and ends when a break occurs. At this time, the set trace event conditions are ignored. |
| Conditional trace | Trace is started or stopped by the condition set in the Trace Dialog Box. (Refer to "5.10.5 Setting conditional trace".) If a break occurs while a trace is being executed, however, trace is stopped immediately. |

(2) Operation during Step In execution

The tracer operates every step execution, and trace data of one step is successively added to the trace memory.

(3) Operation during Next Over execution

The operation of the tracer differs depending on the instruction to which Next Over is to be executed.

(a) jarl disp22, [lp] instruction [V850]

The jarl instruction and the subroutine that was called are traced.

(b) CALL/CALLT/CALLF instructions [78K]

The CALL / CALLT / CALLF instruction and the subroutine that was called are traced.

(c) Other instructions

The same operation as that during Step In execution is performed.

(4) Tracer control mode

There are the following types of trace control mode. These trace mode settings are performed from the [Run] menu.

| Mode | Contents | | | | | |
|---------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Non Stop | Goes around the trace memory and overwrites data from the oldest frame (default). | | | | | |
| Full Stop | Goes around the trace memory and then stops the tracer. | | | | | |
| Full Break | Goes around the trace memory and then stops the tracer and program execution | | | | | |
| Delay Trigger Stop | Traces data by the number of delay count frames and stops the tracer when a delay trigger event has occurred. | | | | | |
| Delay Trigger Break | Traces data by the number of delay count frames and stops the tracer and program execution when a delay trigger event has occurred. | | | | | |

Table 5-11 Types of Tracer Control Mode

5.10.5 Setting conditional trace

A trace event condition triggers starting/stopping trace execution when a conditional trace is set.

By setting a trace event condition in the Trace Dialog Box, the conditional trace can be set. (Refer to "5.12 Event

Function".)

There are the following types of conditional trace.

Table 5-12 Types of Conditional Trace

| Item | Contents, Setting Method | | | | |
|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Section trace | Executes a trace between two specified conditions (in a specific zone). A section trace can be executed by setting a trace start event and trace end event in the Trace Dialog Box and selecting [Run] -> [Cond. Trace ON]. | | | | |
| Qualify trace | Executes a trace only when a condition is satisfied. If two or more events are set as qualify trace events, a qualify trace can be executed by executing a conditional trace. A qualify trace can be executed by setting a qualify trace event in the Trace Dialog Box and selecting [Run] -> [Cond. Trace ON]. | | | | |
| Delay trigger trace | Executes a trace by the number of delay counts after a condition has been satisfied. A delay trigger trace can be executed by setting a delay trigger event in the Trace Dialog Box, setting a delay count in the Delay Count Dialog Box and selecting [Run] -> [Cond. Trace ON]. In this case, select [Delay Trigger Stop], or [Delay Trigger Break]. | | | | |

5.11 Coverage Measurement Function

Although there are several types of coverage measurement, the SM+ performs measurement for C0 coverage.

C0 coverage (instruction coverage): A percentage that all statements in a code are executed at least once

Download or upload the coverage measurement result (coverage data) via the Download Dialog Box or Upload Dialog Box, respectively.

This section explains the following items:

- Coverage mesurement result display
- Coverage measurement range
- Display of locations for which coverage measurement is executed

Remark: Coverage data is cleared when the SM+ is started.

5.11.1 Coverage mesurement result display

The coverage measurement result can be checked in the Code Coverage Window.

In the Code Coverage Window, the measurement result is displayed individually for functions, sections, and interrupt handlers (vectors). The coverage measurement result is updated at a break (it is not updated automatically during user program execution).

Clear the coverage data by selecting [Option] menu.

Coverage data can be saved in the CSV format. (Refer to "5.16.2 Window display information (view file)".)

| oad Module: ro | mp.out | ▼ Total Coverage(%): 92.3 | | | | Refresh Close | | |
|--------------------|--------------|---------------------------|---------|------|-------|---------------|-----|--|
| Function Section | on Interrupt | | | | | | | |
| Name | Туре | Status | Address | Size | Fetch | Coverage(%) | 1 | |
| RESET | nonmaskable | use | 0 | 4 | 4 | 100.0 | | |
| INTTP0CC0 | maskable | use | 0x170 | 4 | 4 | 100.0 | | |
| NMI | nonmaskable | use | 0x10 | 4 | 0 | 0.0 | | |
| INTWDT2 | nonmaskable | use | 0x20 | 4 | 0 | 0.0 | | |
| TRAP00 | software | use | 0x40 | 4 | 0 | 0.0 | | |
| TRAP01 | software | nonuse | 0x40 | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | | |
| TRAP02 | software | nonuse | 0x40 | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | | |
| TRAP03 | software | nonuse | 0x40 | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | | |
| TRAP04 | software | nonuse | 0x40 | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | | |
| TRAP05 | software | nonuse | 0x40 | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | | |
| TRAP06 | software | nonuse | 0x40 | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | | |
| TRAP07 | software | nonuse | 0x40 | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | | |
| TRAP08 | software | nonuse | 0x40 | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | | |
| TRAP09 | software | nonuse | 0x40 | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | | |
| TRAPOA | software | nonuse | 0x40 | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | | |
| TRAPOB | software | nonuse | 0x40 | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | | |
| TRAPOC | software | nonuse | 0x40 | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | | |
| TRAPOD | software | nonuse | 0x40 | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | | |
| TRAPOE | software | nonuse | 0x40 | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | | |
| TRAPOF | software | nonuse | 0x40 | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | | |
| TRAP10 | software | use | 0x50 | 4 | 0 | 0.0 | i i | |

Figure 5-20 Coverage Mesurement Result Display

5.11.2 Coverage measurement range

The coverage measurement range is as follows.

| Product Name | Code Coverage Measurement Range | | | |
|--------------|---|--|--|--|
| [V850] | Internal ROM space + any 1 MB space (selectable by Coverage-Address Dialog Box) | | | |
| [78K] | Internal ROM space + External memory space | | | |

5.11.3 Display of locations for which coverage measurement is executed

The locations for which coverage measurement is executed in the user program are displayed in the Source Window and Assemble Window based on the coverage measurement information.

The display result can be saved as view files for the Source Window and Assemble Window. (Refer to "5.16.2 Window display information (view file)".)

The numbers of line or addresses for which coverage measurement is executed are highlighted as shown in the table below. In the view file, the marks in the table below are appended to the relevant line number or address instead of using the background color.

| | Source | Window | Assemble Window | | |
|--|---------------------|--------|---------------------|------|--|
| Coverage | Background Color | Mark | Background Color | Mark | |
| Code on this line has been executed by 100% | Yellow | `@` | Yellow | `@` | |
| Code on this line has been executed by 1 to 99% | Orange | '+' | | | |
| Code on this line has been executed by 0% (not yet executed) | No highlight color | - | No highlight color | - | |

Table 5-14 Format of View of Locations for Which Coverage Measurement Executed

Figure 5-21 View of Locations for Which Coverage Measurement Executed

| III \$ | Sou | rce (r | nain. | c) | | | | | | |
|---------------|------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|--|-------|--------------|-------|---|--------|
| S | earc | h | ~< | >>> | Watch | Quick | Refresh | Close | 1 | |
| | > | | int int } int } void | a a 31 = 8 a [40] sub1(i ret sub2(i ret int a0 a1 a2 a3 for | 1; ; nt a, int urn a * b; nt a, int urn sub1({ = 5; = 2; = 1; = a10; (i = 0; i = a10; (i = 0; a a31 ++; | b){ | ; +) {*/ | | 1 | ▲ • |
| | | | • | | | | | | | • |

5.12 Event Function

Events specify specific states of the target system during debugging, such as "fetched address 0x1000" or "Wrote data to address 0x2000".

In SM+, such events are used as action triggers for each debugging function, such as break and trace.

This section explains the following items:

- Using event function
- Creating events
- Setting event conditions
- Number of enabled events for each event condition
- Managing events

5.12.1 Using event function

Events (event conditions and event rink conditions) consist of the event conditions listed in the following table, by assigning various functions. As a result, event conditions can be utilized according to the debugging purpose.

| Event Condition | Mark | Contents ->Setting Dialog Box |
|--------------------------|------|---|
| Break event | В | Condition in which the execution of the user program or operation of a tracer is stopped. (Refer to "5.4 Break Function".) ->Break Dialog Box |
| Trace event | т | Condition in which the process of user program execution is saved to the trace memory. (Refer to "5.10 Trace Function".) ->Trace Dialog Box |
| Timer event | Ti | Condition for specifying the time measurement start timing and stop timing. (Refer to "5.9 Timer Function".) ->Timer Dialog Box |
| Stub event | U | Condition for specifying the timing of inserting the program. (Refer to "5.14 Stub Function".) ->Stub Dialog Box |
| Snapshot event condition | S | Condition for specifying the timing of executing a snapshot. (Refer to "5.13 Snapshot Function".) ->Snap Shot Dialog Box |

| Table 5-15 Various E | Event Conditions |
|----------------------|------------------|
|----------------------|------------------|

5.12.2 Creating events

Events can be used as action triggers of various event conditions described before through registration of event conditions and event link conditions, individually naming states called events.

(1) Creating and registering events

The creation of event conditions is done in the Event Dialog Box.

Set an address condition, status condition, and data condition in this dialog box. Specify a combination of these as one event condition and name and register this event condition.

A simple method consists in using event conditions generated by setting breakpoint in the Source Window and Assemble Window. (Refer to "5.4.2 Breakpoint setting".)

(2) Creating and registering event links

Event link conditions are conditions for single events that provide ordered restrictions for event conditions, and are generated when user programs are executed according to the specified sequence.

To create an event link condition, use the Event Link Dialog Box.

5.12.3 Setting event conditions

Various event conditions listed in Table 5-15 are individually created in the corresponding dialog box.

(1) Setting of Various Event Conditions

The setting of the various event conditions is done by selecting the event icon of the desired event condition or event link condition displayed in the event manager area (or Event Manager) in the respective setting dialog box, and dragging and dropping this icon in the condition area to be set.

| Break | | × |
|-------------------------------------|----------|----------------|
| OK New Set Restore | Cancel H | Help |
| Break Name: B. | ▼ Add | <u>E</u> vent |
| Break Event: | Add | l <u>L</u> ink |
| | OK 02 |)pen |
| | | move |
| | Shri | nk <<< |
| Event Manager: E. E 002 | | |
| E. Evt00001 E. Evt00002 E. Evt00003 | E | <u>A</u> dd |
| B. Brk00001 B. Brk00002 B. Brk00003 | Ir | n <u>f</u> o |
| < | Ot | t <u>h</u> er |

Figure 5-22 Setting of Various Event Conditions

The shape of the mouse cursor changes to "OK" when it is dragged over a settable condition area.

Regarding the created event conditions, the event icon mark becomes red and the setting is enabled by clicking the <Set> button or the <OK> button in the Setting dialog box. After the event has been set, a debugging action occurs as various event conditions.

(2) Settings using selection mode (settings after checking contents)

The Event Dialog Box or the Event Link Dialog Box are open in the selection mode by placing the focus on the condition area to be set and then clicking the <Add Event...> button or the <Add Link..> button. Because when a condition set in the dialog box is selected, the corresponding detailed condition is displayed, conditions can be set after checking the contents.

(3) Copying and moving event icons

In the event condition setting area, event conditions can be copied and moved through drag & drop operation using the following methods.

- If event condition was dropped using only the mouse, move event condition.
- If the event condition was dropped while pressing the Ctrl key, copy the event condition.

(4) Manipulation in event manager area

Event conditions can be set by clicking the <Add> button after placing the focus on the condition area to be set and selecting an event icon.

Event setting content display

Select an event and click the <Open> button or double-click the event. The setting dialog box corresponding

to the selected event will be opened and the set contents of the event will be displayed.

Deletion

An event can be deleted by selecting the event and then clicking the <Remove / Delete> button or pressing the Delete key.

Changing display mode and sorting

The display mode of and sorting in the event manager area can be selected by clicking the <Info...> button.

Area non-display

An area can be hidden by clicking the <Shrink<<< > button.

5.12.4 Number of enabled events for each event condition

Up to 256 conditions can be registered as event conditions or various event conditions.

One event condition or link event condition can be set for multiple types of events such as break and trace.

However, the number of event conditions that can be simultaneously set (enabled) is limited as follows.

Therefore, if the valid number is exceeded or if the used event conditions or event link conditions exceed the maximum number that can be used simultaneously, it is necessary to disable the set various event conditions once and then register them again. (Refer to "5.12.5 Managing events".)

| Product Name | Eve | ent | Event Link | Event Link Break | Trace | Onemakat | Stub | Timer |
|--------------|-----------|--------|------------------|------------------|-------|----------|------|-------|
| | Execution | Access | Evenit Link | Dieak | Trace | Snapshot | Slub | Timer |
| SM+ | 64 | | 16 ^{a.} | 64 | 64 | 8 | 1 | 8 |

a. Includes event link conditions used for enabled break, trace, snapshot, and stub functions.

5.12.5 Managing events

Managing events is done with the Event Manager.

The Event Manager allows display, enabling/disabling, and deletion of the Various Event Conditions.

| Figure | 5-23 Mar | hading F | vents (t | the F | vent Ma | inager) |
|--------|------------|----------|----------|-------|---------|---------|
| rigaro | 0 20 10101 | luging L | | | | nugor |

| 🔳 Event Man | ager | | | | | |
|--|--|----------------|--------------------------------|------------|------|-------|
| New | Open | Enable | Delete | Delete All | Info | Close |
| E. Evt00001 E. Evt00002 B. Brk00002 E. Evt00003 B. Brk00003 L. Lnk00001 | [S]EX [A]te [B]Evt0000 [S]EX [A]te [B]Evt0000 | est.c#16(0x1a3 | 6) [M]0x00000 e) [M]0x00000 | 0000 | | |

(1) Event icon

Event icons consist of a mark and an event name indicating the type of event. The color of each event icon indicates the setting status of that event.

Enable/disable is switched by clicking the mark part.

Table 5-17 Event Icon

| Character Color | Mark | Meaning |
|--------------------|-------------|---|
| Red | E.L. | Indicates that the event condition or event link condition which is used for various event conditions is enabled. |
| | B.T.Ti.U.S. | Indicates that the Various Event Conditions is valid. The various events occur when its condition is satisfied. |
| Black | E.L. | Indicates that the event condition or event link condition which is used for various event conditions is disabled. |
| | B.T.Ti.U.S. | Indicates that the Various Event Conditions is invalid. The various events do not occur even when its condition is satisfied. |
| Yellow | E.L. | Indicates that the symbol specified for an event is held pending because it cannot be recognized by the program currently loaded. |
| | B.T.Ti.U.S. | Indicates that the Various Event Conditions is held pending. The various events do not occur even when its condition is satisfied. |

5.13 Snapshot Function

The snapshot function is used to save the contents of registers, memory, and IOR/SFR of the user program execution process to the trace memory as snap data.

This section explains the following items:

- Snapshot event conditions
- Snap data

5.13.1 Snapshot event conditions

A snapshot event condition specifies the trigger by which a snapshot is to be executed.

Snapshot event conditions are set in the Snap Shot Dialog Box. (Refer to "5.12 Event Function".) When the snapshot event is executed, execution of the user program momentarily breaks.

| Snap Shot | | | | | X |
|------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|----------|--------------------|-------------------|
| ОК | New | Set | Restore | Cancel | Help |
| Snap <u>N</u> ame: | S. Snp0000* | | | • | Add <u>E</u> vent |
| Snap Event: | Snap E | intry: | | | Add Link |
| E. Evt00001 | | | | | Open |
| | | | | | <u>R</u> emove |
| Select | | | | | Shrink <<< |
| Register | Register N | lame: R1 | _ | | Restore |
| C I/O Reg C Memory | | | Inse | ert <u>C</u> hange | <u>Delete</u> |
| Event <u>M</u> anager: | | | | | |
| E. Evt00001 | E. Evt0000 | 2 E. Evt000 | 03 | | Add |
| B. Brk00001 | B. Brk0000 | 2 B. Brk000 | 03 | | In <u>f</u> o |
| < | | | | 2 | Ot <u>h</u> er |

Figure 5-24 Snap Shot Dialog box

5.13.2 Snap data

One snap event condition can specify the collection of up to 16 snap data.

The following types of data can be collected as snap data.

- Register value
- IOR/SFR value
- Memory contents

5.14 Stub Function

The stub function is used to execute the user program (sub-program) that has been downloaded or written to a vacant memory area in advance when an event occurs.

Caution: Append the jmp [r31] instruction **[V850]** or RETB instruction **[78K]** to the end of the sub-program that is executed when a stub event occurs, otherwise, malfunction may occur.

This section explains the following items:

- Setting stub event conditions
- Flow of stub function

5.14.1 Setting stub event conditions

A stub event condition specifies the trigger by which the stub function is executed. Stub event conditions are set in the Stub Dialog Box. (Refer to "5.12 Event Function".)

When the stub event is executed, execution of the user program momentarily breaks.

| Stub | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| OK New Disable Clear Close | Help |
| Stub <u>N</u> ame: U. Stb00001 | Add <u>E</u> vent |
| Stub Event: Go to: | Add Link |
| E. Evt00001 | Open |
| | <u>R</u> emove |
| | Shrink <<< |
| Event <u>M</u> anager: | |
| E. Evt00001 | <u>A</u> dd |
| U. Stb00001 | In <u>f</u> o |
| ٤ | Ot <u>h</u> er |

Figure 5-25 Setting Stub Function Conditions

The start address of the function executed when a stub event occurs is as follows.

Table 5-18 Start Address of Function to Be Executed (Stub Function)

| Device | Setting Range | |
|--------|---|--|
| [V850] | 0 <= Start address of function <= 0xFFFFFFF | |
| [78K] | 0 <= Start address of function <= 0xFFFF | |

5.14.2 Flow of stub function

A flow of stub function is shown below.

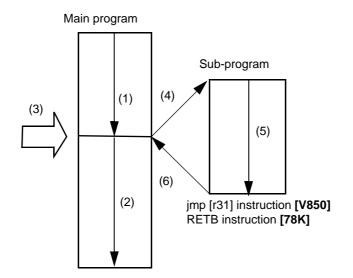


Figure 5-26 Flow of Stub Function

If stub function is not used

(1) and (2) are executed.

If stub function is used

- 1) (1) is executed.
- 2) A stub event occurs in (3) and a break occurs.
- 3) The simulator sets the current address to the r31 register in (4), and rewrites the PC value to the entry address of the sub-program. [V850] The simulator forms a call stack in the current PC in (4), and rewrites the PC value to the entry address of

the sub-program. [78K]

- 4) (5) is executed.
- 5) Execution is returned to the main program by the jmp instruction **[V850]** or RETB instruction **[78K]** at the end of the sub-program in (6).

5.15 RAM Sampling Function

The RAM sampling function is used to display in real time the variables and data allocated in the sampling range in the Watch Window, Memory Window, and IOR/SFR Window.

With SM+, the entire space of the internal RAM area can be sampled. The sampling time can be specified in the Extended Option Dialog Box (default: 500 ms).

5.16 Load/Save Function

SM+ allows saving and loading the following types of information as files. As a result, recovery of these various types of information is possible.

- Debugging environment (project file)
- Window display information (view file)
- Window setting information (setting file)
- **Remark:** The simple window status can be maintained by selecting [Window] menu -> [Static]. (Refer to "5.17.1 Active status and static status".)

5.16.1 Debugging environment (project file)

A project file (*.prj) is a file that records the debugging environment.

A project file is created when the debugging environment at a particular point in time is saved, and that debugging environment can be restored by loading this file at a subsequent time.

Project files are loaded and saved in the Project File Save Dialog Box and Project File Load Dialog Box, respectively. To load a project file at startup, click the <Project...> button in the Configuration Dialog Box.

(1) Contents saved to project File

The following contents are saved to the project file:

| Window Name | Saved Contents |
|--|---|
| Debugger block | |
| Configuration Dialog Box | All items (target device, clock setting, mapping information, simulator configuration file information) |
| Main Window | Display position, toolbar/status bar/button display information, execution mode information, trace on/off information, and timer on/off information |
| Download Dialog Box | File information to be downloaded |
| Extended Option Dialog Box Debugger Option Dialog Box | Set information |
| Source Window | Display information of window |
| Assemble Window Memory Window | Display information of window, display start address |
| Stack Window IOR/SFR Window Register Window Local Variable Window Trace View Window Event Manager Code Coverage Window Console Window Expansion Window | Display information of window |
| Event Dialog Box | Display information of window, event information |
| Event Link Dialog Box | Display information of window, link event information |
| Break Dialog Box | Display information of window, break event information |
| Trace Dialog Box | Display information of window, trace event information |
| Snap Shot Dialog Box | Display information of window, snapshot event information |
| Stub Dialog Box | Display information of window, stub event information |
| Timer Dialog Box | Display information of window, timer event information |
| Watch Window | Display information of window ^{Note} , watch registration information |

Table 5-19 Contents Saved to Project File

| Window Name | Saved Contents |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Add I/O Port Dialog Box | Added I/O port information |
| DMM Dialog Box | DMM information |
| Delay Count Dialog Box | Delay count value |
| Simulator block | |
| Main Window | Position, size, and status of window |
| [Signal Data Editor] Window | Position, size, and status of window Contents of Signal data files (*.wvi, *.wvo) currently being edited (when saved file exists) |
| [Timing Chart] Window | Position, size, and status of window Pin setting information |
| [Standard I/O] Window | Position, size, and status of window Size setting information for standard I/O buffer Standard library interface setting information |
| [Serial] Window | Position, size, and status of window Contents of Serial transmission data file (*.ser) currently being edited (when saved file exists) |
| [I/O Panel] Window | Position, size, and status of window Contents of connected parts file currently being edited (when saved file exists) |

Note: The display status of members of a structure pointer, array pointer and so on, and radix for displaying individual member are not saved.

5.16.2 Window display information (view file)

A view file is a file that records window display information.

View files can be loaded and saved for each window.

When a view file is loaded, a reference window (Source Window in the static status) is displayed and the display information at the time of saving is displayed.

View files are loaded and saved in the View File Load Dialog Box and View File Save Dialog Box, respectively.

| File Type | Current Window Name, File Name | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Source Text (*.svw) | Source Window | | |
| Assemble (*.dis) | Assemble Window | | |
| Memory (*.mem) | Memory Window | | |
| Watch (*.wch) | Watch Window | | |
| Register (*.rgw) | Register Window | | |
| I/O Register (*.ior) [V850] | IOR Window [V850] | | |
| SFR (*.sfr) [78K] | SFR Window [78K] | | |
| Local Variable (*.loc) | Local Variable Window | | |
| Stack Trace (*.stk) | Stack Window | | |
| Trace (*.tvw) | Trace View Window | | |
| Code Coverage (*.csv) | Code Coverage Window | | |
| Console (*.log) | Console Window | | |
| All (*.*) | All files | | |
| Source (*.c, *.s, *.asm) | Source file ^{Note} | | |
| Text (*.txt) | Text file | | |

Table 5-20 Type of View Files

Note: The extension of the source file can be changed in the Extended Option Dialog Box.

5.16.3 Window setting information (setting file)

A setting file is a file that records the window setting information (watch data settings, IOR/SFR settings, and event settings).

Setting files can be loaded and saved for each window.

When a setting file is loaded, the target window is displayed and the setting information that was saved is restored.

Setting files are loaded and saved in the Environment Setting File Load Dialog Box and Environment Setting File Save Dialog Box, respectively.

Table 5-21 Type of Setting Files

| File Type | Current Window Name | |
|---|---------------------|--|
| Watch (*.wch) ^{Note} | Watch Window | |
| I/O Register (*.ior) ^{Note} [V850] | IOR Window [V850] | |
| SFR (*.sfr) ^{Note} [78K] | SFR Window [78K] | |
| Event (*.evn) | Event Manager | |

Note: A variable value can not be loaded.

5.17 Functions Common to Each Window

The windows have the following common functions.

- Active status and static status
- Jump function
- Trace result with linking windowTrace result with linking window
- Drag & drop function
- Cautions

5.17.1 Active status and static status

Each of the Windows below has two statuses: The Active status and Static status.

- Source Window (that is displaying the source file to which symbol information is read)
- Assemble Window
- Memory Window

Only one window can be opened in the active status. However, because two or more windows in the static status can be opened, the current status of the windows can be temporarily held.

Select this status by the [Window] menu.

(1) Active status

The display position and contents of the window in the active status are automatically updated in association with the current PC value.

This window is also the jump destination of the Jump function. If this window is linked with the Trace View Window, the contents displayed in the active window are updated in association with the Trace View Window.

Only one window can be opened in the active status.

(2) Static status

The display position of the window in the static status does not move in association with the current PC value, but the displayed contents are updated.

The static window is not used as the jump destination of the Jump function. In addition, it is not linked with the Trace View Window.

If an active window is already open, the next window is opened in the static status.

Two or more static windows can be opened at the same time.

5.17.2 Jump function

This is a function that jumps to any of the Windows below from a line or address (a jump pointer) on which the cursor is put. The Window to which the jump is made is displayed on the jump pointer.

- Source Window
- Assemble Window
- Memory Window

You can jump among the above windows, or from the Trace View Window, Stack Window, Event Manager and Register Window to the above windows.

(1) Jump method

The jump method is as follows:

- 1) Move the cursor to the line or address that is to be used as the jump pointer, on the window from which jumping is possible (select an event icon on the Event Manager).
- 2) Select the following menu item to which execution is to jump from the [Jump] menu.
- **Caution:** If a program code does not exist on the line at the cursor position, the first address of the line with a program code above or below that line is used as the jump pointer.

(2) Details of jump source address

The details of jump source address is as follows:

| Target Window | Details of Jump Pointer | | |
|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| From the Register Window | Registers selected | | |
| From the Memory Window | Address at the cursor position | | |
| From the Event Manager | If the selected event icon is that of an event condition, an address condition is as the jump pointer. | | |
| | If the address condition is set in point Jump to specified address | | |
| | If the address condition is set in range | Jump to lower address (point address before the mask if a mask is specified) | |
| | If the address condition is set in bit | Jump to address at the bit position | |

Table 5-22 Details of Jump Source Address

| Target Window | Details of Jump Pointer | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| From the Stack Window | A function at the cursor position that stack flame number indicates is used as the jump pointer. | | | | |
| | With current function | | | | |
| | If the jump destination is the Source Window | Jumps to the current PC line | | | |
| | Other than above Jumps to the current PC address | | | | |
| | With function other than current function | | | | |
| | If the jump destination is the Source Window | Jump to the line that calls a nested func- tion. | | | |
| | Other than above | Jump to the address next to the instruc- tion that calls a nested function. | | | |
| From the Trace View Window | Jump to the Memory Window or Code Coverage Window | | | | |
| Window | If the cursor position is at an access address, access data, or access status | Access address | | | |
| | Other than above Fetch address | | | | |
| Jump to the Source Win- dow or Assemble Win- dow | Fetch address | | | | |

5.17.3 Trace result with linking window

By linking the Trace View Window with each window (Source Window, Assemble Window or Memory Window), the corresponding part can be displayed on the linked window, by using the address at the cursor position on the Trace View Window as a pointer.

If the cursor is moved on the Trace View Window, the corresponding part on the linked window is highlighted or indicated by the cursor position.

(1) Linking method

The linking method is as follows:

- 1) Set the Trace View Window as the current window.
- 2) Select [View] menu -> [Window Synchronize] to select a window to be linked.
- 3) Move the cursor to the line to be linked in the trace result display area of the Trace View Window.
- 4) Using the address of the line selected in 3) as a pointer, the corresponding part is highlighted (or indicated by the cursor position) in the display area of the window selected in 2).

5.17.4 Drag & drop function

Selected and highlighted line numbers, addresses, and text can be dragged and dropped in another window using the following method.

1) Drag the selected line number, address, or text.

-> The shape of the mouse cursor changes from an arrow to "-".

2) Drop the selection in a window or area where it can be dropped.

-> The shape of the cursor changes from "-" to "OK" when the cursor is placed over a window or area where the selection can be dropped.

In the window in which the line number of the address has been dropped, an operation is performed on the dropped address or the address that is obtained from the dropped line number. For example, a variable can be simply registered by dragging and dropping in the Watch Window such a variable located in the Source Window.

(1) Drag & drop details

The operation to be performed after dropping the line number or address differs, depending on the window or area in which the line number or address has been dropped.

| Window/Area to Drop to | Operation After Drop | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| The Event Manager or the event manager area in each various event setting dialog box | Automatically creates an execution event condition by using the dropped line number or address as an address condition. Event condition names are automatically created as Evt00001, Evt00002, and so on. A path count is not specified. The address condition is set for the closest symbol in the format of symbol name + offset value. | | |
| Condition setting area in each various event setting dialog box (other than address and data setting areas) | Automatically creates an execution event condition by using the dropped line number or address as an address condition. The automatically created event condition is set in each condition setting area in which the line number or address has been dropped. Event condition names are automatically created as Evt00001, Evt00002, and so on. A path count is not specified. The address condition is set for the closest symbol in the format of symbol name + offset value. | | |
| Condition setting area in each various event setting dialog box (address and data setting areas) | The text of the dropped line number or address is set in the area in which the line number or address has been dropped. The address condition is set for the closest symbol in the format of symbol name + offset value. | | |

Table 5-23 Details of Drag & Drop Function (Line/Address)

Table 5-24 Details of Drag & Drop Function (Character String)

| Window/Area to Drop to | Operatio | n After Drop | |
|--|--|--|--|
| The Event Manager or the event manager area in each various event setting dialog box | condition in the Access status (all access automatically created, using the convert Event condition names are automaticall on. A data condition and path count ar The address condition is set by the drop | ed address value as an address condition. y created as Evt00001, Evt00002, and so e not specified. | |
| | Symbols | Status | |
| | Variable | Access (R/W) | |
| | Function | Execute | |
| | Symbol in data section | Access (R/W) | |
| | Symbol in code section | Execute | |
| | Others | Access (R/W) | |
| setting dialog box (other than address and data setting areas) | The automatically created event conditive which the line number or address has be Event condition names are automaticall on. A data condition and path count are The address condition is set by the drop | y created as Evt00001, Evt00002, and so e not specified. | |
| | Symbols | Status | |
| | Variable | Access (R/W) | |
| | Function | Execute | |
| | Symbol in data section | Access (R/W) | |
| | Symbol in code section | Execute | |
| | Others Access (R/W) | | |
| Condition setting area in each various event setting dialog box (address and data setting areas) | | | |
| Watch Window | If the dropped text is recognizable as a symbol, the contents of the s displayed. | | |

Remark: Each various event setting dialog box are as follows.

- Event Dialog Box
- Event Link Dialog Box
- Break Dialog Box
- Trace Dialog Box
- Timer Dialog Box
- Snap Shot Dialog Box
- Stub Dialog Box

5.17.5 Cautions

- (1) The number of characters that can be displayed on 1 line in each area of a window is 319.
- (2) If the width of the display area is narrow, the display may become corrupted. In this case, increase the width of the window.
- (3) Redrawing may not successfully be performed in a window with a <Refresh> button when the cursor position is changed while the window is active. Click the <Refresh> button to perform redrawing.
- (4) The help that is opened using the F1 key is the help corresponding to the window on which the cursor is placed. Consequently, because the cursor cannot be placed on the Trace View Window in which no trace results are displayed, such as immediately after startup, the help may not open even if the F1 key is pressed. In this case, open the help by selecting [Current Window Help] from the [Help] menu.
- (5) Do not select [Slowmotion] from the [Run] menu during Go & Go execution. [Slowmotion] on the [Run] menu is usually dimmed during Go & Go execution, but there is a moment when it can be selected, so if [Slowmotion] is selected at this time, the program will not be able to be stopped even if [Stop] is selected from the [Run] menu (or the STOP button is clicked).
- (6) If for some reason or other the application switches while event icons are in the process of being dragged, the icons will no longer be able to be dropped.

Use the ESC key to escape from drag, then reattempt the drag.

CHAPTER 6 SIMULATION FUNCTION

This chapter explains the following simulation function. These are provided in SM+ simulator block.

| Item | Refer To |
|--|---------------------------|
| Pin input function, pin output function | 6.1 Pin I/O Function |
| Standard I/O function, file I/O function | 6.2 Standard I/O Function |
| Serial I/O function | 6.3 Serial I/O Function |
| A dummy target system can be created | 6.4 Panel Function |

Table 6-1 Simulation Function List

6.1 Pin I/O Function

This section explains the following items related to the pin I/O function:

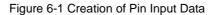
- Pin input
- Pin output
- Pin selection
- Data search
- Signal data files (*.wvi, *.wvo)

6.1.1 Pin input

Pin input data is created in the [Signal Data Editor] Window.

Pin input can be simulated by inputting the created signal data to the simulator from the [Signal Data Editor] Window.

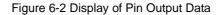
| A 78KOR_test0.wvi | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|---------|------|-----|-----|-----|--------|--------|
| | 4ainClk | • | | | | | |
| | Mark | Wait | POO | P01 | P02 | AN I O | AVREF |
| 1 | Ł | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5000 🔺 |
| 2 | | 100 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 500 | 5000 |
| 3 | | 100 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1000 | 5000 |
| 4 | | 100 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1500 | 5000 |
| 5 | | 100 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2000 | 5000 |
| 6 | | 100 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2500 | 5000 |
| 7 | | 100 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3000 | 5000 |
| 8 | | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3500 | 5000 |
| 9 | | 100 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4000 | 5000 |
| 10 | | 100 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 4500 | 5000 |
| 11 | | 100 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 5000 | 5000 🦳 |
| 12 | | 100 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4000 | 5000 |
| 13 | | 100 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 3000 | 5000 🖵 |
| ſ | | | 4 | | | | ▶ |

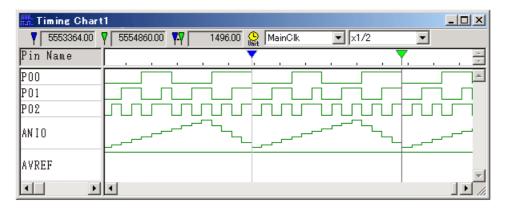


6.1.2 Pin output

Pin output data is displayed in the [Timing Chart] Window.

In the [Timing Chart] Window, inputs and output/output to the pins currently being simulated can be checked by performing waveform display of the pin output data. However, the amount of data that can be displayed at one time is limited.





6.1.3 Pin selection

The pin to be displayed in the [Signal Data Editor] Window and the [Timing Chart] Window is selected in the [Select Pin] Dialog Box.

The pin information set in the [Select Pin] Dialog Box can be saved and recovered as a pin information file (*.pin).

| | Pin Name: | Analo | e: Function | n Name: | |
|---|----------------|-------|-------------|---------|----------------|
| 1 | P10/ANO0 | - F | P10 | | <u>о</u> к |
| 2 | P11/ANO1 | • F | P11 | | Save |
| 3 | P40/SIB0/SDA01 | • | P40 | _ | |
| 4 | | • | | - 3 | <u>L</u> oad |
| 5 | | | í | _ | Cl <u>e</u> ar |
| 6 | | | | - | <u>C</u> ancel |

Figure 6-3 Pin Selection

6.1.4 Data search

A detailed search of display data can be performed from the [Search Data] Dialog Box displayed by selecting [Edit] menu -> [Search...] in the [Timing Chart] Window.

| ea | rch Data | | | <u> </u> |
|----|-----------------|---|--------------|--------------|
| | Pin Name: | | Search Data: | Direction |
| 1 | P03/INTP0/ADTRG | • | | Backward |
| 2 | P04/INTP1 | • | • | |
| 3 | | - | | <u>N</u> ext |
| 4 | | - | v | [Cancel |

Figure 6-4 Detailed Data Search

6.1.5 Signal data files (*.wvi, *.wvo)

Signal data files are CSV-format text files used in the [Signal Data Editor] Window and [Timing Chart] Window.

These files can be edited and managed using a commercially available editor that supports the CSV-format.

Signal data files can be saved and recovered by selecting [Simulator] menu -> [Save As.../Open...] in the respective windows.

(1) File details

Signal data files consist of the following three parts.

1. Comment part

2. Option setting part

Additional information is described for the various options in the option setting part.

Almost all the information can be omitted, except for the pin name setting information. When an option is omitted, its default setting is used.

3. Signal data setting part

The data corresponding to the pins for which pin name setting information has been set is described in chronological order in the signal data setting part.

The data description order is the same as the data order in the [Signal Data Editor] Window.

Figure 6-5 Signal Data File Outline

| # Option settings | | 1. |
|--|------------------------|----|
| OPT, VERSION, version number | 2-1 | |
| OPT, PIN_NAME, pin name 1, pin name 2,, pin name n | 2-2 | |
| OPT, PIN_ALIAS, pin 1 display name, pin 2 display name,, pin n display name | 2-3 | 2. |
| OPT, PIN_TYPE, pin 1 type, pin 2 type,, pin n type | 2-4 | |
| OPT, PIN_INPUT, pin 1 input, pin 2 input,, pin n input | 2-5 | |
| OPT, TIME_UNIT, <i>time unit</i> | 2-6 | |
| #Signal data Loop information 1, wait time 1, signal value 1 of pin 1, signal value 1 of pin 2,, signal value 1 Loop information 2, wait time 2, signal value 2 of pin 1, signal value 2 of pin 2,, signal value 2 | • | 3. |
| Loop information m, wait time m, signal value m of pin 1, signal value m of pin 2,,signa | nl value m of signal i | n |

(2) File format details

Table 6-2 File Format Details (Signal Data File)

| Item | Description | | |
|------------------|---|--------------------------------|--|
| 1. Comment pa | irt | | |
| Syntax | # | | |
| Description | Part after # until line end = comment. | | |
| 2. Option settin | ng part | | |
| Syntax | OPT, option name, information for each option | | |
| Description | If option settings are required, specify the option name and the required data. The option items can be specified in any order. Option types and the operation when options are omitted are as described below (2-1 Format version to 2-6 Time unit setting information). | | |
| 2-1 Format ver | sion | | |
| Syntax | OPT, VERSION, version number | | |
| Description | Indicates the format version of this file. | | |
| When omitted | Processing is performed assuming the latest file format version. | | |
| 2-2 Pin name ir | nformation | | |
| Syntax | OPT, PIN_NAME, pin name 1, pin name 2,, pin name n | | |
| Description | Specify each pin name. For the pin names, refer to the user's manual of the device. | | |
| When omitted | Cannot be omitted. | | |
| 2-3 Pin display | name informatio | n | |
| Syntax | OPT, PIN_ALIAS, pin 1 display name, pin 2 display name,, pin n display name | | |
| Description | Specify the display name of each pin. | | |
| When omitted | The pin name is displayed. | | |
| 2-4 Pin type inf | ormation (analog | g pin/digital pin information) | |
| Syntax | OPT., PIN_TYPE, pin 1 type, pin 2 type,, pin n type | | |
| Description | Set the type of the pin. | | |
| | ANALOG | Analog pin | |
| | DIGITAL | Digital pin | |
| When omitted | Treated as a digital pin. | | |
| 2-5 Signal inpu | t enable/disable | | |
| Syntax | OPT, PIN_INPUT, pin 1 input, pin 2 input,, pin n input | | |
| Description | Enable/disable signal input for each pin. | | |
| | VALID | Enable pin input | |
| | INVALID | Disable pin input | |

| Item | Description | | | | |
|------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| When omitted | Pin input is enabled. | | | | |
| 2-6 Time unit se | etting information | ı | | | |
| Syntax | OPT, TIME_UNIT, time unit | | | | |
| Description | Set the Wait time unit for signal data. | | | | |
| | MAINCLK | Main clock | | | |
| | USEC | Microsecond | | | |
| | MSEC | Millisecond | | | |
| When omitted | MAINCLK is used as the time unit. | | | | |
| 3. Signal data s | 3. Signal data setting part | | | | |
| Syntax | Loop information, wait time, pin 1 signal value, pin 2 signal value,, pin n signal value | | | | |
| Description | Value of pin (1-n) changes following lapse of wait time. | | | | |
| | a)Loop information | | | | |
| | S | Loop start position (infinite loop) | | | |
| | S- value | Loop start position (with loop count) | | | |
| | E | Loop end position | | | |
| | b) Wait time | | | | |
| | Specify value of 0 to 4,294,967,295 as a decimal integer. | | | | |
| | c) Signal data | | | | |
| | Specify the corresponding pin data as a decimal integer. | | | | |
| | Analog value | 0 - 5000 | | | |
| | Digital value | 0 or 1 | | | |

(3) Description example

Figure 6-6 Description Example (Signal Data File)

Option settings OPT, VERSION, 1.00 OPT,PIN_NAME,P10,P11,P12,P13,P14,P15,A NI0 OPT, PIN_ALIAS, ,,,,,, Analog 1 OPT, PIN_TYPE, ,,,,, ANALOG OPT, PIN_INPUT, ,,,,, INVALID OPT,TIME_UNIT,MAINCLK #Signal data ,100,0,0,0,0,0,0,1250 ,100,0,0,0,0,0,1,1250 S-10,100,0,0,0,0,1,0,2500 ,100,0,0,0,0,1,1,3750 ,100,0,0,0,1,0,0,5000 E,100,0,0,0,1,0,1,5000 ,100,0,0,0,1,1,0,5000 ,100,0,0,0,1,1,1,5000 ,100,0,0,1,0,0,0,5000 ,100,0,0,1,0,0,1,5000 ,100,0,0,1,0,1,0,5000

6.2 Standard I/O Function

A standard I/O function and file I/O function are provided for user programs to be debugged.

The window that provides this function is the [Standard I/O] Window.

Text display of standard output data and keyboard input of standard input data is possible.

The maximum number of display digits can be changed in the [Standard I/O Buffer Size] Dialog Box that is opened when [Option] -> [Buffer Size...] is selected from the menu bar.

Figure 6-7 Standard I/O Function

| T Standard I/01 | |
|---|---|
| This window is Standard I/O window. This message is outputed by printf() The message string is flushed by '¥n' So, use '¥n' at end of line. You can input number or character by scanf() Like this | |
| What is start address? 0x3fffe8p0 ERROR: Wrong number. What is start address? 0x3fffe800 | |
| | F |

This section explains the following items:

- Standard I/O and file I/O usage procedure
- Load module creation procedure
- GUI manipulation procedure
- Function specifications

6.2.1 Standard I/O and file I/O usage procedure

The following procedure must be executed in order to call the standard I/O and file I/O functions in a user program.

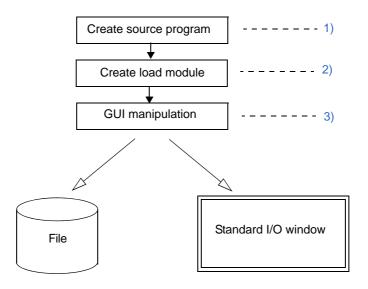


Figure 6-8 Standard I/O and File I/O Usage Procedure

- Input descriptions for calling standard I/O and file I/O functions in the user source program. (Refer to "6.2.4 Function specifications".)
- 2) Create a load module. (Refer to "6.2.2 Load module creation procedure".)
- 3) Perform the necessary GUI manipulation. (Refer to "6.2.3 GUI manipulation procedure".)

6.2.2 Load module creation procedure

Link manipulation must be performed to use the standard I/O and file I/O functions.

The load module creation procedure is shown in the following.

- In the case of CA850
- In the case of CC78K0R + RA78K0R
- In the case of CC78K0 + RA78K0, or CC78K0S + RA78K0S

(1) In the case of CA850

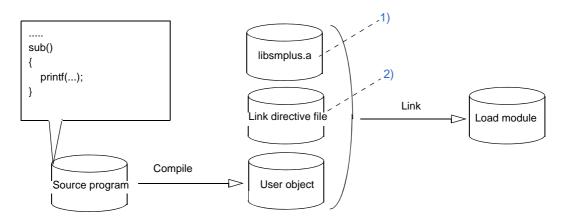


Figure 6-9 Load Module Creation Procedure [V850]

1) Library addition

The I/O library supporting the SM+ (libsmplus.a) must be linked.

If PM+ is used, set the I/O library in the [SM+ Options] Dialog Box (PM+) that is opened by selecting the [Tool] menu -> [SM+ Options...] of PM+.

Select the [Link STUDIO Library for SM+ [S]] check box in this dialog box; SM+ identifies the register mode and an appropriate I/O library will then be linked automatically.

| SM+ Options | | |
|--|----------------|---|
| Library Link STDIO Library for SM+(S) | | |
| | OK Cancel Help |] |

Figure 6-10 [SM+ Options] Dialog Box (PM+)

- **Remark:** If PM+ is not used, a library path must be specified in the compiler (CA850) when linking libsmplus.a. Specify a library path that supports the build environment (register mode). Link libsmplus.a before linking the library (libc.a).
 - <SM+ for V850 install folder>\lib850
 - \r22: Library path for 22 register mode
 - \r26: Library path for 26 register mode
 - \r32: Library path for 32 register mode
 - \r32msk: Library path for 23 register mode (supporting mask register)
- 2) Link directive file change

Place the section (ptio.data) in any external memory area.

The area where this section is placed is called the interface area, and its beginning is called the interface address.

The size of the interface area is 20 bytes.

When the interface address is 0x20000, a placement command line such as the following is added to the link directive file.

.....

.....

PTIODATA : !LOAD ?RW V0x200000 L0x14 A0x4 { ptio.data = \$PROGBITS ?AW ptio.data };

(2) In the case of CC78K0R + RA78K0R

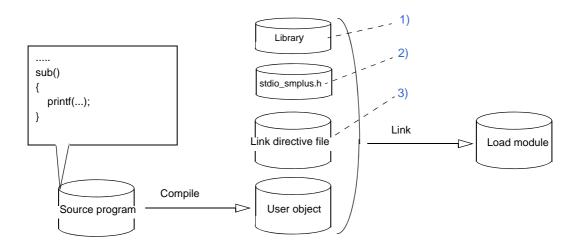
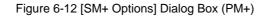


Figure 6-11 Load Module Creation Procedure [78K0R]

1) Library addition

The I/O library supporting the SM+ must be linked. If PM+ is used, set the I/O library in the [SM+ Options] Dialog Box (PM+) that is opened by selecting the [Tool] menu -> [SM+ Options...] of PM+.

Select the [Link STUDIO Library for SM+ [S]] check box in this dialog box; SM+ identifies the memory model and an appropriate I/O library will then be linked automatically.



| SM+ Options | | |
|---|-----------|------|
| Library Link STDIO Library for SM+(S) | | |
| | OK Cancel | Help |

 Remark:
 If PM+ is not used, an I/O library must be specified and linked in accordance with the memory model of the compiler (CC78K0R). Link the relevant I/O library before linking the library (libc.a).

 For details on the memory model, refer to the user's manual for the compiler.
 <I/O library>

 In the case of small or medium model: smplus0rm.lib
 In the case of small or medium model, with flash memory supported: smplus0rme.lib

 In the case of compact or large model, with flash memory supported: smplus0rle.lib

2) Addition of header file

Include the SM+ header file (stdio_smplus.h) instead of the standard header file (stdio.h).

3) Link directive file addition

Place the section (PTIODATA) in any memory area.

The area where this section is placed is called the interface area, and its beginning is called the interface address. The size of the interface area is 20 bytes.

Specify as the interface area a memory area other than the internal ROM or SFR.

Describe as follows in the link directive file when the interface address is 0xffe90.

MERGE PTIODATA: AT (0FFE90H) = RAM

(3) In the case of CC78K0 + RA78K0, or CC78K0S + RA78K0S

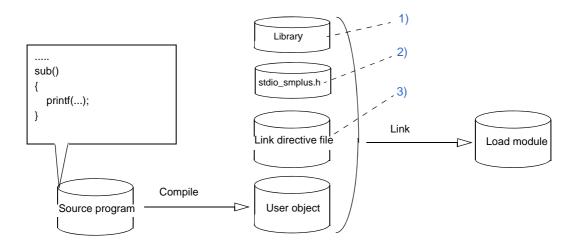


Figure 6-13 Load Module Creation Procedure [78K0] [78K0S]

1) Library addition

The I/O library supporting the simulator must be linked. (Refer to "Table 6-3 I/O Libraries for Simulator".) The following types of I/O libraries for the SM+ are available according to the memory models. Refer to the compiler user's manuals for the memory models.

Table 6-3 I/O Libraries for Simulator

| Library Name | | Description of Compilation Mode |
|--------------------------|---------------------|--|
| CC78K0, RA | 478K0 [78K0] | |
| | smplus0.lib | Normal model |
| | smplus0o.lib | Normal model, old function interface |
| | smplus0r.lib | Normal model, Pascal function call |
| smplus0e.lib | | Normal model, flash memory supported |
| | smplus0oe.lib | Normal model, old function interface, flash memory supported |
| | smplus0re.lib | Normal model, Pascal function call, flash memory supported |
| CC78K0S, RA78K0S [78K0S] | | |
| | smplus0s.lib | Normal model |
| | smplus0sr.lib | Normal model, Pascal function call |

2) Addition of header file

Include the SM+ header file (stdio_smplus.h) instead of the standard header file (stdio.h).

3) Link directive file addition

Place the section (PTIODATA) in any memory area.

The area where this section is placed is called the interface area, and its beginning is called the interface address. The size of the interface area is 20 bytes.

Specify as the interface area a memory area other than the internal ROM or SFR.

Describe as follows in the link directive file when the interface address is 0x0f000.

MEMORY PTIOMEM:(0F000H, 14H) MERGE PTIODATA:COMPLETE=PTIOMEM

6.2.3 GUI manipulation procedure

The GUI manipulation procedure for using the standard I/O and file I/O functions is described below.

1) Memory mapping setting [V850]

Map the range that includes the interface area set in "6.2.2 Load module creation procedure" as the target attribute in the Configuration Dialog Box displayed by selecting [Option] menu -> [Configuration...].

- **Remark:** This setting is required in SM+ for V850. It is not necessary in SM+ for 78K0R, SM+ for 78K0 or SM+ for 78K0S.
- Interface address and I/O file path setting Set the interface address and I/O file path in the [Simulator Option] Dialog Box displayed by selecting [Option] menu -> [Simulator Option...].
- 3) Output data display and input data input Data display of standard output and standard error output, as well as input of standard input data can be performed in the [Standard I/O] Window displayed by selecting [Simulator] menu -> [Standard I/O].

6.2.4 Function specifications

The usable functions and specifications are displayed.

- fopen
- fclose
- printf
- scanf
- fprintf
- fscanf

Table 6-4 Function Specifications (Standard I/O, File I/O Related)

| Function | Description | | | | |
|----------|--------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| fopen | File open | | | | |
| | Format | FILE* fo | FILE* fopen(const char* <i>filenam</i> e, const char* <i>mode</i>); | | |
| | Return value | | ned file pointer is returned. n error occurs, the NULL pointer is returned. | | |
| | Explanation | | specified by <i>filename</i> is opened. the access modes indicated below for <i>mode</i> . | | |
| | | "r" | Opens files in the read mode. An error occurs if the file does not exist or cannot be found. | | |
| | | "w" "a" | Opens an empty file in the write mode. The file contents are destroyed if the specified file already exists. | | |
| | | | Opens files in the write mode to the end of the file without deleting the EOF marker before writing new data to a file (add mode). Creates a file if no file exists. | | |
| | | "r+" | Opens files in both the read and write modes (existing files). | | |
| | | "w+" | Opens an empty file in both the read and write modes. The file contents are destroyed if the specified file already exists. | | |
| | | "a+" | Opens files in both the read and add modes. When an addition is made, the EOF marker is deleted before new data is written to the file. Also, the EOF marker is restored upon write completion. Not created if no file exists. | | |
| fclose | File close | | | | |
| | Format | int fclose(FILE* stream); | | | |
| | Return value | 0 is retu | 0 is returned. If an error occurs, EOF is returned. | | |
| | Explanation | | Closes <i>stream</i> . However, this does not apply to the stdout, stderr, and stdin standard I/Os. | | |

| Function | Description | | | |
|----------|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| printf | Formatted output | | | |
| | Format | int printf(const char* format [, arg,]); | | |
| | Return value | Output character count is returned. | | |
| | Explanation | The format specified by the character string <i>format</i> is applied to each of the aguments <i>arg</i> , and the formatted data output as a result is output to stdout. Floating points (%f, %e, %E, %g, %G) cannot be used in the <i>format</i> character string. | | |
| scanf | Formatted inpu | t | | |
| | Format | int scanf(const char* format [, arg,]); | | |
| | Return value | The number of input fields for which scanning, conversion, and saving were performed normally is returned. Already scanned fields that were not saved are not included. If read was attempted at the end of the file, EOF is returned. | | |
| | Explanation | The input to be converted is read from standard I/O stdin in accordance with the format specified by the character string format, with the arguments <i>arg</i> that follow the character string <i>format</i> handled as objects that store the converted input. Floating points (%f, %e, %E, %g, %G) cannot be used in the format character string. | | |
| fprintf | Formatted file output | | | |
| | Format | int fprintf(FILE* stream, const char* format, [, arg,]); | | |
| | Return value | The output character count is returned. | | |
| | Explanation | The format specified by the character string <i>format</i> is applied to each of the aguments <i>arg</i> , and the formatted data output as a result is output to <i>stream</i> . The items that can be specified for <i>stream</i> consist of the pointers of the files opened by the stdout, stderr, and fopen functions. Floating points (%f, %e, %E, %g, %G) cannot be used in the <i>format</i> character string. | | |
| fscanf | Formatted file input | | | |
| | Format | int fscanf(FILE* stream, const char* format, [, arg,]); | | |
| | Return value | The number of input fields for which scanning, conversion, and saving were performed normally is returned. Already scanned fields that were not saved are not included. If read was attempted at the end of the file, EOF is returned. | | |
| | Explanation | The input to be converted is read from <i>stream</i> in accordance with the format specified by the character string <i>format</i> , with the arguments <i>arg</i> that follow the character string <i>format</i> handled as objects that store the converted input. The items that can be specified for <i>stream</i> consist of the pointers of the files opened by the stdin and fopen standard I/O functions. Floating points (%f, %e, %E, %g, %G) cannot be used in the <i>format</i> character string. | | |

6.3 Serial I/O Function

Data input to the serial reception pin of the device and data output from the transmission pin can be acquired as the serial I/O function. The window that provides this function is the [Serial] Window.

[Serial] Window functions as the communication partner of the incorporated serial interface, displaying transmission/reception data in the top part of the window, with data creation and data transmission performed in the bottom part of the window.

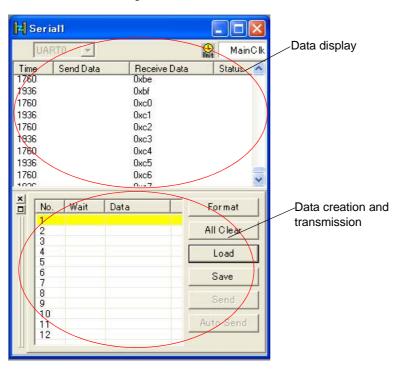


Figure 6-14 Serial I/O Function

This section explains the following items:

- Format setting
- Serial log data file (*.log)
- Serial transmission data file (*.ser)

6.3.1 Format setting

The format is set either in the [Format (UART)] Dialog Box or [Format (CSI)] Dialog Box, according to the serial interface selected in the [Serial] Window.

6.3.2 Serial log data file (*.log)

The serial log data file is a CSV-format text file that saves the Log display area information for transmission/ reception data in the [Serial] Window.

This file can be referenced with a commercially available editor that supports the CSV format.

The serial log data file can be saved by selecting [File] menu -> [Save/Save As...] in the [Serial] Window.

The serial log data file is used only to save information and cannot be read to the simulator.

(1) File details

The transmission/reception data are saved in chronological order in the serial log data file.

The saved contents are the same as the data array in the log display area in the [Serial] Window.

Figure 6-15 Serial Log Data File Outline

| OPT, SERIAL_NAME, serial name | 1. |
|---|----|
| OPT, TIME_UNIT, <i>time unit</i> | 2. |
| time1, send data1, receive data1, status1 | 3. |
| time2, send data2, receive data2, status2 | |

Table 6-5 File Format Details (Serial Log Data File)

| Item | Description | | |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| 1. Serial nam | ne | | |
| Syntax | OPT, SERIAL_N | NAME, serial name | |
| Description | Name of serial in | nterface selected in the Serial window | |
| 2. Time unit | nit | | |
| Syntax | OPT, TIME_UNIT, time unit | | |
| Description | Time unit | | |
| | MAINCLK | Main clock | |
| | USEC | Microsecond | |
| | MSEC | Millisecond | |
| 3.Transmiss | 3.Transmission/reception data | | |
| Syntax | time, send data, receive data, status | | |

| Item | Description | | |
|-------------|---|------------------------------------|--|
| Description | a)Time | | |
| | Time from end of transmission/reception of previous data until end of current transmission/ reception. The time unit is the unit specified by OPT, TIME_UNIT. The log data time output first is always 0. | | |
| | b) Send data | | |
| | Displays the data sent from the Serial window side (data received by the CPU side). | | |
| | c) Receive data | | |
| | Displays the data received from the Serial window side (data sent by the CPU side). | | |
| | d) Status data | | |
| | Displays the status at reception. If an error occurs, the following characters are displayed. Nothing is displayed when there is no error. | | |
| | Р | Parity error (parity bit mismatch) | |
| | F Framing error (stop bit not detected) | | |

(2) Saving example

Figure 6-16 Saving Example (Serial Log Data File)

OPT,SERIAL_NAME,SIO31 OPT,TIME_UNIT,MAINCLK

256,0x32,0xb7, 256,0x64,0xe9, 256,0x96,0x1b, 256,0xc8,0x4d, 256,0xfa,0x7f,P

6.3.3 Serial transmission data file (*.ser)

Serial transmission data files are CSV-format text files that handle the contents of the Serial editor area in the [Serial] Window and the information of the [Format (UART)] Dialog Box and [Format (CSI)] Dialog Box.

These files can be edited and managed using a commercially available editor that supports the CSV format.

Data can be saved to such a file by clicking the <Save> button in the Serial window, and contents can be recovered by clicking the <Load> button in the Serial window.

(1) File details

The setting information differs in part for the asynchronous serial interface (UART) and the 3-wire serial interface (CSI).

| #Option settings | 1. |
|--|---------------|
| OPT, VERSION, version number | 2-1 Т |
| OPT, SERIAL_NAME, serial name | 2-2 |
| OPT, SERIAL_FORMAT, serial type | 2-3 |
| OPT, REPEAT, repeat information | 2-4 |
| OPT, TIME_UNIT, time unit | 2-5 2. |
| OPT, FIRST_BIT, the first bit of data | 2-6 |
| OPT, DATA_LENGTH, data bit length | 2-7 |
| OPT, BAUDRATE, baud rate value | 2-8 |
| OPT, STOP_LENGTH, bit length of stop bit | 2-9 |
| OPT, PARITY, parity information | 2-10 |
| #Send data | 3. |
| wait1, data type1, send data1, | |
| wait2, data type2, send data2, | |
| | |

Figure 6-17 Serial Transmission Data File Outline: UART

Figure 6-18 Serial Transmission Data File Outline: CSI

| # Option settings | 1. |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|
| OPT, VERSION, version number | 2-1 |
| OPT, SERIAL_NAME, serial name | 2-2 |
| OPT, SERIAL_FORMAT, serial type | 2-3 |
| OPT, REPEAT, repeat information | 2-4 |
| OPT, TIME_UNIT, <i>time unit</i> | 2-5 2. |
| OPT, FIRST_BIT, the first bit of data | 2-6 |
| OPT, DATA_LENGTH, data bit length | 2-7 |
| OPT, MASTER_SLAVE, transfer mode | 2-11 |
| OPT, TRANSFER_CLOCK, transfer clock | 2-12 |
| OPT, DATA_PHASE, data phase | 2-13 |
| OPT, CLOCK_PHASE, clock phase | 2-14 |
| #Send data | 3. |
| wait1, data type1, send data1, | |
| wait2, data type2, send data2, | |
| ·····, ······ ····, ·····, | |

Table 6-6 File Format Details (Serial Transmission Data File)

| Item | | Description | |
|------------------|---|---|--|
| 1. Comment pa | irt | | |
| Syntax | # | | |
| Description | Part after # until line en | d = comment. | |
| 2. Option settir | ng part | | |
| Syntax | OPT, option name, info | rmation for each option | |
| Description | If option settings are required, specify the option name and the required data. The option items can be specified in any order. Option types and the operation when options are omitted are as described below (" 2-1 Format version" to " 2-14 Clock phase"). | | |
| 2-1 Format ver | sion | | |
| Syntax | OPT, VERSION, version | n number | |
| Description | Indicates the format ver | rsion of this file. | |
| When omitted | Processing is performe | d assuming the latest file format version. | |
| 2-2 Serial name | 9 | | |
| Syntax | OPT, SERIAL_NAME, serial name | | |
| Description | Specify the name of the serial interface to be used for communication. For the name, refer to the user's manual of the device to be used. | | |
| When omitted | The serial interface selected in the [Serial] Window is used. | | |
| 2-2 Serial type | · | | |
| Syntax | OPT, SERIAL_FORMA | T, serial type | |
| Description | Specify the serial interface type. | | |
| | UART | In the case of the asynchronous serial interface (UART) | |
| | CSI | In the case of the 3-wire serial interface (CSI) | |
| When omitted | The serial interface type | e selected in the [Serial] Window is used. | |
| 2-4 Repeat tran | nsfer | | |
| Syntax | OPT, REPEAT, repeat information | | |
| Description | Specify whether to return to the beginning and continue sending data, after the last data has been sent during automatic transmission. | | |
| | ON | Repeat transmission | |
| | OFF | Stop transmission after last data has been sent | |
| When omitted | Transmission stops (OF | FF) after the last data has been sent. | |
| 2-5 Time unit s | etting information | | |
| Syntax | OPT, TIME_UNIT, time | unit | |

| Item | Description | | |
|------------------|---|---|--|
| Description | Specify the signal data | wait time unit. | |
| | MAINCLK | Main clock | |
| | USEC | Microsecond | |
| | MSEC | Millisecond | |
| When omitted | MAINCLK is used as th | e time unit. | |
| 2-6 Transfer dir | rection | | |
| Syntax | OPT, FIRST_BIT, first k | bit of data | |
| Description | Specify the first bit of tra | ansmission data. | |
| | MSB | In the case of MSB first | |
| | LSB | In the case of LSB first | |
| When omitted | LSB if the serial type is | UART, and MSB if the serial type is CSI | |
| 2-7 Data bit len | gth | | |
| Syntax | OPT, DATA_LENGTH, d | data bit length | |
| Description | Specify the bit length of can be set is 32. | the transmission data as an integer. The maximum valid value that | |
| When omitted | 7 if the serial type is UA | RT, and 8 if the serial type is CSI | |
| 2-8 Baud rate v | value | | |
| Syntax | OPT, BAUDRATE, baud rate value | | |
| Description | Specify the baud rate value as an integer. (Unit: bps) | | |
| When omitted | Cannot be omitted. (Communication is not possible when this item is omitted.) | | |
| 2-9 Stop bit len | gth | | |
| Syntax | OPT, STOP_LENGTH, | bit length of stop bit | |
| Description | Specify the bit length of the stop bit as an integer. | | |
| When omitted | 1 is used as the bit leng | th. | |
| 2-10 Parity info | ormation | | |
| Syntax | OPT, PARITY, parity information | | |
| Description | Specify the parity inform | nation. | |
| | NONE_PARITY | No parity | |
| | ODD_PARITY | Odd parity | |
| | EVEN_PARITY | Even parity | |
| | ZERO_PARITY | Oparity | |
| When omitted | No parity (NONE_PAR | ITY) is used. | |
| 2-11 Transfer m | node | | |
| Syntax | OPT, MASTER_SLAVE | , transfer mode | |

| Item | Description | | | | |
|------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| Description | Specify the transfer mo | de on the [Serial] Window side. | | | |
| | MASTER | Master mode | | | |
| | SLAVE | Slave mode | | | |
| When omitted | The slave mode (SLAV | E) is used on the [Serial] Window side. | | | |
| 2-12 Transfer cl | lock | | | | |
| Syntax | OPT, TRANSFER_CLC | CK, transfer clock | | | |
| Description | Specify the transfer cloo | ck (unit: Hz). This setting is required in the master mode. | | | |
| When omitted | This item cannot be om | itted in the master mode. | | | |
| 2-13 Data phase | 9 | | | | |
| Syntax | OPT, DATA_PHASE, da | ata phase | | | |
| Description | Specify the data phase. | | | | |
| | NORMAL_DATA | Normal 3-wire serial transmission/reception timing | | | |
| | PRECEDE_DATA | Transmission/reception timing half a clock of the operation clock earlier than the normal 3-wire serial transmission/reception timing | | | |
| When omitted | NORMAL_DATA | | | | |
| 2-14 Clock phase | se | | | | |
| Syntax | OPT, CLOCK_PHASE, clock phase | | | | |
| Description | Specify the clock phase. | | | | |
| | NORMAL_CLOCK | The operation clock in normal clock phase (starting from falling edge) | | | |
| | REVERSE_CLOCK | Operation clock in reverse clock phase (starting from rising edge) | | | |
| When omitted | NORMAL_CLOCK | | | | |
| 3. Signal data | | | | | |
| Syntax | wait, data type, send da | ata, | | | |
| Description | Specify the transmission timing and transmission data. | | | | |
| | Wait | Specifies the time from the completion of transmission of the immediately previous data until the start of transmission of next data. The time unit is the unit specified by OPT, TIME_UNIT. This item is valid during transmission from the <auto send=""> button in the [Serial] Window.</auto> | | | |
| | Data type | Specify the transmission data type. If a number, specify I. | | | |
| | Send data | Specify the transmission data. The transmission data can be specified as hexadecimal (0x) or binary (0b). If different from the bit length specified for data bit length, the data from the lower bit is valid. | | | |
| | | served area Do not specify anything. | | | |

(2) Description example

Figure 6-19 Description Example (Serial Transmission Data File)

#Option setting OPT,VERSION,1.00 OPT,SERIAL_NAME,SIO31 OPT,SERIAL_FORMAT,CSI OPT,ROUND_TRANSFER,ON OPT,TIME_UNIT,MAINCLK OPT,FIRST_BIT,LSB OPT,BIT_LENGTH,8 OPT,MASTER_SLAVE,MASTER OPT,TRANSFER_CLOCK,625000 OPT,DATA_PHASE,NORMAL_DATA OPT,CLOCK_PHASE,NORMAL_CLOCK #Data 128,I,0x32,

128,I,0x64, 28,I,0x96,

6.4 Panel Function

SM+ allows input manipulation and output display simulation by providing standard parts (connected parts) in which the I/O block for peripheral I/O designed as a GUI interface.

The window providing this function is the [I/O Panel] Window.

A dummy target system can be created using this function.

Buttons, LEDs, level gauges, etc., are provided as connected parts, and these parts can be freely connected to device pins. Regarding the display style, figure objects created with drawing tools can be used in addition to bitmaps.

| 🚰 I/O Panel1 | | | _ [] | × |
|--------------|-----|-----|----------|---|
| | | | 8.8.8.8. | 4 |
| P00 | P01 | P02 | 1490mV | |
| x | | | | • |

Figure 6-20 I/O Panel Window

This section explains the following items:

- Connected parts types
- New creation and connection information settings
- Simulation mode
- Connection information list display
- Operation after CPU reset

6.4.1 Connected parts types

The connected parts offered by SM+ are listed below.

| Table | 6-7 | Connected | Parts |
|-------|-----|-----------|-------|
|-------|-----|-----------|-------|

| Connected Part Name | Description -> Properties Dialog Box Name |
|--|---|
| Button P00 | Switch A button can be connected to any pin. A digital input value can be given to the connected pin by clicking the displayed button. ->[Parts Button Properties] Dialog Box |
| Analog button 5V 4V 3V 2V 1V | Analog input switches A button can be connected to any pin. An analog input value can be given to the connected pin by clicking the displayed button. ->[Analog Button Properties] Dialog Box |
| 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 8 10 11 12 | A key matrix consists of multiple pins connected in a matrix array, wherein each contact represents a key, and clicking a key results in a specific state. A key matrix can be connected to any pin, and data can be input using multiple keys. ->[Parts Key Properties] Dialog Box |
| Level gauge | Used for inputting analog data such as power supply voltage. Any data within a given range can be set. Any value within a specified range can be assigned to a pin connected to an A/ D converter. ->[Parts Level Gauge Properties] Dialog Box |
| LED | Light Emitting Diode An LED can be connected to any pin, and the output from the pin can be indicated by switching the LED on or off. ->[Parts Led Properties] Dialog Box |
| 7-segment LED | A product that consists of 7 LEDs configured to represent a numeric figure. When the output from the pin assigned to the digit signal is active, the corresponding 7-segment LED switches on or off. ->[Parts Segment LED Properties] Dialog Box |
| 14-segment LED | A product that consists of 14 LEDs configured to represent an alphabetic character. When the output from the pin assigned to the digit signal is active, the corresponding 14-segment LED switches on or off. ->[Parts Segment LED Properties] Dialog Box |
| Matrix LED | A product that consists of multiple LEDs arranged in a matrix array. When the output from an assigned pin is active, the corresponding 14-segment LED switches on or off. ->[Parts Matrix Led Properties] Dialog Box |
| Buzzer | A buzzer connected to a pin indicates the output information from the connected pin with a bitmap or a buzzer tone. ->[Parts Buzzer Properties] Dialog Box |
| Pull-up/Pull-down setting | Whether a pin is connected to a pull-up/down resistor can be specified. ->[Pull up/Pull down] Dialog Box |

| Connected Part Name | Description -> Properties Dialog Box Name |
|-------------------------|--|
| Figure/character/bitmap | Figures, characters, and bitmaps can be connected to pins. ->[Object Properties] Dialog Box |

6.4.2 New creation and connection information settings

A new connected part is created and placed by selecting [Parts] menu in the [I/O Panel] Window, or by clicking the buttons on the Parts toolbar. As a result, the mouse cursor changes to "+" and placement in the window becomes possible.

Connection information is set in the various properties dialog boxes displayed by double-clicking the connected parts created beforehand. (Refer to "Table 6-7 Connected Parts".)

6.4.3 Simulation mode

The connected parts whose settings have been completed in the various properties dialog boxes are displayed in the [I/O Panel] Window and become signal interface points during simulation. I/O results can be checked and input values can be fed to the simulator from these displayed parts.

For details about manipulations using these connected parts, refer to the properties dialog box of each item. (Refer to "Table 6-7 Connected Parts".)

Input simulation can be done by selecting [Figure] menu -> [Simulation Mode] in the [I/O Panel] Window, as a result of which the mouse cursor changes to a hand shape.

6.4.4 Connection information list display

List display of all the figure objects placed in the [I/O Panel] Window and the part object pin connection statuses can be done by selecting [View] menu -> [Parts List...].

Object properties dialog boxes can be opened by double-clicking on the list, in order to change connection information.

| Label | Parts | Pin Name | Active Level |
|-------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| | rectangle | P11/AN | LOW |
| | rectangle | - | HIGH |
| | key | | HIGH |
| | text | - | HIGH |
| | text | ÷ | HIGH |
| | text | 37 | HIGH |
| | text | - | HIGH |
| | rectangle | 3 | HIGH |
| | text | 3 <u>0</u> | HIGH |
| | text | 94 (H | HIGH |
| | 7 segment led | 1.7 | _ |
| | text | - | HIGH |
| | text | - | HIGH |

Figure 6-21 Connected Parts Information List

6.4.5 Operation after CPU reset

The operations of the various connected parts when CPU reset has been executed from the debugger are listed in the following table.

| Connected Part Name | Operation After CPU Reset |
|---------------------------|---|
| Button | The status as is set in the [Parts Button Properties] Dialog Box (default: non-depressed) |
| Analog Button | The status as is set in the [Analog Button Properties] Dialog Box (default: 0 mV) |
| Key matrix | The status as is set in the [Parts Key Properties] Dialog Box (default: non-depressed) |
| Level gauge | The status as is set in the [Parts Level Gauge Properties] Dialog Box (default: 0 mV) |
| LED | Display according to value of connected output pin. |
| 7-segment LED | |
| 14-segment LED | |
| Matrix LED | |
| Figure and connected part | |

| Table 6-8 Operation of Connected Parts after CPU Res | ət |
|--|----|
|--|----|

CHAPTER 7 WINDOW REFERENCE

This chapter explains in detail the functions of the windows and dialog boxes of SM+.

- Window List
- Explanation of Windows

7.1 Window List

The list is the windows of the SM+.

Table 7-1 Window List

| Window Name | Contents |
|--|--|
| Window and Dialog box of Debugger blo | ck |
| Main Window | This window is displayed first, when the SM+ is started. It controls execution of the user program. Various windows are opened from this window. |
| Configuration Dialog Box | Displays and sets the SM+ operation environment. |
| Extended Option Dialog Box | Displays and sets the extended options of the SM+. |
| Debugger Option Dialog Box | Displays and sets other options. |
| Project File Save Dialog Box | Saves the current debug environment to project file |
| Project File Load Dialog Box | Loads the debug environment. |
| Download Dialog Box | Download |
| Upload Dialog Box | Upload |
| Load Module List Dialog Box [V850] [78K0 | R] Lists the names of the downloaded load module files. |
| Source Window | Displays a source file and text file |
| Source Search Dialog Box | Searches in the Source Window |
| Source Text Move Dialog Box | Specifies a file to be displayed in the Source Window and the position from which displaying the file is to be started. |
| Assemble Window | Disassembles the program and executes online assembly. |
| Assemble Search Dialog Box | Searches in the Assemble Window |
| Address Move Dialog Box | Specifies the start address to display the contents of the Memory Window, Assemble Window or IOR/SFR Window. |
| Symbol To Address Dialog Box | Displays the address of the specified variable or function, or the value of the specified symbol |
| Watch Window | Displays and changes specified watch data |
| Quick Watch Dialog Box | Displays temporarily specified watch data |
| Add Watch Dialog Box | Registers watch data todisplay in the Watch Window |
| Change Watch Dialog Box | Changes watch data todisplay in the Watch Window |
| Local Variable Window | Displays and changes the local variable in the current function. |
| Stack Window | Displays the current stack contents |
| Memory Window | Display the contents of memory. |
| Memory Search Dialog Box | Searches in the Memory Window |

| Window Name | Contents |
|--|---|
| Memory Fill Dialog Box | Fills the memory contents with specified data. |
| Memory Copy Dialog Box | Copies the memory. |
| Memory Compare Dialog Box | Compares the memory. |
| Memory Compare Result Dialog Box | Displays the results of comparing the memory. |
| DMM Dialog Box | Sets addresses and data subject to DMM. |
| Register Window | Displays the contents of registers. |
| Register Select Dialog Box [V850] | Selects registers to be displayed in the Register Window. |
| IOR/SFR Window | Displays the contents of IOR/SFR |
| IOR/SFR Select Dialog Box | Selects IOR/SFR and I/O ports to be displayed in the IOR/ SFR Window |
| Add I/O Port Dialog Box | Registers an I/O port to be displayed in the IOR/SFR Window. |
| Timer Dialog Box | Registers and sets timer event conditions, and displays exe- cution time measurement result. |
| Timer Result Dialog Box | Displays execution time measurement results. |
| Trace View Window | Displays trace results. |
| Trace Search Dialog Box | Searches trace data. |
| Trace Data Select Dialog Box | Selects items to be displayed in the Trace View Window. |
| Trace Move Dialog Box | Specifies the start address to display the contents of the Trace View Window. |
| Trace Dialog Box | Registers and sets trace event conditions. |
| Delay Count Dialog Box | Sets the delay count of a delay trigger trace event. |
| Code Coverage Window | Display of coverage results |
| Coverage-Address Dialog Box [V850] | Selection of coverage measurement range |
| Event Manager | Displays, enables/disables, and deletes each event condition. |
| Event Dialog Box | Registers event conditions. |
| Event Link Dialog Box | Registers event link conditions. |
| Break Dialog Box | Registers and sets break event conditions. |
| Snap Shot Dialog Box | Registers and sets snapshot event conditions. |
| Stub Dialog Box | Registers and sets stub event conditions. |
| View File Save Dialog Box | Saves the display information of the current window to a view file. |
| View File Load Dialog Box | Loads the view file of each window. |
| Environment Setting File Save Dialog Box | Saves the setting information of the current window to a set- ting file. |

| Window Name | Contents |
|---|--|
| Environment Setting File Load Dialog Box | Loads the setting file of each window. |
| Reset Debugger Dialog Box | Initializes the SM+,CPU, and symbol information. |
| Exit Debugger Dialog Box | Terminate the SM+. |
| About Dialog Box | Displays the version of the SM+. |
| Console Window | Inputs commands. |
| Browse Dialog Box | Selects the file to be set |
| Window and Dialog box of Simulator block | |
| [Signal Data Editor] Window | Setting of input signal data |
| [Loop] Dialog Box | Setting of loop information for the [Signal Data Editor] Window |
| [Timing Chart] Window | Timing chart display of input and output signals |
| [Select Pin] Dialog Box | Selection of display pins in the [Signal Data Editor] Window and [Timing Chart] Window |
| [Search Data] Dialog Box | Detailed search of the [Timing Chart] Window |
| [Standard I/O] Window | Standard I/O Function window |
| [Simulator Option] Dialog Box | Setting of simulator options |
| [Serial] Window | Serial interface communication window |
| [Format (UART)] Dialog Box | Setting of serial format (UART) |
| [Format (CSI)] Dialog Box | Setting of serial format (CSI) |
| [I/O Panel] Window | Creation of dummy target system |
| [Parts Button Properties] Dialog Box | Setting of button pin connection information |
| [Analog Button Properties] Dialog Box | Setting of analog button pin connection information |
| [Parts Key Properties] Dialog Box | Setting of key matrix LED pin information |
| [Parts Level Gauge Properties] Dialog Box | Setting of level gauge pin connection information |
| [Parts Led Properties] Dialog Box | Setting of LED pin connection information |
| [Parts Segment LED Properties] Dialog Box | Setting of 7/14-segment LED pin connection information |
| [Parts Matrix Led Properties] Dialog Box | Setting of matrix LED pin connection information |
| [Parts Buzzer Properties] Dialog Box | Setting of buzzer pin connection information |
| [Pull up/Pull down] Dialog Box | Setting of pull-up/pull-down resistor pin connection information |
| [Object Properties] Dialog Box | Setting of connection information for figure, character, and bitmap pins |
| [Parts List] Dialog Box | List display of object pin connection status in the [I/O Panel] Window |
| [Customize] Dialog Box | Setting of window colors and fonts |

7.2 Explanation of Windows

This section explains each window or dialog box as follows:

Window Name / Dialog Box Name

Briefly explains the function of the window or dialog box and points to be noted.

If an invalid window/dialog box exists due to a connected IE, the name of the valid connected IE is indicated at the lower right of the window/dialog box name.

In addition, the display image of the window or dialog box is also illustrated.

Items of related operation are also explained.

Opening

Explains how to open the window or dialog box.

Explanation of each area

Explains items to be set to or displayed in each area of the window or dialog box.

Context menu

Explains the context menu that is displayed in the window when the right mouse button is clicked. From the context menu, convenient functions often used in this window can be selected with a single action (window only).

Related operations

Explains the operation of a window or dialog box related to this window or dialog box.

Main Window

This window is automatically opened when the SM+ is started up and initialized.

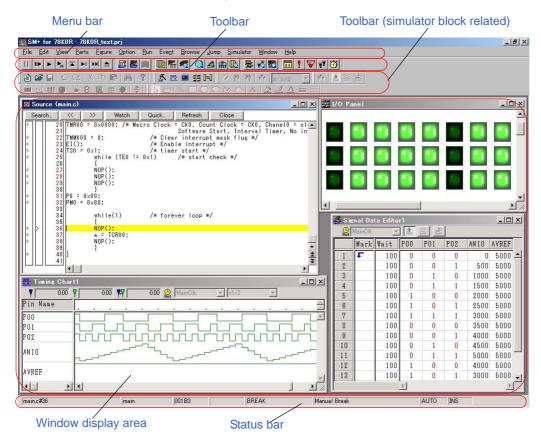
In the SM+, other windows are manipulated from this window. (Refer to "7.1 Window List".)

Execution of the user program is controlled in this window.

Execution of the user program is controlled in the following three modes:

- Source mode (Debugs the user program at the source level.)
- Instruction mode (Debugs the user program at the instruction level.)
- Auto mode (Automatically selects the source mode or instruction mode.) (default)

Figure 7-1 Main Window



Menu bar

- (1) [File] menu
- (2) [Edit] menu
- (3) [View] menu
- (4) [Option] menu
- (5) [Run] menu
- (6) [Event] menu
- (7) [Browse] menu
- (8) [Jump] menu
- (9) [Window] menu
- (10) [Help] menu

(1) [File] menu

| Open | Loads a view file, source file, or text file. Opens the View File Load Dialog Box. The operation differs depending on the extension of the file selected in the dialog box. | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Save As | Saves the contents displayed on the current window to the file whose name is specified. Opens the View File Save Dialog Box. | |
| Close | Closes the current window. | |
| Download | Downloads a file. Opens the Download Dialog Box. | |
| Load Module [V850] [78K0R] | Lists the names of the files that have been downloaded. Opens the Load Module List Dialog Box. | |
| Upload | Uploads a program. Opens the Upload Dialog Box. | |
| Project | Manipulates a project file. | |
| Open | Opens a project file. Opens the Project File Load Dialog Box. | |
| Save | Overwrites the current status to the project file currently being read to the SM+. | |
| Save As | Saves the current status to a specified project file. Opens the Project File Save Dialog Box. | |
| Environment | Manipulates a setting file. | |
| Open | Opens a setting file. Opens the Environment Setting File Load Dialog Box. | |
| Save As | Saves the setting in the current window to the setting file. Opens the Environment Setting File Save Dialog Box. | |
| Debugger Reset | Initializes the CPU, symbols, and SM+. Opens the Reset Debugger Dialog Box. | |
| Exit | Terminate the SM+. (Refer to "3.3 Terminating".) Opens the Exit Debugger Dialog Box. | |
| (Open file) | Lists the names of the files opened. | |

(2) [Edit] menu

| Cut | | Cuts a selected character string and saves it to the clipboard buffer. | |
|--|---------|---|--|
| Сору | | Copies a selected character string and saves it to the clipboard buffer. | |
| Paste Pastes the contents of the clipboard buffe | | Pastes the contents of the clipboard buffer to the text cursor position. | |
| Write in | | Writes the modified contents to the target. | |
| Restore | | Cancels the modification. | |
| Memory | | Manipulates the memory contents. | |
| | Fill | Fills the memory contents with specified codes. Opens the Memory Fill Dialog Box. | |
| | Сору | Copies the memory. Opens the Memory Copy Dialog Box. | |
| | Compare | Compares the memory. Opens the Memory Compare Dialog Box. | |
| DMM | | Rewrites the memory contents in close to real time during user program execution.Opens the DMM Dialog Box. | |
| | | Opens the source file displayed in the active Source Window with the editor specified by the PM+ when the PM+ runs. | |

(3) [View] menu

The [View] menu contains common parts as well as dedicated parts added according to the active window. For details about the dedicated parts, refer to the description of each window.

(a) Common items

| Search | Performs a search. Opens the search dialog box corresponding to the current window. Same operation as the <search> button.</search> | |
|--------------|--|--|
| Move | Moves the display position. Opens the specification dialog box corresponding to the current window. | |
| Quick Watch | Temporarily displays the contents of the specified data. Opens the Quick Watch Dialog Box. | |
| Add Watch | Registers the specified data to the Watch window. Opens the Add Watch Dialog Box. | |
| View Watch | Adds the selected data to the Watch window. If the data is a symbol, it is added in accordance with the setting of Debugger Option Dialog Box. | |
| Change Watch | Changes the data on the line selected by the Watch window. Opens the Change Watch Dialog Box. This menu is valid only when a variable is selected in Watch Window. | |
| Delete Watch | Deletes the selected watch point from the Watch Window. This menu is valid only when a variable is selected in Watch Window. | |
| Symbol | Displays the address of the specified variable or function, or the value of the specified symbol. Opens the Symbol To Address Dialog Box. | |

(4) [Option] menu

| Tool Bar | Selects whether the toolbar is displayed (default) or not. |
|---|---|
| Status Bar | Selects whether the toolbar is displayed (default) or not. |
| Button | Selects whether the buttons on each window are displayed (default) or not. |
| Source Mode | Executes step execution at the source level (in line units). |
| Instruction Mode | Executes step execution at the instruction level (in instruction units). |
| Auto Mode | Automatically selects step execution at the source level or step execution at the instruction level. (default) Step execution is performed at the source level (in a mode other than mixed display mode) if Source Window is active. It is performed at the instruction level if Assemble Window is active. If neither window is active, step execution is performed at the source level. |
| Configuration | Sets the environment. Opens the Configuration Dialog Box. |
| Extended Option | Sets extended options. Opens the Extended Option Dialog Box. |
| Debugger Option | Sets SM+ options. Opens the Debugger Option Dialog Box. |
| Add I/O Port | Adds user-defined I/O ports. Opens the Add I/O Port Dialog Box. |
| Trace Clear | Clears the trace data. This item is displayed only when Trace View Window is active. |
| | |
| Coverage Clear [78K] | Clears the coverage measurement results. |
| Coverage Clear [78K] Coverage [V850] | Clears the coverage measurement results. Opens the following dialog boxes related to coverage measurement. |
| | |
| Coverage [V850] | Opens the following dialog boxes related to coverage measurement. |
| Coverage [V850] Clear [V850] | Opens the following dialog boxes related to coverage measurement. Clears the coverage measurement results. Selects the coverage measurement range as a space of 1 MB or more. |
| Coverage [V850] Clear [V850] Select [V850] | Opens the following dialog boxes related to coverage measurement. Clears the coverage measurement results. Selects the coverage measurement range as a space of 1 MB or more. Opens the Coverage-Address Dialog Box. Turns ON/OFF coverage measurement (default: OFF). |
| Coverage [V850] Clear [V850] Select [V850] Coverage ON | Opens the following dialog boxes related to coverage measurement. Clears the coverage measurement results. Selects the coverage measurement range as a space of 1 MB or more. Opens the Coverage-Address Dialog Box. Turns ON/OFF coverage measurement (default: OFF). This item cannot be selected during user program execution. Turns ON/OFF timer measurement (default: OFF). This item cannot be selected during user program execution. |
| Coverage [V850] Clear [V850] Select [V850] Coverage ON Timer ON | Opens the following dialog boxes related to coverage measurement. Clears the coverage measurement results. Selects the coverage measurement range as a space of 1 MB or more. Opens the Coverage-Address Dialog Box. Turns ON/OFF coverage measurement (default: OFF). This item cannot be selected during user program execution. Turns ON/OFF timer measurement (default: OFF). This item cannot be selected during user program execution. The timer measuring Run-Break time cannot be stopped. Turns ON/OFF tracer (default: OFF). |

(5) [Run] menu

| Image: Same operation as this button. Stop Forcbly stops program execution. Image: Same operation as this button. Some operation as this button. Go Executes the program from the current PC. Image: Same operation as this button. Image: Same operation as this button. Ignores break points being set, and executes the program. Image: Same operation as this button. Return Out The user program is executed unil execution returns Image: Same operation as this button. Same operation as this button. Remark: This command is used for a function described in C language. Step In Executes the instructions in the program one by one (Next step execution). If a function or subroutine is called, its instructions are executed one by one. Image: Same operation as this button. Same operation as this button. Next Over Executes the program from the cursor position on the Source Window or Assemble Window. Come Here Executes the program from the cursor position on the Source Window or Assemble Window. Go & Go Continues execution the program. If a break contion has been performed, the window is updated and then regram is executed again. Image: Same operation as clicking this button each time a break has occurred. Same operation as clicking this button each time a break has occurred. Core Here | Restart | Resets the CPU and executes the program. |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| Stop Forcibly stops program execution. III Same operation as this button. Go Executes the program from the current PC. Ignore break points and Go Ignores break points being set, and executes the program. Ignore break points and Go Ignores break points being set, and executes the program. Ignore break points and Go Ignores break points being set, and executes the program. Ignore break points and Go Ignores break points being set, and executes the program. Return Out The user program is executed until execution returns Ignores break points being set, and executes the instructions in the program one by one (step execution). If a function or subroutine is called, its instructions are executed one by one. If a function or subroutine is called, its instructions are not executed on a step- by-step basis. If a function or subroutine is called, its instructions are not executed on a step- by-step basis. If a function or subroutine is called, its instructions are not executed on a step- by-step basis. If a function or subroutine is called, its instructions on the Source Window or Assemble Window. Come Here Executes the program from the current PC to the cursor position in the Source Window or Assemble Window. Go & Go Continues executing the program. If a break occurse a break condition is satisfied, the window is updated and the program is executed again. If | | Same operation as this button. |
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| Assemble Window.Come HereExecutes the program from the current PC to the cursor position in the Source Window or Assemble Window.Go & GoContinues executing the program. If a break occurs because a break condition is satisfied, the window is updated and the program is executed again. | | Same operation as this button. |
| Window or Assemble Window.Go & GoContinues executing the program. If a break occurs because a break condition is satisfied, the window is updated and the program is executed again.Same operation as clicking this button each time a break has occurred.SlowmotionContinues step execution. Each time step execution has been performed, the window is updated and then step execution is performed again.CPU ResetResets the CPU. Same operation as this button.Change PCSets the address at the cursor position in the Source Window or Assemble Window.Break PointSets or deletes a breakpoint at the cursor position in the Source Window or Assemble Window. | Start From Here | |
| If a break occurs because a break condition is satisfied, the window is updated and the program is executed again.Same operation as clicking this button each time a break has occurred.SlowmotionContinues step execution. Each time step execution has been performed, the window is updated and then step execution is performed again.CPU ResetResets the CPU. Same operation as this button.Change PCSets the address at the cursor position in the Source Window or Assemble Window to the PC.Break PointSets or deletes a breakpoint at the cursor position in the Source Window or Assemble Window. | Come Here | |
| Slowmotion Continues step execution. Each time step execution has been performed, the window is updated and then step execution is performed again. Image: Same operation as clicking this button each time a break has occurred. CPU Reset Resets the CPU. Image: Same operation as this button. Change PC Sets the address at the cursor position in the Source Window or Assemble Window to the PC. Break Point Sets or deletes a breakpoint at the cursor position in the Source Window or Assemble Window. | Go & Go | If a break occurs because a break condition is satisfied, the window is updated |
| Each time step execution has been performed, the window is updated and then step execution is performed again.Same operation as clicking this button each time a break has occurred.CPU ResetResets the CPU.Same operation as this button.Change PCSets the address at the cursor position in the Source Window or Assemble Window to the PC.Break PointSets or deletes a breakpoint at the cursor position in the Source Window or Assemble Window. | | Same operation as clicking this button each time a break has occurred. |
| CPU Reset Resets the CPU. Same operation as this button. Change PC Sets the address at the cursor position in the Source Window or Assemble Window to the PC. Break Point Sets or deletes a breakpoint at the cursor position in the Source Window or Assemble Window. | Slowmotion | Each time step execution has been performed, the window is updated and then |
| Change PC Sets the address at the cursor position in the Source Window or Assemble Window to the PC. Break Point Sets or deletes a breakpoint at the cursor position in the Source Window or Assemble Window. | | Same operation as clicking this button each time a break has occurred. |
| Window to the PC. Break Point Sets or deletes a breakpoint at the cursor position in the Source Window or Assemble Window. | CPU Reset | |
| Assemble Window. | Change PC | |
| Delete All Break Points Deletes all the set break events. | Break Point | |
| | Delete All Break Points | Deletes all the set break events. |

| Uncond. Trace ON | Validates unconditional trace so that trace can always be executed during program execution. (default) At this time, the set trace event conditions are ignored. The trace mode cannot be changed while the tracer is activated. |
|--------------------------|--|
| Cond. Trace ON | Validates conditional trace and traces in accordance with the trace event condition during program execution. The trace mode cannot be changed while the tracer is activated. |
| Tracer control mode | To set trace control mode. Caution: Delay trigger event condition is enabled only when [Delay Trigger Stop] or [Delay Trigger Break] is selected. |
| Non Stop | Goes around the trace memory and overwrites data from the oldest frame. (default) |
| Full Stop | Goes around the trace memory and then stops the tracer. |
| Full Break | Goes around the trace memory and then stops the tracer and program execution |
| Delay Trigger Stop | Traces data by the number of delay count frames and stops the tracer when a delay trigger event has occurred. |
| Delay Trigger Break | Traces data by the number of delay count frames and stops the tracer and program execution when a delay trigger event has occurred. |
| Timer Start/Timer Stop | Starts timer measurement when it is stopped, or stops it when it is in progress. This item is invalid if the program is not being executed, if a timer event is not used, and if the timer function is OFF (if [Option] -> [Timer ON] is cleared).Immediately after program execution has been started with the timer function ON, timer measurement is in progress. |
| Tracer Start/Tracer Stop | Starts the tracer when it is stopped, or stops it when it is in progress. This item is invalid if the program is not being executed and if the trace function is OFF (if [Option] -> [Tracer ON] is cleared). Immediately after program execution has been started with the trace function ON, timer measurement is in progress. |

(6) [Event] menu

| Event Manager | Manages various event conditions. Opens the Event Manager. |
|---------------|--|
| Event | Registers an event condition. Opens the Event Dialog Box. |
| Event Link | Registers an event link condition. Opens the Event Link Dialog Box. |
| Break | Registers and sets a break event condition. Opens the Break Dialog Box. |
| Trace | Registers and sets a trace event condition. Opens the Trace Dialog Box. |
| Snapshot | Registers and sets a snap event condition. Opens the Snap Shot Dialog Box. |
| Stub | Registers and sets a stub event condition. Opens the Stub Dialog Box. |

| Timer | Registers and sets a timer event condition. Opens the Timer Dialog Box. |
|-------------|---|
| | Same operation as this button. |
| Delay Count | Sets the delay count. Opens the Delay Count Dialog Box. |

(7) [Browse] menu

| Source Text | Displays a source text. Opens the Source Window. If there is this window already open in the active status, it is opened in the static status. Same operation as this button. |
|--|---|
| Assemble | Displays the disassemble results. Opens the Assemble Window. If there is this window already open in the active status, it is opened in the static status. Same operation as this button. |
| Memory | Displays the contents of the memory. Opens the Memory Window. If there is this window already open in the active status, it is opened in the static status. |
| Watch | Displays the watch contents. Opens the Watch Window. |
| Register | Displays the register contents. Opens the Register Window. |
| I/O Register [V850] SFR [78K] | Displays the contents of the IOR/SFR. Opens the IOR/SFR Window. |
| Local Variable | Displays the local variable. Opens the Local Variable Window. |
| Stack Trace | Displays the stack trace results. Opens the Stack Window. Same operation as this button. |
| Trace | This area displays the trace results. Opens the Trace View Window. Same operation as this button. |
| Code Coverage | Displays coverage measurement results. Opens the Code Coverage Window. |
| Console | Opens the Console Window. |
| Others | Displays other windows. (Refer to "APPENDIX A EXPANSION WINDOW".) Displays a user-defined window list. |

(8) [Jump] menu

| Source Text | Displays the corresponding source text and source line, using the data value selected in the current window as the jump destination address. If no line information exists at the jump destination address, however, you cannot jump. Opens the Source Window. If the Source Window in active is open, that window is displayed in the forefront (so that it can be manipulated). |
|-------------|---|
| Assemble | Disassembles and displays the results from the jump destination address specified by the data value selected in the current window. Opens the Assemble Window. If the Assemble Window in active is open, that window is displayed in the forefront (so that it can be manipulated). |
| Memory | Displays the memory contents from the jump destination address specified by the data value selected in the current window. Opens the Memory Window. If the Memory Window in active is open, that window is displayed in the forefront (so that it can be manipulated). |

(9) [Window] menu

| New Window | Opens a new window displaying the same contents as those of the current window. This menu is valid only when the current window is the Source Window, Assemble Window, Memory Window, or Code Coverage Window. |
|---------------|--|
| Cascade | Cascade display of the windows in the Main window. |
| Tile | Cascade display of the windows in the Main window. |
| Arrange Icons | Rearranges the icons in the Main window. |
| Close All | Closes all windows, except the Main window. |
| Refresh | Updates the contents of the window with the latest data. |
| Active | Sets the window in the active status. |
| Static | Sets the window in the static status. |
| (Open Window) | Lists the windows that are open. The window with the check mark shown on the side of the figure is the current window. By selecting a window name, the selected window is used as the current window. |

(10) [Help] menu

| SM+ Help | Displays the help. |
|---------------------|---|
| Command Reference | Opens the Help window of COMMAND REFERENCE. |
| Main Window Help | Displays the help of the Main window. |
| Current Window Help | Displays the help of the current window. |
| About | Displays the version of the SM+. Opens the About Dialog Box. |

Menu bar (simulator block related)

The following two types of menus are related to the simulator block.

- Default menus

Displayed when no simulator block window is opened in the Main window

- Window-dedicated menus

Displayed when a simulator block window is opened in the Main window

(The displayed menu varies depending on the active window.)

The default menu is displayed here. For details about the dedicated menus of the various windows, refer to the description of each window.

(1) [Option] menu

Displayed additionally to the debugger block menu.

| ToolBar | | Switches on/off display of the toolbar corresponding to the cascade menu. |
|---------|--------------------|---|
| | Debugger | Selects whether the Toolbar is displayed or not. |
| | Simulator Standard | Selects whether the [Standard] toolbar is displayed or not. |
| | Simulator Tools | Selects whether the [Tool] toolbar is displayed or not. |
| | Timing Chart | Selects whether the [Timing Chart] toolbar is displayed or not. |
| | Signal Data Editor | Selects whether the [Signal Data Editor] toolbar is displayed or not. |
| | Parts | Selects whether the [Parts] toolbar is displayed or not. |
| | Figure | Selects whether the [Figure] toolbar is displayed or not. |

(2) [Simulator] menu

This is the original menu for the simulator block.

It is used to perform manipulations related to files used in the simulator block windows, as well as to open simulator block windows.

| New File | Opens a new simulator block window. |
|--------------------|--|
| Open | Opens the files handled in the specified simulator block window. |
| Close | Closes the active simulator block window. |
| Save | Overwrites the contents of the currently active simulator block window to the file handled in the currently opened simulator block window, and then saves this file. |
| Save As | Saves the contents of the currently active simulator block window to the specified file. |
| Signal Data Editor | Opens the [Signal Data Editor] Window. |
| Timing Chart | Opens the [Timing Chart] Window. |
| Standard I/O | Opens the [Standard I/O] Window. |
| I/O Panel | Opens the [I/O Panel] Window. |
| Serial | Opens the [Serial] Window. |

Toolbar

- (1) Meaning of each button
- (2) Operation of Toolbar

(1) Meaning of each button

The meaning of each button on the toolbar is as follows. When the mouse cursor is placed on a button of the toolbar, a tool hint pops up several seconds later.

| Stop | Stops execution of the user program. Same function as [Run] menu -> [Stop]. |
|-----------------|---|
| ReGo | Resets the CPU and executes the user program. Same function as [Run] menu - > [Restart]. |
| Go | Executes the user program from the current PC without resetting the CPU. Same function as [Run] menu -> [Go]. |
| Go | Ignores break points being set, and executes the user program. Same function as [Run] menu -> [Ignore break points and Go]. |
| Ret | The user program is executed until execution returns Same function as [Run] menu -> [Return Out]. Remark: This command is used for a function described in C language. |
| Step | Step execution (executes instructions in the program one by one.) If a function or subroutine is called, its instructions are executed one by one. Same function as [Run] menu -> [Step In]. |
| Over | Next step execution (executes the program, assuming a function/call statement as one step.) If a function or subroutine is called, its instructions are not executed on a step-by-step basis. Same function as [Run] menu -> [Next Over]. |
| Res | Resets the CPU. Same function as [Run] menu -> [CPU Reset]. |
| I Open ■ | Opens the View File Load Dialog Box. Same function as [File] menu -> [Open]. |
| Load | Opens the Download Dialog Box. Same function as [File] menu -> [Download]. |
| Proj | Opens the Project File Load Dialog Box. Same function as [File] menu -> [Project] -> [Open]. |
| Src | Displays the source text. Opens the Source Window. Same function as [Browse] menu -> [Source Text]. |
| Asm | Displays the disassemble results. Opens the Assemble Window. Same function as [Browse] menu -> [Assemble]. |
| Mem | Displays the contents of the memory. Opens the Memory Window. Same function as [Browse] menu -> [Memory]. |
| Wch | Displays the watch contents. Opens the Watch Window. Same function as [Browse] menu -> [Watch]. |
| Reg | Displays the register contents. Opens the Register Window. Same function as [Browse] menu -> [Register]. |

| [| |
|--------------|---|
| | Displays the contents of the IOR/SFR. Opens the IOR/SFR Window. Same function as [Browse] menu -[I/O Register / SFR]. |
| | Displays the local variable contents. Opens the Local Variable Window. Same function as [Browse] menu -> [Local Variable]. |
| 基 Stk | Displays the stack trace results. Opens the Stack Window. Same function as [Browse] menu -> [Stack Trace]. |
| 💌 TrW | This area displays the trace results. Opens the Trace View Window. Same function as [Browse] menu -> [Trace]. |
| Соч | Displays coverage measurement results. Opens the Code Coverage Window. Same function as [Browse] menu -> [Code Coverage]. |
| Mgr | Opens the Event Manager. Same function as [Event] menu -> [Event Manager]. |
| P Evn | Registers and sets events. Opens the Event Dialog Box. Same function as [Event] menu -> [Event]. |
| Brk | Registers and sets break events. Opens the Break Dialog Box. Same function as [Event] menu -> [Break]. |
| Trc | Registers and sets trace events. Opens the Trace Dialog Box. Same function as [Event] menu -> [Trace]. |
| Tim | Registers and sets timer events. Opens the Timer Dialog Box. Same function as [Event] menu -> [Timer]. |

(2) Operation of Toolbar

Whether the toolbar is displayed or not can be specified by selecting [Option] -> [Tool Bar] from the menu bar.

This toolbar can be displayed in the following two modes. The modes are selected in the Debugger Option Dialog Box.

Figure 7-2 Toolbar (Picture Only)

<u>Ⅲ▶▶▶,≍▶≫≜ 2280 ⊡</u>¶¶¶ Q4#& 340 = ?♥?**

Figure 7-3 Toolbar (Picture and Text)

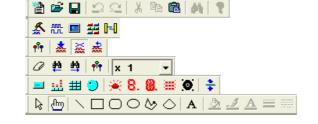


Toolbar (simulator block related)

The simulator block's dedicated toolbar features a group of 2 common toolbars and a group of 4 dedicated toolbars as shown below, and show/hide can be switched independently for each of these two groups by selecting [Option] menu -> [ToolBar].

Figure 7-4 Toolbar (simulator block related)

- (1) [Standard] toolbar
- (2) [Tool] toolbar
- (3) [Timing Chart] toolbar
- (4) [Signal Data Editor] toolbar
- (5) [Parts] toolbar
- (6) [Figure] toolbar



(1) [Standard] toolbar

This menu can be used in simulator block windows in common. Selectable at all times.

| 1 | Opens a new simulator block window. |
|-----------------|--|
| 1 | Opens the files handled in the specified simulator block window. |
| | Overwrites the contents of the currently active simulator block window to the file handled in the currently opened simulator block window, and then saves this file. |
| SI | Undoes the immediately preceding operation. |
| <u>C</u> | Restores the status undone by the [Undo] command. |
| ¥ | Cuts the selected range and saves it to the clipboard. |
| E ₂₁ | Copies the selected range and saves it to the clipboard. |
| (() | Pastes the clipboard contents. |
| 种 | Performs the same operation as when the search menu is selected in the active window. |
| P | Displays the contents of the Help window. |

(2) [Tool] toolbar

This menu is used to create a new simulator block window.Selectable at all times.

| * | Opens the [Signal Data Editor] Window. |
|----------|--|
| m. ni | Opens the [Timing Chart] Window. |
| | Opens the [Standard I/O] Window. |
| 0=0 | Opens the [Serial] Window. |

| # | Opens the [I/O Panel] Window. |
|---|-------------------------------|

(3) [Timing Chart] toolbar

This menu can be selected if the [Timing Chart] Window is active. (Refer to [Timing Chart] toolbar.)

(4) [Signal Data Editor] toolbar

This menu can be selected if the [Signal Data Editor] Window is active. (Refer to [Signal Data Editor] toolbar.)

(5) [Parts] toolbar

This menu can be selected if the [I/O Panel] Window is active. (Refer to [Parts] menu / Toolbar (Parts).)

(6) [Figure] toolbar

This menu can be selected if the [I/O Panel] Window is active. (Refer to [Figure] menu / Toolbar (Figure).)

Window display area

This area displays various debug windows.

The displayed window can be changed in size or an icon can be created in this area.

Status bar

The status bar displays the status of the SM+.

While the user program is being executed, the status bar is displayed in red.

Whether the toolbar is displayed or not can be specified by selecting [Option] -> [Status Bar] from the menu bar.

Remark: If the screen resolution is low (800 - 600, etc.), all the statuses may not be displayed on the status bar.

Figure 7-5 Status Bar



| (1) Program name | Displays the program file name indicated by the PC value. |
|-------------------|--|
| Source name | Displays the source file name indicated by the PC value. |
| Line number | Displays the line number indicated by the PC value. |
| (2) Function name | Displays the function name indicated by the PC value. |
| (3) PC value | Displays the current PC value. |
| (4) CPU status | Refer to "Table 7-2 CPU Status". |
| (5) IE status | Refer to "Table 7-3 IE Status". (If there are two or more the statuses, they delimited with ' ' and displayed.) |
| (6) Break Cause | Refer to "Table 7-4 Break Cause". |

| (7) STEP mode | Displays the step execution mode. Displays that the following modes are selected from the [Option] menu: SRC: Source mode INST: Instruction mode AUTO: Automatic mode |
|--------------------|---|
| (8) Key input mode | Displays the key input mode. INS: Insertion mode OVR: Overwrite mode The Memory Window is fixed to OVR mode. |

Table 7-2 CPU Status

| Display | Meaning |
|--------------|---------------|
| STANDBY | Stand by mode |
| HALT [78K0S] | Halt mode |
| STOP [78K0S] | Stop mode |
| RESET | Reset mode |

Table 7-3 IE Status

| Display | Meaning |
|---------|---|
| RUN | User program execution in progress (the color of the status bar changes). |
| STEP | Step execution in progress. |
| TRC | Tracer operating |
| TIM | Timer operating |
| COV | Coverage operating |
| BREAK | Break occurring. |

Table 7-4 Break Cause

| Display | Meaning |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Manual Break | Forced break |
| Temporary Break | Temporary break |
| Trace Full Break | Break due to trace full |
| Non Map Break | Non-mapped area is accessed. |
| Write Protect | An attempt has been made to write to a write-protected area. |
| SFR Illegal [78K] | SFR was illegally access |
| IOR Illegal [V850] | An illegal access is made to a peripheral I/O register. |
| Stack Overflow [78K] | Break by stack overflow |
| Uninitialize Memory Read [78K] | Memory not initialized has been read. |
| Security Protect | A security protected area is accessed. |

Configuration Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to display and set the SM+ operation environment. (Refer to "5.1 Setting Debugging Environment".)

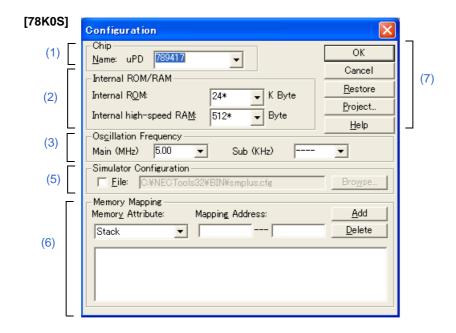
This dialog box is automatically displayed after the SM+ is started up.

However, no setting is required to read a project as the results of reading the project file are reflected in this dialog box. (Refer to "5.16.1 Debugging environment (project file)".)

| [V850] | Configuration | | |
|--------|--|---------------------------------|-----|
| (1) | Chip | ОК | ٦ |
| (1) | <u>N</u> ame: uPD 703260¥ _ | Cancel | |
| | Internal ROM/RAM | Restore | (7 |
| (2) | Internal ROM: 256* KByte | Project | |
| | Internal RA <u>M</u> : 24576∗ ▼ Byte | Help | |
| (3) | Oscillation Frequency | | |
| (0) | Main (MHz) 25.000 ▼ Sub (KHz) | - 🗾 | |
| (4) | Programmable I/O Area Start Address: | | |
| | | | |
| (5) | Simulator Configuration | SN Browse 1 | |
| | Memory Mapping | | |
| | Access Size: • 8Bit C 16Bit C 32Bit | Add [| |
| | Memory Attribute: Mapping Address: | Delete | |
| (6) | Emulation ROM 👻 | | |
| [78K | OR] Configuration | | |
| [/0] | | | |
| | (1) <u>N</u> ame: uPD 78F1166_A0 → | OK | |
| | Internal ROM/RAM | Cancel | (7) |
| | | <u>R</u> estore | (7) |
| | | Project | |
| | Internal RAM: 12288* - Byte | Help | |
| | (3) Oscillation Frequency | | |
| | Main (MHz) 5.00 💌 Sub (KHz) | - | |
| | Simulator Configuration | | |
| | (5) File: G:\Program Files\NEC Electronics Too | ls ^v Bro <u>w</u> se | |
| | Memory Mapping | | |
| | Memory Attribute: Mapping Address: | Add | |
| | Emulation ROM 💌 👘 🕂 | <u>D</u> elete | |
| | | | |
| | (6) | | |

Figure 7-6 Configuration Dialog Box

| Configuration | | |
|---|-------------------|-----------------|
| Chip Name: uPD 78F0500_30 | | ОК |
| | | Cancel |
| -Internal ROM/RAM Internal ROM: | 8* VKBytes | <u>R</u> estore |
| STATES AND AND AND | | Project |
| 📕 Use <u>B</u> ank <u>S</u> ize: | 0 KBytes - | Help |
| Internal high-speed RAM: | 512* Bytes - | |
| Internal Extend RAM: | 0* 🚽 Bytes | |
| Os <u>c</u> illation Frequency Main (MHz) 5.00 | Sub (KHz) | • |
| Simulator Configuration | /bin¥smplus.cfg | Browse |
| Memory Mapping Memory Attribute: Mapp | ping Address: | <u>A</u> dd |
| Emulation ROM 👻 | | Delete |
| Memory Attribute: Mapp | oing Address: | |



- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

(Automatically when the SM+ is started up)

Select [Option] -> [Configuration...] from the menu bar.

Explanation of each area

(1) CPU selection area

| Chip | This area is used to select the chip name. A chip name is selected from the drop-down list. On the drop-down list, only the chip names registered to the registry from the device file installer are displayed. This area can be specified only when the debugger is started up. |
|------|--|
|------|--|

Remark: By default, the type selected at the previous startup is displayed, but if that type is not registered, the first type registered is displayed.

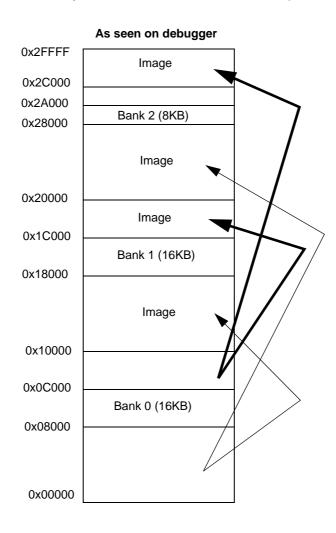
(2) Internal ROM/RAM selection area

| Internal ROM/RAM | This area is used to set the size of the internal RAM and internal ROM of the CPU. It is selected from the drop-down list. The default size is obtained from the device file through selection in "Chip", and displayed (value with '*'). | | |
|------------------|---|--|--|
| | Internal ROM: | Selects the Internal ROM size. | |
| | Use Bank Size: ^{Note} [78K0] | If "Use Bank" is checked, the internal Bank ROM area size "Size:" can be changed. (At this time, the "Internal ROM" area cannot be selected and the total of the internal bank ROM area size plus 32 KB (Common area) is grayed.) If memory bank information is included in the device file, this item is selected by default. This item cannot be selected if there is no memory bank information. | |
| | Internal High-speed RAM: [78K0] [78K0S] | Sets the Internal high-speed RAM size | |
| | Internal Extend RAM: [78K0] | Sets the Internal Extend RAM size | |
| | Internal RAM: [V850] [78K0R] | Selects the Internal RAM size. | |

Note: When the internal bank ROM is used, the address space seen in the SM+ is as shown in Figure 7-7.

Consequently, the address range cannot be specified for address spaces of address 0x10000 or higher (except for bank areas). **[78K0]**

Figure 7-7 Diagram of Address Space When Internal ROM Bank Is Used (With Bank ROM Size of 40 KB)



(3) Frequency of the oscillation clock selection area

| Oscillation Frequency | This area is used to select the frequency of the oscillation clock that is input to the oscillator. | |
|-----------------------|---|---|
| | Main (MHz) | Specifies the frequency to be input to the main clock oscillator. Equivalent to the setting of the external frequency pin for the main clock (X1 pin, etc.) |
| | Sub (KHz) | Specifies the frequency to be input to the sub clock oscillator. Equivalent to the setting of the external frequency pin for the sub- clock (TX1 pin, etc.) |

(4) Programmable I/O area address setting area [V850]

| Programmable I/O Area | This area is used to specify use of the programmable I/O area and the start address. The start address of the programmable I/O area can be specified, only if the device selected by "Chip" supports the programmable I/O area. The start address of the programmable I/O area can be input by checking the check box when the programmable I/O area is used. The address is aligned to 16 KB. |
|--------------------------|--|
| | programmable I/O area is used. The address is aligned to 16 KB. |

Caution: To use a programmable I/O area or extended I/O area, mapping that area as a target is required.

Remark: In the case of a device with an extended I/O area with fixed addresses, the device selected by

"Chip", Setting of this area is performed automatically.

(5) Simulator configuration file selection area

| Configuration | This area is used to specify the configuration file used to perform user customization (addition of user models) of the simulator. When this check box is cleared, the default configuration file will be read. When reading a configuration file other than the default file, check this check box and specify the file name. |
|---------------|--|
|---------------|--|

(6) Mapping setting area

| Access Size: [V850] | Selects memory access size. Fixed to 8-bit. | | |
|---------------------|---|--|--|
| Memory Attribute: | The following mapping attributes can be selected. Select a mapping attribute according to the usage.) | | |
| | Emulation ROM [V850] [78K0] [78K0R] | Selects the simulator alternate ROM ^{Note1} . | |
| | Emulation RAM [V850] [78K0] [78K0R] | Selects the simulator alternate RAM ^{Note1} . | |
| | Target [V850] [78K0] [78K0R] | Selects the target memory ^{Note1} . | |
| | I/O Protect [V850] [78K0] | Selects the I/O protect area. The I/O protect area can be set in the area that is specified in the Target field and external SFR area [78K0] . > Since the area set as the I/O protect area is displayed with symbol "??" in the Memory Window like unmapped areas, read/ write to this area cannot be performed freely in the Memory Window, which protects this area from being erroneously read or written ^{Note 2} . The mapping unit is 1 byte. | |
| | Stack [78K] | Selects the memory of the stack area. The stack area can be set in the internal high-speed RAM area. The mapping unit is 1 byte. | |
| Mapping Address: | Specify the addres Input the higher an | s to be mapped. d lower addresses from the keyboard. | |

| <add>button <delete> button</delete></add> | These buttons are used to set and delete mapping. When the <add> button is clicked, the mapping specified with "Memory Attribute" and "Mapping Address" is set and displayed.</add> |
|--|--|
| | Remark: Moreover, mapping unit adjustment is performed except "Stack" and "I/O Protect", and if the mapping units is not matched, the minimum settable range including the specified address becomes the mapping target. |

- **Note1:** The mapping unit is 1 MB **[V850]** /1byte **[78K0] [78K0R]**(the mappable area depends on the product type).
- Note2: The area set as "I/O Protect" is not read unless it is registered to the IOR/SFR Window or Watch Window as an I/O port. To read this area, forcibly read it on these windows.
- Remark: Addresses in the external memory can be specified for "Emulation ROM", "Emulation RAM", "Target", and "I/O Protect".
 If the internal ROM area is set to a value smaller than that of the device, the remaining area can be specified in these areas. [78K]

(7) Function buttons

| ок | Validates the current environment. Sets the environment and closes this dialog box. If an error occurs after clicking the <ok> button, the SM+ can no longer continue and is terminated.</ok> |
|---------|---|
| Cancel | Cancels the changes and closes this dialog box. |
| Restore | Restores the previous settings before this dialog box was opened. |
| Project | Opens the Project File Load Dialog Box. If an error occurs while a project file is being opened or read, the SM+ can no longer continue and is terminated. |
| Help | Displays the help window of this window. |

Extended Option Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to display and set the extended options of the SM+. (Refer to "5.1.2 Setting option".)

| Extended Optic | n | | |
|---|------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| Trace Size: | 🗸 🗸 🗸 frames | | |
| Trace Timetag Co | punt Rate: 1 | - Add Up | Timetae |
| Internal RAM Mor | nitor Redraw: 500 | mse | с |
| Break Condition: Verify: 🔽 <u>C</u> he | | 🔽 Break S | jound |
| Project Save Lev | el: 💽 Bas <u>i</u> c 🔿 <u>N</u> or | mal C <u>F</u> ull | |
| ОК | Cancel | <u>R</u> estore | <u>H</u> elp |

Figure 7-8 Extended Option Dialog Box

| [78K] | Extended Option |
|-------|---|
| Γ | Irace Size: 4K 🗾 🖌 frames |
| | Trace Timetag Count Rate: 📃 🔽 Add Up Timetag |
| (1) | Internal RAM Monitor Redraw: 500 msec |
| | Break Condition: 📀 Before 🗢 After 🔽 Break Sound |
| L | Verify: 🔽 <u>C</u> heck |
| (2) | OK Cancel <u>R</u> estore <u>H</u> elp |

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

Select [Option] menu -> [Extended Option ...].

Explanation of each area

(1) Extended option setting area

| Trace Size | Set the size of the trace memory (buffer). (unit: frame) | |
|------------|--|-----------|
| | 4K | 0 to 64K |
| | 64K | 64K to 1M |
| | 1M | 1M to 16M |

| Trace Timetag Count Rate: [V850] | Sets the division ratio of the counter used for time tag display in the Trace View Window. If the division ratio is set, the number of clocks necessary for counting up the counter displayed for time tag is changed. 1(default), 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256, 512, 1K, 4K, 8K, 16K, 64K, 256K, 1M | |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Add Up Timetag | This area is used to specify whether time tags of trace data are totaled or not. This check box is cleared by default, and the time tags are not totaled. | |
| Internal RAM Monitor Redraw | Specify the sampling time (ms) of the internal RAM sampling in real time. (Refer to "5.15 RAM Sampling Function".) The sampling time can be specified in 100-ms units from 0 to 65500. If 0 is specified, or if this area is blank, the data is not displayed in real time. | |
| Break Condition: | Selects whether a break occurs before or after the instruction of a breakpoint is executed. | |
| | Before | Sets an execute event as an event before executing. (default) The event occurs before the instruction is executed. |
| | After | Sets an execute event as an event after executing. The event occurs after the instruction is executed. |
| Break Sound | If the check box is checked, a beep sound is issued when a break occurs. | |
| Verify: | This area is used to specify whether a verify check is performed when data has been written to memory. A verify check is performed when download, memory fill, or memory copy is executed. A verify check is also performed when a variable or data is changed in the Watch Window or Memory Window and is written to memory. | |
| Project Save Level: [V850] | This area is used to select the save level for project files. The save level changed in the Project File Save Dialog Box in this dialog box. | |
| | Basic | Saves only the user-set debug environment (such as window status and event setting status). (default) |
| | Normal | Saves the contents of "Basic" and the status of the internal instructions of the simulator (project information such as instructions, memory, registers, and IORs), which are stopped. |
| | Full | Saves contents of "Normal" and all debug information generated during simulation (such as trace and coverage results). |

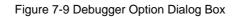
(2) Function buttons

| ОК | Validates the settings and closes this dialog box. | |
|---------|---|--|
| Cancel | Cancels the changes and closes this dialog box. | |
| Restore | Restores the previous settings before this dialog box was opened. | |
| Help | Displays the help window of this window. | |

Debugger Option Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to display and set the various options of the SM+.

| | Debugger Option | | |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|---|------|
| Г | Source Path | Tab Size | ٦ |
| (1) | Base: G:\\timing_chart | Extension: | |
| L | Browse | Tab Size: C 2 C 4 C 8 | (9) |
| Г | Default Extension | Tab List: X 8 Add Add | |
| (2) | Source File: *.c;*.s;*.asm | ×.c 8 ×.s 8 Delete | |
| L | Load Module: *.Ink;*.Imf | | |
| | Open File History | Startup Routine Begin label: @cstart | |
| (3) | Max Number (0 - 10): 4 — Font | End label: @cend | (10 |
| (4) | Project File | main() label:main | |
| (5) | Auto Save: C On C Off C Query | DisAssemble | |
| (3) | | Show Offset: 🦵 Label 🔽 Mnemonic | (44) |
| | Source Option | Register Name: 💿 Function Name | (11) |
| (6) | Bring up source window when break | C Absolute Name | |
| | Tool Bar Pictures Kanji | Watch Default | Г |
| (\mathbf{Z}) | C Pictures and Text 📀 Sjis | Size: Byte 💌 Radix: Hex 💌 | (12) |
| (7) | Pictures only C Euc | Show Variable Type: O On 💿 Off | (12) |
| L | | Language: • C C ASM | |
| (8) — | ОК | Cancel Restore Help | (13) |



- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

Select [Option] menu -> [Debugger Option...].

Explanation of each area

(1) Source Path

This area is used to specify the folder in which a source file or text file is searched.

| Base: | The folder is the basis of a relative path is displayed. The base folder is determined in the following sequence: Folder to which the project file has been loaded Folder to which a load module or hex file has been loaded last Current folder of Windows |
|----------|---|
| Text box | This area is used to specify the folder searched. To specify a folder, either directly input one to the text box, or click the <browse> button. A relative path can also be specified. Opens the [Add Source path] Dialog Box by clicking the <browse> button. To delimit paths, use ";" (semicolon) or "," (comma). Figure 7-10 [Add Source path] Dialog Box $\frac{\text{Add Source path}}{\text{Folder:}} = \frac{\text{SP650}}{\text{Chapter3_1}} = \frac{\text{Comments}}{\text{Comments}} = \frac{\text{Comments}}{\text{Comments}} = \frac{\text{Comments}}{\text{Chapter3_2}} = \frac{\text{Comments}}{\text{Chapter3_2}} = \frac{\text{Comments}}{\text{Comments}} = \frac{1}{\text{Comments}} = \frac{1}{Comment$</browse></browse> |

- **Remark1:** Directories that contain ";" and/or "," in the source path can be specified. Non-existent directories cannot be specified.
- **Remark2:** Immediately after this dialog box has been opened, the base folder is selected and opened. If the selected folder has already been set for the source path, a source path is not added.

(2) Default Extension

This area is used to specify the default extension.

Delimit extensions with " " (blank),";" (semicolon) or "," (comma).

| Source File: | Set the extension of a source file that is displayed when the Browse Dialog Box is opened by selecting [File] menu -> [Open]. The default extension is " *.c, *.s, *.asm [78K] ". | |
|--------------|--|--|
| Load Module: | Set the extension of a load module that is displayed when the Download Dialog Box is opened. The default extension is " *.out [V850] *.Ink [78K] , *.Imf [78K] ". | |

(3) Open File History

This area is used to set the number of histories of the open file displayed in the bottom field of the [File] menu. The default value is 4. If 0 is set, no history is displayed on the menu.

(4) Font

This area is used to specify the font displayed on the Source Window, Watch Window, Quick Watch Dialog Box, Local Variable Window, and Stack Window. Clicking the <Font...> button opens the [Font] Dialog Box in which the font to be displayed and its size can be set.

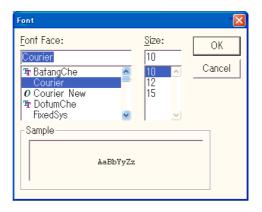


Figure 7-11 [Font] Dialog Box

(5) Project File

This area is used to set automatic saving of the project file. (Refer to "5.16.1 Debugging environment (project file)".)

| Auto Save: | Sets whether the project file is automatically saved at the SM+ termination. | | |
|------------|--|--|--|
| | On | Automatically saves the project file. | |
| | Off | Does not Automatically saves the project file. | |
| | Query | Displays the Exit Debugger Dialog Box at the SM+ termination. (default) | |

(6) Source Option

This area is used to set the Source Window operation at a break.

| Bring up source window when break: | By selecting this check box, a Source Window that is active at a break is displayed at the front. If there is no active Source Window or no debug information in the load module file, the active Assemble Window is displayed at the front. |
|---------------------------------------|---|
|---------------------------------------|---|

(7) Tool Bar Pictures

This area sets the buttons to be displayed on the toolbar. (Refer to "Toolbar".)

| Pictures and Text | Displays a button on which a graphic and character are displayed. | |
|-------------------|---|--|
| Pictures only | Displays a button with only graphic. (default) | |

(8) Kanji

Cannot be selected in this area.

(9) Tab Size

This area is used to set the tab size for each extension when files are displayed.

| Extension: | Set an extension. Input an extension from the keyboard, or select one from the drop-down list. | | |
|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| Tab Size: | Select the tab size. Select how many spaces are displayed as a tab code (2, 4, or 8). | | |
| Tab List: | Displays the tab size set for each extension. | | |
| <add> button</add> | To change the tab size setting, select "Extension:" and "Tab Size:", and click this button. | | |
| <delete> button</delete> | To delete the tab size setting, select the setting from "Tab List:" and click this button. | | |

(10) Startup Routine

This area is used to specify the first address, end address, and display start symbol of the text area (code area) of the start-up routine by symbols.

The source file can be opened if an object file in the load module format is downloaded in the Download Dialog Box.

| Begin label: | Specifies the symbol of the first address (default: _start [V850] _@cstart [78K]) | |
|---------------|--|--|
| End label: | Specifies the symbol of the end address (default: _startend [V850] _@cend [78K]) | |
| main() label: | Specifies the display start symbol (default _main) | |

Caution1: If the specified symbol is not correct, the source file cannot be opened until the PC reaches the address range of the corresponding source file. In addition, the start-up routine cannot be skipped by step execution.

Caution2: Be sure to specify this area. If this area is blank, the dialog box cannot be closed.

(11) DisAssemble

This area is used to set for disassemble display.

| Show Offset: | Specifies whether an offset (symbol + offset) is displayed during disassemble display. When the offset is not displayed, only a symbol that matches a numeric value is displayed, if any. If no matching symbol is found, the numeric value is displayed as a hexadecimal number unchanged. | |
|----------------|--|--|
| | Label | Specifies whether the offset is displayed in the Label field. In the default condition, the offset is not displayed. |
| | Mnemonic | Specifies whether the offset is displayed in the Mnemonic field. In the default condition, the offset is displayed. |
| Register Name: | This area is used to select the method of displaying register names in mnemonics during disassemble display. | |
| | Function Name | Displays register names as function names or nicknames. (default) |
| | Absolute Name | Displays register names as absolute names. |

(12) Watch Default

This area is used to specify a symbol to be watched in the Watch Window etc..

| Size: | Selects the default display size of data if [Adaptive] is specified from the drop-down list. | |
|---------------------|---|---|
| Radix: | Sets the default radix in which data is to be displayed if [Proper] is specified from the drop-down list. | |
| Show Variable Type: | Select the display/non-display of variable type is specified. | |
| | On | Displays the type of a variable. |
| | Off | Does not display the type of a variable. (default) |
| Language: | Select the display/non-display of type of variable is specified. | |
| | С | Displays a C-like base number. (default) |
| | ASM | Cannot be selected. [V850] Displays an assembly language-like base number. [78K] |

(13) Function buttons

| ОК | Validates the settings and closes this dialog box. | |
|---------|---|--|
| Cancel | Cancels the changings and closes this dialog box. | |
| Restore | Restores the previous settings before this dialog box was opened. | |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. | |

Project File Save Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to save the current debugging environment to a project file. (Refer to "5.16.1 Debugging environment (project file)".)

Project files can be newly saved or saved under an existing file name in this dialog box.



| | Save As | | ? 🛛 | |
|---|----------------------------|-----------------|------------------|---|
| | Save jn: | ignal_editor | • € 🕆 🖬 • | |
| | 🗟 signal_editor.p | orj | | |
| | | | | |
|) | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | File name: | | Save | ٦ |
| | - Save as <u>t</u> ype: | Project (*.prj) | Cancel | |
| | | | Help | |
| | Save Level | | | |
|) | 🕞 <u>B</u> asic | C Normal C Eull | | |

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

Select [File] menu -> [Project] -> [Save As...].

(To save a file of same name as a project file previously loaded or saved, select [File] menu -> [Project] -> [Save].)

Explanation of each area

(1) Save file setting area

| Save in: | This area is used to specify a file name. A file name can be directly input, or |
|---------------|---|
| File name: | selected from the list at the upper part of this area. Up to 257 characters string with a extension can be specified. |
| Save as type: | This area is used to specify the extension (*.prj) of the project file to be saved. If the extension is omitted, "*.prj" is appended as the default extension. |

(2) Save level selection area [V850]

| Save Level | | used to select the save level for project files. ave level is changed, this change is reflected to the Extended Option |
|------------|--------|--|
| | Basic | Saves only the user-set debug environment (such as window status and event setting status). (default) |
| | Normal | Saves the contents of "Basic" and the status of the internal instructions of the simulator (project information such as instructions, memory, registers, and IORs), which are stopped. |
| | Full | Saves contents of "Normal" and all debug information generated during simulation (such as trace and coverage results). |

(3) Function buttons

| Save | Saves the debugging environment to the selected file. After saving, the dialog box is closed. |
|--------|---|
| Cancel | Closes this dialog box without saving the file. |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. |

Project File Load Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to restore the debugging environment to the debugging environment saved to the project file. (Refer to "5.16.1 Debugging environment (project file)".)

If there is an active Source Window after a project file has been loaded, it is displayed at the top.

Caution: Following SM+ startup, if a project file with settings that differ from those of the target device at startup has been loaded, the target device specified at startup is used.

| 📄 serial | - € ☆ ⊡ |
|----------|----------------|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | <u>O</u> pen |
| | |
| | serial |

Figure 7-13 Project File Load Dialog Box

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

Elick the Proj button, or select [File] menu -> [Project] -> [Open...].

Explanation of each area

(1) Load file setting area

| Look in: | This area is used to specify the file name to be loaded. A file name can be directly input from the keyboard, or selected from the list. | |
|---|--|--|
| File name: | Up to 257 characters string with a extension can be specified. | |
| Files of type: This area is used to specify the extension (*.prj) of the file to be loaded. | | |

(2) Function buttons

| Open | Loads the selected file. After loading the file, this dialog box is closed. | |
|--------|---|--|
| Cancel | Closes this dialog box without executing anything. | |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. | |

Download Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to select the name and format of a file to be downloaded, and downloads memory contents to the simulator. (Refer to "5.2 Download Function, Upload Function".)

If a load module file has been downloaded, the corresponding source file is searched, and the Source Window is automatically opened.

Caution: If a file other than a load module file is loaded, source debugging cannot be executed.

Remark: The following dialog box appears while downloading and the downloading can be can celled at any time.

| Look jn: | 🗁 smp850 💽 🗲 🔁 | 📸 🎫 |
|---|---------------------|--------------|
| Chapter2 Chapter3_1 Chapter3_2 Chapter4 Dev | | |
| File <u>n</u> ame: | | Open |
| Files of type: | Load Module (*.out) | Cancel |
| | | <u>H</u> elp |
| | | |

Figure 7-14 Download Dialog Box

- Opening

- Explanation of each area

Opening

Click the Load button, or select [File] menu -> [Download...].

Explanation of each area

(1) Load file setting area

| Look In: File name: | This area is used to specify the file name to be loaded. A file name can be directly input from the keyboard, or selected from the list. Up to 257 characters string with a extension can be specified. |
|------------------------|---|
| Files of type: | This area is used to specify the extension (*.prj) of the file to be loaded. (Refer to "Table 5-2 Type of File That Can Be Downloaded".) These are default extensions; other extensions can also be used. The default extension of the displayed load module can also be specified in the Debugger Option Dialog Box. |

Remark: Two or more files can be specified in this dialog box. To specify two or more files, delimit each file name with " " (double quotation mark). Files can also be specified by clicking the mouse button while holding down the Shift or Ctrl key.
Up to 20 load module files can be downloaded. [V850]

(2) Download condition setting area

| Load | | Sets a load condition. This setting is valid only if a file in the load module format is specified. | |
|-------|---------------------------------|---|--|
| | Symbol | Specifies whether symbol information is read or not Note1 | |
| | Object | Specifies whether object information is read (when checked, default) or not. (The object information is read even if this button is cleared when a HEX file is loaded.) | |
| Reset | Sets a reset of This setting is | condition. Is valid only if a file in the load module format is specified. | |
| | Symbol | Specifies whether symbol information is reset or not. ^{Note2} [V850] Fixed to checked status (always reset). [78K] | |
| | CPU | Specifies whether the CPU is reset or not. (default: Not reset [V850] , reset [78K]) | |

- **Note1:** The memory capacity can be saved by not reading symbol information when a program consisting of two or more load module files is to be debugged and if the symbol information of some modules does not have to be read. **[V850]**
- Note2: When debugging a program consisting of two or more load module files, load each one of the load module files without resetting the symbol information. When downloading two or more load module files, take care that location addresses do not overlap. [V850]

(3) Offset address setting area

| binary data, specify the start address). An address can be also specified by a symbol or expression. (Refer to "Table 5-5 Specifying Symbols".) The default radix for inputting a numeric value is hexadecimal. | Offset Address: | |
|---|-----------------|--|
|---|-----------------|--|

(4) Function buttons

| Open | Loads the selected file. After loading the file, this dialog box is closed. |
|---------|---|
| Cancel | Closes this dialog box without loading the file. |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. |
| Restore | Restores the input data to the original status. |

Upload Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to set the name and format of the file to be saved, and save the set memory contents, etc., to that file. (Refer to "5.2 Download Function, Upload Function".)

| _ | pload | | | | 1 | | ? | |
|---|-------------------------------------|---------------|------|---|---|---|--|--|
| | Save jn: | 🗀 smp850 | | - | | | <u></u> . | |
| | 🚞 smplus | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | File name: | | | | | - | Save | |
| | File <u>n</u> ame: Save as type: | Intel Hex (*. | hex) | | | | <u>S</u> ave Cancel | |
| | | Intel Hex (*. | hex) | | 2 | | <u>S</u> ave Cancel <u>H</u> elp | |

Figure 7-15 Upload Dialog Box

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

Select [File] menu -> [Upload...].

Explanation of each area

(1) Upload file setting area

| Save in: | This area is used to specify a file name. A file name can be directly input, or selection the list at the upper part of this area. |
|---------------|--|
| File name: | from the list at the upper part of this area. Up to 257 characters string with a extension can be specified. |
| Save as type: | This area is used to specify the extension of the file to be saved. The format of the data to be saved is determined by the extension. (Refer to "Table 5-3 Type of File That Can Be Uploaded".) |

Remark: Extensions other than those listed can also be used.

(2) Address range specification area

| Save Address: | This area is used to specify the range of address to be saved. All the ranges are saved (this area cannot be set) when coverage data (*.cvb) is selected. |
|---------------|---|
| | An address can be also specified by a symbol or expression. (Refer to "Table 5-5 Specifying Symbols".) The default radix for inputting a numeric value is hexadecimal. |

(3) Function buttons

| Save | Saves the file according to the setting. |
|---------|--|
| Cancel | Closes this dialog box without executing anything. |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. |
| Restore | Restores the status before this dialog box was opened. |

Load Module List Dialog Box

This dialog box displays the list of the files and file paths that have been downloaded from Download Dialog Box. (Refer to "5.2 Download Function, Upload Function".)

The listed files (excluding the coverage data files) are saved in the project file; they are downloaded when the project file is opened next.

By using the <Download...> button, the Download Dialog Box can be opened and a file can be downloaded.

| [V850] | Load module list | | |
|---------|--|--------------------|-----|
| [] | <u>M</u> odule list | Close | 7 |
| | No. Format File name 1 ELF/CA850 test1kx1+rom.out | Help | (2) |
| | 2 HEX testhex | | |
| (1) | | 🔲 Add Path | |
| | | Download | |
| | | | |
| L | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| [78K0R] | Load module list | | |
| г | Module list | Close | ٦ |
| | No. File name | <u>H</u> elp | (2) |
| | 1 serial.out | | |
| (1) | | 🥅 <u>A</u> dd Path | |
| | | Deverteed | |
| | | <u>D</u> ownload | |
| L | | | |

Figure 7-16 Load Module List Dialog Box

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

Select [File] menu -> [Load Module...].

Explanation of each area

(1) Load module file display area

| Module list | This area displays the names of the files that have already been downloaded. | | | | |
|------------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|
| | No. | The numbers displayed indicate the sequence in which the load module file names were read. | | | |
| | Format [V850] | The file formats are displayed | | | |
| | | BIN | Binary file | | |
| | | HEX | Hex file | | |
| | | COV | Coverage data file | | |
| | | ELF/CA850 | Load module file (ELF/CA850) | | |
| | | ELF/DWARF2 | Load module file (ELF/GHS extended DWARF2) | | |
| | | ELF | ELF load module file (ELF without symbol information) | | |
| | | unknown | Unknown | | |
| | File name | The file names are displayed with the full path if "Add Path" is checked; otherwise, only the file names will be displayed. | | | |
| Add Path | This should be o | ould be checked to specify file names are displayed with the path. | | | |
| <download> button</download> | Opens the Download Dialog Box. A new load module can be downloaded. The file name of the newly file will be added to the file name display area when the Download dialog box is closed. | | | | |

Caution: If symbol information has been reset in the Reset Debugger Dialog Box, or if symbol information has been reset in the Download Dialog Box, the file names downloaded before that are cleared.

(2) Function buttons

| Close | Closes this dialog box. |
|-------|---|
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. |

Source Window

This window is used to displays source files or text files. (Refer to "5.3 Source Display, Disassemble Display Function".) In addition to Breakpoint setting, Display of locations for which coverage measurement is executed and Mixed display mode (Source Window), a number of other operations using Context menu, Function buttons, etc., can be performed in this window. Moreover, there are two statuses, Active status and static status, for this window. When the window is in the active status, it has the Trace result with linking window. Moreover, the items selected in the window with Drag & drop function can be used in another window. (Refer to "5.17 Functions Common to Each Window".)

- **Caution1:** If program codes is described in an include file and these codes are included in multiple files, the line numbers and addresses do not correspond on a one-to-one bases. In such an include file, function that indicates the correspondence relationship between line numbers and addresses dose not correctly operate.
- **Caution2:** If a source file that includes the "main" function cannot be found in the source path after a load module file is downloaded, or if the source file cannot be found during step execution, SM+ opens a dialog box to select the source file and prompt the user to select the source path for the source file displayed in the dialog box. If the <Cancel> button is clicked, the displayed file name is memorized, so the source file name will no longer be asked, until SM+ is terminated.
- **Remark:** Up to 65,535 lines of C and assembly language source files can be displayed. If the source files exceed 65,535 lines, partition them.

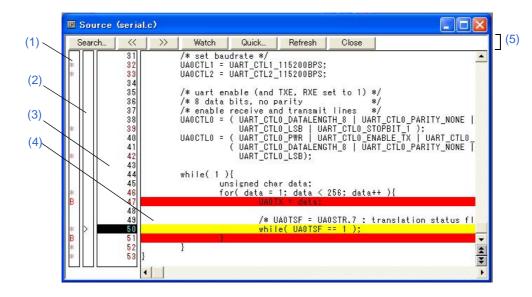


Figure 7-17 Source Window

- Opening
- Explanation of each area
- [View] menu (Source Window-dedicated items)

- Context menu

Opening

Click the Src button, or select [Browse] menu -> [Source Text].

(This window is automatically opened if the corresponding source file exists after the download module file has been downloaded.)

Explanation of each area

(1) Point mark area

This area is used for the Event Setting Status (Event Mark) and program codes (*) display, as well as Breakpoint setting.

Breakpoints can be set or deleted by clicking with the mouse on this program code.

(if "*" is not displayed for the line, the breakpoint is set on the line above or below the line, whichever has "*" displayed.)

The program code is displayed only when the symbol information downloaded by the load module file is read.

If an event has been set for the corresponding line, one of the marks listed in the following table is displayed. The color of the "B" mark differs according to the breakpoint type and status. (When a breakpoint is set in this area, it is enabled at the same time that it is set.)

| Mark | Meaning |
|-----------|--|
| B (red) | Valid hardware breakpoint is set. |
| B (black) | Invalid hardware breakpoint is set. This hardware breakpoint can be validated on the Event Manager or on the Break Dialog Box. |
| E | Event condition is set. |
| L | Event link condition is set. |
| Т | Trace event is set. |
| Ті | Timer event is set. |
| S | Snapshot event is set. |
| U | Stub event is set. |
| А | Multiple events are set. |

Table 7-5 Event Setting Status (Event Mark)

Remark: If an address range is specified as the address condition of the event, the lower addresses of the range are displayed. The mask specification of the address condition is not reflected.

(2) Current PC mark area

The mark ">", which indicates the current PC value (PC register value), is displayed in this area.

Clicking this mark with the mouse displays a pop-up window that shows the PC register value.

By double-clicking the current PC mark area, the program can be executed up to a specified line. (Refer to " [Come Here]".)

(3) Line number/address display area

This area displays the line numbers of a source file or text file.

Red indicates line numbers for which corresponding program code exists, and black indicates line numbers for which corresponding program code does not exist. In the Mixed display mode (Source Window), disassemble display addresses are displayed in gray.

In addition, executed addresses are highlighted based on code coverage measurement information. (Refer to "5.11.3 Display of locations for which coverage measurement is executed".)

(4) Source text display area

This area displays source files and text files.

Yellow indicates the current PC line, and red indicates lines where a valid breakpoint is set. In the Mixed display mode (Source Window), source lines are displayed in the regular color.

Moreover, this area also provides the following functions for lines (start address of program code) and addresses where the cursor has been placed.

- [Come Here], [Start From Here] (Refer to "Table 5-7 Type of Execution".)
- Drag & drop function
- Context menu
- **Caution:** If a Program code does not exist on the source line, the top address of the line above or below the line on which a program code exists is manipulated by these functions.

These functions cannot be performed in the following cases. The corresponding menu will be dimmed and cannot be selected.

- If a file other than a source file is displayed
- While the user program is being executed

(5) Function buttons

| Search | Opens the Source Search Dialog Box and searches a character string of the source text. If a character string is selected in the source text display area, the Source Search Dialog Box is opened to search the character string. If no character string is selected, the Source Search Dialog Box is opened with nothing specified to be searched. Specify a search method in the Source Search Dialog Box. The results of search is highlighted in the Source window. This is the same operation as selecting [View] menu -> [Search]. |
|--------|--|
| ~~ | Searches forward (upward on screen) for the text that satisfies the search condition set in the Source Search Dialog Box, starting from the address at the cursor position. This button is displayed as the <stop> button during a search.</stop> |

| >> | Searches backward (downward on screen) for the text that satisfies the search condition set in the Source Search Dialog Box, starting from the address at the cursor position. This button is displayed as the <stop> button during a search.</stop> |
|------------------------|--|
| Stop (during a search) | Stops searching. |
| Watch | Adds the variables selected in the source text display area to the Watch Window. If the Watch Window is not opened, it is opened. If no text is selected in the source text display area, the Watch Window is only opened. This is the same operation as selecting [View] menu -> [View Watch]. |
| Quick | Temporarily displays the contents, such as a variable, selected in the source text display area in the Quick Watch Dialog Box. If no text is selected in the source text display area, the Quick Watch Dialog Box is only opened. This is the same operation as selecting [View] menu -> [Quick Watch]. |
| Refresh | Updates the contents of the window with the latest data. |
| Close | Closes this window. |

[View] menu (Source Window-dedicated items)

The following items are added in the [View] menu, when the Source Window is active.

| С | reate Break Event | Sets a break event that occurs if the selected variable is accessed. |
|---|------------------------------------|---|
| | Break when Access to this Variable | Sets a break event that occurs if the selected variable is accessed for read/ write. |
| | Break when Write to this Variable | Sets a break event that occurs if the selected variable is accessed for write. |
| | Break when Read from this Variable | Sets a break event that occurs if the selected variable is accessed for read. |
| | Clear | Deletes a break event corresponding to the selected variable. |
| E | vent Information | Displays the event information of a line at the cursor position or a selected variable name. If an event is set, the Event Dialog Box is opened. |
| Μ | ix | Turns on/off Mixed display mode (Source Window). |

Context menu

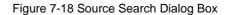
| Move | Moves the display position. Opens the Source Text Move Dialog Box. | | |
|-----------|--|--|--|
| Mix | Turns on/off Mixed display mode (Source Window). | | |
| Add Watch | Adds the specified data to the Watch Window. Opens the Add Watch Dialog Box. | | |
| Symbol | Displays the address of the specified variable or function, or the value of the specified symbol. Opens the Symbol To Address Dialog Box. | | |

| Break when Access to this Variable | Sets a break event that occurs if the selected variable is accessed for read/ write. | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Break when Write to this Variable | Sets a break event that occurs if the selected variable is accessed for write. | | | | |
| Break when Read from this Variable | Sets a break event that occurs if the selected variable is accessed for read. | | | | |
| Clear | Deletes a break event corresponding to the selected variable. | | | | |
| Event Information | Displays the event information of a line at the cursor position or a selected variable name. If an event is set, the Event Dialog Box is opened. | | | | |
| Come Here | Executes the program from the current PC to the cursor position. (Refer to "Table 5-6 Break Types".) | | | | |
| Change PC | Sets the address at the cursor position to the PC. | | | | |
| Break Point | Sets or deletes a breakpoint at the cursor position. | | | | |
| Assemble | Disassembles and displays starting from the jump destination address specified by the data value at the cursor position. (Refer to "5.17.2 Jump function".) Opens the Assemble Window. If an active Assemble Window is open, that window is displayed in the forefront (so that it can be manipulated). | | | | |
| Memory | Displays the memory contents starting from the jump destination address specified by the data value at the cursor position. (Refer to "5.17.2 Jump function".) Opens the Memory Window. If an active Memory Window is open, that window is displayed in the forefront (so that it can be manipulated). | | | | |

Source Search Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to search the contents of a file in the Source Window. (Refer to "5.3.1 Source display".)

By setting each item and then clicking the <Find Next> button, searching can be started. By clicking the <Set Find> button, the direction buttons ("<<" and ">>") in the Source Window can be used for the search.



| | Source Search | | | |
|-----|----------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-----|
| Г | Find What: inputDat | a 👻 | Eind Next | Π |
| (1) | ₩ Match <u>C</u> ase | Direction | <u>S</u> et Find | (2) |
| | | C <u>U</u> p <u>©</u> own | Close | (-) |
| Ŀ | | | Help | |

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

When the Source Window is the current window, select [View] menu -> [Search...], or click the <Search...> button in the same window.

Explanation of each area

(1) Search conditon specification area

| Find What: | In the defa displayed. | This area is used to specify the data to be searched. (Up to 256 character.) In the default condition, the string selected in the window that called this dialog box is displayed. As necessary, the character string displayed can be changed. Up to 16 input histories can be recorded. | | | | |
|------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Match Case | This should | This should be checked to distinguish between uppercase and lowercase. | | | | |
| Direction | This area is used to specify the direction of the search. | | | | | |
| | Up | Forward search. Searches data forward (upward on screen) from the current position of the cursor. | | | | |
| Down | | Backward search. Searches data backward (downward on screen) from the current position of the cursor. (default) | | | | |

(2) Function buttons

| Find Next | Searches the specified data in accordance with a given condition. If the specified character string is found as a result of a search, it is highlighted. To continue searching, click this button again. |
|-------------------------|--|
| Set Find | Sets the specified condition as the search condition and closes this dialog box. |
| Stop (during searching) | Stops searching. |
| Close | Closes this dialog box. (During searching, this button is replaced by the <stop> button.)</stop> |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. |

Source Text Move Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to specify a file to be displayed in the Source Window and the position from which displaying the file is to be started. (Refer to "5.3.1 Source display".)

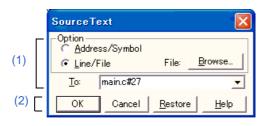


Figure 7-19 Source Text Move Dialog Box

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

When the Source Window is the current window, select [View] menu -> [Move...].

Explanation of each area

(1) Source file setting area

| Option | Selects the input mode when the display start position is specified. | | | | |
|--------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Address/Symbol | This should be selected to specify by an address (or symbol). | | | |
| | Line/File | This should be selected to specify by a line number (or file name). To search the file name, use the <browse> button.</browse> | | | |

| То: | | Specifies the file name or address to be displayed. Up to 16 input histories can be recorded. | | | | |
|-----|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | When "Address/ Symbol" is selected | Specifies the address from which display is to be started. The default radix for inputting a numeric value is hexadecimal. An address can be also specified by a symbol or a expression. (Refer to "Table 5-5 Specifying Symbols".) Clicking the <ok> button displays the source text so that the source line corresponding to the specified address value can be viewed.</ok> | | | | |
| | When "Line/File" is selected | Specifies the line number (or a file name) from which display is to be started. The line number is specified by [[path name] file name]# line number . The default radix for inputting a numeric value is decimal. The file name can be specified just bythe file name, or using the absolute path and relative path. If just the file name or the relative path was specified, the file in the source path specified in the Debugger Option Dialog Box is searched. The file whose specified line number was specified as the first line is displayed by clicking the <ok> button. When the file name is omitted, the currently displayed file is displayed from the specified line. If the line number is omitted, the file is displayed from the first line.</ok> | | | | |

(2) Function buttons

| ОК | Starts displaying the source text from the specified position. | |
|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Cancel Closes this dialog box. | | |
| Restore | Restores the status before this dialog box was opened. | |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. | |

Assemble Window

This window is used to disassemble and display programs. It is also used to execute Online assembly. (Refer to "5.3 Source Display, Disassemble Display Function".) The results of online assembly are also reflected in the Memory Window.

In addition to Breakpoint setting and Display of locations for which coverage measurement is executed, a number of other operations using Context menu, Function buttons, etc., can be performed in this window. Moreover, there are two statuses, Active status and static status, for this window. When the window is in the active status, it has the Trace result with linking window. Moreover, the items selected in the window with the Drag & drop function can be used in another window. (Refer to "5.17 Functions Common to Each Window".)

| | 📓 Assemb | le | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|---|--|-----|-----------|------------------------|---------|--|--|--------|-----|
| (1) | Search | << | >> | Watch | Quick | Refresh | Close | | | (5) |
| (2) (3) (4) | N 000 000 000 | 0000000 000004 000008 000002 000000 0000012 000012 000014 000014 000014 000018 000014 000012 000012 000012 000022 000022 000022 000022 000022 000022 000022 000022 000022 000022 | PR(| DLOG_TABI | 8007e8 0000 0000 | | jrst nop nop and r0, and r8, and r24 tst r00 or r24, xor r0, or r24, xor r16, xor r16, xor r16, zxh r24 or r0, or r8, or r16, zxh r24 sxh r16 sxh r24 | r0 r0 r0 r0 r0 r0 r0 r0 r0 r0 r0 r0 r0 | × 11 | |
| | | | • | | | | | | ¥ • | |

Figure 7-20 Assemble Window

- Opening
- Explanation of each area
- [View] menu (Assemble Window-dedicated items)
- Context menu
- Related operations

Opening

Click the Asm button, or select [Browse] menu -> [Assemble].

Explanation of each area

(1) Point mark area

This area is used for Event Setting Status (Event Mark) and Breakpoint setting.

(2) Current PC mark area

The mark ">", which indicates the current PC value (PC register value), is displayed in this area.

By double-clicking the current PC mark area, the program can be executed up to a specified line. (Refer to " [Come Here]".)

(3) Address specification area

This area displays the disassembly start address.

In addition, executed addresses are highlighted based on code coverage measurement information. (Refer to

"5.11.3 Display of locations for which coverage measurement is executed".)

(4) Disassemble display area

This area displays the labels and code data of addresses, and disassembled mnemonics.

This area displays source files and text files. Yellow indicates the current PC line, and red indicates lines where

a valid breakpoint is set.

It can be Online assembly in the mnemonic field.

This area also provides the following functions:

- [Come Here], [Start From Here] (Refer to "Table 5-7 Type of Execution".)
- Drag & drop function
- Context menu

(5) Function buttons

| Search | Opens the Assemble Search Dialog Box and searches for a character string of mnemonics. Specify a search method in the Assemble Search Dialog Box. The results of search is highlighted in the Assemble Window. This is the same operation as selecting [View] menu -> [Search]. |
|-----------------------|---|
| << | Searches forward (upward on screen) for the contents that satisfy the search condition set in the Assemble Search Dialog Box, starting from the address at the cursor position. This button is displayed as the <stop> button during a search.</stop> |
| >> | Searches backward (downward on screen) for the contents that satisfy the search condition set in the Assemble Search Dialog Box, starting from the address at the cursor position. This button is displayed as the <stop> button during a search.</stop> |
| Stop(during a search) | Stops searching. |
| Watch | Adds the symbols selected in (4) Disassemble display area to the Watch Window. If the Watch Window is not opened, it is opened. If no text is selected in (4) Disassemble display area, the Watch Window is only opened. This is the same operation as selecting [View] menu -> [View Watch]. |

| Quick | Temporarily displays the contents, such as symbols, selected in (4) Disassemble display area on the Quick Watch Dialog Box. Opens the Quick Watch Dialog Box. If no text is selected in the disassemble display area, the Quick Watch Dialog Box is only opened. This is the same operation as selecting [View] menu -> [Quick Watch]. |
|---------|--|
| Refresh | Updates the contents of the window with the latest data. |
| Close | Closes this window. |

[View] menu (Assemble Window-dedicated items)

The following items are added in the [View] menu, when the Assemble Window is active.

| Event Information Displays the event information of the address at the cursor position. If an event is set, the Event Dialog Box is opened. | Event Information | Displays the event information of the address at the cursor position. If an event is set, the Event Dialog Box is opened. |
|---|-------------------|--|
|---|-------------------|--|

Context menu

The menu items are effective for the selected line or item, not the position where the mouse pointer was clicked (same operation as when selecting the main menu with the same name).

| Move | Moves the display position. Opens the Address Move Dialog Box. |
|-------------|---|
| Add Watch | Adds the specified data to the Watch Window. Opens the Add Watch Dialog Box. |
| Symbol | Displays the address of the specified variable or function, or the value of the specified symbol. Opens the Symbol To Address Dialog Box. |
| Come Here | Executes the program from the current PC to the cursor position. (Refer to "Table 5-6 Break Types".) |
| Change PC | Sets the address at the cursor position to the PC. |
| Break Point | Sets or deletes a hardware breakpoint at the cursor position. |
| Source Text | Displays the corresponding source text and source line, using the data value at the cursor position as the jump destination address. (Refer to "5.17.2 Jump function".) If no line information exists at the jump destination address, however, you cannot jump. Opens the Source Window. If an active Source Window is open, that window is displayed in the forefront (so that it can be manipulated). |
| Memory | Displays the memory contents starting from the jump destination address specified by the data value at the cursor position. (Refer to "5.17.2 Jump function".) Opens the Memory Window. If an active Memory Window is open, that window is displayed in the forefront (so that it can be manipulated). |

Related operations

(1) Online assembly

To change the disassembled contents, move the cursor to the mnemonic field (the overwrite and insertion modes are alternately selected by pressing the Insert key).

If an attempt is made to move the cursor to another line after the disassembled contents have been changed in the mnemonic field, the new contents are checked. If the new contents are illegal, the code data on the line where the contents have been changed is indicated as "*".

The contents changed in the mnemonic field are written into the memory by pressing the Enter key. By pressing the Enter key, the new contents are checked. If even one line is illegal, the new contents are not written into the memory. To discard the contents, press the ESC key.

If the contents are correct and if the Enter key is pressed, the contents are written to the memory, and then the cursor moves to the next line in the mnemonic field, so that the data on the next line can be changed.

Caution: If the number of new instruction bytes is less than the number of previous instruction bytes as a result of changing, as many 'nop' instructions as necessary are inserted. If the number of new instruction bytes is more than the number of previous instruction bytes, the next instruction is overwritten. In this case also, as many 'nop' instructions as necessary are inserted. The same applies to instructions that straddle over source lines.

Assemble Search Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to search the contents in the Assemble Window. (Refer to "5.3.2 Disassemble display".)

Successive character strings included in an input character string and disassembler character string are compared as one blank character.

By setting each item and then clicking the <Find Next> button, searching can be started. By clicking the <Set Find> button, the direction buttons ("<<" and ">>") in the Assemble Window can be used for the search.

Figure 7-21 Assemble Search Dialog Box

| Fi <u>n</u> d What: | bnc _flashself | | * | Eind Next | |
|---------------------|--------------------|-------------|--------|-----------|-----|
| 🔽 Match <u>C</u> | ase | Direction - | | Set Find | (2) |
| 🖵 Scan Wh | <u>p</u> le Region | ் பு | • Down | Close | (2 |
| Address: | 0×0 | 0x1 | 000 | Help | |

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

When the Assemble Window is the current window, select [View] menu -> [Search...], or click the <Search...> button in the same window.

Explanation of each area

(1) Search condition specification area

| Find What: | This area is used to specify the data to be searched. (Up to 256 character.) In the default condition, the string selected in the window that called this dialog box is displayed. As necessary, the character string displayed can be changed. Up to 16 input histories can be recorded. | | |
|--|--|---|--|
| Match Case | This should be checked to distinguish between uppercase and lowercase. | | |
| Scan Whole Region | This should be checked to search the entire specified range. | | |
| Direction This area is used to specify the direction | | used to specify the direction of the search. | |
| | | Forward search. Searches data forward (upward on screen) from the current position of the cursor. | |
| | Down | Backward search. Searches data backward (downward on screen) from the current position of the cursor. (default) | |

| Address: | This area is used to specify the address to be searched. |
|----------|---|
| | The default radix for inputting a numeric value is hexadecimal. An address can be also specified by a symbol or expression. (Refer to "Table 5-5 Specifying |
| | Symbols".) |

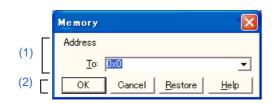
| Find Next | Searches the specified data in accordance with a given condition. If the specified character string is found as a result of a search, it is highlighted. To continue searching, click this button again. |
|------------------|--|
| Set Find | Sets the specified condition as the search condition and closes this dialog box. |
| Stop (searching) | Stops searching. |
| Close | Closes this dialog box. (During searching, this button is replaced by the <stop> button.)</stop> |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. |

Address Move Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to specify the start address from which displaying, as follows.

- Memory Window
- Assemble Window
- IOR/SFR Window

Figure 7-22 Address Move Dialog Box (Example: When Memory Window Is Open)



- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

When the target window is the current window, select [View] menu -> [Move...].

Explanation of each area

(1) Address specification area

| Address | In the default conditi the current PC value can be changed. The default radix for | specify an address. ion, the string selected in the window that called this dialog box, or e etc. is displayed. As necessary, the character string displayed inputting a numeric value is hexadecimal. An address can be also ol or expression. (Refer to "Table 5-5 Specifying Symbols".) Up to an be recorded. |
|---------|--|---|
| | То: | Specifies the start address from which displaying |

| ОК | The corresponding window is displayed from the address. |
|---------|---|
| Cancel | Closes this dialog box. |
| Restore | Restores the status before this dialog box was opened. |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. |

Symbol To Address Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to display the address of the specified variable or function, or the value of the specified symbol. (Refer to "5.3.4 Convert symbol (symbol to address)".)



Figure 7-23 Symbol To Address Dialog Box

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

Select [View] menu -> [Symbol...].

Explanation of each area

(1) Symbol conversion area

| Symbol: | This area is used to specify the variable, function name, symbol name, or line number to be converted. (Refer to "Table 5-5 Specifying Symbols".) To change the contents of this area, click the <ok> button. The conversion result will be displayed in the area below. The default radix for inputting a numeric value is decimal. Up to 16 input histories can be recorded.</ok> | | |
|---|---|---|--|
| Conversion result display area | If bit symbol have been specified, they are converted to the Address.bit format. Also, equations that include bit symbols cannot be specified. The variable, address of the function, value of the symbol, address of the line number, or value of the expression specified in "Symbol:" is displayed. The address value of an I/O port name or IOR/SFR name, the register contents of a register name, or flag value of a PSW flag name is displayed. | | |
| Radix: This area is used to select the radix of the conve | | select the radix of the converted data to be displayed. | |
| | Hex | Hexadecimal number (default) | |
| | Dec | Decimal number | |
| | Oct | Octal number | |
| | Bin | Binary number | |

| ОК | If the contents of "Symbol:" have been changed, converts the symbol. After conversion, closes the dialog box if the contents of "Symbol:" have not been changed. |
|---------|---|
| Close | Closes this dialog box. |
| Restore | Restores the input data to the original status. If the <ok> button has already been clicked, the data is restored to the status immediately after the <ok> button was clicked.</ok></ok> |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. |

Watch Window

This window is used to display and change specified watch data. (Refer to "5.6 Watch Function".)

This window can also display wide-ranging watch data (such as global variables and public symbols) in real time even during program execution, in the same way as the Memory Window.

The results of updating and rewriting data in this window will be reflected in the Memory Window.

Watch data is registered by clicking the <Watch...> button in the Source Window or Assemble Window. (Refer to "5.6.3 Registering and deleting watch data".)

This window allows easy setting of breakpoints to variables via a Context menu.

Remark1: If a local variable and a global variable exist with the same name, the local variable takes priority.

Remark2: A maximum of 10,000 lines can be displayed in the Watch Window.

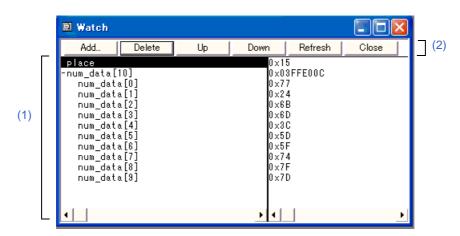


Figure 7-24 Watch Window

- Opening
- Explanation of each area
- [View] menu (Watch Window-dedicated items)
- Context menu

Opening

Click the Wch button, or select [Browse] menu -> [Watch].

Explanation of each area

(1) Watch data display/change area

The left area displays symbol names, and the right area displays data values.

| Symbol name display area | This area is used to display variable names, symbol names and types, and tag names of structures or unions.'+' is prefixed to the displayed arrays, pointer variables, and structures or unions. These variables are expanded and displayed when they are double-clicked (first character changes from "+" to "-"). Registered watch data changes are performed in the Change Watch Dialog Box opened by selecting the item to be changed and then selecting Context menu -> [Change Watch]. A line with an expanded hierarchy, such as the elements of an array, and members of structures and unions cannot be deleted. If an access breakpoint is set for a variable or a symbol in the Watch Window, the symbol name display area is highlighted in gold. | | |
|---------------------------------|--|---|--|
| | Array | By double-clicking the "+", all the elements of the variable are displayed in accordance with the type of the array variable. | |
| | Pointer variable | By double-clicking the "+", the data indicated by the pointer is displayed. | |
| | Structure/union | By double-clicking the "+", all the members of the structure/union are displayed in accordance with the type of the member variable. If a structure or union is defined in the structure or union, the structure name or union name of the internal structure or union is also displayed. The internal structure or union can be also expanded by using "+". | |
| Data value display/setting area | when execution is sto This area is blank if g Values are changed t displayed in red and | display and change watch data values. A value is updated opped. To save a value, select [File] menu -> [Save As]. getting data has failed. through direct input. The location to be changed is the contents of the change are written into the target iter key is pressed. The previous value can be canceled by | |
| | Display Data | Contents | |
| | Integer | Hexadecimal (0 x <i>xxx</i>)or (<i>xxxx</i> H) Decimal (<i>xxxx</i>)or (<i>xxxx</i> T) Octal (0 <i>xxxx</i>)or (<i>xxxx</i> Q) Binary (0 b <i>xxxx</i>) or (<i>xxxx</i> Y) | |
| | Character | "Character" | |
| | Enumeration type | Member name | |
| | If scope is specified | Displayed in accordance with specified scope. | |
| | Floating-point type | Single precision/double precision supported The input/display format is as follows: [+ -] inf [+ -] nan [+ -] integer e [+ -]exponent [+ -] integer.fraction[e [+ -]exponent | |
| | "?" | Data that has been invalidated because of a change in the scope or optimized compiling | |

- Remark1: If an array has too many variables and takes too long to expand, a warning message is displayed.
- **Remark2:** The radix of a data value can be changed on the Context menu for each variable. The display format of "integer" can be changed on the Debugger Option Dialog Box.

(2) Function buttons

| Add | Opens the Add Watch Dialog Box. If watch data is specified and the <add> button is clicked in the Add Watch Dialog Box, the specified watch data is added to the Watch Window.</add> |
|---------|---|
| Delete | Deletes the selected watch data from the window. |
| Up | Moves the selected line one line up. |
| Down | Moves the selected line one line down. |
| Refresh | Updates the contents of this window with the latest watch data. |
| Close | Closes this window. |

[View] menu (Watch Window-dedicated items)

When this window is the current window, The following items are added on [View] menu.

Only the selected item is subject to this manipulation.

| Create Break Event | Creates a break event by using the selected item as follows. | |
|------------------------------------|---|--|
| Beak when Access to this Variable | Creates a break event that can be accessed for read/write by using the selected item. | |
| Break when Write to this Variable | Creates a break event that can be accessed for write by using the selected item. | |
| Break when Read from this Variable | Creates a break event that can be accessed for read by using the selected item. | |
| Clear | Deletes a break event corresponding to the selected item. | |
| Event Information | Displays the event information of the variable selected. If an event is set, the Event Dialog Box is opened. | |
| Bin | Displays the selected line in binary numbers. | |
| Oct | Displays the selected line in octal numbers. | |
| Dec | Displays the selected line in decimal numbers. | |
| Hex | Displays the selected line in hexadecimal numbers. | |
| String | Displays the selected line as a character string. | |
| Proper | Displays the selected line as the default value of each variable. Symbols are displayed in accordance with the setting of the Debugger Option Dialog Box. (default) | |
| Byte | Displays the selected line in 8-bit units. | |
| | | |

| Half Word [V850] | Displays the selected line in 16-bit units. | | |
|-------------------|---|--|--|
| Word | Displays the selected line in 16-bit units. [78K] Displays the selected line in 32-bit units. [V850] | | |
| Double Word [78K] | Displays the selected line in 32-bit units. | | |
| Adaptive | Displays the selected line as the default value of each variable. (default) Only this item is valid for a symbol in C language. Symbols in assembly language are displayed in accordance with the setting of the Debugger Option Dialog Box. | | |
| Up | Moves the selected line one line up. | | |
| Down | Moves the selected line one line down. | | |
| Compulsion Read | Forcibly reads IOR/SFR, that are disabled from being read because their values will be changed, or the data of the I/O ports and I/O protect area added in the Add I/O Port Dialog Box. | | |

Context menu

The menu items are effective for the selected line or item, not the position where the mouse pointer was clicked (same operation as when selecting the main menu with the same name).

| Beak when Access to this Variable | Creates a break event that can be accessed for read/write by using the selected item. |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Break when Write to this Variable | Creates a break event that can be accessed for write by using the selected item. |
| Break when Read from this Variable | Creates a break event that can be accessed for read by using the selected item. |
| Clear | Deletes a break event corresponding to the selected item. |
| Event Information | Displays the event information of the variable selected. If an event is set, the Event Dialog Box is opened. |
| Change Watch | Changes the selected watch data. Opens the Change Watch Dialog Box. |
| Delete Watch | Deletes the selected watch data from the window. |
| | |
| Bin | Displays the selected line in binary numbers. |
| Bin Oct | Displays the selected line in binary numbers. Displays the selected line in octal numbers. |
| | |
| Oct | Displays the selected line in octal numbers. |
| Oct Dec | Displays the selected line in octal numbers. Displays the selected line in decimal numbers. |
| Oct Dec Hex | Displays the selected line in octal numbers. Displays the selected line in decimal numbers. Displays the selected line in hexadecimal numbers. |
| Oct Dec Hex String | Displays the selected line in octal numbers. Displays the selected line in decimal numbers. Displays the selected line in hexadecimal numbers. Displays the selected line as a character string. Displays the selected line as the default value of each variable. Symbols are displayed in accordance with the setting of the Debugger Option Dialog |

| Word | Displays the selected line in 16-bit units. [78K] Displays the selected line in 32-bit units. [V850] | |
|-------------------|---|--|
| Double Word [78K] | Displays the selected line in 32-bit units. | |
| Adaptive | Displays the selected line as the default value of each variable. (default) Only this item is valid for a symbol in C language. Symbols in assembly language are displayed in accordance with the setting of the Debugger Option Dialog Box. | |
| Up | Moves the selected line one line up. | |
| Down | Moves the selected line one line down. | |

Quick Watch Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to temporarily display or change specified watch data. (Refer to "5.6 Watch Function".)

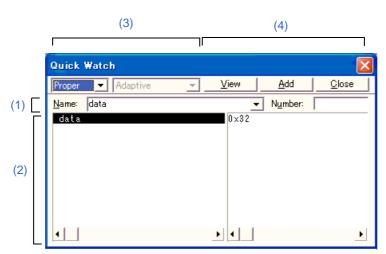


Figure 7-25 Quick Watch Dialog Box

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

When the Source Window or Assemble Window is the current window, select [View] menu -> [Quick Watch...], or click the <Quick...> button in same window.

Explanation of each area

(1) Watch data specification area

| Name: | This area is used to specify the watch data to be displayed. In the default condition, the string selected in the window that called this dialog box is displayed. As necessary, the character string displayed can be changed. Up to 16 input histories can be recorded. If the contents of this area have been changed, the data specified can be displayed in the field below by clicking the <view> button.</view> |
|---------|---|
| Number: | This area is used to specify the number of data to be displayed (blank or a number of 1 to 256). If this area is blank, data is displayed as a simple variable. If a number of 1 or more is specified, data is displayed as an array variable in the Watch Window. If an array variable is displayed, "+" is prefixed to the data. By double-clicking this "+", all the elements of the data are expanded and displayed in accordance with the type of the data ("-" is prefixed to the expanded data. If this "-" is double-clicked, the expanded display is canceled). If the number of data to be displayed is fixed, such as when a variable in C language or register is to be displayed, the specified number of data is invalid. |

(2) Watch data display area

The left area displays symbol names, and the right area displays data values.

| Symbol name display | This area is used to display watch data (variable names, symbol names and types, and tag names of structures or unions). (Refer to " Symbol name display area" in the Watch Window.) |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| area | This area cannot be edited. |
| Data value display/ setting area | This area is used to display and change data values. (Refer to " Data value display/ setting area" in the Watch Window.) |

(3) Display form specification area

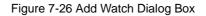
| Display radix selection | This area is used to select the display radix. | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|--|
| area | Proper | Variable: Displays the default value of each variable. Symbol: Displays data with the radix set in the Debugger Option Dialog Box. | |
| | Hex | Displays in hexadecimal numbers. | |
| | Dec | Displays in decimal numbers. | |
| | Oct | Displays in octal numbers. | |
| | Bin | Displays in binary numbers. | |
| | String | Displays as a character string. | |
| Display size selection area | This area is used to select the display size. If the display size is fixed, such as when a variable in C language or register is to be displayed, it cannot be changed. | | |
| Adaptive 💌 | Adaptive | Variable: Displays the default value of each variable. Symbol: Displays data with the size set in the Debugger Option Dialog Box. | |
| | Byte | Displays in 8-bit units. | |
| | Half Word [V850] | Displays in 16-bit units. | |
| | Word | Displays in 16-bit units. [78K] Displays in 32-bit units. [V850] | |
| | Double Word [78K] | Displays in 32-bit units. | |

| View | Displays the data specified in (1) Watch data specification area in the field below. |
|-------|---|
| Add | Adds the data specified in (1) Watch data specification area to the Watch Window. |
| Close | Closes this dialog box. Data that has not actually been written to the target memory will be canceled. |

Add Watch Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to register watch data to be displayed in the Watch Window. (Refer to "5.6 Watch Function".)

Multiple data with the same symbol name can be registered.





- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

Select [View] menu -> [Add Watch...], or click the <Add...> button in the Watch Window.

Explanation of each area

(1) Watch data registration area

| Name: | This area is used to specify symbol to be added to the Watch Window. (Refer to "Table 7-6 Watch Window Input Format".) In the default condition, the string selected in the window that called this dialog box is displayed. As necessary, the character string displayed can be changed. This area is blank if no character string is selected. Up to 16 input histories can be recorded. |
|-------------------|---|
| <add>button</add> | Adds the specified data to the Watch Window. The dialog box remains open. |

Table 7-6 Watch Window Input Format

| - Variable Name of C language | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Variable expression : Variable Name | | | |
| Variable expression [Constant value Variable Name] | Elements of array | | |
| Variable expression . Member name | Entity members of structure/union | | |
| Variable expression -> Member name | Members of structure/union indicated by pointer | | |
| *Variable expression | Value of pointer variable | | |
| &Variable expression | Address where variable is located | | |
| - Register name | | | |
| - IOR/SFR name, IOR/SFR bit name | | | |
| - Label, EQU and address of immediate value | | | |
| - Register name.bit | | | |
| - IOR/SFR name. bit | | | |
| - Label name.bit, EQU symbol.bit, address of immediate value.bit | | | |
| - Bit symbol | | | |
| - Specification of scope | | | |

How a variable is handled when a scope Is specified is as follows:

| Scope Specification | Program nNme | File Name | Function Name | Variable Name |
|---------------------|--------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|
| prog\$file#func#var | prog | file | func | var |
| prog\$file#var prog | | file | global | var |
| prog\$func#var | prog | global | func | var |
| prog\$var | prog | global | global | var |
| file#func#var | current | file | func | var |
| file#var | current | file | global | var |
| func#var | current | current | func | var |
| var | current | current | current | var |

Table 7-7 How Variable Is Handled When Scope Is Specified

(2) Display form change area

| Radix: | This area is used to se | elect the display radix. | |
|---------|---|---|--|
| | Proper | Variable: Displays the default value of each variable. Symbol: Displays data with the radix set in the Debugger Option Dialog Box. | |
| | Hex | Displays in hexadecimal numbers. | |
| | Dec | Displays in decimal numbers. | |
| | Oct | Displays in octal numbers. | |
| | Bin | Displays in binary numbers. | |
| | String | Displays in strings. | |
| Size: | | elect the display size. If the display size is fixed, such as when a e or register is to be displayed, it cannot be changed. | |
| | Adaptive | Variable: Displays the default value of each variable. Symbol: Displays data with the size set in the Debugger Option Dialog Box. | |
| | Byte | Displays in 8-bit units. | |
| | Half Word [V850] | Displays in 16-bit units. | |
| | Word | Displays in 16-bit units. [78K] Displays in 32-bit units. [V850] | |
| | Double Word [78K] | Displays in 32-bit units. | |
| Number: | to 256). If this area is blank, da specified, data is displ If an array variable is o all the elements of the the data ("-" is prefixe expanded display is ca If the number of data to | This area is used to specify the number of data to be displayed (blank or a number of 1 to 256). If this area is blank, data is displayed as a simple variable. If a number of 1 or more is specified, data is displayed as an array variable in the Watch Window. If an array variable is displayed, "+" is prefixed to the data. By double-clicking this "+", all the elements of the data are expanded and displayed in accordance with the type of the data ("-" is prefixed to the expanded data. If this "-" is double-clicked, the expanded display is canceled). If the number of data to be displayed is fixed, such as when a variable in C language or register is to be displayed, the specified number of data is invalid. | |

| ОК | Adds the specified data to the Watch Window. Closes this dialog box. |
|---------|---|
| Cancel | Closes this dialog box. |
| Restore | Restores the status before this dialog box was opened. |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. |

Change Watch Dialog Box

This window is used to change the data on a line selected in the Watch Window. (Refer to "5.6 Watch Function".)

A line with an open hierarchy, such as the elements of an array, and members of structures and unions cannot be changed.

When watch data is changed, the contents of the selected line are replaced with the new data.

The symbol name can be changed even if it results in duplication of a name already in use with existing data.

Figure 7-27 Change Watch Dialog Box

| | | Change Watch |
|-----|---|--|
| (1) | Γ | Name: data 💽 Add |
| | Γ | Radix: 🕩 <u>P</u> roper C He <u>x</u> C <u>D</u> ec C <u>O</u> ct C <u>B</u> in C String |
| (2) | | Size: |
| | L | N <u>u</u> mber: |
| (3) | Γ | OK Cancel <u>R</u> estore <u>H</u> elp |

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

When the Watch Window is the current window, select [View] menu -> [Change Watch...].

Explanation of each area

(1) Watch data change area

| Name: | This area is used to change a symbol name on a line selected in the Watch Window. (Refer to "Table 7-6 Watch Window Input Format".) The symbol name can be changed even if it results in duplication of a name already in use with existing data. In the default condition, the string selected in the window that called this dialog box is displayed. Up to 16 input histories can be recorded. |
|-------------------|--|
| <add>button</add> | Cannot be selected. |

(2) Display form change area

| Radix: | This area is used to ch | nange the display radix on a line selected in the Watch Window. |
|---------|---|---|
| | Proper | Variable: Displays the default value of each variable. Symbol: Displays data with the radix set in the Debugger Option Dialog Box. |
| | Hex | Displays in hexadecimal numbers. |
| | Dec | Displays in decimal numbers. |
| | Oct | Displays in octal numbers. |
| | Bin | Displays in binary numbers. |
| | String | Displays in strings. |
| Size: | | hange the display size on a line selected in the Watch Window. and, such as when a variable in C language or register is to be e changed. |
| | Adaptive | Variable: Displays the default value of each variable. Symbol: Displays data with the size set in the Debugger Option Dialog Box. |
| | Byte | Displays in 8-bit units. |
| | Half Word [V850] | Displays in 16-bit units. |
| | Word | Displays in 16-bit units. [78K] Displays in 32-bit units. [V850] |
| | Double Word [78K] | Displays in 32-bit units. |
| Number: | the Watch Window (bla If this area is blank, da specified, data is displ If an array variable is o all the elements of the the data ("-" is prefixe expanded display is ca If the number of data to | change the number of data to be displayed on a line selected in ank or a number of 1 to 256). Ita is displayed as a simple variable. If a number of 1 or more is ayed as an array variable in the Watch Window. displayed, "+" is prefixed to the data. By double-clicking this "+", data are expanded and displayed in accordance with the type of d to the expanded data. If this "-" is double-clicked, the anceled). b be displayed is fixed, such as when a variable in C language or yed, the specified number of data is invalid. |

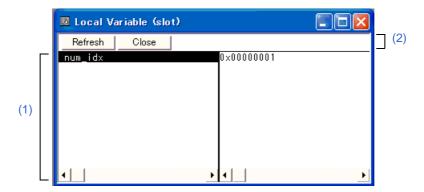
| ОК | Replaces the data on a line selected in the Watch Window with the specified data, and then closes this dialog box. |
|---------|--|
| Cancel | Closes this dialog box. |
| Restore | Restores the status before this dialog box was opened. |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. |

Local Variable Window

This window is used to display the local variable in the current function and change the local variable values. (Refer to "5.6 Watch Function".)

It is linked with the Jump function of the Stack Window, and displays the local variable in the function jumped when jumping to the Source Window.

A number of other operations using Context menu, Function buttons, etc., can be performed in this window.





- Opening
- Explanation of each area
- Context menu

Opening

Click the Loc button, or select [Browse] menu -> [Local Variable].

Explanation of each area

(1) Local variable name display / variable value change area

The left area displays variable names, and the right area displays variable values.

| Local variable name display area | This area displays local variable name. (Refer to Watch Window.) Auto, Internal Static, and Register variables can be displayed. This area cannot be edited. |
|---|--|
| Local variable value display/ setting area | This area is used to display and change local variable values. (Refer to Watch Window.) |

(2) Function buttons

| Refresh | Updates the contents of this window with the latest watch data. |
|---------|---|
| Close | Closes this window. |

[View] menu (Local Variable Window-dedicated items)

When this window is the current window, the following items are added on [View] menu.

| Bin | Displays binary numbers. |
|--------|--|
| Oct | Displays octal numbers. |
| Dec | Displays decimal numbers. |
| Hex | Displays octal numbers. |
| String | Displays character strings. |
| Proper | Displays the default value of each variable. (default) |

Context menu

The menu items are effective for the selected line or item, not the position where the mouse pointer was clicked (same operation as when selecting the main menu with the same name).

| Add Watch | Opens the Add Watch Dialog Box. |
|-----------|---|
| Bin | Displays the selected line in binary numbers. |
| Oct | Displays the selected line in octal numbers. |
| Dec | Displays the selected line in decimal numbers. |
| Hex | Displays the selected line in hexadecimal numbers. |
| String | Displays the selected line as a character string. |
| Proper | Displays the selected line as the default value of each variable. Symbols are displayed in accordance with the setting of the Debugger Option Dialog Box. (default) |

Stack Window

This window is used to display or change the current stack contents of the user program. (Refer to "5.6.7 Stack trace display function".)

The window corresponding to the stack contents can be jumped to using the Jump function.

A number of other operations using Context menu, Function buttons, etc., can be performed in this window.

- **Caution1:** The stack trace display function may not operate correctly if there is a function that does not create a stack frame. **[V850]**
- Caution2: The stack trace display function may not operate properly when there is a function (noauto, norec, etc.) that does not push the frame pointer (HL) onto the stack. [78K]
- **Remark:** [ERROR] may be displayed during prologue or epilogue processing of a function.



Figure 7-29 Stack Window

- Opening
- Explanation of each area
- [View] menu (Stack Window-dedicated items)
- Context menu

Opening

Elick the Stk button, or select [Browse] menu -> [Stack Trace].

Explanation of each area

(1) Stack contents display/change area

The left area displays stack frame numbers, the central area displays the contents of the stack frames, and the right area displays the contents of the stacks.

| Stack frame number display area | A stack frame number of the stack, the highe | nbers to and displays the stack contents. is a natural number starting from 1. The shallower the nesting or the number. This means that a function having stack number of a certain function is the function that calls the certain |
|------------------------------------|---|---|
| Stack frame contents display area | | e stack frame contents. mes or local variable names. Note, however, that this area |
| | If the stack contents consist of a function | They are displayed as follows: [program name\$file name#function name (argument list) #line number] If this line is double-clicked, the operation will be the same as jumping to the Source Window of the Jump function (i.e., the local variable in the function to which execution has jumped will be displayed in the Local Variable Window).If the function has a local variable, the local variable will be displayed on the next and subsequent lines. |
| | If the stack contents consist of a local variable | Its type and name are displayed. (Refer to "Watch Window".) Note that the internal Static and Register variables are not displayed. |
| Stack contents display/ | This area is used to d | isplay or change the stack contents. |
| setting area | If the stack contents are a function | "" is displayed and the function cannot be changed. |
| | If the stack contents are a local variable | The variable value is displayed. (Refer to "Watch Window".) |

| Refresh | Updates the contents of this window with the latest watch data. |
|---|---|
| Shrink <<< | Collapses the local variable list of the selected function. |
| Expand >>> (when the <shrink<<<> button is clicked)</shrink<<<> | Displays the local variable list of the selected function. |
| Close | Closes this window. |

[View] menu (Stack Window-dedicated items)

| Bin | Displays binary numbers. |
|--------|--|
| Oct | Displays octal numbers. |
| Dec | Displays decimal numbers. |
| Hex | Displays octal numbers. |
| String | Displays character strings. |
| Proper | Displays the default value of each variable. (default) |

When this window is the current window, The following items are added on [View] menu.

Context menu

| Bin | Displays binary numbers. |
|-------------|--|
| Oct | Displays octal numbers. |
| Dec | Displays decimal numbers. |
| Hex | Displays octal numbers. |
| String | Displays character strings. |
| Proper | Displays the default value of each variable. (default) |
| Source Text | Displays the corresponding source text and source line from the jump destination address specified by the data value at the cursor position. (Refer to "5.17.2 Jump function".) If no line information exists at the jump destination address, however, you cannot jump. Opens the Source Window. If an active Source Window is open, that window is displayed in the forefront (so that it can be manipulated). |
| Assemble | Disassembles and displays starting from the jump destination address specified by the data value at the cursor position. (Refer to "5.17.2 Jump function".) Opens the Assemble Window. If an active Assemble Window is open, that window is displayed in the forefront (so that it can be manipulated). |
| Memory | Displays the memory contents starting from the jump destination address specified by the data value at the cursor position. (Refer to "5.17.2 Jump function".) Opens the Memory Window. If an active Memory Window is open, that window is displayed in the forefront (so that it can be manipulated). |

Memory Window

This window is used to display and change the memory contents. (Refer to "5.7 Memory Manipulation Function".) Other operations using Context menu, Function buttons, etc., can be performed in this window.

Moreover, there are two statuses, Active status and static status, for this window. When the window is in the active status, it has the Trace result with linking window, Jump function. (Refer to "5.17 Functions Common to Each Window".)

Remark1: The memory access status (read, write, read & write) can be displayed using different colors. (Refer to "5.7.4 Access monitor function".)

Remark2: The display start position when the this window is opened is as follows:

First time: Display starts from the first address of the RAM area. Second and subsequent times: Display starts from the address at which an active status window was closed. (if an active status window has never been closed, display starts from the first display start position).

| Addr +0 +1 +2 +3 +4 +5 +6 +7 +8 +9 +A +B +C 0123456789ABCDEF FCF10 00 00 40 79 24 30 19 12 02 58 00 10 08 @y\$0XF! FCF10 06 0E 7F 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 @y\$0XF! FCF2000 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 |
|--|
| FD01000 00 |

Figure 7-30 Memory Window

- Opening
- Explanation of each area
- [View] menu (Memory Window-dedicated items)
- Context menu

Opening

Click the Mem button, or select [Browse] menu -> [Memory].

Explanation of each area

(1) Addr

This area displays memory addresses.

Remark: The address width changes when memory banks are used. [78K0]

(2) +0 +1 +2....

This area is used to display and change memory contents, and to display the access status. (Refer to "5.7.4 Access monitor function".)

| Display | Meaning | Symbol Substituted When Display Information Is Saved in View File |
|---------|--------------|--|
| 00 | Read | R |
| 00 | Write | W |
| 00 | Read & write | А |
| 00 | No access | |

Memory contents are changed through direct input. The location to be changed is displayed in red and the contents of the contents of the change are written into the target memory when the Enter key is pressed. The previous value can be canceled by the ESC key. Up to 256 bytes can be specified at one time.

Remark: To change the memory contents during user program execution, open the DMM Dialog Box by clicking the <Modify...> button.

(3) 0 1 2 3....

This area is used to display and change the memory contents in ASCII characters.

This area is displayed when [View] menu -> [Ascii] is selected.

Data can be changed in this area in the same manner as in the memory display area.

The changing method is the same as in (2) + 0 + 1 + 2....

Remark: When the display address is changed, the position of the cursor in the ASCII display area is not synchronized.

(4) Function buttons

| Search | Opens the Memory Search Dialog Box and searches for character strings from the displayed memory contents, or memory contents. Selected data (a memory value) is displayed in the Memory Search Dialog Box as data to be searched. If the Memory Search Dialog Box is opened without data specified, specify data from the keyboard. The results of the search is highlighted in the Memory window. | |
|-----------------|--|--|
| << | Searches the memory contents satisfying the search condition set in the Memory Search Dialog Box, forward (upward on screen) from the address at the cursor position. This button is displayed as the <stop> button during a search.</stop> | |
| >> | Searches the memory contents satisfying the search condition set in the Memory Search Dialog Box, backward (downward on screen) from the address at the cursor position. This button is displayed as the <stop> button during a search.</stop> | |
| Stop(searching) | Stops searching. | |
| Refresh | Updates the contents of the window with the latest data. | |
| DMM | Opens the DMM Dialog Box. | |
| Close | Closes this window. | |

[View] menu (Memory Window-dedicated items)

The following items are added in the [View] menu , when the Memory Window is active.

| Bin | Displays binary numbers. | |
|---|--|--|
| Oct | Displays octal numbers. | |
| Dec | Displays decimal numbers. | |
| Hex | Displays hexadecimal numbers. (default) | |
| Nibble | Displays in 4-bit units. | |
| Byte | Displays in 8-bit units. (default) | |
| Half Word | Displays in 16-bit units. [V850] | |
| Word | Displays in 16-bit units. [78K] Displays in 32-bit units. [V850] | |
| Double Word | Displays in 32-bit units. [78K] | |
| Ascii Selects whether ASCII characters are displayed or not. Checked: Displayed Cleared: No display (default) | | |
| Access Monitoring Sets about Access monitor function. | | |
| Clear | Clears the display color through the access monitor function. | |
| Accumulative | Enables/disables cumulative display of access status (memory content change). Checked: Cumulative display of memory contents changes Cleared: Display of only memory contents changes from previous update. | |

Context menu

The menu items are effective for the selected line or item, not the position where the mouse pointer was clicked (same operation as when selecting the main menu with the same name).

| Move | Moves the display position. Opens the Address Move Dialog Box. | |
|------------------------------|---|--|
| Bin | | |
| Bin | Displays binary numbers. | |
| Oct | Displays octal numbers. | |
| Dec | Displays decimal numbers. | |
| Hex | Displays hexadecimal numbers. (default) | |
| Nibble | Displays in 4-bit units. | |
| Byte | Displays in 8-bit units. (default) | |
| Half Word [V850] | Displays in 16-bit units. | |
| Word | Displays in 16-bit units. [78K] Displays in 32-bit units. [V850] | |
| Double Word [78K] | Displays in 32-bit units. | |
| Ascii | Selects whether ASCII characters are displayed or not. Checked: Displayed Cleared: No display (default) | |
| Clear Access Moni- toring | Clears the display color through the access monitor function. | |
| Accumulative | Enables/disables cumulative display of access status (memory content change). Checked: Cumulative display of memory contents changes Cleared: Display of only memory contents changes from previous update. | |

Memory Search Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to search the memory contents of the part of the Memory Window at which the cursor is located. (Refer to "5.7 Memory Manipulation Function".)

If the cursor is placed in memory display area in the Memory Window, the specified data is treated as a binary data string, and if the cursor is placed in the ascii display area, the specified data is treated as an ASCII character string, and the contents of these respective areas are searched.

By setting each item and then clicking the <Find Next> button, searching can be started. By clicking the <Set Find> button, the direction buttons ("<<" and ">>") in the Memory Window can be used for the search.

Caution: Non-mapped, IOR/SFR, and I/O protect areas are not searched.

| Memory S | learch | | | |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------|------------------|--|
| Fi <u>n</u> d What: | B1 AF | • | Eind Next | |
| Unit: C | Byte 🙃 Half | f Word C Word | <u>S</u> et Find | |
| 1.00 | 200000 | ⊢ Direction ——— | Close | |
| 🗂 Scan W | vh <u>o</u> le Region | C Up C Down | Help | |
| and the second se | | | | |

Figure 7-31 Memory Search Dialog Box

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

When the Memory Window is the current window, select [View] menu -> [Search...], or click the <Search...> button in the same window.

Explanation of each area

(1) Search condition specification area

| Find What: | In the default conditio | to specify the data to be searched. (Up to 256 character.) dition, the string selected in the window that called this dialog box necessary, the character string displayed can be changed. Up to can be recorded. | |
|------------|--|--|--|
| | When searching in memory display area | Up to 16 data items can be specified. Delimit each data with a "blank character". | |
| | When searching in ascii display areaUp to 256 characters can be specified. A "blank character in the data is treated as a blank character. | | |

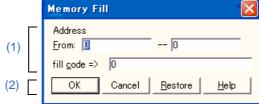
| Unit: | This area is used to specify the number of bits of the data to be searched in mem- ory display area. | | |
|-------------------|--|---|--|
| | Byte Seartches the data as 8-bit data. | | |
| | Half Word [V850] | Seartches the data as 16-bit data. | |
| | Word | Seartches the data as 16-bit data. [78K] Seartches the data as 32-bit data. [V850] | |
| | Double Word [78K] | Seartches the data as 32-bit data. | |
| Scan Whole Region | This should be checked to search the entire specified range. | | |
| Direction | This area is used to specify the direction of the search. | | |
| | Up Forward search. Searches data forward (upward on screen) from the current position of the cursor. | | |
| | Down | Backward search. Searches data backward (downward on screen) from the current position of the cursor. (default) | |
| Address: | This area is used to specify the address range to be searched. The default radix for inputting a numeric value is hexadecimal. An address can be also specified by a symbol or expression. (Refer to "Table 5-5 Specifying Symbols".) | | |

| Find Next | Searches the specified data in accordance with a given condition. If the specified character string is found as a result of a search, it is highlighted. To continue searching, click this button again. | |
|------------------|--|--|
| Set Find | Sets the specified condition as the search condition and closes this dialog box. | |
| Stop (searching) | Stops searching. | |
| Close | Closes this dialog box.(During searching, this button is replaced by the <stop> button.)</stop> | |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. | |

Memory Fill Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to fill the memory contents in the Memory Window with specified codes (fill code). (Refer to "5.7 Memory Manipulation Function".)





- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

Select [Edit] menu -> [Memory] -> [Fill...].

Explanation of each area

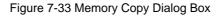
(1) Memory fill range specification area

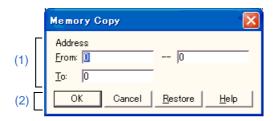
| Address | This area is us | This area is used to specify the filling range and fill code. | |
|---------|-----------------|--|--|
| | From: | Specifies the filling range (start address end address). The default radix for inputting a numeric value is hexadecimal. An address can be also specified by a symbol or expression. (Refer to "Table 5-5 Specifying Symbols".) | |
| | fill code => | Specify the data (fill code) used when filling the range specified in "From:". Up to 16 binary data strings (byte data strings) can be specified. Delimit each data with a "blank character". | |

| ОК | Fills the specified data in accordance with a given condition. |
|----------------|--|
| Stop (filling) | Stops filling. |
| Cancel | Closes this dialog box. (During filling, this button is replaced by the <stop> button.)</stop> |
| Restore | Restores the status before this dialog box was opened. |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. |

Memory Copy Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to copy the memory contents in the Memory Window. (Refer to "5.7 Memory Manipulation Function".)





- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

Select [Edit] menu -> [Memory] -> [Copy...].

Explanation of each area

(1) Copy range specification area

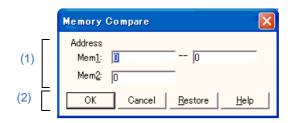
| Address | This area is used to specify the copy source and copy destination addresses. The default radix for inputting a numeric value is hexadecimal. An address can be also specified by a symbol or expression. (Refer to "Table 5-5 Specifying Symbols".) | |
|---------|---|---|
| | From: | Specify the address range (start address end address) of the copy source. |
| | То: | Specify start address of the copy destination. |

| ОК | Copies the memory contents in accordance with a given condition. |
|----------------|---|
| Stop (copying) | Stops copying. |
| Cancel | Closes this dialog box.(During copying, this button is replaced by the <stop> button.)</stop> |
| Restore | Restores the status before this dialog box was opened. |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. |

Memory Compare Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to compare the memory contents in the Memory Window. (Refer to "5.7 Memory Manipulation Function".)





- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

Select [Edit] menu -> [Memory] -> [Compare...].

Explanation of each area

(1) Comparison range specification area

| Address | This area is used to specify the comparison source address and comparison destination address. The default radix for inputting a numeric value is hexadecimal. An address can be also specified by a symbol or expression. (Refer to "Table 5-5 Specifying Symbols".) | | |
|---------|--|---|--|
| | Mem1: | Specify the address range (start address end address) of the comparison source. | |
| | Mem2: | Specify the start address of the comparison destination. | |

| ОК | Compares the memory contents in accordance with a given condition. If no difference is found as a result of comparison, "Wf200: No difference encountered." is displayed. If a difference is found, the Memory Compare Resu Dialog Box is opened. | | | |
|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Stop (comparison) | Stops memory comparison. | | | |
| Cancel | Closes this dialog box.(During comparison, this button is replaced by the <stop> button.)</stop> | | | |
| Restore | Restores the status before this dialog box was opened. | | | |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. | | | |

Memory Compare Result Dialog Box

This dialog box is displayed if any difference is found in the memory contents when the memory has been compared in the Memory Compare Dialog Box. (Refer to "5.7 Memory Manipulation Function".)

| | Memory Compare | | | |
|-----|----------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Γ | Mem <u>1</u> Addr | Memory | Mem <u>2</u> Addr | |
| | 0000FFFF 00010000 00010001 | 00 80 00 07 00 E8 | 000000000000000000000000000000000000000 | |
| (1) | 00010002 | 00 01 00 40 | 00000003 | |
| | 00010008 00010009 0001000A | $\begin{array}{ccc} 00 & 01 \\ 00 & 48 \\ 00 & 01 \end{array}$ | 00000009 0000000A 0000000B | |
| | 0001000B | 00 50 | 0000000C | • |
| (2) | Clo | se | <u>H</u> elp | |

Figure 7-35 Memory Compare Result Dialog Box

- Explanation of each area

Explanation of each area

(1) Comparison result display area

This area displays the results of comparing the memory. Only differences that have been found as a result of comparison are displayed.

| Mem1 Addr | Displays a comparison source address in which a difference has been found. |
|-----------|--|
| Memory | Displays the data in which a difference has been found. (Left: Comparison source data, Right: Comparison destination data). |
| Mem2 Addr | Displays the comparison destination address at which a difference has been found. |

Caution: The address width changes when memory banks are used. [78K0]

| Close | Closes this dialog box. |
|-------|---|
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. |

DMM Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to set addresses and data for DMM (Dynamic Memory Modification). (Refer to "5.7.3 Modifying memory contents (DMM function)".)

Caution: This function is implemented by software emulation, however, the user program under execution is temporarily stopped and then executed again.

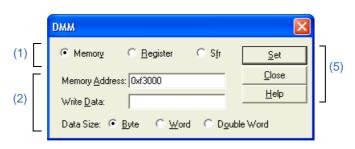
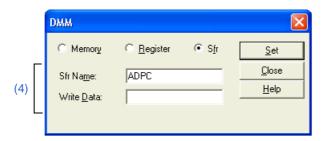


Figure 7-36 DMM Dialog Box (When Memory Is Selected)

Figure 7-37 DMM Dialog Box (When Register Is Selected)

| | DMM | | | |
|---|-------------------------|--------------------|----------------|---------------|
| | C Memory | • <u>R</u> egister | ⊂ S <u>f</u> r | <u>S</u> et |
| Г | Register <u>N</u> ame: | ax | | <u>C</u> lose |
|) | Write <u>D</u> ata: | | | <u>H</u> elp |
| L | Register Ban <u>k</u> : | 0 | | |

Figure 7-38 DMM Dialog Box (When IOR/Sfr Is Selected)



- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

Select [Edit] menu -> [DMM...], or click the <DMM...> button in the Memory Window, Register Window, or IOR/ SFR Window.

Explanation of each area

(1) DMM target selection area

This area is used to select the target for DMM. The items displayed in Address, data setting area change by selecting the option button.

| Memory | DMM is performed for the memory. | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Register/ | DMM is performed for the register. | | | |
| IOR [V850] Sfr [78K] | DMM is performed for the IOR/SFR. | | | |

Remark: If the DMM Dialog Box is opened via the Memory Window, Register Window, or IOR/SFR Window, the corresponding option button has already been selected.

(2) Address, data setting area (When Memory is selected)

| Memory Address: | This area is used to specify the address to which data is to be written. The default radix for inputting a numeric value is hexadecimal. An address can be also specified by a symbol or expression. (Refer to "Table 5-5 Specifying Symbols".) | | | | | |
|-----------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Write Data: | "Memory Address:". The default radix for | The default radix for inputting a numeric value is hexadecimal. One binary data string can be specified at one time. Specify the data size in "Data | | | | |
| Data Size: | This area is used to specify the size of the data specified in "Data:" to be written. | | | | | |
| | Byte Writes the data as 8-bit data. | | | | | |
| | Half Word [V850] | Writes the data as 16-bit data. | | | | |
| | Word | Writes the data as 16-bit data. [78K] Writes the data as 32-bit data. [V850] | | | | |
| | Double Word [78K] Writes the data as 32-bit data. | | | | | |

(3) Address, data setting area (When Register is selected)

| Register Name: | This area is used to specify the register name to which data is to be written.Uppercase and lowercase characters are not distinguished. A register name can be specified as both a function name and an absolute name. |
|----------------------|--|
| Write Data: | This area is used to specify the data to be written to the register specified in "Register Name:". The default radix for inputting a numeric value is hexadecimal. The data size is equivalent to the specified register. One binary data string can be specified at one time. |
| Register Bank: [78K] | This area is used to specify the size of the data specified in "Data:" to be written.0, Input 1, 2, or 3 to this text box. |

| Sfr Name: [78K] IOR Name: [V850] | This area is used to specify the address to which data is to be written.Uppercase and lowercase characters are not distinguished.The setting is ignored if a read-only IOR/SFR is specified. |
|---|---|
| Write Data: | This area is used to specify the data to be written to the IOR/SFR specified in "IOR/ SFR Name:". The default radix for inputting a numeric value is hexadecimal. The data size is equivalent to the specified register. One binary data string can be specified at one time. |

(4) Address, data setting area (When IOR/SFR is selected)

| ОК | Writes the data in accordance with a given condition. | |
|--------|---|--|
| Cancel | Closes this dialog box. | |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. | |

Register Window

This window is used to display and change registers (program registers/system registers: **[V850]**, general-purpose registers/control registers: **[78K]**). (Refer to "5.8 Register Manipulation Function".)

Other operations using Context menu, Function buttons, etc., can be performed in this window.

Each area in this window are the jump pointer of the Jump function.

| [V850] | 📓 Register | | | |
|--------|--|--|--|-----|
| | Refresh | DMM | Close | (3) |
| (1) | r0(zero) r1 r2 r3(sp) r4(gp) r5(tp) r6 r7 r8 r9 r10 r11 r12 pc eipc +fepsw fepc +fepsw +ctpsw ctpc +dbpc +dbpsw ctbp | $\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 3 \\ FEF \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ $ | 10C 000 31C 10C 000 000 104 000 10C 29A 000 000 000 000 000 020 2A0 021 000 000 | |

Figure 7-39 Register Window

| [78K0R] | 🗷 Register | | |
|---------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|
| | | MM Close |] (3)] (2) |
| (1) | +ax +bc +de +hl | FE20 0000 FE20 FE20 | |
| (1) | pc sp +psw es cs | 00132 FE1C 46 00 00 | |

| [78K0] | 📓 Register | | | |
|--------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-------|
| | | ОММ | Close |](3) |
| | Register Bank: | | ent Bank: 🕕 |] (2) |
| | +ax +bc | 0000 0000 | | |
| (1) | +de +hl | 0000 | | |
| | pc | 00000 0000 | | |
| | sp +psw | 02 | | |

| [78K0S] | 📓 Register | | |
|---------|--------------------------|------------------------------|-----|
| | Refresh | Close | (3) |
| (1) | +ax +bc +de +hl | 0000 0000 0000 0000 | |
| | pe sp +psw | 0000 0000 02 | |

- Opening
- Explanation of each area
- [View] menu (Register Window-dedicated items)
- Context menu

Opening

Click the Reg button, or select [Browse] menu -> [Register].

Explanation of each area

(1) Register value display /change area

The left area displays register names, and the right area displays register values.

Register values are changed through direct input. The location to be changed is displayed in red and the contents of the contents of the change are written into the target memory when the Enter key is pressed. The previous value can be canceled by the ESC key. The upper area displays the program register or general-purpose registers, and the lower area displays the system registers or control registers.

Caution: When overflow of a register occurs due to an illegal value entered by the user, the register will be updated with a value of 0xFFFFFFF. **[V850]**

Remark: When memory banks are used, the address width of the PC register increases by 8 bits. [78K0]

(2) Register bank setting area [78K0R] [78K0]

| Register Bank: | Specifies the general-purpose register bank number displayed. |
|----------------|--|
| Current Bank: | Displays the general-purpose register bank number that is currently set. |

(3) Function buttons

| Refresh | Updates the contents of the window with the latest data. | |
|---------|--|--|
| DMM | Opens the DMM Dialog Box. | |
| Close | Closes this window. | |

[View] menu (Register Window-dedicated items)

The following items are added in the [View] menu , when the Register Window is active.

| Bin | Displays binary numbers. |
|-----------------------|---|
| Oct | Displays octal numbers. |
| Dec | Displays decimal numbers. |
| Hex | Displays hexadecimal numbers. (default) |
| Absolute Name [78K] | Displays register names as absolute names. |
| Function Name [78K] | Displays register names as function names. (default) |
| Pick Up [V850] | Displays only the registers selected in the Register Select Dialog Box. |
| Select [V850] | Opens the Register Select Dialog Box. |

Context menu

| Add Watch | Registers a selected character string to the Watch window. Opens the Add Watch Dialog Box. |
|-----------------------|---|
| Bin | Displays binary numbers. |
| Oct | Displays octal numbers. |
| Dec | Displays decimal numbers. |
| Hex | Displays hexadecimal numbers. (default) |
| Pick Up [V850] | Displays only the registers selected in the Register Select Dialog Box. |
| Select [V850] | Opens the Register Select Dialog Box. |
| Absolute Name [78K] | Displays register names as absolute names. |
| Function Name [78K] | Displays register names as function names. (default) |

Register Select Dialog Box

[V850]

This dialog box is used to select registers that are not displayed in the Register Window. (Refer to "5.8 Register Manipulation Function".)

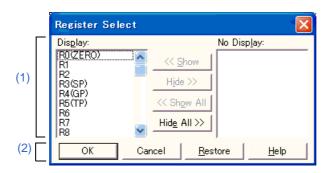


Figure 7-40 Register Select Dialog Box

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

When the Register Window is the current window, select [View] menu -> [Select...].

Explanation of each area

(1) Display register selection area

| Display: | Registers displayed in the Register Window. | | | | |
|-------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Button | The following buttons are used to change register to be displayed. Two or more registers can be selected by clicking any of the above buttons while holding down the Ctrl or Shift key. | | | | |
| | << Show | << Show Moves the register selected from the "No Display:" list to "Display:". | | | |
| | Hide >> | Hide >> Moves the register selected from the "Display:".list to "No Display:". << Show All | | | |
| | << Show All | | | | |
| | Hide All >> Moves all registers to "No Display:". | | | | |
| No Display: | Registers not displayed in the Register Window. | | | | |

(2) Function buttons

| ОК | Reflects the selection in this dialog box in the Register Window and closes this dialog box. |
|---------|--|
| Cancel | Cancels the changes and closes this dialog box. |
| Restore | Restores the status before this dialog box was opened. |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. |

IOR/SFR Window

This window is used to display and change the contents of peripheral I/O register (IOR **[V850]** / SFR **[78K]**) and the I/O ports that have been registered in the Add I/O Port Dialog Box. (Refer to "5.8 Register Manipulation Function".)

A number of other operations using Context menu, etc., can be performed in this window.

- **Caution:** However, that the values of read-only IOR/SFR and I/O ports cannot be changed. In addition, the IOR/SFR and I/O ports that cause the device to operate when they are read are read-protected and therefore cannot be read. To read these registers, select a register, and select and execute [Compulsion Read] from the Context menu.
- Remark1:
 The display start position when the window is opened is as follows.

 First time:
 Display from IOR/SFR of minimum address

 Second and subsequent times:
 Display from first IOR/SFR when window was last closed
- **Remark2:** If the device supports programmable I/O registers and a programmable I/O area has been set in the Configuration Dialog Box, the programmable I/O registers and expansion peripheral I/O registers are also displayed. If the value of an I/O port address is defined, the I/O port name is displayed in light color. **[V850]**

| IOR | | | |
|---------|-----------|---------------|-----|
| Refresh | DMM Clos | e | |
| Name | Attribute | Value | 8 |
| PDL | R/W 16 | 03FFF004 000 | 0 |
| PDLL | R/W 1,8 | 03FFF004 00 | |
| PDLH | R/W 1,8 | 03FFF005 00 | |
| PDH | R/W 1,8 | 03FFF006 00 | |
| PCT | R/W 1,8 | 03FFF00A 00 | |
| PCM | R/W 1,8 | 03FFF00C 00 | |
| PMDL | R∕W 16 | 03FFF024 FFF1 | F |
| PMDLL | R/W 1,8 | 03FFF024 FF | |
| PMDLH | R/W 1,8 | 03FFF025 FF | |
| PMDH | R/W 1,8 | 03FFF026 FF | |
| PMCT | R/W 1,8 | 03FFF02A FF | |
| PMCM | R/W 1,8 | 03FFF02C FF | |
| PMCDL | R/W 16 | 03FFF044 000 | 0 |
| PMCDLL | R/W 1,8 | 03FFF044 00 | |
| PMCDLH | R/W 1,8 | 03FFF045 00 | |
| PMCDH | R∕W 1,8 | 03FFF046 00 | |
| PMCCT | R∕W 1,8 | 03FFF04A 00 | |
| PMCCM | R∕W 1,8 | 03FFF04C 00 | |
| BSC | R∕W 16 | 03FFF066 000 | 0 |
| VSWC | R∕W 8 | 03FFF06E 77 | |
| DSAOL | R∕W 16 | 03FFF080 000 | |
| DSAOH | R∕W 16 | 03FFF082 000 | |
| DDAOL | R∕W 16 | 03FFF084 000 | |
| DDAOH | R∕W 16 | 03FFF086 000 | |
| DSA1L | R∕W 16 | 03FFF088 000 | 0 🔽 |

Figure 7-41 IOR Window [V850]

| 🗟 SFR | | | | | |
|----------|----------|-------------|------|-------|---|
| Refresh | DMM | Clo | se | | |
| Name | Attribut | e | | Value | |
| PO | R/W | 1,8 | FF00 | 00 | - |
| P0 P1 | R∕₩ | 1,8 | FF01 | 00 | |
| P2 | R | 1,8 | FF02 | 00 | |
| P3 | R/W | 1,8 | FF03 | 0C | |
| P4 | R/W | 1,8 | FF04 | 00 | |
| P5 | R/W | 1,8 | FF05 | 00 | |
| P6 | R/W | 1,8 | FF06 | 0C | |
| P7 | R/W | 1.8 | FF07 | 00 | |
| ADCR | R | 16 | FF08 | A000 | |
| RXB6 | R* | 8 8 | FFOA | FF | |
| TXB6 | R/W | 8 | FF0B | FF | |
| P12 | R/W | 1,8 | FFOC | 00 | |
| P13 | R/W | 1,8 | FFOD | 00 | |
| P14 | R/W | 1,8 | FFOE | 00 | |
| SI010 | R* | 8 | FFOF | 00 | |
| TMOO | R | 16 | FF10 | 0000 | |
| CR000 | R/W | 16 | FF12 | 0000 | |
| CR010 | R∕W | 16 | FF14 | 0000 | |
| TM50 | R | 8 8 8 | FF16 | 00 | |
| CR50 | R∕W | 8 | FF17 | 00 | |
| CMP00 | R∕W | 8 | FF18 | 00 | |
| CMP10 | R∕W | 8 8 8 | FF19 | 00 | |
| CMP01 | R⁄W | 8 | FF1A | 00 | |
| CMP11 | R/W | | FF1B | 00 | |
| TM51 | R | 8 | FF1F | 00 | - |

Figure 7-42 SFR Window [78K]

- Opening
- Explanation of each area
- [View] menu (IOR/SFR Window-dedicated items)
- Context menu

Opening

Click the IOR/SFR button, or select [Browse] menu -> [IOR/SFR].

Explanation of each area

(1) IOR/SFR display/change area

| Name | This area displays the names of IOR/SFR and I/O ports. If the value of an I/O port address is not defined, the I/O port name displayed in light color. | | | |
|-----------|---|--|--|--|
| Attribute | This area displa addresses from displayed. | It can be specified whether this area is displayed or not, by selecting [View] menu -> | | |
| | Read/Write Attr | ibute | | |
| | R | Read only | | |
| | W | Write only | | |
| | R/W | Read/write | | |
| | Access Type | | | |
| | 1 | Can be accessed in Bit units. | | |
| | 8 | Can be accessed in Byte units. | | |
| | 16 | Can be accessed in Half Word units. [V850] Can be accessed in Word units. [78K] | | |
| | 32 [V850] | Can be accessed in Word units. | | |
| Value | Values are char and the contents Enter key is pre Note that the va The value of rea menu -> [Comp | ed to display and change the contents of a IOR/SFR and I/O port. nged through direct input. The location to be changed is displayed in red s of the contents of the change are written into the target memory when the ssed. The previous value can be canceled by the ESC key. alues of read-only IOR/SFR and I/O ports cannot be changed. ad-protected IOR/SFR and I/O ports can be read by selecting Context ulsion Read]. e displayed differently as follows, depending on the attribute: | | |
| | Black Display | Read only or read/write | | |
| | | Write only | | |
| | ** | Value changes if read | | |

(2) Function buttons

| Refresh | Updates the contents of this window with the latest watch data. | |
|---------|---|--|
| DMM | Opens the DMM Dialog Box. | |
| Close | Closes this window. | |

[View] menu (IOR/SFR Window-dedicated items)

| Bin | Displays binary numbers. | |
|-----------------|--|--|
| | | |
| Oct | Displays octal numbers. | |
| Dec | Displays decimal numbers. | |
| Hex | Displays octal numbers. (default) | |
| Sort By Name | Displays in alphabetical order. | |
| Sort By Address | Displays in address order. (default) | |
| Unsort | Does not sort. | |
| Attribute | Switches on/off display of "Attribute". | |
| Pick Up | Displays only the registers selected in the IOR/SFR Select Dialog Box. | |
| Select | Opens the IOR/SFR Select Dialog Box. | |
| Compulsion Read | Forcibly reads the IOR/SFR that are disabled from being read because their values will be changed, or the data of the I/O ports and I/O protect area added in the Add I/O Port Dialog Box. | |

When this window is the current window, the following items are added on [View] menu.

Context menu

| Move | Opens the Address Move Dialog Box. | | |
|-----------------|--|--|--|
| Add Watch | Opens the Add Watch Dialog Box. | | |
| Add I/O Port | Opens the Add I/O Port Dialog Box. | | |
| Bin | Displays binary numbers. | | |
| Oct | Displays octal numbers. | | |
| Dec | Displays decimal numbers. | | |
| Hex | Displays octal numbers.(default) | | |
| Sort By Name | Displays in alphabetical order. | | |
| Sort By Address | Displays in address order. (default). | | |
| Unsort | Does not sort. | | |
| Attribute | Switches on/off display of "Attribute". | | |
| Pick Up | Displays only the registers selected in the IOR/SFR Select Dialog Box. | | |
| Select | Opens the IOR/SFR Select Dialog Box. | | |
| Compulsion Read | Forcibly reads the IOR/SFR that are disabled from being read because their values will be changed, or the data of the I/O ports and I/O protect area added in the Add I/O Port Dialog Box. | | |

IOR/SFR Select Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to select IOR/SFR and I/O ports that are not displayed the IOR/SFR Window. (Refer to "5.8 Register Manipulation Function".)

It is also used to specify the sequence in which registers and ports are displayed.

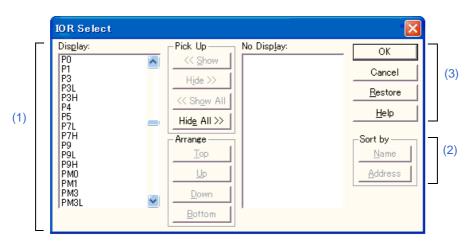


Figure 7-43 IOR/SFR Select Dialog Box

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

When the IOR/SFR Window is the current window, select [View] menu -> [Select...].

Explanation of each area

(1) Displayed IOR/SFR selection/display order change area

| Display: | Two or more re | Registers displayed in the IOR/SFR Window. Two or more registers can be selected by clicking any of the above buttons while holding down the Ctrl or Shift key. | |
|-------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Pick Up | The following b | uttons are used to change IOR/SFR to be displayed. | |
| | << Show | Moves the register selected from the "No Display:" list to "Display:". | |
| | Hide >> | Moves the register selected from the "Display:".list to "No Display:". | |
| | << Show All | Moves all registers to "Display:". | |
| | Hide All >> | Moves all registers to "No Display:". | |
| Arrange | - | The following buttons are used to change the display sequence in "Display:". If the display arrangement is changed, multiple lines cannot be selected. Select one line at a time. | |
| | Тор | Moves the selected register to the top of the list. | |
| | Up | Moves the selected register one line up. | |
| | Down | Moves the selected register one line down. | |
| | Bottom | Moves the selected register to the bottom of the list. | |
| No Display: | Registers not d | Registers not displayed in the IOR/SFR Window. | |

(2) Display order change buttons

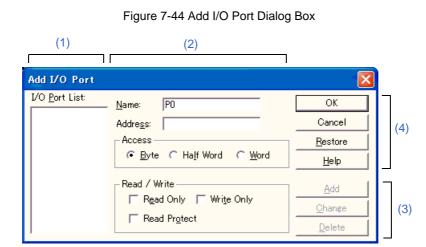
| Sort by | The following buttons are used to change the display sequence in "No Display:". | | |
|---------|---|---------------------------------|--|
| | Name | Displays in alphabetical order. | |
| | Address | Displays in address order. | |

(3) Function buttons

| ОК | Reflects the selection in this dialog box in the IOR/SFR Window and closes this dialog box. |
|---------|---|
| Cancel | Cancels the changes and closes this dialog box. |
| Restore | Restores the status before this dialog box was opened. |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. |

Add I/O Port Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to register an I/O port to be added to the IOR/SFR Window. (Refer to "5.8 Register Manipulation Function".)



- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

Select [Option] menu -> [Add I/O Port...].

Explanation of each area

(1) I/O port display area

| I/O Port List: | This area lists the I/O ports currently registered. If a new I/O port is registered, it is added to this list. An I/O port already registered can be selected and changed or deleted by (3) Buttons. |
|----------------|--|
| | be selected and changed of deleted by (3) Buttons. |

(2) I/O port specification area

| Name: | This area is used to | This area is used to specify an I/O port name to be added (up to 15 characters long). | | |
|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| Address: | This area is used to specify the address of the I/O port to be added. The default radix for inputting a numeric value is hexadecimal. An address can be also specified by a symbol. (Refer to "Table 5-5 Specifying Symbols".) The address that can be set in this area is either a Target area address or IOR/SFR area address. | | | |
| Access | This area is used to | select the access size of the I/O port to be added. | | |
| | Byte | 8-bit unit (default) | | |
| | Half Word [V850] Word [78K] | 16-bit unit | | |
| | Word [V850] | 32-bit unit | | |
| Read / Write | | specify the access attribute of the I/O port to be added. on, all the attributes are cleared (i.e., the I/O port can be both read | | |
| | Read Only | Read Only | | |
| | Write Only | Write only | | |
| | Read Protect | Read-protected | | |

(3) Buttons

| <add></add> | Adds an I/O port of the specified address. | |
|-------------------|---|--|
| <change></change> | Changes the setting of the I/O port selected in "I/O Port List:". | |
| <delete></delete> | Deletes the I/O port selected in "I/O Port List:". | |

(4) Function buttons

| ОК | Reflects the results of addition in the IOR/SFR Window and closes this dialog box. | |
|---------|--|--|
| Cancel | Cancels the changing, closes this dialog box. | |
| Restore | Restores the original status. | |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. | |

Timer Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to register and set timer event conditions, and display execution time measurement results. (Refer to "5.12 Event Function" and "5.9 Timer Function".)

The "Execution time display area" can be constantly displayed as the Timer Result Dialog Box by clicking the <View Always> button.

Registration and setting of timer event conditions is done by setting each item (256 items max.) in this dialog box and then clicking the <OK> button. The registered timer event conditions are managed by the Event Manager.

The number of timer event conditions that can be simultaneously used (validated) is limited. (Refer to "5.12.4 Number of enabled events for each event condition".)

The execution time measurement result is displayed when the set timer event condition is selected.

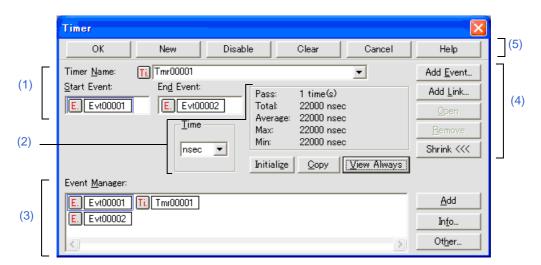


Figure 7-45 Timer Dialog Box

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

Click the **Tim** button, or select [Event] -> [Timer...] on the menu.

Explanation of each area

(1) Timer event condition setting area

| Timer Name: | This area is used to set a timer event name. Directly input an alphanumeric string of up to eight characters as a name. To display the contents of an already created event condition, select from the drop-down list. To display from user program execution until break, specify "Run-Break". (Refer to "5.9.2 Run-Break event".) The mark on the left of this area indicates the utilization status of events. (Refer to "Table 5-17 Event Icon".) The gray mark indicates that an event condition is being edited and has not been registered yet. By clicking the left mark, an event condition can be validated or invalidated. |
|----------------------------|--|
| Start Event: End Event: | This area is used to set an event condition for the timer. The number of event conditions that can be registered in this area is one for each of the start and end conditions. Setting of event conditions is easily done by dragging the icon of the event to be set from the event manager area and dropping it in this area. For details, refer to "5.12.3 Setting event conditions". |

(2) Time display area

| Time | This area is used to displayed. | This area is used to select the unit in which the timer measurement result is to be displayed. | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| | nsec | Nanoseconds (default) | | |
| | usec | Microseconds | | |
| | msec | Milliseconds | | |
| | sec | Seconds | | |
| | min | Minutes | | |
| | clock | Clock rate | | |
| Execution time display area | This area displays the result of measuring the execution time of the program. (Refer to "Table 7-8 Measurable Values".) If measurement was not performed, or the measurement result was cleared, an empty field is displayed. | | | |
| | Pass: | Number of passes | | |
| | Total: | Total execution time in the measurement zone specified by start event and end event conditions | | |
| | Average: | Average execution time | | |
| | Max: | Maximum execution time | | |
| | Min: | Minimum execution time | | |
| Buttons | These buttons are used to perform operations for the execution time display area. | | | |
| | <initialize></initialize> | Clears the measurement results. | | |
| | <copy></copy> | Copies the measurement result to the clipboard in text format. | | |
| | <view always=""></view> | Opens the Timer Result Dialog Box. | | |

Table 7-8 Measurable Values

| Product Name | Measurable Execution Time | Measurable Execution Count |
|--------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| SM+ | 7 minutes 9 seconds max. (Resolution: 0.1 us) | 4,294,967,295 times max. (32bits) |

(3) Event manager area

This area displays the list of registered events.

Each event condition can be set easily just by dragging and dropping the event icon displayed in this area onto the event setting area in each event setting dialog box. (Refer to "5.12.3 Setting event conditions".)

This area is common to all event-related dialog boxes. (Refer to "(2) Event manager area".)

(4) Function buttons (for event condition contents display, etc.)

These buttons are used to display or delete the event conditions displayed in the event condition setting area, and to display or hide the Event manager area. (Refer to "(3) Function buttons (for event condition contents display, etc.)".)

(5) Function buttons (for registering, deleting, validating, and invalidating event conditions)

These buttons are used to register, delete, validate, and invalidate the events.

The event with the specified event condition is registered or set (validated) by clicking the <OK> (or <Set>) button. (Refer to "(4) Function buttons (for registering, deleting, validating, and invalidating event conditions)".)

Timer Result Dialog Box

This dialog box displays the results of measuring the execution time. (Refer to "5.9 Timer Function".)

By clicking the <View Always> button in the Timer Dialog Box, this dialog box is opened corresponding to a timer event condition on a one-to-one basis. Two or more of this dialog box can be simultaneously opened.

Up to 256 + 1 (Run-Break event) Timer Result Dialog Boxes can be opened, the number of events that can be measured at the same time is the number of valid events described in "5.12.4 Number of enabled events for each event condition" + 1 (Run-Break event).

| Figure 7-46 Timer Result Dialog B | ох |
|-----------------------------------|----|
|-----------------------------------|----|

| | Timer – Tmr00001 🛛 🔀 |
|-----|--|
| (1) | Pass: 2 time(s) Total: 4400 nsec Average: 2200 nsec Max: 4400 nsec Min: 0 nsec |
| (2) | Initialize <u>C</u> opy <u>Close</u> <u>H</u> elp |

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

Select a timer event condition in the Timer Dialog Box , click the <View Always> button.

Explanation of each area

(1) Execution time display area

Same area is Timer Dialog Box.

| Pass: | Number of passes | |
|----------|--|--|
| Total: | Total execution time in the measurement zone specified by start event and end event conditions | |
| Average: | Average execution time | |
| Max: | Maximum execution time | |
| Min: | Minimum execution time | |

(2) Function buttons

| Initialize | Clears the measurement results. | |
|------------|--|--|
| Сору | Copies the measurement result to the clipboard in text format. | |
| Close | Closes this dialog box. | |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. | |

Trace View Window

This window used to display the trace results. (Refer to "5.10 Trace Function".)

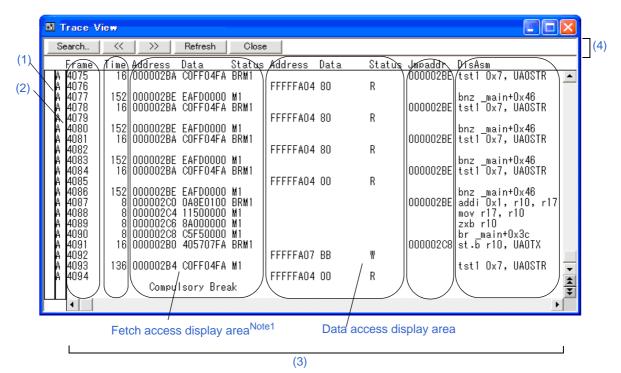
Display updates are performed during breaks or during step execution.

This window has Mixed display mode (Trace View Window).

Also, It has "5.17.3 Trace result with linking window".

Context menu, A number of other operations using , etc., can be performed in this window.

Figure 7-47 Trace View Window



- Opening
- Explanation of each area
- [View] menu (Trace View Window-dedicated items)
- Context menu

Opening

Click the **TrW** button, or select [Browse] -> [Trace] on the menu.

Explanation of each area

(1) Point mark display area

This area displays the Event Setting Status (Event Mark).

If an execution event or access event is set at the corresponding trace address, the mark corresponding to the type of the event is displayed.

The mark displayed is not that during trace but an event mark that is set when the trace result is displayed.

(2) Trace mode display area

This area displays the type of tracer mode.

| А | unconditional traced or section traced frame |
|---|--|
| Q | Qualify traced frame |
| S | Step execute frame |
| Т | Delay trigger frame |

(3) Trace result display area

This area displays the trace results.

In the SM+, a horizontal line (block information) is displayed to indicate the end of program execution.

The cause of stopping tracer is displayed when the tracer is stopped. (Refer to "Table 7-9 Status When Tracer Is

Stopped (Status)".)

Whether each of the following sub-areas is displayed or not can be selected in the Trace Data Select Dialog Box.

| Frame | This area dis | plays the trace flame number. | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Time | execution of current trace between cloo Box. In addit 1M in the Ex | splays how many clocks the target chip has required since the preceding trace contents was started until execution of the contents is started. The display contents can be switched ck count display and time display in the Trace Data Select Dialog ion, the division rate of the number of counts can be selected up to tended Option Dialog Box. The accumulative display can be set. of clocks and time tag value correspond as Table 7-10: [V850] | | |
| Fetch access display area ^{Note1} | The indication | This area displays the result of fetching the program and snapshot contents. The indication in the "Address" and "Data" columns varies depending on the "Status" display. | | |
| Address | | s" type is Program fetch: Displays the fetched address. s" type is Snap (SNAP): Displays the register names and the resses. | | |
| Data | When "Status" type is Program fetch: Displays the fetched data. When "Status" type is Snap (SNAP): Displays the register values and the memory contents. | | | |
| Status | The status h | as two types: Program fetch and Snap. | | |
| | Program fet | Program fetch | | |
| | BRM1 | Fetching of first byte of first instruction after branch If the fetch address is the start of the symbol, the first line is highlighted in blue. | | |
| | M1 | Fetching of first byte of instruction | | |
| | OP | Opecode fetch of 2nd and subsequent bytes [78K] | | |
| | IF | Invalid fetch or status unknown [78K] | | |
| | Blank | 6th byte and 8th byte fetch of the instruction [V850] | | |
| | Snap | | | |
| | SNAP | Snap | | |
| Data access display area | This area dis | plays the result of accessing data. | | |
| Address | Displays acc | ess address | | |
| Data | Displays acc | ess data | | |
| Status | Displays access status | | | |
| | VECT | Vector read [78K] | | |
| | RW | Data read/write [78K] | | |
| | R | Data read | | |
| | W | Data write | | |
| Jmpaddr | | ress of the branch source is displayed. displayed only when "BRM1" is displayed in the "Status" column. | | |
| DisAsm ^{Note2} | M1). To display in executed, or | plays the result of disassembly (only when the "Status" is BRM1 or struction codes when two instructions are simultaneously he instruction is displayed on the first line, and the other instruction on the second line. [V850] | | |

- **Note1:** When a 6-byte or 8-byte instruction code is displayed, the first 4 bytes are displayed in the first frame, and the other bytes are displayed in the second and third frames. If two instructions are executed at the same time, one frame is displayed on two lines. The instruction code at the lower address is displayed on the first line and the instruction code at the higher address is displayed on the second line. **[V850]**
- **Note2:** To display instruction codes when two instructions are simultaneously executed, one instruction is displayed on the first line, and the other instruction is displayed on the second line. **[V850]**

| Cause | Meaning |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Event Break | Break by event |
| Trace Full Break | Break because trace memory is full |
| Non Map Break | A non-mapped break has been accessed. |
| Write Protect | An attempt has been made to write to a write-protected area. |
| SFR Illegal [78K] | SFR was illegally access |
| IOR Illegal [V850] | An illegal access is made to a peripheral I/O register. |
| Step Break | Step execution break |
| Manual Break | Manual break |
| Stack Overflow [78K] | Break by stack overflow |
| Uninitialize Memory read [78K] | Memory not initialized has been read. |
| Trace Stop [78K0] | Trace stop |
| Security Protect | A security protected area is accessed. |

Table 7-9 Status When Tracer Is Stopped (Status)

Table 7-10 Clock Rate and Time Tag Value

| Clock Rate | Time Tag Value | | | |
|------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| CIOCK Rate | Division ratio 1 | Division ratio 2 | Division ratio 4 | Division ratio 8 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 4 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| 5 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| 6 | 6 | 4 | 3 | 2 |
| 7 | 7 | 4 | 3 | 2 |
| 8 | 8 | 5 | 3 | 2 |

| Clock Rate | Time Tag Value | | | |
|------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| CIUCK Rate | Division ratio 1 | Division ratio 2 | Division ratio 4 | Division ratio 8 |
| 9 | 9 | 5 | 3 | 2 |

(4) Function buttons

| Search | Opens the Trace Search Dialog Box and searches or picks up trace results. The searched result will be highlighted in the Trace View Window. This button cannot be selected when a snap frame or BRM1 frame is picked up and displayed. Same function as [View] menu -> [Search]. |
|---------|---|
| << | Searches forward (upward on screen) for a trace result that satisfies the search condition set in the Trace Search Dialog Box. This button cannot be selected during pickup display. |
| >> | Searches backward (downward on screen) for a trace result that satisfies the search condition set in the Trace Search Dialog Box. This button cannot be selected during pickup display. |
| Refresh | Updates the contents of the window with the latest data. |
| Close | Closes this dialog box. |

[View] menu (Trace View Window-dedicated items)

The following items are added in the [View] menu, when the Trace View Window is active.

| Select | Selects the contents to be displayed. Opens Trace Data Select Dialog Box. | |
|--------------------|---|--|
| Pick Up | Sets for pickup display. | |
| Off | Does not pick up and display. (default) | |
| Search | Picks up and displays a frame that satisfies the search condition. | |
| Snap | Picks up and displays a snap frame. | |
| BRM1 | Picks up and displays the first M1 fetch frame after a program branch. | |
| Mix | Specifies whether the source file are displayed in mixed display mode, or not displayed. Checked: Mixed display Cleared: No display (default) | |
| Window Synchronize | Links the Trace View Window with the following windows: (Refer to "5.17.3 Trace result with linking window".) A checked window is linked. | |
| Source Text | Links the Source Window. | |
| Assemble | Links the Assemble Window. | |
| Memory | Links the Memory Window. | |

Context menu

| Move | | Moves the display position. Opens Trace Move Dialog Box. | | |
|-------------|--------------------|---|--|--|
| Trace Clear | | Clears the trace data. | | |
| Select | | Selects the contents to be displayed. Opens Trace Data Select Dialog Box. | | |
| Ρ | ick Up | Sets for pickup display. | | |
| | Off | Does not pick up and display. (default) | | |
| | Search | Picks up and displays a frame that satisfies the search condition. | | |
| | Snap | Picks up and displays a snap frame. | | |
| | BRM1 | Picks up and displays the first M1 fetch frame after a program branch. | | |
| M | lix | Specifies whether the source file are displayed in mixed display mode, or not displayed. Checked: Mixed display Cleared: No display (default) | | |
| W | /indow Synchronize | Links the Trace View Window with the following windows: (Refer to "5.17.3 Trace result with linking window".) | | |
| Source Text | | Links the Source Window. | | |
| | Assemble | Links the Assemble Window. | | |
| | Memory | Links the Memory Window. | | |
| S | ource Text | Displays the corresponding source text and source line, using the data value at the cursor position as the jump destination address. (Refer to "5.17.2 Jump function".) If no line information exists at the jump destination address, however, you cannot jump. Opens the Source Window. If the Source Window in active is open, that window is displayed in the forefront (so that it can be manipulated). | | |
| A | ssemble | Disassembles and displays starting from the jump destination address specified by the data value at the cursor position. (Refer to "5.17.2 Jump function".) Opens the Assemble Window. If the Assemble Window in active is open, that window is displayed in the forefront (so that it can be manipulated). | | |
| Memory | | Displays the memory contents starting from the jump destination address specified by the data value at the cursor position. (Refer to "5.17.2 Jump function".) Opens the Memory Window. If the Memory Window in active is open, that window is displayed in the forefront (so that it can be manipulated). | | |

Trace Search Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to search in the Trace View Window. (Refer to "5.10 Trace Function".)

By setting each item and then clicking the <Find Next> button, searching can be started.

By clicking the <Set Find> button, the direction buttons (<< and >>) in the Trace View Window can be used for the search.

- **Remark:** This dialog box is used to search trace data if it is opened by selecting [View] -> [Pick Up] -> [Off] from the menu bar. It is used to pick up and display trace data if it is opened by selecting [View] -> [Pick Up] -> [Search] from the menu bar.
- **Caution:** This dialog box cannot be called if picking up snap frames and the first M1 fetch frame (BRM1) after program branch is specified using the menu bar or in the Trace Data Select Dialog Box.

| Access Size: Byte | | 10 |
|-------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | Set Find |
| Address: - | Mas <u>k</u> : | C <u>l</u> ose |
| Da <u>t</u> a: | Mask: | Help |

Figure 7-48 Trace Search Dialog Box

- Opening

- Explanation of each area

Opening

When the Trace View Window is the current window, select [View] menu -> [Search...], or click the <Search... > button in the same window.

Explanation of each area

(1) Status condition selection area

| Event Status: | This area is used to select a status condition. If a status condition is omitted, all frames (All status) are searched. | |
|---------------|--|--|
| | All Status | All frames (default) |
| | BRM1 Fetch | First M1 fetch after program branch |
| | M1 Fetch | M1 fetch (including BRM1 Fetch) |
| | Opcode Fetch [78K] | Opecode fetch (including M1 Fetch, BRM1 Fetch) |
| | R/W | Data read/write (including Read, Write) |
| | Read | Data read |
| | Write | Data write |
| | Vector Read [78K] | Vector read by interrupt |

(2) Access size condition setting area

| Access Size: | By specifying an ac | o select an access size condition. ccess size condition, the access width of a data condition to be ess event is determined. |
|--------------|--|--|
| | Byte | Searches for a data condition with 8-bit width (only during 8-bit access). |
| | Half Word [V850] Word [78K] | Searches for a data condition with 16-bit width (only during 16-bit access). |
| | Word [V850] | Searches for a data condition with 32-bit width (only during 32-bit access). |
| | No Condition | Does not search based on access size (nothing can be input to "Data" area). |
| | Bit | Searches for a data condition with 1-bit width (only during 8-bit access) ^{Note1,2} . |

Note1: If an access event is specified as a status condition, the alternative of Bit is not displayed. If Bit or 1 is specified, an error occurs.

Note2: In this case, a search is made for a data condition with 1-bit width. Because of the operation of the simulator, access to a bit is not directly detected; the simulator searches a dummy bit access by internally setting address conditions and data conditions as follows:

| Input example: | | Setting of trace search: |
|-----------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| Address: FE20.1 | \rightarrow | Address: FE20 |
| Data: 1 | | Data: 00000010B |
| | | Mask: 11111101B |

If another bit of the same address is accessed or if all the 8 bits of the same address are accessed, therefore, an event is detected in accordance with the specified status if the address and bit match the specified value of [address.bit].

- **Remark:** If no access size condition is specified, a judgment is automatically made from the address condition and data condition, and the following is set:
 - Bit if the address condition is set in bit units
 - Byte if the data condition is set in 8-bit units
 - Half Word if the data condition is set in 16-bit units [V850]
 - Word if the data condition is set in 16-bit units [78K]
 - Word if the data condition is set in 32-bit units [V850]
 - No Condition if no data condition is specified

(3) Address condition setting area

This area is used to specify an address condition (may be omitted).

The following can be set:

| 製品 | Settable Range | Remark |
|--------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| [V850] | 0 <= address value <= 0xFFFFFFFF | None |
| | 0 <= mask value <= 0xFFFFFFFF | None |
| [78K0] | When banks not used | |
| | 0 <= address value <= 0xFFFF | - |
| 0 <= mask value <= 0xFFFF | | - |
| | When banks used | |
| | 0 <= address value <= (n<<16) 0xFFFF | n = max. value of bank number used |
| | 0 <= mask value <= (n<<16) 0xFFFF | n = max. value of bank number used |
| [78K0S] 0 <= address value <= 0xFFFF | | None |
| | 0 <= mask value <= 0xFFFF | None |

Table 7-11 Settable Range of Address Condition (Trace)

| Address: | Set an address condition (lower address - higher address) (may be omitted). The default radix for inputting a numeric value is hexadecimal. A symbol can be also specified by a symbol or expression. (Refer to "Table 5-5 Specifying Symbols".) The following can be set: | |
|----------|--|---|
| | Setting as a point Setting as a range | Set a value to only the lower address, or set the same value to the lower address and the higher address. |
| | | Set a value to only the lower address, or set the same value to the lower address and the higher address. |
| | Setting as a bit | Set a value to only the lower address, or set the same value to the lower address and the higher address. Specify a value in the form of "address.bit". Mask cannot be set. The value of bit, which indicates the bit position, must be 0 <= bit<= 7. |
| Mask: | Set a mask value for an address value (only when "Setting as a point") (may be omitted). The address value of a bit whose mask value is 1 may be 0 or 1. | |

Example1: Addresses 0x4000 to 0x40FF satisfy the condition.

| Address: | 0x4000 to 0x4000 | |
|----------|------------------|--|
| Mask: | 0xFF | |

Example2: Addresses 0x4000, 0x4001, 0x4100, and 0x4101 satisfy the condition.

| Address: | 0x4000 to 0x4000 | |
|----------|------------------|--|
| Mask: | 0x101 | |

(4) Data condition setting area

This area is used to set data conditions (may be omitted).

The settable range differs as follows depending on the access size condition specified in " Access Size:". (Refer

to "(6) Data condition setting area" in the "Event Dialog Box".)

| Data: | Set a data value as data conditions. The default radix for inputting a numeric value is hexadecimal. A data can be also specified by a symbol. (Refer to "Table 5-5 Specifying Symbols".) |
|-------|---|
| Mask: | Set a mask value for the data value (may be omitted). When a mask is set, the data value for the bit whose mask value is 1 may be 0 or 1. |

Example1: Addresses 0x4000 to 0x40FF satisfy the condition.

| Data | 0x4000 |
|------|--------|
| Mask | 0xFF |

Example2: Addresses 0x4000, 0x4001, 0x4100, and 0x4101 satisfy the condition.

| Data | 0x4000 |
|------|--------|
| Mask | 0x101 |

(5) Search condition setting area

| Scan Whole Region | This should be checked to search the entire specified range. | | |
|-------------------|--|--|--|
| Direction | This area is used to specify the direction of the search. | | |
| | Up | Forward search. Searches data forward (upward on screen) from the current position of the cursor. | |
| | Down | Backward search. Searches data backward (downward on screen) from the current position of the cursor. (default) | |
| Frame: | The default radix fo | This area is used to specify a frame number to be searched. The default radix for inputting a numeric value is decimal. A symbol can be also specified by Frame Number Specification Format. | |

(6) Function buttons

| Find Next | Searches the specified data in accordance with a given condition. If the specified frame is found as a result of a search, it is highlighted. To continue searching, click this button again. |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Set Find | Sets the specified condition as the search condition and closes this dialog box. |
| Pick Up (Stop (during search)) | Picks up according to the specified condition of data search. If a frame that satisfies the condition is found as a result of a search, it is picked up. To pick up a frame that satisfies a different condition, click this button again. |
| Close | Closes this dialog box. |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. |

Trace Data Select Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to select items to be displayed in the Trace View Window. (Refer to "5.10 Trace Function".)

| | Trace Data Select | | |
|-----|--|--|-----|
| (1) | Item ✓ Frame ✓ Timetag 		 Clock 		 Time ✓ Instruction Fetch <u>A</u> ddress ✓ Instruction Fetch <u>D</u> ata | Radix Instruction Fetch Data: Memory Access Data: | (2 |
| (1) | ✓ Instruction Fetch Status ✓ Memory Access Address ✓ Memory Access Data ✓ Memory Access Status ✓ Jump Address ✓ DisAssemble | Pick Up Pick Up Off Pick Up Search Frame Pick Up Snap Frame Pick Up BRM1 Frame OK Cancel Restore Help | (3) |

Figure 7-49 Trace Data Select Dialog Box

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

When the Trace View Window is the current window, select [View] -> [Select...] menu.

Explanation of each area

(1) Trace display item selection area

| Item | This area is used to select items to be displayed in the Trace View Window. Displaying the following fields may or may not be selected. The field checked is displayed. (Refer to "(3) Trace result display area".) | | | |
|------|---|---|--|--|
| | Frame | Frame Field | | |
| | Timetag | Time Field Whether the "Clock" or "Time" is displayed can be selected. | | |
| | Instruction Fetch Address | Address (Fetch access display area ^{Note1}) Field | | |
| | Instruction Fetch Data | Data (Fetch access display area ^{Note1}) Field | | |
| | Instruction Fetch Status | Status (Fetch access display area ^{Note1}) Field | | |
| | Memory Access Address | Address (Data access display area) Field | | |
| | Memory Access Data | Data (Data access display area) Field | | |
| | Memory Access Status | Status (Data access display area) Field | | |
| | Jump Address | Jumpaddr Field | | |
| | DisAssemble | DisAsm Field | | |

(2) Trace display radix selection area

| Radix | This area is used to select the radix in which data is to be displayed. Displaying the following items may or may not be selected. | | |
|-------|--|--|--|
| | Instruction Fetch Data: | Data (Fetch access display area ^{Note1}) Field | |
| | Memory Access Data: | Data (Data access display area) Field | |

| HEX | Displays hexadecimal numbers. (default) |
|-----|---|
| DEC | Displays decimal numbers. |
| ОСТ | Displays octal numbers. |
| Bin | Displays binary numbers. |

(3) Pick up item selection area

| Pick Up | This area is used to select a pick up condition. | | |
|---------|--|--|--|
| | Pick Up Off | No pick up display (default) | |
| | Pick Up Search Frame | Picks up and displays a frame that satisfies the search condition. | |
| | Pick Up Snap Frame | Picks up and displays a snap frame. | |
| | Pick Up BRM1 Frame | Picks up and displays the first M1 fetch frame after a program branch. | |

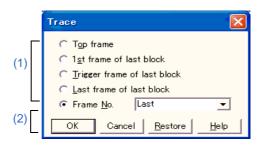
(4) Function buttons

| ОК | Reflects the results of selection in this dialog box in the Trace View Window. |
|---------|--|
| Cancel | Closes this dialog box. |
| Restore | Restores the original status. |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. |

Trace Move Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to specify the position from which displaying the Trace View Window is started. (Refer to "5.10 Trace Function".)

Figure 7-50 Trace Move Dialog Box



- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

When the Trace View Window is the current window, select [View] menu -> [Move...].

Explanation of each area

(1) Frame selection area

This area is used to specify the frame at the destination.

| Top frame | Moves the display start position to a first frame of trace data. |
|-----------------------------|--|
| 1st frame of last block | Moves the display start position to a first frame in the newest block frame of trace data. |
| Trigger frame of last block | Moves the display start position to the trigger frame in the newest block frame of trace data. |
| Last frame of last block | Moves the display start position to the last frame of trace data. |
| Frame No. | Moves the display start position to the specified frame number. (Refer to "Table 7-12 Frame Number Specification Format".) In the default condition, the character string selected in the window that called this dialog box or "Last" is selected. The default radix for inputting a numeric value is decimal. If 0 is specified, the display start position is moved to the first frame of trace data. Up to 16 input histories can be recorded. |

Remark: The "block frame" is a unit of a frame that is traced from start to end of the tracer operation. An area divided by a horizontal line (block information) in the Trace View Window is one block frame.

Table 7-12 Frame Number Specification Format

| Specification | Abbreviation | Contents |
|----------------|--------------|--|
| +numeric value | None | Moves backward (downward on screen) the display start position from the frame at the cursor by the specified number of frames (numeric value). |
| -numeric value | None | Moves forward (upward on screen) the display start position from the frame at the cursor by the specified number of frames (numeric value). |
| Тор | 0 | Moves the display start position to the first frame |
| First | S | Same as "1st frame of last block" |
| Trigger | Т | Same as "Trigger frame of last block" |
| Last | L | Same as "Last frame of last block" |
| Bottom | В | Moves the display start position to the last frame |

(2) Function buttons

| ОК | Starts trace display from the specified position. | |
|---------|---|--|
| Cancel | Closes this dialog box. | |
| Restore | Restores the input data to the original status. | |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. | |

Trace Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to register, set, and display trace event conditions. (Refer to "5.12 Event Function", "5.10 Trace Function".)

The trace event conditions for when performing conditional trace are specified in this dialog box. (Refer to "Table 5-12 Types of Conditional Trace".)

Registration and setting of trace event conditions is done by setting each item (256 items max.) in this dialog box and then clicking the <OK> button. The registered trace event conditions are managed by the Event Manager.

The number of trace event conditions that can be simultaneously used (validated) is limited. (Refer to "5.12.4 Number of enabled events for each event condition".)

| | Trace | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|------------|--------------------------|--------------|---------|---------------|
| | ОК | New | Set | Restore | Cancel | Help |
| Γ | Trace <u>N</u> ame: (| T. Trc0000 | 1 | | • | Add Event |
| | | | | | | Add Link |
| | | | | | | Open |
| | | | | | | Remove |
| | | | | | | Shrink <<< |
| | Delay <u>T</u> rigger: | | n <u>S</u> tart: | Section End: | Qualify | /: |
| | | E. | Evt00001 | E. Evt00002 | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | Event <u>M</u> anager: | | | | | |
| | E. Evt00001 | E. Evt0000 | 12 E. Evt00 | 003 | | Add |
| | Brk00001 | B. Brk0000 | 12 <mark>B.</mark> Brk00 | 003 | | In <u>f</u> o |
| | 2 | | | | 5 | Other |

Figure 7-51 Trace Dialog Box

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

Click the Trc button, or select [Event] menu -> [Trace...].

Explanation of each area

(1) Trace event condition setting area

| Trace Name: | This area is used to set a trace event name. Directly input an alphanumeric string of up to eight characters as a name. To display the contents of an already created event condition, select from the drop-down list. The mark on the left of this area indicates the utilization status of events. (Refer to "Table 5-17 Event Icon".) The gray mark indicates that an event condition is being edited and has not been registered yet. By clicking the left mark, an event condition can be validated or invalidated. |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Delay Trigger: | This area is used to set an event condition for a delay trigger. (Refer to "5.10.5 Setting conditional trace".) The number of event conditions that can be set in this area is refer to "Table 7-13 Number of Events Settable". Event conditions are easily set by dragging the icon of the event to be set from the event manager area and dropping it in this area. For details, refer to "5.12.3 Setting event conditions". |
| Section Start: Section End: | This area is used to set event conditions for starting and stopping a section trace. (Refer to "5.10.5 Setting conditional trace".) Refer to "Table 7-13 Number of Events Settable" for the number of event conditions that can be set in this area. Event conditions are easily set by dragging the icon of the event to be set from the event manager area and dropping it in this area. For details, refer to "5.12.3 Setting event conditions". |
| Qualify: | This area is used to set an event condition for a qualify trace. (Refer to "5.10.5 Setting conditional trace".) If two or more events are set, trace is performed when each event occurs. The number of event conditions that can be set in this area is refer to "Table 7-13 Number of Events Settable". Event conditions are easily set by dragging the icon of the event to be set from the event manager area and dropping it in this area. For details, refer to "5.12.3 Setting event conditions". |

Table 7-13 Number of Events Settable

| Product Name | Event Conditions Total (execution/access) | Event Link Conditions |
|--------------|---|-----------------------|
| SM+ | 64 | 16 |

(2) Event manager area

This area displays the list of registered events.

Each event condition can be set easily just by dragging and dropping the event icon displayed in this area onto the event setting area in each event setting dialog box. (Refer to "5.12.3 Setting event conditions".)

This area is common to all event-related dialog boxes. (Refer to "(2) Event manager area".)

(3) Function buttons (for event condition contents display, etc.)

These buttons are used to display or delete the event conditions displayed in the event condition setting area, and to display or hide the Event manager area. (Refer to "(3) Function buttons (for event condition contents display, etc.)".)

(4) Function buttons (for registering, deleting, validating, and invalidating event conditions)

These buttons are used to register, delete, validate, and invalidate the events.

The event with the specified event condition is registered or set (validated) by clicking the <OK> (or <Set>) button. (Refer to "(4) Function buttons (for registering, deleting, validating, and invalidating event conditions)".)

Delay Count Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to set or display delay count values. (Refer to "5.10 Trace Function".)

By setting a delay count value, a trace can be executed the number of times specified by the delay count value after the delay trigger event condition set in the Trace Dialog Box has been satisfied. (Refer to "5.10.5 Setting conditional trace".)

Figure 7-52 Delay Count Dialog Box



- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

Select [Event] menu -> [Delay Count...].

Explanation of each area

(1)Delay count setting area

| Delay Count | This area is used to set or display a delay count value (unit: frames). The settable range is 0 (default) to 32767. |
|-------------|--|
|-------------|--|

| ОК | Validates the settings and closes this dialog box. | |
|---------|--|--|
| Restore | Restores the previous settings. | |
| Cancel | Closes this dialog box. | |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. | |

Code Coverage Window

This dialog box displays the code coverage measurement result (C0 coverage). (Refer to "5.11 Coverage Measurement Function".)

The lines where the user program has been executed or not yet executed can be checked in the Source Window or Assemble Window.

Other operations using Context menu, Function buttons, etc., can be performed in this window.

Caution: The coverage measurement result is inaccurate if the on-chip flash memory data is replaced via emulation of flash self programming.

| oad Module: ro | mp.out | ▼ T | otal Coverage | e(%): 92.3 | | Refresh CI | ose |
|--------------------|--------------|--------|---------------|------------|-------|-------------|-----|
| Function Section | on Interrupt | | | | L | _ | |
| Name | Туре | Status | Address | Size | Fetch | Coverage(%) | ^ |
| RESET | nonmaskable | use | 0 | 4 | 4 | 100.0 | |
| INTTPOCCO | maskable | use | 0x170 | 4 | 4 | 100.0 | |
| NMI | nonmaskable | use | 0x10 | 4 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| INTWDT2 | nonmaskable | use | 0x20 | 4 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| TRAP00 | software | use | 0x40 | 4 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| TRAP01 | software | nonuse | 0x40 | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| TRAP02 | software | nonuse | 0x40 | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| TRAP03 | software | nonuse | 0x40 | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| TRAP04 | software | nonuse | 0x40 | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| TRAP05 | software | nonuse | 0x40 | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| TRAP06 | software | nonuse | 0x40 | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| TRAP07 | software | nonuse | 0x40 | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| TRAP08 | software | nonuse | 0x40 | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| TRAP09 | software | nonuse | 0x40 | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| TRAPOA | software | nonuse | 0x40 | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| TRAPOB | software | nonuse | 0x40 | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| TRAPOC | software | nonuse | 0x40 | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| TRAPOD | software | nonuse | 0x40 | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| TRAPOE | software | nonuse | 0x40 | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| TRAPOF | software | nonuse | 0x40 | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| TRAP10 | software | use | 0x50 | 4 | 0 | 0.0 | ~ |

Figure 7-53 Code Coverage Window

- Opening
- Explanation of each area
- Context menu

Opening

Click the Cov button, or select [Browse] menu -> [Code Coverage].

Explanation of each area

(1) Coverage information display area

| Load Module: | This area is used to select the load module file that has been downloaded. | |
|---------------------|--|--|
| Total Coverage (%): | This area is blank when no load module file has been downloaded. This area displays the coverage for the area for which code coverage has been measured. Total coverage = Total executed (fetched) function size/total function size (excluding sections outside the coverage measurement range) This area is blank when no load module file has been downloaded. | |

(2) Measurement result display area

This area displays the measurement result per tab (function, section, interrupt handler).

The coverage measurement result is updated automatically at a break (it is not updated during user program execution).

This area is blank when no load module file has been downloaded.

The display jumps from this tab to the Source Window or Assemble Window using the start address value of the selected line as a jump pointer. The jump destination window will be displayed from the jump pointer.

The jump function is executed by selecting a jump source line then selecting [Source Text/Assemble] in the [Jump] menu. Jump can also be performed by double-clicking the jump source line.

Remark: The displayed items are sorted by clicking the title (on the label) in each column (ascending/ descending order is switched each time the title is clicked).

| [Function] tab | Measurement re | Measurement results for each function are displayed on this tab. | | | |
|----------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Name | Function name (displayed as function in file units in case of assembler source file) [V850] (displayed as function in segment units in case of assembler source file) [78K0] | | | |
| | File | Name of file in which the function is defined | | | |
| | Address | Function start address | | | |
| | Size | Function size (unit: bytes) | | | |
| | Fetch | Number of bytes executed (fetched) | | | |
| | Coverage [%] | Coverage of the function (0 - 100%) : When the function is outside the coverage measurement range | | | |

| [Section] tab | Measurement re | Measurement results for each section are displayed on this tab. | | | |
|-----------------|----------------|---|--|--|--|
| | Name | Section name | | | |
| | Туре | Section type (code, data) | | | |
| | Address | Section start address | | | |
| | Size | Section size (unit: bytes) | | | |
| | Fetch | Number of bytes executed (fetched) | | | |
| | Coverage [%] | Coverage of the section (0 - 100%) : When the section is outside the coverage measurement range | | | |
| [Interrupt] tab | Measurement re | Measurement results for each interrupt handler are displayed on this tab. | | | |
| | Name | Interrupt request name | | | |
| | Туре | Interrupt type (nonmaskable, maskable, software, security id, flash mask option) | | | |
| | Status | Utilization status in the program : Unknown | | | |
| | Address | Starting address of the interrupt handler | | | |
| | Size | Size of the interrupt handler (unit: bytes) Maximum size for statuses other than "use" | | | |
| | Fetch | Number of bytes executed (fetched) | | | |
| | Coverage [%] | Coverage of the interrupt handler (0 - 100%) : When the interrupt handler is outside the coverage measurement range | | | |

(3) Function buttons

| Refresh | Updates the contents of this window with the latest watch data. | |
|---------|---|--|
| Close | Closes this window. | |

Context menu

| Source Text | Displays the corresponding source text and source line, using the data value at the cursor position as the jump destination address. (Refer to "5.17.2 Jump function".) If no line information exists at the jump destination address, however, you cannot jump. Opens the Source Window. If an active Source Window is open, that window is displayed in the forefront (so that it can be manipulated). | |
|---------------|--|--|
| Assemble | Disassembles and displays starting from the jump destination address specified by th data value at the cursor position. (Refer to "5.17.2 Jump function".) Opens the Assemble Window. If an active Assemble Window is open, that window is displayed in the forefront (so that it can be manipulated). | |
| Clear | Clears the coverage measurement results. | |
| Select [V850] | Selects the coverage measurement range as a space of 1 MB or more. Opens the Coverage-Address Dialog Box. | |

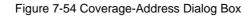
Coverage-Address Dialog Box

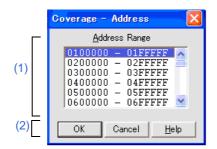
This dialog box is used to select the coverage measurement range to be displayed in the Code Coverage Window. (Refer to "5.11 Coverage Measurement Function".)

The measurable ranges are given below. In this dialog box, any 1 MB range can be selected.

Table 7-14 Coverage Measurement Range (Detail)

| Device | Code Coverage Measurement Range |
|--------|--|
| [V850] | - 1 MB space of addresses 0x000000 to 0x0FFFF(fixed measurement areas) - Any 1 MB space of addresses 0x100000 to 0x3FFFFFF (selectable by this daialog) (default: 0x3F00000 to 0x3FFFFFF) |





- Opening

- Explanation of each area

Opening

Select [Option] menu -> [Coverage] -> [Select...]

Explanation of each area

(1) Address selection area

| Changing the measurement ran the previously selected range, b | 1 MB space that performs coverage measurement. in ge clears the measurement result (coverage data) in out does not clear the coverage data in the fixed FFF. To determine the coverage measurement range, DK> button. |
|--|--|
|--|--|

(2) Function buttons

| ОК | Validates the coverage measurement range selected. | |
|--------|--|--|
| Cancel | Closes this dialog box. | |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. | |

[V850]

Event Manager

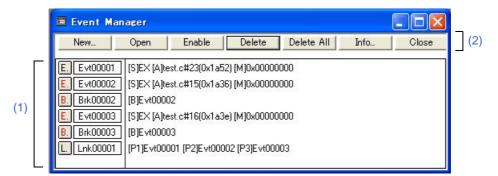
This window is used to manage event conditions. This window allows display, enabling/disabling, and deletion of the Various Event Conditions. (Refer to "5.12 Event Function".)

Other operations using Context menu, Function button, etc., can be performed in this window.

The event icon is the jump pointer of the Jump function.

Remark: Cannot be displayed the Run-Break event in the Event Manager.

Figure 7-55 Event Manager (In Detailed Display Mode)



- Opening
- Explanation of each area
- [View] menu (Event manager-dedicated items)
- Context menu

Opening

Click the Mgr button, or select [Event] -> [Event Manager] on the menu.

Explanation of each area

(1) Event display area

| Event display area | | ys the icons (event icons) of the registered Various Event Conditions. context menu -> [Detail], the details can be displayed. |
|--------------------|--------------------------|--|
| | [In detailed display] | Details of event contents are displayed by using the following key information as a separator. (Refer to "Table 7-15 Separator for Displaying Event Details".) |

Table 7-15 Separator for Displaying Event Details

| Key Information | Contents | | | |
|---------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Event condition | | | | |
| [S] | Status condition | | | |
| [Z] | Access size condition | | | |
| [A] | Address condition Symbol or expression: (actual address) | | | |
| [R] | Register condition | | | |
| [B] [78K0] [78K0R] | Register bank condition | | | |
| [D] | Data condition Symbol or expression: (actual address) | | | |
| [P] | Pass count condition | | | |
| [M] | Mask condition | | | |
| Event link condition | | | | |
| [P1] - [P4] | Event link condition on "n" th line | | | |
| [D] | Disable condition | | | |
| [P] | Pass count condition | | | |
| Break condition | | | | |
| [B] | Break condition | | | |
| Trace condition | | | | |
| [M] | Tracer control mode | | | |
| [T] | Delay trigger condition | | | |
| [D] | Delay Count | | | |

| Key Information | Contents |
|--------------------|--|
| [S] | Trace start condition |
| [E] | Trace end condition |
| [Q] | Qualify trace condition |
| Trace condition | |
| [S] | Timer measurement start condition |
| [E] | Timer measurement end condition |
| [U] | Timer measurement unit |
| Snapshot condition | |
| [SN] | Snapshot condition |
| [R] | Register condition |
| [B] [78K0] | Register bank condition |
| [M] | Memory condition Symbol or expression: (actual address) |
| [Z] | Access size condition |
| [G] [V850] | IOR condition |
| [F] [78K] | SFR condition |
| Stub condition | |
| [SU] | Stub condition |
| [A] | Jump address Symbol or expression: (actual address) |

| ОК | Automatically registers the event condition being edited, if any, and closes this dialog box. Each event condition becomes valid as soon as it has been registered. | | |
|-------------------|---|--|--|
| New | Opens the [New Event] Dialog Box. | | |
| | New Event Opens the dialog box to create new event condition. By clicking each button, the corresponding event setting dialog box can be opened with the new event name set. After the event setting dialog box has been opened, this dialog box is closed. Break Trace Snap Shot Stub Timer Cancel | | |
| Set | Registers the various event conditions. Because the dialog box is not closed even after an event has been registered, new event conditions can be registered. Each event condition becomes valid as soon as it has been registered. | | |
| Open | Opens the various event setting dialog box corresponding to the selected event condition (one). Each setting dialog box displays the contents of the selected event condition. Same operation as double-clicking the event icon or pressing the Enter key. | | |
| Enable Disable | Validates (enables) or invalidates (disables) the selected event condition. However, event conditions and event link conditions cannot be enabled or disabled. Same operation as the clicking the mark of event icon. | | |
| Remove | Deletes the selected event. When an event condition or an event link condition is to be deleted, an error occurs and the event condition or event link condition cannot be deleted if the event is used as a various event condition. | | |
| Delete All | Deletes all event conditions. | | |
| Info | Opens the [Event Info] Dialog Box. This dialog box is used to change the display mode and rearrange event names. | | |
| | Event InX <sort by="" name=""> Sorts events into name order. Sort by Name Sort by Kind> Sorts events into type order. Sort by Kind Displays events in the order in which they have been registered without sorting the events. Optimizer Overview> Overview Sets the list display mode. Cancel Closes this dialog box (same as ESC key).</sort> | | |
| Close | Closes this dialog box. | | |

[View] menu (Event manager-dedicated items)

The following items are added in the [View] menu , when the Event Manager is active.

| Select All Event | Selects all the registered events. |
|------------------|---|
| Delete Event | Deletes a selected event. |
| Sort By Name | Displays icons in the order of event names. |
| Sort By Kind | Displays icons in the order of event types. |
| Unsort | Does not sort icons. (default) |
| Detail | Displays the details. |
| Overview | List display (default) |

Context menu

| Sort By Name | Displays icons in the order of event names. | |
|--------------|---|--|
| Sort By Kind | Displays icons in the order of event types. | |
| Unsort | Does not sort icons. (default) | |
| Detail | Displays the details. | |
| Overview | List display (default) | |
| Source Text | Displays the corresponding source text and source line, using the position of the selected event as the jump destination address. (Refer to "5.17.2 Jump function".) If no line information exists at the jump destination address, however, you cannot jump. Opens the Source Window. If an active Source Window is open, that window is displayed in the forefront (so that it can be manipulated). | |
| Assemble | Displays the Assemble window from the position of the selected event, which is used as the jump destination address. (Refer to "5.17.2 Jump function".) Opens the Assemble Window. If an active Assemble Window is open, that window is displayed in the forefront (so that it can be manipulated). | |
| Memory | Displays the memory contents from the position of the selected event, which is used as the jump destination address. (Refer to "5.17.2 Jump function".) Opens the Memory Window. If an active Memory Window is open, that window is displayed in the forefront (so that it can be manipulated). | |

Event Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to register and display event conditions. (Refer to "5.12 Event Function".)

Setting of event conditions is done by setting each item in this dialog box and then clicking the <OK> button. The registered event conditions are managed by the Event Manager.

One event condition can be set for multiple Various Event Conditions. However, the number of event conditions that can be simultaneously used is limited. (Refer to "5.12.4 Number of enabled events for each event condition".)

| Event | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|--------|--------------------|
| ОК | New Set | Clear | Cancel | Help |
| Event <u>N</u> ame: | E. Evt00002 | | - | Event <u>L</u> ink |
| ∖ <u>E</u> vent Status: | Execution | • | | <u>B</u> reak |
| Access Size: | No Condition | Ψ. | | <u>T</u> race |
| <u>A</u> ddress: | panel.c#_main+0x0 | Mas <u>k</u> : | | <u>S</u> nap Shot |
| | - [| | | St <u>u</u> b |
| Data | | Mas <u>k</u> | | Timer |
| ∽Pass <u>C</u> ount: | ÷ | | | Manager |
| | | | | Shrink <<< |
| Event <u>M</u> anager | : | | | |
| E. Evt00001 | E. Evt00002 E. Evt000 | 03 | | Open |
| B. Brk00001 | Brk00002 B. Brk000 | 003 | | Remove |
| 21 | | | 1 | In <u>f</u> o |

Figure 7-56 Event Dialog Box

| | Event | | X |
|-------|------------------------|-------|--------------------|
| | OK New Set Restore C | ancel | Help |
| | Event Name: E Evt00001 | • E | ivent <u>L</u> ink |
| (5) | Event Status: Register | | <u>B</u> reak |
| , | Access Size: | | <u>T</u> race |
| | Register Name: | 5 | ànap Shot |
| | | | St <u>u</u> b |
| | Data: Masky | | T <u>i</u> mer |
| | Pass <u>C</u> ount: | | Mana <u>s</u> er |
| | | | Shrink <<< |
| | Event <u>M</u> anager: | | |
| | E. Evt00001 | _ | <u>O</u> pen |
| | B. Brk00001 | | Remove |
| | | 2 | In <u>f</u> o |

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

In normal mode

If the Event Dialog Box is opened as follows, an event condition can be registered without its purpose being specified.

Click the **Evn** button, or select [Event] -> [Event...] on the menu.

In select mode

If the <OK> button is clicked when the Event Dialog Box has been opened as follows, an event condition can be registered in the setting dialog box from which this dialog box was opened (the setting dialog box from which the this box was opened is displayed on the title bar.).

In each various event setting dialog box, click the <Add Event... > button.

Explanation of each area

(1) Event name setting area

| Event Name: | This area is used to set an event name. Directly input an alphanumeric string of up to eight characters as a name. To display the contents of an already created event condition, select from the drop-down list. In the select mode, the selected event condition can be set in the event condition setting area of the setting dialog box that called the Event Dialog Box. The mark on the left of this area indicates the utilization status of events. (Refer to "Table 5-17 Event Icon".) The gray E. mark indicates that the event condition is being edited and has not been registered yet. |
|-------------|--|
|-------------|--|

(2) Status condition setting area

| Event Status: | The status conditions that can be specified are listed below. This area is used to select a status condition. By specifying a status condition, the type of the execution event and an access event is determined (if an execution event is specified, nothing can be input to the "Access Size:" and "Data:, Mask:"). | | | | |
|---------------|--|------|--|--|--|
| | Execution event | | | | |
| | Execution | EX | Program execution | | |
| | Access event | | | | |
| | OPcode Fetch [78K] | OP | Opecode fetch (including pre-fetch) | | |
| | Vector Read [78K] | VECT | Vector read by interrupt | | |
| | R/W | RW | Data read/write | | |
| | Read | R | Data read | | |
| | Write | W | Data write | | |
| | Access | AC | All access statuses | | |
| | Register Write | REGW | Register write | | |
| | Register | REG | Register | | |
| | Memory | MEM | Memory | | |
| | R/W(Data not Equal) [V850] | RWND | Data read/write (An event occurs only if a data condition is not satisfied.) | | |
| | Read(Data not Equal) [V850] | RND | Data read (An event occurs only if a data condition is not satisfied.) | | |
| | Write(Data not Equal) [V850] | WND | Data write (An event occurs only if a data condition is not satisfied.) | | |

Caution: The event condition of Register or Memory status can be used for Phase1 of the event link. It cannot be used except for Phase1 of break, trace, snapshot, stub, timer, or event link. These statuses can be used as events of AND condition by being set to Phase1 of event link. Events of AND condition are functions generate events when event conditions set to Phase1 of event link are activated simultaneously. Then event conditions of Execute status can be combined. In case just an event condition of Register or Memory status is set to Phase1 of event link, event conditions of Register status are the same operation as Register Write and those of Memory status are the same operation as Write.

(3) Access size condition setting area

| Access Size: | This area is used to select an access size condition. By selecting an access size condition from the drop-down list, the access width of a d condition to be detected by an access event is determined. | | |
|--------------|---|---|--|
| | Byte Detects data condition with 8-bit width (only during 8-bit access). | | |
| | Half Word [V850]Detects data condition with 16-bit width (only during 16-bitWord [78K] | | |
| | Word [V850] Detects data condition with 32-bit width (only during 32-bit access) | | |
| | No Condition | Does not detect access size (nothing can be input to the Data area). | |
| | Bit | Detects data condition with 1-bit width (only during 8-bit access) ^{Note1,2} . | |

- Remark1: If the "OPcode Fetch" or "Vector Read" is specified in "Event Status", the alternative of Bit is not displayed. If "Bit" or "1" is specified directly, an error occurs. [78K]
- **Remark2:** In this case, a data condition is detected with 1-bit width. Because of the operation of the simulator, access to a bit is not directly detected; the SM+ detects a dummy bit access by internally setting address conditions and data conditions as follows:

| Input example: | | Setting of trace search: |
|-----------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| Address: FE20.1 | \rightarrow | Address: FE20 |
| Data: 1 | | Data: 00000010B |
| | | Mask: 1111101B |

If another bit of the same address is accessed or if all the 8 bits of the same address are accessed, therefore, an event is detected in accordance with the specified status if the address and bit match the specified value of [address.bit].

When data is written to a bit, all the 8 bits are read/written. If read or read/write is specified as the status, an event occurs if a read operation is performed at this time if the value of the specified [Address.bit] matches.

- **Remark3:** If no access size condition is specified, a judgment is automatically made from the address condition and data condition, and the following is set:
 - Bit if the address condition is set in bit units
 - Byte if the data condition is set in 8-bit units
 - Half Word if the data condition is set in 16-bit units [V850]
 - Word if the data condition is set in 16-bit units [78K]
 - Word if the data condition is set in 32-bit units [V850]
 - No Condition if no data condition is specified

(4) Address condition setting area

This area is used to specify an address condition (may be omitted). If "Register Write (REGW)" or "Register (REG)" is selected in "Event Status", changes to "Register" area. (Refer to "(5) Register condition setting area".)

The following can be set:

| Product | Settable Range | Remark | |
|---------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| [V850] | 0 <= address value <= 0xFFFFFFFF | None | |
| | 0 <= mask value <= 0xFFFFFFFF | None | |
| [78K0] | When banks not used | | |
| | 0 <= address value <= 0xFFFF | - | |
| | 0 <= mask value <= 0xFFFF | <= mask value <= 0xFFFF - | |
| | When banks used | | |
| | 0 <= address value <= (n<<16) 0xFFFF | n = max. value of bank number used | |
| | 0 <= mask value <= (n<<16) 0xFFFF | n = max. value of bank number used | |
| [78K0S] | 0 <= address value <= 0xFFFF | None | |
| | 0 <= mask value <= 0xFFFF | None | |

Table 7-16 Settable Range of Address Condition (Event)

Caution: When a memory bank is used, the specification of addresses for the address space of 0x10000 or higher cannot be made for other than bank areas. (Refer to "Figure 7-7 Diagram of Address Space When Internal ROM Bank Is Used (With Bank ROM Size of 40 KB)".) [78K0]

| Address: | radix for inputting a r symbol or expressior | Set an address condition (lower address - higher address) (may be omitted). The default radix for inputting a numeric value is hexadecimal. A symbol can be also specified by a symbol or expression. (Refer to "Table 5-5 Specifying Symbols".) The following can be set: | |
|----------|---|--|--|
| | Setting as a point | Set a value to only the lower address, or set the same value to the lower address and the higher address. | |
| | Setting as a range | Set a value to only the lower address, or set the same value to the lower address and the higher address. | |
| | Setting as a bit | Set a value to only the lower address, or set the same value to the lower address and the higher address. Specify a value in the form of "address.bit". Mask cannot be set. The value of bit, which indicates the bit position, must be 0 <= bit<= 7. | |
| Mask: | | an address value (only when "Setting as a point") (may be omitted). f a bit whose mask value is 1 may be 0 or 1. | |

Example1: Addresses 0x4000 to 0x40FF satisfy the condition.

| Address: | 0x4000 to 0x4000 |
|----------|------------------|
| Mask: | 0xFF |

Example2: Addresses 0x4000, 0x4001, 0x4100, and 0x4101 satisfy the condition.

| Address: | 0x4000 to 0x4000 |
|----------|------------------|
| Mask: | 0x101 |

(5) Register condition setting area

| Resister Name: | If "Register Write" or "Register" is selected iin "Event Status", "Address:, Mask" changes to this area. | |
|----------------|--|--|
| | Register: | Specifies a register name. Select it from the drop-down list, or input a name from the keyboard. Uppercase and lowercase characters are not distinguished. |
| | Bank: [78K0] [78K0R] | Specifies a register bank (0 - 3). Select it from the drop- down list, or input a name from the keyboard. Omit the specification or select "Current" to specify the current bank. |

Remark: Function names and absolute names can be specified for all general-purpose registers. [V850]

Function names and absolute names can be specified for single or paired general-purpose registers. [78K]

Select "All" or input the register names directly to specify all registers.

(6) Data condition setting area

| Data: | This area is used to specify an data condition (data value, mask value). The default radix for inputting a numeric value is hexadecimal. The settable range differs as follows depending on the access size condition specified in "Access Size:". | |
|-------|---|--|
| | Byte | 0 <= data value <= 0xFF 0 <= mask value <= 0xFF |
| | Half Word [V850] Word [78K] | 0 <= data value <= 0xFFFF 0 <= mask value <= 0xFFFF |
| | Word [V850] | 0 <= data value <= 0xFFFFFFF 0 <= mask value <= 0xFFFFFFF |
| | Bit | Data value = 0 or 1 Mask value = Cannot be specified. |
| Mask: | Set a mask value for the data value (may be omitted). When a mask is set, the data value for the bit whose mask value is 1 may be 0 or 1. | |

(7) Pass count condition setting area

| Pass Count: | A pass count specifies how many times an event condition must be satisfied during user program execution before a given condition is satisfied (When IECUBE is connected). If no pass count is specified, 1 is assumed (the condition is satisfied as soon as the event condition is satisfied). |
|-------------|--|
| | |

(8) Event manager area

| Event manager: | This area is used to display the list of the events registered. (Refer to "Table 5-17 Event Icon", "(4) Manipulation in event manager area".) | | |
|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| <open> button</open> | Opens the various event setting dialog box corresponding to the selected event condition (one). Each setting dialog box displays the contents of the selected event condition. Same operation as double-clicking the event icon or pressing the Enter key. | | |
| <remove> button</remove> | Deletes the selected event. When an event condition or an event link condition is to be deleted, an error occurs and the event condition or event link condition cannot be deleted if the event is used as a various event condition. | | |
| <info> button</info> | Event In X Sort by Name Sort by Kind Unsort Detail Overview | ifo] Dialog Box. sed to change the display mode and rearrange event names. <sort by="" name=""> Sorts events into name order. <sort by="" kind=""> Sorts events into type order. <unsort> Displays events in the order in which they have been registered without sorting the events. <detail> Sets the detailed display mode. <overview> Sets the list display mode. <cancel></cancel></overview></detail></unsort></sort></sort> | |
| | Cancel | | |

(9) Function buttons

| <event link=""> <break> <trace> <snap shot=""> <stub> <timer></timer></stub></snap></trace></break></event> | By clicking each button, the corresponding event setting dialog box can be opened with the new event name set. |
|---|--|
| <manager></manager> | Opens the Event Manager. |
| <expand>>> > <shrink <<<=""></shrink></expand> | Turns on or off display of the event manager area. The size of the dialog box is expanded or reduced. |

(10) Function buttons (for registering, deleting, validating, and invalidating event conditions)

These buttons are used to register, delete, validate, and invalidate the events.

The event with the specified event condition is registered by clicking the <OK> (or <Set>) button.

These buttons are common to all event-related dialog boxes. (Refer to "(4) Function buttons (for registering,

deleting, validating, and invalidating event conditions)".)

Event Link Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to register and display event link conditions. (Refer to "5.12 Event Function".)

Registration of event link conditions is done by setting each item (256 items max.) in this dialog box and then clicking the <OK> button. The registered event link conditions are managed by the Event Manager.

However, the number of event link conditions that can be simultaneously used is limited ("5.12.4 Number of enabled events for each event condition").

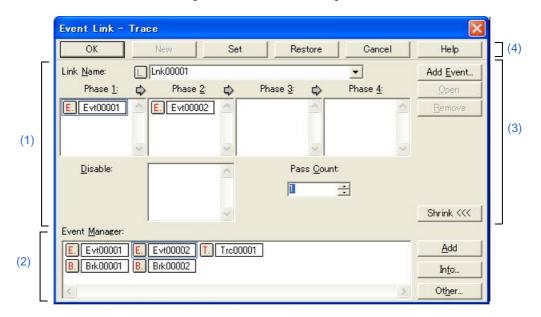


Figure 7-57 Event Link Dialog Box

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

In normal mode

If the Event Link Dialog Box is opened as follows, an event link condition can be registered without its purpose being specified.

Select [Event] -> [Event Link...] from the menu bar.

In select mode

If the <OK> button is clicked when the Event Link Dialog Box has been opened as follows, an event link condition can be registered in the setting dialog box from which this dialog box was opened.

In each various event setting dialog box, click the <Add Link... > button.

(the setting dialog box from which the Event Link Dialog Box was opened is displayed on the title bar.)

Explanation of each area

(1) Event link condition setting area

| Link Name: | Directly input an alphanumeric string of up to eight characters as a name. To display the contents of an already created event link condition, select from the drop- down list. In the select mode, the selected event condition can be set in the event link condition setting area of the setting dialog box that called the Event Link Dialog Box. The mark on the left of this area indicates the utilization status of event link conditions ("Table 5-17 Event Icon"). The mark "L" in gray indicates that an event link condition is being edited and has not been registered yet. |
|--|---|
| Phase1: ^{Note} Phase2: Phase3: Phase4: | This area is used to specify the sequence in which event conditions and events are detected. Up to four sequences can be specified. If a disable condition is detected while the program is being executed, however, the event conditions that have so far been satisfied are initialized, and the event conditions are detected again starting from the first event condition. If a link condition and a disable condition are detected at the same time, the disable condition takes precedence. Set "Phase 1" -> "Phase 2" -> "Phase 3" -> "Phase 4", in that order. "Phase 4" does not have to be set. In this case, an event occurs when the event condition set for the last phase has been detected. An event condition can be set for only "Phase 1" or the same event condition can be set for two or more Phases. The number of event conditions that can be set to each phase of this area and while the dialog box, refer to "Table 7-17 Number of Event Conditions in Event Link Dialog Box". |
| Disable: | This area is used to set an event condition that invalidates the event conditions that have so far been satisfied. Refer to "Table 7-17 Number of Event Conditions in Event Link Dialog Box" for the number of event conditions that can be set in this area. Setting of event conditions is easily done by dragging the icon of the event to be set from the event manager area and dropping it in this area. For details, refer to "5.12.3 Setting event conditions". |
| Pass Count: | This area is used to set a pass count condition (settable range: 1 to 32767). A pass count condition specifies how many times an event condition must be satisfied during user program execution before a given condition is satisfied. If no pass count is specified, 1 is assumed (the condition is satisfied as soon as the event condition is satisfied). |

Note: The event conditions of the "Register" or "Memory" status can be set only in the "Phase1" area. If two or more event conditions of either the "Register" or "Memory" status is set in the "Phase1" area, these events are handled with the AND condition. In such a case, event conditions of the "Execution" status can also be set in combination. An event occurs when all of these event conditions set in the "Phase1" area are established at the same time.

| Product Name | Each Phase | Disable Area | Total |
|--------------|------------|--------------|-------|
| SM+ | 10 | 10 | 64 |

(2) Event manager area

This area displays the list of registered events.

Each event condition can be set easily just by dragging and dropping the event icon displayed in this area onto

the event setting area in each event setting dialog box. (Refer to "5.12.3 Setting event conditions".)

This area is common to all event-related dialog boxes. (Refer to "(2) Event manager area".)

(3) Function buttons (for event condition contents display, etc.)

These buttons are used to display or delete the event conditions displayed in the event condition setting area, and to display or hide the Event manager area. (Refer to "(3) Function buttons (for event condition contents display, etc.)".)

(4) Function buttons (for registering, deleting, validating, and invalidating event conditions)

These buttons are used to register, delete, validate, and invalidate the events.

The event with the specified event condition is registered by clicking the <OK> (or <Set>) button.

| ОК | Automatically registers the event condition being edited, if any, and closes this dialog box. In the select mode An event condition is selected and the setting dialog box (indicated on the title bar) that called the Event Link dialog box is displayed again. If the calling dialog box has already been closed, the select mode is returned to the normal mode, and the Event Dialog Box is not closed. Otherwise, this dialog box will be closed. |
|-----|--|
| New | Newly creates an event condition in this dialog box. An event condition name is automatically created and a new event condition is prepared. |
| Set | Registers the various event conditions. Because the dialog box is not closed even after an event has been registered, new event conditions can be registered. In the select mode An event condition is selected. If there is an event being edited, it is automatically registered and selected. |

| Enable/Disable | Validates (enables) or invalidates (disables) the selected event condition. However, event conditions and event link conditions cannot be enabled or disabled. Same operation as the clicking the mark of event icon. | |
|-----------------|---|--|
| Clear | Clears the contents of the event condition. | |
| Restore | Restores the contents of an edited event condition. If an event condition not registered is displayed, all the fields other than the event name field are blank or the default values are set. | |
| Cancel Close | Closes this dialog box. Even if an event condition is being edited, it is not registered and the dialog box is closed. | |
| Help | Displays the help window of this window. | |

Break Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to register; set, and display break event conditions. (Refer to "5.12 Event Function", "5.4 Break Function".)

Registration and setting of break event conditions is done by setting each item (256 items max.) in this dialog box and then clicking the <OK> button. The registered break event conditions are managed by the Event Manager.

There are restrictions on the number of break event conditions that can be simultaneously set (enabled). (Refer to "5.12.4 Number of enabled events for each event condition".)

| | Break | | |
|-----|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----|
| _ | OK New Disable Clear Cancel | Help | (4) |
| | Break <u>Name:</u> B.Brk00001 | Add <u>E</u> vent Add <u>L</u> ink | |
| (1) | E. Evt00001 | <u>O</u> pen <u>R</u> emove | (3) |
| L | | Shrink <<< | |
| Г | Event <u>M</u> anager: | | |
| (2) | | Add | |
| | B. Brk00001 B. Brk00002 | In <u>f</u> o | |
| L | < > | Ot <u>h</u> er | |

Figure 7-58 Break Dialog Box

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

Click the **Brk** button, or select [Event] menu -> [Break...].

Explanation of each area

(1) Break event condition setting area

| Break Name: | This area is used to set a break event name. Directly input an alphanumeric string of up to eight characters as a name.To display the contents of an already created event condition, select from the drop-down list. |
|-------------|---|
| | The mark on the left of this area indicates the utilization status of events. (Refer to "Table 5-17 Event Icon".) The gray mark indicates that an event condition is being edited and has not been registered yet. By clicking the left mark, an event condition can be validated or invalidated. |

| Break Event: | This area is used to set an event condition for break. Refer to "Table 7-18 Number of Events Settable in Condition Setting Area" for the number of event conditions and event link conditions that can be set in this area. Event conditions are easily set by dragging the icon of the event to be set from the event manager area and dropping it in this area. For details, refer to "5.12.3 Setting event |
|--------------|---|
| | conditions". |

Table 7-18 Number of Events Settable in Condition Setting Area

| Product Name | Total |
|--------------|-------|
| SM+ | 64 |

(2) Event manager area

This area displays the list of registered events.

Each event condition can be set easily just by dragging and dropping the event icon displayed in this area onto

the event setting area in each event setting dialog box. (Refer to "5.12.3 Setting event conditions".)

This area is common to all event-related dialog boxes.

| <add> button</add> | The event condition and event link condition selected in Event Manager area add to setting area with a focus. | | |
|------------------------|---|---|--|
| <info> button</info> | Opens the [Event Info] Dialog Box. This dialog box is used to change the display mode and rearrange event names. | | |
| | Sort by Name Sort by Kind | <sort by="" name=""> Sorts events into name order. <sort by="" kind=""> Sorts events into type order. <unsort> Displays events in the order in which they have been registered without sorting the events. <detail> Sets the detailed display mode. <overview> Sets the list display mode. <cancel> Closes this dialog box (same as ESC key).</cancel></overview></detail></unsort></sort></sort> | |
| <other> button</other> | Opens the [Set Other] Dialog Box. | | |
| | Event Link | By clicking each button, the corresponding event setting dialog box can be opened with the new event name set. After the event setting dialog box has been opened, this dialog box is closed. <manager> Opens the Event Manager. <cancel> Closes the dialog box to create event condition.</cancel></manager> | |

(3) Function buttons (for event condition contents display, etc.)

These buttons are used to display or delete the event conditions displayed in the event condition setting area, and to display or hide the Event manager area.

This area is common to all event-related dialog boxes.

| Add Event | Opens the Event Dialog Box in the select mode, and selects or newly creates an event condition to be set. The event condition will be added to the area selected when the < Add Event> button is clicked. |
|-----------|---|
| Add Link | Opens the Event Link Dialog Boxin the select mode, and selects or newly creates an event link condition. The event condition will be added to the area selected when the < Add Link> button is clicked. |

| Open | Opens the various event setting dialog box corresponding to the selected event condition (one). Each setting dialog box displays the contents of the selected event condition. Same operation as double-clicking the event icon or pressing the Enter key. |
|--------------------------|--|
| Remove Delete | Deletes the selected event. When an event condition or an event link condition is to be deleted, an error occurs and the event condition or event link condition cannot be deleted if the event is used as a various event condition. |
| Expand >>> Shrink <<< | Turns on or off display of the event manager area. The size of the dialog box is expanded or reduced. |

(4) Function buttons (for registering, deleting, validating, and invalidating event conditions)

These buttons are used to register, delete, validate, and invalidate the events.

The event with the specified event condition is registered or set (validated) by clicking the <OK> (or <Set>)

button. This area is common to all event-related dialog boxes.

| ОК | Automatically registers the event condition or the various event condition being edited, if any, and closes this dialog box. Each event condition becomes valid as soon as it has been registered. |
|-----|--|
| New | Newly creates an event condition in this dialog box. An event condition name is automatically created and a new event condition is prepared. |
| Set | Registers the event condition or the various event condition. Because the dialog box is not closed even after an event has been registered, new event conditions can be registered. Each event condition becomes valid as soon as it has been registered. |

| Enable/Disable | Validates (enables) or invalidates (disables) the selected event condition. However, event conditions and event link conditions cannot be enabled or disabled. Same operation as the clicking the mark of event icon. |
|-----------------|---|
| Clear | Clears the contents of the event condition. |
| Restore | Restores the contents of an edited event condition. If an event condition not registered is displayed, all the fields other than the event name field are blank or the default values are set. |
| Cancel Close | Closes this dialog box. Even if an event condition is being edited, it is not registered and the dialog box is closed. |
| Help | Displays the help window of this window. |

Snap Shot Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to register; set, and display snapshot event conditions. (Refer to "5.12 Event Function", "5.13 Snapshot Function".)

Registration and setting of snapshot event conditions is done by setting each item (256 items max.) in this dialog box and then clicking the <OK> button. The registered snapshot event conditions are managed by the Event Manager.

There are restrictions on the number of snapshot event conditions that can be simultaneously set (enabled). (Refer to "5.12.4 Number of enabled events for each event condition".)

| OK | New | Set | Restore | Cancel | Help |
|------------------------------|-------------|----------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|
| Snap <u>N</u> ame: | S. Snp00001 | | | • | Add <u>E</u> vent |
| Snap E <u>v</u> ent: | Snap Er | ntry: | | | Add Link |
| E. Evt00001 | R1 | | | | <u>O</u> pen |
| | | | | | Remove |
| | | | | | Shrink <<< |
| Select | Register N | ame: R1 | • | | Restore |
| Register | | | | | |
| ○ Register ○ I/O Reg | | | Inco | ort Change | Delete |
| | | | Ins | ert <u>C</u> hange | e Delete |
| C I/O Reg | | | Įns: | ert <u>C</u> hange | |
| ⊂ I/O Reg ⊂ Memory | E. Evt00002 | E. Evt00 | | ert <u>C</u> hange | e Delete <u>A</u> dd |

Figure 7-59 Snap Shot Dialog Box (When "Register" Is selected)

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

Select [Event] menu -> [Snap Shot...].

Explanation of each area

(1) Snapshot event condition setting area

| Snap Name: | This area is used to set a snapshot event name. Directly input an alphanumeric string of up to eight characters as a name. To display the contents of an already created event condition, select from the drop-down list. The mark on the left of this area indicates the utilization status of events. (Refer to "Table 5-17 Event Icon".) The gray mark indicates that an event condition is being edited and has not been registered yet. By clicking the left mark, an event condition can be validated or invalidated. | | |
|-------------|---|---|--|
| Snap Event: | This area is used to set an event condition for snapshot. The number of event condition and event link condition that can be set in this area is one. Event conditions are easily set by dragging the icon of the event to be set from the event manager area and dropping it in this area. For details, refer to "5.12.3 Setting event conditions". | | |
| Snap Entry: | This area displays a list of registered snap data. The registered snap data is written into the tracer when a snapshot event occurs. If snap data is selected in this area, the contents of the selected snap data are displayed in each setting area. Snap data is displayed as follows: | | |
| | Register | Register name [bank number or 'Current'] | |
| | | Example: RP0[0] RP[Current] All[2] | |
| | IOR/SFR | IOR/SFR name | |
| | | Example: PM0 PM1 | |
| | Memory | Start address <symbol expression=""> - End address <symbol expression="">, Access size</symbol></symbol> | |
| | | Example: 0xFE20 <byvar>,B0xFE22<wvar> ,W0xFE30<szvar> - 0xFE2F<szvar+0x10>,B</szvar+0x10></szvar></wvar></byvar> | |

(2) Snap data select area

| Select | subject to snapshot As snap data, up to registered; therefore registered. By selecting a data area on the right of Perform operations Buttons to manipula The snap data regis | 16 registers, IOR/SFR, and memory addresses each can be e, a total of 48 registers, IOR/SFR, and memory addresses can be type in "Select " area, the item to be displayed in the snap data setting this area changes in accordance with the selected area. such as registering, changing or deleting of snap data using the ate snap data. stered, changed, or deleted in this area is reflected in "Snap Entry: ". If ed in "Snap Entry: ", the contents of the selected snap data are |
|--------|---|--|
| | Register | This should be selected to set by a register as snap data. To specify a register name, either directly input one to the text box, or select one from the drop-down list. The case is distinguished. A register name can be specified as both a function name and an absolute name. To specify a register bank, either directly input one to the text box, or select one from the drop-down list (0 -3). [78K0] To specify the current bank, select 'Current'. However, the current bank will be specified even when the specification is omitted. |
| | I/O Reg [V850] Sfr [78K] | This should be selected to set by a IOR/SFR as snap data. To specify IOR/SFR name, either directly input one to the text box, or select one from the drop-down list. Only the IOR/SFR that can be read can be specified. Uppercase and lowercase characters are not distinguished. The IOR bit names [V850] / SFR bit names [78K] and the I/O port name registered in the Add I/O Port Dialog Box cannot be specified. Note that all the register names are displayed in uppercase characters in the Trace View Window. |
| | Memory | This should be selected to set by a Memory as snap data. Memory Address: Start address - End address This area is used to specify an address range of the memory. If a value is input as only the start address and specifying the end address is omitted, it is assumed that the same value as the start address is specified as the end address. If the specified address range cannot be divided by the access size, the address range is rounded up to a range that can be divided by the access size. An address can be also specified by a symbol or expression. (Refer to "Table 5-5 Specifying Symbols".) The default radix for inputting a numeric value is hexadecimal. If addresses are registered or changed in this area by using expressions or symbols, the converted address values are displayed along with the specified expressions and symbols. In the Trace View Window, only the converted address values are displayed. Address settable range: 0 <= Address value <= 0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF [V850] 0 <= Address value <= 0xFFFF [78K] 0 <= Address value <= 0xFFFF [78K] 10 <= Address value <= 0xFFFF [78K] 11 12 13 14 15 |

| Buttons to | The following buttons are used to register, change, and delete snap data. | |
|-------------------------|---|---|
| manipulate snap data | Insert | Registers as snap data. The registered snap data is inserted and displayed at the selected position in "Snap Entry:". |
| | Change | Changes the contents of the snap data selected in "Snap Entry:" area to the contents of the snap data specified in this area. |
| | Delete | Deletes the snap data selected in "Snap Entry:". The DEL key performs the same operation. |
| | Restore | Restores the contents in "Snap Entry:". |

Remark1: Select "All" to specify all registers. [78K]

Remark2: The names of program registers and system registers can be specified as Register Name. [V850]
 The names of general-purpose registers and control registers can be specified as Register Name.
 [78K]

Remark3: The snap data displayed in the Trace View Window is unified in uppercase letters and in the format of 'absolute name (function name)' [V850] / 'absolute name' [78K]

(3) Event manager area

This area displays the list of registered events.

Each event condition can be set easily just by dragging and dropping the event icon displayed in this area onto the event setting area in each event setting dialog box. (Refer to "5.12.3 Setting event conditions".)

This area is common to all event-related dialog boxes. (Refer to "(2) Event manager area".)

(4) Function buttons (for event condition contents display, etc.)

These buttons are used to display or delete the event conditions displayed in the event condition setting area, and to display or hide the Event manager area. This area is common to all event-related dialog boxes.(Refer to "(3) Function buttons (for event condition contents display, etc.)".)

(5) Function buttons (for registering, deleting, validating, and invalidating event conditions)

These buttons are used to register, delete, validate, and invalidate the events.

The event with the specified event condition is registered or set (validated) by clicking the <OK> (or <Set>) button. This area is common to all event-related dialog boxes. (Refer to "(4) Function buttons (for registering, deleting, validating, and invalidating event conditions)".)

Stub Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to register; set, and display stub event conditions. (Refer to "5.12 Event Function", "5.14 Stub Function".)

Registration and setting of stub event conditions is done by setting each item (256 items max.) in this dialog box and then clicking the <OK> button. The registered stub event conditions are managed by the Event Manager.

There are restrictions on the number of stub event conditions that can be simultaneously set (enabled). (Refer to "5.12.4 Number of enabled events for each event condition".)

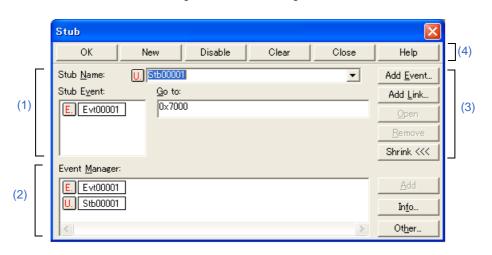


Figure 7-60 Stub Dialog Box

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

Select [Event] menu -> [Stub...].

Explanation of each area

(1) Stub event condition setting area

| Stub Name: | This area is used to set a stub event name. Directly input an alphanumeric string of up to eight characters as a name. To display the contents of an already created event condition, select from the drop-down list. The mark on the left of this area indicates the utilization status of events. (Refer to "Table 5-17 Event Icon".) The gray mark indicates that an event condition is being edited and has not been registered yet. By clicking the left mark, an event condition can be validated or invalidated. |
|-------------|---|
| Stub Event: | This area is used to set an event condition for stub. The number of event condition and event link condition that can be set in this area is one. Event conditions are easily set by dragging the icon of the event to be set from the event manager area and dropping it in this area. For details, refer to "5.12.3 Setting event conditions". |
| Go to: | This area is used to specify the start address of the function that is executed when a stub event occurs. (Refer to "Table 5-18 Start Address of Function to Be Executed (Stub Function)".) The default radix for inputting a numeric value is hexadecimal. An address can be also specified by a symbol or expression. (Refer to "Table 5-5 Specifying Symbols".) |

(2) Event manager area

This area displays the list of registered events.

Each event condition can be set easily just by dragging and dropping the event icon displayed in this area onto

the event setting area in each event setting dialog box. (Refer to "5.12.3 Setting event conditions".)

This area is common to all event-related dialog boxes. (Refer to "(2) Event manager area".)

(3) Function buttons (for event condition contents display, etc.)

These buttons are used to display or delete the event conditions displayed in the event condition setting area, and to display or hide the Event manager area. This area is common to all event-related dialog boxes. (Refer to "(3) Function buttons (for event condition contents display, etc.)".)

(4) Function buttons (for registering, deleting, validating, and invalidating event conditions)

These buttons are used to register, delete, validate, and invalidate the events.

The event with the specified event condition is registered or set (validated) by clicking the <OK> (or <Set>) button. This area is common to all event-related dialog boxes. (Refer to "(4) Function buttons (for registering, deleting, validating, and invalidating event conditions)".)

View File Save Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to save the current display information of the current window to a view file. (Refer to "5.16.2 Window display information (view file)".)

| 🗁 smp | | * III • |
|---------------------|---|---------------------|
| | | |
| [| | Save |
| Source Text (*.svw) | • | Cancel |
| | | Help |
| | | <u>R</u> estore |
| | | |
| | | |
| | [| Source Text (*.svw) |

Figure 7-61 View File Save Dialog Box

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

When the window to be saved is the current window, select [File] menu -> [Save As...].

Explanation of each area

(1) Save file setting area

| Save in: | This area is used to specify a file name. A file name can be directly input, or selected from the list at the upper part of this area. |
|---------------|--|
| File name: | Up to 257 characters string with a extension can be specified. |
| Save as type: | This area is used to specify the type (extension) of the file to be saved. (Refer to "Table 5-20 Type of View Files".) The extension of the file corresponding to the current window is displayed. |

(2) Save range setting area

If a range of 100 lines / 100 frames / 256 bytes or more is specified, a message dialog box is displayed to indicate the progress of saving. To stop saving midway, click the <Stop> button in the message dialog box.

| Save range | | |
|------------|--|--|
| | All | This should be selected to save the entire range, from the first line to the last line. |
| | Screen shot | This should be selected to save the area visible on the screen, from the top line on the screen to the bottom line. If the Source Window is in the mixed display mode, however, the window contents are saved from the source line that includes the area visible on the screen. |
| | Specify Line Specify Frame Specify Address | This should be selected to specify the start line and end line of the area to be saved. If the start line and end line are omitted, the first line and last line are assumed. Display any of the following corresponding to the current window: |
| | | Specify Line Specify the range of the line numbers to be saved. The default radix for inputting a numeric value is decimal. If the Source Window is in the mixed display mode, the mixed displayed part on the specified line is also saved. |
| | | Specify Frame Specify the range of trace frames to be saved. (Refer to "Table 7-12 Frame Number Specification Format".) The default radix for inputting a numeric value is decimal. |
| | | Specify Address Specify the range of address to be saved. An address can be also specified by a symbol or expression. (Refer to "Table 5-5 Specifying Symbols".) The default radix for inputting a numeric value is hexadecimal. |

| Save | Saves the display information of the current window to the selected file. After saving, this dialog box is closed. |
|---------|--|
| Cancel | Closes this dialog box without executing anything. |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. |
| Restore | Restores the status before this dialog box was opened. |

View File Load Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to read the view files. (Refer to "5.16.2 Window display information (view file)".)

When a view file is loaded, the reference window (Source Window in static status) opens and the display information at saving is displayed.

The window to be opened and its status differ as follows, depending on the file to be loaded.

- Loading source file to which symbol information has been read

If there is a Source Window in the active status, it is opened in the static status; otherwise, the Source Window is opened in the active status.

- Loading source file to which symbol information has not been read, or view file

A window of text-format files is opened in the Source Window in the static status.

| Look in: smp Chapter2 Chapter3_1 Chapter3_2 Chapter4 Dev | Chapter2 Chapter3_1 Chapter3_2 Chapter4 |
|---|--|
| | File name: Onen |

Figure 7-62 View File Load Dialog Box

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

EClick the **Open** button or select [File] menu -> [Open...].

Explanation of each area

(1) Load file setting area

| Look in: File name: | This area is used to specify the file name to be loaded. A file name can be directly input from the keyboard, or selected from the list. Up to 257 character string with a extension can be specified. |
|------------------------|--|
| Files of type: | This area is used to specify the type (extension) of the file to be loaded. (Refer to "Table 5-20 Type of View Files".) |

| Open | Loads the selected file. After loading the file, this dialog box is closed. |
|--------|---|
| Cancel | Closes this dialog box without executing anything. |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. |

Environment Setting File Save Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to save the setting contents of the current window to a setting file. (Refer to "5.16.3 Window setting information (setting file)".)

| Save jn: |) 🧰 smp850 | * <u></u> 1 → ▼ | . |
|---|---------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| Chapter2 Chapter3_1 | | | |
| 🛅 Chapter3_2 | | | |
| Chapter4 | | | |
| Dev | | | |
| 🚞 Dev | | | |
| | | | |
| | [| | Save |
| File <u>n</u> ame: Save as <u>t</u> ype: | Watch (*.wch) | | <u>S</u> ave Cance |

Figure 7-63 Environment Setting File Save Dialog Box

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

When the window to be saved is the current window, select [File] menu -> [Environment] -> [Save As...].

Explanation of each area

(1) Save file setting area

| Save in: | This area is used to specify a file name. A file name can be directly input, or selected from the list at the upper part of this area. | |
|---------------|---|--|
| File name: | Up to 257 characters string with a extension can be specified. | |
| Save as type: | This area is used to specify the type (extension) of the file to be saved. (Refer to "Table 5-21 Type of Setting Files".) The extension of the file corresponding to the current window is displayed. | |

| Save | Saves the setting information of the current window to the selected file. After saving, this dialog box is closed. |
|--------|--|
| Cancel | Closes this dialog box without executing anything. |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. |

Environment Setting File Load Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to read the setting files. (Refer to "5.16.3 Window setting information (setting file)".) When a setting file is loaded, the target window opens and the setting information at saving is restored.

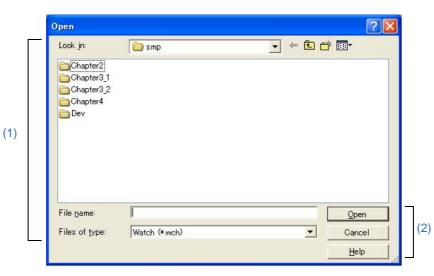


Figure 7-64 Environment Setting File Load Dialog Box

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

select [File] menu -> [Environment] -> [Open...].

Explanation of each area

(1) Load file setting area

| Look in: | This area is used to specify the file name to be loaded. A file name can be directly input from the keyboard, or selected from the list. Up to 257 character string with a extension can be specified. |
|----------------|--|
| File name: | |
| Files of type: | This area is used to specify the type (extension) of the file to be loaded. (Refer to "Table 5-21 Type of Setting Files".) |

| Open | Loads the selected file. After loading the file, this dialog box is closed. |
|--------|---|
| Cancel | Closes this dialog box without executing anything. |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. |

Reset Debugger Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to initialize the SM+, CPU, and symbol information.

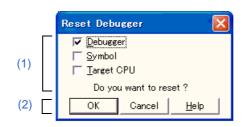


Figure 7-65 Reset Debugger Dialog Box

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

Select [File] menu -> [Debugger Reset...].

Explanation of each area

(1) Reset subject selection area

This area is used to specify what is to be Initialized. Initializes the checked item.

| Debugger | Initializes the SM+. (default) |
|------------|-------------------------------------|
| Symbol | Initializes the symbol information. |
| Target CPU | Initializes the CPU. |

| ОК | Initializes according to the setting. |
|--------|---|
| Cancel | Cancels the changes and closes this dialog box. |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. |

Exit Debugger Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to select whether the current debug environment is saved to a project file or not before terminating the SM+. (Refer to "5.16.1 Debugging environment (project file)".)

It can be specified in the Debugger Option Dialog Box that the SM+ is terminated without this confirmation dialog box being opened.

Remark: If an attempt is made to terminate the SM+ while the user program is being executed, the following message is displayed "Wfb00: User program is running. Do you want to stop user program?".

| Product . | Name | | | × |
|-----------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------|
| ? | This will end Do you want t | your Debugger to save the set | session. tings in the project fi | le ? |
| | Yes | No | Cancel | |

Figure 7-66 Exit Debugger Dialog Box

- Opening
- Function buttons

Opening

- Select [File] menu -> [Exit].
- If forcible termination, such as to terminate the application, has been executed on the task list that terminates Windows.

Function buttons

| Yes | Saves the current debug environment to a project file, closes all the windows, and terminates the SM+. If a project file name is not specified, the Project File Save Dialog Box is opened. If the <cancel> button is selected on the Project File Save Dialog Box, the environment is neither saved to a project file nor is the SM+ terminated. (If a project file is loaded or saved during debugger operation, this button has the default focus.)</cancel> |
|--------|--|
| No | Closes all the windows and terminates the SM+. (If a project file is not loaded or saved during debugger operation, this button has the default focus.) |
| Cancel | Closes this dialog box without executing anything. |

About Dialog Box

This dialog box displays the version information of the SM+ (the year is displayed in 4 digits).

Remark: The version information can be copied to the clipboard by selecting [Select All and Copy (&C)] from the context menu in the dialog box.

The following version information is displayed:

- Product version of SM+
- Version of device file
- Version of GUI
- Version of debugger DLL
- Version of assembler DLL
- Version of simulator part
- Version of chip information file
- Version of Tcl/Tk

Figure 7-67 About Dialog Box



- Opening

Opening

Select [Help] menu -> [About...].

Console Window

This window is used to input commands that control the SM+.

Because the key bind is Emacs-like, the accelerator key is not acknowledged if the Console Window is active. However, the F1 key displays the online help files of the Console Window.

While the Console Window is open, an error message window with only an <OK> button is displayed in the Console Window.

The command history is saved in file tkcon.hst when the Console Window is closed, or the debugger is terminated with the Console Window open.

Up to 100 command history items can be saved.

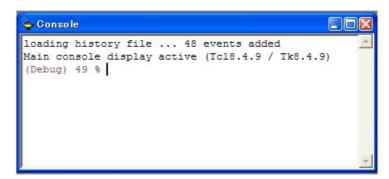
The command history is loaded the next time the Console Window is opened.

Where to store the tkcon.hst file is determined by the following priority order.

- 1) Based on environment variable "HOME"
- 2) Based on environment variable "USERPROFILE"
- 3) Directly under the drive in which the OS is installed

Refer to "CHAPTER 8 COMMAND REFERENCE" for details on the command specifications.

Figure 7-68 Console Window



- Opening

Opening

Select [Browse] menu -> [Console].

Browse Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to select the file to be set in the Source Text Move Dialog Box.

Remark: If this dialog box is opened for the first time after the system has been started up, the folder first specified by the source path is displayed. When the dialog box is opened the second and subsequent times, the previously displayed folder is recorded and displayed again. If the <Cancel> button is clicked, however, the previously displayed folder is not recorded.

| Look <u>i</u> n: | Chapter4 | - E 😁 🎫 |
|-----------------------------|----------|---------|
| C interrupt_fun C slot.c | c.c | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| File <u>n</u> ame: | | Qper |

Figure 7-69 Browse Dialog Box

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

Click the <Browse...> button in the target dialog box.

Explanation of each area

(1) Open file setting area

| Look in: File name: | This area is used to specify the file name to be opened. A file name can be directly input from the keyboard, or selected from the list. Up to 257 character string with a extension can be specified. |
|------------------------|--|
| Files of type: | This area is used to specify the type (extension) of the file to be opened. (Refer to "Table 5-4 File Type Can Be Displayed".) |

(2) Function buttons

| Open | Sets the selected file. After setting the file, this dialog box is closed. |
|--------|--|
| Cancel | Closes this dialog box without executing anything. |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. |

[Signal Data Editor] Window

This window is used to set input signal data of any timing to an input pin as a numeric value. (Refer to "6.1 Pin I/

O Function".)

The following data can be displayed or edited in this window:

- Newly created signal data
- Previously created signal data files
- File of signal data previously obtained by performing simulation and saving the results as output signal data

Edited signal data can be input to the input pin during simulation by selecting [Edit] menu -> [Signal Input]. This data can also be saved as a signal data file by selecting [Simulator] menu -> [Save/Save As...]. (Refer to "6.1.5 Signal data files (*.wvi, *.wvo)".) The saved file contents can be restored by selecting [Simulator] menu -> [Open...].

Figure 7-70 [Signal Data Editor] Window

| | | 🐔 78 K | 0R_test | t0.wvi | | | | | _ 🗆 × | : |
|-----|-----|--------|---------|--------|-----|-----|-----|------|--------|----|
| (1) | | Sint P | 4ainClk | - | | ** | | | | |
| | | | Mark | Wait | P00 | P01 | P02 | ANIO | AVREF | |
| | | 1 | Ł | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5000 📤 | 41 |
| | | 2 | | 100 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 500 | 5000 | Ш |
| | | 3 | | 100 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1000 | 5000 | Ш |
| | | 4 | | 100 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1500 | 5000 | Ш |
| (2) | | 5 | | 100 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2000 | 5000 | Ш |
| (2) | | 6 | | 100 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2500 | 5000 | Ш |
| | | - 7 | | 100 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3000 | 5000 | Ш |
| | | 8 | | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3500 | 5000 | ш |
| | | 9 | | 100 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4000 | 5000 | Ш |
| | | 10 | | 100 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 4500 | 5000 | ш |
| | | 11 | | 100 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 5000 | 5000 🛑 | 1 |
| | | 12 | | 100 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4000 | 5000 | |
| | | 13 | | 100 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 3000 | 5000 🖵 | 41 |
| | LIJ | | | | • | | | | | - |

- Opening

- Explanation of each area
- Dedicated menu ([Signal Data Editor] Window)
- [Signal Data Editor] toolbar
- Context menu
- Operation

Opening

Click this button, or select [Simulator] menu -> [Signal Data Editor].

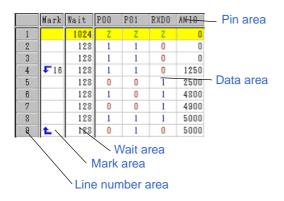
Explanation of each area

(1) Information bar

It can be specified whether this area is displayed or not, by selecting [View] menu -> [Information Bar].

| MainClk 🔽 | Select the unit of the wait time from the drop-down list. The wait time unit can be changed by selecting [Edit] menu -> [Time unit]. |
|-----------|--|
| * | If this button is clicked while the program is running, signal input starts. If this button is clicked while the program is stopped, signal input starts automatically the next time the program execution is started. |
| × | If this button is clicked while the program is running, signal input is stopped. If this button is clicked while the program is stopped, signal input does not start automatically even if the program execution is started. |
| * | The current signal input line (line highlighted with yellow) is returned to the beginning. |

(2) Client area



| Pin area | [Edit] menu -> [Sele | Displays the pin names edited with the signal data editor. Pin is seleced by selecting [Edit] menu -> [Select Pin] to open the [Select Pin] Dialog Box. Data input to pins can be enabled/disabled by selecting [Edit] menu -> [Pin Status]. | | |
|------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Line number area | | Displays line number. This area is used when performing editing in line units. | | |
| Mark area | Displays loop information. The loop information can be edited by selecting [Edit] menu -> [Mark]. The loop information is displayed as follows. | | | |
| | Loop start location (endless loop) | | | |
| | Loop start location (with loop count) | | | |
| | Loop end location | | | |
| Wait area | Displays as wait time the timing at which the data set in "Data area" is input to the pins. Wait time editing is done by directly writing values in this area. The wait time unit can be changed by selecting [Edit] menu -> [Time unit]. | | | |
| Data area | | Displays the data input to the pins. Data editing is performed by directly writing values in this area. | | |

Dedicated menu ([Signal Data Editor] Window)

(1) [Edit] menu

| U | ndo | Cannot be selected. | | |
|-------|-------------|--|--|--|
| R | edo | Cannot be selected. | | |
| Cut | | Cuts the selected range and saves it to the clipboard. | | |
| С | ору | Copies the selected range and copies it to the clipboard. | | |
| Paste | | Pastes the contents of the clipboard to the selected location. | | |
| D | elete | Deletes the selected range. | | |
| S | elect All | Selects all display data. | | |
| F | nd | Cannot be selected. | | |
| S | elect Pin | Opens the [Select Pin] Dialog Box. The pin(s) for which input signal data is to be created or edited is (are) selected in this dialog box. | | |
| Ti | me unit | Selects the wait time unit. | | |
| | main clock | Main clock | | |
| | usec | Microsecond | | |
| | msec | Millisecond | | |
| Ρ | in Status | Selects the input status of the selected pin. | | |
| | Valid | Enables data input to the pin. (default) | | |
| | InValid | Disables data input to the pin. | | |
| Μ | ark | Sets a mark to the selected Mark area. | | |
| | Loop Start | Sets the loop start mark. | | |
| | Loop End | Sets the loop end mark. | | |
| | Loop Dialog | Opens the [Loop] Dialog Box. Sets the details of loop information. | | |
| S | ignal Input | Inputs signal data to the simulator. | | |
| | Start | Starts signal input. | | |
| | Stop | Stops signal input. | | |
| | Reset | Returns the current signal input line to the beginning. | | |
| | L | 1 | | |

(2) [View] menu

| Information Bar Selects whether the information bar is displayed or not. |
|--|
|--|

(3) [Option] menu

| mize | Opens the [Customize] Dialog Box. | |
|------|-----------------------------------|--|
|------|-----------------------------------|--|

[Signal Data Editor] toolbar

| গীপ | Opens the [Select Pin] Dialog Box. The pin(s) for which input signal data is to be created or edited is (are) selected in this dialog box. |
|-----|--|
| * | If this button is clicked while the program is running, signal input starts. If this button is clicked while the program is stopped, signal input starts automatically the next time the program execution is started. |
| X | If this button is clicked while the program is running, signal input is stopped. If this button is clicked while the program is stopped, signal input does not start automatically even if the program execution is started. |
| * | The current signal input line (line highlighted with yellow) is returned to the beginning. |

Context menu

Right-clicking in one of the areas in (2) Client area displays a context menu. The context menus are described below by area.

(1) Pin area

| Valid | Enables data input to the pin. (default) | |
|------------|--|--|
| InValid | Disables data input to the pin. | |
| Select Pin | Opens the [Select Pin] Dialog Box. The pin(s) for which input signal data is to be created or edited is (are) selected in this dialog box. | |

(2) Line number

| Cut | Cuts the selected range and saves it to the clipboard. |
|--------|--|
| Сору | Copies the selected range and copies it to the clipboard. |
| Paste | Pastes the contents of the clipboard to the selected location. |
| Delete | Deletes the selected range. |

(3) Mark area

| Cut | Cuts the selected cell and saves it to the clipboard. |
|-------------|--|
| Сору | Copies the selected cell and copies it to the clipboard. |
| Paste | Pastes the contents of the clipboard to the selected location. |
| Delete | Deletes the selected cell. |
| Loop Start | Sets the loop start mark. |
| Loop End | Sets the loop end mark. |
| Loop Dialog | Opens the [Loop] Dialog Box. Sets the details of loop information. |

(4) Wait area

| Cut | Cuts the data in the selected cell and saves it to the clipboard. The data in the selected cell becomes 0. |
|--------|--|
| Сору | Copies the data in the selected cell and copies it to the clipboard. |
| Paste | Pastes the contents of the clipboard to the selected location. |
| Delete | Deletes the data in the selected cell. The data in the selected cell becomes 0. |

(5) Data area

| Cut | Cuts the data in the selected cell and saves it to the clipboard. The data in the selected cell becomes "Z" (Hi-Z). |
|--------------------|---|
| Сору | Copies the data in the selected cell and copies it to the clipboard. |
| Paste | Pastes the contents of the clipboard to the selected location. |
| Delete | Deletes the data in the selected cell. The data in the selected cell becomes "Z" (Hi-Z). |
| Start Signal Input | Starts signal input. |
| Stop Signal Input | Stops signal input. |
| Reset Signal Input | Returns the current signal input line to the beginning. |

Operation

- (1) Pin selection
- (2) Data input
- (3) Data copy and paste
- (4) Single-line editing
- (5) Signal input
- (6) Operation at CPU reset

(1) Pin selection

To edit the signal data, it is first necessary to select the pin to be edited.

Open the [Select Pin] Dialog Box by selecting [Edit] menu -> [Select Pin...] and select the pin to be edited. Once

a pin is selected, its name is displayed in Pin area.

(2) Data input

The data input methods for each area are described below.

Input up to 1,048,576 (= 1M) is possible.

| Mark area | Data is input from the context menu. To perform loop processing of input data, set the loop start and loop stop marks by selecting [Loop Start] at the loop start position and [Loop End] at the loop stop position. The loop count can be specified in the [Loop] Dialog Box displayed by selecting [Loop Dialog]. | |
|-----------|---|--|
| Wait area | (decimal code) from 0 to | inputting numeric values in the relevant fields. Numeric values o 4,294,967,295 can be specified. Numeric values that exceed set by using one more line. |
| Data area | Data is input by directly inputting numeric values in the relevant fields. The input rules differ as follows according to the pin type. | |
| | Digital pins | Only the following data can be input. "0" (= LOW), "1" (= HIGH), "Z" (= Hi-Z), "z" (= Hi-Z). |
| | Analog pins | A value from 0 to 5000 (decimal) can be input. Unit: mV |

(3) Data copy and paste

The setting values in Mark area/Wait area/Data area can be copied and pasted. However, copied data can be pasted only in the same area.

| Сору | When one or more (a range of) cells are selected, these cells can be copied by selecting [Edit] menu -> [Copy] (or by clicking the button or inputting Ctrl-C). |
|-------|---|
| Paste | When one or more (a range of) cells are selected, these cells can be pasted by selecting [Edit] menu -> [Paste] (or by clicking the button or inputting Ctrl-C). When multiple (a range of) cells are selected, the copied data is pasted to the cells repeatedly. |

(4) Single-line editing

Single lines can be edited by selecting Line number area.

The method is the same as that described in "(3) Data copy and paste".

Data pasted during line paste (insertion) is inserted immediately before the selected line.

(5) Signal input

The created signal data can be input to the input pins of the simulator while simulation is executed.

Moreover, the line whose signal is currently being input (current line) is highlighted in yellow during CPU breaks (this can be changed in the [Customize] Dialog Box), in order to display signal input progress.

There are the following types of signal data input operations.

| Signal input start | Select [Edit] menu -> [Signal Input] -> [Start]. (Same operation as (1) Information bar or [Signal Data Editor] toolbar.) As a result, signal input starts from the current signal input line (highlighted line). |
|--------------------|--|
| Signal input stop | Select [Edit] menu -> [Signal Input] -> [Stop]. (Same operation as (1) Information bar or [Signal Data Editor] toolbar.) This stops signal input. |
| Signal reset | Select [Edit] menu -> [Signal Input] -> [Reset]. (Same operation as (1) Information bar or [Signal Data Editor] toolbar.) This returns the current signal input line to the beginning. If signal reset was performed during signal input, input continues from the beginning. |

(6) Operation at CPU reset

When CPU reset occurs, the current signal input line returns to the beginning.

If a CPU reset occurs during signal input, input continues from the beginning (same operation as that described in section Signal reset").

[Loop] Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to perform detailed settings (loop start/stop, loop count) related to the loop information in the [Signal Data Editor] Window. (Refer to "6.1 Pin I/O Function".)

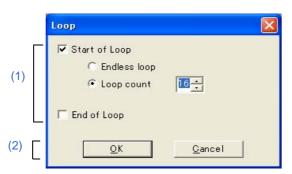


Figure 7-71 [Loop] Dialog Box

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

Select [Edit] menu -> [Mark] -> [Loop Dialog...] in the [Signal Data Editor] Window, or double-click the Mark area in the window.

Explanation of each area

(1) Loop information setting area

| Start of Loop | Select this checkbox to set the Start of Loop. | |
|---------------|--|---|
| | Endless loop | Select this radio button to set the Endless Loop. |
| | Loop count | Select this radio button to set the Loop Count. Sets the count value by spin button. 0:Skip loop 1 to 99:Perform loop the specified count. |
| End of Loop | Select this checkbox to set the End of Loop. | |

(2) Function buttons

| ОК | Validates the settings and closes this dialog box. |
|--------|--|
| Cancel | Cancels the settings and closes this dialog box. |

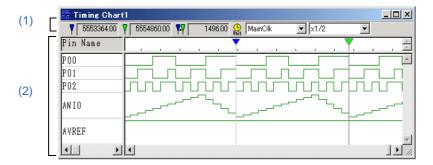
[Timing Chart] Window

This window is used to display the output signals and input signals for pins in the form of a timing chart. (Refer to "6.1 Pin I/O Function".)

This window allows time measurement in main clock units.

The browsed signal data can be saved as a signal data file by selecting [Simulator] menu -> [Save/Save As...]. Moreover, the saved file contents can be restored by selecting [Simulator] menu -> [Open...]. (Refer to "6.1.5 Signal data files (*.wvi, *.wvo)".)





- Opening
- Explanation of each area
- Dedicated menu ([Timing Chart] Window)
- [Timing Chart] toolbar
- Context menu
- Operation

Opening

Click this button, or select [Simulator] menu -> [Timing Chart].

Explanation of each area

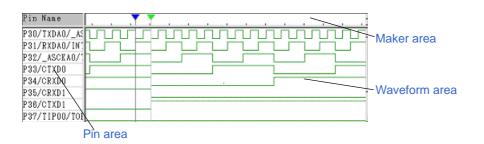
(1) Information bar

It can be specified whether this area is displayed or not, by selecting [View] menu -> [Information Bar].

| 4000.00 | Clock/time count from simulation start until marker A location. |
|----------|--|
| 4104.00 | Clock/time count from simulation start until marker B location. |
| γ 104.00 | Clock/time count between markers A and B. (Displayed as absolute value.) |

| Shit MainClk 💌 | Select from the drop-down list the location information of markers A and B. This item can also be set by using [Time unit] in the [Edit] menu or [Time unit] in the context menu. |
|----------------|---|
| x 1 💌 | Selects the waveform data display magnification ratio from the drop-down list. If a part of waveform data may be lost as a result of changing the display magnification ratio, "Figure 7-73 Confirmation Dialog Box" is displayed. |

(2) Client area



Pin area Displays the names of the pins for which timing chart display is performed. Pin selection is performed by selecting [Edit] menu -> [Select Pin...] to open the [Select Pin] Dialog Box. Maker area Displays the 2 marker headers. These markers can be moved by dragging them with the mouse over this area. Maker A Maker B Waveform area Performs timing chart display for the data of the pins specified in Pin area. The following color distinctions are used according to the signal. The HIGH and LOW signals of the pins areen red at the center High-impedance signals blue at the center Unsampled signals

When the buffer is full, the data will be overwritten by the latest data starting from the oldest data because the buffer storing the pin data is in a ring buffer format.

The upper limit of the buffer size is one of the following.

- The number of pin change points is 4,096
- The number of clocks is 2,147,483,631
- Horizontal draw width is 134,217,711 pixels
- **Remark:** The colors in (2) Client area can be set and changed by selecting [Option] menu -> [Customize...]. Opens the [Customize] Dialog Box.

Dedicated menu ([Timing Chart] Window)

(1) [Edit] menu

| Clear | Deletes all the waveform data. | | |
|-----------------|---|--|--|
| Find | Opens the [Search Data] Dialog Box. Waveform data search is performed in this dialog box. | | |
| Search backward | Searches for the change point of the selected pin in the backward direction (towa the left). | | |
| Search forward | ward Searches for the change point of the selected pin in the forward direction (towar the right). | | |
| Select Pin | Opens the [Select Pin] Dialog Box. The pin for which the waveform data is to be displayed is selected in this dialog box. | | |
| Time unit | Selects the time unit. | | |
| main clock | Main clock | | |
| usec | Microsecond | | |
| msec | Millisecond | | |

(2) [View] menu

| Waveform | Switches on/off display of Maker area and Waveform area. | | | | |
|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Information Bar | Switches on/off display of the Information bar. | | | | |
| Zoom | Selects the waveform data display magnification ratio from a cascade menu. If a part of waveform data may be lost as a result of changing the display magnification ratio, the following dialog box is displayed for confirmation. | | | | |
| | Figure 7-73 Confirmation Dialog Box | | | | |
| | Some waveform data will be lost when you change magnification ratio. Do you change it? OK | | | | |
| | <ok> The display magnification ratio is changed and this dialog box is closed. <cancel>This dialog box is closed without changing the display magnification ratio</cancel></ok> | | | | |

| x 1/32 | Sets the magnification ratio to 1/32. |
|--------|---------------------------------------|
| x 1/16 | Sets the magnification ratio to 1/16. |
| x 1/8 | Sets the magnification ratio to 1/8. |
| x 1/4 | Sets the magnification ratio to 1/4. |
| x 1/2 | Sets the magnification ratio to 1/2. |
| x 1 | Sets the magnification ratio to 1. |
| x 2 | Sets the magnification ratio to 2. |
| x 4 | Sets the magnification ratio to 4. |
| x 8 | Sets the magnification ratio to 8. |
| x 16 | Sets the magnification ratio to 16. |
| x 32 | Sets the magnification ratio to 32. |
| | |

(3) [Option] menu

| Customize | Opens the [Customize] Dialog Box. |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|
|-----------|-----------------------------------|

[Timing Chart] toolbar

| 0 | Deletes all the waveform data. |
|-----------|--|
| <u>**</u> | Searches for the change point of the selected pin in the backward direction (toward the left). |
| 1 | Searches for the change point of the selected pin in the forward direction (toward the right). |
| গী | Opens the [Select Pin] Dialog Box. The pin for which the waveform data is to be displayed is selected in this dialog box. |
| x 1 💌 | Selects the waveform data display magnification ratio from the drop-down list. If a part of waveform data may be lost as a result of changing the display magnification ratio, "Figure 7-73 Confirmation Dialog Box" is displayed. |

Context menu

Right-clicking in one of the areas in Maker area and Waveform area displays a context menu. The context menus are described below by area.

| Clear | Deletes all the waveform data. |
|-----------------|--|
| Find | Opens the [Search Data] Dialog Box. Waveform data search is performed in this dialog box. |
| Search backward | Searches for the change point of the selected pin in the backward direction (toward the left). |

| Search forward | Searches for the change point of the selected pin in the forward direction (toward the right). | | | |
|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| Select Pin | Opens the [Select Pin] Dialog Box. The pin for which the waveform data is to be displayed is selected in this dialog box. | | | |
| Waveform | Switches on/off display of Maker area and Waveform area. | | | |
| Time unit | Selects the time unit. | | | |
| Zoom | Selects the waveform data display magnification ratio. If a part of waveform data may be lost as a result of changing the display magnification ratio, "Figure 7-73 Confirmation Dialog Box" is displayed. | | | |
| Move MakerA | Moves marker A to the cursor location. The same action can be accomplished by pressing the Shift key + left-clicking. | | | |
| Move MakerB | Moves market B to the cursor location. The same action can be accomplished by pressing the Ctrl key + left-clicking. | | | |

Operation

- (1) Pin selection
- (2) Display of timing chart
- (3) Clearing of timing chart
- (4) Timing measurement for timing chart
- (5) Data search function
- (6) Operation at reset

(1) Pin selection

To display the timing chart, it is first necessary to select the pin to be displayed.

Open the [Select Pin] Dialog Box by selecting [Edit] menu -> [Select Pin...] and select the pin to be edited. Once a pin is selected, its name is displayed in Pin area.

(2) Display of timing chart

The waveforms of the selected pins are displayed in timing chart form through execution of the user program.

 Remark:
 The simulation speed can be increased by hiding the timing chart.

 To hide the timing chart, select [View] menu -> [Waveform] (deselect this item).

 (When hide is collected. Maker area and Waveform area are dimmed and "Display (

(When hide is selected, Maker area and Waveform area are dimmed and "Display OFF" is displayed at the center of these areas.

(3) Clearing of timing chart

Timing chart display is cleared through CPU reset or by selecting [Edit] menu -> [Clear].

(4) Timing measurement for timing chart

The timing between two points can be measured by marking 2 locations using prepared markers (A and B).

The time of each marker and the time between markers are displayed in (1) Information bar.

Each marker is placed by selecting [Move MarkerA] or [Move MarkerB] from the context menu.

As a result, marker A and marker B are placed at the position of the mouse cursor.

Moreover, the marker that is clicked last becomes the selected marker and can be subjected to key manipulation. The selected key marker is used in "(5) Data search function".

Figure 7-74 Maker A, B





(5) Data search function

There are two data search functions for timing charts.

(a) Simple search

Simple search is a function used to search change points for one pin.

Select the name of the pin for which the search is to be performed in Pin area and then select [Edit] menu -> [Search backward] or [Search forward].

As a result, the selected marker moves to the data position at which the change point was detected.

(b) Detailed search

In the case of detailed search, search using a combination of data of multiple pins can be executed. The search data is set in the [Search Data] Dialog Box displayed by selecting [Edit] menu -> [Find...]. The selected marker moves to the data position that was hit, similarly to simple search results.

(6) Operation at reset

If debugger or simulator reset occurs, the displayed waveforms of the timing chart are all cleared.

[Select Pin] Dialog Box

This dialog box is used when selecting pins displayed in the [Signal Data Editor] Window and the [Timing Chart] Window. (Refer to "6.1 Pin I/O Function".)

The pin information set in this dialog box can be saved as a pin information file (*.pin) by clicking the <Save> button. Moreover, the saved file contents can be restored by clicking the <Load> button.

| | Pin Name: | Analoe | Function | Name: | |
|---|----------------|--------|----------|------------|----------------|
| 1 | P10/ANO0 | - F | P10 | _ <u> </u> | <u>0</u> K |
| 2 | P11/ANO1 | - F | P11 | | Save |
| 3 | P40/SIB0/SDA01 | • | P40 | - | _ |
| 4 | | | | _ | <u>L</u> oad |
| 5 | 1 | | - | _ | Cl <u>e</u> ar |
| 6 | - | - F | - | I | <u>C</u> ancel |

Figure 7-75 [Select Pin] Dialog Box

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

When the target window is the current window,

Click this button or select [Edit] menu -> [Select Pin...].

Explanation of each area

(1) Connection pins setting area

Up to 256 pins can be selected by using the scrollbar located on the right side of the pin name setting area.

| Pin Name: | This area is used to specify the pin name to be connected. The connection pins can be specified either via direct input or through selection from the drop-down list. |
|----------------|--|
| Analog: | Select this checkbox to use the specified pin as an analog pin. |
| Function Name: | This area is used to set a function name for the pin name. When a character string is input in this area, this character string is displayed as a function name in the pin name part. If nothing is specified, the pin name is displayed. |

Remark: For the pin names that can be specified, refer to the user's manual of the device that is used.

(2) Function buttons

| ОК | Validates the settings and closes this dialog box. The pin name (or display name) is applied in the Pin field of the window from where this dialog box was called up. |
|--------|---|
| Save | The display contents are saved to the pin information file (*.pin). |
| Load | Loads the pin setting information of the specified file (*.pin). |
| Clear | Deletes the settings. |
| Cancel | Cancels the settings and closes this dialog box. |

[Search Data] Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to search the signal data displayed in the [Timing Chart] Window in detail. (Refer to "6.1 Pin I/O Function".)

Caution: Analog I/O signals cannot be searched.

| Pin Name: | Search Data: | Direction |
|-----------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|
| P03/INTP0/ADTRG | · ····· · | C <u>B</u> ackward <u>F</u> orward |
| P04/INTP1 | • • | |
| | • ····· • | <u>N</u> ext |
| | ▼ ▼ ▼ | <u>C</u> ancel |

Figure 7-76 [Search Data] Dialog Box

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

When the [Timing Chart] Window is the current window,

Click this button or select [Edit] menu -> [Find...].

Explanation of each area

(1) Search pin setting area

When multiple search conditions have been specified, the signal data that meets all these search conditions is searched.

Up to 48 search conditions can be specified by using the scrollbar located on the right side.

| Pin Name: | This area is used to specify the pin name to be searched. The pins can be specified either via direct input or through selection from the drop- down list. | |
|-----------|--|--|
| | Inputting noting makes an area off-limit to data search and input in the coresponding "Search Data:" is disabled. | |

| Search Data: | Selects the data from drop-down list. The data is searched for the pin to be speci- fied. | |
|--------------|--|---|
| | | Don't care |
| | Rising Edge | Searches the rising edge of signal data. |
| | Falling Edge | Searches the falling edge of signal data. |
| | Rise/Fall Edge | Searches the rising/falling edge of the signal data. |
| | High | Searches the signal data that is HIGH. |
| | Low | Searches the signal data that is LOW. |
| | Hi Z | Searches the signal data that is high impedance. |
| Direction | Selects the data search direction by selecting one of the exclusive radio button When the <next> button is clicked, the search is performed in the direction specified in this area.</next> | |
| | Backward | Searches the data backward (data older than the current location). |
| | Forward | Searches the data forward (data newer than the current location). (default) |

(2) Function buttons

| Next | Searches in the direction specified. When this button is clicked again following search completion, the next data is searched. | |
|--------|--|--|
| Cancel | Stops the data search and closes the dialog box. | |

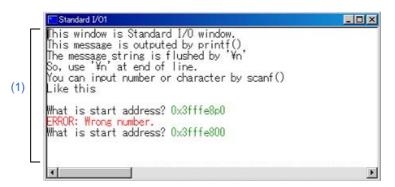
[Standard I/O] Window

This window is used when using the standard I/O function of the simulator. (Refer to "6.2 Standard I/O Function".)

This window allows text display of standard output data and direct input of standard input data.

Display data can be saved as a text format file (*.log) by selecting [Simulator] menu -> [Save/Save As...].

Figure 7-77 [Standard I/O] Window



- Opening
- Explanation of each area
- Dedicated menu ([Standard I/O] Window)
- Context menu
- Operation

Opening

Click this button or select [Simulator] menu -> [Standard I/O].

Explanation of each area

(1) Standard I/O display area

This area is used to display the standard output data from the simulator as text and directly input standard input data to the simulator. The maximum number of lines that can be displayed is 500. This number can be changed in the [Standard I/O Buffer Size] Dialog Box that is opened when [Option] ->[Buffer Size...] is selected from the menu bar.



| er Size | |
|---------|---|
| | |
| • | |
| Cancel | 1 |
| | • |

If the output data exceeds the maximum number of lines, it is overwritten starting from the oldest data. Data that has been deleted through overwriting cannot be restored.

Dedicated menu ([Standard I/O] Window)

(1) [Edit] menu

| Сору | Copies the string in selected range and copies it to the clipboard. |
|------------|---|
| Paste | Pastes the clipboard contents. (The data is pasted at the end of the display data in (1) Standard I/O display area, and these contents are treated as standard I/O data.) |
| Clear | Deletes all the display data. |
| Select All | Selects all display data. |

(2) [Option] menu

| Simulator Option | Opens the [Simulator Option] Dialog Box. | |
|------------------|--|--|
| Customize | Opens the [Customize] Dialog Box. | |
| Buffer Size | Opens the [Standard I/O Buffer Size] Dialog Box. | |

Context menu

| Сору | Copies the string in selected range and copies it to the clipboard. |
|-------|---|
| Paste | Pastes the clipboard contents. (The data is pasted at the end of the display data in (1) Standard I/O display area, and these contents are treated as standard I/O data.) |

| Clear | Deletes all the display data. |
|-------|-------------------------------|
|-------|-------------------------------|

Operation

- (1) Standard output
- (2) Standard input
- (3) Display area clear
- (4) Standard library usage method

(1) Standard output

Standard output data is displayed from the end of the display data of (1) Standard I/O display area.

(2) Standard input

Standard input is manipulated by directly inputting data to (1) Standard I/O display area.

The input data is displayed starting from the last data. Input through pasting is also possible.

(3) Display area clear

Clearing of (1) Standard I/O display area is done by selecting [Edit] menu -> [Clear].

(4) Standard library usage method

To use the standard library, it is necessary to set the start address (interface address) of the interface area in relation to the standard library (in the external memory area). (Refer to "6.2.1 Standard I/O and file I/O usage procedure".)

[Simulator Option] Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to set the various simulator options.

The [Standard Library Interface] tab is used to set/change the various information items related to the standard library interface used in the [Standard I/O] Window. (Refer to "6.2 Standard I/O Function".)



| | Simulator Option | × |
|-----|---|------|
| (1) | Standard Library Interface Interface Address: 0x200000 Input/Output Directory: D:\WORK\sample | |
| | OK Cancel Apply | Help |

- Opening
- [Standard Library Interface] tab
- Function buttonsFunction buttons

Opening

Select [Option] menu -> [Simulator Option...]

[Standard Library Interface] tab

(1) Information setting area

| Interface Address: | This area is used to specify the start address (interface address) of the interface area (in the external memory area) for interfacing with the standard library. | |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| Input/Output Directory: | This area is used to specify the folder to/from which a file for using the file I/O library is input or output. Multiple folders cannot be specified. | |

Function buttons

| ОК | Validates the settings and closes this dialog box. | |
|--------|--|--|
| Cancel | Cancels the settings and closes this dialog box. | |
| Apply | Cannot be selected. | |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. | |

[Serial] Window

This window is used to communicate with the serial interface provided in the CPU. (Refer to "6.3 Serial I/O Function".)

Since this window operates as the serial interface of the remote node of the CPU, transmission data from CPU turns into reception data in this window, and transmission data from this window turns into reception data in the CPU.

Two types of files can be handled in this window.

The transmission/reception data displayed in the top area in this window can be saved as a CSV-format text file by selecting [Simulator] menu -> [Save/Save As...]. (Refer to "6.3.2 Serial log data file (*.log)".)

Moreover, the transmissio data created in the lower part of this window can be saved as a CSV-format text file by clicking the <Save> button. The contents can be restored by clicking the <Load> button. (Refer to "6.3.3 Serial transmission data file (*.ser)".)

Remark: Multiple instances of this window can be opened.

After opening this window, select the serial interface to be verified in (1) Serial selection area.

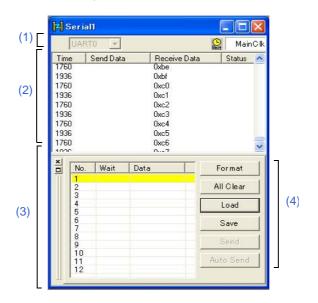


Figure 7-80 [Serial] Window

- Opening
- Explanation of each area
- Dedicated menu ([Serial] Window)
- Context menu

Opening

Click this button, or select [Simulator] menu -> [Serial...].

Explanation of each area

(1) Serial selection area

Select the serial interface to be used.

| UARTOD 💌 | Select the serial interface to be used from the list of provided serial interfaces (drop-down list). Caution: Once selected, the serial interface cannot be changed. |
|-----------|--|
| Sint usec | Select from the drop-down list the time information unit applied to Wait in the Serial editor area. The time information unit can be changed by selecting [Edit] menu -> [Time unit]. |

(2) Log display area

Displays the transmission/reception data.

The display timing is when all the bits constituting the data have been received or sent.

Only data from which the start bit, stop bit, and parity bit have been deleted is displayed in this area.

The data display method can be changed by selecting [View] menu-> [Numeric Representation] -> [Binary/ Hexadecimal].

Log display is cleared upon debugger or simulator reset.

| Time | Displays the time from the completion of reception/transmission of the previous data until completion of reception/transmission of the current data. The time information unit is specified by selecting [Edit] menu -> [Time unit]. | |
|--------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| Send Data | Displays the data sent by this window (data received by the CPU). | |
| Receive Data | Displays the data received by this window (data sent by the CPU). | |
| Status | Displays the status during data reception. When an error occurs, one of the following marks is displayed. When everything is normal, nothing is displayed. | |
| | Р | Parity error (mismatching parity bit) |
| | F | Framing error (stop bit not detected) |

(3) Serial editor area

This area is where the transmission data is created.

This area can be shown or hidden by selecting [View] menu -> [Serial Editor].

The Function buttons are used for operations in this area.

| No | This is a number assigned sequentially from the beginning. It cannot be directly written. The maximum number is 9999 lines. | |
|------|--|--|
| Wait | Specifies the time from the completion of transmission of the immediately previous data until the start of transmission of next data.Valid during transmission using the <auto send=""> button. The time information unit is the unit selected by selecting [Edit] menu -> [Time unit]. The wait value is input by placing the cursor in the Wait field to be edited and double- clicking. One wait value can be written per operation.</auto> | |

| Data | This area is used to edit transmission data. Data can be directy input by placing the cursor in the data field and double-clicking. Data suffixed by "0x" is treated as hexadecimal data, and data suffixed by "0b" is treated as binary data. The default code is the hexadecimal code. If a bit length different from that specified in the [Format (UART)] Dialog Box or [Format (CSI)] Dialog Box is specified, data from the lower bit is valid. One data can be written per operation. |
|------|--|
|------|--|

(4) Function buttons

| Format | Opens the [Format (UART)] Dialog Box or [Format (CSI)] Dialog Box. | | |
|-----------|--|--|--|
| All Clear | Clears all (3) Serial editor area. | | |
| Load | The contents of the specified file (*.ser) are loaded and displayed in (3) Serial editor area. | | |
| Save | The data setting contents are saved in CSV format to the specified file (*.ser). | | |
| Send | Sends one of the data selected in (3) Serial editor area. The next data becomes selected upon completion of transmission. If no data is selected, the first data is sent. | | |
| Auto Send | Makes the data selected in (3) Serial editor area the first data, and automatically transfers from the data to the bottom of the area. The data transmission time interval is the time specified for Wait. | | |

Dedicated menu ([Serial] Window)

(1) [Edit] menu

| Insert | Inserts a new line immediately before the selected line. | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Cut Cuts the selected range and saves it to the clipboard. | | | |
| Сору | Copies the selected range and copies it to the clipboard. | | |
| Paste | Pastes the contents of the clipboard to the selected location. | | |
| Delete | Deletes the selected range. | | |
| Time unit Selects the time unit. | | | |
| main clock | Main clock | | |
| usec | Microsecond | | |
| msec Millisecond | | | |
| Format Opens the [Format (UART)] Dialog Box or [Format (CSI)] Dialog Box. | | | |

(2) [View] menu

| Serial Editor | | Selects whether (3) Serial editor area is displayed or not. |
|------------------------|--------|--|
| Numeric Representation | | Changes the display method of (2) Log display area display method. |
| | Binary | Displays binary numbers. |
| Hexadecimal | | Displays hexadecimal numbers. |

(3) [Option] menu

| Customize | Opens the [Customize] Dialog Box. |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|
|-----------|-----------------------------------|

Context menu

Right-clicking in one of the areas in (3) Serial editor area displays a context menu. The context menus are described below by area.

| Insert | Inserts a new line immediately before the selected line. | |
|--------|--|--|
| Cut | Cuts the selected range and saves it to the clipboard. | |
| Сору | Copies the selected range and copies it to the clipboard. | |
| Paste | Pastes the contents of the clipboard to the selected location. | |
| Delete | Deletes the selected range. | |

[Format (UART)] Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to set the serial format for the asynchronous serial interface (UART). (Refer to "6.3 Serial I/O Function".)

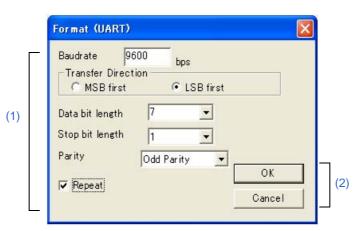


Figure 7-81 [Format (UART)] Dialog Box

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

When the UART serial interface is selected in the [Serial] Window, select [Edit] menu -> [Format...], or click the <Format> button in that window.

Explanation of each area

(1) Serial format setting area

| Baudrate | Directly input th | Directly input the serial baud rate value as an integer. (Unit: bps) | | |
|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Transfer Direction | Selects the transfer direction. | | | |
| | MSB first | Sets MSB first as the transfer direction. | | |
| | LSB first | Sets LSB first as the transfer direction. (default) | | |
| Data bit length | through direct in | Select the bit length of the transmission data from the drop-down list, or specify it through direct input. The default is 7, and a value of up to 32 can be specified. | | |
| Stop bit length | Select the stop | Select the stop bit length from the drop-down list. (default:1) | | |
| Parity | Select the parity | Select the parity information (none parity (default) /odd parity/even parity/0 parity). | | |
| Repeat | Select this item to repeat data transfer when the <auto send=""> button in the Window has been clicked.</auto> | | | |
| | Checked | Following transmission of the last data during automatic transmission, returns to the beginning of the data and performs automatic transmission. | | |
| | Cleared | Following transmission of the last data during automatic transmission, stops transmission. | | |

Remark: For the selectable range, refer to the user's manual of the device that is used.

(2) Function buttons

| ОК | Validates the settings and closes this dialog box. | |
|---|--|--|
| Cancel Cancels the settings and closes this dialog box. | | |

[Format (CSI)] Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to specify the serial format for the 3-wire serial interface (CSI). (Refer to "6.3 Serial I/O Function".)

| Master | C Slave | |
|-------------------------|-----------|----|
| Transfer Clock | 625 kHz | |
| Transfer Direc | | |
| Data bit length | 8 💽 | |
| -Data Phase ⓒ Normal | C Precede | |
| -Clock Phase - | C Reverse | ок |

Figure 7-82 [Format (CSI)] Dialog Box

- Opening
- Explanation of each area
- Transmission/reception when 3-wire serial interface (CSI) is selected

Opening

When the CSI serial interface is selected in the [Serial] Window, select [Edit] menu -> [Format...], or click the <Format> button in that window.

Explanation of each area

(1) Serial format setting area

| Master, Slave | Selects the transfe | Selects the transfer mode. | | |
|--------------------|---|--|--|--|
| | Master | Operates this window as a master. Setting of "Transfer Clock" is required for generating the clock during communication. | | |
| | Slave | Operates this window as a slave. (default) Communication is performed using the clock of the serial interface provided in the CPU. | | |
| Transfer Clock | Directly input the transfer clock value (unit: kHz). Values with decimals can also be set. This item must be set when master is selected. | | | |
| Transfer Direction | Selects the transfe | Selects the transfer direction. | | |
| | MSB first | Sets MSB first as the transfer direction. (default) | | |
| | LSB first | Sets LSB first as the transfer direction. | | |
| Data bit length | Select the bit length of the transmission data from the drop-down list, or specify it through direct input. The default is 8, and a value of up to 32 can be specified. | | | |
| Data Phase | Select the transmission/reception timing to set the data phase. The data clock phase is set in combination with "Clock Phase" as shown in "Table 7-19 Data Clock Phase Settings". | | | |
| | Normal | Transmits/receives data at the normal 3-wire serial transmission/reception timing. (default) | | |
| | Precede | Transmits/receives data at a timing half a clock of the operation clock earlier than the normal 3-wire serial transmission/reception timing. | | |
| Clock Phase | Select the transmission/reception clock waveform to set the clock phase. The data clock phase is set in combination with "Data Phase" as shown in "Table 7-19 Data Clock Phase Settings". | | | |
| | Normal | Operates on the normal 3-wire serial clock.(Transfer starts at the falling edge of the clock.) (default) | | |
| | Reverse | Operates on the reverse clock of the normal 3-wire serial clock. (Transfer starts at the rising edge of the clock.) | | |
| Repeat | Select this item to repeat data transfer when the <auto send=""> button in the [Serial] Window has been clicked.</auto> | | | |
| | Checked | Following transmission of the last data during automatic transmission, returns to the beginning of the data and performs automatic transmission. | | |
| | Cleared | Following transmission of the last data during automatic transmission, stops transmission. | | |

Remark: For the selectable range, refer to the user's manual of the device that is used.

| Data Phase Setting | Clock Phase Setting | Data Clock Phase |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| Normal | Normal | scк |
| | | SO D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 |
| | | SI input Timing |
| Precede | Normal | scк |
| | | SO D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 |
| | | SI input Timing |
| Normal | Reverse | scк |
| | | SO D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 |
| | | SI input Timing |
| Precede | Reverse | scк |
| | | SO D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 |
| | | SI input Timing |

(2) Function buttons

| ОК | Validates the settings and closes this dialog box. |
|--------|--|
| Cancel | Cancels the settings and closes this dialog box. |

Transmission/reception when 3-wire serial interface (CSI) is selected

The [Serial] Window when CSI is selected always operates in the transmission/reception mode regardless of whether "Master" or "Slave" is selected in the Format (CSI) dialog box.

| When "Master" is selected | Data is transmitted or received immediately after clicking the <send> button or the <auto send=""> button in (3) Serial editor area.</auto></send> |
|---------------------------|---|
| When "Slave" is selected | Data becomes ready to be transmitted or received after clicking the <send> button or the <auto send=""> button in (3) Serial editor area. Data starts to be transmitted or received when the CSI clock signal is received in the data transmission/reception ready status. This ready status is released when data transmission or reception is completed. (Even if the CSI clock is received, data is not transmitted or received in other than the data transmission/reception ready status.)</auto></send> |

Accordingly, when only wanting to reception data in the [Serial] Window when "Slave" is selected, execute as follows (Reception setting when CSI serial slave is selecte).

1) Check [Repeat] in the [Format (CSI)] Dialog Box.



- 2) Set the Wait time to 0 as a dummy setting in the [Serial] Window.
- 3) Click the <Auto Send> button.

| CS | | 1 | Unit MainCl |
|------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------------|
| me | Send Da | | ata Status |
| 596 | 0×00 0×00 | 0xe7 0x0c | |
| 730 | 0x00 | 0x28 | |
| 706 | 0×00 | 0×45 | |
| 316 514 | 0×00 0×00 | 0x80 0xac | |
| | | | |
| | | | 1010 |
| N | | Data | Format |
| C | o. Wait | Data 0x00 | Format All Clear |
| Pv a | | | 5 |
| Pus. | | | All Clear |
| Pus a | | | All Clear |
| C | 0 | | All Clear Load Save |

[I/O Panel] Window

This window is used to configure a dummy target system. This window is used to display and manipulate connected parts. (Refer to "6.4 Panel Function".)

A dummy target system can be constructed by making connected part settings in the [I/O Panel] Window. The connected parts for which settings have been performed are displayed in this window, and they serve as signal interface points during simulation.

Moreover, these parts can be moved to any location within the window.

Information about parts that are placed in the window can be saved to a file (*.pnl) by selecting [Simulator] menu -> [Save/Save As...]. Moreover, the saved file contents can be restored by selecting [Simulator] menu -> [Open...].

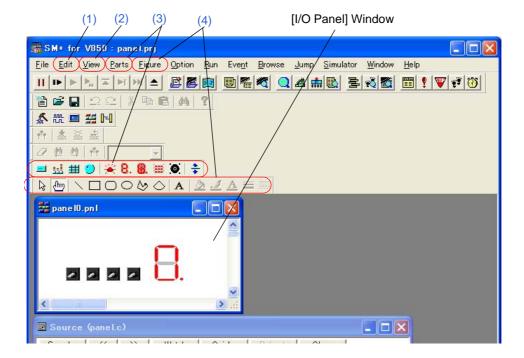


Figure 7-83 [I/O Panel] Window

- Opening
- Related Menu bar / Toolbar
- Context menu
- Operation

Opening

Elick this button, or select [Simulator] menu -> [I/O Panel...].

Related Menu bar / Toolbar

The menu items and buttons on the toolbar, which are used to perform operations related to the [I/O Panel] window, are described below.

In the [Parts] and [Figure] menus, similar operations can be performed using the buttons on the toolbar.

(1) [Edit] menu

- (2) [View] menu
- (3) [Parts] menu / Toolbar (Parts)
- (4) [Figure] menu / Toolbar (Figure)

(1) [Edit] menu

Select this menu to perform basic editing actions on figure objects created using the [Figure] menu / Toolbar (Figure), as well as part objects created using the [Parts] menu / Toolbar (Parts).

| Undo | Undoes the immediately preceding operation, such as object move. Undo can restore up to 5 previous changes. |
|----------------|--|
| Redo | Restores the status undone by the [Undo] command. |
| Cut | Cuts the selected range and saves it to the clipboard. |
| Сору | Copies the selected range and saves it to the clipboard. |
| Paste | Pastes the contents of the clipboard. |
| Delete | Deletes the selected range. |
| Select All | Selects all the objects in the window. |
| Group | Groups the selected objects. |
| UnGroup | Ungroups the selected objects. |
| Bring to Front | Brings the selected object to the front. |
| Send to Back | Sends the selected object to the back. |
| Bring Forward | Brings the selected object one panel forward. |
| Send Backward | Sends the selected object one panel backward. |

(2) [View] menu

Select this menu to switch the toolbar/status bar display status in the I/O Panel window, or to show/hide various types of information in the I/O Panel window.

| ToolBar | Switches on and off the display of two toolbars (Figure/Object). |
|------------|--|
| StatusBar | Switches on and off display of the status bar. |
| Parts List | Opens the [Parts List] Dialog Box. A list of all the figure/part objects is displayed in the I/O Panel window. |
| Grid | Shows/hides the window grid. |

| Properties | Opens the property dialog box of the selected figure/part object. (Refer to "Table | |
|------------|--|--|
| | 6-7 Connected Parts".) | |

(3) [Parts] menu / Toolbar (Parts)

This menu is used to select the provided connected parts by SM+ when newly creating or placing parts in the window.

When a cascade menu is selected, the cursor changes into a cross (+) and it becomes possible to create and place new parts. To create a new part, click anywhere in the window in this state and the corresponding part will be created. Then double-click the part and set the pin connection and style in the open properties dialog boxes. (Refer to "Table 6-7 Connected Parts".)

| Button | Changes the cursor shape into a cross (+), enabling the creation of button. |
|---------------------|---|
| | The same action can be accomplished by clicking this button in the toolbar. |
| Analog Button | Changes the cursor shape into a cross (+), enabling the creation of analog button. |
| | The same action can be accomplished by clicking this analog button in the toolbar. |
| Key Matrix | Changes the cursor shape into a cross (+), enabling the creation of key matrix. |
| | It he same action can be accomplished by clicking this button in the toolbar. |
| Level Gauge | Changes the cursor shape into a cross (+), enabling the creation of level gauge. |
| | The same action can be accomplished by clicking this button in the toolbar. |
| LED | Changes the cursor shape into a cross (+), enabling the creation of LED. |
| | E The same action can be accomplished by clicking this button in the toolbar. |
| 7-Segment LED | Changes the cursor shape into a cross (+), enabling the creation of 7-segment LED. |
| | E. The same action can be accomplished by clicking this button in the toolbar. |
| 14-Segment LED | Changes the cursor shape into a cross (+), enabling the creation of 14-segment LED. |
| | B. The same action can be accomplished by clicking this button in the toolbar. |
| Matrix LED | Changes the cursor shape into a cross (+), enabling the creation of matrix LED. |
| | The same action can be accomplished by clicking this button in the toolbar. |
| Buzzer | Changes the cursor shape into a cross (+), enabling the creation of buzzer. |
| | In the same action can be accomplished by clicking this button in the toolbar. |
| Pull up / Pull down | Opens the [Pull up/Pull down] Dialog Box. |
| | The same action can be accomplished by clicking this button in the toolbar. |
| | |

(4) [Figure] menu / Toolbar (Figure)

Select this menu to create and edit objects such as figures, bitmaps, and characters in the I/O Panel window.

| Select | Changes the cursor shape into an arrow, enabling the selection of objects. |
|--------|---|
| | The same action can be accomplished by clicking this button in the toolbar. |

| Simulation Mode | Changes the cursor shape into a hand, enabling simulation of input to connected parts. |
|-------------------|---|
| | The same action can be accomplished by clicking this button in the toolbar. |
| Line | Changes the cursor shape into a cross (+), enabling the drawing of lines. |
| | The same action can be accomplished by clicking this button in the toolbar. |
| Rectangle | Changes the cursor shape into a cross (+), enabling the drawing of rectangles. |
| | The same action can be accomplished by clicking this button in the toolbar. |
| Rounded Rectangle | Changes the cursor shape into a cross (+), enabling the drawing of rectangles with rounded corners. |
| | D The same action can be accomplished by clicking this button in the toolbar. |
| Ellipse | Changes the cursor shape into a cross (+), enabling the drawing of ellipses. |
| | The same action can be accomplished by clicking this button in the toolbar. |
| Polygon | Changes the cursor shape into a cross (+), enabling the drawing of polygons. |
| | Mathematical The same action can be accomplished by clicking this button in the toolbar. |
| Fan-shaped | Changes the cursor shape into a cross (+), enabling the drawing of fan shapes. |
| | The same action can be accomplished by clicking this button in the toolbar. |
| Text | Changes the cursor shape into a cross (+), enabling the drawing of text. |
| | A The same action can be accomplished by clicking this button in the toolbar. |
| Paste Bitmap | This dialog box is used to paste the selected bitmap file in the I/O Panel window. |
| Color of Line | Opens the [Edit Colors] Dialog Box. The color of the lines of the selected object can be changed to the selected color in this dialog box. |
| | Figure 7-84 [Edit Colors] Dialog Box |
| | Color Basic colors: Custom colors: Define Custom Colors >> OK |
| | The same action can be accomplished by clicking this button in the toolbar. |
| Color of Fill | Opens the [Edit Colors] Dialog Box. The color used for the selected object can be changed to the selected color in this dialog box. |
| | The same action can be accomplished by clicking this button in the toolbar. |

| Font | Opens the [Font] Dialog Box. The font of the selected object can be changed to the selected font in this dialog box. |
|-------------------|---|
| | Figure 7-85 [Font] Dialog Box |
| | Font |
| | Font Font style: Size: Part Aharoni Pegular 12 OK Part Andalus Pegular 12 Cancel Part Angsana New Pegular 14 Cancel Part Angsana New 16 18 20 Part Angsana DPC Pegular 12 Cancel Part Angsana New Pegular 14 Cancel Part Angsana New Pegular 12 Cancel Part Angsana New Pegular 12 Cancel Part Angsana New Pegular 14 Cancel Part Angsana New Pegular 18 20 Qart Arial Pegular 22 24 Pegular Strikeout Pegular Pegular Pegular Pegular Pegular Pegular Pegular Pegular Pegular Pegular Pegular Pegular Pegul |
| | Black Script: |
| Style of Line | Selects the line style from a cascade menu. The lines of the selected object are changed. |
| 16pt | Sets the line thickness to 16 pt. |
| 12pt | Sets the line thickness to 12 pt. |
| 8pt | Sets the line thickness to 8 pt. |
| 4pt | Sets the line thickness to 4 pt. |
| 2pt | Sets the line thickness to 2 pt. |
| 1pt | Sets the line thickness to 1 pt. |
| No line | Does not draw lines. |
| Dotted Line Style | Selects the dotted line style from a cascade menu. The lines of the selected object are changed. |
| Solid Line | Draw solid lines. |
| Dash Line | Draw dashed lines. |
| Dotted Line | Draw dotted lines. |
| DashDot Line | Draw DashDot lines. |
| DashDotDot Line | Draw DashDotDot lines. |

Context menu

This menu is displayed by right-clicking in the I/O Panel window in the edit mode (when [Figure] menu -> [Select] is selected).

| Сору | | Copies the selected objects. | |
|------------|----------------|---|--|
| Paste | | Pastes the contents of the clipboard. | |
| D | elete | Deletes the selected objects. | |
| G | roup | Selects from a cascade menu. | |
| <u> </u> | Group | Groups the selected objects. | |
| | UnGroup | Ungroups the selected objects. | |
| 0 | rder | Selects from a cascade menu. | |
| | Bring to Front | Brings the selected object to the front. | |
| | Send to Back | Sends the selected object to the back. | |
| | Bring Forward | Brings the selected object one panel forward. | |
| | Send Backward | Sends the selected object one panel backward. | |
| Properties | | Opens the property dialog box of the selected figure/part object. (Refer to "Table 6-7 Connected Parts".) | |

Operation

- (1) Drawing figure objects
- (2) Changing the figure object style
- (3) Inputting text
- (4) Pasting a bitmap
- (5) Creating a new part object
- (6) Edit mode
- (7) Selecting objects
- (8) Moving objects
- (9) Changing object size
- (10) Cut/Copy/Paste/Delete/Group/UnGroup an object
- (11) Changing object sequence (Bring to Front/Send to Back/Bring Forward/Send Backward)
- (12) List display of connected parts/figure objects
- (13) Grid display
- (14) Object properties display
- (15) Inputting connected parts

(1) Drawing figure objects

Drawing a line

1) Select [Figure] menu -> [Line] or click the corresponding button on the toolbar.

-> The mouse cursor changes to a cross (+) shape and line drawing becomes possible.

2) Drag the cursor from the line start position to the end position.

-> The line start position and the line end position are connected by a straight line. (The line thickness and shape are the default settings.)

Drawing a rectangle/rounded rectangle/fan shape

1) Select [Figure] menu -> [Rectangle/Rounded Rectangle/Ellipse/Fan-shaped] or click the corresponding button on the toolbar.

-> The mouse cursor changes to a cross (+) shape and each drawings becomes possible.

2) Drag the mouse cursor from the top left corner to the bottom right corner of the drawing area (rectangular area).

-> The corresponding figure is displayed in the drawing area, with the mouse position forming the lower right corner.

3) Drop the figure to fix its size.

-> Rectangles are drawn in the same size as the rectangular area, and other figure shapes are drawn in a size that fits in the rectangular area. (The line thickness and shape are the default settings.)

Drawing a polygon

1) Select [Figure] menu -> [Polygon] or click the corresponding button on the toolbar.

-> The mouse cursor changes to a cross (+) shape and polygon drawing becomes possible.

- 2) Click at each position marking an apex of the polygon.
 - -> The apexes are linked by a straight line in the order in which they were clicked.
- 3) Drawing of the polygon is completed by double-clicking.
 - -> The line thickness and shape are the default settings.

(2) Changing the figure object style

Changing the figure object style can be accomplished with any one of the following methods.

- Select the corresponding figure, and then on the [Style] tab in the dialog box opened by right-clicking, change the style.
- Select [Figure] menu -> [Color of Line /Color of Fill /Style of Line/Dotted Line Style] (or click the corresponding button on the toolbar), and change the style.

(3) Inputting text

1) Select [Figure] menu -> [Text] or click the corresponding button on the toolbar.

-> The mouse cursor changes to a cross (+) shape.

- 2) Drag the mouse cursor from the top left corner of the character drawing area (rectangular area) to the lower right corner.
 - -> This rectangular area serves as the character drawing area.
- 3) Click in the character drawing area.
 - -> The cursor is displayed and character input becomes possible.

(4) Pasting a bitmap

- 1) Select the [Figure] menu -> [Paste Bitmap].
- 2) Select the bitmap file (*.bmp) to be pasted.
 - -> The corresponding bitmap file is pasted in the default position in the I/O Panel window.

(5) Creating a new part object

1) Select the part to be created from [Parts] menu or the toolbar.

-> The mouse cursor changes to a cross (+) shape.

2) Click any location.

-> The corresponding part is created and placed with the clicked location as the top left corner (default size).

(6) Edit mode

Editing in the I/O Panel window is performed in the edit mode.

The mode can be change to the edit mode using the following methods.

- Select [Figure] menu -> [Select].
- Click the corresponding button on the toolbar.
- When [Figure] menu -> [Simulation mode] is not selected, click any location in the I/O Panel window.
- Select [Edit] menu -> [Select All].

(7) Selecting objects

The selected types and methods are indicated below.

The selected object or objects are displayed surrounded by a tracker indicating their selected status.

- Single selection -> Click the object to be selected.
- Multiple selections -> Click the objects to be selected while pressing the Shift key.
- Range selection -> Drag from the top left corner of the area including the object to be selected, and drop at the lower right corner.
- Select all -> Select [Edit] menu-> [Select All].

(8) Moving objects

- 1) Select the object to be moved (multiple selections possible).
 - -> A tracker indicating the selected status is displayed around the corresponding object.
- 2) Drag the object and drop it at the move destination.
 - -> The corresponding object is moved.

(9) Changing object size

1) Select the object whose size is to be changed.

-> A tracker indicating the selected status is displayed around the corresponding object.

2) Click the tracker.

-> The mouse cursor changes to an arrow shape (->) indicating the direction in which the size can be changed.

3) Drag.

-> The size of the object changes.

(10) Cut/Copy/Paste/Delete/Group/UnGroup an object

After selecting the desired object, select the corresponding item from (1) [Edit] menu.

(11) Changing object sequence (Bring to Front/Send to Back/Bring Forward/Send Backward)

After selecting the target object, select the corresponding item from (1) [Edit] menu.

(12) List display of connected parts/figure objects

Objects created in the I/O Panel window can be displayed as a list by selecting [View] menu -> [Parts List], in addition to display in the I/O Panel window.

(13) Grid display

A grid is displayed in the I/O Panel window by selecting [View] menu -> [Grid].

(14) Object properties display

The properties dialog box for the corresponding object can be opened using one of the following methods.

- Double-click the corresponding object.
- Right-click the corresponding object and select [Properties...].
- Select the corresponding object and then select [View] menu -> [Properties...].

(15) Inputting connected parts

By selecting [Figure] menu -> [Simulation Mode], the mouse cursor changes to a hand shape and input to connected parts becomes possible.

For input details, refer to the properties dialog box of each connected part. (Refer to "Table 6-7 Connected Parts".)

[Parts Button Properties] Dialog Box

This property dialog box is used to set or change the pin connection information of buttons, which are one of the connection parts in the [I/O Panel] Window. (Refer to "6.4 Panel Function".)

Input to the simulator can be done from pin-connected buttons.

There are two types of button display styles, figure and bitmap. These styles can be changed on the [Style] tab (standard).

| | Parts Button Properties |
|-----|--|
| | Button Connection Style |
| | Label : |
| | Pin Name : |
| (1) | Active Level : C LOW . HIGH |
| | Type: Push C Toggle C Group |
| | Group Name : |
| | Hold Time : 0.5 msec |
| | default: inactive |
| | Not change at reset. inactive active |
| | |
| | OK Cancel Apply Help |

Figure 7-86 [Parts Button Properties] Dialog Box ([Button Connection] Tab)

Figure 7-87 [Parts Button Properties] Dialog Box ([Style] Tab (Standard))

| | Button Connection Style | 1 | |
|----|--|----------|----|
| 1) | Figure Shape : Rectangle ▼ Shadow Line Thickness: 1 → Active : ▼ | Preview | |
| 2) | Active : Act | Active | (3 |
| _) | Add Delete | Inactive | |

- Opening
- [Button Connection] tab
- [Style] tab (standard)
- Function buttons
- Display examples and operation

Opening

Double-click the corresponding connected parts (Button) in the [I/O Panel] Window, or select the corresponding parts (Button) and select [View] menu -> [Properties...].

[Button Connection] tab

(1) Pin connection information setting area

| Label: | This area is used to specify the part name. The part name input here is displayed on the button. Moreover, it is also displayed in the [Parts List] Dialog Box as the label. | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Pin Name: | This area is used to specify the pin name to be connected. The connection pins can be specified either via direct input or through selection from the drop-down list. | | |
| Active Level: | The active state is sele | cted with a radio button, as follows. | |
| | LOW | Sets the active level to LOW. | |
| | HIGH | Sets the active level to HIGH. (default) | |
| Туре: | Button types are select | ted using radio buttons, as follows. | |
| | Push | Makes the button a Push button. (default) The "Hold Time:" item must be specified. | |
| | Toggle | Makes the button a Toggle button. | |
| | Group | Makes the button a Group button. The "Group Name:" item must be specified. | |
| Group Name: | This area is used to input the button's group name. Input to this area is possible only when "Group" has been selected in "Type:". | | |
| Hold Time: | Specify the time (hold time) for which the input value is to be held (default: 0.5msec). The settable range is from 0.001 to 999 (msec). Input to this area is possible only when "Push" has been selected in "Type:". | | |
| default: Specify the button status after | | us after CPU reset. | |
| | Not change at reset. | Maintains the button status after CPU reset. | |
| | inactive | Buttons are non-depressed after CPU reset (default). | |
| | active | Buttons are depressed after CPU reset. | |

Remark: For the pin names that can be specified, refer to the user's manual of the device that is used.

[Style] tab (standard)

This [Style] tab (standard) is used in common as the [Style] tab for the [Parts Button Properties] Dialog Box, [Analog Button Properties] Dialog Box, [Parts Key Properties] Dialog Box, [Parts Led Properties] Dialog Box, [Parts Matrix Led Properties] Dialog Box, and [Parts Buzzer Properties] Dialog Box.

(1) Setting area upon figure selection

The Color Selection Palette is displayed by clicking the pull-down button.

The following items can be set.

| Figure: | Check this radio button to select figure as the display style for parts. | | |
|------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Shape: | Select the figure shape. Two shapes can be selected: rectangle and ellipse. | | |
| Shadow | Cannot be selected. | | |
| Line | Specifies and changes settings related to figure line, as follows. | | |
| | Thickness: | Specifies the line thickness. Specification is made either using a spin button or through direct input. A value from 1 to 100 can be specified. | |
| | Active: | Specifies the color of the line during active display. | |
| | Inactive: | Specifies the color of the line during inactive display. | |
| Fill up Specifies and change | | settings related to figure filling, as follows. | |
| | Active: | Specifies the fill color during active display. | |
| | Inactive: | Specifies the fill color during inactive display. | |

(2) Setting area upon bitmap selection

| Bitmap | Check this radio button to select bitmap as the display style for parts. | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Bitmap selection list | The selectable bitmaps are displayed. | | |
| <add> button <delete> button</delete></add> | Open the [Entry Bitmap] Dialog Box by clicking <add> button and add a bitmap to Bitmap selection list. The bitmap file is specified either through file selection using the <> button (Browse button), or through direct input.Select the bitmap to be deleted, and then click <delete> button to delete the bitmap from the list. Figure 7-88 [Entry Bitmap] Dialog Box</delete></add> | | |
| | Active Bitmap : \VXXX\bin\common\bitmap\buzzer_on.bmr Inactive Bitmap : \VXXX\bin\common\bitmap\buzzer_off.bmp QK Qancel | | |

(3) Preview area

| Preview | Displays the selected part style in preview form. The status style is previewed both when the part is active and when it is inactive. |
|---------|--|
|---------|--|

Function buttons

| ОК | Validates the settings and closes this dialog box. | |
|--------|--|--|
| Cancel | Cancels the settings and closes this dialog box. | |
| Apply | Cannot be selected. | |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. | |

Display examples and operation

By clicking the displayed button, data can be input to the pin connected to the button.

The input format differs depending on the button type (push, toggle, group).

Figure 7-89 Parts Display Example (Button)



| Push button | Cicking this button causes the active value to be loaded to the connected pin. The active value is held during the hold time, after which it changes to the original value. | |
|---------------|--|--|
| Toggle button | Clicking this button loads the active value to the connected pin. The active value is held during the hold time, after which it changes to the original value. | |
| Group button | Clicking this button loads the active value to the connected pin. The value of the Group button having the same group name returns to the original value. | |

[Analog Button Properties] Dialog Box

This property dialog box is used to set or change the pin connection information of analog buttons, which are one of the connection parts in the [I/O Panel] Window. (Refer to "6.4 Panel Function".)

Input to the simulator can be done from pin-connected analog buttons.

There are two types of analog button display styles, figure and bitmap. These styles can be changed on the [Style] tab (standard).

| | Analog Button Properties |
|-----|--|
| Γ | Analog Button Connection Style |
| (1) | Active Atriange Arrange Row Column default: inactive Not change at reset. inactive Active is 'abc' (10 mV) |
| | Inactive mV |
| | OK Cancel Apply Help |

Figure 7-90 [Analog Button Properties] Dialog Box ([Analog Button Connection] Tab)

- Opening
- [Analog Button Connection] tab
- Function buttons
- Display examples and operation

Opening

Double-click the corresponding connected parts (Analog Button) in the [I/O Panel] Window, or select the corresponding parts (Analog Button) and select [View] menu -> [Properties...].

[Analog Button Connection] tab

(1) Pin connection information setting area

| Label | This area is used to specify the part name. The part name input here is displayed on the button. Moreover, it is also displayed in the [Parts List] Dialog Box as the label. | | |
|----------|---|--|--|
| Pin Name | This area is used to specify the pin name to be connected. The connection pins can be specified either via direct input or through selection from the drop-down list. | | |
| Active | The active state is selected with a radio button, as follows. | | |
| | Check box | Analog buttons are created by the number of selected check boxes. | |
| | Label | Directly input the name to be displayed on each analog button. | |
| | Voltage(mV) | Directly input the voltage to be input when each analog button is clicked, in mV units. | |
| Arrange | Specify the button arrangement using the radio button. This setting is available if two or more analog buttons have been created in the A area. This setting is ignored if there is only one analog button or no analog buttons hav been created. | | |
| | Row | Analog buttons will be arranged horizontally. | |
| | Column | Analog buttons will be arranged vertically. | |
| default | Maintains the analog button operation after CPU reset. | | |
| | Not change at reset. | Maintains the analog button status immediately before CPU reset, after CPU reset. | |
| | inactive | All of the analog buttons are non-depressed after CPU reset (default). | |
| | Active is ' <i>xxx'yyy</i> (mV) | The analog button specified with "' <i>xxx</i> '(<i>yyy</i> mV) " is depressed after CPU reset. | |
| Inactive | Specify the input level when no analog buttons are depressed. | | |

Remark: For the pin names that can be specified, refer to the user's manual of the device that is used.

Function buttons

| ОК | Validates the settings and closes this dialog box. | |
|--------|--|--|
| Cancel | Cancels the settings and closes this dialog box. | |
| Apply | Cannot be selected. | |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. | |

Display examples and operation

While an analog button is depressed, the specified analog voltage value is input to the specified pin.

Clicking the depressed analog button again restores the button to its original state.

Figure 7-91 Parts Display Example (Analog Button)



[Parts Key Properties] Dialog Box

This property dialog box is used to set or change the pin connection information of a key matrix, which is one of the connection parts in the [I/O Panel] Window. (Refer to "6.4 Panel Function".)

Input to the simulator can be done from pin-connected keys.

A key matrix consisting of input pins and output pins of up to 16 x 16 can be set.

Either figure or bitmap can be selected as the key matrix display style. These styles can be changed on the [Style] tab (standard).

Caution: When connecting a key matrix to pins, also perform the Pull up/Pull down settings for the connection pins. When a key is pressed, the output value of the output pin connected to that key is input to the input pin connected to that key. The value when the key is not pressed is the value specified in the [Pull up/Pull down] Dialog Box. (If the Pull up/Pull down settings are not performed, the input pin becomes he high-impedance state. Consequently, the operation of the function that is connected to the input pin becomes undefined.)

Figure 7-92 [Parts Key Properties] Dialog Box ([Key Matrix Connection] Tab)

| | | Parts Key Properties | × |
|-----|---|--|------|
| | | Key Matrix Connection Style | |
| | - | Label : | |
| | | Pin Name: Out0 Out1 Out2 Out | 3 |
| | | | |
| | | In0 V00 N01 N02 N03 | |
| (1) | | In1 V10 N11 N12 N13 | |
| | | In2 N20 N21 N22 N23 | |
| | | In3 V30 N31 N32 N33 | |
| | | • | |
| | | | |
| | _ | Hold Time : 0.5 msec default: inactive | |
| | | Not change at reset. | |
| | | OK Cancel Apply | Help |

- Opening
- [Key Matrix Connection] tab
- Function buttons
- Display examples and operation

Opening

Double-click the corresponding connected parts (Key Matrix) in the [I/O Panel] Window, or click the corresponding parts (Key Matrix) and select [View] menu -> [Properties...].

[Key Matrix Connection] tab

(1) Pin connection information setting area

| Label: | This area is used to specify the part name. The part name input here is also displayed in the [Parts List] Dialog Box as the label. | | |
|------------|---|---|--|
| Pin Name: | The connection pins of the drop-down list. | becify the pin name to be connected (input pins and output pins). can be specified either via direct input or through selection from d to set 16 x 16 pins using the scrollbar. | |
| | In0 to In15 | Specify output pins. | |
| | Out0 to Out15 | Specify input pins. | |
| | N00 - | This area is where the text strings displayed on the keys of the key matrix are specified. Text strings of any length can be specified. The default description string (N number) is not displayed on the keys. | |
| Hold Time: | Specify the time (hold time) for which the input value is to be held (default: 0.5msec). The settable range is from 0.001 to 999 (msec). Moreover, when multiple keys for input to the same input pin are pressed during the hold time, only the key that was clicked last is valid. | | |
| default: | Specify the key matrix operation after CPU reset. | | |
| | Not change at reset. | The key matrix status does not change after CPU reset. | |
| | inactive | No key matrix buttons are depressed after CPU reset (default). | |

Remark: For the pin names that can be specified, refer to the user's manual of the device that is used.

Function buttons

| ОК | Validates the settings and closes this dialog box. |
|--------|--|
| Cancel | Cancels the settings and closes this dialog box. |
| Apply | Cannot be selected. |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. |

Display examples and operation

- (1) Inputting multiple keys simultaneously
- (2) Locking the key input value

(1) Inputting multiple keys simultaneously

To enter two keys, simultaneously press the key to be input and right-click the mouse to enter the wait status. Then, click the other key. This releases the wait status and enables simultaneous input of both keys. Multiple keys can be simultaneously input by setting the wait status for multiple keys, but if input is to be performed to the same input pin, the key that was input last is valid.

(2) Locking the key input value

To enter two keys, simultaneously press the key to be input and right-click the mouse to enter the wait status. Then, click the other key. This releases the wait status and enables simultaneous input of both keys. Multiple keys can be simultaneously input by setting the wait status for multiple keys, but if input is to be performed to the same input pin, the key that was input last is valid.

| 7 | 8 | 9 | 1 | sqrt |
|---|-----|---|---|------|
| 4 | 5 | 6 | * | % |
| 1 | 2 | З | - | 1/x |
| 0 | +/- | | + | = |

Figure 7-93 Parts Display Example (Key Matrix)

[Parts Level Gauge Properties] Dialog Box

This property dialog box is used to set or change the pin connection information of level gauge, which are one of the connection parts in the [I/O Panel] Window. (Refer to "6.4 Panel Function".)

Input to the simulator can be done from pin-connected level gauge.

However, the connection pin must be an analog input pin.

There are two types of level gauge display styles, slide and dial. These styles can be changed on the [Style] tab.

Figure 7-94 [Parts Level Gauge Properties] Dialog Box ([Level Gauge Connection] Tab)

| | Parts Level Gauge Properties |
|-----|------------------------------|
| | Level Gauge Connection Style |
| Γ | Label : |
| (1) | Pin Name : |
| | Maximum input : 5000 mV |
| | When CPU reset |
| | OK Cancel Apply Help |

Figure 7-95 [Parts Level Gauge Properties] Dialog Box ([Style] Tab)

| | Level Gauge Connect | ion Style | | L |
|---|---------------------|-----------|---------|---|
| Г | C Slide | | Preview | Ŀ |
| | Form : | Vertical | | L |
| | Color : | | | L |
| | Dial | | | L |
| | Color of Mark : | <u> </u> | | Ŀ |
| | | <u>_</u> | | |
| | | | Add | L |
| | | • | Delete | |

- Opening
- [Level Gauge Connection] tab
- [Style] tab (Level Gauge Properties-dedicated)
- Function buttons
- Display examples and operation

Opening

Double-click the corresponding connected parts (Level Gauge) in the [I/O Panel] Window, or click the corresponding parts (Level Gauge) and select [View] menu -> [Properties...].

[Level Gauge Connection] tab

(1) Pin connection information setting area

| Label: | This area is used to specify the part name. The part name input here is also displayed in the [Parts List] Dialog Box as the label. | | |
|----------------|---|--|--|
| Pin Name: | This area is used to specify the pin name to be connected. The connection pins can be specified either via direct input or through selection from the drop-down list. | | |
| Maximum input: | This area is used to set the maximum level gauge input value (default: 5000mV). The settable range is from 0 to 65535. The operation range of the level gauge displayed in the [I/O Panel] Window is determined by this specified value. | | |
| When CPU reset | Specify the level gauge | operation after CPU reset. | |
| | before CPU Reset | Maintains the level gauge status of immediately before CPU reset, after CPU reset. | |
| | Set default voltage | The level gauge is set to the specified value after CPU reset. Specify the value in mV units. Input a value from 0 to "Maximum input:". (default: 0) | |

Remark: For the pin names that can be specified, refer to the user's manual of the device that is used.

[Style] tab (Level Gauge Properties-dedicated)

(1) Style information setting area

| Slide | To select the slide-type level gauge, check this radio button. | | | |
|-------|--|--|--|--|
| | Form: | Select the slide direction (vertical or horizontal) from the drop- down list. | | |
| | Color: | This area is used to specify or change the slide color. Color Selection Palette is displayed by clicking the pull-down button. | | |
| Dial | To select the dial-type level gauge, check this radio button. | | | |
| | Color of Mark: | This area is used to specify or change the color of the mark indicating the operating point. Color Selection Palette is displayed by clicking the pull-down button. | | |
| | Bitmap selection list | Displays the dial-type level gauge bitmaps that can currently be selected. | | |
| | <add> button <delete> button</delete></add> | These buttons are used to make additions/deletions to/from the bitmap selection list. | | |

(2) Preview area

| Preview | Displays the selected part style in preview form. The status style is previewed both when the part is active and when it is inactive. |
|---------|--|
|---------|--|

Function buttons

| ОК | Validates the settings and closes this dialog box. |
|--------|--|
| Cancel | Cancels the settings and closes this dialog box. |
| Apply | Cannot be selected. |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. |

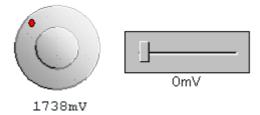
Display examples and operation

Analog input from the level gauge is performed through manipulation of the displayed slider or dial.

The value specified in "Maximum input:" is the maximum value that can be input.

Input is enabled by selecting [Figure] menu -> [Simulation Mode].

Figure 7-96 Parts Display Example (Level Gauge)



| Dial-type level gauge | The displayed analog value changes as the operating point (red circle) on the dial is moved by dragging it with the mouse. When this analog value has become the value that is to be input, release the operating point. As a result, the displayed analog value is input. The operating point can also be moved by clicking the desired location on the dial. |
|------------------------|--|
| Slide-type level gauge | The displayed analog value changes as the slider button is moved by dragging it with the mouse. When this analog value has become the value that is to be input, release the button. As a result, the displayed analog value is input. The button can also be moved by clicking the desired location on the slider. |

[Parts Led Properties] Dialog Box

This property dialog box is used to set or change the pin connection information of LED, which are one of the connection parts in the [I/O Panel] Window. (Refer to "6.4 Panel Function".)

A pin-connected LED displays the information output from the simulator through lit/unlit display.

There are two types of LED display styles, figure and bitmap. These styles can be changed on the [Style] tab (standard).

| | Parts Led Properties | × |
|-----|---|------|
| (1) | LED Connection Style Label : Pin Name : P30/TXDA0/SOB4 Active Level : C LOW | |
| | OK Cancel Apply | Help |

Figure 7-97 [Parts Led Properties] Dialog Box ([LED Connection] Tab)

- Opening
- [LED Connection] tab
- Function buttons
- Display examples and operation

Opening

Double-click the corresponding connected parts (LED) in the [I/O Panel] Window, or click the corresponding parts (LED) and select [View] menu -> [Properties...].

[LED Connection] tab

| Label: | This area is used to specify the part name. The part name input here is also displayed in the [Parts List] Dialog Box as the label. | |
|---------------|--|--|
| Pin Name: | This area is used to specify the pin name to be connected (output pin). The connection pins can be specified either via direct input or through selection from the drop-down list. | |
| Active Level: | The active state is selected with a radio button, as follows. | |
| | LOW | Sets the active level to LOW. |
| | HIGH | Sets the active level to HIGH. (default) |

(1) Pin connection information setting area

Remark: For the pin names that can be specified, refer to the user's manual of the device that is used.

Function buttons

| ОК | Validates the settings and closes this dialog box. |
|--------|--|
| Cancel | Cancels the settings and closes this dialog box. |
| Apply | Cannot be selected. |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. |

Display examples and operation

The output status (active/inactive) of the connected pins is displayed in real time using two types of bitmaps or figures.

Figure 7-98 Parts Display Example (LED)

When active



When inactive

[Parts Segment LED Properties] Dialog Box

This property dialog box is used to set or change the pin connection information of 7-segment LED and 14-segment LED, which are one of the connection parts in the [I/O Panel] Window. (Refer to "6.4 Panel Function".)

A LED connected to pins displays the information output from the simulator.

OK

The segment LED display styles can be changed on the [Style] tab.

Parts Segment LED Properties SegmentLED Connection Style Label : (1)Grid type : Segment Signal Digit Signal Pin Name Pin Name: 0 P40/SIB0/SD/ - -0 P70/ANI0 * 1 P41/SOB0/SC -P71/ANI 1 • (2)(3)2 P72/ANI2 2 P42/_SCKB0 --3 P73/ANI3 • 3 • 4 P74/ANI4 4 - -- -Active Level: C LOW · HIGH Active Level: C LOW @ HIGH

Figure 7-99 [Parts Segment LED Properties] Dialog Box ([SegmentLED Connection] Tab)

Figure 7-100 [Parts Segment LED Properties] Dialog Box ([Style] Tab)

Cancel

Help

| Inactive Color : | |
|-------------------------|----------|
| | • |
| - Frame Line of LED | |
| Color of Line : | • |
| Dotted/Solid Line : | _ |
| Thickness of Line : 1 🚊 | |

- Opening
- [SegmentLED Connection] Tab
- [Style] tab (Segment LED-dedicated)
- Function buttons
- Display examples and operation

Opening

Double-click the corresponding connected parts (7-segment LED/14-segment LED) in the [I/O Panel] Window, or click the corresponding parts (7-segment LED/14-segment LED) and select [View] menu -> [Properties...].

[SegmentLED Connection] Tab

(1) Pin connection information setting area

| Label: | This area is used to specify the part name. The part name input here is also displayed in the [Parts List] Dialog Box as the label. | |
|------------|--|--|
| Grid type: | Select the grid signal allocation method from the following. As a result of the selection, the setting in (3) Digit/Grid signal setting area changes. | |
| | Digit | Connects each segment LED to 1 grid pin. Digit signal settings are performed in (3) Digit/Grid signal setting area. 16 digits can be specified for the digit signal. A segment LED of up to 16 digits can be created with 1 segment LED part. |
| | Customize | Cannot be selected. |

(2) Segment signal setting area

| Segment Signal | This area is used to specify the pins (output pins) to be connected to the segment signals of the 7/14-segment LED, as well as their active level. | |
|----------------|--|---|
| | Pin Name: | The connection pins can be specified either via direct input or through selection from the drop-down list. The number of segment pins to be connected is 8 in the case of a 7-segment LED, and 15 in the case of a 14-segment LED. Connection to all the segment pins is possible by using the scroll bar on the right side. |
| | Figure | This area displays the bitmap of the 7/14 segment LED at the top left. When "Pin Name:" is input, the corresponding location is indicated. |
| | Active Level: | The active status can be selected with a radio button, as follows. LOW: Sets the active level to LOW. HIGH: Sets the active level to HIGH. (default) |

Remark: For the pin names that can be specified, refer to the user's manual of the device that is used.

(3) Digit/Grid signal setting area

| Digit Signal | This area is used to specify 7/14 segment LED digits, grid signal connection (output pins), and their active level. The connection method changes as foll according to what is specified for "Grid type:". When [Digit] selected Perform digit signal setting. The maximum number of digit pins that can be consistent to all the digit pins can be done by using the scroll bar on the side of the area. When [Customize] selected | |
|--------------|--|---|
| | Pin Name: | The connection pins can be specified either via direct input or through selection from the drop-down list. As the setting signal, specify the connection pins in a series from the lowermost digit. |
| | Active Level: | The active status can be selected with a radio button, as follows. LOW: Sets the active level to LOW. HIGH: Sets the active level to HIGH. (default) |

Remark: For the pin names that can be specified, refer to the user's manual of the device that is used.

[Style] tab (Segment LED-dedicated)

(1) Style setting area

| Full up LED | This area is used to set and change related to the filling of each cell of the object are performed. Color Selection Palette is displayed by clicking the pull-down button. | |
|-------------------|---|---|
| | Active Color: | Specifies the fill color during active display. |
| | Inactive Color: | Specifies the fill color during inactive display. |
| Frame Line of LED | This area is used to set and change related to the frame of each cell of the object are performed. | |
| | Color of Line: | Specifies and changes the line color. Color Selection Palette is displayed by clicking the pull-down button. |
| | Dotted/Solid Line: | Specifies and changes the line shape (dotted/solid). The desired line shape can be selected from the drop-down list. The line shape can be specified only when the line thickness is "1" in "Thickness of Line:". |
| | Thickness of Line: | Specifies and changes the line thickness. The desired line thickness can be specified either via direct input or through selection from the spin button.A value in the range of 1 to 100 (decimal) can be specified. |

Function buttons

| ОК | Validates the settings and closes this dialog box. |
|--------|--|
| Cancel | Cancels the settings and closes this dialog box. |
| Apply | Cannot be selected. |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. |

Display examples and operation

As the results of 1 simulation, the output information of the connection pins is received and display is performed accordingly. When both the digit/grid signals and segment signals are active output, the segment LED of the corresponding digit/grid light.

Figure 7-101 Parts Display Example (7-segment LED)



[Parts Matrix Led Properties] Dialog Box

This property dialog box is used to set or change the pin connection information of Matrix LED, which are one of the connection parts in the [I/O Panel] Window. (Refer to "6.4 Panel Function".)

A pin-connected Matrix LED displays the information output from the simulator through lit/unlit display.

There are two types of matrix LED display styles, figure and bitmap. These styles can be changed on the [Style] tab (standard).

| | Matrix LED Connection Style | - 1 |
|---|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| г | Row Signal | Column Signal |
| | Pin Name : | Pin Name : |
| | 0 P30/TXDA0/SOE - | 0 P50/TIQ01/KR0/ - |
| | 1 P31/RXDA0/INT - | 1 P51/TIQ02/KR1/ |
| | 2 P32/ASCKA0/_S - | 2 P52/TIQ03/KR2/ - |
| | 3 P33/TIP01/TOPC - | 3 P53/SIB2/TIQ00 |
| | 4 P34/TIP10/TOP1 - | 4 DB2/KR4/RTP04 ▼ |
| | Active Level : C LOW I HIGH | Active Level : C LOW |

Figure 7-102 [Parts Matrix Led Properties] Dialog Box ([Matrix LED Connection] Tab)

- Opening
- [Matrix LED Connection] Tab
- Function buttons
- Display examples and operation

Opening

Double-click the corresponding connected parts (Matrix LED) in the [I/O Panel] Window, or click the corresponding parts (Matrix LED) and select [View] menu -> [Properties...].

[Matrix LED Connection] Tab

(1) Label:

| Label: | This area is used to specify the part name. The part name input here is also |
|--------|--|
| | displayed in the [Parts List] Dialog Box as the label. |

(2) Row direction signals setting area

| Row Signal | This area is used to specify the output pins connected to the matrix LED row direction signals and their active level. | |
|------------|--|---|
| | Pin Name: | A maximum of 16 pins can be connected. Connection to all the row direction signals can be done by using the scrollbar located on the right side of the pin name input area. |
| | Active Level: | The active status can be selected with a radio button, as fol- lows. LOW:Sets the active level to LOW. HIGH:Sets the active level to HIGH. (default) |

Remark: For the pin names that can be specified, refer to the user's manual of the device that is used.

(3) Column direction signals setting area

| Column Signal | This area is used to specify the output pins connected to the matrix LED column direction signals and their active level. | |
|---------------|---|--|
| | Pin Name: | The connection pins can be specified either via direct input or through selection from the drop-down list.A maximum of 16 pins can be connected. Connection to all the column direction signals can be done by using the scrollbar located on the right side of the pin name input area. |
| | Active Level: | The active status can be selected with a radio button, as fol- lows. LOW:Sets the active level to LOW. HIGH:Sets the active level to HIGH. (default) |

Remark: For the pin names that can be specified, refer to the user's manual of the device that is used.

Function buttons

| ОК | Validates the settings and closes this dialog box. |
|--------|--|
| Cancel | Cancels the settings and closes this dialog box. |
| Apply | Cannot be selected. |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. |

Display examples and operation

As the results of 1 simulation, the output information of the connection pins is received and display is performed accordingly. When the matrix intersection of a row pin and column pin is active, the corresponding LED lights.

Figure 7-103 Parts Display Example (Matrix LED)

| 11.1 | 1.1 | 11.71 | 2 2 | 11 11 |
|-------|-----|-------|-----|--------------|
| | | 10.00 | | - |
| 10.00 | | 10.00 | | 10.00 |
| | | | | - |
| 111 | | | | 11 11 |
| | | 11.11 | | 11 11 |
| | | | | - |
| | | 10.00 | | 10.00 |

[Parts Buzzer Properties] Dialog Box

This property dialog box is used to set or change the pin connection information of a buzzer, which is one of the connection parts in the [I/O Panel] Window. (Refer to "6.4 Panel Function".)

The pin-connected buzzer displays the information output from the connected pins as a bitmap and buzzer sound.

The buzzer output can be checked as "sound" and "display".

There are two types of buzzer display styles, figure and bitmap. These styles can be changed on the [Style] tab (standard).

| | Parts Buzzer Prop Buzzer Connection | | | | |
|---|--|-------------|-----------|-------|------|
| - | Label : | /INTPO/ADTF | RG 💌 | | |
| | Active Level : | C LOW | HIGH | | |
| | Output Form : | ☐ Sound | 🔽 Display | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | 0 | ок 📔 | Cancel | Apply | Help |

Figure 7-104 Parts Buzzer Properties [Buzzer Connection] Tab

- Opening
- [Buzzer Connection] Tab
- Function buttons
- Display examples and operation

Opening

Double-click the corresponding connected parts (Buzzer) in the [I/O Panel] Window, or click the corresponding parts (Buzzer) and select [View] menu -> [Properties...].

[Buzzer Connection] Tab

(1) Pin connection information setting area

| Label: | This area is used to specify the part name. The part name input here is also displayed in the [Parts List] Dialog Box as the label. | | | |
|---------------|--|---|--|--|
| Pin Name: | This area is used to specify the output pin name to be connected. The connection pins can be specified either via direct input or through selection from the drop-down list. | | | |
| Active Level: | The active state is selected with a radio button, as follows. | | | |
| | LOW | Sets the active level to LOW. | | |
| | HIGH | Sets the active level to HIGH. (default) | | |
| Output Form: | The output form is specified with a check box, as follows. | | | |
| | Sound | When this checkbox is checked, the output from the pins is represented as a sound. Caution: The operation of the sound output function requires a sound board and a speaker. | | |
| | Display | When this checkbox is checked, the output from the pins is represented as a bitmap. | | |

Remark: For the pin names that can be specified, refer to the user's manual of the device that is used.

Function buttons

| ОК | Validates the settings and closes this dialog box. |
|--------|--|
| Cancel | Cancels the settings and closes this dialog box. |
| Apply | Cannot be selected. |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. |

Display examples and operation

The active level output of the connected pins can be expressed as a bitmap or sound (or both).

In the case of bitmap display, the following bitmaps are displayed according to the pin's output value (active/ inactive). In the case of buzzer sound output, a buzzer sound is emitted when the connected pin outputs an active level value (when the status changes from inactive to active).

Figure 7-105 Parts Display Example (Buzzer)

When active



When inactive



[Pull up/Pull down] Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to set or change the pin connection information of the pull up/pull down resistors, which are one of the connection parts of the [I/O Panel] Window. (Refer to "6.4 Panel Function".)

The setting method for these connection parts differs from those for other parts. The connection information of all the pins is managed as a group in this dialog box.

| Pin name | Pull Up/Pull Down | Pull Up |
|--|---|-------------------|
| FIXED_LOW FIXED_HIGH _RESET P02/NMI P03/INTP0/ADT P04/INTP1 P06/INTP2 P06/INTP3 P10/ANO0 P11/ANO1 P30/TXDA0/SO P31/RXDA0/INT P32/ASCKA0/S P33/TIP01/TOP P34/TIP10/TOP P35/TIP11/TOP | - - Pull Up Pull Up - Pull Down Pull Down - - - - - - | Pull <u>D</u> own |
| Q | K <u>C</u> ancel | |
| | | - |

Figure 7-106 [Pull up/Pull down] Dialog Box

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

Opening

Click this button, or when the [I/O Panel] Window is the current window, select [Parts] menu -> [Pull up/Pull down...].

Explanation of each area

(1) Connection information display area

| Pin name | Displays the names of the pins that can be connected to pull-up/pull-down resistors. | | |
|-------------------|--|---|--|
| Pull Up/Pull Down | Displays the connected status of the pins. | | |
| | Pull Up | Pull up resistor connected status | |
| | Pull Down | Pull down resistor connected status | |
| | - | Pull up/Pull down resistor unconnected status | |
| Button | Changes the pin connection information of the pull up/pull down resistors. <pull up=""> Connects the pins selected to pull up resistors. When connection is completed, "Pull Up" is displayed</pull> | | |
| | | | |
| | | Connects the pins selected to pull down resistors. When connection is completed, "Pull Down" is displayed. | |
| | <disconnect></disconnect> | Cancels the connected status of the pins selected. When connection is completed, "-" is displayed. | |

(2) Function buttons

| ОК | Validates the settings and closes this dialog box. Changes are reflected to the simulator. |
|--------|--|
| Cancel | Cancels the settings and closes this dialog box. Changes are not reflected to the simulator. |

[Object Properties] Dialog Box

(1

This page is used to set or change the connection information fed to the pins of figure, text, or bitmap objects of the [I/O Panel] Window. (Refer to "6.4 Panel Function".)

Show/hide can be switched for each pin-connected object by the output status of the connected pins. The default status of each signal is active HIGH. Display styles can be changed on the [Style] tab.

> **Object Properties** Style Object Connection Pin Connect No Connecttion Static Connection : * Pin Name : (1) Dynamic Connection Pin Name 1 : * . Pin Name 2 : C LOW · HIGH Active Level : OK Cancel Help

Figure 7-107 [Object Properties] Dialog Box ([Object Connection] Tab)

Figure 7-108 [Object Properties] Dialog Box ([Style] Tab)

| Color : | | |
|----------------|---------|--|
| Line | | |
| Color : | · | |
| Dotted/Solid : | · · · | |
| Thickness : | 1 = | |

- Opening
- [Object Connection] Tab
- [Style] Tab (Object Properties-dedicated)
- Function buttons

Opening

Double-click the desired figure/character/bitmap in the [I/O Panel] Window, or click the desired figure/character/ bitmap, and then select [View] menu -> [Properties...].

[Object Connection] Tab

(1) Pin connection information setting area

| Pin Connect | Select the method for connecting objects and output pins by clicking the correradio buttons, and specify the output pin name. As a result of the connection, figure display is switched by the ON/OFF statu connected output pin. | |
|---------------|--|--|
| | No Connection | The object and pin are not connected. Objects not connected to pins are always in the displayed status. |
| | Static Connection: | Connects the figure to 1 output pin. The connection pin can be specified in "Pin Name:" either via direct input or through selection from the drop-down list. During simulation, the object is displayed when the specified output signal data is active. |
| | Dynamic Connec- tion: | Connects the figure to 2 output pins. The connection pin can be specified in "Pin Name1:" and "Pin Name2:" either via direct input or through selection from the drop-down list. During simulation, the object is displayed when the specified output signal 1 data and the specified output signal 2 data are both active. |
| Active Level: | The common active status of each output signal can be selected from the buttons. | |
| | LOW | Sets the active level to LOW. |
| | HIGH | Sets the active level to HIGH. (default) |

Remark: For the pin names that can be specified, refer to the user's manual of the device that is used.

[Style] Tab (Object Properties-dedicated)

(1) Style setting area

| Fill up: | The area to be filled diff Line: Not applicable Rectangle, Ellipse, Ro Polygon: Inside area e Text: Inside text box Bitmap: Inside figure d | settings related to each object filling, as follows. Fers according to the object. unded Rectangle: Inside area enclosed by contour lines nclosed by lines linking apexes rawing area he bitmap that was displayed becomes invisible. | |
|----------|--|---|--|
| | Color: | The Color Selection Palette is displayed by clicking the pull- down button. Figure 7-109 Color Selection Palette | |
| Line: | The definition of line fo Line: All areas of the ob Rectangle,Ellipse,Rou | nded Rectangle: Contour line of the figure the apexes of the polygon he text box | |
| | Color: | Specifies and changes the line color. The Color Selection Palette is displayed by clicking the pull-down button. | |
| | Dotted/Solid: | A value in the range of 1 to 100 (decimal) can be specified. Specify or change line shapes (dotted line/solid line). The desired line shape can be selected from the drop-down list. Only specifiable when "1" is specified for "Thickness of Line:". | |
| | Thickness: | Specifies and changes the line thickness. The desired line thickness can be specified either via direct input or through selection from the spin button. A value in the range of 1 to 100 (decimal) can be specified. | |

Function buttons

| ОК | Validates the settings and closes this dialog box. |
|--------|--|
| Cancel | Cancels the settings and closes this dialog box. |
| Apply | Cannot be selected. |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. |

[Parts List] Dialog Box

This dialog box displays all the figure objects created in the [I/O Panel] Window as well as the pin connection status of part objects. (Refer to "6.4 Panel Function".)

Selectable objects in the I/O Panel window are highlighted.

The pin connection settings for each object can be changed in the property dialog box, which can be opened by double-clicking the relevant object listed in this dialog box, or selecting the relevant object listed in this dialog box and then selecting the [View] menu -> [Properties...].

| Label | Parts | Pin Name | Active Level |
|-------|---------------|----------------|--------------|
| | rectangle | P11/AN | LOW |
| | rectangle | - | HIGH |
| | key | - | HIGH |
| | text | 2 | HIGH |
| | text | ÷ | HIGH |
| | text | 5 | HIGH |
| | text | - | HIGH |
| | rectangle | - | HIGH |
| | text | 3 <u>-</u> | HIGH |
| | text | 9 1 | HIGH |
| | 7 segment led | 10 | |
| | text | - | HIGH |
| | text | ÷ | HIGH |

Figure 7-110 [Parts List] Dialog Box

- Opening
- Explanation of each area

(

Opening

When the [I/O Panel] Window is the current window, select [View] menu -> [Parts List...].

Explanation of each area

(1) Pin connection status display area

| Label | Displays the label (name) attached to the object. Nothing is displayed for objects that do not have a label. | | |
|------------------------|--|--|--|
| Parts | Displays the part ca | tegory. | |
| | rectangle | Straight line, rectangle, ellipse, rounded rectangle, fan shape | |
| | polygon | Polygon | |
| | text | Text | |
| | bitmap | Bitmap | |
| | button | Push button, pull button, group button | |
| | analog button | Analog button | |
| | key | Key matrix | |
| | level gauge | Level gauge | |
| | led | LED | |
| | 7segment led | 7-segment LED | |
| | 14segment led | 14-segment LED | |
| | matrix led | Matrix LED | |
| | buzzer | Buzzer | |
| Pin Name | Displays the pins connected to parts. "-" is displayed for parts that are connected to multiple pins, and a blank is displayed for parts that are unconnected. | | |
| Active Level | "-" is displayed for p | value currently set for the part. Parts that are connected to multiple pins, and a blank is hat are unconnected. | |
| <close> button</close> | Closes the this dialo | og box. | |

[Customize] Dialog Box

This dialog box is used to set or change various information such as window color and fonts. These settings or changes are valid for simulator windows. (Refer to "Table 7-1 Window List".)

| | Color Font |
|---|--|
| | The second s |
| Γ | List : |
| | Data HLZ Un-sampling Grid Text Background |
| | Color : |
| | Change. |

Figure 7-111 Customize Dialog Box ([Color] Tab)

Figure 7-112 [Customize] Dialog Box ([Font] Tab)

| Text | | |
|--------|------------------------------|--------|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| Font : | Size : | ~ |
| | Color Font List : Text | List : |

- Opening
- [Color] Tab
- [Font] Tab
- Function buttons

Opening

When the window of simulator block is opened, select [Option] menu -> [Customize...].

[Color] Tab

(1) Color setting area

Set and change the color of each part in the window.

| List: | The parts for which color change is possible are displayed in list form. |
|--------------------------|--|
| Color: | The currently set color of the part is displayed when that part is selected from the list. |
| <change> button</change> | The color currently set for the relevant part of each listed item can be changed. |

[Font] Tab

(1) Font setting area

Set and change the text font of each part in the window.

| List: | The parts for which font change is possible are displayed in list form. |
|--------------------------|---|
| Font: | The current font name of the part is displayed, when that part is selected from the list. |
| Size: | The current font size of the part is displayed, when that part is selected from the list. |
| <change> button</change> | The font currently set for the relevant part of each listed item can be changed. |

Function buttons

| ОК | Validates the settings and closes this dialog box. | |
|--------|--|--|
| Cancel | Cancels the settings and closes this dialog box. | |
| Apply | Leaves this dialog box open and applies the setting. | |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. | |

[SM+ Options] Dialog Box (PM+)

[V850] [78K0R]

This dialog box is opened via PM+.

When using the standard I/O function described in "6.2 Standard I/O Function", the register mode **[V850]** or memory model **[78K0R]** will be identified automatically by selecting the [Link STUDIO Library for SM+ [S]] check box on this dialog box, and a relevant SM+ standard I/O library will be linked during build with PM+ (refer to "6.2 Standard I/O Function").

Figure 7-113 [SM+ Options] Dialog Box

| SM+ | Options | | | |
|-----|-------------------------|------------------------|--------|------|
| | rary Link STDIO Libr | ary for SM+(<u>S)</u> | | |
| | | | Cancel | Help |

- Opening
- Explanation of each area
- Cautions

Opening

On the PM+,

Click this botton, or select [Tool]menu -> [SM+ Options...].

Explanation of each area

(1) Library

Select this check box if SM+ standard I/O library is to be linked. This item is not selected by default.

If this item is selected, the following operations are required (refer to "6.2.2 Load module creation procedure").

- Addition of header file
- Addition of link directive file
- **Caution:** The link function for the standard I/O library cannot be used if a C compiler that is to be linked with PM+ has not been installed or the C compiler is not specified for use.

(2) Function buttons

| ОК | Validates the settings and closes this dialog box. | |
|--------|--|--|
| Cancel | Cancels the settings and closes this dialog box. | |
| Help | Displays this dialog box online help files. | |

Cautions

If there are contradicted settings, the following messages will be displayed when the <OK> button is clicked.

| Message | Discription |
|--|---|
| This compile mode is not supported to SM+ STDIO libraries on "SM+ Options" dialog. | SM+ standard I/O libraries cannot be linked because no compiler has been installed, or the compiler is not specified for use. Open the [SM+ Options] Dialog Box and clear the [Link STDIO Library for SM+ [S]] check box. |
| This compile mode is not supported to SM+ It is not able to link any STDIO libraries | SM+ standard I/O libraries cannot be linked because no compiler has been installed, or the compiler is not specified for use. The [Link STDIO Library for SM+ [S]] check box is not available in the [SM+ Options] dialog box. |

CHAPTER 8 COMMAND REFERENCE

This chapter explains the details of the command functions of the SM+.

- Command Line Rules
- Command List
- List of Variables
- List of Packages
- Key Bind
- Expansion Window
- Callback Procedure
- Hook Procedure
- Related Files
- Cautions
- Explanation of Commands

8.1 Command Line Rules

The specification of command lines has the following rules:

- Command name, option, and argument are specified for command line.
- To divide words, a space (space key or tab key) is used.
- At the end of a line, a line feed character or a semicolon is used.
- When a command name and an option are entered to the point of identifiability, they are recognized.
- In script, command names have to be entered completely.

Command format

command -options arg1 arg2 arg3 ...

8.2 Command List

| Command Name | Function |
|--------------|---|
| address | Evaluation of address expression |
| assemble | Disassemble/line assemble |
| batch | Executing batch (with echo) |
| breakpoint | Setting/deletion of breakpoint |
| dbgexit | Terminating SM+ |
| dbgopt | Selecting debugger option |
| download | Download of files |
| extwin | Creation of expansion window |
| finish | Returning from function |
| go | Continuous execution |
| help | Display of help |
| hook | Setting of hook |
| inspect | Symbol inspect |
| jump | Jump to window |
| map | Setting / deleting memory mapping |
| mdi | Setting of expansion window |
| memory | Display/setting of memory |
| module | Display of the list of files and functions |
| next | Procedure step |
| refresh | Redrawing of window |
| register | Display/setting of register value and IOR/SFR value |

Table 8-1 List of Debugger Control Commands

| Command Name | Function | |
|--------------|------------------------------------|--|
| reset | Reset | |
| run | Reset and execution of CPU | |
| step | Step execution | |
| stop | Stop execution | |
| upload | Upload | |
| version | Display of the version information | |
| watch | Display/setting of variables | |
| where | Stack trace | |
| wish | Start of Tclet | |
| xcoverage | Operation of coverage | |
| xtime | Operation of timer | |
| xtrace | Operation of tracer | |

Table 8-2 List of Console/Tcl Commands

| Command Name | Function |
|--------------|---|
| alias | Creation of another name |
| cd | Change of directory |
| clear | Clears the screen |
| echo | Echo |
| exit | Close/end |
| history | Display of history |
| ls | Display of files |
| pwd | Check of the directory |
| source | Execution of batch |
| time | Measurement of time for commands |
| tkcon | Console control |
| unalias | Deletion of another name |
| which | Display of the command path or another name |
| Other | Based on Tcl/Tk 8.4 |

8.3 List of Variables

- dcl (chip) Chip name read only
- dcl (prjfile) Project file name read only
- dcl (srcpath) Source path read only
- dcl (ieid) IE type read only
- dcl (iestat) IE status read only
- dcl (bkstat) Break status read only
- env (LANG) Language
- dcl_version Dcl version read only

8.4 List of Packages

- tcltest Restoration test
- cwind Automatic window control
- BWidget Toolkit
- tcllib Tcl library
- mclistbox Multi-column list box
- combobox Combo box

8.5 Key Bind

- tcsh + Emacs like
- Complement of command name [Tab]
- Complement of file name [Tab]
- HTML help [F1]

8.6 Expansion Window

The expansion windows can be created using Tk.

In the expansion windows, Widget is allocated with '.dcl' as a root instead of '.'.

When the following script files are allocated in bin/idtcl/tools/, an expansion window is added on selecting

[Browse] menu -> [Others]. The mdi command, an exclusive command for expansion windows, has been added.

```
# Sample.tcl
wm protocol .dcl WM_DELETE_WINDOW { exit }
mdi geometry 100 50
button .dcl.b -text Push -command exit
pack .dcl.b
```

Caution: In the expansion windows, Tk menu commands cannot be used because of the restrictions of MDI windows.

8.6.1 Samples (Calculator Script)

The script of the expansion window in which the calculator script is described and its execution screen are shown below.

Script of expansion window

```
# Calculator.tcl
mdi geometry 100 100
set top .dcl
entry $top.e -relief sunken -textvariable v
frame $top.f -height 120 -width 120; pack $top.e -fill x; pack $top.f -fill both -expand 1
set i 0; set v {}; set r 0.25
foreach n {7 8 9 / 4 5 6 * 1 2 3 - 0 = + C} {
         if {$n == "=" || $n == "C"} {
                  button $top.f.b$n -text $n
         } else {
                  button $top.f.b$n -text $n -command "$top.e insert end $n"
         }
         place $top.f.b$n -relx [expr ($i%4)*$r] -rely [expr ($i/4)*$r] -relw $r -relh $r
         incr i
bind $top.f.bC <1> {$top.e delete 0 end}
bind top.f.b = <1 > \{catch \{expr \v\} v\}
```

| Figure 8-1 E | xecution Screen |
|--------------|-----------------|
|--------------|-----------------|

| Se Ca | lculator | | |
|-------|----------|---|---|
| 7 | 8 | 9 | 1 |
| 4 | 5 | 6 | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | • |
| 0 | | + | С |

8.7 Callback Procedure

Expansion windows can hold dcl_asyncproc procedures called by asynchronous messages.

```
proc dcl_asyncproc {mid} {
    if {$mid == 19} {
        redraw
    }
}
```

The asynchronous message ID is passed for the argument of the dcl_asyncproc procedure

The message IDs are shown below:

| Message ID | Meaning | |
|------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| 9 | After changing configuration | |
| 10 | After registering event | |
| 11 | After deleting event | |
| 12 | Before executing | |
| 13 | After breaking | |
| 14 | After resetting CPU | |
| 15 | After resetting SM+ | |
| 17 | After changing extended option | |
| 18 | After changing debugger option | |
| 19 | After downloading | |
| 20 | After changing memory or register | |
| 36 | Before starting tracer | |
| 37 | After stopping tracer | |
| 38 | Before starting coverage | |
| 39 | After stopping coverage | |
| 40 | Before starting timer | |
| 41 | After stopping timer | |
| 42 | After clearing trace | |
| 45 | After resetting symbol | |

Table 8-3 Message ID

8.8 Hook Procedure

A hook can be set in the SM+ using the hook procedure.

The hook procedures are shown below:

- BeforeDownload(Hook before downloading)
- AfterDownload(Hook after downloading)
- AfterCpuReset(Hook after CPU reset during break)
- BeforeCpuRun(Hook before starting execution)
- AfterCpuStop(Hook after breaking)

By using hook procedures, register values can be changed before downloading programs or after resetting the CPU.

An actual example of the procedure is shown below. A hook is valid till the SM+ is closed.

(1) [When hook is set with SM+ control command]

- 1) Create script file a. with an editor.
- 2) Start up the SM+, select [Browse] menu -> [Console], and open the Console Window.
- If the script file is executed in the window as below, the hook in the script file is set.
 %hook test.tcl

(2) [When hook is set on downloading of project file]

- 1) Create script file a. with an editor. Note
- 2) Start up the SM+and read test.prj. The hook in the script file is set.

```
proc BeforeDownload {} {
register MM 0x7
register PMC8 0xff
register PMC9 0xff
register PMCX 0xe0
}
proc AfterCpuReset {} {
register MM 0x7
register PMC8 0xff
register PMC9 0xff
register PMC9 0xff
register PMCX 0xe0
}
```

Note: Be sure that the script file name is the same as the project file.

Example:

The script file corresponding to test.prj is test.tcl.

Allocate test.prj, test.pri, and test.tcl in the same directory.

8.9 Related Files

| File Name | Function |
|-------------------------|---|
| aliases.tcl | Executes when the aliases.tcl console is opened. Sets the default alias etc. |
| Project filename.tcl | Executes when the project file name.tcl project is opened. The following hooks can be used. BeforeDownload AfterDownload AfterCpuReset BeforeCpuRun AfterCpuStop |
| Load modulefilename.tcl | Executes when the load module name.tcl load module file is downloaded. The following hooks can be used. BeforeDownload AfterDownload AfterCpuReset BeforeCpuRun AfterCpuStop |

Table 8-4 List of Related Files

8.10 Cautions

- The separator for file and path is a slash (/).
- When a console is open, error messages are output to the console.
- To terminate the command forcibly, close the console.
- The execution of external commands (DOS commands) is OFF by default.

8.11 Explanation of Commands

In this section, each command is explained using the format shown below.

Command name

Describes the command name.

Input format

Describes the input format of the command.

In the following explanation, italics indicate an Argument to be supplied by the user, while the argument enclosed in "?" may be omitted.

When a command name and an option are entered to the point of identifiability, they are recognized.

Functions

Explains the functions of the command.

Usage example

Shows an example of the usage of the command.

address

address - Evaluation of address expression

Input format

address expression

Functions

Converts the address expression specified by expression into address.

Usage example

(IDCON) 1 % address main 0xaa (IDCON) 2 % address main+1 0xab

assemble

assemble - Disassemble/line assemble

Input format

assemble ?options? address ?code?

Functions

Assembles the character strings specified by code from the address specified by address.

When '.' is specified for address, it is understood as an *address* continuing from the immediately previous assemble.

When code is omitted, it is assembled from the address specified by address.

The following are options: They are ignored for assembly.

| -code | Command code is also displayed.It is ignored for assembly. |
|----------------|--|
| -number number | Number line is displayed. It is ignored for assembly. |

Usage example

 (IDCON) 1 % assemble -n 5 main

 0x000000aa B7
 PUSH HL

 0x000000ab B1
 PUSH AX

 0x000000ac 891C
 MOVW AX,SP

 0x000000ae D6
 MOVW HL,AX

 0x000000af A100
 MOV A,#0H

 (IDCON) 2 % assemble main mov a,b
 (IDCON) 3 % assemble . mov a,b

batch

batch - Executing batch (with echo)

Input format

batch scriptname

Functions

Executes in batch with displaying files specified by scriptname on the screen.

Nesting is possible.

Usage example

(IDCON) 1 % clear (IDCON) 2 % batch bat_file.tcl (IDCON) 3 % tkcon save a:/log.txt

breakpoint

breakpoint - Setting/deletion of breakpoint

Input format

breakpoint ?options? ?address1? ?address2?

breakpoint -delete brkno

breakpoint -enable brkno

breakpoint -disable brkno

breakpoint -information

Functions

Operates the breakpoint specified by options and address.

If a breakpoint can be set correctly, the breakpoint number is returned.

The following are options:

| -execute | The address execution break is set. (default) |
|-----------------|---|
| -beforeexecute | The break before address execution is set. |
| -read | An address data read break is set. |
| -write | An address data write break is set. |
| -access | An address data access break is set. |
| -size size | The access size is set (8, 16 or 32). (Unit: bit) |
| -data value | The data condition is set. |
| -datamask value | The data mask is set. |
| -pass value | The path count is set. |
| -information | The list of breakpoints is displayed. |
| -delete | The breakpoint whose number is specified is deleted. |
| -disable | The breakpoint whose number is specified is disabled. |
| -enable | The breakpoint whose number is specified is enabled. |

Usage example

(IDCON) 1 % breakpoint main 1 (IDCON) 2 % breakpoint -i 1 Brk00001 enable rammon.c#17

(IDCON) 3 % breakpoint -software sub 2 (IDCON) 4 % breakpoint -i 1 Brk00001 enable rammon.c#17 2 Brk00001 enable rammon.c#8

(IDCON) 5 % breakpoint -disable 2 (IDCON) 6 % breakpoint -i 1 Brk00001 enable rammon.c#17 2 Brk00001 disable rammon.c#8

(IDCON) 7 % breakpoint -delete 1 2 Brk00001 disable rammon.c#8

dbgexit

dbgexit - Terminating SM+

Input format

dbgexit ?options?

Functions

Terminate the SM+.

The following are options:

| -saveprj | Project is saved on terminating SM+. |
|----------|--------------------------------------|
|----------|--------------------------------------|

Usage example

(IDCON) 1 % dbgexit -saveprj

dbgopt

dbgopt - Selecting the debugger option

Input format

dbgopt options ?value?

Functions

Selects the option of the debugger. The following are options:

| -coverage ?bool? | When <i>bool</i> is | ne coverage function is specified. omitted, the current status is displayed. ed from the following: |
|------------------|---------------------|---|
| | 0 false off | ON |
| | 1 true on | OFF |
| -timer ?bool? | When <i>bool</i> is | ne timer function is specified. omitted, the current status is displayed. ed from the following: |
| | 0 false off | ON |
| | 1 true on | OFF |
| -trace ?bool? | When <i>bool</i> is | ne trace function is specified. omitted, the current status is displayed. ed from the following: |
| | 0 false off | ON |
| | 1 true on | OFF |

Usage example

(IDCON) 1 % dbgopt -trace on

download

download - Download of files

Input format

download ?options? filename ?offset?

Functions

Downloads files specified with *filename* according to *options*. (The load module format files and HEX-format files are automatically recognized.)

If *offset* is specified, the address is shifted by the *offset* (if the data is in binary format, the load start address is specified for *offset*).

| -binary | Binary format data is downloaded. |
|--------------|---|
| -coverage | Coverage data is downloaded. |
| -append | Additional download is executed. [V850] |
| -nosymbol | Download is executed. Symbol information is not read. |
| -symbolonly | Symbol information is read. |
| -reset | CPU is reset after download. |
| -information | Download information is displayed. |
| -64kb | A file is downloaded in the format for the memory capacity of 64 KB or lower. Specify this option for loading a binary or HEX-format file. [78K0] |
| -bank | A file is downloaded in the format for the memory bank. Specify this option for loading a binary or HEX-format file. [78K0] |

Usage example

(IDCON) 1 % download test.Imf

extwin

extwin - Creation of expansion window

Input format

extwin scriptfile

Functions

Creates expansion window with scriptfile.

Usage example

(IDCON) 1 % extwin d:/foo.tcl

finish

finish - Returning from function

Input format

finish

Functions

Executes until it returns to the program that called the current function.

Usage example

(IDCON) 1 % finish

go

go - Continuous execution

Input format

go ?options?

Functions

Executes program continuously. If -waitbreak is specified, the command waits until the program stops.

The following are options:

| -ignorebreak | Breakpoint is ignored. |
|--------------|--|
| -waitbreak | The command waits for the program to stop. |

Usage example

(IDCON) 1 % go -w

help

help - Display of help

Input format

help

Functions

Displays Dcl help.

Usage example

(IDCON) 1 % help

hook

hook - Setting of hook

Input format

hook scriptfile

Functions

Sets the procedure for hook with scriptfile.

The hook setting is initialized when the project file is loaded and when the SM+ is reset.

Usage example

(IDCON) 1 % hook d:/foo.tcl

inspect

inspect - Symbol inspect

Input format

inspect ?options? progname pattern

Functions

Searches and displays the load module symbol specified with *progname* using the regular expression of *pattern*. The following regular expressions can be used.

| ? | Match 1 character |
|---------|---|
| * | Match characters other than 0 |
| [chars] | Match chars character. (Range specification such as [a-z/0-9] also possible.) |
| \x | Match character x. (? * [] \ specification also possible.) |

The following are options:

| -nocase | The case is distinguished. |
|----------|---------------------------------------|
| -address | Displays in pair with symbol address. |

Usage example

(IDCON) 1 % inspect test1.out {[a-z]*}

jump

jump - Jump to window

Input format

jump -source -line filename ?line?
jump ?options? address

Functions

Displays the window specified by options.

| -source | The Source Window is displayed from the address specified by <i>address</i> . |
|-----------|---|
| -assemble | The Assemble Window is displayed from the address specified by <i>address</i> . |
| -memory | The Memory Window is displayed from the address specified by address. |
| -line | The command is moved to the line specified by <i>line</i> . |
| -focus | The Focus is moved to the window displayed. |

Usage example

(IDCON) 1 % jump -s main (IDCON) 2 % jump -s -l mainfile.c 10 (IDCON) 3 % jump -m array

map

map - Setting/deletion of memory mapping

Input format

map options address1 address2 ?accsize?

Functions

Sets, deletes, and displays memory mapping.

The access size of 8, 16, or 32 is specified by accsize (unit:byte, the default is 8).

The following are options:

| -erom | Alternate ROM is mapped. |
|--------------|--|
| -eram | Alternate RAM is mapped. |
| -target | Target area is mapped. [V850] [78K0] |
| -stack | Stack area is mapped. [78K] |
| -protect | I/O protect area is mapped. [V850] [78K0] |
| -clear | All the settings for the mapping are deleted. |
| -information | Refer to the setting for the mapping. |

Usage example

- (IDCON) 1 % map -i
- 1: 0 0x7fff 8 {IROM}
- 2: 0x8000 0x87ff 8 {Target RRM}
- 3: 0x8800 0x9fff 8 {Target}
- 4: 0xa000 0xf7ff 8 {NonMap}
- 5: 0xf800 0xfaff {NonMap}
- 6: 0xfb00 0xfedf 8 {Saddr}
- 7: 0xfee0 0xfeff 8 {Register}
- 8: 0xff00 0xffff 8 {IOR/SFR}

mdi

mdi - Setting of expansion window

Input format

mdi geometry ?x y? width height
mdi title string

Functions

Sets the size and title name of the expansion window.

The command can be used only from the expansion window.

Usage example

(IDCON) 1 % mdi geometry 0 0 100 100 (IDCON) 2 % mdi title foo

memory

memory - Display/setting of memory

Input format

memory ?options? address ?value?
memory ?options? -fill address1 address2 value

memory ?options? -copy address1 address2 address3

Functions

Sets value in the memory of the address specified by address according to options.

If value is omitted, display the value of the memory of the address specified by address.

If -fill is specified, data from address1 to address2 is filled with value.

If -copy is specified, data from address1 to address2 is copied to address3.

The following are options:

| -byte | Displayed/set in one-byte units. (default) |
|-----------|--|
| -halfword | Displayed/set in halfword units. [V850] |
| -word | Displayed/set in word units. |
| -fill | The data is filled in. |
| -сору | The data is copied. |
| -noverify | Verification is not executed on writing. |

Usage example

(IDCON) 1 % memory 100 0x10 (IDCON) 2 % memory 100 2 (IDCON) 3 % memory 100 0x02 (IDCON) 4 % memory -fill 0 1ff 0

module

module - Display of the list of files and functions

Input format

module progname ?filename?

Functions

Displays the list of files and functions of the load module specified by progname.

If *filename* is not specified, the list of files is displayed.

If *filename* is specified, the list of functions of the specified files is displayed.

Usage example

(IDCON) 1 % module rammon.lmf 1: rammon.c (IDCON) 2 % module rammon.lmf rammon.c 1: rammon.c sub1 2: rammon.c main

next

next - Procedure step

Input format

next ?options?

Functions

Executes the procedure steps. If functions are called, the step stops after executing function.

The following are options:

| -source | The command is executed in source line units. (default) |
|--------------|---|
| -instruction | The command is executed in command units. |

Usage example

(IDCON) 1 % next -i (IDCON) 2 % next -s

refresh

refresh - Redrawing of window

Input format

refresh

Functions

Redraws the window and updates the data.

Usage example

(IDCON) 1 % batch foo.tcl (IDCON) 2 % refresh

register

register - Display/setting of register value and IOR/SFR value

Input format

register ?options? regname ?value?

Functions

Sets value in the register specified with regname.

If value is omitted, displays the value of the register specified by regname.

The following are options:

| -force | Compulsory reading or writing is executed. |
|----------------|--|
| -bankno bankno | Specifies the bank number. [78K0] [78K0R] |

Usage example

(IDCON) 1 % register pc 0x100 (IDCON) 2 % register pc 200 (IDCON) 3 % register pc 0x200

reset

reset - Reset

Input format

reset ?options?

Functions

Resets the SM+ , CPU, symbols or events.

If options are omitted, the CPU is reset.

The following are options:

| -сри | CPU is reset. (default) |
|-----------|---|
| -debugger | The SM+ is reset. |
| -symbol | Symbol is reset. |
| -event | All events and software breaks are reset. |

Usage example

(IDCON) 1 % reset

run

run - Reset and execution of CPU

Input format

run ?options?

Functions

Resets the program and executes it.

If -waitbreak is not specified, the command does not wait until the program stops.

The following are options:

| -waitbreak | The command waits for the program to stop. |
|------------|--|
|------------|--|

Usage example

(IDCON) 1 % run (IDCON) 2 % run -w

step

step - Step execution

Input format

step ?options?

Functions

Executes step execution.

If functions are called, the command stops at the head of the functions.

The following are options:

| -source | The command is executed in source line units. (default) |
|--------------|---|
| -instruction | The command is executed in instruction units. |

Usage example

(IDCON) 1 % step -i (IDCON) 2 % step -s

stop

stop - Stop executing

Input format

stop

Functions

Stops the program forcibly.

Usage example

(IDCON) 1 % run (IDCON) 2 % stop

Usage example

(IDCON) 1 % tkcon save c:/temp/logfile.txt all

upload

upload - Upload

Input format

upload ?options? filename address1 address2 upload -coverage filename

Functions

Saves the memory dataa within the specified range in a file.

The following are options:

| -binary | The data is saved in binary format. |
|------------|--|
| -coverage | The coverage data is saved. When saving coverage data, all the specified range of the coverage data is saved in the file (specification of start/end addresses not required). |
| -intel | The data is saved in Intel HEX format. (default) |
| -motorola | The data is saved in Motorola HEX format. |
| -tektronix | The data is saved in Tektronix HEX format. |
| -force | The file is overwritten. |

Usage example

(IDCON) 1 % upload -b foo.hex 0 0xffff

version

version - Display of the version information

Input format

version

Functions

Displays the version of the SM+.

Usage example

(IDCON) 1 % version

 GUI
 : Vx.xx [XX XXXX 200X]

 Devicefile
 : V850 Device File [uPD70F3261Y] Vx.xx

 Debugger
 : V850 Debugger Vx.xx [XX XXXX 200X]

 Executer
 : SM+ for V850 Simulator Vx.xx [XX XXXX 200X]

 Monitor
 : SM+ [uPD70F3261Y] Vx.xx

 Assembler
 : V850 Asm/Disasm Vx.xx [XX XXXX 200X]

 Tcl/Tk
 : 8.4.5

watch

watch - Display/setting of variables

Input format

watch ?options? variable ?value?

Functions

Displays and sets the variables.

The following are options:

| -binary | The value is displayed in binary digits. |
|-----------------------|---|
| -octal | The value is displayed in octal digits. |
| -decimal | The value is displayed in decimal digits. |
| -hexdecimal | The value is displayed in hexdecimal digits. |
| -string | The value is displayed in character strings. |
| -sizeof | The size, instead of the value, of variables is displayed in decimal digits. |
| -encoding <i>name</i> | Encoding during character string display is specified. By default, system encoding is used. <i>name</i> (encoding name) is based on the Tcl specification (shiftjis, euc-jp, etc.). |

Usage example

(IDCON) 1 % watch var 0x10 (IDCON) 2 % watch -d var 16 (IDCON) 3 % watch array\[0\] 0xa

where

where - Stack trace

Input format

where

Functions

Executes the back-trace of the stack.

Usage example

- (IDCON) 1 % where
- 1: test2.c#sub2(int i)#13
- 2: test.c#num(int i)#71
- 3: test.c#main()#82

wish

wish - Startup of Tclet

Input format

wish scriptname

Functions

Starts up the script using Tk (Tclet).

The expansion window can be created with Tclet.

Usage example

(IDCON) 1 % wish test.tcl

xcoverage

xcoverage - Operation of coverage

Input format

xcoverage option

Functions

Operates coverage.

The following are options:

| -clear | Clears the coverage memory. |
|--------|-----------------------------|
|--------|-----------------------------|

Usage example

(IDCON) 1 % xcoverage -clear (IDCON) 2 % xcoverage -start (IDCON) 3 % xcoverage -stop

xtime

xtime - Operation of timer

Input format

xtime option

Functions

Operates timer.

The following are options:

| -start | Timer starts on executing the program. |
|----------|---|
| -stop | Timer stops on executing the program. |
| -gobreak | Displays the number of clocks as the time between Go and Break. |

Usage example

(IDCON) 1 % xtime -start (IDCON) 2 % xtime -stop

xtrace

xtrace - Operation of tracer

Input format

xtrace -dump ?-append? frameno ?filename?

xtrace -start

xtrace -stop

xtrace -clear

xtrace -addup ?bool?

xtrace -mode ?mode?

Functions

Operates tracer.

The following are options:

| -start | The tracer starts on executing the program. |
|---------------|---|
| -stop | The tracer stops on executing the program. |
| -clear | Clears the trace memory. |
| -dump | The trace data is dumped. (default) The dump result is redirected to the console window. If the file name is specified, the dump result is written in the file. |
| -append | The dump result is added to a file. |
| -addup ?bool? | Whether the time tag is totaled or not is selected. When <i>bool</i> is omitted, the current mode is displayed. |
| -mode ?mode? | The trace control mode (any one of: all, cond, nonstop, fullstop, fullbreak, delaystop, delaybreak, machine, or event) is selected. When <i>mode</i> is omitted, the current mode is displayed. |

Usage example

(IDCON) 1 % xtrace -start (IDCON) 2 % xtrace -stop (IDCON) 3 % xtrace -dump 3 _ 01685 2 000000BC M1 br _sub2+0x2 _ 01686 4 0000009A BRM1 st.w r6, 0x8[sp] _ 01687 3 0000009E BRM1 st.w r0, 0x0[sp] (IDCON) 4 % xtrace -clear (IDCON) 5 % xtrace -addup true

alias

alias - Creating alternative name

Input format

alias ?alias? ?command name?

Functions

Defines a command with an alternative name.

This is one of the console/Tcl commands.

A command name, or a command name and its option can be specified for command name.

By modifying \bin\idtcl\aliases.tcl in the installation folder, the defined alternative-name command can be used each time.

Usage example

alias a assemble alias b breakpoint alias g go alias i step -i alias j jump alias l download alias m memory alias n next alias r run alias s step alias w watch

tkcon

tkcon - Console control

Input format

tkcon cmd ?arg?

Functions

Controls the Console window.

This command is one of the console/Tcl commands.

| tkcon buffer <i>?size?</i> | Sets and references the maximum buffer size (number of lines) of the console. If the specified buffer size is exceeded, the excessive lines are deleted from the oldest order. |
|------------------------------|---|
| tkcon close tkcon destroy | Close the Console window. |
| tkcon font ?fontname? | Sets and references the fonts used in the Console window. |
| tkcon gets | Performs standard inputs such as Stdin. Opens a dialog box. |
| tkcon history ?-newline? | Displays the command history. |
| tkcon save ?filename? ?type? | Saves the buffer data for the Console window as a file. When the file name or the file type is omitted, a dialog box is opened. Select the type from all, history, stdin, stdout, and stderr. |
| tkcon version | Displays the console version. |

Usage example

(IDCON) 1 % tkcon save c:/temp/logfile.txt all

APPENDIX A EXPANSION WINDOW

- Overview
- Sample Window
- Activation
- Explanation of Each Sample Window

A.1 Overview

With the SM+, the user can create custom windows in addition to the existing windows.

The Tcl (Tool Command Language) interpreter and the commands for controlling the debugger are implemented

in the SM+. Users can create windows using this Tcl.

The SM+ is supplied with samples of the following expansion windows.

A.2 Sample Window

| Table A-1 List of | Expansion | Window | (Sample) |
|-------------------|-----------|--------|----------|
|-------------------|-----------|--------|----------|

| Window Name | Function |
|--------------------------|--|
| List window | Displays a list of the source files and functions. |
| Grep window | Searches a character string. |
| RRM window [V850] | This is the memory window for real-time RAM monitoring. |
| Hook window | Sets the hook procedure. |
| Memory Mapped I/O window | Writes to or reads from the specified address. |
| Sym Inspect window | Searches through a list of properly described symbols. |
| Run Break Time window | Displays two types of time: Time at which the user program starts running (Run) and time at which the user program breaks (Break). |

A.3 Activation

The expansion window can be activated by selecting List, Grep, RRM, Hook, Memory, SymInspect or RunBreak-Time in [Others] on the [Browse] menu.

 Remark:
 The .tcl file for these sample windows are installed in the following folder.

 SM+ with multiple-version installation function: NEC Electronics Tools\SM+\Vx.xx\bin\idtcl\tools

 SM+ without multiple-version installation function: NECTools32\bin\idtcl\tools

A.4 Explanation of Each Sample Window

The SM+ provides the sample window below.

List window

The lists of the source files and functions are displayed in a tree format in this window. When a function name in the list is clicked, the corresponding source is displayed.

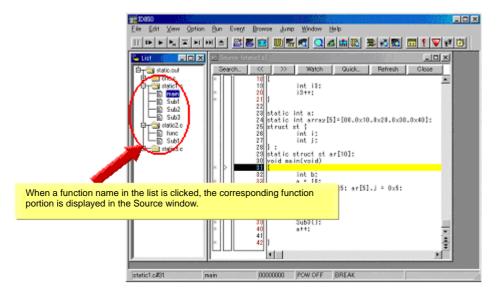
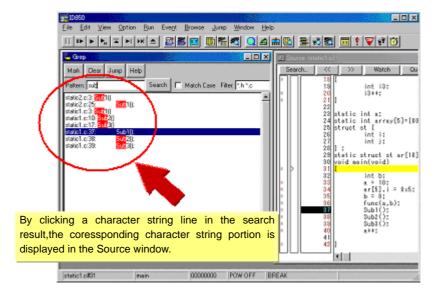


Figure A-1 List Window

Grep window

Search for a character string is performed in the files under the source path.

When the search result is clicked, the corresponding source is displayed.





| Object | Function |
|------------------------|--|
| Pattern | Input the character string to be searched. |
| <mark> button</mark> | Marks the searched character string. |
| <clear> button</clear> | Clears the marking. |
| <jump> button</jump> | Put the cursor on a section in the search result and click this button to open the corresponding file. |
| Match Case | Select whether or not to distinguish uppercase and lowercase. |
| Filter | Specify the type of the file to be searched. |

RRM window

This is a dedicated window for RAM monitoring.

The address area in which a value was changed in the RAM area during program execution is highlighted with a color. The display range is 1 KB. With reading RAM, execution of the user program momentarily breaks. On this window, the start address of the RAM area can be changed while the user program is being executed.

Caution: All data are not read at the same time (because data of 1 KB is divided and read in word units).

🖕 RRM Address: 0x3ff7000 🔲 Keep Color Change Refresh Close Address: +0 +1 +2 +3 +4 +5 +6 +7 +8 +9 +A +B +C +D +E +F 03FF7000 · 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 -03FF7010: 00 00 ÕÕ 00 00 03FF7020 ŌŌ 03FF7030: $00 \ 00 \ 00 \ 00 \ 00$ 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 03FF7040 03FF7050 00 00 00 00 00 ŌŌ 0.0 0.0 0.0 03FF7060 ÕÕ 03FF7070 00 00 00 00 0**|**0 00 03FF7080 03FF7090 00 00 00 ŏŏ ŏŏ ŏŏ ŏŏ ŌŌ ŌŌ ŌŌ ŌŌ ŌŌ ŌŌ 03FF70A0 03FF70B0 ŌŌ 03FF70C0 03FF70D0 03FF70E0 00 00 00 00 $\begin{array}{ccc} 00 & 00 \\ 00 & 00 \end{array}$ 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0.0 03FF70F0 03FF7100 ŌŌ ŌŌ ŌŌ ŌŌ ŌŌ 00 ŌŌ ŌŌ FF ŌŌ ŌŌ ŌŌ ŌŌ 03FF7110 03FF7120 03FF7130 00 00 00 00 00 00 0.0 0.0 ŏŏ ŌŌ ÕÕ ÕÕ ŌŌ ÕÕ ŌŌ ÕÕ ŌŌ ŌŌ ÕÕ 03FF7140 03FF7150 00 00 03FF7160 03FF7170

| Object | Function |
|----------------------------|--|
| Address: | Input the start address to be displayed (automatically aligned to 1 KB.) |
| <change> button</change> | Switch the start address display. |
| <refresh> button</refresh> | Reads data from the memory. |
| <color> button</color> | The color can be customized. The default color is red. |
| Keep Color | Specify whether or not to hold the color highlighting. Selected: Once a value is changed, the color highlighting is held until a break occurs. Unselected: The color is cleared if there is no change of values. (default) |
| <close> button</close> | Closes this window. |

Figure A-3 RRM Window

Hook window

This window is used to set a hook to the debugger, using a hook procedure.

The hook procedure enables changing the register value before downloading a program, or after a CPU reset. On this window, a hook can be set by using the following five tabs.

- [AfterDownload] tab: Hook after downloading
- [BeforeDownload] tab: Hook before downloading
- [AfterCpuReset] tab: Hook after CPU reset during break
- [BeforeCpuRun] tab: Hook before start of execution
- [AfterCpuStop] tab: Hook after break
- Remark: By setting a IOR by using the [BeforeDownload] tab before downloading the load module, for example, downloading can be executed at high speeds. Access to the external memory is also facilitated by using this tab. [V850]

If the setting is saved as "project-file-name.tcl" in the directory where the project is stored, the setting is executed when the project is next opened.

| 🍇 Hook | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|---------|----------|
| AfterDownload | BeforeDownload] AfterCpuReset] BeforeCpuRur | AfterCp | ouStop] |
| register PHCMD register CKC | | | |
| | Test | Save | Clear |

Figure A-4 Hook Window

| Object | Function |
|------------------------|--|
| [AfterDownload] tab | Hook after downloading After downloading is performed, the register values input to the tab are automatically overwritten by the specified value. |
| [BeforeDownload] tab | Hook before downloading Before downloading is performed, the register values input to the tab are automatically overwritten by the specified value. |
| [AfterCpuReset] tab | Hook after CPU reset during break after resetting CPU, the register values input to the tab are automatically overwritten by the specified value. |
| [BeforeCpuRun] tab | Hook before starting execution before starting execution, the register values input to the tab are automatically overwritten by the specified value. |
| [AfterCpuStop] tab | Hook after breaking After breaking, the register values input to the tab are automatically overwritten by the specified value. |
| <test> button</test> | All the commands described on the tabs are tested. |
| <save> button</save> | Saves all the tab contents to a file. If the SM+ was activated from a project file, the file is saved as "project-file- name.tcl". |
| <clear> button</clear> | Clears all the descriptions on the tabs. |

Remark: Specify the program register and the IOR/SFR for the register name.

Memory Mapped I/O window

Data is explicitly read or written at a specified address in this window.

When a write is performed in the Memory Window, the data is internally read and verified by the SM+. In addition, the memory can also be read simply by scrolling in the Memory Window. On the Memory Mapped I/O window, however, the above operations are not performed.

Therefore, this window is useful for reading or writing a specific address.

While the user program is being executed, it momentarily breaks before data is written in this window.

| 🌭 Memo | ry Ma | appe | ed I | ı∕o | (00 | 00F | FFO |) | | | | | | | |)[| |
|--|---|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Address: | 0x00 | 000 | ff | ff | J | ump | Re | efresh | All | Refi | resh (| Dne | Мо | dify | | I | Close |
| Address | : + | 0 - | +1 | +2 | +3 | +4 | +5 | +6 | +7 | +8 | +9 | +À | +B | +C | +D | +E | +F |
| 0000FFF 0001000 0001001 0001002 0001003 0001005 0001006 0001007 0001008 0001009 0001004 0001000 0001000 0001000 | 0:0:0 0:0:0 0:0:0 0:0:0 0:0:0 0:0:0 0:0:0 0:0:0 0:0:0 0:0:0 0:0:0 0:0:0 0:0:0 | | | | | | | | 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 | | 00 00 00 FF 00 FF 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0 | | | 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 | | | |
| 0001010 0001011 0001012 0001013 0001014 0001015 0001016 | 0:0 0:0 0:0 0:0 0:0 0:0 | | 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 | 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 | 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 | 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 | 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 | 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 | 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 | 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 | 00 00 00 00 00 00 FF |

Figure A-5 Memory Mapped I/O Window

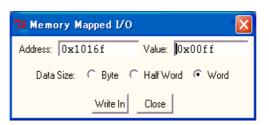
| Object | Function |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Address: | Input the address to display. The display target address changes by pressing the Enter key or clicking the <jump> button.The data contents are not read at this time, so the address (numerical value) is displayed in the address display section, but "XX" is displayed in the data section.</jump> |
| <jump> button</jump> | Jumps to the address input in the Address field. |
| <refresh all=""> button</refresh> | Reads all the areas currently displayed only once. "ZZ" will be displayed in the data section when an attempt is made to read an unmapped area, or when an error occurs upon a read. |
| <refresh one=""> button</refresh> | Reads data in the memory of the address at which the cursor is placed only once. The read data size depends on the display format. "ZZ" will be displayed in the data section when an attempt is made to read an unmapped area, or when an error occurs upon a read. |
| <modify> button</modify> | Opens the Memory Mapped I/O dialog box. The address at which the cursor is placed is the input address displayed in the Memory Mapped I/O dialog box. If this button is clicked after the cursor position is changed in the Memory Mapped I/O dialog box, the Address field in the Memory Mapped I/O dialog box is also changed. |

| Object | Function |
|------------------------|--|
| <close> button</close> | Closes this window. |
| Context menu | Select the display format from Byte, HalfWord, and Word. |

Memory Mapped I/O dialog box

This dialog box can be opened by clicking the <Modify... > button on the Memory Mapped I/O window. It is used to write data to any address.

- **Remark1:** When the area to which data is written is displayed in the Memory Window or Watch Window, data is read in these windows after the <Write in> button is clicked.
- **Remark2:** If Data Size is less than Access Size specified in the Configuration Dialog Box, SM+ reads data in Access Size once, changes the corresponding part of the read data, and writes the changed data in Access Size.



| Object | Function |
|------------------------------|--|
| Address: | Input the address to be written. The address corresponding to the data for which the cursor is placed in the Memory Mapped I/O window is displayed by default. |
| Value: | Input the value to be written. |
| Data Size: | Select the size of the data to be written. The size specified in the Memory Mapped I/O window is selected by default. |
| <write in=""> button</write> | Data is written to the specified address with the specified size. |
| <close> button</close> | Closes this dialog box. |

Figure A-6 Memory Mapped I/O Dialog Box

Sym Inspect window

This window displays the list of the symbols and addresses of loaded module files, and is used for searching the list for the properly described symbol.

| SymInspect | |
|------------------------------|------------|
| Load Module: test1sg2rom.out | |
| Filter: [a-z]* | Match C |
| Symbol | Address |
| nain | 0x000004f0 |
| sub1 | 0x00000514 |
| sub2 | 0x0000053c |
| sub3 | 0x00000570 |
| sub4 | 0x000005d4 |
| InitTimer | 0x000005e8 |
| OnTimer | 0x00000620 |
| g_string | 0x03ff710c |
| g_shiftjis | 0x03ff7114 |
| g_f | 0x03ff7128 |
| g_pf | 0x03ff712c |
| g_d | 0x03ff7130 |
| g_pd | 0x03ff7134 |
| g_e | 0x03ff7138 |
| g_ep | 0x03ff713c |
| g_struct | 0x03ff7140 |
| g_pstruct | 0x03ff7158 |
| g_i | 0x03ff715c |
| a si | 0x03ff7160 |
| 4 | * |

| Object | Function |
|--------------|--|
| Load Module: | Selects a load module file. |
| Filter: | Specifies a properly described symbol so that the symbol is retrieved. |
| Match Case | In Filter:, specify to differentiate or not differentiate case sensitivity. Select this box to differentiate case sensitivity. |
| Symbol | Displays the symbols. Clicking this icon has the symbols sorted in alphabetical order. |
| Address | Displays the addresses. Clicking this icon has the addresses sorted in ascending numerical order. |

| Context Menu | Function |
|------------------|--|
| Сору | Copies the selected address to the clipboard. |
| Jump to Source | Jumps from the address in the selected line to the identical address displayed in the Source Window. |
| Jump to Assemble | Jumps from the address in the selected line to the identical address displayed in the Assemble Window. |
| Jump to Memory | Jumps from the address in the selected line to the identical address displayed in the Memory Window. |

Run Break Time window

This window displays two types of time: Time at which the user program starts running (Run) and time at which the user program breaks (Break). The window is helpful when measuring takes a long time. The Windows timer function is utilized for this window; the time is displayed in hours, minutes, and seconds.

Figure A-8 RunBreakTimer Window



| Object | Function | |
|------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| <clear> button</clear> | Clears the time display | |

APPENDIX B INPUT CONVENTIONS

- Usable Character Set
- Symbols
- Numeric Values
- Expressions and Operators
- File Names

B.1 Usable Character Set

| Classification | Character |
|--|--|
| Alphabetic characters | Uppercase: A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z Lowercase: a b c d e f g h i j k l m n o p q r s t u v w x y z |
| Numerals | 0123456789 |
| Character equivalent to alphabetic character | @ _ [V850] @ _ ? [78K] |

Table B-1 List of Character Set

Table B-2 List of Special Characters

| Character | Name | Usage | |
|-----------|-------------------|---|--|
| (| Left parenthesis | Changes operation order. | |
|) | Right parenthesis | Changes operation order. | |
| + | Plus | Addition operator or positive sign | |
| - | Minus | Subtraction operator or negative sign | |
| * | Asterisk | Multiplication operator or indirect reference operator | |
| / | Slash | Division operator | |
| % | Percent | Remainder operator | |
| ~ | Tilde | Complement operator | |
| | Vertical line | Bit sum operator | |
| ^ | Circumflex | Bit difference operator | |
| & | Ampersand | Bit product operator or address operator | |
| [| Left bracket | Array subscript operator or base register specification symbol [V850] | |
|] | Right bracket | Array subscript operator or indirect display symbol [78K] | |
| ! | Exclamation | Absolute addressing start symbol [78K] | |
| \$ | Dollar | Relative addressing start symbol [78K] | |
| # | Sharp mark | Symbol indicating an immediate value [78K] | |
| | Period | Direct member operator or bit position specifier | |
| , | Comma | Delimiter between operands | |

B.2 Symbols

- (a) A symbol consists of characters A to Z, a to z, @, _ (underbar), . (period) and 0 to 9. **[V850]** A symbol consists of characters A to Z, a to z, @, _ (underbar), ?, and 0 to 9. **[78K]**
- (b) A symbol must start with a character other than numerals 0 to 9.
- (c) Uppercase characters (A to Z) and lowercase characters (a to z) are distinguished.
- (d) A symbol must be no more than 2048 characters long (if a symbol of more than 2048 characters is defined, only the first 2048 characters are valid).
- (e) A symbol is defined by loading a load module file.
- (f) Symbols are classified into the following types by the valid range:
 - Global symbol (assembly language, structured assembly language [78K], C language)
 - Static symbol (C language)
 - In-file static symbol
 - In-function static symbol
 - Local symbol (C language)
 - In-module local symbol (assembly language, structured assembly language) [78K]
 - In-file local symbol
 - In-function local symbol
 - In-block local symbol
- (g) The following symbols are available for each language used:
 - Assembly language, structured assembly language [78K],
 - label name, constant name [78K], bit symbol name
 - C language

Variable name (including pointer variable name, enumeration type variable name, array name, structure name, and union name)

Function name, label name

Array element, structure element, union element, bit field (if the symbol is an array, structure, or union)

- (h) A symbol can be described instead of an address or numeric value.
- (i) The valid range of a symbol is determined based on the source debug information when the source file is assembled or compiled.
- (j) Describe only the symbol name of a global symbol.
- (k) A local symbol is expressed in pairs with a file name.

B.3 Numeric Values

The following four types of numeric values can be used. The input format of each type is as shown below.

The suffix (bold) and the alphabetic characters of hexadecimal numbers may be uppercase or lowercase characters. If the first character is A to F, 0 must be prefixed to it.

In the input field of SM+, decimal numbers or hexadecimal numbers are alternately selected, depending on the default radix.

| Numeric Value | Input Format |
|---------------------|---|
| Binary number | n Y nn Y (n=0,1) |
| Octal number | n O nn O (n=0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7) n Q nn Q (n=0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7) |
| Decimal number | n nn n T nn T (n=0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9) |
| Hexadecimal numbers | n nn n H nn H 0x n 0x nn (n=0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,A,B,C,D,E,F) |

B.4 Expressions and Operators

(1) Expressions

An expression consists of constants, register names, IOR/SFR name and symbols coupled by operators.

If IOR/SFR name, label name, function name, or variable name is described as a symbol, an address is calculated as the value of the symbol.

The elements making up an expression, except operators, are called terms (constants and labels). Terms are called the first term, the second term, and so on, starting from the left.

(2) Operators

The following operators of the C language can be used:

Table B-4 List of Operators

| Symbol | Meaning | Explanation | |
|----------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Arithmetic ope | Arithmetic operator | | |
| + | Addition | Returns the sum of the first and second terms. | |
| - | Subtraction | Returns the difference between the first and second terms. | |
| * | Multiplication | Returns the product of the first and second terms. | |
| / | Division | Divides the value of the first term by the value of the second term, and returns the integer of the results. | |
| MOD % | Remainder | Divides the value of the first term by the value of the second term, and returns the remainder of the results. | |
| - sign | Unary operator (negative) | Returns 2's complement of the value of the term. | |
| + sign | Unary operator (positive) | Returns the value of the term. | |
| Logical operat | or | | |
| NOT ~ | Negation | Logically negates each bit of the term, and returns the results. | |
| AND & | Logical product | Obtains the logical product of the values of the first and second terms on each bit, and returns the results. | |
| OR | Logical sum | Obtains the logical sum of the values of the first and second terms on each bit, and returns the results. | |
| XOR ^ | Exclusive logical sum | Obtains the exclusive logical sum of the values of the first and second terms on each bit, and returns the results. | |
| Shift operator | Shift operator | | |
| SHR >> | Right shift | Shifts the value of the first term by the value (number of bits) of the second term to the right, and returns the results. As many 0s as the number of shifted bits are inserted in the higher bits. | |

| Symbol | Meaning | Explanation | |
|-----------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| SHL << | Left shift | Shifts the value of the first term by the value (number of bits) of the second term to the left, and returns the results. As many 0s as the number of shifted bits are inserted in the lower bits. | |
| Byte separation | operator | | |
| HIGH | Higher byte | Of the lowest 16 bits of the term, returns the higher 8 bits. | |
| LOW | Lower byte | Of the lowest 16 bits of the term, returns the lower 8 bits. | |
| Word separatio | Word separation operator | | |
| HIGHW | Higher word | Of the 32 bits of the term, returns the higher 16 bits. | |
| LOWW | Lower word | Of the 32 bits of the term, returns the lower 16 bits. | |
| Other | Other | | |
| (| Left parenthesis | Performs the operation in () before the operation outside (). '(' and ')' are always used in pairs. | |
|) | Right parenthesis | | |

(3) Rules of operation

Operations are performed according to the priority of the operators.

Table B-5 Operator Priority

| | Priority | Operators |
|---|----------|---|
| 1 | Higher | (,) |
| 2 | | + sign, - sign, NOT, ~, HIGHT, LOW, HIGHW, LOWW |
| 3 | | *, /, MOD, %, SHR, >>, SHL, << |
| 4 | | +, - |
| 5 | | AND, & |
| 6 | Lower | OR, , XOR, ^ |

- If the priorities of the operators are the same, the operation is performed from the left toward the right.

- Performs the operation in () before the operation outside ().

- Each term in an operation is treated as unsigned 32-bit data.

- All operation results are treated as unsigned 32-bit data.

- If an overflow occurs during operation, the lower 32 bits are valid, and the overflow is not detected.

(4) Terms

To describe a constant for a term, the following numeric values can be described.

Table B-6 Range of Radixes

| Radix | Range |
|---------------------|--|
| Binary number | 0 Y <= value <= 1111111111111111111111111111111111 |
| Octal number | 0 O <= value <= 3777777777 O |
| Decimal number | -2147483648 <= value <= 4294967295 (A negative decimal number is internally converted into a 2's complement.) |
| Hexadecimal numbers | 0H <= value <= 0FFFFFFH |

B.5 File Names

The following regulations apply to the source file names and load module file names.

(1) Source file names and load module file names

File names are composed of a to z, A to Z, 0 to 9, ., _, +, and -.

File names must start with a character other than ".".

File names cannot be prefixed or suffixed by a period (.) or space.

File names are not case-sensitive.

A file name consists of up to 259 characters including the path.

(2) Other file names

Other file names comply with Windows file name regulations.

The following characters cannot be used in file names.

\/:*?"<>|;

File names cannot be prefixed or suffixed by a period (.) or space.

File names are not case-sensitive.

A file name consists of up to 259 characters including the path.

APPENDIX C KEY FUNCTION LIST

Table C-1 Key Function List

| Кеу | Function |
|-----------------|---|
| BackSpace | Deletes one character before the cursor and moves the cursor to the position of the deleted character. At this time, the character string following the cursor moves forward. |
| Delete | Deletes one character after the cursor and move the character string following the cursor forward. Deletes a various event condition selected in the Event Manager or each event dialog box. Deletes the data selected in the Watch Window. |
| Insert | Alternately selects the insert mode and overwrite mode in the Source Window and Assemble Window. However, this key is invalid in the Memory, Register, and IOR/SFR Windows, and only the overwrite mode can be used as an input mode. |
| PrintScreen | Loads the entire display screen to the clipboard as a bitmap image (function of Windows). |
| Esc | Closes the pull-down menu. Closes the modal dialog box. Restores the input data. |
| Alt | Moves the cursor to the menu bar. |
| End | Moves the cursor to the end of the line. |
| Home | Moves the cursor to the beginning of the line. |
| PageUp | Scrolls the screen one screen up. The cursor also moves up to the top of the screen. |
| PageDown | Scrolls the screen one screen down. The cursor also moves up to the top of the screen. |
| Space | Inserts one blank character. |
| Tab | Moves the cursor to the next item. |
| Up arrow key | Moves the cursor up. If the cursor is at the bottom of the screen, scrolls the screen up one line at a time. |
| Down arrow key | Moves the cursor down. If the cursor is at the top of the screen, scrolls the screen down one line at a time. |
| Right arrow key | Moves the cursor to the left. If the cursor is at the left most position on the screen, scrolls the screen one column to the right. |
| Left arrow key | Moves the cursor to the right. If the cursor is at the right most position on the screen, scrolls the screen one column to the left. |
| Enter | Sets the input data. Presses the default push button. |
| F1 | Opens the Help window. |

| Кеу | Function |
|-----------------------|---|
| F2 | Forcibly stops program execution. Same function as [Run] menu -> [Stop]. |
| F3 | Resets the CPU. Same function as [Run] menu -> [CPU Reset]. |
| F4 | Resets the CPU and executes the program. Same function as [Run] menu -> [Restart]. |
| F5 | Executes the program. Same function as [Run] menu -> [Go]. |
| F6 | Executes the program to the cursor position in the Source or Assemble Window. Same function as [Run] menu -> [Come Here]. |
| F7 | The user program is real-time executed until execution returns. Same function as [Run] menu -> [Return Out]. |
| F8 | Step execution. Same function as [Run] menu -> [Step In]. |
| F9 | Sets a breakpoint at cursor position in Source or Assemble Window. Same function as [Run] menu -> [Break Point]. |
| F10 | Next step execution. Same function as [Run] menu -> [Next Over]. |
| Shift+End | Expands the selection range to the end of the line. |
| Shift+Home | Expands the selection range to the beginning of the line. |
| Shift+Left arrow key | Expands the selection range one character to the left. |
| Shift+Right arrow key | Expands the selection range one character to the right. |
| Shift+F6 | Executes the program from the cursor position in the Source or Assemble Window. Same function as [Run] menu -> [Start From Here]. |
| Shift+F9 | Resets the CPU. Same function as [Run] menu -> [CPU Reset]. |
| Ctrl+End | Displays the last line. The cursor will also move to the last line. |
| Ctrl+Home | Displays the first line. The cursor will also move to the first line. |
| Ctrl+Left arrow key | Moves the cursor one word to the left. If the cursor at the left most position on the screen, scrolls the screen one column to the right. |
| Ctrl+Right arrow key | Moves the cursor one word to the right. If the cursor at the right most position on the screen, scrolls the screen one column to the left. |
| Ctrl+F5 | Ignores break points being set, and executes the program. Same function as [Run] menu -> [Ignore break points and Go]. |
| Ctrl+F9 | Sets the address at the cursor position in the Source Window or Assemble Window to the PC. Same function as [Run] menu -> [Change PC]. |
| Ctrl+A | Selects all the events registered to the Event Manager. Same function as [View] menu -> [Select All Event] in the Event Manager. |
| Ctrl+C | Copies a selected character string and saves it to the clipboard buffer. |
| Ctrl+D | Disassembles and displays the results from the jump destination address specified by the data value selected in the current window.Opens the Assemble Window. Same function as [Jump] menu -> [Assemble]. |

| Key | Function |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Ctrl+E | Opens the source file displayed in the active Source Window with the editor specified by the PM+ when the PM+ is running. Same function as [Edit] menu -> [Edit Source]. |
| Ctrl+G | Performs a search.Opens the search dialog box corresponding to the current window. Same function as [View] menu -> [Search]. |
| Ctrl+J | Moves the display position. Opens the each dialog box, depending on the current window. Same function as [View] menu -> [Move]. |
| Ctrl+M | Displays the memory contents from the jump destination address specified by the data value selected in the current window. Opens the Memory Window. Same function as [Jump] menu -> [Memory]. |
| Ctrl+O | Loads a view file, source file, or text file. Opens the View File Load Dialog Box. The operation will differ depending on the extension of the file. view file: Displays the file in the corresponding window. Others: Displays the file in the Source Window. Same function as [File] menu -> [Open]. |
| Ctrl+S | Saves the data displayed in the current window to the view file. Same function as [View] menu -> [Save]. |
| Ctrl+U | Displays the corresponding source text and source line, using the data value selected in the current window as the jump destination address. Opens the Source Window. Same function as [Jump] menu -> [Source Text]. |
| Ctrl+V | Pastes the contents of the clipboard buffer to the text cursor position. |
| Ctrl+W | Temporarily displays the contents of the specified data. Opens the Quick Watch Dialog Box. Same function as [View] menu -> [Quick Watch]. |
| Ctrl+X | Cuts a selected character string and saves it to the clipboard buffer. Same function as [Edit] menu -> [Cut]. |
| Ctrl+Shift+Left arrow key | Expands the selection range one word to the left. |
| Ctrl+Shift+Right arrow key | Expands the selection range one word to the right. |

APPENDIX D MESSAGES

- Display Format
- Types of Messages
- Message Lists

D.1 Display Format

Messages are output to the error/warning dialog box.

By pressing the F1 key while the error/warning dialog box is open, the related online help files are displayed.

| | SM+ | |
|-----------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| | <u><u>E10200</u>: Th</u> | e pin name is invalid. |
| | | Help |
| Error typ | e Error No. (Hexade | ecimal number) |

Figure D-1 Error/Warning Dialog Box

D.2 Types of Messages

The SM+ outputs the following types of messages.

Table D-1 Types of Messages

| Types | Meaning |
|---|---|
| Output messa | ages of debugger block (type + 4-digit) |
| Axxxx | A: Abort Error Stops processing, and terminates the SM+. If this error occurs, debugging cannot be continued. |
| F <i>xxxx</i> | F: Fail Stops processing, and opened windows and dialog boxes are closed. |
| Wxxxx | W: Warning Stops processing, but opened windows and dialog boxes are not closed. |
| Output messages of simulator block (type + 5-digit) | |
| Exxxxx | Error A message is outputted and processing stops. |
| Wxxxxx | Warning A message is outputted and processing continues. |

D.3 Message Lists

< From X0000 > < From X1000 > < From X2000 > < From X3000 > < From X4000 > < From X5000 > < From X6000 > < From X7000 > < From X8000 > < From X9000 > < From Xa000 > < From Xb000 > < From

(1) From X0000

| F0002: | This feature is not supported. |
|--------|--|
| A0101: | Can not find initialization file (expc.ini). |
| A0102: | Host name not found. |
| A0105: | Failed in reading device file (d3xxx.800). |
| | 1) Necessary files may be damaged. Reinstall the device file. |
| A0106: | Illegal data received. |
| A0108: | Failed in reading initialization file (expc.ini). |
| F010a: | Can not communicate. Please confirm the availability of the communication port. |
| A01a0: | No response from the emulation CPU. Please confirm the signal of the CLOCK or RESET and so on. |
| | [78K0] |
| | No response from the emulation CPU. Please confirm the signal of the CLOCK or RESET, WAIT and so |
| | on. [78K0S] |
| | 1) Check the HOLD signal, WAIT signal, clock signal, etc. The IOR value (or SFR value) may not be |
| | correct. |
| A01a1: | Failed in reading ie703000.ie. |
| A01a2: | Break board is not connected. |
| A01a3: | Emulation board is not connected. |
| A01a5: | POD/EM1 board is not connected. |
| A01a6: | Executor is running. |
| A01a7: | Failed in reading micro program file (m0xxx.78k). |
| A01a8: | Failed to find configuration file (Iv8hw.ini). [V850] |
| | Failed in reading initialization file (expc.ini). [78K] |
| A01ad: | Please update the device driver for the PC interface board. |
| | 1) The device driver may be old. Install the latest device driver. |
| A01ae: | Failed in reading configuration file (Iv8hw.ini). [V850] |
| | Failed in reading initialization file (expc.ini). [78K] |
| A01af: | Failed in executing monitor command. |
| A01b0: | Can not communicate with monitor program. Please check the availability of communication port, the |
| | setting of CPU board or the type of cable. |
| ι | |

| A01b1: | Can not communicate with monitor program. Please terminate the debugger and check the power of |
|--------|--|
| | CPU board or the connection of cable then restart the debugger. |
| A01d0: | Not enough memory in starting simulator. |
| A01d1: | Not enough memory in starting simulator. |
| F0200: | Verification error occurred. Failed in writing memory. |
| | 1) External memory could not be accessed, as it is not set. Change the register values necessary for |
| | accessing the external memory using the IOR/SFR Window or Hook Procedure before download. |
| F02a0: | Bus hold error. |
| | 1) CPU is in the bus-hold status. Reset the debugger. |
| F02a2: | Can not compulsory break. |
| F02a3: | Reset under continuation. |
| F02d2: | Not enough memory for trace-buffer. |
| F0300: | User program is running. |
| F0301: | User program is being breaked. |
| F0302: | User program is being traced. |
| F0303: | Not traced. |
| F0304: | Trace memory is not set. |
| F0306: | No trace block exists. |
| F0307: | No event condition exists. |
| F0308: | No timer measurement is done. |
| F0309: | No trigger frame exists. |
| F030a: | Tracer is being stopped. |
| F030b: | Specified snap-event has not been registered. |
| F030c: | Specified stub-event has not been registered. |
| F030d: | Timer is running. |
| F030e: | Memory copy area is overlapped. |
| F030f: | Trace has been already set. |
| F0310: | Event condition is not set. |
| F0311: | Too many valid timer event conditions. |
| F0312: | Specified timer event is not set. |
| F0313: | Illegal map range. |
| | 1) Check the map range in the Configuration Dialog Box. When mapping to external memory has been |
| | performed, change the register values necessary for accessing the external memory using the IOR/ |
| | SFR Window or Hook Procedure before download). |
| F0314: | Only trace delay mode can set with delay trigger. |
| F0315: | Delay trigger cannot set without trace delay mode. |
| F0316: | Overflowed the number of mapping. |

| F03a1: Str F03a2: Tir F03a3: Ev F03d0: Ba | arget is not turned on. tep execution is being done. imer and Tracer are running. vent link and BRS events are mixed. ack-trace is being executed. |
|--|--|
| F03a2: Tir F03a3: Ev F03d0: Ba | imer and Tracer are running. vent link and BRS events are mixed. |
| F03a3: Ev F03d0: Ba | vent link and BRS events are mixed. |
| F03d0: Ba | |
| | ack-trace is being executed. |
| F03d1: Ba | |
| | ack-trace is being stopped. |
| F03d2: Ba | ack-trace execution point overrun oldest frame. |
| F03d3: Re | egister status or Memory status cannot be set up other than Phase1 of event link. |
| F03d4: No | lo back-trace information exists. |
| F03d5: La | ast command can not be backstepped. |
| F0400: Ille | legal condition. |
| F0401: Re | esult of timer measurement overflowed. |
| F0402: To | oo many event conditions with path count. |
| F0403: To | oo many address range conditions. |
| F0404: To | oo many simultaneously-usable-event conditions. |
| F0405: To | oo many snap-events. |
| F0406: To | oo many stub-events. |
| F0407: To | oo many initialization data. |
| F0408: To | oo large search data (> 16 bytes). |
| F0409: To | oo large search data (> search range). |
| F040a: To | oo many Linking-event conditions. |
| F04a0: Sc | oftware break conditions number overflow. |
| F04a1: No | ot enough memory for emulation. |
| F04a2: To | oo many partition of bus size. |
| F04a3: To | oo many execution-event conditions. |
| F04a4: To | oo many bus-event conditions. |
| A0600: No | ot enough memory for buffer. |
| 1) |) There is not enough system memory. Close the applications being executed and the open files. |
| A0601: No | ot enough resource of operating system. |
| F0b20: Th | his event number can not be used. |
| F0b61: Se | ection Trace event conditions overflow. |
| F0b66: Ca | annot use the break before execution event and the software break at the same time. |
| F0b80: Re | eset by hardware error. |
| F0c00: M | Ionitor file read error. |
| 1) |) Necessary files may be damaged. Reinstall the debugger. |

| A0c01: | During access of register, CPU did time out. |
|---------|--|
| | 1) Check the clock signal, etc. The register value may not be correct. |
| A0c02: | During access of memory, CPU did time out. |
| | 1) Check the HOLD signal, WAIT signal, clock signal, etc. The memory value may not be correct. |
| A0c03: | During access of I/O register, CPU did time out. |
| | 1) Check the HOLD signal, WAIT signal, clock signal, etc. The I/O register value may not be correct. |
| F0c20: | Guarded area can not be accessed. |
| F0c21: | Memory was unready status. |
| F0c22: | Memory unready status was canceled. |
| F0c23: | Bus hold under continuation. Check the setting of the target board, or mask the HOLD pin. |
| F0c24: | It cannot shift to debug mode. |
| | 1) Check the clock signal. This may be caused by a stopped clock or a slow clock. |
| F0c25: | Flash macro service ROM was accessed or stepped in. |
| | 1) Please perform [Go] execution or CPU reset. |
| F0c26: | FLMD terminal is in a write-protected state. |
| | 1) FLMD is not in the write-enabled status. Check the status of the FLMD0 and FLMD1 pins. |
| F0c27: | Security flag is in a write-protected state. |
| | 1) The security flag of the flash memory has disabled writing, block erasure, or chip erasure. Nothing |
| | can be written to the flash memory. |
| F0c28: | Internal RAM is not enough, the writing to flash memory is not made. |
| | 1) The internal RAM size is less than 4 KB and flash self-programming cannot be executed. |
| F0c29: | The blank check of flash memory failed. |
| F0c2a: | The erasing of flash memory failed. |
| F0c2b: | The writing of flash memory failed. |
| F0c2c: | The internal verification of flash memory failed. |
| F0c2d: | Failed in writing flash memory. |
| F0c2e: | There is no response from flash macro service. |
| F0c2f : | Response from flash macro service is not right. |
| F0c30: | Flash I/O register operation prohibition setup needs to be canceled. |
| F0c31: | STOP mode under continuation. Can not compulsory break. Please release STOP mode or reset the |
| | CPU. |
| F0c35: | Abnormal Internal ROM size. The size is different from the default of the device. |
| F0c36: | Abnormal Internal ROM size. The size is different from the default of the device. |
| F0c38: | Extended monitor area is not blank. |
| F0c40: | Status of effective event conditions cannot be changed. |
| F0c41: | Coverage test is being executed. |
| F0c42: | Monitor has failed in shift in the debugging mode.Please reset the CPU. |
| L | |

| F0c44: Coverage test is being executed. F0c45: Inside of Power off reset emulation cannot carry out program execution. F0c46: Change of Internal ROM size or Internal RAM size or RAM monitor or DMM is not valid during Flash Self Emulation. F0c60: Event before execution cannot be set up other than break conditions. F0c61: Can not register event numbers which can not be used for hardware break. F0c62: Event numbers reserved for hardware breaks can not be used. F0c63: Event link conditions cannot set. F0c64: Too many ROM-emulation-RAM areas. F0c71: Reset cannot be performed. F0c72: Monitor memory during block is not made. F0c73: Reset cannot be performed. F0c74: CPU register cannot be accessed. F0c75: Monitor execution cannot be performed. F0c76: Initior has failed in shift in the debugging mode. Please reset the CPU. F0c76: Initial state at the time of DCU access start is unusual. F0c76: Failed in reading of trace data. F0c77: DCU access is unusual. F0c78: Failed in reading of trace data. F0c79: Full exerce file does not include the on-chip debug information. F0c70: | | |
|---|--------|---|
| F0c46: Change of Internal ROM size or Internal RAM size or RAM monitor or DMM is not valid during Flash Self Emulation. F0c60: Event before execution cannot be set up other than break conditions. F0c61: Can not register event numbers which can not be used for hardware break. F0c62: Event numbers reserved for hardware breaks can not be used. F0c63: Event link conditions cannot set. F0c64: Too many ROM-emulation-RAM areas. F0c70: DCU cannot be accessed. F0c71: Reset cannot be performed. 1) Check the clock signal. This may be caused by a stopped clock or a slow clock. F0c72: Monitor memory cannot be accessed. F0c73: Monitor execution cannot be performed. F0c74: CPU register cannot be performed. F0c75: Monitor has failed in shift in the debugging mode. Please reset the CPU. F0c76: Initial state at the time of DCU access start is unusual. F0c77: DCU access is unusual. F0c78: Failed in reading of trace data. F0c79: Failed in reading of trace data. F0c78: Failed in le not found. 1) Necessary files may be damaged. Reinstall the debugger. F0c28: < | F0c44: | Coverage test is being executed. |
| Self Emulation. F0c60: Event before execution cannot be set up other than break conditions. F0c61: Can not register event numbers which can not be used for hardware break. F0c62: Event numbers reserved for hardware breaks can not be used. F0c63: Event link conditions cannot set. F0c64: Too many ROM-emulation-RAM areas. F0c70: DCU cannot be accessed. F0c71: Reset cannot be performed. 1) Check the clock signal. This may be caused by a stopped clock or a slow clock. F0c72: Monitor memory cannot be accessed. F0c73: Monitor execution cannot be performed. F0c74: CPU register cannot be accessed. F0c75: Monitor has failed in shift in the debugging mode. Please reset the CPU. F0c76: Initial state at the time of DCU access start is unusual. F0c77: DCU access is unusual. F0c78: Failed in reading of trace data. F0c79: Failed in reading of trace data. F0c70: This device file not found. 1) Necessary files may be damaged. Reinstall the debugger. F0c22: This device file does not include the on-chip debug information. < | F0c45: | Inside of Power off reset emulation cannot carry out program execution. |
| F0c60: Event before execution cannot be set up other than break conditions. F0c61: Can not register event numbers which can not be used for hardware break. F0c62: Event link conditions cannot set. F0c63: Event link conditions cannot set. F0c64: Too many ROM-emulation-RAM areas. F0c67: Writing of flash memory during block is not made. F0c70: DCU cannot be accessed. F0c71: Reset cannot be performed. 1) Check the clock signal. This may be caused by a stopped clock or a slow clock. F0c72: Monitor memory cannot be accessed. F0c73: Monitor rescution cannot be performed. F0c74: CPU register cannot be accessed. F0c75: Monitor has failed in shift in the debugging mode. Please reset the CPU. F0c76: Initial state at the time of DCU access start is unusual. F0c75: DCU access is unusual. F0c76: Foile on found. 1) Necessary files may be damaged. Reinstall the debugger. F0c22: This device file does not include the on-chip debug information. F0c23: Unsupported information is included in the on-chip debug information in the device file. 1) An unknown flag is included in the on-chip de | F0c46: | Change of Internal ROM size or Internal RAM size or RAM monitor or DMM is not valid during Flash |
| F0c61: Can not register event numbers which can not be used for hardware break. F0c62: Event numbers reserved for hardware breaks can not be used. F0c63: Event link conditions cannot set. F0c64: Too many ROM-emulation-RAM areas. F0c67: Writing of flash memory during block is not made. F0c70: DCU cannot be accessed. F0c71: Reset cannot be performed. 1) Check the clock signal. This may be caused by a stopped clock or a slow clock. F0c72: Monitor memory cannot be accessed. F0c73: Monitor execution cannot be performed. F0c74: CPU register cannot be performed. F0c75: Monitor has failed in shift in the debugging mode. Please reset the CPU. F0c76: Initial state at the time of DCU access start is unusual. F0c77: DCU access is unusuall. F0c78: Failed in reading of trace data. F0c78: Failed in reading of trace data. F0ca2: This device file does not include the on-chip debug information. F0ca3: Unsupported information is included in the on-chip debug information. F0ca3: Unsupported information is included in the on-chip debug information of the device file. f0ca4: In unknown fla | | Self Emulation. |
| F0c62: Event numbers reserved for hardware breaks can not be used. F0c63: Event link conditions cannot set. F0c64: Too many ROM-emulation-RAM areas. F0c67: Writing of flash memory during block is not made. F0c70: DCU cannot be accessed. F0c71: Reset cannot be performed. 1) Check the clock signal. This may be caused by a stopped clock or a slow clock. F0c72: Monitor memory cannot be accessed. F0c73: Monitor execution cannot be performed. F0c74: CPU register cannot be accessed. F0c75: Monitor has failed in shift in the debugging mode. Please reset the CPU. F0c76: Initial state at the time of DCU access start is unusual. F0c77: DCU access is unusuall. F0c78: Failed in reading of trace data. F0c78: Failed in reading of trace data. F0c71: DCU access is unusuall. F0c72: Monitor file not found. 1) Necessary files may be damaged. Reinstall the debugger. F0c32: This device file does not include the on-chip debug information. F0c33: Unsupported information is included in the on-chip debug information in the device file. 1) An unknown flag is in | F0c60: | Event before execution cannot be set up other than break conditions. |
| F0c63: Event link conditions cannot set. F0c64: Too many ROM-emulation-RAM areas. F0c67: Writing of flash memory during block is not made. F0c70: DCU cannot be accessed. F0c71: Reset cannot be performed. 1) Check the clock signal. This may be caused by a stopped clock or a slow clock. F0c72: Monitor memory cannot be accessed. F0c73: Monitor execution cannot be performed. F0c74: CPU register cannot be accessed. F0c75: Monitor has failed in shift in the debugging mode. Please reset the CPU. F0c76: Initial state at the time of DCU access start is unusual. F0c77: DCU access is unusuall. F0c78: Failed in reading of trace data. F0c78: Failed in reading of trace data. F0c78: Failed in reading of trace data. F0c78: Failed in of found. 1) Necessary files may be damaged. Reinstall the debugger. F0ca2: This device file does not include the on-chip debug information. F0ca3: Unsupported information is included in the on-chip debug information in the device file. F0ca3: Unsupported information is included in the on-chip debug information of the device file. The exec module may be old. Install the | F0c61: | Can not register event numbers which can not be used for hardware break. |
| F0c64: Too many ROM-emulation-RAM areas. F0c67: Writing of flash memory during block is not made. F0c70: DCU cannot be accessed. F0c71: Reset cannot be performed. 1) Check the clock signal. This may be caused by a stopped clock or a slow clock. F0c72: Monitor memory cannot be accessed. F0c73: Monitor execution cannot be performed. F0c74: CPU register cannot be accessed. F0c75: Monitor has failed in shift in the debugging mode. Please reset the CPU. F0c76: Initial state at the time of DCU access start is unusual. F0c77: DCU access is unusuall. F0c78: Failed in reading of trace data. F0c79: DCU access is unusuall. F0c71: DCU access nu performed. F0c76: Initial state at the time of DCU access start is unusual. F0c77: DCU access is unusuall. F0c78: Failed in reading of trace data. F0c71: Monitor file not found. 1) Necessary files may be damaged. Reinstall the debugger. F0c32: This device file does not include the on-chip debug information. F0c33: Unsupported information is included in the on-chip debug information in the de | F0c62: | Event numbers reserved for hardware breaks can not be used. |
| F0c67: Writing of flash memory during block is not made. F0c70: DCU cannot be accessed. F0c71: Reset cannot be performed. 1) Check the clock signal. This may be caused by a stopped clock or a slow clock. F0c72: Monitor memory cannot be accessed. F0c73: Monitor execution cannot be performed. F0c74: CPU register cannot be accessed. F0c75: Monitor has failed in shift in the debugging mode. Please reset the CPU. F0c76: Initial state at the time of DCU access start is unusual. F0c77: DCU access is unusuall. F0c78: Failed in reading of trace data. F0c70: Initial state at the time of DCU access start lis unusual. F0c78: Failed in reading of trace data. F0c79: DCU access is unusuall. F0c70: In vecessary files may be damaged. Reinstall the debugger. F0c70: This device file does not include the on-chip debug information. F0c30: Unsupported information is included in the on-chip debug information of the device file. 1) An unknown flag is included in the on-chip debug information of the device file. The exec module may be old. Install the latest exec module. | F0c63: | Event link conditions cannot set. |
| F0c70: DCU cannot be accessed. F0c71: Reset cannot be performed. 1) Check the clock signal. This may be caused by a stopped clock or a slow clock. F0c72: Monitor memory cannot be accessed. F0c73: Monitor execution cannot be performed. F0c74: CPU register cannot be accessed. F0c75: Monitor has failed in shift in the debugging mode. Please reset the CPU. F0c76: Initial state at the time of DCU access start is unusual. F0c77: DCU access is unusuall. F0c78: Failed in reading of trace data. F0c70: Initial state at the time of DCU access start is unusual. F0c78: Failed in reading of trace data. F0c79: DCU access is unusuall. F0c78: Failed in teot found. 1) Necessary files may be damaged. Reinstall the debugger. F0ca2: This device file does not include the on-chip debug information. F0ca3: Unsupported information is included in the on-chip debug information in the device file. 1) An unknown flag is included in the on-chip debug information of the device file. The exec module may be old. Install the latest exec module. | F0c64: | Too many ROM-emulation-RAM areas. |
| F0c71: Reset cannot be performed. 1) Check the clock signal. This may be caused by a stopped clock or a slow clock. F0c72: Monitor memory cannot be accessed. F0c73: Monitor execution cannot be performed. F0c74: CPU register cannot be accessed. F0c75: Monitor has failed in shift in the debugging mode. Please reset the CPU. F0c76: Initial state at the time of DCU access start is unusual. F0c77: DCU access is unusuall. F0c78: Failed in reading of trace data. F0c78: Failed in the debugger. F0c78: This device file not found. 1) Necessary files may be damaged. Reinstall the debugger. F0ca2: This device file does not include the on-chip debug information. F0ca3: Unsupported information is included in the on-chip debug information in the device file. 1) An unknown flag is included in the on-chip debug information of the device file. The exec module may be old. Install the latest exec module. | F0c67: | Writing of flash memory during block is not made. |
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| F0c72: Monitor memory cannot be accessed. F0c73: Monitor execution cannot be performed. F0c74: CPU register cannot be accessed. F0c75: Monitor has failed in shift in the debugging mode. Please reset the CPU. F0c76: Initial state at the time of DCU access start is unusual. F0c77: DCU access is unusuall. F0c78: Failed in reading of trace data. F0cr11: Monitor file not found. Necessary files may be damaged. Reinstall the debugger. F0cr22: This device file does not include the on-chip debug information. F0cr33: Unsupported information is included in the on-chip debug information of the device file. The exec module may be old. Install the latest exec module. | F0c71: | Reset cannot be performed. |
| F0c73: Monitor execution cannot be performed. F0c74: CPU register cannot be accessed. F0c75: Monitor has failed in shift in the debugging mode. Please reset the CPU. F0c76: Initial state at the time of DCU access start is unusual. F0c77: DCU access is unusuall. F0c78: Failed in reading of trace data. F0c78: Failed in reading of trace data. F0c71: Monitor file not found. 1) Necessary files may be damaged. Reinstall the debugger. F0ca2: This device file does not include the on-chip debug information. F0ca3: Unsupported information is included in the on-chip debug information in the device file. 1) An unknown flag is included in the on-chip debug information of the device file. The exec module may be old. Install the latest exec module. | | 1) Check the clock signal. This may be caused by a stopped clock or a slow clock. |
| F0c74: CPU register cannot be accessed. F0c75: Monitor has failed in shift in the debugging mode. Please reset the CPU. F0c76: Initial state at the time of DCU access start is unusual. F0c77: DCU access is unusuall. F0c78: Failed in reading of trace data. F0c71: Monitor file not found. 1) Necessary files may be damaged. Reinstall the debugger. F0c22: This device file does not include the on-chip debug information. F0c33: Unsupported information is included in the on-chip debug information in the device file. 1) An unknown flag is included in the on-chip debug information of the device file. The exec module may be old. Install the latest exec module. | F0c72: | Monitor memory cannot be accessed. |
| F0c75: Monitor has failed in shift in the debugging mode. Please reset the CPU. F0c76: Initial state at the time of DCU access start is unusual. F0c77: DCU access is unusuall. F0c78: Failed in reading of trace data. F0c78: Failed in reading of trace data. F0ca1: Monitor file not found. Necessary files may be damaged. Reinstall the debugger. F0ca2: This device file does not include the on-chip debug information. F0ca3: Unsupported information is included in the on-chip debug information in the device file. An unknown flag is included in the on-chip debug information of the device file. The exec module may be old. Install the latest exec module. | F0c73: | Monitor execution cannot be performed. |
| F0c76: Initial state at the time of DCU access start is unusual. F0c77: DCU access is unusuall. F0c78: Failed in reading of trace data. F0ca1: Monitor file not found. Necessary files may be damaged. Reinstall the debugger. F0ca2: This device file does not include the on-chip debug information. F0ca3: Unsupported information is included in the on-chip debug information in the device file. An unknown flag is included in the on-chip debug information of the device file. The exec module may be old. Install the latest exec module. | F0c74: | CPU register cannot be accessed. |
| F0c77: DCU access is unusuall. F0c78: Failed in reading of trace data. F0ca1: Monitor file not found. Necessary files may be damaged. Reinstall the debugger. F0ca2: This device file does not include the on-chip debug information. F0ca3: Unsupported information is included in the on-chip debug information in the device file. An unknown flag is included in the on-chip debug information of the device file. The exec module may be old. Install the latest exec module. | F0c75: | Monitor has failed in shift in the debugging mode. Please reset the CPU. |
| F0c78: Failed in reading of trace data. F0ca1: Monitor file not found. Necessary files may be damaged. Reinstall the debugger. F0ca2: This device file does not include the on-chip debug information. F0ca3: Unsupported information is included in the on-chip debug information in the device file. An unknown flag is included in the on-chip debug information of the device file. The exec module may be old. Install the latest exec module. | F0c76: | Initial state at the time of DCU access start is unusual. |
| F0ca1: Monitor file not found. Necessary files may be damaged. Reinstall the debugger. F0ca2: This device file does not include the on-chip debug information. F0ca3: Unsupported information is included in the on-chip debug information in the device file. An unknown flag is included in the on-chip debug information of the device file. The exec module may be old. Install the latest exec module. | F0c77: | DCU access is unusuall. |
| Necessary files may be damaged. Reinstall the debugger. F0ca2: This device file does not include the on-chip debug information. F0ca3: Unsupported information is included in the on-chip debug information in the device file. An unknown flag is included in the on-chip debug information of the device file. The exec module may be old. Install the latest exec module. | F0c78: | Failed in reading of trace data. |
| F0ca2: This device file does not include the on-chip debug information. F0ca3: Unsupported information is included in the on-chip debug information in the device file. 1) An unknown flag is included in the on-chip debug information of the device file. The exec module may be old. Install the latest exec module. | F0ca1: | Monitor file not found. |
| F0ca3: Unsupported information is included in the on-chip debug information in the device file. 1) An unknown flag is included in the on-chip debug information of the device file. The exec module may be old. Install the latest exec module. | | 1) Necessary files may be damaged. Reinstall the debugger. |
| 1) An unknown flag is included in the on-chip debug information of the device file. The exec module may be old. Install the latest exec module. | F0ca2: | This device file does not include the on-chip debug information. |
| be old. Install the latest exec module. | F0ca3: | Unsupported information is included in the on-chip debug information in the device file. |
| | | 1) An unknown flag is included in the on-chip debug information of the device file. The exec module may |
| F0caf: Trace block can not be stepped over. | | be old. Install the latest exec module. |
| | F0caf: | Trace block can not be stepped over. |

(2) From X1000

| A1001: No entry exists for specified number. |
|---|
| A1002: Can not relocate internal RAM. |
| F1003: Illegal relocation address. |
| F1004: Illegal condition. |
| A1005: Invalid attribute. |
| F1006: Illegal address. |
| A1008: Not enough memory for tables. |
| 1) There is not enough system memory. Close the applications being executed and the open files. |

| A1009: Already initialized. |
|--|
| A100a: Not initialized. |
| F100b: User program is running. |
| F100c: Different bus size has been already specified. |
| F100d: Too large bus size. |
| F100e: Too large bus partition size. |
| W100f: Target is not turned on. |
| F1010: Illegal map range. |
| F1011: Failed in setting internal ROM and RAM. |
| F1012: This feature is not supported. |
| F1013: No terminal name. |
| W1014: Data is not exist. |
| A1015: Programmable-IOR does not exist. |
| F1016: Programmable-IOR does not movable. |
| 1) Necessary files may be damaged. Reinstall the latest device file. |
| F1017: I/O Protect mapping is possible a target attribute only. |
| F1018: Illegal Internal ROM size. |
| F101a: Specified Simulator configuration file was not found. |
| F101b: Simulator configuration file was not specified. |
| F101c: Illegal Simulator configuration file. |
| A1dbe: Error occurred inside debugger. |
| |

(3) From X2000

| F2000: Illegal IOR/SFR name. |
|---|
| A2001: Illegal address. |
| F2002: User program is running. |
| F2003: Illegal IOR/SFR number. |
| F2004: Illegal bit number. |
| W2005: IOR/SFR of Read Protect attribute was specified. |
| F2006: Hidden IOR/SFR was specified. |
| F2007: IOR/SFR of ban read or write was specified. |
| F2008: IOR/SFR not existing was specified. |
| A2009: Device file is damaged or error is in file. |
| F200a: Illegal value specified for IOR/SFR. |
| A200b: Can not copy. |

| A200c: | Not enough memory. |
|--------|---|
| | 1) There is not enough system memory. Close the applications being executed and the open files. |
| W200d: | No initialize data for IOR/SFR. |
| F200e: | IOR/SFR area can not be accessed. |
| A2222: | Illegal condition. |

(4) From X3000

| F3000: | No mapped address was accessed. |
|--------|--|
| | 1) The allocation addresses of the program and the addresses of the debugger may not match. |
| | Set the mapping to the external memory in the Configuration Dialog Box according to the allocation |
| | addresses specified in the link directive file on compilation. When mapping to external memory has |
| | been executed, change the register values necessary for accessing the external memory using the |
| | IOR/SFR Window or Hook Procedure before download. |
| F3001: | Memory has different value. |
| F3002: | Illegal start address. |
| F3003: | Illegal end address |
| F3004: | Illegal start address and end address. |
| F3005: | Illegal condition. |
| F3006: | User program is running. |
| F3007: | Verification error. |
| F3008: | No condition specified. |
| F3009: | Parameter size does not align with access size alignment. |
| F300a: | Specified address does not align with access size alignment. |
| F300b: | Source address does not align with access size alignment. |
| F300c: | Destination address does not align with access size alignment. |
| F300d: | Illegal end address. |
| F300e: | Different access size in specified area. |
| F300f: | Different access size both in source and destination areas. |
| F3010: | Different access size in destination area. |
| F3011: | Different access size, source & destination. |
| A3012: | Not enough memory. |
| | 1) There is not enough system memory. Close the applications being executed and the open files. |
| F3013: | Failed in writing DMM. |
| F3014: | Oveflowed mapping area. |
| F3015: | Processing was interrupted. |
| F3016: | This feature is not supported. |
| | |

(5) From X4000

| F4000: | Can not delete specified event. |
|--------|---|
| | 1) The specified event cannot be deleted as it is being used under another condition. Invalidate it for |
| | other usages before deleting. |
| F4001: | Illegal table number. |
| F4002: | Illegal start address. |
| F4003: | Illegal end address. |
| F4004: | Illegal status. |
| F4005: | Illegal data. |
| F4006: | Specified event number has been already used. |
| F4007: | Too many same events are registered. |
| F4008: | Specified event has not been registered. |
| F4009: | Illegal data size. |
| F400a: | Illegal mode. |
| F400b: | Setting value is inaccurate. |
| F400c: | Event link conditions cannot be used for section trace conditions. |
| F400d: | Too many identical events are registered (>= 32767). |
| F400e: | Specified event condition does not exist. |
| F400f: | Illegal event link condition. |
| F4010: | Function not found. |
| A4011: | Not enough memory. |
| | 1) There is not enough system memory. Close the applications being executed and the open files. |
| F4012: | Timer is being disabled. |
| W4013: | Access size is different from its mapped bus size. |
| F4014: | Can not use software break. |
| F4015: | Can not use event condition specifying address range. |
| F4016: | Can not change event condition. |
| F4017: | Can not access word at odd address. |
| A4018: | Not enough memory. |
| | 1) There is not enough system memory. Close the applications being executed and the open files. |
| F4019: | This feature is not supported. |
| F401a: | No Event. |
| F401b: | Can not use tag-event. |
| W401c: | Software break can not be set on this area. |
| F401d: | Start event and end event of timer are not made to the same setup. |
| F401e: | Too many trace-events. |

| F401f: | Path count cannot be set up. |
|--------|--|
| F4020: | Address range cannot be set up in event before execution. |
| F4021: | Event conditions number overflow. |
| F4022: | Software DMM conditions number overflow. |
| F4023: | Real-time call conditions number overflow. |
| F4024: | Software break call conditions number overflow. |
| F4025: | Illegal snap condition. |
| F4026: | Too many event conditions cannot be set as Phase1 and Phase2 of event link conditions. |
| F4027: | Software break conditions number which can be set as internal ROM was overflow. |
| F4318: | Illegal memory bank setting. |

(6) From X5000

| A5000: | Illegal device file type. |
|--------|---|
| A5001: | Not enough memory. |
| | 1) There is not enough system memory. Close the applications being executed and the open files. |
| A5002: | Can not open device file. |
| A5003: | Reading of device file went wrong. |
| A5004: | Can not close device file. |
| A5005: | Illegal device file format. |
| | 1) Necessary files may be damaged. Reinstall the device file. |
| A5007: | Device file has broken or error is in a file. |
| F5008: | Can not open device file. |
| | 1) Necessary files may be damaged. Reinstall the device file. |
| F5009: | Can not open ie703000.ie. |
| F500a: | Specified device file is illegal version. |
| | 1) Necessary files may be damaged. Reinstall the device file. |
| W500b: | Specified device file does not relocate IRAM. |
| A500c: | Failed in reading expc.ini. |
| A500d: | Not enough memory. |
| | 1) There is not enough system memory. Close the applications being executed and the open files. |
| W500e: | No tag data which it was going to refer to device file. |
| A5300: | Illegal device file type. |
| A5301: | Not enough memory. |
| | 1) There is not enough system memory. Close the applications being executed and the open files. |
| A5302: | Can not open database file. |
| | 1) Necessary files may be damaged. Reinstall the debugger and device file. |

| A5303: | Reading of database file went wrong. |
|--------|---|
| A5304: | Can not close database file. |
| A5305: | Illegal database file format. |
| | 1) Necessary files may be damaged. Reinstall the debugger, and device file. |
| A5306: | Database information has been already initialized. |
| A5307: | Database information does not exist. |
| F5308: | Can not open specified database file. |
| | 1) Necessary files may be damaged. Reinstall the debugger. |
| F5309: | Specified database file is illegal version. |
| | 1) Necessary files may be damaged. Reinstall the debugger, and the device file. |

(7) From X6000

| F6000: Current function does not exist. |
|---|
| F6001: Illegal symbol name. |
| F6002: Illegal condition. |
| F6003: Illegal function name. |
| F6004: Overflowed output buffer size. |
| F6005: Illegal expression. |

(8) From X7000

| F7000: I | llegal mode. |
|-----------|---|
| F7001: l | User program is running. |
| F7002: l | User program has been stopped. |
| F7003: 1 | Trace enabled. |
| F7004: 1 | Trace memory is not set. |
| F7005: F | Function return address does not exist, can not do step execution. |
| W7010: N | No source information exists. |
| W7011: U | Unknown result of step execution. |
| A7012: N | Not enough memory. |
| 1 | 1) There is not enough system memory. Close the applications being executed and the open files. |
| A70fe: E | Bus hold error. |
| 1 | 1) CPU is in the bus-hold status. Reset the debugger. |
| F7801: E | End waiting state of step execution was canceled. |
| F7802: E | End waiting state of step execution was canceled. |
| F7f00: A | Aborted step execution. |
| F7f02: \$ | Suspended step execution. |

| A7f03: | Failed in canceling RUN/STEP. |
|--------|----------------------------------|
| F7f04: | Can not execute non-mapped area. |
| F7f05: | This feature is not supported. |

(9) From X8000

| F8000: Specified file was not found. |
|--|
| F8001: Illegal line number. |
| F8002: Current information is not set. |
| F8003: Illegal address. |
| F8004: This feature is not supported. |

(10) From X9000

| A9000: Specified register symbol does not exist. |
|---|
| A9001: Specified register symbol ID does not exist. |
| F9002: Illegal value. |
| A9003: Illegal condition. |
| A9004: Too large register size. |
| F9005: This feature is not supported. |

(11) From Xa000

| Fa001: | Illegal expression. |
|--------|---|
| Fa002: | Start address is bigger than the end address. |
| Fa003: | Illegal source path. |
| Fa004: | Too long expression. |
| Aa005: | Not enough memory. |
| | 1) There is not enough system memory. Close the applications being executed and the open files. |
| Fa006: | Illegal argument. |
| Fa007: | Illegal program number. |
| Fa008: | Source path is not set. |
| Fa009: | File not found. |
| Fa00a: | Can not open file. |
| | 1) The file is damaged or does not exist. Recreate the file. |
| Aa00b: | Can not close file. |
| Aa00c: | Failed in reading file. |
| | 1) The file is damaged or does not exist. Recreate the file. |
| Fa00d: | Not source file of load module. |

| Fa00e: | Illegal line number. |
|--------|--|
| Fa00f: | Variable does not exist. |
| Fa011: | Can not access register. |
| Fa012: | Can not access memory. |
| Aa013: | Reading of file went wrong. |
| Fa014: | It was going to open the binary file. |
| Fa015: | Can not get temporary path. |
| | 1) The disk is full. Delete or move unnecessary files and increase the available memory in the disk. |
| Fa016: | Can not create temporary file. |
| | 1) The disk is full. Delete or move unnecessary files and increase the available memory in the disk. |
| Fa017: | Can not remove temporary file. |
| Fa020: | This feature is not supported. |
| Fa021: | Symbol assigned to register cannot be specified. |
| Fa022: | The character whitch cannot be used for the folder is contained or the folder does not exist. |

(12) From Xb000

| Fb000: | Illegal command line. |
|--------|---|
| Fb001: | Program information does not exist in specified load module file. |
| Fb002: | File not found. |
| Fb003: | Function not found. |
| Fb004: | Selected load module different from kind (Chip) was loaded. |
| Fb005: | Symbol not found. |
| | 1) The address could not be found. Specify a location holding address information. |
| Fb008: | Illegal expression. |
| Ab009: | Not enough memory. |
| | 1) There is not enough system memory. Close the applications being executed and the open files. |
| Fb00a: | Illegal symbol in load module file. |
| Fb00b: | Current program does not exist. |
| Fb00c: | Current file does not exist. |
| Ab00d: | Current function does not exist. |
| Ab00e: | Current line does not exist. |
| Ab00f: | Tag not found. |
| Ab010: | Failed in loading symbol table. |
| Ab011: | Illegal line number. |
| Fb012: | Too large line number. |

| Ab015: | Reading of file went wrong. |
|--------|--|
| | 1) The file is damaged or does not exist. Recreate the file. |
| Ab016: | Can not open file. |
| | 1) The file is damaged or does not exist. Recreate the file. |
| Ab017: | Failed in writing file. |
| | 1) The file is damaged or does not exist. Recreate the file. |
| Ab019: | Reading of file went wrong. |
| Ab01a: | Can not close file. |
| Fb01b: | Too long load module file name. |
| Ab01c: | Too many entries of the task kind. |
| Fb01d: | Address not found. |
| Wb01e: | No debug information (not compiled in Debug Build mode). |
| Fb01f: | Can not find structure member. |
| Fb020: | Can not find value. |
| Fb021: | No debug information exists in load module file. |
| | 1) To create a load module with appended debug information, execute build in build mode of Debug |
| | Build. |
| Fb022: | Illegal line number. |
| Ab023: | Current stack frame is not active. |
| Ab024: | Different section. |
| Fb026: | Too many array dimensions (> 4). |
| Fb027: | Found end of file. |
| | 1) The specified file may be damaged. Recreate the file. |
| Fb028: | This feature is not supported. |
| Fb029: | Illegal address. |
| Fb02b: | Can not stack trace with current PC value. |
| Fb02c: | Too many blocks for one function. |
| Fb02d: | Illegal argument. |
| Fb02e: | The file does not exist in the SOURCE PATH. |
| | 1) On stopping the program, the source that the debugger tried to display could not be found. Check if |
| | the path connects to the source in the Debugger Option Dialog Box, or check if the source is in the |
| | same directory as the out file. Refer to the Assemble Window on which the error message is |
| | displayed, and check if the corresponding path connects. |
| Fb02f: | Information has been deleted because of optimization. |
| Ab030: | Monitor timed out. |
| Ab031: | Already set in memory. |
| Ab032: | Out of scope. |

| Ab033: LP | P is not stored. |
|-------------|--|
| Fb034: Re | eturn execution from present PC position cannot be performed. |
| Fb037: Too | o Many Line-Numbers Information. |
| Fb038: Co | ompiler version mismatch. |
| 1) | Recreate the load module with the latest compiler. |
| Ab039: Fai | iled in loading debug information. |
| Ab03a: No | more section information. |
| Fb040: Sp | ecified file is not load module. |
| 1) | This is not a linker output file. Source debug cannot be executed with the load module before output |
| | from the linker. Specify the load module output from the linker. |
| Ab041: Too | o many files in load module to download. |
| Wb042: Sy | mbol module is not initialized. |
| Fb32e: Ille | egal port number. |
| Fb32f: Ille | egal port name. |
| Fb330: Ille | egal port position. |
| Fb331: Ille | egal increment number. |
| Fb332: Po | ort for memory bank is not set. |
| Fb333: Ille | egal bank number. |
| Fb334: Are | ea for memory bank is not set. |
| Wb335: Too | o long symbol name. |
| L | |

(13) From Xc000

| Fc001: | Can not open file. |
|--------|---|
| | 1) The file is damaged or does not exist. Recreate the file. |
| Ac002: | Can not close file. |
| Ac003: | Reading of file went wrong. |
| | 1) The file is damaged or does not exist. Recreate the file. |
| Ac004: | Reading of file went wrong. |
| Fc005: | Illegal file type. |
| Fc006: | Kind (Chip) of load module is illegal. |
| Fc007: | Specified file is not load module. |
| | 1) This is not a linker output file. Source debug cannot be executed with the load module before output |
| | from the linker. Specify the load module output from the linker. |
| Fc008: | Specified load module file (ELF) is old version. |
| Ac009: | Not enough memory. |
| | 1) There is not enough system memory. Close the applications being executed and the open files. |
| Fc00a: | No mapped address was accessed. |

| Fc00b: | Load module is not loaded. | |
|--------|----------------------------|--|
|--------|----------------------------|--|

- Fc00c: Illegal argument.
- Fc00d: User program is running.
- Fc00e: User program is being traced.
- Fc00f: Interrupted.
- Fc011: Illegal load module file format.
- Fc012: Check sum error.
- Fc013: Too wide address range to upload (> 1MB).
- Fc014: Failed in writing file.
 - 1) The file is damaged or does not exist. Recreate the file.
- Fc015: Illegal program number.
- Fc016: Load information is full.
- Wc017: Symbol information is duplicated, please reset symbols.
- Fc018: Specified file is not load module.
 - 1) This is not a linker output file. Source debug cannot be executed with the load module before output from the linker. Specify the load module output from the linker.
- Fc019: Failed in writing memory.
- Wc01a: BSS area is assigned to non-mapped area.
 - 1) When the program is executed, a non-map break may occur. Either allocate the BSS area to the internal RAM by using a link directive, or map the emulation memory or target memory to the BSS area using the Configuration Dialog Box of the debugger.
- Fc01b: Programmable-IOR address not specified.
 - 1) Necessary files may be damaged. Reinstall the debugger.
- Wc01c: Programmable IOR address mismatch.
 - 1) Necessary files may be damaged. Reinstall the debugger.
- Wc01d: Selected load module different from kind (Chip) was loaded.
- Fc01e: Flash erase is not supported.
- Fc100: This feature is not supported.

(14) From Xd000

| Ad000: Error occurred inside debugger. |
|---|
| Ad001: Not enough memory. |
| 1) There is not enough system memory. Close the applications being executed and the open files. |
| Ad002: Failed in reading initialization file (expc.ini). |
| Fd004: Can not find Dynamic Link Library. |

(15) From Xe000

| Fe000: | Illegal argument. |
|----------|---|
| Fe001: | Illegal start address. |
| Fe002: | Illegal end address. |
| Fe003: | Too large size. |
| Fe004: | Can not open file. |
| | 1) The file is damaged or does not exist. Recreate the file. |
| Fe005: | Failed in reading file. |
| | 1) The file is damaged or does not exist. Recreate the file. |
| Fe006: | Reading of file went wrong. |
| Fe007: | Failed in writing file. |
| | 1) The file is damaged or does not exist. Recreate the file. |
| Ae008: | Not enough memory. |
| | 1) There is not enough system memory. Close the applications being executed and the open files. |
| Fe009: | Illegal file format. |
| Fe00a: | Verification error. |
| Fe010: | This feature is not supported. |
| <u> </u> | |

(16) From Xf000

| Af000: | Not enough memory. |
|--------|---|
| | 1) There is not enough system memory. Close the applications being executed and the open files. |
| Ff000: | Not enough memory. |
| Ff001: | [XXX] not found. |
| Wf002: | Not found [XXX]. Search from the beginning? |
| Wf003: | Already exceed search region. |
| Ff004: | Missing parameter. |
| Ff005: | Illegal function name. |
| Ff006: | Illegal number. |
| Ff007: | Start address is bigger than end address. |
| Ff008: | Illegal symbol or expression. |
| Ff009: | [XXX] This file is illegal type. |
| Ff100: | Disk cannot write or full. |
| Ff101: | File not found. |
| Ff102: | File not Create. |
| Ff103: | Old project file version. |
| Ff104: | Illegal project file format. |

| Ff105: | This file is a project file for [XXX].Please select a correct file. |
|--------|--|
| Wf106: | CPU in the Project File was Changed. You must exit the debugger for the new CPU. Do you exit the |
| | Debugger? |
| Wf107: | CPU in the Project File was Changed. Do you start the Debugger with this CPU? |
| Wf108: | Selected project file different [YYY] from chip [XXX] was opened. Does it open, although the chip |
| | cannot be changed? |
| Wf109: | Project Manager cannot be used with the debugger of this version. Please use PMplus. |
| Wf200: | No difference encountered. |
| Ff201: | Memory mapping error. |
| Ff202: | Verify error. |
| | 1) External memory could not be accessed, as it is not set. Change the register values necessary for |
| | accessing the external memory using the IOR/SFR Window or Hook Procedure before download. |
| Wf203: | When a program is running, while rewriting, program execution stops for a moment. Do you wish to |
| | rewrite a memory? |
| Wf300: | Would you like to save the changes made in [XXX]? |
| Ff301: | The symbol being used on the event condition can't be evaluated. |
| Wf302: | Delete: [XXX] |
| Wf303: | [XXX] is edited. Delete: [YYY]? |
| Wf304: | [XXX] is edited. Save: [YYY]? |
| Wf305: | [XXX] is already exist. Do you replace it? |
| Ff306: | This name is too long. |
| Ff307: | There is the same name in other kinds. |
| Ff308: | An address can't be omitted. |
| Ff309: | Illegal address mask. |
| Ff30a: | Illegal data mask. |
| Ff30b: | Illegal ext probe mask. |
| Ff30c: | Illegal ext probe data. |
| Ff30d: | Illegal pass count. |
| Ff30e: | Illegal register name. |
| Ff30f: | Illegal register bank. |
| Ff310: | Illegal delay count. |
| Wf311: | Only one [XXX] can be enabled. Do you make this [YYY] to enable? |
| Ff312: | [XXX] is already there. |
| Ff313: | Event number already exist. |
| Ff314: | Event name is not set. |
| Ff315: | [XXX] is already there. |
| Ff316: | Max number of enabled [XXX] event is over. Please disable other enabled [YYY] event. |
| | |

| Ff317: | Max number of set event is over. |
|--------|---|
| Ff31e: | Illegal start address. |
| Ff31f: | Illegal end address. |
| Ff322: | Illegal count rate. |
| Ff323: | Illegal time out break count. |
| Ff324: | Section and Qualify can be specified at the same time. |
| Wf325: | User program is running. Do you want to stop user program for a moment and set it? |
| Wf326: | User program is running. Do you want to stop user program for a moment and delete it? |
| Ff350: | There is a phase which event are not in the middle. |
| Ff351: | The same event is contained in Link and Disable. |
| Ff352: | An event isn't specified. |
| Ff357: | AND event is in Phase. |
| Ff400: | Coverage mapping error. |
| Wf401: | Clear coverage? |
| Ff500: | Illegal symbol. |
| Ff501: | Illegal value. |
| Ff502: | Illegal parameter. |
| Ff503: | Max number of symbol is over. |
| Ff504: | This variable cannot be set as a break. |
| | 1) Break cannot be set for the following variables. |
| | - Local variables, static variables |
| | - Array variables, member variables of structures/unions |
| | - Register/IOR/SFR |
| | - Variable expressions |
| Wf600: | Save project file? |
| Wf601: | When connecting the target system, please turn on the target system. |
| | 1) When a target is not connected, simply click the <ok> button.</ok> |
| Wf602: | Please change a MODE mask condition or connect the target system. |
| Ff603: | Incorrect ID Code. |
| Af604: | Incorrect ID Code. Abort the debugger. |
| Ff605: | Please check connection with the target board. |
| | 1) Check the connection of the target connector (TC). If a target is not connected, review the Target |
| | setting in the Configuration Dialog Box. |
| Ff606: | Please check connection with the target board, and power on it. |
| | 1) Check the target power supply. If a target is not connected, review the Target setting in the |
| | Configuration Dialog Box. |

| Wf607: | Please check connection of the exchange adapter. |
|--------|--|
| | 1) Check the connection of the exchange adapter (EA). |
| | Recommend wearing of the exchange adapter, if the target is not connected. |
| Ff608: | Please disconnect the target board. |
| | 1) A current may flow from the internal power supply to the target. Disconnect the target connector (TC) |
| | from the conversion adapter (EA). Review the setting in the Configuration Dialog Box if the target is |
| | not connected. |
| Ff609: | Please power off the target board, and disconnect it. |
| Af60a: | Incorrect ID Code. Flash memory was erased. Abort the debugger. |
| Af60b: | Disabled ID Code. Flash memory was erased. Abort the debugger. |
| Af60c: | During break Target was not turned on. |
| Wf700: | Do you want to download Load Module File? |
| Wf701: | Do you load symbol information only? |
| Wf800: | Configuration of Memory Bank is not set. |
| Wf801: | BANK address must be in target memory. |
| Ff802: | All events are deleted. because the use of external probe was changed. |
| Ff803: | This event address is invalid on current configuration. |
| Ff804: | Invalid PC value. |
| Ff805: | Cannot set temporary break on this address. |
| Ff806: | External data is being used by Debugger. |
| Ff900: | Illegal I/O port name. |
| Ff901: | Memory mapping error. |
| | 1) The specification of the address is illegal. Check the addresses that can be specified in the Add I/O |
| | Port Dialog Box. |
| Ff902: | Illegal access size. |
| Ff903: | Illegal access type. |
| Ff904: | There is the same name. |
| Wf905: | [XXX] is already exist. Do you replace it? |
| Wf906: | Would you like to register the change made in [XXX]? |
| Ffa00: | The [XXX] function of current program on PC position not found. |
| | 1) The symbol specified in main() label: in the Debugger Option Dialog Box could be found. Set a |
| | symbol of the main routine of the program. default is _main. |

Ffa01: The line information on PC position not found. 1) The source file corresponding to program counter (PC) value when the program was stopped could not be found. The following reasons are possible. -The source file exists in a location that the source path does not connect to. -The program stopped where the source files, such as library or RX, do not exist. -The program looped, jumped to an address that is not used by the program, and stopped there. Wfb00: User program is running. Do you want to stop user program? 1) <Yes> button is selected, execution of the user program is stopped and then the Exit Debugger Dialog Box is displayed. If it is specified in the Debugger Option Dialog Box that the Exit Debugger dialog box is not to be displayed, however, the SM+ is terminated. <No> button is selected, execution of the user program is not stopped and the Exit Debugger Dialog Box is not displayed. The SM+ is not terminated. Ffc00: Online help window cannot be started. Please install HTML Help environment with reference to a users manual. Ffd00: Failed to specify [XXX]. Ffe00: The maximum size of RRM was exceeded. Wfe01: There is a duplicate RRM address. Wfe0b: It shift to the flash mode. Is it completely cleared but is the present event. Doesn't it care? Fffff: Interrupted.

(17) From X10000

E10000: Can't allocate momory.

1) Could not secure the memory required for processing.

Close other applications, or increase virtual memory in Windows to secure the required memory.

E10001: Can't open file.

1) Could not open to specified file.

Check if the file exists, the file attributes, and the disk capacity.

E10002: Illegal file format.

1) Specified file format is incorrect.

Check if the specified file attributes (Open dialog box) are correct, and check also the file contents.

E10003: Can't write file.

1) Could not write to specified file.

Check if the file exists, the file attributes, and the disk capacity.

E10180: A user model file is not specified.

1) User model file is not specified in configuration file loaded in user model.

Specify the user model file.

E10181: Can't open the user model file. 1) Could not open specified user model file, or MakeUserModel function does not exist. Check if the file exists, the file attributes, and if the MakeUserModel function exists. E10200: The pin name is invalid. 1) Specified pin name is not correct (does not exist in target device). Specify a pin name that exists in the target device. E10440: Program is running. 1) Could not perform processing during program execution in the [Timing Chart] Window. Stop program execution and then perform processing. E10500: Correspondence of loop is not correct. 1) Loop start and loop stop correspondence in the [Signal Data Editor] Window is not correct. Perform modification so that loop start and loop stop correspondence is correct. E10501: The data number exceeded maximum. 1) Data number (line number) exceeded maximum (1,048,576) in the [Signal Data Editor] Window. Perform adjustment so that the data number does not exceed the maximum. E10502: The pin name is invalid. 1) Pin name specified during pin specification in the [Signal Data Editor] Window is not correct (does not exist in target device). Specify a pin name that exists in the target device. E10503: Illegal loop count. 1) The loop count in the [Loop] Dialog Box is an illegal value or out of the valid range (0 to 99). Specify a correct value. E10700: The pin name is invalid. 1) Pin name specified during pin specification in the [I/O Panel] Window is not correct (does not exist in target device). Specify a pin name that exists in the target device. E10702: Illegal thickness of line. 1) Line thickness specified during style setting in the [I/O Panel] Window is an illegal value or is outside the valid range (1 to 100). E10703: Illegal hold time. 1) Hold time specified during input-related part setting in the [I/O Panel] Window is an illegal value or is outside the valid range (0.001 to 999). E10704: Illegal muximum input. 1) Maximum input value specified during level gauge setting in the [I/O Panel] Window is an illegal value or is outside the valid range (1 to 65535). Specify a correct value.

E10710: A bitmap path is not specified. 1) Either active or inactive bitmap, or both not specified during bitmap addition in the [I/O Panel] Window. Specify bitmap file. E10711: A bitmap path is invalid. 1) Bitmap file specified during bitmap addition in the [I/O Panel] Window is not correct. Check if the file exists and file the attributes. E10720: Illegal active voltage(s). Please input positive integer(s). 1) A character other than numeric values was input for the active voltage in the analog button setting in the [I/O Panel] Window. Specify a correct value. E10721: Illegal inactive voltage. Please input a positive integer. 1) A character other than numeric values was input for the inactive voltage in the analog button setting in the [I/O Panel] Window. Specify a correct value. E10722: The value of active voltage(s) is over the range. 1) A value outside the valid range (0 to 65,535) was specified for the active voltage in the analog button setting in the [I/O Panel] Window. Specify a correct value. E10723: The value of inactive voltage is over the range. 1) A value outside the valid range (0 to 65,535) was specified for the inactive voltage in the analog button setting in the [I/O Panel] Window. Specify a correct value. E10724: Illegal default voltage. 1) An illegal numeric value or a value outside the valid range (0 to a value set to Maximum input) was specified for the initial voltage in the level gauge setting in the [I/O Panel] Window. Specify a correct value. E10730: Can't change any properties while program is running. 1) No object property sheets can be edited in the [I/O Panel] Window during program execution. Stop program execution before editing the object property sheet. E10740: Program is running. 1) Could not perform processing because program is being executed in the [I/O Panel] Window. Stop program execution and then perform processing. E10800: The interface address is invalid. 1) Interface address set in the [Simulator Option] Dialog Box is not correct. Set a correct value.

E10900: Illegal baudrate value.

- 1) Baudrate value specified in the [Format (UART)] Dialog Box is not a correct value.
 - Refer to the user's manual of the device and specify an integer within the valid range.

E10901: Illegal transfer clock value.

- 1) Transfer clock value specified in the [Format (CSI)] Dialog Box is not a correct value.
 - Refer to the user's manual of the device and specify an integer within the valid range.

E10902: Illegal data bit length.

1) Data bit length specified in the [Format (UART)] Dialog Box or the [Format (CSI)] Dialog Box is outside valid range (integer equal to or lower than 32).

Specify an integer within the valid range.

E1ffff: The internal error occurred.

1) The internal error occurred. Notify the manufacturer.

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