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H8S/2378F E10A Emulator User's Manual

Renesas Electronics

Rev.1.0 2002.10

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READ FIRST

• READ this user's manual before using this emulator product.

• KEEP the user's manual handy for future reference.

Do not attempt to use the emulator product until you fully understand its mechanism.

Emulator Product:

Throughout this document, the term "emulator product" shall be defined as the following products produced only by Hitachi, Ltd. excluding all subsidiary products.

- Emulator
- User system interface cable

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Figures:

Some figures in this user's manual may show items different from your actual system.

MCU names:

This user's manual uses H8S/xxxx as an example of the MCU names.

Limited Anticipation of Danger:

Hitachi cannot anticipate every possible circumstance that might involve a potential hazard. The warnings in this user's manual and on the emulator product are therefore not all inclusive. Therefore, you must use the emulator product safely at your own risk.

SAFETY PAGE

READ FIRST

• READ this user's manual before using this emulator product.

• KEEP the user's manual handy for future reference.

Do not attempt to use the emulator product until you fully understand its mechanism.

DEFINITION OF SIGNAL WORDS



This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.



DANGER indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



WARNING indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.



CAUTION used without the safety alert symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in property damage.

NOTE emphasizes essential information.

Observe the precautions listed below. Failure to do so will result in a FIRE HAZARD and will damage the user system and the emulator product or will result in PERSONAL INJURY. The USER PROGRAM will be LOST.

- 1. Do not repair or remodel the emulator product by yourself for electric shock prevention and quality assurance.
- 2. Always switch OFF the host computer and user system before connecting or disconnecting any CABLES or PARTS.
- 3. Connect the connectors in the user system and in the user interface cable by confirming the correct direction.
- 4. If the E10A emulator PCMCIA and PCI cards are mounted on the same host computer, the connectors may be illegally connected.

Warnings on Emulator Usage

Be sure to read and understand the warnings below before using this emulator. Note that these are the main warnings, not the complete list.

Always switch OFF the host computer and user system before connecting or disconnecting any CABLES or PARTS. Failure to do so will result in a FIRE HAZARD and will damage the user system and the emulator product or will result in PERSONAL INJURY. The USER PROGRAM will be LOST.

CAUTION

Place the host computer and user system so that no cable is bent or twisted. A bent or twisted cable will impose stress on the user interface leading to connection or contact failure.

Make sure that the host computer and the user system are placed in a secure position so that they do not move during use nor impose stress on the user interface.

CAUTION

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

Preface

Thank you for purchasing the E10A emulator.

CAUTION

READ section 2, Preparation before Use, of this User's Manual before using the emulator product. Incorrect operation will damage the user system and the emulator product.

This emulator is an efficient development tool for software and hardware of user systems based on Hitachi's original microprocessor. The emulator operates using the Hitachi debugging interface (hereafter referred to as the HDI), which is the interface program that runs on Microsoft[®] Windows[®] 98, Microsoft[®] Windows[®] Me, Microsoft[®] Windows NT[®], or Microsoft[®] Windows[®] 2000, operating system.

This manual describes the functions and operating procedures of the E10A emulator. Sections 1 to 5 describe common features of all types of E10A emulators. Section 6 describes supplements to the E10A emulator.

This manual consists of six sections. The information contained in each section is summarized below:

- Section 1, Overview, gives the emulator overview.
- Section 2, Preparation before Use, gives instructions for first-time users, such as preparation before use and system connection.
- Section 3, Tutorial, describes HDI operating examples.
- Section 4, Descriptions of Windows, describes HDI windows for operating the emulator.
- Section 5, Command-line Functions describes how to input HDI commands and command types.
- Section 6, H8S/xxxx E10A Emulator Specifications describes the features of the E10A emulator for each MCU. Section 7 describes the important information of the E10A emulator according to emulator products. Read these sections before using the E10A emulator.

The HDI installation disks are provided by the CD-R. Refer to the descriptions in the manuals of the host computer or operating system.

Related Manuals:

- Supplementary Informations
- Hitachi Debugging Interface User's Manual (HS6400DIIW5SE)
- H8S, H8/300 Series C/C++ Compiler, Assembler, Optimizing Linkage Editor User's Manual
- Hardware Manual for each MCU
- Programming Manual for each MCU

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Microsoft[®] Windows[®] 2000 operating system is referred to as Windows[®] 2000 in this user's manual.

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Section 1 Overview

The E10A emulator (hereafter referred to as the emulator) is a software and hardware development support tool for application systems using the microprocessor developed by Hitachi, Ltd.

The PCMCIA card emulator or PCI card emulator (hereafter referred to as the card emulator), which is the main unit of the emulator, is connected, through the Hitachi-UDI (user debug interface) port^{*}, to the user system. The user system can be debugged under the conditions similar to the actual application conditions. The emulator enables debugging anywhere indoors or out. The host computer for controlling the emulator must be an IBM PC compatible machine with a PCMCIA type II or PCI slot.

Figures 1.1 and 1.2 show the system configuration using the emulator.

Note: The Hitachi-UDI is an interface compatible with the Joint Test Action Group (JTAG) specifications.

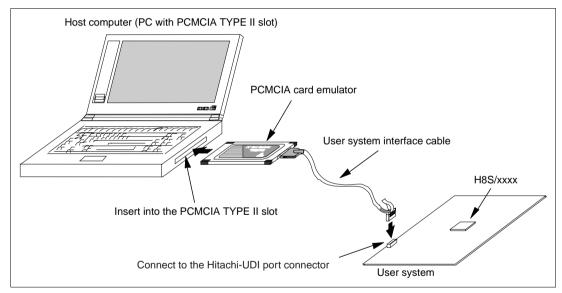


Figure 1.1 System Configuration with the Emulator (PCMCIA Card Emulator Used)

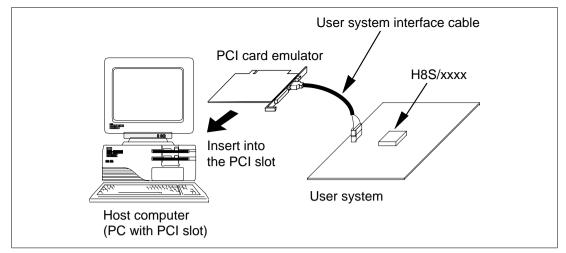


Figure 1.2 System Configuration with the Emulator (PCI Card Emulator Used)

The emulator provides the following features:

- Excellent cost-performance card emulator Compactness and low price are implemented using the PCMCIA interface or the PCI interface.
- Realtime emulation

Realtime emulation of the user system is enabled at the maximum operating frequency of the CPU.

• Excellent operability

Using the Hitachi Debugging Interface (HDI) on the Microsoft[®] Windows[®] 98, Microsoft[®] Windows[®] Me, Microsoft[®] Windows NT[®], and Microsoft[®] Windows[®] 2000 operating systems enable user program debugging using a pointing device such as a mouse. The HDI enables high-speed downloading of load module files.

• Various debugging functions

Various break and trace functions enable efficient debugging. Breakpoints and break conditions can be set by the specific window, trace information can be displayed on a window, and command-line functions can be used.

- Memory access during emulation During emulation, the memory contents can be read and modified.
- Debugging of the user system in the final development stage The user system can be debugged under conditions similar to the actual application conditions.
- Compact debugging environment
 When the card emulator specific to the PCMCIA interface is used, a laptop computer can be used as a host computer, creating a debugging environment in any place.

1.1 Warnings

CAUTION

READ the following warnings before using the emulator product. Incorrect operation will damage the user system and the emulator product. The USER PROGRAM will be LOST.

- 1. Check all components against the component list after unpacking the emulator.
- 2. Never place heavy objects on the casing.
- 3. Protect the emulator from excessive impacts and stresses. For details, refer to section 1.2, Environmental Conditions.
- 4. Do not insert the emulator into any slot (PCMCIA TYPE II slot or PCI slot) other than the specified one.
- 5. When moving the host computer or user system, take care not to vibrate or damage it.
- 6. After connecting the cable, check that it is connected correctly. For details, refer to section 2, Preparation before Use.
- 7. Supply power to the connected equipment after connecting all cables. Cables must not be connected or removed while the power is on.

CAUTION

Observe the conditions listed in tables 1.1 and 1.2 when using the emulator. Failure to do so will damage the user system and the emulator product. The USER PROGRAM will be LOST.

Table 1.1	Environmental	Conditions
-----------	---------------	------------

ltem	Specifications	
Temperature	Operating: +10°C to +35°C Storage: –10°C to +50°C	
Humidity	Operating: 35% RH to 80% RH, no condensation Storage: 35% RH to 80% RH, no condensation	
Vibration	Operating:2.45 m/s² max.Storage:4.9 m/s² max.Transportation:14.7 m/s² max.	
Ambient gases	There must be no corrosive gases present	

Table 1.2 lists the acceptable operating environments.

Table 1.2 Operating Environments

ltem	Description
Host computer	Built-in Pentium or higher-performance CPU (200 MHz or higher recommended); IBM PC or compatible machine with the PCMCIA TYPE II slot or the PCI slot.
OS	Windows [®] 98, Windows [®] Me, Windows NT [®] , or Windows [®] 2000
Minimum memory capacity	32 Mbytes or more (double of the load module size recommended)
Hard-disk capacity	Installation disk capacity: 10 Mbytes or more. (Prepare an area at least double the memory capacity (four-times or more recommended) as the swap area.)
Pointing device such as mouse	Connectable to the host computer; compatible with Windows [®] 98, Windows [®] Me, Windows NT [®] , and Windows [®] 2000.
Power voltage	5.0 ± 0.25 V
Current consumption	HS0005KCM05H: 60 mA (max) HS0005KCI05H: 55 mA (max)
CD-ROM drive	Required to install the emulator or refer to the emulator user's manual.

1.3 Components

Check all the components unpacking. For details on the E10A emulator components, refer to section 6.1, Components of the Emulator. If the components are not complete, contact a Hitachi sales agency.

2.1 Emulator Preparation

READ the reference sections shaded in figure 2.1 before using the emulator product. Incorrect operation will damage the user system and the emulator product. The USER PROGRAM will be LOST.

Unpack the emulator and prepare it for use as follows:

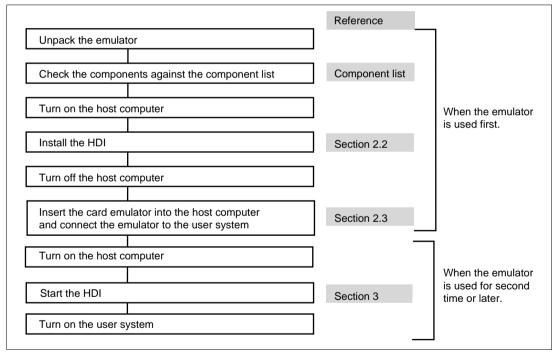


Figure 2.1 Emulator Preparation Flow Chart

2.2 HDI Installation

When the CD-R is inserted in the host computer's CD-ROM drive, the HDI installation wizard is automatically activated (holding the Shift key down while the CD-R is inserted cancels this automatic activation). To run the installation wizard when it has not been automatically activated, execute Setup.exe from the root directory of the CD-R.

Follow the cues given by the installation wizard to install the HDI.

Since hardware settings are also made during installation, the installation procedure differs according to the operating system or interface (PCI or PCMCIA) being used. Follow the installation steps carefully according to the environment you are using.

2.2.1 Installing under Windows[®]98 and Windows[®]Me Operating Systems

- (1) When the emulator is a PCI card:
 - 1. Install the HDI (when the component type has to be selected during installation, be sure to select [PCI Card Driver]).
 - 2. Shut the operating system down and turn off the power to the host computer.
 - 3. Insert the PCI-card emulator in a slot on the host computer. Refer to section 2.3, Connecting the Host Computer with the Card Emulator.
 - 4. Restart the host computer. The hardware is now recognized and the driver is automatically installed.*
- (2) When the emulator is a PCMCIA card:
 - 1. Install the HDI (when the component type has to be selected during installation, be sure to select [PC Card Driver (PCMCIA)]).
 - 2. Insert the PCMCIA-card emulator in the host computer's slot. Refer to section 2.3, Connecting the Host Computer with the Card Emulator.
 - 3. The hardware is now recognized and the driver is automatically installed.*
- Note: When [Add New Hardware Wizard] is displayed, select the [Search for the best driver for your device. (Recommended)] radio button and then the [Specify a location] check box to select the path to be searched for drivers. The location must be specified according to the emulator type, as indicated below:
 When using the PCI-card emulator: <Drive>:\DRIVERS\PCI\95
 When using the PCMCIA-card emulator: <Drive>:\DRIVERS\PCMCIA\95
 (<Drive> is the CD-ROM drive name.)

2.2.2 Installing under Windows NT[®] 4.0 Operating System

- (1) When the emulator is a PCI card:
 - 1. Shut the operating system down and turn off the power to the host computer.
 - 2. Insert the PCI-card emulator in a slot on the host computer. Refer to section 2.3, Connecting the Host Computer with the Card Emulator.
 - 3. Start the host computer and log-on with an administrator-level user name.
 - 4. Install the HDI. (For a component, be sure to select [PCI Card Driver]. There is a check box for selecting the type name of the product under the [PCI Card Driver] component. Select the appropriate type name. If the correct name is not selected, the correct driver will not be installed, and the emulator will not operate.)
 - 5. Restart the host computer.
- (2) When the emulator is a PCMCIA card:
 - 1. Shut the operating system down and turn off the power to the host computer.
 - 2. Insert the PCMCIA-card emulator in the host computer's slot. Refer to section 2.3, Connecting the Host Computer with the Card Emulator.
 - 3. Start the host computer and log-on with an administrator-level user name.
 - 4. During HDI installation, the setting value should be checked beforehand because inquiries are made about the resource used by the PCMCIA-card emulator. Start the [Start] menu -> [Programs] -> [Administrative Tools (Common)] -> [Windows NT Diagnostics], check the status of the IRQ, I/O port, and memory from the resource panel, and determine the setting values that do not conflict with other devices. (The following resources are used: IRQ: one channel, I/O port: H'F byte, and memory: H'4000 byte.)
 - 5. Install the HDI. (For a component, be sure to select [PC Card Driver (PCMCIA)]. There is a check box for selecting the type name of each product under the [PC Card Driver (PCMCIA)] component. Select the appropriate type name. If the correct name is not selected, the correct driver will not be installed and the emulator will not operate.)
 - 6. Restart the host computer.
- Note: The driver that has been selected in the [Drivers] component starts after the host computer is initiated. If the host computer is initiated with the card disconnected or with the incorrect driver installed, the driver cannot initiate and the service control manager informs the system of an error. This, however, is not a problem.

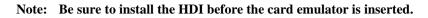
2.2.3 Installing under Windows[®]2000 Operating System

- (1) When the emulator is a PCI card:
 - 1. Log-on with an administrator-level user name.
 - 2. Install the HDI. (When a component is selected, be sure to select [PCI Card Driver].)
 - 3. Shut the operating system down and turn off the power to the host computer.
 - 4. Insert the PCI-card emulator in a slot on the host computer. Refer to section 2.3, Connecting the Host Computer with the Card Emulator.
 - 5. Restart the host computer and log-on with an administrator-level user name. The hardware is now recognized and the driver is automatically installed.*
- (2) When the emulator is a PCMCIA card:
 - 1. Log-on with an administrator-level user name.
 - 2. Install the HDI. (When a component is selected, be sure to select [PC Card Driver (PCMCIA)].)
 - 3. Insert the PCMCIA-card emulator in the host computer's slot. Refer to section 2.3, Connecting the Host Computer with the Card Emulator.
 - 4. The hardware is now recognized and the driver is automatically installed.*
- Note: When [Found New Hardware Wizard] is displayed, select the [Search for a suitable driver for my device (recommended).] radio button and then the [Specify a location] check box to select the path to be searched for drivers. The location must be specified according to the emulator type, as indicated below:

When using the PCI-card emulator: <DRIVERS\PCI\2000 When using the PCMCIA-card emulator: <Drive>:\DRIVERS\PCMCIA\2000 (<Drive> is the CD-ROM drive name.)

2.3 Connecting the Host Computer with the Card Emulator

Insert the card emulator into the PCMCIA TYPE II slot or the PCI slot of the host computer (figures 2.2 and 2.3).



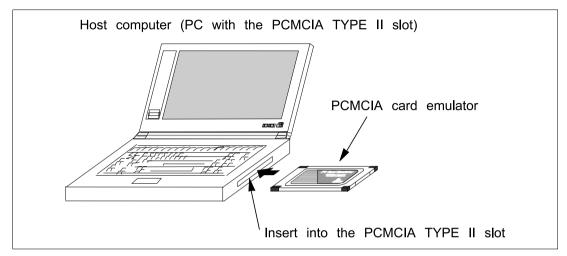


Figure 2.2 Inserting the PCMCIA Card Emulator into the Host Computer

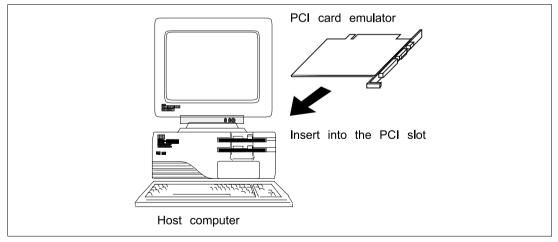


Figure 2.3 Inserting the PCI Card Emulator into the Host Computer

Use the procedure, described in section 2.4, to connect the emulator to the user system with the user system interface cable, or to disconnect them when moving the emulator or the user system.

Note: When installing the PCI card emulator, note the following:

- 1. Turn off the host computer.
- 2. Insert the emulator into the PCI slot in parallel.
- 3. Screw in the emulator after confirming the connector and cable positions.

2.4 Connecting the Card Emulator with the User System

(1) The connector must be installed to the user system. Table 2.1 shows the recommended connector for the emulator.

Table 2.1 Recommended Connector

Type Number	Manufacturer	Specifications
2514-6002	3M Limited	14-pin straight type

Note: When the connector is used, do not install any components within 3 mm of the connector.

- (2) The pin arrangement of the connector is shown in section 6.2, Pin Arrangement of the Hitachi-UDI Port Connector.
- (3) Figure 2.4 shows how to connect the user system interface cable to the user system. Connect the ground line of the cable to the user system ground. The end of the ground line has a hole having a diameter of 3 mm, and therefore, when the ground line is screwed to the user system, the screw diameter must be 3 mm.

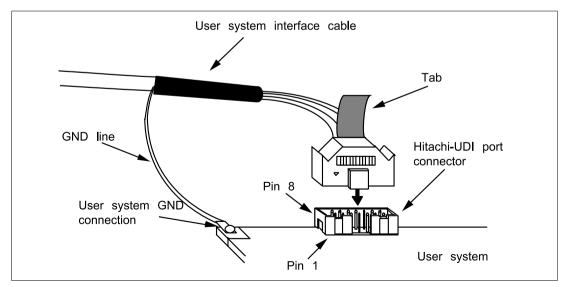


Figure 2.4 Connecting the User System Interface Cable to the User System

- Notes: 1. To connect the signals output from the connector, refer to the MCU pin alignment.
 - 2. To remove the user system interface cable from the user system, pull the tab on the connector upward.
 - **3.** The range of communications that the emulator operates at is different according to the MCUs used.
 - 4. Connect the signals from the connector as shown in section 6.2, Pin Arrangement of the Hitachi-UDI Port Connector.

2.5 System Check

When the HDI program is executed, check that the emulator operates correctly according to the following procedure:

- 1. Check that the card emulator is inserted into the host computer.
- 2. Connect the user system interface cable to the connector of the card emulator.
- 3. Connect the user system interface cable to the Hitachi-UDI port connector.
- 4. Power on the host computer and select [HDI for E10A H8Sxxxx] -> [Hitachi Debugging Interface] from the [Start] menu.

	Windows Update		
	Programs	Accessories	
	Favorites	Internet Explorer Imit StartUp MS-DOS Prompt	
	Documents	Image: Second Holing Image: Second Holin	
	Settings		
	Series Eind		
80	✓ = . <u>Bun</u>		
Vindows98	🛓 Log Off Administrator		
Win	Shut Down		
	Start 🛛 🧶 🧭 🗍		

Figure 2.5 [Start] Menu

5. Power on the user system and select the setting to be used.

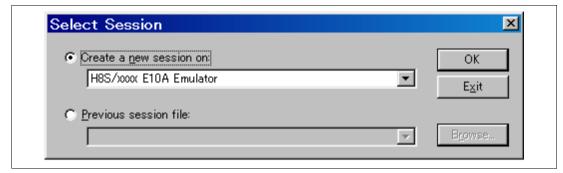


Figure 2.6 [Select Session] Dialog Box

6. The [E10A Driver Details] dialog box is displayed. With the [Driver] combo box, select the driver to connect the HDI with the emulator. [Interface] displays the interface name of the PC interface board to be connected, and [Channel] displays the interface to which the board is connected. Once the driver is selected in the [E10A Driver Details] dialog box, this dialog box is not displayed when the HDI is run next time. (This procedure will not be executed by target MCUs.)

E10A Driver Details Driver E10A PCI Card Driver5	
Details	
Interface PCI	_
Channel PCI:F4008000 E10A	
Configuration	
Configure	
	<u>H</u> elp Close

Figure 2.7 [E10A Driver Details] Dialog Box

- With the [Driver] combo box, select the driver to connect the HDI with the emulator.
- [Interface] displays the interface name of the card emulator to be connected, and [Channel] displays the interface to which the board is connected.

[Driver] combo box: Select [E10A PC Card Driver 5] to use the PCMCIA card emulator. Select [E10A PCI Card Driver 5] to use the PCI card emulator. For details, refer to table 6.3 in section 6.4.1, Emulator Driver Selection.
[Interface] combo box: Select [PC Card] to use the PCMCIA card emulator. Select [PCI] to use the PCI card emulator. (If the driver is not installed, the [PC Card] or [PCI] is not displayed.)

• Click the [Close] button.

7. Supply power to the user system.

The subsequent procedures depend on the activation mode that was selected in step 5.

2.5.1 H8S/xxxx E10A Emulator Mode

This mode is used for debugging in the emulator.

1. After the [System Clock] window appears, input the system clock frequency. This frequency value is used when writing and erasing flash memory in the emulator.

System Clock		
Please input System Clock		
25	MHz	
ОК		

Figure 2.8 [System Clock] Dialog Box

2. Set an eight-digit hexadecimal ID code as a security code for the flash memory. Input this ID code when [H8S/xxxx E10A Emulator] is selected and the [New registration] check box is unselected on activating the HDI. If the ID code is not matched, the flash memory contents are erased.

Please input ID Code

Figure 2.9 [ID Code] Dialog Box

3. When "Link up" appears on the status bar, the user and emulator programs have been downloaded to the flash memory, and the HDI initialization is complete.



Figure 2.10 [HDI] Status Bar

- Notes: 1. When the HDI is not linked up even if the above procedure has been executed, the driver will not be set correctly. Install drivers provided with the \SETUP directory in the CD-R according to the screen instructions.
 - 2. If the user system interface cable is disconnected to the Hitachi-UDI port connector on the user system during user program execution, the following dialog box will be displayed.

HDI	×
	H-UDI Connector disconnected. Please, connect and press <enter> key.</enter>
	[]

Figure 2.11 [H-UDI Connector Disconnected] Dialog Box

- 3. If the emulator is not initiated, the following dialog boxes shown in figures 2.12 through 2.15 will be displayed.
- (a) If the following dialog box is displayed, the user system may not be turned on or the RESET signal may not have been correctly input to the MCU. Check the power supply and input circuit for the reset pin on the user system.

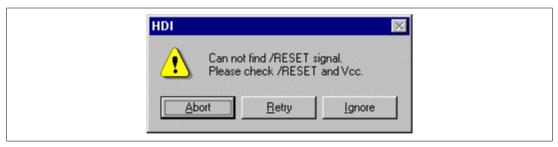


Figure 2.12 [Can not find /RESET signal] Dialog Box

(b) If the following dialog box is displayed, check that the Hitachi-UDI port connector on the user system is correctly connected.

HDI	×
	Check the connection between the H-UDI pins and the H-UDI port connector.

Figure 2.13 [Check the connection] Dialog Box

(c) If the following dialog box is displayed, the MCU may not correctly operate. Check if there are reasons for illegal MCU operation.



Figure 2.14 [COMMUNICATION TIMEOUT ERROR] Dialog Box



Figure 2.15 [INVALID ASERAM FIRMWARE!] Dialog Box

4. If the driver is not correctly connected, the following dialog box will be displayed.



Figure 2.16 [Unable to restore the previous driver settings] Dialog Box

The [E10A Driver Details] dialog box is displayed when the [OK] button is clicked. Select the correct driver. For details, refer to section 6.4.1, Emulator Driver Selection.

2.5.2 Writing H8S/xxxx E10A Flash memory Mode

In this mode the emulator is used as a flash memory writer. The following procedures apply when [Writing H8S/xxxx E10A Flash memory] is selected from the activation modes listed in the [Select Session] dialog box.

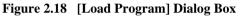
1. After the [System Clock] window appears, input the system clock frequency.

System Clock Please input System Clock		
25	MHz	
ОК		

Figure 2.17 [System Clock] Dialog Box

2. When the [Load Program] window appears, specify a user program to be downloaded. Click the [Open] button to start downloading.

Load Program		×
Offset:		<u>O</u> pen
НО	✓ Verify	Cancel
File name:		
C:\HDI_E10A\tutorial\tutorial.abs	~	B <u>r</u> owse
🗆 Load only debugging information		
☑ Load stack information file(SNI file)		



3. When the program has been downloaded, the memory area that the checksum value and the program code have been written appears.

HDI	×
٩	Flash memory writing OK Sum data=H'xxxxxxxx
	OK

Figure 2.19 Checksum Value after Downloading the Program

HDI	×
٩	Module name: C:\HDI_E10A\tutorial\tutorial.abs Areas loaded: 00000000 - 00000001 00001000 - 00001333
	OK

Figure 2.20 [HDI] Dialog Box

4. The [Continue] window appears. When the [OK] button is clicked, a message is displayed to request that power be supplied. Turn off the power, exchange the MCU, and supply power. Repeat operations 1 to 3 until the [Exit] button is clicked. When the [Exit] button is clicked, the HDI is terminated.

Figure 2.21 [Continue?] Window

- Notes: 1. When the HDI does not link up, and the above procedures have been executed, the driver setting must be incorrect. Install a driver from the \SETUP directory of the CD-R according to the screen instructions.
 - 2. If the user system interface cable is disconnected from the connector on the user system, the following dialog box will appear.

HDI	
	Connector disconnected. Please, connect and press <enter> key.</enter>
	ССК

Figure 2.22 [Connector disconnected] Dialog Box

3. If the emulator is not properly initialized, the following dialog box will appear. If the following dialog box is displayed, the flash memory cannot be erased. Exchange the MCU since the flash memory has been rewritten to more times than the guaranteed value.



Figure 2.23 [Flash memory erase error!] Dialog Box

2.6 Ending the HDI

Power off the emulator by using the following procedure:

1. Select [Exit] from the [File] menu to end the HDI. When the [Exit HDI] dialog box is displayed, click the [Yes] button.



Figure 2.24 [Exit HDI] Dialog Box

2. Then, the [Save session] dialog box is displayed. If necessary, click the [Yes] button to save session. After saving session, the HDI ends. If not necessary, click the [No] button to end the HDI.

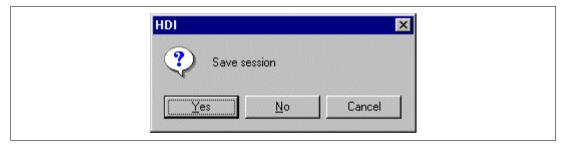


Figure 2.25 [Save session] Dialog Box

3. Turn the user system off.

2.7 Uninstalling the HDI

Follow this procedure to remove the installed HDI from the user's host computer.

- 1. Open [Add/Remove Programs Properties] from the control panel. Select the HDI program from the list and click the [Add/Remove...] button.
- 2. The setup program is executed again and the installed application can be changed, modified, or removed. When the application is to be uninstalled, select removal.

CAUTION

A shared file may be detected while the program is being removed. If another HDI may be using the shared file, do not remove the file. When Microsoft[®] Windows NT[®]4.0 operating system is used, the removal of the registry information on the driver may be asked. If other HDI may use the target driver, do not remove the registry information. If another HDI does not start up after the removal process, re-install that HDI.

Section 3 Tutorial

3.1 Introduction

The following describes the main functions of the emulator by using a tutorial program.

The tutorial program is based on the C program that sorts ten random data items in ascending or descending order. The tutorial program performs the following actions:

- The main function generates random data to be sorted.
- The sort function sorts the generated random data in ascending order.
- The change function then sorts the data in descending order.

The tutorial program is included in the sort.c file. The compiled load module is provided in the Sysrof format and is included in the tutorial.abs file.

Table 3.1 lists the tutorial program configuration.

Table 3.1 Tutorial Program: Configuration and Parts

Item	Contents
Workspace for HEW V1.2	[Installation directory]\tutorial\tutorial.hws
Load module	[Installation directory]\tutorial\tutorial\Debug\tutorial.abs
Main program (source file)	[Installation directory]\tutorial\tutorial\tutorial.c
Stack information file	[Installation directory]\tutorial\tutorial\Debug\tutorial.sni

- Notes: 1. This section describes general usage examples of the emulator. For each product specifications, refer to section 6 or on-line help.
 - 2. This program was created by using Hitachi Embedded Workshop (hereafter referred to as HEW) V1.2. Older versions of HEW will not open the workspace included with the package, so create a new workspace in such situations.
 - **3.** This program was compiled without optimization. If recompiled with different settings, the addresses may differ from those given in this section.
 - 4. tutorial.abs is a load module in the Dwarf2 format. If a load module is recreated in the Sysrof format, the amount of information displayed on the HDI screen during the program's execution will be reduced.
 - 5. This section describes general usage examples for the emulator. For the specifications of particular products, refer to section 6 or the online help file.

3.2 Running the HDI

To run the HDI, select [HDI for E10A H8Sxxxx] -> [Hitachi Debugging Interface] from the [Start] menu.

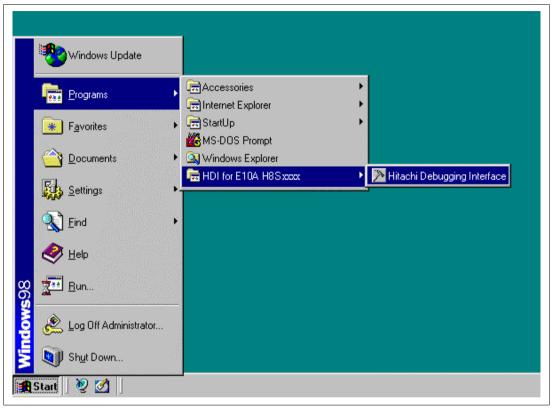


Figure 3.1 [Start] Menu

For the procedure of running the HDI, refer to section 2.5, System Check.

3.3 [HDI] Window

> /	achi Debugging Interface - Tutorial - H8S/xxxx E10A Emulator	
	Edit <u>V</u> iew <u>R</u> un <u>M</u> emory <u>S</u> etup <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp	
	a 🖬 🗳 🖬 📗 X 🖻 億 🛝 🗽 📗 軒 目 目 目 🖬 🛶 砂 印 🕀 🛶 🎟 🔰 🧲	-5
$\bigcirc \rightarrow$	10 📾 📨 🖉 🗊 🗉 🗊 📾 🔚 🐺 🖼 💭 🛛 🔽 16 10 8 2 🖉 A 👫	_
स्ति		
1	Line Address BP Label Source	
	9 {	
626555555555555555555555555555555555555	10 long a[10];	
3 - 🌴	11 → long j; 12 int i, min, max;	
Â	12 int i, min, max; 13	
A	14 00001018 for(i=0; i<10; i++){	
G.F	15 00001020	
# 1	16 0000102c if(j < 0){ 17 00001034 j = -j;	
	17 00001034) –), 18 }	
1	19 00001042 a[i] = j;	
	20 }	
	21 00001072 sort(a); 22 0000107c min = a[0];	
5	23 00001084 max = a[9];	
	24 0000108c min = 0; 1	
	25 00001002 may = 0	
④ → For H	, press F1 NUM //	

Figure 3.2 [HDI] Window

The key functions of the HDI are described in section 4, Descriptions of Windows. Numbers in figure 3.2 indicate the following:

- 1. Menu bar: Gives the user access to the HDI commands for using the HDI debugger.
- 2. Toolbar: Provides convenient buttons as shortcuts for the most frequently used menu commands.
- 3. Program window: Displays the source program being debugged.
- 4. Status bar: Displays the status of the emulator, and progress information about downloading.
- 5. [Help] button: Activates on-line help about any features of the HDI user interface.

3.4 Setting up the Emulator

The following MCU conditions must be set up on the emulator before downloading the program:

- Device type
- Execution mode

The following describes how to set up the emulator for the tutorial programs.

3.5 Setting the [Configuration] Dialog Box

• Select [Configure Platform...] from the [Setup] menu to set configuration. The [Configuration] dialog box is displayed.

<u>M</u> ode	H8S/xxxx
Emulation mode	Normal
<u>S</u> tep option	Disables interrupts during single step execution
JTAG clock	4.125MHz
Oparating mode	Advanced mode
Elash memory synchronization	Disable
Driver:	C <u>h</u> ange

Figure 3.3 [Configuration] Dialog Box

Note: The items that can be set in this window differ according to the product. For the settings for each product, refer to the on-line help.

Set options as follows:

Table 3.2 Setting the [Configuration] Dialog Box

Option	Value
Mode	H8S/xxxx (default)
Emulation mode	Normal (normal execution, default)
Step option (Disables interrupt during single step execution)	Disables interrupts during single step execution (default)
JTAG clock	4.125 MHz (default)
Operating Mode	Operating mode determined by setting the mode pin (default)
Flash memory synchronization	Disable (default)

• Click the [OK] button to set any changes in the configuration.

3.6 Downloading the Tutorial Program

3.6.1 Downloading the Tutorial Program

Download the object program to be debugged.

• Select [Load Program...] from the [File] menu. The [Load Program] dialog box is displayed. Enter the [Offset] edit box and [File name] list box as shown in figure 3.4 and click the [Open] button.

Load Program		×
<u>O</u> ffset: H'O	✓ Verify	<u>O</u> pen Cancel
File name: C:\HDI_E10A\tutorial\tutorial.abs	_	B <u>r</u> owse
✓ Load only debugging information ✓ Load stack information file(SNI file)	_	

Figure 3.4 [Load Program] Dialog Box

When the file has been loaded, the following dialog box displays information about the memory areas that have been filled with the program code.

HDI	×
•	Module name: C:\HDI_E10A\tutorial\tutorial.abs Areas loaded: 00000000 - 00000001 00001000 - 00001333
	OK

Figure 3.5 [HDI] Dialog Box

• Click the [OK] button to continue.

3.6.2 Displaying the Source Program

The HDI allows the user to debug a program at the source level.

- Select [Source...] from the [View] menu. The [Open] dialog box is displayed.
- Select the C source file that corresponds to the object file the user has loaded.

Open Look jn:	🔄 tutorial	•	£	c *	?
🗐 Sort.c					
			_		
File <u>n</u> ame:	Sort.c		_		<u>O</u> pen
Files of <u>type</u> :	C/C++ Source Files (*.c*)		•		Cancel

Figure 3.6 [Open] Dialog Box

• Select [Sort.c] and click the [Open] button. The [Program] window is displayed.

🔚 Sor	t.c				_ 🗆 🗵
Line	Address	BP	Label	Source	
8	0000100c		main	void main(void)	
9			_	{	
10				long a[10];	
11				long j;	
12				int i, min, max;	
13					
14	00001014			for(i=0; i<10; i++){	
15	0000101c			j = rand();	
16	00001028			if(j < 0){	
17	00001030			j = -j;	
18				}	
19	0000103e			a[i] = j;	
20				}	
21	0000106c	-		sort(a);	
22	00001074			$\min = a[0];$	
23	0000107c			$\max = a[9];$	
24	00001084			$\min = 0;$	
25	0000108a			max = 0;	
26	00001090			change(a);	-

Figure 3.7 [Program] Window (Displaying the Source Program)

• If necessary, select the [Font...] option from the [Customize] submenu on the [Setup] menu to select a clear font and size.

Initially the [Program] window shows the start of the main program, but the user can use the scroll bar to scroll through the program to see the other statements.

3.7 Setting the Software Breakpoint

A breakpoint is one of the easy debugging functions.

The [Program] window provides a very simple way of setting a software breakpoint at any point in a program. For example, to set a breakpoint at the sort function call:

• Select by double-clicking the [BP] column on the line containing the sort function call.

Line	Address	BP	Label	Source	
3	0000100c		main	void main(void)	
9			_	{	
10				long a[10];	
11				long j;	
12				int i, min, max;	
13					
14	00001014			for(i=0; i<10; i++){	
15	0000101c			j = rand();	
16	00001028			if(j < 0){	
17	00001030			j = -j;	
18				}	
19	0000103e			a[i] = j;	
20				}	
21	0000106c	 Break 		sort(a);	
22	00001074			$\min = a[0];$	
23	0000107c			$\max = a[9];$	
24	00001084			$\min = 0;$	
25	0000108a			$\max = 0;$	
26	00001090			change(a);	

Figure 3.8 [Program] Window (Setting a Software Breakpoint)

The word [• Break] will be displayed on the line containing the sort function to show that a software breakpoint is set.

3.8 Setting Registers

Set values of the program counter and the stack pointer before executing the program.

• Select [Registers] from the [View] menu. The [Registers] window is displayed.

🛚 Registers	
Register	Value
ERO	00000000
ER1	00000000
ER2	00000000
ER3	00000000
ER4	00000000
ER5	00000000
ER6	00000000
ER7	OOFFFCOO
PC	000002
+ CCR	IOZ
+ EXR	111

Figure 3.9 [Registers] Window

• To change the value of the program counter (PC), double-click the value area in the [Registers] window with the mouse. The following dialog box is then displayed, and the value can be changed.

<u>V</u> alue:		
001000		ОК
Set As:		
Whole Register	-	Cancel

Figure 3.10 [Register] Dialog Box (PC)

- Set the program counter to H'1000 in this tutorial program, and click the [OK] button.
- To change the value of the stack pointer (SP), move the mouse pointer on the value to be changed in the [ER7] value area in the [Registers] window and enter the new value by the

keyboard, or double-click the value area with the mouse. The following dialog box is then displayed.

Register – ER7	
<u>V</u> alue:	
00FFFC00	ОК
<u>S</u> et As:	
Whole Register	Cancel

Figure 3.11 [Register] Dialog Box (ER7)

• Set the value of the stack pointer to H'FFFC00 in this tutorial program, and click the [OK] button.

3.9 Executing the Program

Execute the program as described in the following:

• To execute the program, select [Go] from the [Run] menu, or click the [Go] button on the toolbar.



Figure 3.12 [Go] Button

• Or, select [Reset Go] from the [Run] menu or click the [Reset Go] button on the toolbar.

ĒŬ

Figure 3.13 [Reset Go] Button

The program will be executed up to the breakpoint that has been inserted, and a statement will be highlighted in the [Program] window to show the position that the program has halted, with the message [Break=BREAKPOINT] in the status bar.

Line	t.c Address H	3P	Label	Source	
3	0000100c	-	main	void main(void)	
,				{	
.0				long a[10];	
1				long j;	
12				int i, min, max;	
13					
14	00001014			for(i=0; i<10; i++){	
15	0000101c			j = rand();	
16	00001028			$if(j < 0)$ {	_
17	00001030			j = -j;	
18				}	
19	0000103e			a[i] = j;	
20				}	
21	0000106c 🎙	🕨 Break		sort(a);	
22	00001074			$\min = a[0];$	
23	0000107c			max = a[9];	
24	00001084			$\min = 0;$	
25	0000108a			$\max = 0;$	
26	00001090			change(a);	
27	0000109a			$\min = a[9];$	
28	000010a2			$\max = a[0];$	

Figure 3.14 [Program] Window (Break Status)

The user can see the cause of the break that occurred last time in the [System Status] window.

• Select [Status] from the [View] menu. After the [System Status] window is displayed, open the [Platform] page, and check the status of Cause of last break.

# System Status	
Item	Status
Connected to: CPU	H8S/xxxx E10A Emulator (E10A PCI Card Driver5) H8S/xxxx
Run status	Break
Cause of last break	BREAK CONDITION 1
Run time count	OhOmin3s110ms
Emulator mode	Normal
Big endian	
\setminus Session $ angle$ Platform $ angle$ Memory $ angle$	Events /

Figure 3.15 [System Status] Window

Note: The items that can be displayed in this window differ according to the product. For the items that can be displayed, refer to the on-line help.

The [System Status] window displays the following items in each page.

 Table 3.3 Contents of the [System Status] Window

Page	ltem	Description		
[Session]	Target System	Always displays Connected.		
	Session Name	Displays the session file name.		
	Program Name	Displays the load module file name.		
[Platform]	Connected To:	Displays the name of the connected emulator and the selected driver name.		
	CPU	Displays the target MCU name.		
	Run status	Displays the execution status: RUNNING: Being executed Break: Stopped		
	Cause of last break	Displays the cause of the emulator stopping at break. In this example, the cause of the stop is BREAK POINT.		
	Run time count	Displays the program execution time. The display format is h: hours, min: minutes, s: seconds, and ms: milliseconds. In this example, 0h0min3s110ms is displayed.		
	Emulator mode	Displays the emulator operating mode (setting information for [Emulation Mode] of the [Configuration] dialog box).		
[Memory]	Loaded Memory Areas	Displays the loaded area of the load module.		
[Events]	Resources	Displays the usage states of BREAKPOINT and Break Condition.		

3.10 Reviewing Breakpoints

The user can see all the breakpoints set in the program in the [Breakpoints] window.

• Select [Breakpoints] from the [View] menu.

Inable	File/Line	Symbol	Address	Туре
	Sort.c/21			Breakpoint

Figure 3.16 [Breakpoints] Window

The pop-up menu, opened by clicking the [Breakpoints] window with the right mouse button, also allows the user to set or change breakpoints, define new breakpoints, and delete, enable, or disable breakpoints.

3.11 Viewing Memory

The user can view the contents of a memory block in the [Memory] window. For example, to view the memory contents corresponding to the main in word size:

• Select [Memory ...] from the [View] menu, enter **main** in the [Address] edit box, and set Word in the [Format] combo box.

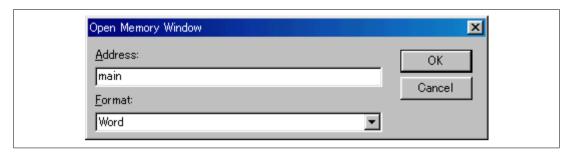


Figure 3.17 [Open Memory Window] Dialog Box

• Click the [OK] button. The [Memory] window showing the specified area of memory is displayed.

🖋 Word Memorymain			O_D×
Address	Data	Value	
0000100c	þ100	256	
0000100E	6DF6	28150	
00001010	OFF6	4086	
00001012	7A37	31287	
00001014	0000	0	
00001016	0032	50	
00001018	1900	6400	
0000101A	6FEO	28640	
0000101c	FFD2	-46	
0000101E	4048	16456	
00001020	5E00	24064	
00001022	12AE	4782	
00001024	17F0	6128	
00001026	0100	256	-



3.12 Watching Variables

As the user steps through a program, it is possible to watch that the values of variables used in the user program are changed. For example, set a watch on the long-type array a declared at the beginning of the program, by using the following procedure:

- Click the left of displayed array a in the [Program] window to position the cursor.
- Click the [Program] window with the right mouse button and select [Instant Watch...] from a pop-up menu.

The following dialog box will be displayed.

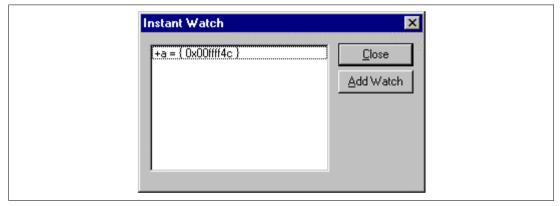
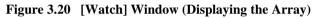


Figure 3.19 [Instant Watch] Dialog Box

• Click [Add Watch] button to add a variable to the [Watch] window.

🖌 Watch Window	0 <u> </u>
Name +a	Value ={ 0x00ffff4c }



The user can also add a variable to the [Watch] window by specifying its name.

• Click the [Watch] window with the right mouse button and select [Add Watch] from the popup menu.

The following dialog box will be displayed.

Add Watch	×
O Address	OK
Variable or expression	Cancel
max	

Figure 3.21 [Add Watch] Dialog Box

• Input variable **max** and click the [OK] button.

The [Watch] window will now also show the long-type variable max.

& Watch Window		_ 🗆 ×
Name +a ma×	Value ={ 0x00ffff H'b1b2	4c }

Figure 3.22 [Watch] Window (Displaying the Variable)

The user can double-click the + symbol to the left of any variable in the [Watch] window to watch the all elements in array a.

A Watch Windo	w
[1]	H'0000728a
[2]	H'00005bf5
[3]	H'0000332b
[4]	H'00003fb6
[5]	H'000028cb
[6]	H'00004ee4
[7]	H'00001fe4
[8]	H'00006948
[9]	H'00006a99
max	H'b1b2

Figure 3.23 [Watch] Window (Displaying Array Elements)

3.13 Stepping Through a Program

The HDI provides a range of step menu commands that allow efficient program debugging.

Table 3.4 Step Option

Menu Command	Description
Step In	Executes each statement, including statements within functions.
Step Over	Executes a function call in a single step.
Step Out	Steps out of a function, and stops at the statement following the statement in the program that called the function.
Step	Steps the specified times repeatedly at a specified rate.

3.13.1 Executing [Step In] Command

The [Step In] steps into the called function and stops at the first statement of the called function.

• To step through the sort function, select [Step In] from the [Run] menu, or click the [Step In] button in the toolbar.



Figure 3.24 [Step In] Button

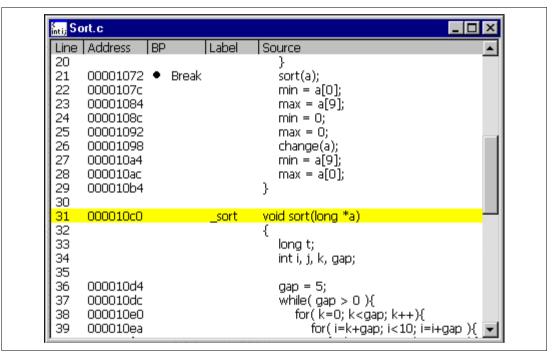


Figure 3.25 [Program] Window (Step In)

• The highlighted line moves to the first statement of the sort function in the [Program] window.

3.13.2 Executing [Step Out] Command

The [Step Out] steps out of the called function and stops at the next statement of the calling statement in the main function.

• To step out of the sort function, select [Step Out] from the [Run] menu, or click the [Step Out] button in the toolbar.



_ 8 × Hitachi Debugging Interface - Tutorial - H8S/xxxx E10A Emulator File Edit View Run Memory Setup Window Help አ 🖻 🖻 🛝 🐎 🔢 🖬 🖬 🖬 🖡 🖓 🖓 🕀 (+) 💷 9 12 🖬 🗳 🖬 16 🗑 🚥 👯 📨 🧳 🐺 💭 📰 🖸 🚺 📆 🖬 📊 🐺 🖳 📈 10 A th intig Sort.c _ 🗆 X & Watch Window O-DX -Line Address BP Label Source ٠ Name Value 1 20 0x00ff } -a = { 21 00001072 • Break sort(a); 00001fe 1 н' 0 22 0000107c min = a[0];н 000028d 5 23 00001084 max = a[9];0000332 н 24 0000108c min = 0;00003fb A Н 25 00001092 max = 0;н 00004eel ø 26 change(a); 00001098 н 00004f7 27 000010a4 min = a[9]; 00005bf Η' 28 000010ac max = a[0];0000694 Η' 29 000010b4 89. 00006a9 н' 30 **\$**5. H'0000728 '9' 31 000010c0 void sort(long *a) _sort <mark>н'</mark> h1h2 32 1.50 33 long t; 34 int i, j, k, gap; 35 4 36 000010d4 qap = 5;37 000010dc while (qap > 0)38 000010e0 for(k=0; k < qap; k++){ • . For Help, press F1 NUM

Figure 3.26 [Step Out] Button

Figure 3.27 [Program] Window (Step Out)

• The data of variable a displayed in the [Watch] window is sorted in ascending order.

• To execute two steps, use [Step In] twice.

		⊷ ፝ፁ ጬ ፁ ↔ ║ ያ ¼ ፲፩ ፲፬ ፩ ፭ ቆ A ተዛ	
Sort.c Line Address BP 20 21 00001072 ● 22 0000107c 23 00001084 24 00001084 24 00001092 26 00001098 27 00001094 27 00001094 28 00001094 29 00001004 30 30 31 000010c0 32 33 34 35 36 000010d4 37 000010dc 38 000010c0	Label Source } Preak sort(a); min = a[0]; max = a[9]; min = 0; max = 0; change(a); min = a[9]; max = a[0]; } sort void sort(long *a) { long t; int i, j, k, gap; gap = 5; while(gap > 0){ for(k=0; k <gap;< th=""><th></th><th>dow ♀_□× Value ={ 0×00ff H'0001fe H'00028c H'000332 H'0003fb H'00004ee H'00004f7 H'00005bf H'00006a9 H'00006a9 H'0000728 H'728a</th></gap;<>		dow ♀_□× Value ={ 0×00ff H'0001fe H'00028c H'000332 H'0003fb H'00004ee H'00004f7 H'00005bf H'00006a9 H'00006a9 H'0000728 H'728a

Figure 3.28 [Program] Window (Step In -> Step In)

• The value of max displayed in the [Watch] window is changed to the maximum data value.

3.13.3 Executing [Step Over] Command

The [Step Over] executes a function call as a single step and stops at the next statement of the main program.

• Using [Step Over], execute two steps to reach the change function statement.

Hitachi Debugging Interface - Tutorial - H8S/xxxx E10A Emulator	_ 8 ×
∐ <u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>R</u> un <u>M</u> emory <u>S</u> etup <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp	
9 🖀 📾 🛱 🛛 X 🖻 🖀 🌺 🗍 IT IL IL IL 🗜 🖓 🖓 🖓	{→}
🗑 🚥 👐 🌌 🥔 💭 🎫 🗳 🔁 🗷 📷, 🐺 🖳 💭 🚺 10 💈	2 🔊 A 辩
	🔂 Watch Window 🛛 💶 🗶 🌥
Line Address BP Label Source 20 } 21 00001072 Break sort(a); 22 0000107c min = a[0]; 23 0000108c min = 0; 24 00001092 max = 0; 25 00001092 max = 0; 26 00001084 min = a[9]; 28 0000104 min = a[9]; 29 0000104 min = a[0]; 29 0000104 min = a[0]; 30	Name Va]ue -a ={ 0×00ff [0] H'00001fe [1] H'000028c [2] H'0000332 [3] H'00003fb [4] H'00004ee [5] H'00004f7 [6] H'0000694 [7] H'0000694 [8] H'0000629 [9] H'0000728 ▲ ▲
For Help, press F1	NUM ///

Figure 3.29 [Program] Window (Before Step Over Execution)

• To step through all statements in the change function at a single step, select [Step Over] from the [Run] menu, or click the [Step Over] button in the toolbar.

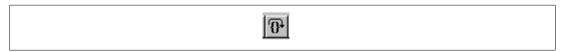


Figure 3.30 [Step Over] Button

➢ Hitachi Debugging Interfac	e - Tutorial - H8S/xxxx E10A Emulato <u>S</u> etup <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp)T	<u>_ 6 ×</u>
9 🍅 🖬 🗳 🖬 X 🗉	à 🛱 👯 🐉 🗍 ĒĒ Ē↓ Ē↓ Ē <u>↓</u> Ē <u>↓</u> I.	ት የት (ት ↔ 📗 💡	
	E 関 📆 🖻 inti; 🐺 🖳 💭 🛄 👥	16 10 8 2 🔎 A 🕇	
Image: Sort.c Line Address BP 20 21 00001072 Bre 22 0000107c 23 Bre 23 00001084 24 00001084 24 0000108c 25 00001092 26 00001098 27 00001044 28 000010ac 30 31 000010b4 31 000010c0 32 32 32	Label Source } ak sort(a); min = a[0]; max = a[9]; min = 0; max = 0; change(a); min = a[9]; max = a[0]; _sort void sort(long *a) {		Value ={ 0x00ff H'00006a9 H'0000694 H'00005bf H'00004f7 H'00004f7 H'00003fb H'00003fb H'000032 H'000028c H'00001fe
32 33 34 35 36 000010d4 37 000010dc 38 000010e0 ▲ ▼ ▼ For Help, press F1	long t; int i, j, k, gap; gap = 5; while(gap > 0){ for(k=0; k <gap; k++<="" th=""><th></th><th>► ► ► ► ► ►</th></gap;>		► ► ► ► ► ►

Figure 3.31 [Program] Window (Step Over)

When the last statement of the change function is executed, the data of variable a, which is displayed in the [Watch] window, is sorted in descending order.

3.14 Displaying Local Variables

The user can display local variables in a function using the [Locals] window. For example, we will examine the local variables in the main function, which declares five local variables: a, j, i, min, and max.

• Select [Locals] from the [View] menu. The [Locals] window is displayed.

Initially, the [Locals] window is empty because local variables have not yet been declared.

• Select [Step In] from the [Run] menu to execute a single step.

The [Locals] window will now show the local variables and their values.

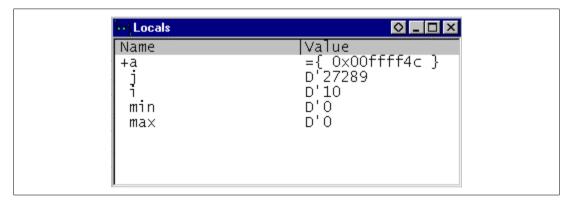


Figure 3.32 [Locals] Window

- Double-click the + symbol in front of array a in the [Locals] window to display the elements of array a.
- Refer to the elements of array a before and after the execution of the sort function, and confirm that random data is sorted in descending order.

3.15 Break Function

The emulator has software and hardware break functions. With the HDI, a software breakpoint can be set using the [Breakpoints] window, and a hardware break condition can be set using the [Break condition 1] dialog box.

An overview and setting of the break function are described below.

3.15.1 Software Break Function

The emulator can set up to 255 software breakpoints. Setting a software breakpoint is described below.

- Select [Breakpoints] from the [View] menu. The [Breakpoints] window is displayed.
- Click the [Breakpoints] window with the right mouse button and select [Delete All] from the pop-up menu to cancel all the breakpoints that have been set.

(points			
File/Line	Symbol	Address	Туре
	kpoints File/Line		

Figure 3.33 [Breakpoints] Window (Before Software Breakpoint Setting)

• Click the [Breakpoints] window with the right mouse button and select [Add] from the pop-up menu.

The [Break] dialog box is displayed. The [Point] page is displayed as a default.

<u>B</u> reak	(point					
						-11
	<u>A</u> dd	<u>E</u> dit	Re	set	Reset a∐	1 H

Figure 3.34 [Point] Page ([Break] Dialog Box)

• Click the [Add...] button to display the [Breakpoint] dialog box.

• Enter *H'10a4* to the [Value] edit box.

Address Value H'10a4	Address	Address			×
		Address)a4	 _	
		Tange I		 	

Figure 3.35 [Breakpoint] Dialog Box

• Click the [OK] button.

The [Break] dialog box is displayed. The address set in the value field of [Breakpoint] is displayed.

Break
Point Condition
Breakpoint
H'00001044
Add Edit Reset all
Close Cancel Apply Help

Figure 3.36 [Point] Page ([Break] Dialog Box) (After Software Breakpoint Setting)

• Click the [Close] button.

The software breakpoint that has been set is displayed in the [Breakpoints] window.

🛃 Break	points				0 _ 🗆 ×
Enable	File/Line	Symbol	Address	Туре	
•	Sort.c/27		000010A4	Breakpoint	

Figure 3.37 [Breakpoints] Window (Software Breakpoint Setting)

To stop the tutorial program at the breakpoint, the following procedure must be executed:

- Close the [Breakpoints] window.
- Click the [Reset Go] button.

The program runs, and stops at the set breakpoint.

Line	Address	BP	Label	S	ource	
20					}	
21	00001072				sort(a);	
22	0000107c				min = a[0];	
23	00001084				max = a[9];	
24	0000108c				min = 0;	
25	00001092				max = 0;	
26	00001098				change(a);	
27	000010a4	Break			min = a[9];	
28	000010ac				max = a[0];	
29	000010b4			}		
30						
31	000010c0		_sort		pid sort(long *a)	
32				ł	1 +-	
33					long t;	
34 35					int i, j, k, gap;	
35 36	000010d4				$a_{2}a_{2} = 5$	
30 37	000010d4				gap = 5; while(gap > 0){	
38	000010aC				for(k=0; k <gap; k++){<="" td=""><td>-</td></gap;>	-

Figure 3.38 [Program] Window at Execution Stop (Software Break)

The [System Status] window displays the following contents.

Etem	Status	
Connected to:	H8S/xxxx E10A Emulator (E10A PCI Card Driver5)	
CPU	H8S/xxxx	
lun status	Break	
Cause of last break	BREAK CONDITION 1	
Run time count	OhOmin3s110ms	
Emulator mode	Normal	
3ig endian		
big enaran		

Figure 3.39 Displayed Contents of the [System Status] Window (Software Break)

Note: The items that can be displayed in this window differ according to the product. For the items that can be displayed, refer to the on-line help.

3.16 Hardware Break Function

A method is given below in which the address bus condition and the read cycles for the state condition are set under Break condition 1 as hardware break conditions.

- Select [Breakpoint Window] from the [View] menu. The [Breakpoints] window is displayed.
- Click the [Breakpoints] window with the right mouse button and select [Delete All] from the pop-up menu to cancel all breakpoints that have been set.
- Click the [Breakpoints] window with the right mouse button and select [Add] from the pop-up menu.

🛃 Breakpoin	ts			
Enable	File/Line	Symbol	Address	Туре
			<u>A</u> dd	
			<u>E</u> dit E <u>n</u> abled	
		-	Delete	-
			Delete All	
			<u>G</u> o to Source	
		_		_

Figure 3.40 [Breakpoints] Window (Before Hardware Break Condition Setting)

The [Break] dialog box is displayed. To set hardware break conditions, select [Condition] in the [Break] dialog box to display the [Condition] page.

Break Point Condition			X
Break <u>c</u> ondition			
1 Empty 2 Empty			
<u>E</u> dit	<u>R</u> eset	Reset a∐	
Close	Cancel	Apply	Help

Figure 3.41 [Condition] Page ([Break] Dialog Box)

Up to two breakpoints can be set independently for the hardware break condition. In this example, set the hardware break condition for Break condition 1.

Note: Note that the number of hardware break conditions differs according to the product. For the number that can be specified for each product, refer to the on-line help.

- Highlight the first point in the [Break condition] list box.
- Click the [Edit...] button. The [Break condition 1] dialog box is displayed.
- Clear the [Don't care] check box in the [Address] page.
- Select the [Only program fetched address after] radio button and enter *H'108C* as the value in the [Address] edit box.

Break condition 1			×
condition			
- Address			
Don't care			
O Addre <u>s</u> s 💿 <u>O</u>	nly program fetched ac	ddress after	1
Address H'1080			di -
Non user mask	O Liser mask		1
Mask			
			0
Data			
⊠ Do <u>n</u> 't care ⊻alue H'0			
	_		2
C Low byte	C <u>H</u> igh byte	© <u>₩</u> ord	en e
Read/Write	C = 1	~	
C Read/Write	U Head	C Write	
andik		-05	
OK C	Cancel <u>Apply</u>	Help	

Figure 3.42 [condition] Page ([Break condition 1] Dialog Box)

Note: The items that can be set in this window differ according to the product. For the settings for each product, refer to the on-line help.

- Click the [OK] button.
- The [Break] dialog box is displayed. Check the first point display in the [Break condition] list box is changed from Empty to Enable.

Break					×
Point Co	ondition				
Break <u>c</u> o					
2 Empty	e ,				
	<u>E</u> dit	<u>R</u> eset	Reset a <u>l</u> l		
	Close	Cancel	Apply	Help	

Figure 3.43 [Break] Dialog Box (After Hardware Break Condition Setting)

- Note: Note that the number of hardware break conditions differs according to the product. For the number that can be specified for each product, refer to the on-line help.
- Click the [Close] button.

The newly set hardware breakpoint is displayed in the [Breakpoints] window. With this setting, Break condition 1 is displayed in [Type] in the [Breakpoints] window.

This completes the setting of the Break condition 1 hardware break condition. When the program is executed, a break will occur when address H'108C is accessed in a read cycle.

🛃 Break	points				♦_□×
Enable	File/Line	Symbol	Address	Type	
0	Sort.c/24		0000108C	Break condition 1	
1					

Figure 3.44 [Breakpoints] Window ([Break condition 1] Setting)

- Close the [Breakpoints] window.
- Click the [Reset Go] button.

The program runs then stops at the condition specified under Break condition 1.

_{ntij} So	ort.c			_ 🗆 ×
Line	Address BF) Label	Source	
8	0000100c	_main	void main(void)	
9			{	
10			long a[10];	
11			long j;	
12 13			int i, min, max;	
13 14	00001018		for(i=0; i<10; i++)	v
15	00001010		j = rand();	n
16	0000102c		f = rand(), if(j < 0){	
17	00001034		j = -j;	
18			}	_
19	00001042		ā[i] = j;	
20			}	
21	00001072		sort(a);	
22	0000107c		min = a[<u>0];</u>	
23	00001084		max = a[9];	
24	0000108c		min = 0;	
25	00001092		max = 0;	
26 27	00001098 000010a4		change(a); min = a[9];	
27 28	000010a4 000010ac		max = a[0];	
20 29	000010ac) }	
30	00001001		,	
<u>~</u>	000010-0	Ł		`

Figure 3.45 [Program] Window at Execution Stop (Break condition 1)

The [System Status] window displays the following contents.

Item	Status
Connected to:	H8S/xxxx E10A Emulator (E10A PCI Card Driver5)
PU	H8S/xxxx
lun status	Break
Cause of last break	BREAK CONDITION 1
Run time count	OhOmin3s110ms
Smulator mode	Normal
Big endian	
2	

Figure 3.46 Displayed Contents of the [System Status] Window (Break condition 1)

Note: The items that can be displayed in this window differ according to the product. For the items that can be displayed, refer to the on-line help.

3.17 Trace Function

The trace function of the E10A emulator is described.

The branch source addresses, mnemonics, operands, and source lines are displayed. Since this function uses the trace buffer built into the MCU, a realtime trace can be acquired.

Run the program as shown in the example of section 3.15.1, Software Break Function. The trace results are displayed in the [Trace] window after the program execution is completed.

👼 Trace	- 4 records	(no filter)				◇ _ □ ×
IP -D'0003 -D'0002 -D'0001 -D'0000	TYPE BRANCH BRANCH BRANCH BRANCH	ADDR 000011D2 000011DA 000011E8 000011FC	MNEMONIC BLT BPL BGT RTS	OPERAND @H'10EA:16 @H'11DE:8 @H'10E0:16	Source	
•						Þ

Figure 3.47 [Trace] Window

- If necessary, adjust the column width by dragging the header bar immediately below the title bar.
- Note: The number of branch instructions that can be acquired by a trace differs according to the product. For the number that can be specified for each product, refer to the on-line help.

3.18 What Next?

This tutorial has described the major features of the emulator and the use of the HDI.

Sophisticated debugging can be carried out by using the emulation functions that the emulator offers. This provides for effective investigation of hardware and software problems by accurately isolating and identifying the conditions under which such problems arise.

Further details on the use of the HDI can be found in the separately issued Hitachi Debugging Interface User's Manual.

Section 4 Descriptions of Windows

4.1 HDI Windows

HDI window menu bars and the corresponding pull-down menus are listed in table 4.1. Where a description of a menu is included in the Hitachi Debugging Interface User's Manual or in this manual, an O mark or the relevant section number is shown. Related commands in the E10A Emulator User's Manual are also shown.

Menu Bar	Pull-Down Menu	Hitachi Debugging Interface User's Manual	This Manual
File menu	New Session	0	_
	Load Session	0	—
	Save Session	0	2.6
	Save Session As	0	—
	Load Program	0	3.6.1
	Initialize	0	_
	Exit	0	—
Edit Menu	Cut	0	—
	Сору	0	—
	Paste	0	—
	Find	0	
	Evaluate	0	_

Table 4.1 HDI Window Menus and Related Manual Entries

Menu Bar	Pull-Down Menu	Hitachi Debugging Interface User's Manual	This Manual
View Menu	Breakpoints	0	3.10, 3.15.1, 4.2.3, 6.4.3
	Command Line	0	—
	Disassembly	0	_
	I/O Registers	0	_
	Labels	0	—
	Locals	0	3.14
	Memory	0	3.11
	Performance Analysis	0	_
	Profile-List	0	—
	Profile-Tree	0	—
	Registers	0	3.8
	Source	0	3.6.2
	Status	0	3.9, 3.15.1, 4.2.9
	Trace	0	4.2.8, 6.4.4
	Watch	0	3.12
	Localized Dump Window	0	_
Run Menu	Reset CPU	0	_
	Go	0	3.9
	Reset Go	0	_
	Go to Cursor	0	_
	Set PC To Cursor	0	—
	Run	0	—
	Step In	0	3.13.1
	Step Over	0	3.13.3
	Step Out	0	3.13.2
	Step	0	_
	Halt	0	_

Table 4.1 HDI Window Menus and Related Manual Entries (cont)

Menu Bar	Pull-Down Menu	Hitachi Debugging Interface User's Manual	This Manual
Memory Menu	Refresh	0	_
	Load	0	_
	Save	0	_
	Verify	0	_
	Test	0	_
	Fill	0	_
	Сору	0	_
	Compare	0	_
Setup Menu	Status bar	0	_
	Options	0	_
	Radix	0	_
	Customise	0	<u> </u>
	Configure Platform	0	3.5, 4.2
Window Menu	Cascade	0	_
	Tile	0	<u> </u>
	Arrange Icons	0	<u> </u>
	Close All	0	_
Help Menu	Index	0	_
	Using Help	0	_
	Search for Help on	0	_
	About HDI	0	_

Table 4.1 HDI Window Menus and Related Manual Entries (cont)

4.2 Descriptions of Each Window

This section describes each window. Figures in this section are used as examples. Each E10A emulator type has explanatory notes. Read section 6, H8S/xxxx E10A Emulator Specifications.

4.2.1 [Configuration] Dialog Box

Function:

This dialog box sets the emulation conditions of the emulator.

Window:

<u>M</u> ode	H8S/xxxx	-
Emulation mode	Normal	•
<u>S</u> tep option	Disables interrupts during single step exect	ution 💌
JTAG clock	4.125MHz	•
Oparating mode	Advanced mode	•
Elash memory synchronization	Disable	•
Driver:	C <u>h</u> ange	

Figure 4.1 [Configuration] Dialog Box

Note: The items that can be set in this window differ according to the product. For the settings for each product, refer to the on-line help.

Description:

The [Configuration] dialog box consists of the [General] page listed in table 4.2.

Table 4.2 [Configuration] Dialog Box Page

Page Name	Description
[General]	Sets the emulator operation conditions.

Clicking the [OK] button sets the emulation conditions. If the [Cancel] button is clicked, this dialog box is closed without setting the emulation conditions.

(1) [General] Page ([Configuration] Dialog Box)

Function:

This page sets the operational conditions for the emulator. The MCU name is displayed, the emulation mode and interrupts during step execution are set, the JTAG clock (TCK) is displayed and set, and the driver is selected.

Window:

<u>M</u> ode	H8S/xxxx	•
Emulation mode	Normal	-
<u>S</u> tep option	Disables interrupts during single step execut	ion 🔻
JTAG clock	4.125MHz	-
Oparating mode	Advanced mode	-
Elash memory synchronization	Disable	•
Driver:	C <u>h</u> ange	

Figure 4.2 [General] Page ([Configuration] Dialog Box)

Note: The items that can be set in this window differ according to the product. For the settings for each product, refer to the on-line help.

Description:

Option	Description
[Mode] combo box	Displays the MCU name.
[Emulation mode] combo box	Selects the emulation mode at user program execution. Select Normal to perform normal emulation. Select No Break to disable breakpoint settings.
[Step option] combo box	Enables or disables interrupts during step execution.
	Disables interrupts during single step execution: Interrupts during step execution are masked. Enables interrupts during single step execution: Interrupts during step execution are released.
[JTAG clock] combo box	Sets the JTAG frequency*.
[Operating mode] combo box	Displays the operating mode determined by the MD pin.
[Flash memory synchronization] combo box	Synchronization method is set between the host computer and the flash memory.
	When synchronization is performed from the host computer to the flash memory, a waiting time will be generated to write the flash memory during user program halting, but the displayed contents and the flash memory are always matched.
	When synchronization is performed from the flash memory to the host computer, the rewritten contents in the user program mode will be reflected since the flash memory is read during user program halting.
	Disable: Synchronization is not performed except when the E10A emulator is activated and the flash memory area is modified.
	PC to Flash memory: Synchronization is performed from the host computer t the flash memory.
	Flash memory to PC: Synchronization is performed from the flash memory to the host computer.
	PC to Flash memory, Flash memory to PC: Synchronization is performed between the host computer and the flash memory.
[Driver] group box	The [E10A Driver Details] dialog box is displayed. Changes the driver currently connected.
v .	that the JTAG operates at is different according to the devices

Table 4.3 [General] Page Options

used. For details, refer to section 6.5.4, Notes on Using the JTAG Clock (TCK).

When a driver is to be changed with the [Change...] button, the following message is displayed.

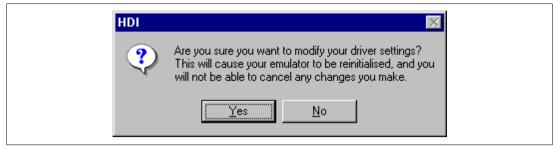


Figure 4.3 Warning Message Box

When the [Yes] button is clicked, the [E10A Driver Details] dialog box is displayed. When the [No] button is clicked, the display returns to the [Configuration] dialog box.

Related Items:

[Configuration] dialog box GO_OPTION command STEP_INTERRUPT command

4.2.2 [E10A Driver Details] Dialog Box

When the [OK] button is clicked, the [E10A Driver Details] dialog box will appear to select the driver software used by the interface to the emulator. Since the emulator is reinitialized after this dialog box is closed, it cannot be cancelled.

E10A Driver Details	
Driver E10A PCI Card Driver5	
Details	
Interface PCI	•
Channel PCI:F4008000 E10A	
Configuration	
Configure	
	<u>H</u> elp Close

Figure 4.4 [E10A Driver Details] Dialog Box

Table 4.4 shows each option.

Table 4.4 [E10A Driver Details] Dialog Box Option

Option	Description
[Driver] combo box	Selects the driver to connect the HDI with the emulator.
[Interface] combo box	Selects the interface name of the card emulator to be connected.
[Channel] combo box	Selects the interface that the PC interface board has been connected.
[Configure] button	Clicked to display that the driver supports the configuration dialog box.

When the PCMCIA card emulator is used, [E10A PC Card Driver 5] is selected. When the PCI card emulator is used, [E10A PCI Card Driver 5] is selected.

Note: When the HDI is not linked up even if the above procedure has been executed, the driver may not be set correctly. Install drivers provided with the \SETUP directory in the CD-R according to the screen instructions.

Related Items:

[Configuration] dialog box [General] page

4.2.3 [Breakpoints] Window

Function:

This window lists all break conditions that have been set.

Window:

🐓 Breakpoints	
Enable File/Line Symbol Address Type	
O sort.c/27 0000058 Break cond:	ition 1

Figure 4.5 [Breakpoints] Window

Description:

The [Breakpoints] window displays breakpoint setting information. The items listed in the following tables are displayed.

ltem	Description
[Enable]	Indicates whether the break condition is enabled or disabled.
	Symbol \bullet or \bigcirc shows that the break condition is enabled.
[File/Line]	Displays the file name and line number where the breakpoint is set.
[Symbol]	Displays the symbol corresponding to the breakpoint address. If no symbol has been defined for the address, a blank is displayed.
[Address]	Displays the address where the breakpoint is set.
[Type]	Displays the break condition type as follows:
	Breakpoint: Software breakpoint Break condition n: Hardware break condition (n is a number)

 Table 4.5 [Breakpoints] Window Display Items

The pop-up menu, which is opened by clicking the right mouse button, can be used to set, change, and clear breakpoints, and to enable or disable break conditions. The pop-up menu functions are described in the following table.

Menu Name	Description
[Add]	Sets break conditions. Clicking this button will display the [Break] dialog box, enabling break conditions to be set.
[Edit]	Changes break conditions. Select break conditions to be changed and click this button. The break condition setting dialog box will be displayed, enabling the break condition to be changed.
[Disable] ([Enable])	Enables or disables break conditions. Select break conditions to be enabled or disabled and click this button.
[Delete]	Clears break conditions. Select break conditions to be cleared and click this button.
[Delete All]	Clears all break conditions.
[Go to Source]	Jumps to the address which sets the break in the [Source] window.

4.2.4 [Break] Dialog Box

Function:

This dialog box displays the break condition settings.

Window:

Break Point Canaditia	.) <u> </u>			×
Point Conditio	וי			
<u>A</u> dd	<u>E</u> dit	<u>R</u> eset	R	eset a∐
	Close	Cancel	Apply	Help

Figure 4.6 [Break] Dialog Box

Description:

The [Break] dialog box consists of the pages listed in table 4.7.

Table 4.7	[Break]	Dialog	Box	Pages
-----------	---------	--------	-----	-------

Page Name	Description
[Point]	Displays software breakpoint settings.
[Condition]	Displays Break Condition settings.

The dialog boxes which set or modify break conditions can be displayed from the pages above.

Clicking the [Close] button will close this dialog box. The [Apply] button is not supported.

(1) [Point] Page ([Break] Dialog Box)

Function:

This page displays software breakpoint settings. In this page, software breakpoints can be set, changed, and cleared.

Window:

Breakpoint			
HUUUU1000			
<u>A</u> dd	<u>E</u> dit	Reset	et a <u>l</u> l

Figure 4.7 [Point] Page ([Break] Dialog Box)

Description:

Option	Description
[Breakpoint] list box	Lists the software breakpoints currently being set. The display contents are as follows:
	 dreakpoint address>
[Add] button	Sets software breakpoints. Clicking this button displays the [Breakpoint] dialog box.
[Edit] button	Changes the software breakpoint selected in the [Breakpoint] list box. Clicking this button displays the [Breakpoint] dialog box.
[Reset] button	Clears the software breakpoint selected in the [Breakpoint] list box.
[Reset all] button	Clears all software breakpoints displayed in the [Breakpoint] list box.

Table 4.8 [Point] Page Options

Related Items:

[Breakpoint] dialog box BREAKPOINT command BREAKPOINT_CLEAR command BREAKPOINT_DISPLAY command BREAKPOINT_ENABLE command

(2) [Condition] Page ([Break] Dialog Box)

Function:

This page displays the Break Condition settings. These conditions can also be set or cleared in this page.

Window:

Break Point Condition			2
Break <u>c</u> ondition 1 Empty 2 Empty			
Edit	Reset	Reset all	
Close	Cancel	Арру	Help

Figure 4.8 [Condition] Page ([Break] Dialog Box)

Note: Note that the number of hardware break conditions differs according to the product. For the number that can be specified for each product, refer to the on-line help.

Description:

Table 4.9	[Condition] Page	Options
-----------	------------------	---------

Option	Description
[Break condition] list boy	Consplays the Break condition settings. The display at system initiation is as follows: When conditions are set, Enable is displayed. When no conditions are set, Empty is displayed.
	 Empty (setting of Break condition 1) Empty (setting of Break condition 2) :
[Edit] button	Changes the Break condition settings selected in the [Break condition] list box. Clicking this button displays the [Break condition] dialog boxes.
[Reset] button	Clears the Break condition settings selected in the [Break condition] list box.
[Reset all] button	Clears all Break condition settings in the [Break condition] list box.

Related Items:

[condition] page BREAKCONDITION_CLEAR command BREAKCONDITION_DISPLAY command BREAKCONDITION_ENABLE command BREAKCONDITION_SET command

4.2.5 [Breakpoint] Dialog Box

Function:

This dialog box sets software breakpoints.

Window:

Breakpoint Address					×
Address -					
Value	HO				
	ОК	Cancel	Apply	Help	

Figure 4.9 [Breakpoint] Dialog Box

Note: The items that can be set in this window differ according to the product. For the settings for each product, refer to the on-line help.

Description:

The [Address] page options are as follows:

Table 4.10 [Address] Page Options

Option	Description
[Value] edit box	Sets a breakpoint address with a number or a symbol.

Clicking the [OK] button enables breakpoints to be set. If the [Cancel] button is clicked, this dialog box is closed without setting breakpoints.

Related Items:

[Point] page BREAKPOINT command BREAKPOINT_CLEAR command BREAKPOINT_DISPLAY command BREAKPOINT_ENABLE command

4.2.6 [Break condition] Dialog Box

Function:

This dialog box sets hardware break conditions.

Window:

Break condition 1	x
condition	- 1
Address	
Don't care	
C Address 💿 Only program fetched address af	ter
Address H'108C	
Non user mask O User mask	1
Mask	
Data	
Do <u>n</u> 't care	
⊻alue H'0	
O Low byte O High byte O 🖄	(ord
Read/Write	
Read/Write O Read O W	'nte
sud.	
OK Cancel Apply	Help

Figure 4.10 [Break condition 1] Dialog Box

Note: The items that can be set in this window differ according to the product. For the settings for each product, refer to the on-line help.

Description:

The [Break condition] dialog box consists of the [condition] page. Sets the conditions for halting the program.

Contents to be set by this page are described in section 4.2.7, [Break condition] Dialog Box Pages.

Clicking the [OK] button sets the hardware break conditions. If the [Cancel] button is clicked, the dialog box is closed without setting the hardware break conditions.

Related Items:

[condition] page BREAKPOINT command BREAKCONDITION_CLEAR command BREAKCONDITION_DISPLAY command BREAKCONDITION_ENABLE command

4.2.7 [Break condition] Dialog Box Pages

The [Break condition] dialog box page allows a number of hardware break conditions to be set. Some functions may not be supported by some types of emulators. The setting conditions may differ from those in table 4.11. For details, refer to section 6.5.2, Hardware Break Functions.

	Туре				
Dialog Box	Address Bus Condition	Data Bus Condition	Read/Write Condition		
[Break condition 1] dialog box	0	0	0		
[Break condition 2]	0	0	0		

Table 4.11 Setting Conditions in [Break condition] Dialog Box

Note: O: Can be set by checking the radio button in the dialog box.

Table 4.12 shows the [Break condition] dialog box page.

Table 4.12 [Break condition] Dialog Box Pages

Page Name	Function
[condition]	Sets the address bus, data bus, and read/write cycle conditions of Break condition.

Note: This function differs according to the product. For the specifications of each product, refer to section 6.5.2, Hardware Break Functions, or to the on-line help.

dialog box

(1) [condition] Page

Function:

This page sets the address bus, data bus, and read/write cycle conditions.

Window:

Address			
Don't care			
) O <u>n</u> ly program fetched a	address after	
<u>A</u> ddress H'O			
	O U <u>s</u> er mask		
Mask			
Data			
₩ Do <u>n</u> 't care			
⊻alue H'0			
C Low byte	O High byte	🖸 <u>W</u> ord	
Read/Write			
🙃 Read/Write	C Read	C Write	

Figure 4.11 [condition] Page

Note: The items that can be set in this window differ according to the product. For the settings for each product, refer to the on-line help.

Description:

The [Address] group box sets the address bus conditions.

Table 4.13	[Address]	Group	Box	Options
------------	-----------	-------	-----	---------

Option	Description		
[Don't care] check box	Does not set address conditions.		
[Address] radio button	Sets use of the normal address bus as break conditions.		
[Only program fetched address after] radio button	Sets a break after prefetched address execution as break conditions.		
[Address] edit box	Sets the address bus value with a number or a symbol.		
[Mask] list box	Sets the mask bits if [User mask] is selected. For masked bits, the break condition is satisfied regardless of the address values.		

The contents of an option that can be set will change depending on the radio button selected.

Table 4.14 Radio Button Options

Option	Description
[Address] radio button	All conditions can be set.
[Only program fetched address after] radio button	The [Address] condition can be set.

The [Data] group box sets the data bus conditions.

Table 4.15 [Data] Group Box Options

Option	Description
[Don't care] check box	No data conditions are set.
[Value] edit box	Sets the data bus with a number.
[Low byte] radio button	Sets data access size as the lower 8-bit access.
[High byte] radio button	Sets data access size as the upper 8-bit access.
[Word] radio button	Sets data access size as the word access.

The [Read/Write] group box sets the read/write cycle conditions.

 Table 4.16 [Read/Write] Group Box Options

Option	Description
[Read/Write] radio button	Sets the read/write cycle conditions as break conditions.
[Read] radio button	Sets read cycles as break conditions.
[Write] radio button	Sets write cycles as break conditions.

Related Items:

[Condition] page BREAKCONDITION_CLEAR command BREAKCONDITION_DISPLAY command BREAKCONDITION_ENABLE command BREAKCONDITION_SET command

4.2.8 [Trace] Window

Function:

This window displays the trace buffer contents. The contents are displayed in both C and assembly languages to simplify debugging.

Window:

	- 4 records					
P	TYPE	ADDR	MNEMONIC	OPERAND	Source	
D'0003	BRANCH	000011D2	BLT	@H'10EA:16		
D'0002	BRANCH	000011DA	BPL	@H'11DE:8		
D'0001	BRANCH	000011E8	BGT	@H'10E0:16		
D'0000	BRANCH	000011FC	RTS			

Figure 4.12 [Trace] Window

Note: This function differs according to the product. For the number that can be specified for each product, refer to the on-line help.

Description:

This window displays the trace buffer contents. The items listed in table 4.17 are displayed.

ltem	Description
[IP]	Displays the instruction pointer (signed decimal).
[TYPE]	Displays the branch source. BRANCH: Branch source
[ADDR]	Displays the branch source address.
[MNEMONIC]	Displays the execution instruction mnemonic.
[OPERAND]	Displays the execution instruction operand.
[Source]	Displays the C-source line of the address that the trace has been acquired.
[Total Records]	Displays the total number of instructions displayed as trace information in the [Trace] window.

 Table 4.17 [Trace] Window Display Items

The pop-up menu, opened by clicking the right mouse button, can be used to set, change, and clear trace conditions. For details, refer to the Hitachi Debugging Interface User's Manual.

Note: The [Halt] menu in the pop-up menu is active only when the [Trace] window is open during user program execution. Realtime emulation cannot be performed by using the [Halt] menu.

Related Item:

TRACE_DISPLAY command

4.2.9 [System Status] Window

Function:

This window lists information, such as conditions that have been set to the emulator and execution results.

Window:

Item	Status	
Connected to:	H8S/xxxx E10A Emulator (E10A PCI Card Driver5)	
CPU	H8 S/xxxx	
Run status	Break	
Cause of last break	BREAK CONDITION 1	
Run time count	0000h00min03s110ms	
Emulator mode	Normal	
Big endian		
-		1

Figure 4.13 [System Status] Window

Note: The items that can be displayed in this window differ according to the product. For the items that can be displayed, refer to the on-line help.

Description:

The items listed in the following table are displayed in the [System Status] window.

Page	Item	Description
[Session]	Target System	Displays whether the emulator is connected.
	Session Name	Displays the session file name.
	Program Name	Displays the load module file name.
[Platform]	Connected To	Displays the name of the connected emulator and the selected driver name.
	CPU	Displays the target MCU name.
	Run status	Displays the execution status: Running: Being executed Break: Stopped
	Cause of last break	Displays the cause of the emulator stopping at break.
	Run time count	Displays the program execution time. The display format is h: hours, min: minutes, s: seconds, and ms: milliseconds. In this example, 0000h00min03s110ms is displayed.
	Emulator mode	Displays the emulator operating mode (setting information for [Emulation Mode] of the [Configuration] dialog box).
[Memory]	Loaded Memory Areas	Displays the loaded area of the load module.
[Events]	Resources	Displays the usage states of software breakpoint and Break condition.

 Table 4.18 [System Status] Window Display Items

Related Items:

[Configuration] dialog box STATUS command

Section 5 Command-line Functions

5.1 Table and Symbol Description

This section describes the format used in section 5.2, Command Descriptions. The descriptions of some commands are given over two or more pages.

5.1.1 Format

The input format for each command is as follows. Characters shown in bold-italics are to be input.

[] : Parameters enclosed by [] can be omitted.

<> : Contents shown in <> are set.

<>=: The parameter to the left of the "=" sign is input in the format shown to the right.

: This represents a non-exclusive selection.

|| : This represents an exclusive selection.

The command parameter details are described in the parameter table.

5.1.2 Parameter Input

Numerical Parameters:

A binary, octal, decimal, or hexadecimal value, a symbol, or a formula can be input. A symbol can contain up to 32 characters. Terms in a formula are separated with operators (such as + or -).

Keyword Parameters:

One of the bold characters given in the description column of the table can be input. If a character string not shown in the description is input, an error will occur.

Character-String Parameters:

Character-string parameters are used to input mask data or a file name. In the mask data, set a radix (H': hexadecimal or B': binary) at the top of a character string and set * at the digit to be masked.

5.1.3 Examples

These are actual input examples. For commands whose execution results in a specific display output, an example of the display is given.

5.1.4 Related Items

Related E10A HDI commands (abbreviations) and dialog boxes are shown. (Refer to section 4, Descriptions of Windows.)

5.2 Command Descriptions

The command list of the E10A emulator is shown below.

Table 5.1 E10A HDI Commands

No	Command	Abb.	Function
1	BREAKCONDITION_ CLEAR	BCC	Clears hardware breakpoints that have been set.
2	BREAKCONDITION_ DISPLAY	BCD	Displays hardware breakpoints that have been set.
3	BREAKCONDITION_ ENABLE	BCE	Enables or disables hardware breakpoints that have been set.
4	BREAKCONDITION_ SET	BCS	Sets hardware breakpoints.
5	BREAKPOINT	BP	Sets software breakpoints.
6	BREAKPOINT_CLEAR	BC	Clears software breakpoints that have been set.
7	BREAKPOINT_DISPLAY	BD	Displays software breakpoints that have been set.
8	BREAKPOINT_ENABLE	BE	Enables or disables software breakpoints that have been set.
9	DEVICE_TYPE	DE	Displays MCU type currently selected.
10	GO_OPTION	GP	Sets or displays the emulation mode during user program execution.
11	JTAG_CLOCK	JCK	Displays or sets a JTAG clock (TCK) frequency.
12	REFRESH	RF	Updates the HDI memory information to the latest contents.
13	RESET	RE	Resets the H8S/xxxx.
14	STATUS	STS	Displays emulator status information.
15	STEP_INTERRUPT	SI	Sets or displays the enable or disable status of interrupts during step execution.
16	TRACE_DISPLAY	TD	Displays acquired trace information.

Note: Support for these commands varies with the product. For the specifications of each product, refer to the on-line help.

5.2.1 BREAKCONDITION_CLEAR: BCC

Description:

Clears hardware breakpoints that have been set.

Format:

bcc [<channel>]

<channel> = channel <channel_number>

Table 5.2 BREAKCONDITION_CLEAR Command Parameter

Parameter	Туре	Description	
None			

Examples:

To clear all hardware breakpoints:

>bcc (RET)

To clear all hardware breakpoints set at channel 2:

>bcc channel 2 (RET)

5.2.2 BREAKCONDITION_DISPLAY: BCD

Description:

Displays hardware breakpoints that have been set. The display contents include enable or disable of the setting, and setting conditions.

Format:

bcd [<channel>]

<channel> = channel <channel_number>

Table 5.3 BREAKCONDITION_DISPLAY Command Parameter

Parameter	Туре	Description
None		

Examples:

To display all hardware breakpoint settings:

>bcd (RET)

Break Condition 1:Enable data 20 long Break Condition 2:Disable address 126

To display the hardware breakpoint set at channel 1:

>bcd channel 1 (RET)

Break Condition 1:Enable data 20 long

Note: The items displayed with this command vary with the product. For the display specifications of each product, refer to the on-line help.

5.2.3 BREAKCONDITION_ENABLE: BCE

Description:

Enables or disables hardware breakpoints that have been set.

Format:

bce [<channel>] <mode>

<channel> = channel <channel_number>

Table 5.4 BREAKCONDITION_ENABLE Command Parameter

Parameter	Туре	Description
<mode></mode>	Keyword	Enables or disables hardware breakpoint settings.
		Set either of the following: enable: Enables hardware break settings. disable: Disables hardware break settings.

Examples:

To enable all hardware breakpoints:

>bce enable (RET)

To disable the hardware breakpoints set at channel 1:

>bce channel 1 disable (RET)

5.2.4 BREAKCONDITION_SET: BCS

Description:

Sets hardware breakpoints.

Note: The function will be different according to the MCUs used. For functions of each emulator product, refer to section 6.4.2, Hardware Break Functions.

Format:

bcs <channel></channel>		<pre><option> [<option>]</option></option></pre>
<channel></channel>	=	channel <channel_number></channel_number>
<option></option>	=	[<addropt> <dataopt> <asidopt> <r wopt="">]</r></asidopt></dataopt></addropt>
<addropt></addropt>	=	address <address> [<addrcycle>] address mask <maskdata></maskdata></addrcycle></address>
		<addrcycle></addrcycle>
<dataopt></dataopt>	=	data <data> <size></size></data>
<r wopt=""></r>	=	direction <direction></direction>

Parameter	Туре	Description
<address></address>	Numerical value, character string	Numerical value or symbol representing an address bus value
<addrcycle></addrcycle>	Keyword	Address bus access conditions
		pcafter : The address bus is targeted during instruction fetch cycles. Breaks after the instruction at the address set by the <address> parameter is executed. When <addrcycle> is omitted, the address in the program fetch cycles, and the address bus during data access cycles are targeted.</addrcycle></address>
<maskdata></maskdata>	Keyword	Address bus mask conditions
		Conditions are satisfied regardless of the values of masked bits. Set a radix H' or B' and set * in the bit to be masked.
<data></data>	Numerical value	Data bus value
<size></size>	Keyword	Sets the access conditions of the data bus. When <size> is omitted, a byte size is specified.</size>
		Specify either of the following: Ibyte: lower 8 bits hbyte: upper 8 bits word: word size
<direction></direction>	Keyword	Read/write conditions
		Set either of the following keywords: read: read cycles write: write cycles

Table 5.5 BREAKCONDITION_SET Command Parameters

Note: The parameters for this command vary with the product. For the specifications of each product, refer to the on-line help.

Examples:

To set the following conditions as a hardware breakpoint:

Address condition: An address bus value of H'1000, Data condition: A data bus value of H'55 and lower 8-bit byte access, Read/write cycle condition: Read cycle.

>bcs address 1000 data 55 lbyte direction read (RET)

To set the following conditions as a hardware breakpoint:

Address condition: An address bus value of H'2000 and instruction fetch cycle.

>bcs address 2000 pcafter (RET)

To set the following conditions as a hardware breakpoint:

Address condition: The lower 4 bits of H'1000 are masked, Data condition: A data bus value of H'aa and upper 8-bit byte access.

>bcs address mask 100* data aa hbyte (RET)

5.2.5 BREAKPOINT: BP

Description:

Sets software breakpoints.

Note: The function will be different according to the MCUs used.

Format:

bp <address>

Table 5.6 BREAKPOINT Command Parameter

Parameter	Туре	Description
<address> Numerical value, character string</address>	Breakpoint value set by numerical value or symbol	
	When an odd address is set, the address is rounded down to an even address.	

Note: The parameters for this command vary with the product. For the specifications of each product, refer to the on-line help.

Examples:

To set a software breakpoint at address H'12c8:

>bp H'12c8 (RET)

5.2.6 BREAKPOINT_CLEAR: BC

Description:

Clears software breakpoints that have been set.

Format:

```
bc [<address>]
```

Table 5.7 BREAKPOINT_CLEAR Command Parameter

Parameter	Туре	Description
<address></address>	Numerical value, character string	Breakpoint value set by numerical value or symbol

Note: When no parameters are set, all software breakpoints are cleared.

Note: The parameters for this command vary with the product. For the specifications of each product, refer to the on-line help.

Examples:

To clear all software breakpoints:

>bc (RET)

To clear all software breakpoints whose address value is H'1000:

>bc H'1000 (RET)

5.2.7 BREAKPOINT_DISPLAY: BD

Description:

Displays software breakpoints that have been set.

Format:

bd

Table 5.8 BREAKPOINT_DISPLAY Command Parameter

Parameter	Туре	Description
None		

Example:

To display the software breakpoints that have been set:

>bd (RET)

The display format is as follows:

>bd H'00000110 Enable H'0000011c Disable H'00000250 Enable

Note: The items displayed with this command vary with the product. For the display specifications of each product, refer to the on-line help.

5.2.8 BREAKPOINT_ENABLE: BE

Description:

Enables or disables software breakpoints that have been set.

Format:

```
be <address> <mode>
```

Table 5.9 BREAKPOINT_ENABLE Command Parameters

Parameter	Туре	Description
<address></address>	Numerical value, character string	Breakpoint value set by numerical value or symbol
<mode></mode>	Keyword	Enables or disables breakpoints.
		Set either of the following: enable: Enables breakpoints. disable: Disables breakpoints.

Examples:

To enable software breakpoints that have been set:

>be H'1002 enable (RET)

To disable software breakpoints that have been set:

>be H'1002 disable (RET)

- Notes: 1. The parameters for this command vary with the product. For the specifications of each product, refer to the on-line help.
 - 2. The items displayed with this command vary with the product. For the display specifications of each product, refer to the on-line help.

5.2.9 DEVICE_TYPE: DE

Description:

Displays MCU type currently selected.

Format:

de

Table 5.10 DEVICE_TYPE Command Parameter

Parameter	Туре	Description
None		

Example:

To display the currently selected MCU:

>de (RET)

The display format is as follows:

>de Current device = H8S/xxxx

5.2.10 GO_OPTION: GP

Description:

Sets or displays the emulation mode during user program execution.

Format:

gp

Displays emulation mode for user program execution.

```
gp <eml_opt>
<eml_opt> = eml_mode <eml_mode>
```

Sets emulation mode for user program execution.

Table 5.11 GO_OPTION Command Parameter

Parameter	Туре	Description
<eml_mode></eml_mode>	Keyword	Specifies the emulation mode.
		Set either of the following: normal: Normal execution
		no_break : Makes software breakpoints and hardware breakpoints temporarily invalid and executes the user program.

Note: The parameters for this command vary with the product. For the specifications of each product, refer to the on-line help.

Examples:

To display the currently set emulation mode for user program execution:

>gp (RET)

The display format is as follows:

>gp Emulator execution mode = Normal

To set the normal emulation mode for user program execution:

>gp eml_mode normal (RET)

Note: The items displayed with this command vary with the product. For the display specifications of each product, refer to the on-line help.

5.2.11 JTAG_CLOCK: JCK

Description:

Displays or sets the JTAG clock (TCK) frequency.

Format:

JCK

Displays the JTAG clock (TCK).

JCK <jck_opt>

Sets the JTAG clock (TCK).

Table 5.12 JTAG_CLOCK Command Parameter

Parameter	Туре	Description	
<jck_opt></jck_opt>	Numerical value	Sets one of the JTAG clock (TCK) frequency.	
		(PCMCIA used: 0.937 MHz, 1.875 MHz, 3.75 MHz, 7.5 MHz, or 15 MHz) 1: 15 MHz 2: 7.5 MHz 3: 3.75 MHz 4: 1.875 MHz 5: 0.937 MHz	
		 (PCI used: 1.031 MHz, 2.062 MHz, 4.125 MHz, 8.25 MHz, or 16.5 MHz) 1: 16.5 MHz 2: 8.25 MHz 3: 4.125 MHz 4: 2.062 MHz 5: 1.031 MHz 	

Note: The range of the frequency that the Hitachi-UDI operates at differs according to the MCU to be supported.

Examples:

(when PCMCIA used):

To set the JTAG clock (TCK) frequency:

>JCK 1 (RET)

JTAG Clock 15MHz

To display the JTAG clock (TCK) frequency:

>JCK (RET)

JTAG Clock 15MHz

(when PCI used):

To set the JTAG clock (TCK) frequency:

>JCK 1 (RET)

JTAG Clock 16.5MHz

To display the JTAG clock (TCK) frequency:

>**JCK (RET)** JTAG Clock 16.5MHz

5.2.12 REFRESH: RF

Description:

Updates the HDI memory information to the latest contents.

Format:

rf

Table 5.13 REFRESH Command Parameter

Parameter	Туре	Description	
None			

Example:

To update the HDI memory information:

>rf (RET)

5.2.13 **RESET: RE**

Description:

Resets the H8S/xxxx. The breakpoint settings are retained. After the reset, the registers will be in the same state as when power is supplied.

Format:

re

Table 5.14	RESET	Command	Parameter
-------------------	-------	---------	-----------

Parameter	Туре	Description	
None			

Example:

To reset the H8S/xxxx:

>re (RET)

5.2.14 STATUS: STS

Description:

Displays emulator status information.

Format:

sts

Table 5.15 STATUS Command Parameter

Parameter	Туре	Description
None		

Example:

To display status information of the emulator:

>sts (RET)

The display format is as follows:

```
>sts
Emulator Status
Connected to: H8S/xxxx E10A Emulator (E10A PC Card Driver 5)
CPU H8S/xxxx
Run status Break
Cause of last break BREAK KEY
Run time count 0000h00min03s110ms
Emulator mode Normal
Big endian
```

Note: The items displayed with this command vary with the product. For the display specifications of each product, refer to the on-line help.

5.2.15 STEP_INTERRUPT: SI

Description:

Sets or displays the enable or disable status of interrupts during step execution. When interrupts occur when they are disabled, execution stops at the top address of the interrupt routine.

Format:

si

Displays the enable or disable status of interrupts during step execution.

si <mode>

Sets the enable or disable status of interrupts during step execution.

Table 5.16 STEP_INTERRUPT Command Parameter

Parameter	Туре	Description
<mode></mode>	Keyword	Enables or disables interrupts during step execution.
		Set either of the following: enable: Enables interrupts. disable: Disables interrupts.

Example:

To enable interrupts during step execution:

>si enable (RET)

To display interrupt status during step execution:

>**si (RET)** Emulator step interrupt mode = ENABLE

5.2.16 TRACE_DISPLAY: TD

Description:

Displays acquired trace information.

Format:

td

Table 5.17 TRACE_DISPLAY Command Parameter

Parameter	Туре	Description	
None			

Example:

To display acquired trace information:

>td (RET)

. -

The display format is as follows:

>td				
IP	TYPE	ADDR	MNEMONIC	OPERAND
-D'xxxx	BRANCH	00001010	JSR	@ERO
-D'xxxx	BRANCH	00001200	JMP	@ER1
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)

(a) Instruction pointer (signed decimal)

(b) Type of branch source

BRANCH: Branch source

(c) Address of instruction word

(d) Instruction mnemonic

(e) Instruction operand

Section 6 H8S/2378F E10A Emulator Specifications

6.1 Overview of the Emulator

The H8S/2378F E10A emulator supports the H8S/2377F and H8S/2367F. The MCU operating modes 4 and 7 are supported and realtime emulation can be performed. Table 6.1 lists the components of the emulator.

Classi- fication	Component	Appearance	Quan- tity	Remarks
Hard- ware	Card emulator HS2378KCM01H (Model: HS0005KCM05H), HS2378KCI01H (Model: HS0005KCI05H)	Or	1	HS2378KCM01H (PCMCIA: 14-pin type): Depth: 85.6 mm, Width: 54.0 mm, Height: 5.0 mm, Mass: 30.0 g
				HS2378KCI01H (PCI: 14-pin type): Depth: 122.0 mm, Width: 96.0 mm, Mass: 80.0 g
	User system interface cable	, O ŝ	1	HS2378KCM01H (PCMCIA: 14-pin type): Length: 80.0 cm, Mass: 46.0 g
				HS2378KCI01H (PCI: 14-pin type): Length: 150.0 cm, Mass: 90.0 g
Soft- ware	H8S/2378F E10A emulator setup program, H8S/2378F E10A Emulator User's Manual, and Hitachi Debugging Interface User's Manual		1	HS2378KCM01SR, HS2378KCM01HJ, HS2378KCM01HE, HS6400DIIW5SJ, and HS6400DIIW5SE (provided on a CD-R)

6.2 Pin Arrangement of the Hitachi-UDI Port Connector

Figure 6.1 shows the pin arrangement of the Hitachi-UDI port connector.

CAUTION

Note that the pin number assignment of the Hitachi-UDI port connector differs from that of the connector manufacturer.

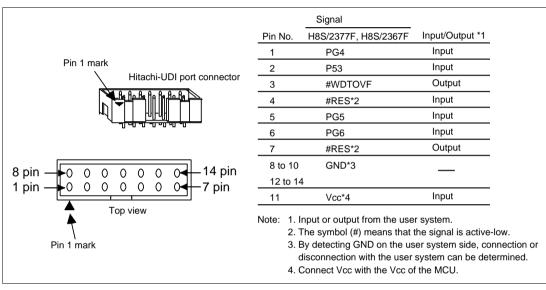
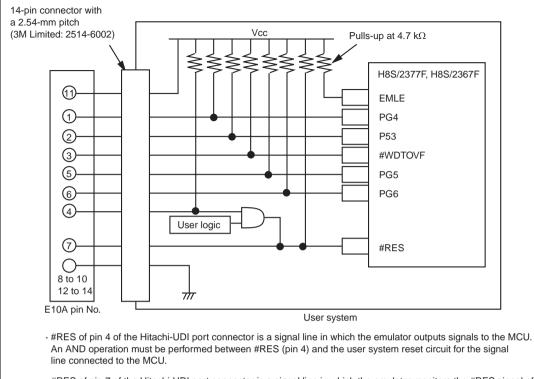


Figure 6.1 Pin Arrangement of the Hitachi-UDI Port Connector

Figure 6.2 shows an example of connecting the user system to the emulator.



• #RES of pin 7 of the Hitachi-UDI port connector is a signal line in which the emulator monitors the #RES signal of the MCU. The #RES must be pulled up before it is connected to pin 7 of the Hitachi-UDI port connector.

Figure 6.2 Example of Emulator Connection

Notes: 1. The emulator uses #WDTOVF, P53, and PG4 to PG6 in the H8S/2377F and H8S/2367F. Pull up the emulator and MCU pins and connect them to the user system. Peripheral functions that are shared by these pins cannot be used.

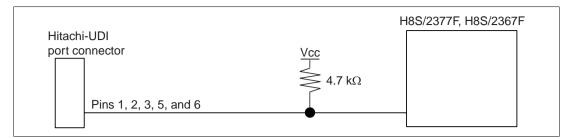


Figure 6.3 Connection of Emulator

2. The EMLE pin in the H8S/2377F and H8S/2367F must be pulled up when connecting with the emulator, and connected to GND when not connecting with the emulator.

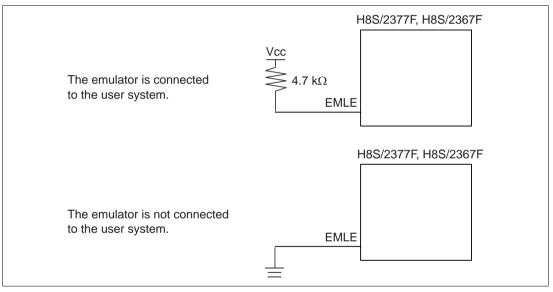


Figure 6.4 EMLE Pin and Emulator

3. #RES of pin 4 of the Hitachi-UDI port connector is a signal line in which the emulator outputs signals to the MCU.
#RES of pin 7 of the Hitachi-UDI port connector is a signal line in which the emulator monitors the #RES signal of the MCU.

The #RES must be pulled up before it is connected to pin 7 of the Hitachi-UDI port connector.

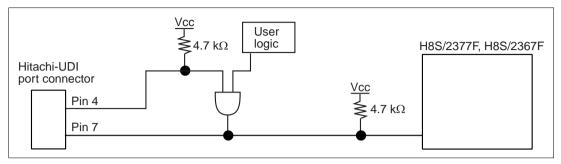


Figure 6.5 Connection of #RES Pin

- 4. Connect GND of pins 8 to 10 and 12 to 14 in the Hitachi-UDI port connector to GND in the user system.
- 5. Connect Vcc, pin 11 in the Hitachi-UDI port connector, to the power supply (Vcc) in the user system. The amount of voltage permitted to input to the Hitachi-UDI port connector must be within the guaranteed range of the microcomputer.
- 6. Figure 6.6 shows the interface circuit in the emulator. Use this figure as a reference when determining the pull-up resistance value.

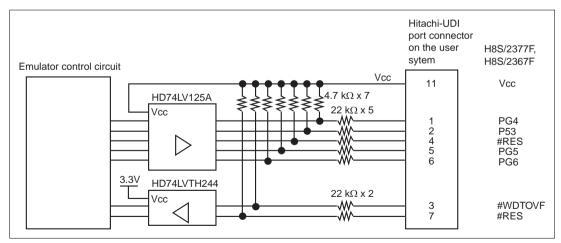


Figure 6.6 Interface Circuit in the Emulator (Reference Figure)

7. When H8S/2377F and H8S/2367F are connected to the emulator, the following pin functions cannot be used.

Table 6.2 Unavailable Pin Functions

H8S/2377F	H8S/2367F
P53 and PG4 to PG6	P53 and PG4 to PG6
#WDTOVF	#WDTOVF
#IRQ3	#IRQ3
#ADTRG	#ADTRG
#BREQ, #BACK, and #BREQ0	#BREQ, #BACK, and #BREQ0
-	#CS4

Note: The symbol "#" means that the signal is active-low.

6.3 Differences between the MCUs and the Emulator

1. When the emulator system is initiated, it initializes the general registers and part of the control registers as shown in table 6.3.

Register	When Using H8S/2377F and H8S/2367F
PC	Reset vector value in the vector address table
ER0 to ER6	Undefined
ER7 (SP)	H'FFC000
CCR	1 for I mask, and others undefined
EXR	H'07

Table 6.3 Register Initial Values at Emulator Power-On

2. System Control Register

In the emulator, the internal I/O registers can be accessed from the [I/O registers] window. However, be careful when accessing the system control register. The emulator saves the register value of the system control register at a break and returns the value when the user program is executed. Since this is done during a break, do not rewrite the system control register in the [I/O Registers] window.

3. Memory Access during Emulation

If the memory contents are referenced or modified during emulation, realtime emulation cannot be performed because the user program is temporarily halted.

- 4. The emulator communicates with the MCU by using the pins shown in figure 6.1 (section 6.2). These pins cannot be used.
- 5. The power consumed by the MCU can reach several mA. This is because the user power supply drives one HD74LV125A to make the communication signal level match the user-system power-supply voltage.

6.4 The H8S/2378F E10A Emulator Functions

Notes: 1. Do not use an MCU that has been used for debugging.

- 2. If the flash memory is rewritten many times, and the emulator is left for a few days, data may be lost due to retention problems.
- 3. If the flash memory is rewritten many times, the data will not be erased. If an error message is displayed, exchange the MCU for a new one.

6.4.1 Emulator Driver Selection

Table 6.4 shows drivers which can be selected in the [E10A Driver Details] dialog box.

Table 6.4Type Name and Driver

Type Name	Driver
HS2378KCM01H	E10A PC Card Driver 5
HS2378KCI01H	E10A PCI Card Driver 5

6.4.2 Hardware Break Functions

Hardware Break Conditions: In the H8S/2378F E10A emulator, two break conditions can be set (Break Condition 1,2). Table 6.5 lists the items that can be specified.

Table 6.5 Hardware Break Condition Specification Items

Items	Description
Address bus condition	Breaks when the MCU address bus value matches the specified value.
Data bus condition	Breaks when the MCU data bus value matches the specified value. Bit or word can be specified as the access data size.
Read or write condition	Breaks in the read or write cycle.

Table 6.6 lists the combinations of conditions that can be set in the [Break condition] dialog box.

Table 6.6 Conditions Set in [Break condition] Dialog Box

	Condition		
Dialog Box	Address Bus Condition	Data Condition	Read or write condition
[Break condition 1]	0	0	0
[Break condition 2]	0	0	0

Note: O: Can be set by checking the radio button in the dialog box.

Table 6.7 lists the combinations of conditions that can be set by the BREAKCONDITION_SET command.

Table 6.7 Conditions Set by BREAKCONDITION_SET Command

	Condition		
Channel	Address Bus Condition (<addropt> option)</addropt>	Data Condition (<dataopt> option)</dataopt>	Read or write condition (<r wopt=""> option)</r>
Break condition 1	0	0	0
Break condition 2	0	0	0

Note: O: Can be set by the BREAKCONDITION_SET command.

Notes on Setting the Break Condition:

- 1. When [Go to cursor], [Step In], [Step Over], or [Step Out] is selected, the settings of Break Condition are disabled.
- 2. The settings of Break Condition is disabled when an instruction to which a software breakpoint has been set is executed.
- 3. When step over function is used, the settings of software breakpoint and Break Condition are disabled.

6.4.3 Notes on Setting the [Breakpoint] Dialog Box

- 1. When an odd address is set, the address is rounded down to an even address.
- 2. A software break is accomplished by replacing instructions. Accordingly, it can be set only to the flash memory or the RAM area. However, a software break cannot be set to the following addresses:
 - An area other than flash memory or RAM
 - An instruction in which Break Condition is satisfied
- 3. During step execution, a software breakpoint is disabled.
- 4. A condition set at Break Condition is disabled immediately after starting execution when an instruction at a software breakpoint is executed. A break does not occur even if a condition of Break Condition is satisfied immediately after starting the execution.
- 5. When execution resumes from the breakpoint address after the program execution stops at the software breakpoint, single-step execution is performed at the address before execution resumes. Therefore, realtime operation cannot be performed.
- 6. Settings of software breakpoint and Break Condition are invalid while the STEP OVER function is being used.

6.4.4 Trace Function

The emulator uses the branch-instruction trace and bus trace functions in the MCU, and acquires a trace by operating the user program in realtime. The branch-instruction trace function displays the branch-source address, the mnemonic, and the operand. The bus trace function displays and searches the information on the address bus, data bus, memory access, interrupt, and bus cycle, the mnemonic, and the operand. The acquisition conditions can also be set.

(1) Setting the Trace Acquisition

The acquisition condition on the trace information is set.

Acquisition Condition	Description
Trace type	Sets the trace information for acquisition and display.
	Branch trace: Acquires and displays the branch-instruction trace information.
	Bus trace: Acquires and displays the bus trace information.
Bus trace mode	Sets the trace acquisition condition when Bus trace is selected as Trace type. This is not set when Branch trace is selected.
	[Full Trace] check box
	Indicates that all cycles are acquired.
	[Suppress] group box
	Sets a cycle to suppress acquisition.
	DMAC Cycles: Suppresses acquiring the DMAC cycle.
	DTC Cycles: Suppresses acquiring the DTC cycle.
	CPU Instruction fetch Cycles: Suppresses acquiring the CPU- instruction fetch cycle.
	CPU Data access Cycles: Suppresses acquiring the CPU-data access cycle.
	[Address] group box
	Sets the address condition to be acquired. Only A23 to A12 of the address value can be set. Mask the lower 12 bits (A11 to A0).

Table 6.8 Setting Trace Acquisition

(2) Displaying a Trace in the Bus Trace Function

The contents of the trace buffer in table 6.9 are displayed in the [Trace] window.

ltem	Description
[IP/Cycle]	Instruction pointer or bus cycle pointer (signed decimal)
[Address]	The value of the address bus
[Label]	Label name
[Mnemonic]	Mnemonic of the execution instruction
[Operand]	Operand of the execution instruction
[Data]	The value of the data bus
[R/W]	Type of the read/write signal
	RD: read cycle WT: write cycle
[Area]	Type of the access area
	ROM: ROM area RAM: RAM area IO-8: 8-bit I/O IO-16: 16-bit I/O EXT-8: 8-bit external area EXT16: 16-bit external area DTC: DTC area
[Status]	Type of the access cycle PROG: CPU-instruction fetch cycle DATA: CPU-data access cycle DMAC: DMAC bus cycle DTC: DTC bus cycle REFRESH: Refresh cycle
[Clock]	The number of clocks of the bus cycle
[IRQ]	Ored states of pins IRQ15 to IRQ0
	0: Low 1: High
[Source]	The C-source line of the address in which the trace is acquired

Table 6.9 Items in the [Trace] Window

(3) Searching a Trace in the Bus Trace Function

The emulator supports two types of trace search function listed in table 6.10.

Function	Description
Trace Filter	Displays all the information that matches the conditions specified by all the trace data.
Trace Find	Jumps to the information that matches the conditions specified by all the trace data.

Table 6.10 Trace Search Function

(i) Trace Filter Function

The emulator displays all the information that matches the specified conditions for all the trace data. The search function is set in the [Trace Filter] dialog box.

Table 6.11 [Address] Group Box Options

Option	Description
[Don't care] check box	Indicates that no address condition is set.
[Address] radio button	Sets an address as a display condition.
[Range] radio button	Sets an address range as a display condition.
[Start] edit box	Sets the start value of the address range as a numeric or a symbol.
[End] edit box	Sets the end value of the address range as a numeric or a symbol.
[Outside range] check box	Sets outside the specified address range as a display condition.

Table 6.12 [Data] Group Box Options

Option	Description
[Don't care] check box	Indicates that no data condition is set.
[Data] edit box	Sets the data value as a numeric or a symbol.
[Byte] radio button	Sets the byte access as a display condition.
[Word] radio button	Sets the word access as a display condition.

Option	Description
[Don't care] check box	Indicates that no bus condition is set.
[DMAC] check box	Sets a DMAC bus cycle as a display condition.
[DTC] check box	Sets a DTC bus cycle as a display condition.
[PROG] check box	Sets a CPU instruction fetch cycle as a display condition.
[DATA] check box	Sets a CPU data access cycle as a display condition.
[REFRESH] check box	Sets a refresh cycle as a display condition.

Table 6.13 [Bus status] Group Box Options

Table 6.14 [Area] Group Box Options

Option	Description
[Don't care] check box	Indicates that no area condition is set.
[ROM] check box	Sets a ROM area as a display condition.
[RAM] check box	Sets a RAM area as a display condition.
[IO-8] check box	Sets an 8-bit I/O area as a display condition.
[IO-16] check box	Sets a 16-bit I/O area as a display condition.
[EXT-8] check box	Sets an 8-bit external area as a display condition.
[EXT-16] check box	Sets a 16-bit external area as a display condition.
[DTC] check box	Sets a DTC area as a display condition.

Table 6.15 [Read/Write] Group Box Options

Option	Description
[Don't care] check box	Indicates that no read/write condition is set.
[Read] radio button	Sets a read cycle as a display condition.
[Write] radio button	Sets a write cycle as a display condition.

Table 6.16 [IRQ] Group Box Options

Option	Description
[Don't care] check box	Indicates that no IRQ condition is set.
[High] radio button	Sets the high level of IRQ as a display condition.
[Low] radio button	Sets the low level of IRQ as a display condition.

(ii) Trace Find Function

The emulator jumps to the information that matches the conditions specified by all the trace data on the [Trace] window. The search function is set in the [Trace Filter] dialog box. The conditions to be set are the same as those of the Trace Filter function.

(4) Commands for the Trace Function

The emulator supports the commands for the trace function listed in table 6.17. The contents of the trace buffer are displayed in the [Trace] window.

Table 6.17	Commands for the Trace Function
-------------------	--

Command Name	Description
TRACE_DISPLAY	Displays the acquired trace information.
TRACE_MODE	Displays or sets the acquisition mode of the trace information.
TRACE_SEARCH	Searches and displays the trace information with the specified condition.

(i) TRACE_DISPLAY: TD

Description:

Displays the acquired trace information.

Format:

```
td [<option1> [<option2>]]
<option1> = start <start>
<option2> = end <end>
```

Table 6.18 TRACE_DISPLAY Command Parameter

Parameter	Туре	Description
<start></start>	Numerical value (-n)	A start pointer for the trace display.
<end></end>	Numerical value (-m)	An end pointer for the trace display.

Example:

To display the acquired trace information:

td (RET)

The display format of the branch trace information is as follows:

>td				
IP	TYPE	ADDR	MNEMONIC	OPERAND
-D′xxxx	BRANCH	00100100	JSR	@ERO
-D'xxxx	BRANCH	00100200	JMP	@ER1
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)

- (a) Instruction pointer (signed decimal)
- (b) Type of branch source

BRANCH: Branch source

- (c) Address of instruction word
- (d) Instruction mnemonic
- (e) Instruction operand

The display format of the bus trace information is as follows:

>td start -10 end -5

CYCLE	ADDRESS	LABEL	MNEMONIC	OPERAND	DATA	R/W	AREA	STATUS	CLOCK	IRQ
-D'0010	00FF600C		MOV.B	@ER1,R4L	681C	RD	RAM	PROG	1	0
-D'0009	00FF600E		MOV.W	@ER2,E4	692C	RD	RAM	PROG	1	0
-D'0008	00FF6100				11	RD	RAM	DATA	1	0
-D'0007	00FF6010		MOV.L	@ER3,ER5	0100	RD	RAM	PROG	1	0
-D'0006	00FF6104				5566	RD	RAM	DATA	1	0
-D'0005	00FF6012				6935	RD	RAM	PROG	1	0
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)

- (a) Cycle (signed decimal)
- (b) Address
- (c) Label
- (d) Instruction mnemonic
- (e) Instruction operand
- (f) Data
- (g) Read/write
- (h) Access area
- (i) Bus cycle status
- (j) Bus cycle count
- (k) IRQ pin

(ii) TRACE_MODE: TM

Description:

Displays or sets the acquisition mode of the trace information.

Format:

tm

Displays the acquisition mode of the trace information.

tm <option1> [<option2>] [<option3>] [<option4>]

Sets the acquisition mode of the trace information.

<option1> = type <type> <option2> = bus mode <mode> <option3> = cycle <cycle> <option4> = address <address>

Parameter	Туре	Description
<type></type>	Keyword	Sets a type of traces to be acquired.
		branch : Acquires the branch trace. bus : Acquires the bus trace.
<mode></mode>	Keyword	full: Acquires the bus trace without conditions.
<cycle></cycle>	Keyword	Sets a cycle to disable acquiring the trace.
		 dmac: Disables acquiring the DMAC bus cycle. dtc: Disables acquiring the DTC bus cycle. prog: Disables acquiring the CPU-instruction fetch cycle. data: Disables acquiring the CPU data access cycle.
<address></address>	Numerical value, character string	Sets the address condition.

Table 6.19 TRACE_MODE Command Parameter

Example:

To disable acquiring the DMAC cycle in the bus trace:

tm type bus cycle dmac (RET)

The display format of the setting state of the trace acquisition mode is as follows:

```
>tm (RET)
type = bus cycle dmac
```

(iii) TRACE_SEARCH: TS

Description:

Searches and displays the trace information with the specified condition.

Format:

```
ts [<addropt>] [<dataopt>] [<statusopt>] [<areaopt>] [<rwopt>] [<irqopt>]
[<fromopt>]
```

```
<addropt> = address <address>
<dataopt> = data <data> <size>
<statusopt> = status <status>
<areaopt> = area <area>
<rwopt> = rw <rw>
<irqopt> = irq <irq>
<fromopt> = from <from>
```

Parameter	Туре	Description
<address></address>	Numerical value, character string	Sets the address value as a numeric or a symbol.
<data></data>	Numerical value	Sets a value of the data bus.
<size></size>	Keyword	Sets the access condition of the data bus.
		byte: Byte access word: Word access
<status></status>	Keyword	Sets the bus condition.
		 dmac: The DMAC bus cycle is the search condition. dtc: The DTC bus cycle is the search condition. prog: The CPU-instruction fetch cycle is the search condition. data: The CPU-data access cycle is the search condition. refresh: The refresh cycle is the search condition.
<area/>	Keyword	Sets the area condition.
		 rom: The ROM area is the search condition. ram: The RAM area is the search condition. io-8: The IO-8 area is the search condition. io-16: The IO-16 area is the search condition. ext-8: The EXT-8 area is the search condition. ext-16: The EXT-16 area is the search condition. dtc: The DTC area is the search condition.
<rw></rw>	Keyword	Sets the read/write condition.
		read : The read cycle is the search condition. write : The write cycle is the search condition.
<irq></irq>	Keyword	Sets the IRQ condition.
		high : The high level of IRQ is the search condition. Iow : The low level of IRQ is the search condition.
<from></from>	Numerical value (-n)	Specifies the number of cycles for starting search.

Table 6.20 TRACE_SEARCH Command Parameter

Example:

To search and display the trace data of address H'00FF8000:

ts address H'ff8000 (RET)

When the data exists in the -70 cycle, the display format is as follows:

>ts address H'ff8000

CYCLE	ADDRESS	LABEL	MNEMONIC	OPERAND	DATA	R/W	AREA	STATUS	CLOCK	IRQ
*-D'0075	*****	xxx	xxxxx	xxx	xxxx	xx	xxxx	xxxxx	x	x
*-D'0074	*****	xxx	xxxxx	xxx	xxxx	xx	xxxx	xxxxx	x	x
*-D'0073	*****	xxx	xxxxx	xxx	xxxx	xx	xxxx	xxxxx	x	x
*-D'0072	*****	xxx	xxxxx	xxx	xxxx	xx	xxxx	xxxxx	x	x
*-D'0071	*****	xxx	xxxxx	xxx	xxxx	xx	xxxx	xxxxx	x	x
>-D'0070	00ff8000	xxx	xxxxx	xxx	xxxx	xx	xxxx	xxxxx	x	x
*-D'0069	*****	xxx	xxxxx	xxx	xxxx	xx	xxxx	xxxxx	x	x
*-D'0068	*****	xxx	xxxxx	xxx	xxxx	xx	xxxx	xxxxx	x	x
*-D'0067	*****	xxx	xxxxx	xxx	xxxx	xx	xxxx	xxxxx	x	x
*-D'0066	xxxxxxx	xxx	xxxxx	xxx	xxxx	xx	xxxx	xxxxx	x	x

6.4.5 Notes on HDI

1. Note on Moving Source File Position after Creating Load Module

When the source file is moved after creating the load module, the [Open] dialog box may be displayed to specify the source file during the debugging of the created load module. Select the corresponding source file and click the [Open] button.

- 2. Source-Level Execution
 - Source file

Do not display source files that do not correspond to the load module in the program window. For a file having the same name as the source file that corresponds to the load module, only its addresses are displayed in the program window. The file cannot be operated in the program window.

— Step

Even standard C libraries are executed. To return to a higher-level function, enter Step Out. In a for statement or a while statement, executing a single step does not move execution to the next line. To move to the next line, execute two steps.

3. Operation During Accessing Files

Do not perform other operations during saving in the [Load Program], [Verify Memory], [Save Memory], or [Trace] window because this will not allow correct saving to be performed.

4. Source Window at Program Change

When a program being displayed in the source window is changed and the source file and load module are reloaded, close and reopen the source window once. If the window is not closed and reopened, the display will be illegal.

5. Watch

- Local variables at optimization

Depending on the generated object code, local variables in a C source file that is compiled with the optimization option enabled will not be displayed correctly. Check the generated object code by displaying the [Disassembly] window.

If the allocation area of the specified local variable does not exist, displays as follows.

Example: The variable name is asc.

asc = ? - target error 2010 (xxxx)

- Variable name specification

When a name other than a variable name, such as a symbol name or function name, is specified, no data is displayed.

Example: The function name is main.

main =

— Array display

When array elements exceed 1000, elements from after 1000 will not be displayed.

6. Memory Load Function

When [Load...] is selected from the [Memory] menu, the Memory Load function can be used although it takes time to download. It is recommended that the File Load function ([Load Program...] selected from the [File] menu) is used to load the S-type file.

- Note: The File Load function deletes the debugging information of the previously loaded program. When other load modules are loaded after the program to be debugged has been loaded, use the following sequence: Link the program to be debugged with the Sdebug option and save the debugging information in another file. Load the debugging information file after all the load modules have been loaded.
- 7. Line Assembly
 - Input radix

Regardless of the Radix setting, the default for line assembly input is decimal. Specify H' or 0x as the radix for a hexadecimal input.

- 8. Command Line Interface
 - Batch file

To display the message "Not currently available" while executing a batch file, enter the sleep command. Adjust the sleep time length which differs according to the operating environment.

Example:	To display "Not currently available" during memory_fill execution:
	sleep d'3000
	memory_fill 0 ffff 0

— Overwrite file

In Command Line Interface, a file having the same name as the output file is overwritten without asking the user.

- File specification by commands

The current directory may be altered by file specifications in commands. Absolute paths should be used to specify the files in a command file so that the current directory alteration is not affected.

Example: FILE_LOAD C:\\HEW\\HDI5\\E10A\\2378F\\TUTORIAL \\TUTORIAL.ABS

9. Note on Initiating HDI

When the emulator is initiated by using another card emulator after it has been initiated by using the PCI card emulator, delete the [TARGET] line from the C:\windows\HDI.INI file.

- 10. Usage with Another HDI
 - Automatic load of session files

Since the emulator cannot use another HDI, re-install this HDI whenever another HDI has been previously installed is used.

If another HDI has been used, initiate this HDI with "Run" as follows without using the session files.

<Directory path name in which HDI is installed>\hdi /n (RET)

/n initiates the HDI without loading the recently used session files.

If there is another session file in the different debug platform, the following error message is displayed:

invalid target system: <recently used debug platform name>

11. [Select Function] dialog box

This HDI does not support software breakpoint setting in the [Select Function] dialog box (described in section 10, Selecting Functions, in the Hitachi Debugging Interface User's Manual).

12. Memory Save During User Program Execution

Do not execute memory save verifying during user program execution.

13. Loading Motorola S-type files

This HDI does not support Motorola S-type files with only the CR code (H'0D) at the end of each record. Load Motorola S-type files with the CR and LF codes (H'0D0A) at the end of each record.

14. [Memory] window

If the following memory contents are displayed, they will be incorrect.

Word access from address 2n + 1

Longword access from address 4n + 1, 4n + 2, or 4n + 3

15. Scrolling Window During User Program Execution

Do not scroll the [Memory] and [Disassembly] windows by dragging the scroll box during user program execution. This generates many memory reads causing the user program to stop execution until the memory reads have been completed.

16. [I/O Registers] window

- Display and modification

Do not change values in the [I/O Registers] window because the emulator uses the address break controller.

- Note that the E10A emulator does not support the display of the invalid module or bit information in the [I/O Registers] window (described in section 8, Displaying Variables, in the Hitachi Debugging Interface User's Manual).
- Verify

In the [I/O Registers] window, the verify function of the input value is invalid.

17. Note on [Registers] Window Operation During Program Execution

Although a dialog box is displayed in which the register contents can be changed by doubleclicking the [Registers] window, do not change the register contents during program execution.

18. Note on Radix in the [Register] Dialog Box

The default input radix in the [Register] dialog box is hexadecimal irrespective of the Radix display. When a radix other than a hexadecimal is input, specify the prefix code such as B'. After the value has been input in the [Register] dialog box, the Radix setting is changed to hexadecimal. When the radix other than a hexadecimal is used as a default, reset the Radix display.

- 19. Software Break
 - Session file

If the address set as the breakpoint is wrong, the error message is not output. The breakpoint is registered as DISABLE in the [Breakpoints] window.

- [Breakpoints] window

During user program execution, it is impossible to jump from the breakpoint to the source or address line in the [Source] or [Disassembly] window by using [Go to Source] in the popup menu displayed in the [Breakpoints] window.

- When the software breakpoint is set in the flash memory area, the program is written to the flash memory each time the user program is executed. At this time, note that the number of rewritable times will be decreased.
- Breakpoint cancellation

When the contents of the software breakpoint address is modified during user program execution, the following message is displayed when the user program stops.

BREAKPOINT IS DELETED A=xxxxxxx

If the above message is displayed, cancel all software breakpoint settings with the [Delete All] or [Disable] button in the [Breakpoints] window.

20. Number of Software Breakpoint and [Stop At] Settings in the [Run...] Menu

The maximum number of software breakpoints and [Stop At] settings allowed in the [Run...] menu is 255. Therefore, when 255 software breakpoints are set, specification by [Stop At] in the [Run...] menu becomes invalid. Use the software breakpoints and [Stop At] in the [Run...] menu with 255 or less total settings.

21. Note on RUN-TIME Display

The execution time of the user program displayed in the [Status] window is not a correct value since the timer in the host computer has been used.

22. Note on Displaying COMMUNICATION TIMEOUT ERROR

If COMMUNICATION TIMEOUT ERROR is displayed, the emulator cannot communicate with the MCU. Select [Initialize] from the [File] menu to initialize the emulator.

23. Note on Downloading Program

In the [Load Program] dialog box, which is opened when [Load Program...] is selected, the verify function is invalid. After downloading the program, perform verify in the [Verify S-Record File with Memory] dialog box, which is opened when [Verify] is selected from the [Memory] menu.

24. Support of Double Float Format

In the following memory operations, the double float format is not supported:

- [Fill Memory] dialog box
- [Search Memory] dialog box
- MEMORY_FILL command

The [Format] specification in the [Copy Memory] dialog box is ignored. Memory is copied in a byte unit.

25. Note on Continuous Step Execution

When the step is continuously executed by selecting [Step...] from the [Run] menu, do not use the software breakpoint because this will cause the HDI to abnormally operate.

26. Note on Using the [Run program] Dialog Box

When [Run...] is selected from the [Run] menu to specify the stop address, there is the following note:

- When the breakpoint that has been set as Disable is specified as the stop address, note that the breakpoint becomes Enable when the user program stops.
- 27. Note on Transition to Low-Power Consumption Mode

The hardware standby function must not be used. If it is not used, the emulator will not operate normally.

28. Note on Starting or Halting User Program

When the user program execution is started or halted, the program for the H8S/2378F E10A emulator will write or read the flash memory. The write or read processing will take about a maximum of 40 seconds.

29. Processing Time for Updating the Flash Memory Contents

When the contents of the flash memory area is modified by the program loading, memory window, or memory command, or when a software break is set, a waiting time will be generated to write or read the flash memory before executing the user program.

The processing time for updating the flash memory contents will be about a maximum of 40 seconds under the following environments (reference values):

Host computer: 500 MHz (Pentium[®] III) H8S/2377F: 25 MHz (system clock frequency)

30. Functions not Supported by the HDI

The following menu options and popup menu options are not supported:

[Memory -> Test], [Memory -> Compare], [View -> Performance Analysis], [Memory -> Configure Map], [Memory -> Configure Overlay], and [Trace] popup menu options (Halt, Restart, and Snapshot)

31. Memory Access during Emulation

When a memory is accessed from the memory window, etc. during user program execution, the user program is resumed after it has stopped in the E10A emulator to access the memory. Therefore, realtime emulation cannot be performed.

The stopping time of the user program is as follows:

Environment:

Host computer: 500 MHz (Pentium[®] III) H8S/2377F: 25 MHz (system clock frequency)

When a one bute memory is read from the command line window

When a one-byte memory is read from the command-line window, the stopping time will be about 47 ms.

32. Internal Flash Memory

The actual MCUs H8S/2377F and H8S/2367F, which have been used by connecting to the emulator, have been written by the flash memory at emulation and stressed. Do not use the H8S/2377F and H8S/2367F that have been used for debugging for the mass products. The emulator is used for debugging and does not support writing the flash memory for mass products of the user system. Do not use the emulator in the mass production process.

33. Watchdog Timer

When the emulator is connected to operate the watchdog timer (WDT) during using the H8S/2377F and H8S/2367F, the WDT continues operation during a break.

- When a counter value overflows during a break in the watchdog timer mode: An internal reset signal is generated when the internal LSI is reset.
- When a counter value overflows during a break in the interval timer mode: An interrupt request is generated, but it is suspended during a break.