

NEC ELECTRONICS

1

Thank you for joining NEC Electronics' webcast.

Before we begin, please be sure to review the cautionary statement on page 20.

Executive Summary



I. FY10/3 Q3 Financial Results

- Sustained positive free cash flows
- ➤ Decrease in sales of SoC was covered by increased MCU sales
- ➤ Operating loss improved dramatically from Q2

II. FY10/3 Forecasts

- ➤ Expect to see improvement in Q4 sales and profit from increase in production
- ➤ The full-year forecasts (announced on December 24, 2009, based on Japanese GAAP) remain unchanged

Note: NEC Electronics changed its accounting principles for its consolidated financial statements from U.S. GAAP to Japanese GAAP. Please note that this document is prepared under Japanese GAAP.

NEC ELECTRONICS

2

Slide 2 provides an overview of the points we will discuss today.

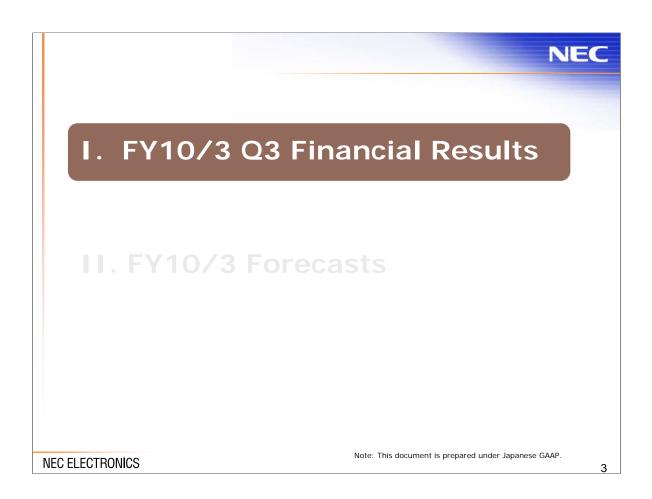
First, we succeeded in maintaining positive free cash flows from the second quarter.

Semiconductor sales were in line with the company's expectation. Although SoC sales were slightly lower than the initial forecast, we were able to cover this drop with an increase in MCU sales.

We also saw a dramatic improvement in operating loss from the second quarter.

Second, we expect production to increase and, sales and profits to improve in the fourth quarter. As for the full-year forecasts, we will continue to target our initial forecasts.

As announced on December 24, 2009, we changed our accounting principles from U.S. GAAP to Japanese GAAP. Please note that all contents included in this document are prepared based on Japanese GAAP unless stated otherwise.



Now let us move on to the main presentation.

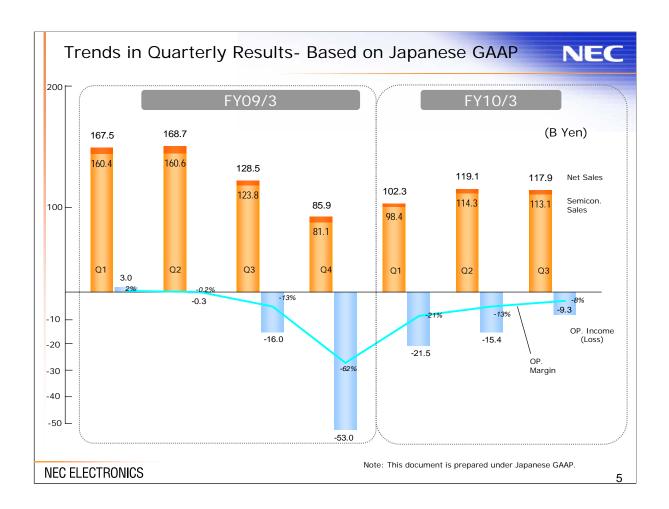
Financial Sr	apsho	ot			NE
	FY10/3				
(B Yen)	Q3, 12/31			9 months cumulative	
	Actual	YoY	QoQ	Actual	YoY
Net Sales	117.9	-10.6	-1.2	339.2	-125.5
Semiconductor Sales	113.1	-10.7	-1.2	325.8	-119.0
Operating Income (Loss)	-9.3	+6.7	+6.1	-46.2	-32.9
Ordinary Profit (Loss)	-11.3	+7.5	+5.1	-49.1	-30.7
Net Income (Loss)	-14.3	+5.9	+3.8	-54.1	-33.0
Exchange Rate					
1US\$=	90 yen	11 yen strong	5 yen strong	95 yen	9 yen strong
1Euro=	133 yen	4 yen strong	2 yen strong	133 yen	21 yen strong
		Note	e: This document is	prepared under Jap	anese GAAP.
LECTRONICS					

Slide 4 shows the third quarter results.

Semiconductor sales decreased by 1.2 billion yen quarter on quarter, down to 113.1 billion yen.

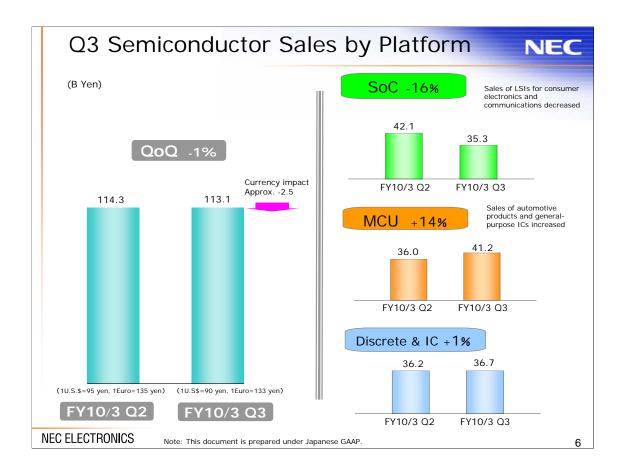
Operating loss was 9.3 billion yen, a 6.1 billion yen improvement quarter on quarter.

Ordinary loss was 11.3 billion yen and net loss was 14.3 billion yen.



Slide 5 shows trends in quarterly results.

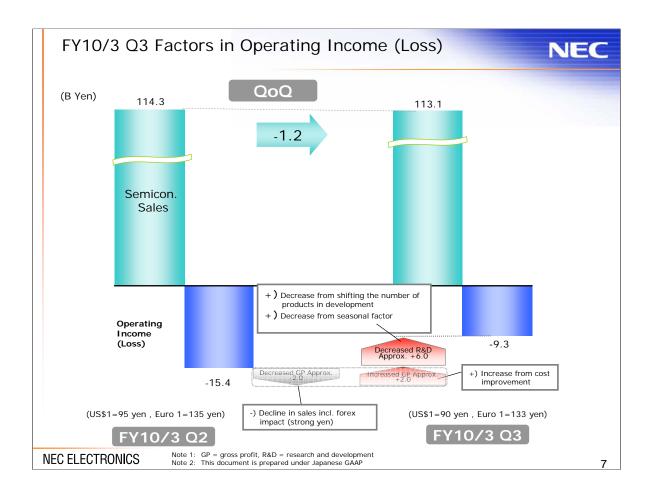
Although net sales slightly decreased in the third quarter, operating loss improved significantly.



Slide 6 shows the breakdown of the third quarter sales by platform. Sales of SoCs for consumer electronics and communications decreased by 16 percent quarter on quarter.

MCUs, on the other hand increased by 14 % quarter on quarter with strong automobiles and general purpose microcontrollers.

Discrete & IC sales were in line from the second quarter and overall semiconductor sales dropped slightly.



The next slide shows the factors affecting operating income and loss in the third quarter.

Although there was a decrease in gross profit resulting from forex impact, operating loss was 9.3 billion yen, a 6.1 billion yen improvement. This was due to cost improvement and R&D cost reduction by shifting the number of products in development.

	(B Yen)	As of Mar. 31, 2009	As of Sep. 30, 2009	As of Dec. 31, 2009
	Cash and Cash Equivalents	101.3	89.5	95.6
	Accounts Receivable	46.4	60.4	61.2
	Inventories	63.2	54.5	57.1
	PP&E	216.1	209.4	205.0
	Other Assets	61.2	56.6	51.0
Total Assets		488.2	470.4	469.9
	Accounts Payable	61.2	68.3	78.1
	Interest-Bearing Debt	111.3	139.8	141.8
	Other Liabilities	121.0	110.8	112.0
Liabilities		293.5	318.9	331.9
	Shareholders' Equity	202.4	162.5	148.3
	Valuation and Translation Adjustments	-12.2	-15.3	-14.2
	Share Subscription Rights, Minority Interest	4.5	4.2	3.9
Net	Assets	194.7	151.5	138.0
Total Liabilities and Net Assets		488.2	470.4	469.9
D/E Ratio (Gross)		0.59	0.95	1.06
Equity Ratio		39%	31%	29%

Slide 8 shows the company's balance sheets.

Inventories were 57.1 billion yen, up from the end of September due to increased production.

We expect continuous increase in inventories from production rise in the fourth quarter

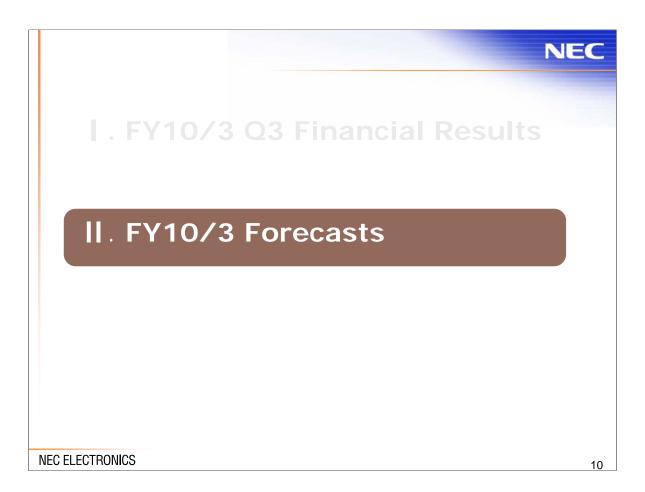
Debt to Equity ratio was 1.06, and equity ratio was 29%.

Cash Flows NEC Continuously achieved positive free cash flows in Q3 FY09/3 9 Months 9 Months (B Yen) Q3 Q2 Q3 Cumulative Cumulative Cash Flows from 10.2 28.5 11.0 13.1 -0.8 **Operating Activities** Cash Flows from -7.2 -30.6 -7.3 -8.2 -32.9 **Investing Activities** Free Cash Flows 3.0 -2.0 3.7 4.9 -33.6 Cash Flows from -1.0 -2.9 7.4 1.1 28.1 Financial Activities Note: This document is prepared under Japanese GAAP. **NEC ELECTRONICS** 9

Slide 9 shows cash flows.

Cash flows from the operating activities improved from profit improvement.

We sustained positive free cash flows from the second quarter.

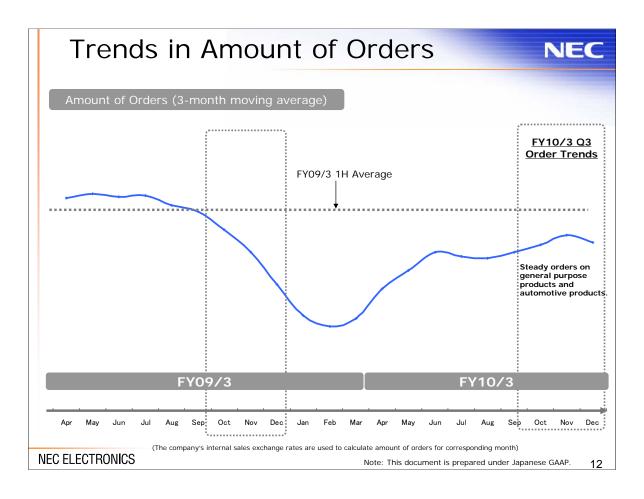


In the next section, we will discuss the full-year and the fourth quarter forecasts.

FY10/3 Financial Forecasts NEC The full-year forecasts remain unchanged. (Based on Japanese GAAP) FY09/3 FY10/3 Full Year (B Yen) Difference Difference Difference from from US GAAP of January 27 Actual from US GAAP 2010 Approx. Approx. 550.7 Net Sales 221.3 +0.8 462.0 +2.0 241.0 Approx. Semiconductor Approx. Approx. 525.9 212.7 +0.9 447.0 +1.0Sales 233.0 +1.0Approx. Operating Approx. -36.9 -66.4 -0.5 -47.5 -1.0 Income (Loss) -10.5 -0.5 Ordinary Approx. -76.2 -37.8 -51.5 Income (Loss) -13.5 Approx. Net Income Approx. -39.8 -1.7 -59.0 -85.1-4.0 (Loss) -2.0 -19.0 Exchange Rate 1US\$= 101 yen 97 yen 90 yen 90 yen 1Euro= 146 yen 132 yen 130 yen 130 yen Note 1) Forecasts as of December 24, 2009 Note 2) This document is prepared under Japanese GAAP. **NEC ELECTRONICS**

Slide 11 shows the forecasts for the fiscal year ending March 2010.

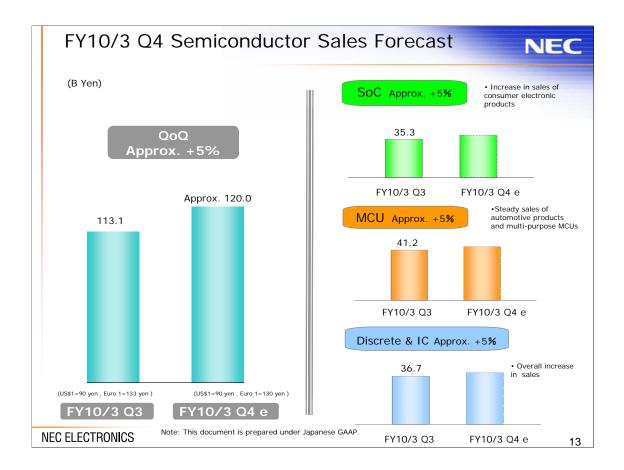
There is no change in the forecasts which we have announced on December 24, 2009 based on Japanese GAAP.



Slide 12 shows a three-month moving average of semiconductor orders.

During the third quarter, the orders for the general purpose products including discrete ICs and semiconductors for automobiles increased.

Orders are showing steady movement even in January.

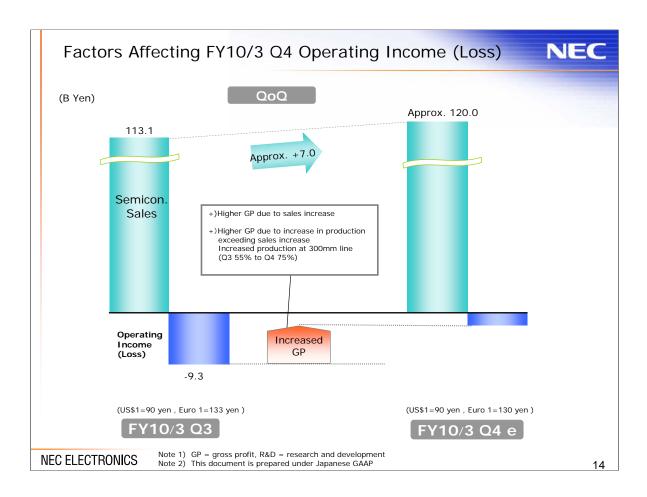


The following slide shows the semiconductor sales outlook for the fourth quarter.

The SoC sales are expected to expand due to increase in sales of 40 and 55 nm advanced products for consumer electronics such as digital AV.

In the MCU platform, we expect sales increase with automobiles and general-purpose MCUs, and the Discrete & IC platform is expected to show healthy movement.

We anticipate over 5 percent increase in semiconductor sales.



Slide 14 shows factors affecting operating income and loss in the fourth quarter.

We expect higher gross profit due to sales expansion as well as production improvements at Yamagata's 300mm wafer line.

Q4 Measures



<u>Expand Sales and Achieve Profit Improvement Through Increased Production</u>

- Expand sales with MCUs in great demand
- Profit improvement through increased production at 300mm line by mass production of 40/55nm products

■ Continue to Attain Positive Free Cash Flow in 2H

 Aim massive production increase of strong MCU and increase of production capacity at back-end lines outside Japan. Yet still attain profitability by suppressing investment by improving OEE (Overall Equipment Efficiency) and reallocation of equipment

Pursue Fixed-Cost Reduction

Continue to achieve fixed-cost reduction of 90B yen from FY09/3

Accelerate Structural Reforms

Complete realignment plans of manufacturing lines

NEC ELECTRONICS

Note: This document is prepared under Japanese GAAP

15

Slide 15 shows measures the company will take in the fourth quarter.

First, we will strengthen productivity of our strong MCUs and steadily expand our sales.

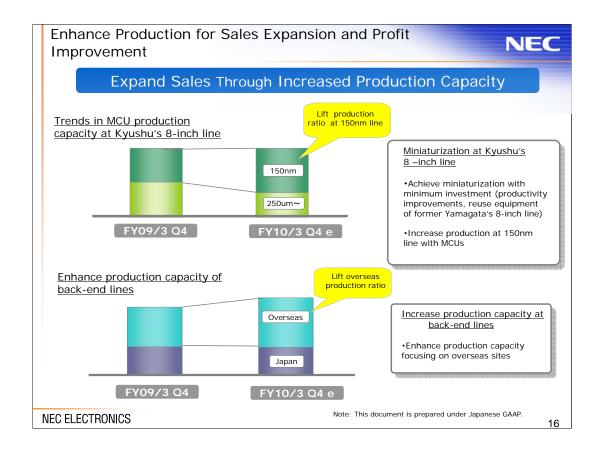
We will also expand our 40 and 55 nm mass production aiming increase in fab utilization and profit improvement.

Second, in order to expand our sales, we will bolster front-end line capacity of MCUs and increase production capacity at backend lines at foreign sites.

On the other hand, we will maintain positive cash flows by minimizing cash spending from investing activities by improving production efficiency and reuse of equipments.

As for fixed-cost reduction, we will steadily implement all measures to achieve yearly reduction of 90 billion yen fixed-cost. We will also further accelerate our structural reforms by implementing new realignment plans of our manufacturing lines.

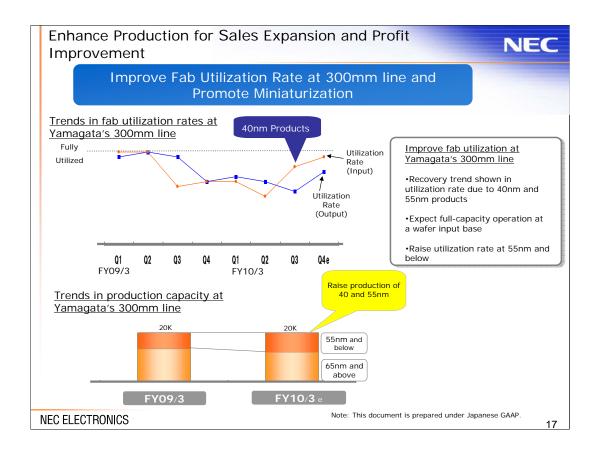
Let us explain in more details about the measures in the next few slides.



Slide 16 explains an overview of our plan to enhance production for sales expansion.

We will promote miniaturization with minimum investment by productivity improvement and reallocation of equipment from the former Yamagata 8-inch line. This will contribute to upgrade the production ratio of 150nm process line at NEC Semiconductors Kyushu Yamaguchi's 8-inch line for our strong MCUs.

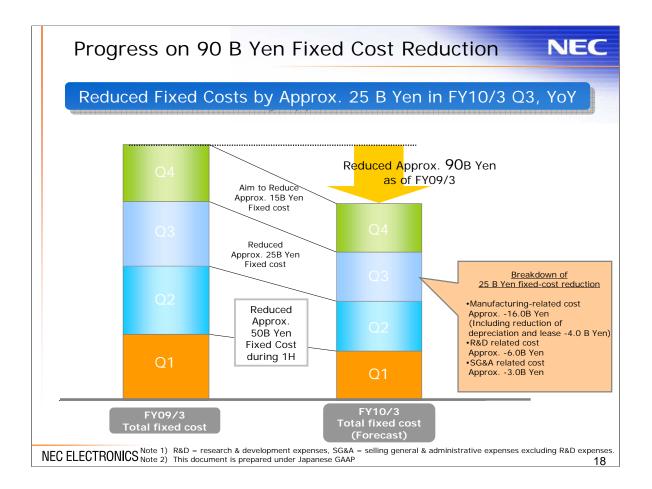
As for the back-end lines, we will reinforce production capacity centering on overseas sites to construct strong manufacturing system with cost competitiveness.



Slide 17 explains our strategies in improving fab utilization and miniaturization at our 300mm line.

By expanding mass production of the company's advanced products, we expect Yamagata's 300-mm line to be close to fully-utilized at a wafer input base in the fourth quarter.

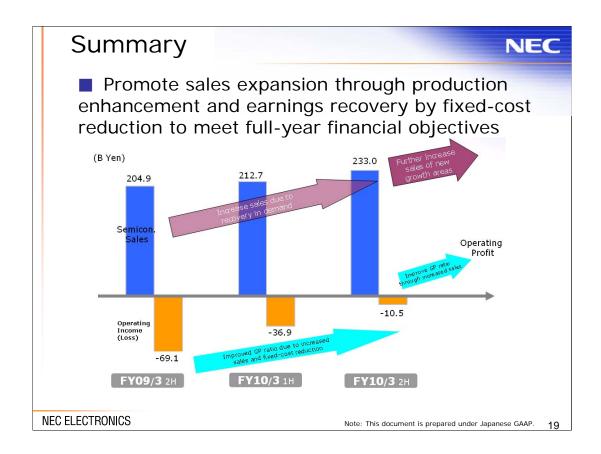
We will aim to promote miniaturization by increasing the production of 55 nm and below by 40nm design tapeout.



The next slide shows our progress in fixed cost reduction measures.

As planned, we succeeded in reducing fixed costs of approximately 25 billion yen year on year.

We will continue to target reduction of approximately 15 billion yen in the fourth quarter in order to achieve our goal of reducing total of 90 billion yen fixed cost.



The last slide is a summary of today's presentation,

As you can see from the graph, our business performance has been steadily improving.

We plan to aim sales expansion through production enhancement as well as profit improvement through fixed-cost reduction, in order to achieve our full-year target.



NEC Electronics Corporation

Cautionary Statements

The statements in this presentation with respect to the plans, strategies and forecasts of NEC Electronics and its consolidated subsidiaries (collectively "we") are forward-looking statements involving risks and uncertainties. We caution you in advance that actual results could differ materially from such forward-looking statements due to several factors. The important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from such statements include, but are not limited to: general economic conditions in our markets, which are primarily Japan, North America, Asia and Europe; demand for, and competitive pricing pressure on, our products and services in the marketplace; our ability to continue to win acceptance of its products and services in these highly competitive markets; and movements in currency exchange rates, particularly the rate between the yen and the U.S. dollar. Among other factors, a worsening of the world economy; a worsening of financial conditions in the world markets, and a deterioration in the domestic and overseas stock markets, would cause actual results to differ from the projected results forecast.

NEC ELECTRONICS

20

Thank you very much for your continued support of NEC Electronics. This concludes our presentation today.

