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April 1<sup>st</sup>, 2010 Renesas Electronics Corporation

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# SH7211 Group

Transmission by the I<sup>2</sup>C Bus Interface 3 Module in Single-Master Operation (EEPROM Writing)

### Introduction

This application note describes transmission by the  $I^2C$  bus interface 3 module (IIC3) of the SH7211 in the case of a single master on the  $I^2C$  bus.

# **Target Device**

SH7211

### **Contents**

1.	Preface	2
2.	Description of the Sample Application	3
	Listing of the Sample Program	
4	Documents for Reference	18



#### 1. Preface

### 1.1 Specifications

- In a single-master configuration with the SH7211 as the master device and the EEPROM as a slave device, data are written to an EEPROM.
- The transfer rate is set at 400 kHz.

Note: Please adjust settings as required to match the specification of the EEPROM you are using.

### 1.2 Module Used

• I<sup>2</sup>C bus interface 3 (IIC3)

# 1.3 Applicable Conditions

• MCU: SH7211

• Operating frequency: Internal clock 160 MHz

Bus clock 40 MHz Peripheral clock 40 MHz

• C compiler: SuperH RISC Engine Family C/C++ Compiler Package Ver.9.01 Release01

from Renesas Technology

Compiler options: -cpu = sh2a -include = "\$(WORKSPDIR)\inc"

-object = "\$(CONFIGDIR)\\$(FILELEAF).obj" -debug -gbr = auto -chgincpath

-errorpath -global\_volatile = 0 -opt\_range = all -infinite\_loop = 0 -del\_vacant\_loop = 0

 $-struct\_alloc = 1 - nologo$ 

• EEPROM: HN58X24128FPIE (128 Kbits)

from Renesas Technology

### 1.4 Related Application Note

The operation of the sample program in this application note was confirmed with the configuration specified in the application note "Example of Initial Configuration" for the SH7211 (REJ06B0786). Please refer to that document when setting up this sample task.



## 2. Description of the Sample Application

In this sample program, the SH7211 (master device) transfers data to the EEPROM (slave device) by using I<sup>2</sup>C bus interface 3 module (IIC3).

### 2.1 Operational Overview of Module Used

The I<sup>2</sup>C bus interface 3 (IIC3) module conforms to and provides a subset of the Philips I<sup>2</sup>C (Inter-IC) bus interface functions. However, the configuration of the registers that control the I<sup>2</sup>C bus differs in some respects from the register configuration implemented by Philips.

The features of the SH7211's I<sup>2</sup>C bus interface 3 (IIC3) are described below.

- I<sup>2</sup>C bus format and clock-synchronous serial format are selectable.
- Continuous transmission/reception
   Since the shift register, transmit data register, and receive data register are independent of each other, continuous data transfer is possible.

Table 1 is a list of the features of the available formats, and figure 1 shows a block diagram of the IIC3 module.

Table 1 Features of the Formats

Format	Features				
I <sup>2</sup> C bus format	<ul> <li>Start and stop conditions are generated automatically in master mode.</li> <li>Acknowledge output levels are selectable in data reception.</li> <li>Acknowledge bit is automatically loaded in data transmission</li> <li>On-chip bit synchronization/wait function In master mode, the state of SCL is monitored per bit, and the timing is synchronized automatically. If transmission/reception is not yet possible, set the SCL to low until preparations are completed.</li> <li>Six interrupt sources <ol> <li>Transmit data empty (including slave-address match)</li> <li>Transmit end</li> <li>Receive data full (including slave-address match)</li> <li>Arbitration lost</li> <li>NACK detection</li> <li>Stop condition detection</li> </ol> </li> <li>Data transfer by the direct memory access controller (DMAC) can be activated by a transmit-data-empty or receive-data-full interrupt request.</li> <li>Direct bus drive</li> <li>Two pins, SCL and SDA pins, function as NMOS open-drain outputs when the bus drive function is selected.</li> </ul>				
Clock-synchronous serial format	<ul> <li>Four interrupt sources</li> <li>1. Transmit-data-empty</li> <li>2. Transmit-end</li> <li>3. Receive-data-full</li> <li>4. Overrun error</li> <li>Data transfer by the direct memory access controller (DMAC) can be activated by a transmit-data-empty or receive-data-full interrupt request.</li> </ul>				

Note: For details on IIC3, see the section on I2C Bus Interface 3 (IIC3) of the SH7211 Group Hardware Manual.



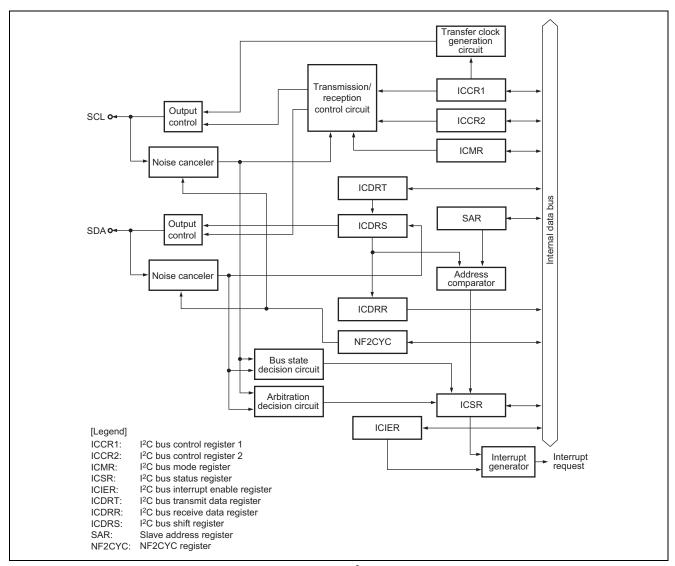


Figure 1 Overview of I<sup>2</sup>C Bus Interface 3



# 2.2 Procedure for Setting Module Used

This section describes the procedure for making initial settings for IIC3. The transfer rate must be set to meet the external specification. In this sample program,  $P\phi/100$  is specified as the transfer rate. Figure 2 shows an example of the initialization sequence for IIC3. For details on the settings of individual registers, see the *SH7211 Group Hardware Manual*.

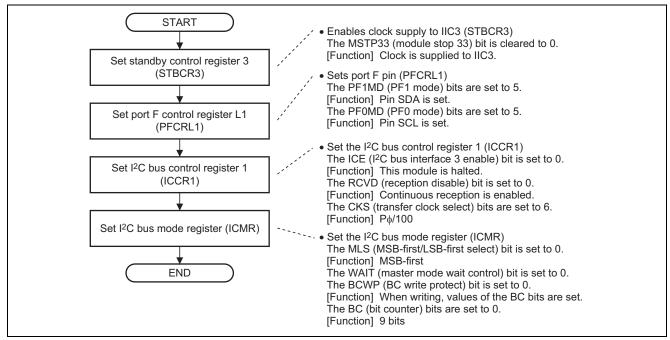


Figure 2 Example of the Initialization Sequence for I<sup>2</sup>C Bus Interface 3



# 2.3 Operation of the Sample Program

In this sample program, IIC3 is placed in master transmit mode, and transmits 10 bytes for writing to a page within the EEPROM.

The device code employed in this sample program is "B'1010". Consult the datasheet of the EEPROM you are using for its device code.

The device address employed in this sample program is "B'000". Consult the datasheet of the EEPROM you are using for its device address.

The memory address indicates the point where writing to the EEPROM starts. Each time a byte is written to the EEPROM, the address is incremented.

Figure 3 shows the operations for writing to a single page, and figure 4 shows the operating environment of this sample program.

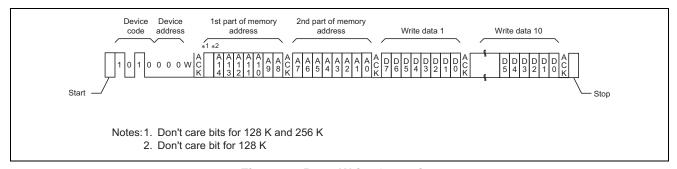


Figure 3 Page Write Operation

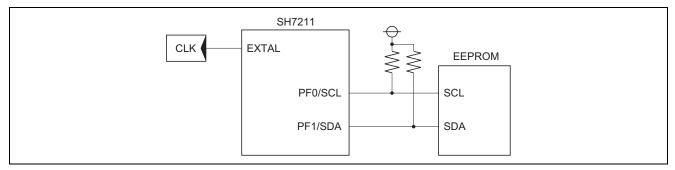


Figure 4 Operating Environment of the Sample Program



# 2.4 Sequence of Processing by the Sample Program

Table 2 gives the register settings in the sample program. Table 3 shows macro definitions in the sample program. Figures 5 to 8 show the flow of processing by the sample program.

Table 2 Register Settings Used in Sample Program

Register Name	Address	Setting Value	Description
Standby control register 3 (STBCR3)	H'FFFE 0408	H'00	MSTP33 = "0": IIC3 operates.
I <sup>2</sup> C bus control register 1 (ICCR1)	H'FFFE E000	H'B6	ICE = "1": SCL and SDA pins are placed in bus-drive state.
			RCVD = "0": Continuous reception is enabled.
			MST = "1", TRS = "1":
			Master transmit mode
			CKS = "B'0110": transfer rate $P\phi/100$
I <sup>2</sup> C bus mode register	H'FFFE E002	H'30	MLS = "0": MSB-first
(ICMR)			BCWP = "0": Allows the writing of values to the BC bits.
			BC = "B'000":9 bits

Table 3 Macro Definitions Used in Sample Program

Macro Definition	Setting Value	Description
EEPROM_MEM_ADDR	H'0000	EEPROM start address
DEVICE_CODE	H'A0	Device code
DEVICE_ADDR	H'00	Device address
IIC_DATA_WR	H'00	Write code
IIC_DATA_RD	H'01	Read code
IIC3_DATA	10	Data transfer size



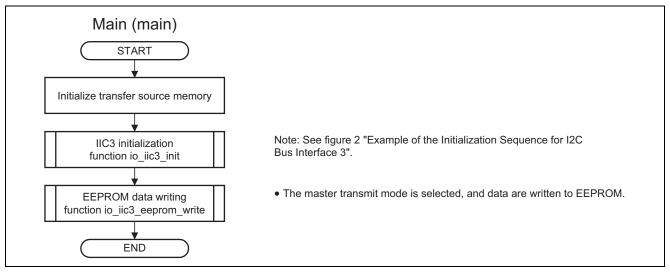


Figure 5 Flow of Processing by the Sample Program (1)



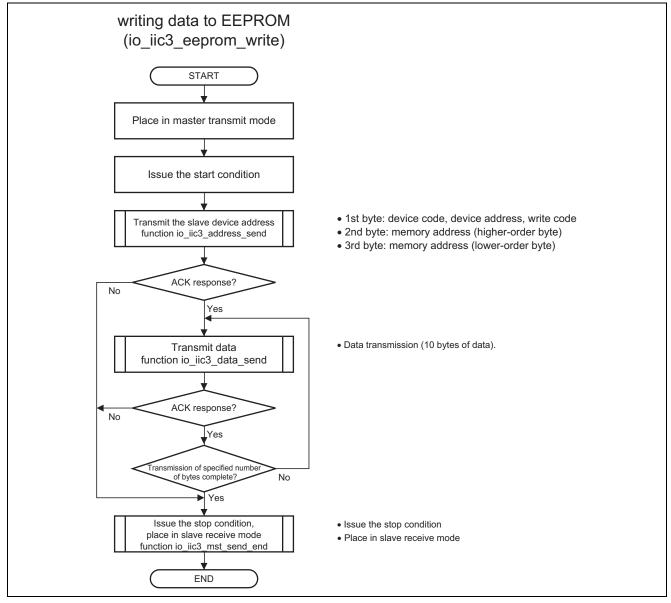


Figure 6 Flow of Processing by the Sample Program (2)



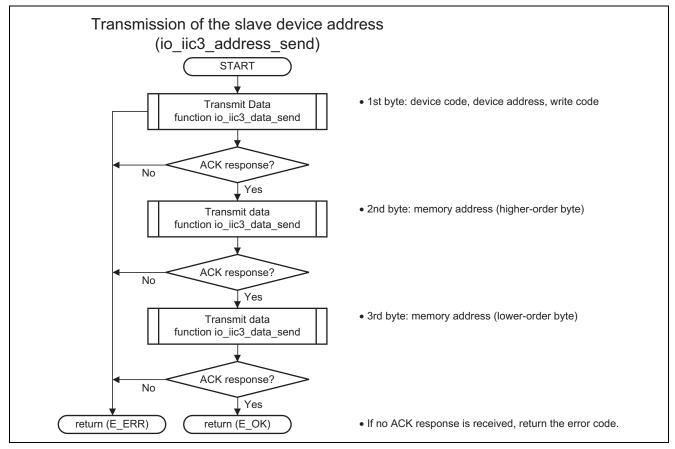


Figure 7 Flow of Processing by the Sample Program (3)



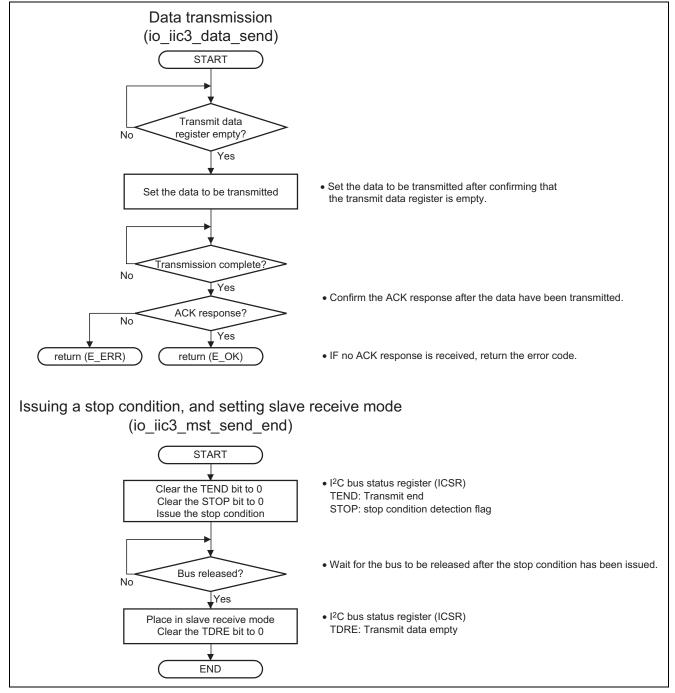


Figure 8 Flow of Processing by the Sample Program (4)



### 3. Listing of the Sample Program

1. Sample Program Listing: main.c (1)

```
2
          * System Name : SH7211 Sample Program
3
          * File Name
4
                        : main.c
5
          * Contents
                        : Sample program for transmission by IIC3 in master transmit mode
6
          * Version
                        : 1.00.00
7
          * Model
                        : M3A-HS11
8
          * CPU
                        : SH7211
9
          * Compiler
                       : SHC9.1.1.0
          * note
10
                       : Data are transmitted to EEPROM
11
                         by using IIC3 in master transmit mode.
12
          * The information described here may contain technical inaccuracies or
13
          * typographical errors. Renesas Technology Corporation and Renesas Solutions
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          * assume no responsibility for any damage, liability, or other loss rising
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17
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18
           * AND Renesas Solutions Corp. All Rights Reserved
19
20
          * history : 2008.04.24 ver.1.00.00
21
          22
23
          #include <machine.h>
          #include "iodefine.h"
                                 /* SH7211 iodefine */
24
25
26
          /* ==== symbol definition ==== */
2.7
          #define EEPROM_MEM_ADDR 0x0000
28
          #define DEVICE_CODE 0xA0 /* EEPROM device code :b'1010
29
          #define DEVICE_ADDR 0x00 /* EEPROM device address:b'000
          #define IIC_DATA_WR 0x00
                                  /* Data write code :b'0
30
          #define IIC_DATA_RD 0x01 /* Data read code :b'1
31
32
          #define IIC3_DATA 10
33
          #define E_OK 0
34
35
          #define E_ERR -1
36
          /* ==== RAM allocation variable declaration ==== */
37
38
          unsigned char WriteData[IIC3_DATA];
39
40
          /* ==== prototype declaration ==== */
41
          void main(void);
42
          int io_iic3_eeprom_write(unsigned char d_code,unsigned char d_adr,
43
                                   unsigned short w_adr,unsigned int w_size,unsigned char* w_buf);
44
          int io_iic3_data_send(unsigned char data);
          int io_iic3_address_send(unsigned char* data);
45
          void io_iic3_mst_send_end(void);
46
47
          int io_iic3_init(void);
48
```



2. Sample Program Listing: main.c (2)

```
49
50
                  : Sample program main
51
        *-----
52
        * Include
53
54
        * Declaration : void main(void);
        *-----
55
56
        * Function
                  : Sample program main
57
        *_____
58
        * Argument
                 : void
59
60
        * Return Value : void
61
62
        63
        void main(void)
64
65
        {
66
           int i;
67
           /* ==== Prepare data to be written ==== */
68
          for(i=0;i<IIC3_DATA;i++){</pre>
69
          WriteData[i] = IIC3_DATA+i;
70
71
           /* ==== IIC3 initialization setting ==== */
72
          io_iic3_init();
73
           /* ==== Transmission by IIC3 in master transmit mode ==== */
74
          io_iic3_eeprom_write( DEVICE_CODE,
                                         /* Device code */
75
                          DEVICE_ADDR,
                                          /* Device address */
76
                          0x0000,
                                          /* Start address for data writing */
                           sizeof(WriteData),
                                         /* Amount of data to be written */
77
78
                          WriteData);
                                          /* Location for data storage */
79
          while(1){
80
                /* Loop */
81
82
        }
```



### 3. Sample Program Listing: main.c (3)

```
84
85
                   : IIC3 module initialization
86
         *_____
                    : #include "iodefine.h"
87
         * Include
88
89
         * Declaration : int io_iic3_init(void);
90
         *_____
91
         * Function
                    : TIC3 module initialization
92
         *_____
93
         * Argument
                   : void
94
95
         * Return Value : E_OK
97
         98
99
         int io_iic3_init(void)
100
101
           STB.CR3.BIT._IIC3 = 0x00;
                                     /* Clear the IIC3 module standby mode */
102
103
           /* ---- PFC setting ---- */
104
           PFC.PFCRL1.BIT.PF0MD = 0 \times 05;
                                     /* SCL selection */
105
           PFC.PFCRL1.BIT.PF1MD = 0x05;
                                     /* SDA selection */
           /* ----IIC31 module operation disabled ---- */
106
           IIC3.ICCR1.BIT.ICE = 0 \times 00;
                                  /* IIC transfer disabled state */
107
108
           IIC3.ICCR1.BIT.ICE = 0 \times 01;
                                     /* IIC3 module operation is enabled */
109
           IIC3.ICCR1.BIT.RCVD = 0 \times 00;
                                     /* Continuous reception is to proceed */
           IIC3.ICCR1.BIT.CKS = 0x06;
                                     /* Transfer rate: P\psi/100(400 kHz) */
110
111
           /* ---IIC bus mode register (ICMR) setting --- */
112
           IIC3.ICMR.BYTE = 0x30;
113
114
                                   bit7 : MLS:0 ----- MSB first
                                   bit6 : WAIT: 0 ----- No WAIT insertion
115
                                   bit5-4 : Reserve:1 ----- Reserve bit
116
117
                                   bit3 : BCWP:0----- Unsetting
118
                                   bit2-0 : BC0:0, BC1:0, BC0:0----- IIC format 9-bit
119
120
121
           return(E_OK);
122
         }
123
```



#### 4. Sample Program Listing: main.c (4)

```
124
125
                    : EEPROM data write
126
         * Include : #include "iodefine.h"
127
128
129
         * Declaration : int io_iic3_mst_send(unsigned char d_code,
130
                                         unsigned char d adr,
131
                                         unsigned short w_adr,
132
                      :
                                        unsigned int w_size,
                                        unsigned char* w_buf);
133
134
         * Function : The amount of data specified by "w_size"

* : in the area specified by "w_buf" are written to the
135
136
137
                     : EEPROM specified by device code "d_code" and device address "d_adr".
138
                      : Memory addresses within the EEPROM are specified by "w_adr".
139
                     140
         * Argument
141
142
                     : unsigned short w_adr : Address where writing is to start
                     143
144
          *-----
145
         * Return Value : With ACK response : E_OK
146
147
                     : With no ACK response : E_ERR
148
149
          150
151
         int io_iic3_eeprom_write(unsigned char d_code,unsigned char d_adr,unsigned short w_adr,
152
                               unsigned int w_size,unsigned char* w_buf)
153
154
            int ack = E_OK;
155
            int i;
            unsigned char send[3];
156
157
158
            send[0] = (unsigned char)(d_code|((d_adr & 0x7)<<1)|IIC_DATA_WR);</pre>
159
            send[1] = (unsigned char)((w_adr>>8) & 0x00ff);
160
            send[2] = (unsigned char)(w_adr & 0x00ff);
161
162
            while(IIC3.ICCR2.BIT.BBSY == 0x01){
163
                   /* Waiting for bus release */
164
            IIC3.ICCR1.BYTE |= 0x30;
                                                  /* Set to master transmission mode */
165
166
            IIC3.ICCR2.BYTE = ((IIC3.ICCR2.BYTE & 0xbf)|0x80); /* Issue the start condition */
167
168
            ack = io_iic3_address_send(send);
169
                                  /* Transmit the first, second, and third bytes of data */
170
            if(ack == E_OK){
171
172
                   /* ACK response is received from the specified device */
173
                   for(i=0;i<w_size;i++){</pre>
                         174
175
                         if(ack == E_ERR){
176
                                  break;
177
                         }
178
179
                   io_iic3_mst_send_end();
             }
180
181
            else{
                   /* ACK response is not received from the specified device */
182
183
                   io_iic3_mst_send_end();
184
185
            return(ack);
186
         }
```



#### 5. Sample Program Listing: main.c (5)

```
187
188
                 : Transmission of the slave device address
189
190
191
        * Declaration : int io_iic3_address_send(unsigned char* data);
192
193
        \star Function : Transmission of the slave device address specified by "data" (one byte)
194
195
                  : and the memory address (two bytes).
196
197
        * Argument : unsigned char* data : Transmit data
        *_____
198
        * Return Value : With ACK response : E_OK
199
200
                 : With no ACK response : E_ERR
201
        * Notice :
202
        203
204
        int io_iic3_address_send(unsigned char* data)
205
206
          int ack;
207
          208
209
          if(ack == E_ERR){
210
                 return(ack);
211
212
          ack = io_iic3_data_send(*data++);
                                      /* 1st part of memory address */
213
          if(ack == E_ERR){
214
                 return(ack);
215
216
          ack = io_iic3_data_send(*data);
                                      /* 2nd part of memory address */
          if(ack == E_ERR){
217
218
                 return(ack);
219
          }
220
          return(ack);
221
       222
223
        ^{\star} Outline : Transmission of one byte of data
224
225
        * Include : #include "iodefine.h"
226
        * Declaration : int io_iic3_data_send(unsigned char data);
227
228
        * Function : Data are transmitted according to the following procedure.
229
230
                 : 1. Wait for ICDRT to become empty.
231
                  : 2. Set the data to be transmitted.
                  : 3. Check completion of data transmission.
232
233
                  : 4. Check the ACK response.
        *-----
        * Argument
235
                 : unsigned char data : Transmit data
        *-----
236
237
        * Return Value : With ACK response : E_OK
238
                 : With no ACK response : E_ERR
239
        * Notice :
240
        241
242
```



#### 6. Sample Program Listing: main.c (6)

```
243
        int io_iic3_data_send(unsigned char data)
244
245
           int ack;
246
247
           while(IIC3.ICSR.BIT.TDRE == 0x0){
248
                   /* Wait for ICDRT to become empty */
249
250
           IIC3.ICDRT = data;
251
           while(IIC3.ICSR.BIT.TEND == 0x00){
252
                   /* Wait for completion of data transmission */
253
254
           if(IIC3.ICIER.BIT.ACKBR == 0){
           ack = E_OK;
255
256
257
           else{
258
                   ack = E_ERR;
259
           }
260
           return(ack);
261
        }
        262
263
        * Outline
                  : Issuing of a stop condition
264
265
        * Include
                   : #include "iodefine.h"
        *-----
266
        * Declaration : void io_iic3_mst_send_end(void);
267
268
        * Function : A stop condition is issued and slave receive mode is set.
269
270
        *-----
271
                    : void
272
        *_____
273
        * Return Value : void
274
        *-----
275
        276
277
        void io_iic3_mst_send_end(void)
278
                                    /* Clear bit TEND */
279
           IIC3.ICSR.BIT.TEND = 0 \times 00;
           IIC3.ICSR.BIT.STOP = 0 \times 00;
                                    /* Clear the STOP flag */
280
281
           IIC3.ICCR2.BYTE &= 0x3f;
                                    /* Issue the stop condition */
282
283
           while(IIC3.ICSR.BIT.STOP == 0 \times 00){
284
                  /* Wait for bus release */
285
           }
286
           IIC3.ICCR1.BYTE &= 0xcf;
287
                                   /* Slave receive mode */
           IIC3.ICSR.BIT.TDRE = 0 \times 00;
                                    /* Clear bit TDRE */
288
289
        /* End of File */
290
```



### 4. Documents for Reference

 Software Manual SH-2A, SH2A-FPU Software Manual (REJ09B0051)
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 Hardware Manual SH7211 Group Hardware Manual (REJ09B0344)
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Inquiries

http://www.renesas.com/inquiry csc@renesas.com

### **Revision Record**

		Description			
Rev.	Date	Page	Summary		
1.00	Nov.19.08	_	First edition issued		

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