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# **APPLICATION NOTE**

# **Read/Write Accesses to the On-Chip EEPROM**

## Introduction

Data is written to and read from the on-chip EEPROM through the H8/3664  $I^2C$  bus interface.

## **Target Device**

H8/300H Tiny Series H8/3664N

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## 1. Specifications

- 1. Data is written to and read from the on-chip EEPROM through the H8/3664  $I^2C$  bus interface.
  - For writing to and reading from the EEPROM:
  - 1 byte writing (Write\_byte\_EEPROM)
  - 1 byte reading (Read\_byte\_EEPROM)
  - Page (8 bytes) writing (Write\_page\_EEPROM)
  - Page (8 bytes) reading (Read\_page\_EEPROM)
  - n (1 to 512) bytes continuous reading (Read\_n\_EEPROM)

The above functions are used to write one of the three patterns below to a 512-byte area of memory in the EEPROM (address range H'000 - H'1FF).

- ---- Writing pattern: H'00, H'01, H'02 H'FE, H'FF, H'00, H'01, H'02 H'FE, H'FF
- ----- Writing pattern: H'00, H'00, H'01, H'01, H'02, H'02 --- H'FE, H'FE, H'FF, H'FF
- Writing pattern: H'FF, H'FF H'FF, H'FF (ALL H'FF)
- 2. The slave address for EEPROM connection is [1010000], and writing of the data starts at EEPROM memory address H'00.
- 3. One master device (H8/3664) and one slave device (EEPROM) are connected to the I<sup>2</sup>C bus of this system. Figure 1.1 shows an example of the connection between the H8/3664 and EEPROM.
- 4. The frequency of the clock for the transfer is assumed to be 400 kHz.



Figure 1.1 EEPROM Control through Connection with the I<sup>2</sup>C Bus Interface

## 2. Function Used

Figure 2.1 shows the basic format for data transfer across the I<sup>2</sup>C bus interface (writing a byte to the EEPROM).

S	SLA	R/W A	ADRS_U A	ADRS_L	А	DATA	AP
1	7		8 1	← →		8	→
	•	1 ▶	1	1		1	Number of frames transferred
R A A A	LA : EI /_W : Di : Ac DRS_U : EI DRS_L : EI ATA : Da	cknowledgeme EPROM meme	nission/recept ent ory address: h ory address: lo	gher order by			

Figure 2.1 I<sup>2</sup>C Bus Interface Format

## 3. Description of Operation

#### **3.1 EEPROM Interface**

The H8/3664N is an LSI with a multi-chip structure, having both a H8/3664F and 4-kbit EEPROM mounted within the same package. The EEPROM is accessed through an  $I^2C$  bus interface. Since the  $I^2C$  bus is externally accessible, it is possible to communicate with other devices connected to the  $I^2C$  bus.

#### 3.2 Bus Format and Timing

The format and timing of data transfer over the  $I^2C$  bus conform to the  $I^2C$  bus format. The following points only apply to the interface with the EEPROM.

- 1. EEPROM addresses are composed of two bytes; the order of transfer is higher-order byte then lower-order byte, with the most-significant bit (MSB) leading in each case.
- 2. The data to be written is also transmitted with the MSB.

The bus format and timing of EEPROM-data transfer over the  $I^2C$  bus are shown in Figure 3.1.



Figure 3.1 Bus Format and Timing for EEPROM Data Transfer

## 3.3 Start Condition

To initiate reading or writing, a start condition has to be generated by switching the SDA input from high to low level while the SCL input is high level.

## **3.4 Stop Condition**

To stop reading or writing, a stop condition has to be generated by switching the SDA input from low level to high level while the SCL input is high level.

A stop condition has to be generated on completion of a read operation and places the bus in the access-standby mode.

The stop condition is generated for a write operation when input of the new data has been completed, and initiates program of the memory, which takes the period of one write cycle  $(t_{wc})$ . The bus is then placed in the access-standby mode.

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#### 3.5 Acknowledgement

The serial data, including address information and data read or to be written are transmitted and received in 8-bit units. The acknowledgement signal indicates the normal transmission or reception of an 8-bit unit.

In writing, EEPROM outputs the acknowledgement signal, "0", in each 9<sup>th</sup> clock cycle of data reception.

In reading, EEPROM transmits the reading data after the acknowledgement which follows the reception of data. The bus state becomes bus released after the transmission of each byte. The EEPROM transmits the next byte of data on detecting the acknowledgement signal. If the stop condition is received but the acknowledgement signal has not been detected, the reading operation is terminated and the bus is placed in the access standby mode. When neither the acknowledgement signal nor the stop condition is detected, no data is transmitted and the bus remains in the bus-released state.

#### 3.6 Slave Address

In the sample task, this address is left in its initial state.

After generating the start condition, the processor sends a 7-bit slave address and 1-bit R/W code over the bus, selecting the EEPROM and its mode of operation. This input starts reading or writing of the EEPROM. As shown in table 3.1, the slave address is composed of seven bits, a 4-bit device code in the higher-order bits and a 3-bit slave-address code in the lower order bits. The device code identifies the device type; in this LSI, the EEPROM's device code is fixed at the 1010 value that indicates general-purpose EEPROM.

The slave-address code identifies one of up to eight units with the 1010 device code that may be connected to the  $I^2C$  bus. The bits of the slave-address code are input in the order A2, A1 and A0; if the code coincides with that in the EEPROM's Slave-Address Inquiry Register (ESAR), the EEPROM is selected.

The slave-address code is stored in address H'FF09 of the EEPROM. Within the 10-ms period after the reset line is released, the code is transferred from the Slave Address Register location in the memory array to the Slave-Address Inquiry Register (ESAR). Note that the EEPROM is not accessible during this transfer.

The initial value of the slave-address code in the ESAR is H'00. However, any value in the range H'00 – H'07 can be written to this register. Be sure to use byte-writing to overwrite this value (in this sample task, the address is used in its initial state).

The next bit after the slave address is the R/W code. Writing is selected by '0' and reading is selected by '1'.

When the device code is not 1010 or the slave-address code does not match, the EEPROM stays in the access-standby mode.

Bit	Bit Name	Initial Value	Setting	Remarks
7	Device code D3	_	1	
6	Device code D2	_	0	
5	Device code D1	_	1	
4	Device code D0	—	0	
3	Slave address code A2	0	A2	The initial value is not fixed.
2	Slave address code A1	0	A1	The initial value is not fixed.
1	Slave address code A0	0	A0	The initial value is not fixed.

#### Table 3.1 Slave Address

#### **3.7** Writing Operation

Two writing operations have been defined: byte writing (one byte at a time) and page writing (eight bytes at a time). To start writing operation, input 0 in the R/W code following the slave address.

1. Byte writing

After the correct seven slave-address bits and R/W code "0" (for writing) have been input to the EEPROM, it outputs the acknowledgement signal, "0", in the 9<sup>th</sup> bit and enters the write mode. The EEPROM then receives the successive two bytes of the memory address, with the higher-order byte first, and responds to each with an acknowledgement. The processor then sends the data to be written, and the EEPROM again responds with an acknowledgement. All of the transfers are MSB-first.

Generation of the stop condition after this initiates the control sequence for overwriting within the EEPROM, which does not receive further input over the  $I^2C$  bus (SCL and SDA lines) until this operation has been completed. On completion of the overwriting operation, the EEPROM automatically returns to the access-standby mode.

Figure 3.2 shows the sequence of the byte-writing operation.





#### 2. Page writing

This LSI provides a page-writing function, which allows the rewriting of up to eight bytes at a time. As with byte writing, the EEPROM receives data in this order: slave address + R/W code  $\rightarrow$  memory address (n)  $\rightarrow$  write data (Dn), acknowledging reception in every 9<sup>th</sup> bit. However, when the stop condition is not generated after the input of a given byte of data for writing (Dn), with a further byte of data for writing (Dn+1) received instead, the page-writing mode is entered. When this data for writing (Dn+1) is received, the three least significant bits (A2 to A0) of the EEPROM address are automatically incremented to the address (n+1). This allows the input of up to eight consecutive bytes of data for writing.

As each byte of data for writing is received, the address within the page is incremented. When the three least significant bits (A2 to A0) of the EEPROM address reach the final address of a page, the address counter rolls over to return to the first address on the page. In this case, data is written to the same address two or more times, but only the final value is valid. Generation of the stop condition ends the input of data for writing and the actual overwriting operation commences. Figure 3.3 shows the sequence of the page-writing operation.



Figure 3.3 Page Writing

#### 3.8 Acknowledgement Polling

The processor uses an acknowledgement-polling function to judge whether or not overwriting of the EEPROM is in progress. In the polling function, the slave address + R/W code are sent to the EEPROM after generation of the start condition. For acknowledgement polling, adjust the R/W code to 0. The value of the acknowledgement signal in the 9<sup>th</sup> bit is tested; a "1" indicates that overwriting is still in progress state while a "0" indicates completion. The function of acknowledgement polling becomes active at the moment the stop condition is output, after the input of data for writing.

## 3.9 Reading Operation

There are three kinds of reading operation, current-address reading, random-address reading and sequential reading. A read operation is started in the same way as a write operation, except that the R/W code which follows the slave address is set to "1" to indicate reading.

1. Current-address reading

After reading from or writing to location (n) of the EEPROM, its internal address counter holds (n+1). A read operation in the current-address reading mode reads the address (n+1).

In the same way as a write operation, reading starts with input to the EEPROM in this order: start condition  $\rightarrow$  slave address + R/W code (R/W=1). The EEPROM outputs an acknowledgement "0" in next bit and then outputs the byte of data at address (n+1), with the MSB first. Input to the EEPROM in the order acknowledgement = "1" (indicating that bus release is possible without the input of an acknowledgement)  $\rightarrow$  stop condition ends the read operation and returns the EEPROM to the access-standby mode.

When read access ends and the last address accessed was H' 01FF, the current address counter rolls over to indicate the  $0^{th}$  address. That is, when the final address on a page is accessed, the current address counter returns to the first address on the page.

The current address remains in effect as long as the power supply is not turned off. The initial value of the current address after the power supply has been turned off is not specified. Please use random-address reading (explained below) to specify the address after the power supply has been turned on. Figure 3.4 shows the sequence of current-address reading.



Figure 3.4 Current-Address Reading

2. Random-address reading

This mode is used to read data from a specified address. A dummy write operation is used to set the address to be read. This involves input in this order: start condition  $\rightarrow$  slave address + R/W code (R/W=0)  $\rightarrow$  memory address (upper)  $\rightarrow$  memory address (lower). After the EEPROM has confirmed reception with an acknowledgement "0" output following input of the second memory-address byte, the processor again generates the start condition and executes a current-address read, which now reads data from the address specified by the dummy write operation. After output of the read data, input to the EEPROM in the order '1' (indicating that bus release is possible without the input of an acknowledgement)  $\rightarrow$  the stop condition ends the read operation and returns the EEPROM to the access-standby mode. Figure 3.5 shows the sequence of random-address reading.



Figure 3.5 Random Address Reading

3. Sequential reading

This mode is used for the continuous reading of data, which can be started through either current-address reading or random-address reading. When the EEPROM receives the acknowledgement signal "0" after the output of one byte of data, its current address is incremented and it outputs the next byte of data. Consecutive bytes continue to be output as long as the output is followed by acknowledgement, i.e., "0". After the address counter reaches the last address, H'01FF, it rolls over to indicate the 0<sup>th</sup> address. Sequential reading can then continue from this location. Sequential reading is ended by the input, in order, of acknowledgement "1" (indicating that bus release is possible without the input of an acknowledgement)  $\rightarrow$  stop condition, in the same way as current-address and random-address reading.

Figure 3.6 shows the sequence of data in sequential reading initiated by current-address reading.



Figure 3.6 Sequential Reading (Initiated by Current-Address Reading)

## 4. Description of the Software

#### Module description:

The modules of this sample task are listed in table 4.1.

#### Table 4.1Module Description

Module (Function) Name	Arguments	Return Value	Functions		
INIT (assembly language)	None	None	Sets stack pointer (H'FF80 is set in R7)		
			Sets CCR (disable interrupts)		
			Jump to main.		
main	None	None	Main module		
Test_EEPROM	test_code	None	Tests items of EEPROM operation		
	(Test item: 0-5)		0: Default		
			1: 1-byte writing, 1-byte reading		
			Data written: H'00 - H'FF (repeated once)		
			2: 8-byte writing		
			Data written: H'00, H'00 - H'FF,		
			H'FF		
			3: 8-byte reading		
			4: 8-byte writing		
			Data written: All H'FF		
			5: 512-byte reading		
wait	Number of wait loops	None	Wait (100: About 100µsec)		
Write_byte_EEPROM	adrs (target address),	ack (0: noack/ 1: ack)	Writes 1 byte to the EEPROM		
	data (data to be written)		Checks the acknowledgement. When		
			writing is disabled (ACK = 1), waits		
			1 msec and re-tries 10 times.		
Read_byte_EEPROM	adrs (target address)	Data (Reading data)	Reads 1 byte from the EEPROM		
Write_page_EEPROM	adrs (target address),	ack (0: noack/ 1: ack)	Writes 8 bytes to the EEPROM		
	wr_ptr		Checks the acknowledgement. When		
	(address where the data		writing is disabled (ACK = 1), waits		
	to be written is stored)		1 msec and re-tries 10 times.		
Read_page_EEPROM	adrs (target address), rd_ptr	ack (0: noack/ 1: ack)	Reads 8 bytes from the EEPROM		
	(address for storage of read data)				

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Module (function) name	Arguments	Return value	Functions
Read_n_EEPROM	adrs (Reading data), rd_ptr	ack (0: noack/ 1: ack)	Reads n bytes from the EEPROM.
	(address for storage of read data),		
	reading number		
Set_adrs_EEPROM	adrs (target address)	ack (0: noack/ 1: ack)	Sets the EEPROM address for writing.
			Sets the EEPROM address for reading (through a dummy write operation)
Write_data_EEPROM	wr_data (data to write)	ack (0: noack/ 1: ack)	Transmits data for writing over the IIC
Recv_data1_EEPROM	None	Data (Reading data)	Receives 1 byte from the IIC
Recv_datan_EEPROM	adrs (target address), data	ack (0: noack/ 1: ack)	Receives n bytes from the IIC
	(address for storage of read data)		
wait_e	Number of wait loops	None	Wait (n = 100: about 100 µsec)

#### Table 4.1 Module Description (cont)

Table 4.2 gives the descriptions of the global variables in this sample task.

Table 4.2	<b>Global Variable Used</b>	

Variable name	Туре	Size	Usage
eeprom_buf	unsigned char	512	EEPROM buffer for writing/reading (same size as the built-in EEPROM)
test_code	unsigned char	1	EEPROM testing item selection command
dummy	unsigned char	1	Dummy variable used in reading from the EEPROM's internal registers

Table 4.3 gives the descriptions of the constants (definitions) in this sample task.

Definition name	Туре	Value	Usage	
DEVICE_CODE	unsigned char	0xA0	Device code that selects the EEPROM (slave)	
			(fixation bits 7-0:1010)	
SLAVE_ADRS	unsigned char	0x00	Address code that selects the EEPROM (slave)	
			(Default bits 7-0: 000-)	
IIC_DATA_W	unsigned char	0x00	R/W code that selects writing to the EEPROM	
			(W[bits 7-0]:0)	
IIC_DATA_R	unsigned char	0x01	R/W code that selects reading to the EEPROM	
			(R[bits 7-0]:1)	
WR_RETRY_CNT	unsigned char	10	Limit on the number of consecutive attempts at writing to the EEPROM	
			After each write operation, repeat ten times each ms until ACK is received.	
WR_OK	unsigned char	11	Value used to break out of loop processing when ACK is received after writing.	

#### Table 4.3 Constants Used (definitions)

Table 4.4 gives the descriptions of the internal register used in this sample task.

Table 4.4	Usage of Internal Registers
-----------	-----------------------------

Register BitICDRSARFS		Function	Operation	Setting
		Stores transmission/received data.	Storage/reference	_
		• Sets the transmission format, in conjunction with FSX in SARX and SW in DDCSWR.	No operation	0
SARX	FSX	• Sets the transmission format, in conjunction with FS of SAR and SW of DDCSWR.	No operation	1
ICMR	MLS	• Selects the order of bits as MSB first.	Setting	0
	WAIT	Selects continuous transmission of data and acknowledgement.	Setting	0
	CKS2-0	Sets the frequency of the transfer clock to	Setting	CKS2 = 0
		400kHz, in combination with the IICX bit of STCR.		CKS1 = 0
				CKS0 = 1
	BC2-0	• Sets the number of bits transferred in each frame	Setting	BC2 = 0
		of the I <sup>2</sup> C format at nine.		BC1 = 0
				BC0 = 0

Register Bit		Function	Operation	Setting
ICCR	ICE	<ul> <li>Controls access to the ICMR, ICDR / SAR and SARX registers.</li> <li>Selects I<sup>2</sup>C bus interface operation (SCL / SDA pin is port function) / non operation (SCL / SDA pin is bus driving state).</li> </ul>	Setting	0/1
	IEIC	• Disables I <sup>2</sup> C bus interface interrupt requests.	Setting	0
	MST	• Uses I <sup>2</sup> C bus interface in the master mode.	Setting	1
	TRS	• Uses I <sup>2</sup> C bus interface in the transmission mode.	Setting	0/1
	ACKE	An acknowledgement bit value of '1' interrupts continuous transfer.	Setting	0/1
	BBSY	• Confirms whether or not the I <sup>2</sup> C bus is in released state.	Storage/reference	0/1
		<ul> <li>In combination with SCP, generates start and stop conditions.</li> </ul>		
	IRIC	Detects the start condition	Setting	0/1
		Judges the end of data transmission		
		Detects acknowledgement bit '1'.		
	SCP	• In combination of BBSY, generates start and stop conditions.	Setting	0/1
ICSR	ESTP	• Error stop condition detection flag (Slave mode in effect)	No operation	_
	STOP	Normal stop condition detection flag (Slave mode in effect)	No operation	_
	IRTR	Continuous transmission / reception interrupt- request flag	No operation	_
	AASX	Second slave address recognition flag	No operation	_
	AL	Arbitration lost flag	No operation	_
	AAS	Slave address recognition flag	No operation	_
	ADZ	General call address recognition flag	No operation	_
	ACKB	Stores the values of acknowledgement bits from the EEPROM	Reference	_
TSCR	IICRST	Resets the I <sup>2</sup> C controller	No operation	_
	IICX	Selects transmission rate	Setting	_

#### Table 4.4 Usage of Internal Registers (cont)

## 5. Flowchart

Figure 5.1 is a chart of the module hierarchy.







#### Link address specification:

Section Name	Address
CV1	H'0000
Р	H'0100
В	H'FF80



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# 6. Header Listing

File : H8_3664_C.h		
	***************************************	
/* H8/3664F Include File	Ver 0.1	*/
	*****	
<pre>struct st_flash {</pre>	/* struct FLASH	*/
union {	/* FLMCR1	*/
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	*/
struct {	/* Bit Access	*/
unsigned char wk :1;	/*	*/
unsigned char SWE:1;	/* SWE	*/
unsigned char ESU:1;	/* ESU	*/
unsigned char PSU:1;	/* PSU	*/
unsigned char EV :1;	/* EV	*/
unsigned char PV :1;	/* PV	*/
unsigned char E :1;	/* E	*/
unsigned char P :1;	/* P	*/
} BIT;	/*	*/
<pre>} FLMCR1;</pre>	/*	*/
union {	/* FLMCR2	*/
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	*/
struct {	/* Bit Access	*/
unsigned char FLER:1;	/* FLER	*/
BIT;	/*	*/
} FLMCR2;	/*	*/
union {	/* FLPWCR	*/
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	*/
struct {	/* Bit Access	*/
unsigned char PDWND:1;	/* PDWND	*/
BIT;	/*	*/
} FLPWCR;	/*	*/
union {	/* EBR1	*/
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	*/
struct {	/* Bit Access	*/
unsigned char wk :3;	/*	*/
unsigned char EB4:1;	/* EB4	*/
unsigned char EB3:1;	/* EB3	*/
unsigned char EB2:1;	/* EB2	*/
unsigned char EB1:1;	/* EB1	* /

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unsigned char EB0:1;	/* EB0	*/
} BIT;	/*	*/
} EBR1;	/*	*/
char wk[7];	/*	*/
union {	/* FENR	*/
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	*/
struct {	/* Bit Access	*/
unsigned char FLSHE:1;	/* FLSHE	*/
} BIT;	/*	*/
} FENR;	/*	*/
};	/*	*/
struct st_ta {	/* struct TA	*/
union {	/* TMA	*/
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	*/
struct {	/* Bit Access	*/
unsigned char CKSO:3;	/* CKSO	*/
unsigned char :1;	/*	*/
unsigned char CKSI:4;	/* CKSI	*/
} BIT;	/*	*/
} TMA;	/*	*/
unsigned char TCA;	/* TCA	*/
};	/*	*/
<pre>struct st_tv {</pre>	/* struct TV	*/
union {	/* TCRV0	*/
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	*/
struct {	/* Bit Access	*/
unsigned char CMIEB:1;	/* CMIEB	*/
unsigned char CMIEA:1;	/* CMIEA	*/
unsigned char OVIE :1;	/* OVIE	*/
unsigned char CCLR :2;	/* CCLR	*/
unsigned char CKS :3;	/* CKS	*/
} BIT;	/*	*/
} TCRV0;	/*	*/
union {	/* TCSRV	*/
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	* /
struct {	/* Bit Access	* /
unsigned char CMFB:1;	/* CMFB	* /
unsigned char CMFA:1;	/* CMFA	*/
unsigned char OVF :1;	/* OVF	* /

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unsigned char :1;	/*	* /
unsigned char OS :4;	/* OS	* /
} BIT;	/*	*/
} TCSRV;	/*	*/
unsigned char TCORA;	/* TCORA	*/
unsigned char TCORB;	/* TCORB	*/
unsigned char TCNTV;	/* TCNT	*/
union {	/* TCRV1	*/
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	* /
struct {	/*Bit Access	* /
unsigned char wk :3;	/*	* /
unsigned char TVEG:2;	/* TVEG	* /
unsigned char TRGE:1;	/* TRGE	* /
unsigned char :1;	/*	* /
unsigned char ICKS:1;	/* ICKS	* /
} BIT;	/*	* /
} TCRV1;	/*	* /
};	/*	* /
<pre>struct st_tw {</pre>	/* struct TW	* /
union {	/* TMRW	* /
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	* /
struct {	/* Bit Access	* /
unsigned char CTS :1;	/* CTS	* /
unsigned char :1;	/*	* /
unsigned char BUFEA:1;	/* BUFEA	*/
unsigned char BUFEB:1;	/* BUFEB	*/
unsigned char :1;	/*	* /
unsigned char PWMD :1;	/* PWMD	*/
unsigned char PWMC :1;	/* PWMC	*/
unsigned char PWMB :1;	/* PWMB	*/
} BIT;	/*	*/
} TMRW;	/*	*/
union {	/* TCRW	*/
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	* /
struct {	/* Bit Access	* /
unsigned char CCLR:1;	/* CCLR	* /
unsigned char CKS :3;	/* CKS	* /
unsigned char TOD :1;	/* TOD	* /
unsigned char TOC :1;	/* TOC	* /

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unsigned char TOB :1;	/* TOB	*/
unsigned char TOA :1;	/* TOA	*/
} BIT;	/*	*/
} TCRW;	/*	*/
union {	/* TIERW	*/
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	*/
struct {	/* Bit Access	*/
unsigned char OVIE :1;	/* OVIE	*/
unsigned char :3;	/*	*/
unsigned char IMIED:1;	/* IMIED	*/
unsigned char IMIEC:1;	/* IMIEC	*/
unsigned char IMIEB:1;	/* IMIEB	*/
unsigned char IMIEA:1;	/* IMIEA	*/
} BIT;	/*	*/
<pre>} TIERW;</pre>	/*	*/
union {	/* TSRW	*/
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	*/
struct {	/* Bit Access	*/
unsigned char OVF :1;	/* OVF	*/
unsigned char :3;	/*	*/
unsigned char IMFD:1;	/* IMFD	*/
unsigned char IMFC:1;	/* IMFC	*/
unsigned char IMFB:1;	/* IMFB	*/
unsigned char IMFA:1;	/* IMFA	*/
} BIT;	/*	*/
} TSRW;	/*	*/
union {	/* TIOR0	*/
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	*/
struct {	/* Bit Access	*/
unsigned char wk :1;	/*	* /
unsigned char IOB:3;	/* IOB	* /
unsigned char :1;	/*	* /
unsigned char IOA:3;	/* IOA	* /
} BIT;	/*	* /
} TIOR0;	/*	*/
union {	/* TIOR1	*/
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	*/
struct {	/* Bit Access	*/
unsigned char wk :1;	/*	*/

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unsigned char IOD:3;	/* IOD	*/
unsigned char :1;	/*	*/
unsigned char IOC:3;	/* IOC	*/
} BIT;	/*	*/
} TIOR1;	/*	*/
unsigned int TCNT;	/* TCNT	*/
unsigned int GRA;	/* GRA	*/
unsigned int GRB;	/* GRB	*/
unsigned int GRC;	/* GRC	*/
unsigned int GRD;	/* GRD	*/
};	/*	*/
<pre>struct st_sci3 {</pre>	/* struct SCI3	*/
union {	/* SMR	*/
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	*/
struct {	/* Bit Access	*/
unsigned char COM :1;	/* COM	* /
unsigned char CHR :1;	/* CHR	*/
unsigned char PE :1;	/* PE	*/
unsigned char PM :1;	/* PM	*/
unsigned char STOP:1;	/* STOP	*/
unsigned char MP :1;	/* MP	*/
unsigned char CKS :2;	/* CKS	*/
} BIT;	/*	*/
} SMR;	/*	*/
unsigned char BRR;	/* BRR	*/
union {	/* SCR3	*/
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	*/
struct {	/* Bit Access	*/
unsigned char TIE :1;	/* TIE	*/
unsigned char RIE :1;	/* RIE	*/
unsigned char TE :1;	/* TE	*/
unsigned char RE :1;	/* RE	* /
unsigned char MPIE:1;	/* MPIE	*/
unsigned char TEIE:1;	/* TEIE	*/
unsigned char CKE :2;	/* CKE	*/
} BIT;	/*	*/
} SCR3;	/*	*/
unsigned char TDR;	/* TDR	*/

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union {	/* SSR	* /
----------------------------	----------------	-----
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	*/
struct {	/* Bit Access	* /
unsigned char TDRE:1;	/* TDRE	* /
unsigned char RDRF:1;	/* RDRF	* /
unsigned char OER :1;	/* OER	* /
unsigned char FER :1;	/* FER	*/
unsigned char PER :1;	/* PER	*/
unsigned char TEND:1;	/* TEND	* /
unsigned char MPBR:1;	/* MPBR	* /
unsigned char MPBT:1;	/* MPBT	* /
} BIT;	/*	* /
} SSR;	/*	*/
unsigned char RDR;	/* RDR	* /
};	/*	* /
<pre>struct st_ad {</pre>	/* struct A/D	* /
unsigned int DRA;	/* ADDRA	* /
unsigned int DRB;	/* ADDRB	* /
unsigned int DRC;	/* ADDRC	*/
unsigned int DRD;	/* ADDRD	*/
union {	/* ADCSR	*/
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	*/
struct {	/* Bit Access	*/
unsigned char ADF :1;	/* ADF	*/
unsigned char ADIE:1;	/* ADIE	*/
unsigned char ADST:1;	/* ADST	*/
unsigned char SCAN:1;	/* SCAN	*/
unsigned char CKS :1;	/* CKS	*/
unsigned char CH :3;	/* CH	*/
} BIT;	/*	*/
} CSR;	/*	*/
union {	/* ADCR	*/
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	*/
struct {	/* Bit Access	*/
unsigned char TRGE:1;	/* TRGE	*/
} BIT;	/*	*/
} CR;	/*	*/
};	/*	*/
<pre>struct st_wdt {</pre>	/* struct WDT	* /
union {	/* TCSRWD	*/

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-

unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	* /
struct {	/* Bit Access	* /
unsigned char B6WI :1;	/* B6WI	*/
unsigned char TCWE :1;	/* TCWE	*/
unsigned char B4WI :1;	/* B4WI	*/
unsigned char TCSRWE:1;	/* TCSRWE	* /
unsigned char B2WI :1;	/* B2WI	* /
unsigned char WDON :1;	/* WDON	* /
unsigned char BOWI :1;	/* BOWI	* /
unsigned char WRST :1;	/* WRST	* /
} BIT;	/*	* /
} TCSRWD;	/*	* /
unsigned char TCWD;	/* TCWD	* /
union {	/* TMWD	* /
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	* /
struct {	/* Bit Access	* /
unsigned char wk :4;	/*	* /
unsigned char CKS:4;	/* CKS	* /
} BIT;	/*	* /
} TMWD;	/*	* /
};	/*	* /
<pre>struct st_iic {</pre>	/* struct IIC	* /
union {	/* ICCR	* /
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	* /
struct {	/* Bit Access	* /
unsigned char ICE :1;	/* ICE	* /
unsigned char IEIC:1;	/* IEIC	* /
unsigned char MST :1;	/* MST	* /
unsigned char TRS :1;	/* TRS	* /
unsigned char ACKE:1;	/* ACKE	* /
unsigned char BBSY:1;	/* BBSY	* /
unsigned char IRIC:1;	/* IRIC	* /
unsigned char SCP :1;	/* SCP	* /
} BIT;	/*	*/
} ICCR;	/*	*/
union {	/* ICSR	*/
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	*/
struct {	/* Bit Access	* /
unsigned char ESTP:1;	/* ESTP	*/

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unsigned char STOP:1;	/* STOP	* /
unsigned char IRTR:1;	/* IRTR	* /
unsigned char AASX:1;	/* AASX	* /
unsigned char AL :1;	/* AL	* /
unsigned char AAS :1;	/* AAS	* /
unsigned char ADZ :1;	/* ADZ	* /
unsigned char ACKB:1;	/* ACKB	* /
} BIT;	/*	* /
} ICSR;	/*	* /
union {	/*	* /
struct {	/*	* /
union {	/* SARX	* /
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	* /
struct {	/* Bit Access	* /
unsigned char SVAX:7;	/* SVAX	* /
unsigned char FSX :1;	/* FSX	* /
} BIT;	/*	* /
} UN_SARX;	/*	* /
union {	/* SAR	* /
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	* /
struct {	/* Bit Access	* /
unsigned char SVA:7;	/* SVA	* /
unsigned char FS :1;	/* FS	* /
} BIT;	/*	* /
} UN_SAR;	/*	*/
} ICE0;	/*	* /
struct {	/*	* /
unsigned char UN_ICDR;	/* ICDR	* /
union {	/* ICMR	* /
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	* /
struct {	/* Bit Access	* /
unsigned char MLS :1;	/* MLS	* /
unsigned char WAIT:1;	/* WAIT	* /
unsigned char CKS :3;	/* CKS	* /
unsigned char BC :3;	/* BC	* /
} BIT;	/*	* /
} UN_ICMR;	/*	* /
} ICE1;	/*	* /
} EQU;	/*	* /
};	/*	* /

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	(A	
struct st_abrk {	/* struct ABRK	*/
union {	/* ABRKCR	*/
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	*/
struct {	/* Bit Access	*/
unsigned char RTINTE:1;	/* RTINTE	*/
unsigned char CSEL :2;	/* CSEL	*/
unsigned char ACMP :3;	/* ACMP	* /
unsigned char DCMP :2;	/* DCMP	*/
} BIT;	/*	* /
} CR;	/*	* /
union {	/* ABRKSR	* /
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	* /
struct {	/* Bit Access	* /
unsigned char ABIF:1;	/* ABIF	* /
unsigned char ABIE:1;	/* ABIE	* /
} BIT;	/*	* /
} SR;	/*	* /
void *BAR;	/* BAR	* /
unsigned int BDR;	/* BDR	* /
};	/*	* /
struct st_io {	/* struct IO	
*/union {	/* PUCR1	* /
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	* /
struct {	/* Bit Access	* /
unsigned char B7:1;	/* Bit 7	*/
unsigned char B6:1;	/* Bit 6	* /
unsigned char B5:1;	/* Bit 5	* /
unsigned char B4:1;	/* Bit 4	* /
unsigned char :1;	/* Bit 3	* /
unsigned char B2:1;	/* Bit 2	* /
unsigned char B1:1;	/* Bit 1	* /
unsigned char B0:1;	/* Bit 0	* /
} BIT;	/*	* /
} PUCR1;	/*	*/
union {	/* PUCR5	* /
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	* /
struct {	/* Bit Access	*/
unsigned char wk:2;		
unsigned char wk.z/	/* Bit 7,6	*/
unsigned char B5:1;	/* Bit 7,6 /* Bit 5	*/ */

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unsigned char B4:1;	/* Bit 4	*/
unsigned char B3:1;	/* Bit 3	* /
unsigned char B2:1;	/* Bit 2	* /
unsigned char B1:1;	/* Bit 1	* /
unsigned char B0:1;	/* Bit 0	* /
} BIT;	/*	*/
} PUCR5;	/*	*/
char wk1[2];	/*	*/
union {	/* PDR1	*/
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	*/
struct {	/* Bit Access	*/
unsigned char B7:1;	/* Bit 7	*/
unsigned char B6:1;	/* Bit 6	*/
unsigned char B5:1;	/* Bit 5	*/
unsigned char B4:1;	/* Bit 4	*/
unsigned char :1;	/* Bit 3	*/
unsigned char B2:1;	/* Bit 2	*/
unsigned char Bl:1;	/* Bit 1	*/
unsigned char B0:1;	/* Bit 0	*/
} BIT;	/*	*/
} PDR1;	/*	*/
union {	/* PDR2	*/
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	* /
struct {	/* Bit Access	* /
unsigned char wk:5;	/* Bit 7-3	* /
unsigned char B2:1;	/* Bit 2	* /
unsigned char Bl:1;	/* Bit 1	* /
unsigned char B0:1;	/* Bit 0	* /
} BIT;	/*	*/
} PDR2;	/*	*/
char wk2[2];	/*	* /
union {	/* PDR5	*/
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	* /
struct {	/* Bit Access	*/
unsigned char B7:1;	/* Bit 7	* /
unsigned char B6:1;	/* Bit 6	* /
unsigned char B5:1;	/* Bit 5	* /
unsigned char B4:1;	/* Bit 4	* /
unsigned char B3:1;	/* Bit 3	* /
unsigned char B2:1;	/* Bit 2	* /

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unsigned char B1:1;	/* Bit 1	* /
unsigned char B0:1;	/* Bit 0	* /
} BIT;	/*	* /
} PDR5;	/*	* /
char wk3;	/*	* /
union {	/* PDR7	* /
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	* /
struct {	/* Bit Access	* /
unsigned char wk:1;	/* Bit 7	* /
unsigned char B6:1;	/* Bit 6	* /
unsigned char B5:1;	/* Bit 5	* /
unsigned char B4:1;	/* Bit 4	* /
} BIT;	/*	* /
} PDR7;	/*	* /
union {	/* PDR8	* /
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	* /
struct {	/* Bit Access	* /
unsigned char B7:1;	/* Bit 7	* /
unsigned char B6:1;	/* Bit 6	* /
unsigned char B5:1;	/* Bit 5	* /
unsigned char B4:1;	/* Bit 4	* /
unsigned char B3:1;	/* Bit 3	* /
} BIT;	/*	* /
} PUCR1;	/*	* /
union {	/* PUCR5	* /
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	*/
struct {	/* Bit Access	* /
unsigned char wk:2;	/* Bit 7,6	* /
unsigned char B5:1;	/* Bit 5	* /
unsigned char B4:1;	/* Bit 4	* /
unsigned char B3:1;	/* Bit 3	*/
unsigned char B2:1;	/* Bit 2	* /
unsigned char B1:1;	/* Bit 1	* /
unsigned char B0:1;	/* Bit 0	* /
} BIT;	/*	* /
} PUCR5;	/*	*/
char wk1[2];	/*	*/
union {	/* PDR1	*/
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	*/

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struct {	/* Bit Access	* /
unsigned char B7:1;	/* Bit 7	* /
unsigned char B6:1;	/* Bit 6	* /
unsigned char B5:1;	/* Bit 5	* /
unsigned char B4:1;	/* Bit 4	* /
unsigned char :1;	/* Bit 3	* /
unsigned char B2:1;	/* Bit 2	* /
unsigned char B1:1;	/* Bit 1	* /
unsigned char B0:1;	/* Bit 0	* /
} BIT;	/*	* /
} PDR1;	/*	* /
union {	/* PDR2	* /
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	* /
struct {	/* Bit Access	* /
unsigned char wk:5;	/* Bit 7-3	* /
unsigned char B2:1;	/* Bit 2	* /
unsigned char B1:1;	/* Bit 1	* /
unsigned char B0:1;	/* Bit 0	* /
} BIT;	/*	* /
} PDR2;	/*	* /
char wk2[2];	/*	* /
	,	
union {	/* PDR5	* /
		*/
union {	/* PDR5	
union { unsigned char BYTE;	/* PDR5 /* Byte Access	*/
union { unsigned char BYTE; struct {	/* PDR5 /* Byte Access /* Bit Access	*/ */
union { unsigned char BYTE; struct { unsigned char B7:1;	/* PDR5 /* Byte Access /* Bit Access /* Bit 7	*/ */ */
union { unsigned char BYTE; struct { unsigned char B7:1; unsigned char B6:1;	/* PDR5 /* Byte Access /* Bit Access /* Bit 7 /* Bit 6	*/ */ */
union { unsigned char BYTE; struct { unsigned char B7:1; unsigned char B6:1; unsigned char B5:1;	<pre>/* PDR5 /* Byte Access /* Bit Access /* Bit 7 /* Bit 6 /* Bit 5</pre>	*/ */ */ */
union { unsigned char BYTE; struct { unsigned char B7:1; unsigned char B6:1; unsigned char B5:1; unsigned char B4:1;	<pre>/* PDR5 /* Byte Access /* Bit Access /* Bit 7 /* Bit 6 /* Bit 5 /* Bit 4</pre>	*/ */ */ */ */
<pre>union { unsigned char BYTE; struct { unsigned char B7:1; unsigned char B6:1; unsigned char B5:1; unsigned char B4:1; unsigned char B3:1;</pre>	<pre>/* PDR5 /* Byte Access /* Bit Access /* Bit 7 /* Bit 6 /* Bit 5 /* Bit 4 /* Bit 3</pre>	*/ */ */ */ */
<pre>union { unsigned char BYTE; struct { unsigned char B7:1; unsigned char B6:1; unsigned char B5:1; unsigned char B4:1; unsigned char B3:1; unsigned char B2:1;</pre>	<pre>/* PDR5 /* Byte Access /* Bit Access /* Bit 7 /* Bit 6 /* Bit 5 /* Bit 4 /* Bit 3 /* Bit 2</pre>	*/ */ */ */ */ */
<pre>union { unsigned char BYTE; struct { unsigned char B7:1; unsigned char B6:1; unsigned char B5:1; unsigned char B4:1; unsigned char B3:1; unsigned char B2:1; unsigned char B1:1;</pre>	<pre>/* PDR5 /* Byte Access /* Bit Access /* Bit 7 /* Bit 6 /* Bit 5 /* Bit 4 /* Bit 3 /* Bit 2 /* Bit 1</pre>	*/ */ */ */ */ */
<pre>union { unsigned char BYTE; struct { unsigned char B7:1; unsigned char B6:1; unsigned char B5:1; unsigned char B4:1; unsigned char B3:1; unsigned char B2:1; unsigned char B1:1; unsigned char B1:1;</pre>	<pre>/* PDR5 /* Byte Access /* Bit Access /* Bit 7 /* Bit 6 /* Bit 5 /* Bit 4 /* Bit 3 /* Bit 2 /* Bit 1 /* Bit 0</pre>	*/ */ */ */ */ */ */ */
<pre>union { unsigned char BYTE; struct { unsigned char B7:1; unsigned char B6:1; unsigned char B6:1; unsigned char B1:1; unsigned char B2:1; unsigned char B1:1; unsigned char B1:1; </pre>	<pre>/* PDR5 /* Byte Access /* Bit Access /* Bit 7 /* Bit 6 /* Bit 5 /* Bit 4 /* Bit 3 /* Bit 2 /* Bit 1 /* Bit 0 /*</pre>	*/ */ */ */ */ */ */ */
<pre>union { unsigned char BYTE; struct { unsigned char B7:1; unsigned char B6:1; unsigned char B5:1; unsigned char B4:1; unsigned char B3:1; unsigned char B2:1; unsigned char B1:1; unsigned char B0:1; } BIT; } PDR5;</pre>	<pre>/* PDR5 /* Byte Access /* Bit Access /* Bit 7 /* Bit 6 /* Bit 5 /* Bit 4 /* Bit 3 /* Bit 2 /* Bit 1 /* Bit 0 /* /*</pre>	*/ */ */ */ */ */ */ */ */
<pre>union { unsigned char BYTE; struct { unsigned char B7:1; unsigned char B6:1; unsigned char B5:1; unsigned char B1:1; unsigned char B1:1; unsigned char B1:1; unsigned char B0:1; } BIT; } PDR5; char wk3;</pre>	<pre>/* PDR5 /* Byte Access /* Bit Access /* Bit 7 /* Bit 6 /* Bit 5 /* Bit 4 /* Bit 3 /* Bit 2 /* Bit 1 /* Bit 0 /* /* /*</pre>	*/ */ */ */ */ */ */ */ */ */
<pre>union { unsigned char BYTE; struct { unsigned char B7:1; unsigned char B6:1; unsigned char B5:1; unsigned char B4:1; unsigned char B3:1; unsigned char B2:1; unsigned char B1:1; unsigned char B0:1; } BIT; } PDR5; char wk3; union {</pre>	<pre>/* PDR5 /* Byte Access /* Bit Access /* Bit 7 /* Bit 6 /* Bit 5 /* Bit 4 /* Bit 3 /* Bit 2 /* Bit 1 /* Bit 0 /* /* /* /* /* PDR7</pre>	*/ */ */ */ */ */ */ */ */ */ */
<pre>union { unsigned char BYTE; struct { unsigned char B7:1; unsigned char B6:1; unsigned char B5:1; unsigned char B1:1; unsigned char B2:1; unsigned char B1:1; unsigned char B0:1; } BIT; } PDR5; char wk3; union { unsigned char BYTE;</pre>	<pre>/* PDR5 /* Byte Access /* Bit Access /* Bit 7 /* Bit 6 /* Bit 5 /* Bit 4 /* Bit 3 /* Bit 2 /* Bit 1 /* Bit 0 /* /* /* /* /* PDR7 /* Byte Access</pre>	*/ */ */ */ */ */ */ */ */ */ */

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unsigned char B6:1;	/* Bit 6	* /
unsigned char B5:1;	/* Bit 5	*/
unsigned char B4:1;	/* Bit 4	*/
} BIT;	/*	* /
} PDR7;	/*	* /
union {	/* PDR8	* /
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	* /
struct {	/* Bit Access	* /
unsigned char B7:1;	/* Bit 7	*/
unsigned char B6:1;	/* Bit 6	* /
unsigned char B5:1;	/* Bit 5	*/
unsigned char B4:1;	/* Bit 4	*/
unsigned char B3:1;	/* Bit 3	*/
unsigned char B2:1;	/* Bit 2	*/
unsigned char B1:1;	/* Bit 1	*/
unsigned char B0:1;	/* Bit 0	*/
} BIT;	/*	*/
} PDR8;	/*	*/
char wk4;	/*	* /
union {	/* PDRB	*/
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	*/
struct {	/* Bit Access	*/
unsigned char B7:1;	/* Bit 7	*/
unsigned char B6:1;	/* Bit 6	*/
unsigned char B5:1;	/* Bit 5	*/
unsigned char B4:1;	/* Bit 4	*/
unsigned char B3:1;	/* Bit 3	* /
unsigned char B2:1;	/* Bit 2	* /
unsigned char B1:1;	/* Bit 1	* /
unsigned char B0:1;	/* Bit 0	* /
} BIT;	/*	* /
} PDRB;	/*	* /
char wk5[2];	/*	* /
union {	/* PMR1	* /
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	* /
struct {	/* Bit Access	* /
unsigned char IRQ3:1;	/* IRQ3	* /
unsigned char IRQ2:1;	/* IRQ2	* /
unsigned char IRQ1:1;	/* IRQ1	* /
unsigned char IRQ0:1;	/* IRQ0	* /

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unsigned char :2;	/*	* /
unsigned char TXD :1;	/* TXD	* /
unsigned char TMOW:1;	/* TMOW	* /
} BIT;	/*	* /
} PMR1;	/*	* /
union {	/* PMR5	* /
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	* /
struct {	/* Bit Access	* /
unsigned char wk :2;	/*	* /
unsigned char WKP5:1;	/* WKP5	* /
unsigned char WKP4:1;	/* WKP4	* /
unsigned char WKP3:1;	/* WKP3	* /
unsigned char WKP2:1;	/* WKP2	* /
unsigned char WKP1:1;	/* WKP1	* /
unsigned char WKP0:1;	/* WKP0	* /
} BIT;	/*	* /
} PMR5;	/*	* /
char wk6[2];	/*	* /
unsigned char PCR1;	/* PCR1	* /
unsigned char PCR2;	/* PCR2	* /
char wk7[2];	/*	* /
unsigned char PCR5;	/* PCR5	* /
char wk8;	/*	* /
unsigned char PCR7;	/* PCR7	* /
unsigned char PCR8;	/* PCR8	* /
};	/*	* /
union un_syscr1 {	/* union SYSCR1	* /
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	* /
struct {	/* Bit Access	* /
unsigned char SSBY :1;	/* SSBY	* /
unsigned char STS :3;	/* STS	* /
unsigned char NESEL:1;	/* NESEL	* /
} BIT;	/*	* /
};	/*	* /
union un_syscr2 {	/* union SYSCR2	* /
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	*/
struct {	/* Bit Access	*/
unsigned char SMSEL:1;	/* SMSEL	*/
unsigned char LSON :1;	/* LSON	*/
unsigned char DTON :1;	/* DTON	*/

unsigned char MA :3;	/* MA	*/
unsigned char SA :2;	/* SA	*/
} BIT;	/*	*/
};	/*	*/
union un_iegr1 {	/* union IEGR1	*/
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	*/
struct {	/* Bit Access	*/
unsigned char NMIEG:1;	/* NMIEG	*/
unsigned char :3;	/*	*/
unsigned char IEG3 :1;	/* IEG3	*/
unsigned char IEG2 :1;	/* IEG2	*/
unsigned char IEG1 :1;	/* IEG1	*/
unsigned char IEG0 :1;	/* IEG0	*/
} BIT;	/*	*/
};	/*	*/
union un_iegr2 {	/* union IEGR2	*/
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	*/
struct {	/* Bit Access	*/
unsigned char wk :2;	/*	*/
unsigned char WPEG5:1;	/* WPEG5	*/
unsigned char WPEG4:1;	/* WPEG4	*/
unsigned char WPEG3:1;	/* WPEG3	*/
unsigned char WPEG2:1;	/* WPEG2	*/
unsigned char WPEG1:1;	/* WPEG1	*/
unsigned char WPEG0:1;	/* WPEG0	*/
} BIT;	/*	*/
};	/*	*/
union un_ienr1 {	/* union IENR1	*/
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	*/
struct {	/* Bit Access	*/
unsigned char IENDT:1;	/* IENDT	*/
unsigned char IENTA:1;	/* IENTA	*/
unsigned char IENWP:1;	/* IENWP	*/
unsigned char :1;	/*	*/
unsigned char IEN3 :1;	/* IEN3	*/
unsigned char IEN2 :1;	/* IEN2	*/
unsigned char IEN1 :1;	/* IEN1	*/
unsigned char IEN0 :1;	/* IEN0	*/
} BIT;	/*	*/

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};	/*	*/
union un_irr1 {	/* union IRR1	* /
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	* /
struct {	/* Bit Access	*/
unsigned char IRRDT:1;	/* IRRDT	* /
unsigned char IRRTA:1;	/* IRRTA	* /
unsigned char :2;	/*	* /
unsigned char IRRI3:1;	/* IRRI3	* /
unsigned char IRRI2:1;	/* IRRI2	* /
unsigned char IRRI1:1;	/* IRRI1	* /
unsigned char IRRI0:1;	/* IRRIO	*/
} BIT;	/*	*/
};	/*	*/
union un_iwpr {	/* union IWPR	*/
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	*/
struct {	/* Bit Access	*/
unsigned char wk :2;	/*	*/
unsigned char IWPF5:1;	/* IWPF5	* /
unsigned char IWPF4:1;	/* IWPF4	* /
unsigned char IWPF3:1;	/* IWPF3	* /
unsigned char IWPF2:1;	/* IWPF2	* /
unsigned char IWPF1:1;	/* IWPF1	* /
unsigned char IWPF0:1;	/* IWPF0	* /
} BIT;	/*	* /
};	/*	* /
union un_mstcrl {	/* union MSTCR1	* /
unsigned char BYTE;	/* Byte Access	* /
struct {	/* Bit Access	*/
unsigned char wk :1;	/*	* /
unsigned char MSTIIC:1;	/* MSTIIC	* /
unsigned char MSTS3 :1;	/* MSTS3	* /
unsigned char MSTAD :1;	/* MSTAD	*/
unsigned char MSTWD :1;	/* MSTWD	* /
unsigned char MSTTW :1;	/* MSTTW	* /
unsigned char MSTTV :1;	/* MSTTV	* /
unsigned char MSTTA :1;	/* MSTTA	* /
} BIT;	/*	*/
};	/*	*/
union un_tscr {	/* union TSCR	*/

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unsigned char BYTE;		/* Byte Access	* /
struct {		/* Bit Access	*/
unsigned char wk :6;		/*	* /
unsigned char IICRST:1;		/* IICRST	*/
unsigned char IICX :1;		/* IICX	* /
} BIT;		/*	*/
};		/*	*/
#define FLASH	(*(volatile struct st_flash *)0xFF90)	/* FLASH Address	*/
#define TA	(*(volatile struct st_ta *)0xFFA6)	/* TA Address	*/
#define TV	(*(volatile struct st_tv *)0xFFA0)	/* TV Address	*/
#define TW	(*(volatile struct st_tw *)0xFF80)	/* TW Address	*/
#define SCI3	(*(volatile struct st_sci3 *)0xFFA8)	/* SCI3 Address	*/
#define AD	(*(volatile struct st_ad *)0xFFB0)	/* A/D Address	*/
#define WDT	(*(volatile struct st_wdt *)0xFFC0)	/* WDT Address	*/
#define IIC	(*(volatile struct st_iic *)0xFFC4)	/* IIC Address	*/
#define ICDR	EQU.ICE1.UN_ICDR	/* ICDR Change	*/
#define ICMR	EQU.ICE1.UN_ICMR	/* ICDR Change	*/
#define SAR	EQU.ICE0.UN_SAR	/* SAR Change	*/
#define SARX	EQU.ICE0.UN_SARX	/* SARX Change	* /
#define ABRK	(*(volatile struct st_abrk *)0xFFC8)	/* ABRK Address	* /
#define IO	(*(volatile struct st_io	/* IO Address	* /
#define SYSCR1	(*(volatile union un_syscrl*)0xFFF0)	/* SYSCR1Address	*/
#define SYSCR2	(*(volatile union un_syscr2*)0xFFF1)	/* SYSCR2Address	* /
#define IEGR1	(*(volatile union un_iegr1 *)0xFFF2)	/* IEGR1 Address	* /
#define IEGR2	(*(volatile union un_iegr2 *)0xFFF3)	/* IEGR2 Address	*/
#define IENR1	(*(volatile union un_ienr1 *)0xFFF4)	/* IENR1 Address	* /
#define IRR1	(*(volatile union un_irr1 *)0xFFF6)	/* IRR1 Address	* /
#define IWPR	(*(volatile union un_iwpr *)0xFFF8)	/* IWPR Address	*/
#define MSTCR1	(*(volatile union un_mstcr1*)0xFFF9)	/* MSTCR1Address	*/
#define TSCR	(*(volatile union un_tscr *)0xFFFC)	/* TSCR Address	*/
#define EKR	(*(volatile unsigned char *)0xFF10)	/* EKR Address	* /

### 7. Program Listing

```
File : INIT.SRC
;
;/*
      Assembler routine
                                                                                         */
;
          _INIT
.EXPORT
.IMPORT
           _main
.SECTION
           P,CODE
_INIT:
MOV.W
           #H'FF80,R7
LDC.B
           #B'10000000,CCR
JMP
           @ main
;
.END
File : EPR.c
/*
                                                                                         */
/* FILE
                    :EPR.C
                                                                                          */
/* DATE
                    :Jun 29, 2001
                                                                                         */
/* DESCRIPTION
                    :Main Program
                                                                                          * /
/*
   CPU TYPE
                    :H8/3664F
                                                                                          */
/*
                                                                                          * /
/* This file is generated by Hitachi Project Generator (Ver.1.0)
                                                                                          */
/*
                                                                                          */
#include <machine.h>
#include "H8_3664_C.H"
extern
         void INIT( void );
extern
         unsigned char Read_page_EEPROM( unsigned short adrs , unsigned char *rd_ptr );
         unsigned char Write_page_EEPROM( unsigned short adrs , unsigned char *wr_ptr );
extern
extern
         unsigned char Write_byte_EEPROM( unsigned short adrs , unsigned char wr_data );
         unsigned char Read_byte_EEPROM( unsigned short adrs );
extern
         unsigned char Read_n_EEPROM( unsigned short adrs, unsigned char *rd_ptr, unsigned short no );
extern
voidmain ( void );
voidwait_ack( unsigned short limit ) ;
voidwait ( unsigned short limit );
voidTest_EEPROM( void );
```

/*;*********************	*****	*****	-/
/*; Vector Address			*/
/*;*********************	***************************************	*****	- /
#pragma section	V1	/* VECTOR SECTOIN SET	*/
<pre>void (*const VEC_TBL1[])</pre>	)(void) = {		
/* 0x00 - 0x0f */			
INIT,		/* 00 RESET	*/
};			
#ifdefcplusplus			
extern "C" {			
#endif			
<pre>void abort(void);</pre>			
#ifdefcplusplus			
}			
#endif			
#pragma section		/* section:B	*/
unsigned char eeprom_buf	f[512];		
unsigned char test_code;	;		
unsigned char dummy;			
#pragma section		/* section:P	*/
/*;*************************	***************************************	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	*/
/*; Main Program		*/	
/*;*********************	***************************************	*************	*/
void main(void)			
{			
test_code = 1;			
while (1) {			
<pre>Test_EEPROM( );</pre>			
}			
}			

```
/*; IIC EEPRPM
                                                                                    */
/* test_code
                  test job
                                                                                    */
/* 0
                                                                                    */
                   nop
/* 1
                                                                                    */
                   byte write/read
/* 2
                                                                                    */
                   page write 0-ff
/* 3
                   page read
                                                                                    */
/* 4
                   page write all"ff"
                                                                                    */
/* 5
                   all read
                                                                                    * /
void Test_EEPROM( void ) {
unsigned char
                 ng_flag,wr_data;
unsigned short
                 i;
if (test_code == 1) {
i = 0;
while(i < 512)
                 {
wr_data = (unsigned char)(i & 0xff);
ng_flag = Write_byte_EEPROM(i , wr_data );
eeprom_buf[i] = Read_byte_EEPROM(i);
i++;
}
test_code = 0;
}
else if (test_code == 2) {
for (i = 0; i < 512; i++) {
eeprom_buf[i] = (unsigned char)((i>>1) & 0x00ff);
                                                         /* buf set
                                                                                    */
}
for (i = 0;i < 512;i+=8) {
                                                         /* write:0-511
ng_flag = Write_page_EEPROM( i , &eeprom_buf[i] );
                                                                                    */
}
test_code = 0;
}
else if (test_code == 3) {
for (i = 0;i < 512;i+=8) {
                                                        /* read:0-511
                                                                                   */
ng_flag = Read_page_EEPROM( i , &eeprom_buf[i] );
wait(100);
}
test_code = 0;
```

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```
}
else if (test_code == 4) {
for (i = 0;i < 8;i++) {
                                                                        /* buf:FF set
eeprom_buf[i] = 0xff;
                                                                                                         */
}
for (i = 0; i < 512; i+=8) {
ng_flag = Write_page_EEPROM( i , &eeprom_buf[0] );
                                                                       /* write:0-511
                                                                                                         */
}
test_code = 0;
}
else if (test_code == 5) {
for (i = 0;i < 512;i++) {
                                                                        /* buf clear
                                                                                                         */
eeprom_buf[i] = 0x00;
}
ng_flag = Read_n_EEPROM( 0x0000 , &eeprom_buf[0] ,512);
                                                                       /* read:0-511
                                                                                                         */
test_code = 0;
}
}
void wait( unsigned short limit ) \{
unsigned int cnt;
cnt = 0;
while (cnt < limit ) {
cnt++;
}
}
void abort(void)
{
}
```

```
File : IIC_EEPROM.c
/*-----*/
/* IIC EEPROM Read/Write
                                                                                  * /
/* Sub routine for H8/3664N built in EEPROM
                                                                                  */
/*-----*/
#include <machine.h>
#include "H8_3664_C.H"
                                                        /* EEPROM DEVICE CODE:101
#define DEVICE_CODE
                   0xa0
                                                                                  * /
#define SLAVE_ADRS
                   0x00
                                                        /* SLAVE ADRS:0
                                                                                  */
#define IIC_DATA_W
                   0 \times 00
                                                        /* WRITE_DATA
                                                                                  */
#define IIC_DATA_R
                                                        /* READ_DAT
                                                                                  * /
                   0 \times 01
#define WR_RETRY_CNT
                  10
                                                        /* tWC(1ms)*10=10ms
                                                                                  * /
#define WR OK
                  11
                                                        /* loop break
                                                                                  * /
                  Write_data_EEPROM( unsigned char wr_data );
unsigned char
unsigned char
                  Set_adrs_EEPROM( unsigned short adrs );
unsigned char
                  Recv_data1_EEPROM( void );
unsigned char
                  Recv_datan_EEPROM( unsigned char *rd_ptr , unsigned short no );
void
       wait_e( unsigned int loop);
extern
      unsigned char dummy;
/*-----
/* Read_page_EEPROM
                 (8byte)
                                                                                  * /
/* Argument1: Read address(unsigned short)
                                                                                  * /
/* Argument2: Storing read data address (unsigned char *)
                                                                                  * /
/* Return value: 1: OK / 0: NG EEPROM NOACK(unsigned char)
                                                                                  * /
/*-----*/
unsigned char Read_page_EEPROM( unsigned short adrs , unsigned char *rd_ptr ) {
unsigned char
                 i,ack;
IIC.ICCR.BYTE = 0x89;
                                                        /* ICE=1 P57, P56->SCL, SDA
                                                                                  */
IIC.ICMR.BYTE = 0x08;
TSCR BYTE = 0xfc;
ack = 0;
                                                                                  */
while (IIC.ICCR.BIT.BBSY != 0)
                                                        /* Bus busy?
```

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```
;
ack = Set_adrs_EEPROM(adrs);
                                                            /* Addressing(dummy write)
                                                                                        */
if (ack == 0) {
IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC = 0;
IIC.ICCR.BYTE = IIC.ICCR.BYTE & 0xfa;
                                                            /* Generate stop condition
                                                                                        */
return(0);
}
ack = Recv_datan_EEPROM(rd_ptr,8);
                                                            /* Data reading of 8 bytes
                                                                                        */
return(ack);
}
/*-----*/
/* Read_page_EEPROM (8byte)
                                                                                        */
/* Argument1: Read address (unsigned short)
                                                                                        */
/* Argument2: Storing read data address (unsigned char *)
                                                                                        */
/* Argument3: Number of read data (unsigned short)
                                                                                        */
/* Return value: 1: OK / 0: NG EEPROM NOACK(unsigned char)
                                                                                        * /
/*-----*/
unsigned char Read_n_EEPROM( unsigned short adrs , unsigned char *rd_ptr , unsigned short no ) {
unsigned char i,ack;
IIC.ICCR.BYTE = 0x89;
                                                            /* ICE=1 P57,P56->SCL,SDA
                                                                                       */
IIC.ICMR.BYTE = 0x08;
TSCR.BYTE = 0xfc;
ack = 0;
while (IIC.ICCR.BIT.BBSY != 0)
                                                            /* Bus busy?
                                                                                        */
;
ack = Set_adrs_EEPROM(adrs);
                                                            /* Addressing (dummy write)
                                                                                        */
if (ack == 0) {
IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC = 0;
IIC.ICCR.BYTE = IIC.ICCR.BYTE & Oxfa;
                                                            /* Generate stop condition
                                                                                        * /
return(0);
}
ack = Recv_datan_EEPROM(rd_ptr,no);
                                                            /* Data reading of n bytes */
```

return(ack);

```
}
/*-----*/
/* Write_page_EEPROM (8byte)
                                                                                       */
/* Argument1: Write address (unsigned short)
                                                                                       */
/* Argument2: Storing write data address (unsigned char *)
                                                                                       */
/* Return value: 1: OK / 0: NG EEPROM NOACK(unsigned char)
                                                                                       */
/*-----*/
unsigned char Write_page_EEPROM( unsigned short adrs , unsigned char *wr_ptr ) {
unsigned char loop,i,ack;
ack = 0;
loop = 0;
while (loop <= WR_RETRY_CNT) {</pre>
IIC.ICCR.BYTE = 0x89;
                                                            /* ICE=1(P57,P56->SCL,SDA) */
IIC.ICMR.BYTE = 0x08;
TSCR.BYTE = 0xfc;
while (IIC.ICCR.BIT.BBSY != 0)
                                                            /* Bus busy?
                                                                                       * /
;
ack = Set_adrs_EEPROM(adrs);
                                                            /* Addressing
                                                                                       */
if ( ack == 1 ) {
loop = WR_OK;
}
else {
IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC = 0;
IIC.ICCR.BYTE = IIC.ICCR.BYTE & 0xfa;
                                                            /* Generation of stop condition */
wait_e(1000);
                                                            /* tWC=1ms
                                                                                       */
loop++;
}
}
if (ack == 1) {
IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC = 0;
i = 0;
while ((i < 8) && (ack == 1)) {
ack = Write_data_EEPROM(*wr_ptr);
                                                            /* Writing of data of 8 bytes */
wr_ptr++;
```

```
i++;
}
IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC = 0;
IIC.ICCR.BYTE = IIC.ICCR.BYTE & 0xfa;
                                                /* Generation of stop condition */
}
return(ack);
}
/*-----*/
                                                                      */
/* wait_e (Wait sub routine for EEPROM)
/* Argument1: Number of loops (unsigned short)
                                                                      */
/* Return value: None
                                                                      */
/*-----*/
void wait_e( unsigned int loop) {
unsigned int i;
for (i=0;i < loop;i++) {</pre>
dummy++;
}
}
/*-----*/
/* Read_byte_EEPROM
                                                                      */
/* Argument1: Read address (unsigned short)
                                                                      */
/* Return value: Read data (unsigned char)
                                                                      */
/*-----*/
unsigned char Read_byte_EEPROM( unsigned short adrs ) {
unsigned char data,ack;
IIC.ICCR.BYTE = 0x89;
                                                /* ICE=1 P57,P56->SCL,SDA
                                                                     */
IIC.ICMR.BYTE = 0x08;
TSCR.BYTE = 0xfc;
while (IIC.ICCR.BIT.BBSY != 0)
                                                /* Bus busy?
                                                                      */
;
ack = Set_adrs_EEPROM(adrs);
                                                /* Addressing (dummy write)
                                                                      * /
if (ack == 1) {
data = Recv_data1_EEPROM();
```

```
}
IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC = 0;
                                                         /* Generate stop condition */
IIC.ICCR.BYTE = IIC.ICCR.BYTE & 0xfa;
return(data);
}
/*-----*/
/* Write_byte_EEPROM
                                                                                    */
/* Argument1: Write address (unsigned short)
                                                                                    */
/* Argument2: Write data (unsigned char)
                                                                                    */
/* Return value: 1: OK / 0: NG EEPROM NOACK(unsigned char)
                                                                                    */
/*-----*/
unsigned char Write_byte_EEPROM( unsigned short adrs , unsigned char wr_data ) \{
unsigned char
                 loop,ack;
ack = 0;
loop = 0;
while (loop <= WR_RETRY_CNT) {
IIC.ICCR.BYTE = 0x89;
                                                         /* ICE=1(P57,P56->SCL,SDA) */
IIC.ICMR.BYTE = 0x08;
TSCR.BYTE = 0xfc;
while (IIC.ICCR.BIT.BBSY != 0)
                                                         /* Bus busy?
                                                                                    */
;
ack = Set_adrs_EEPROM(adrs);
if ( ack == 1 ) {
loop = WR_OK;
}
else {
IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC = 0;
IIC.ICCR.BYTE = IIC.ICCR.BYTE & 0xfa;
                                                         /* Generate stop condition */
wait_e(1000);
                                                         /* tWC=1ms
                                                                                   */
loop++;
}
}
```

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if (ack == 1) { ack = Write\_data\_EEPROM(wr\_data); IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC = 0; IIC.ICCR.BYTE = IIC.ICCR.BYTE & 0xfa; /\* Generate stop condition \*/ } return(ack); } /\*-----\*/ /\* Write\_data\_EEPROM \*/ /\* Argument1: Write address (unsigned short) \*/ /\* Return value: 1: OK / 0: NG EEPROM NOACK(unsigned char) \*/ /\*-----\*/ /\*-----\*/ /\* (BYTE WRITE ACTION) \*/ /\* \*/ <4> /\* 123456789 \*/ /\* 000000000 \*/ Write data A /\* \* / /\*-----\_\*/ unsigned char Write\_data\_EEPROM( unsigned char wr\_data ) { /\* <4> \*/ IIC.ICDR = wr\_data; /\* <4> Set writing data \*/ IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC = 0; while (IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC == 0) /\* <4> Transmission complete? \*/ ; if ( IIC.ICSR.BIT.ACKB != 0 )  $\{$ /\* ACK? \* / return(0); } return(1); } /\*-----\*/ /\* Set\_adrs\_EEPROM \*/ /\* Argument1: Write / read address (unsigned short) \*/ \* / /\* Return value: 1: OK / 0: NG EEPROM NOACK(unsigned char) /\*-----\*/

/\*-----\*/ /\* ADDRESS SET ACTION / DUMMY WRITE ACTION) \* / <2> <3> /\* <1> \* / /\* 123456789 123456789 123456789 \* / /\* 101000000 00000000 00000000 \*/ /\* Slave WA Address HI A Address LO A \*/ /\*-----\*/ unsigned char Set\_adrs\_EEPROM( unsigned short adrs ) { unsigned char ret; IIC.ICCR.BYTE |= 0x30; /\* Master transmission setting (MST=1,TRS=1) \*/ IIC.ICCR.BYTE = ((IIC.ICCR.BYTE & 0xfe) | 0x04); /\* Generating of start condition \* / while (IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC == 0) /\* Transmission OK? \* / ; /\* <1> \* / IIC.ICDR = (unsigned char)(DEVICE\_CODE | SLAVE\_ADRS | IIC\_DATA\_W); /\* <1>Slave address set \* / IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC = 0; while (IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC == 0) /\* <1> Transmission complete? \*/ ; if ( IIC.ICSR.BIT.ACKB != 0 ) { /\* ACK? \*/ return(0); } /\* <2> \*/ IIC.ICDR = (unsigned char)(adrs >> 8); /\* <2> Upper address set \*/ IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC = 0; while (IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC == 0) /\* <2> Transmission complete? \* / ; if ( IIC.ICSR.BIT.ACKB != 0 ) { /\* ACK? \* / return(0); } /\* <3> \*/ IIC.ICDR = (unsigned char)(adrs & 0x00ff); /\* <3> Lower address set \* / IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC = 0; while (IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC == 0) /\* <3> Transmission complete? \*/ ;

```
if ( IIC.ICSR.BIT.ACKB != 0 ) {
                                                  /* ACK?
                                                                          * /
return(0);
}
return(1);
}
/*-----*/
/* Recv_data1_EEPROM
                                                                         */
                                                                         */
/* Return value: Read data (unsigned char)
/*-----*/
/*-----*/
/* (CURRENT ADDRESS READ ACTION)
                                                                         * /
/* <1>
               <2>
                                                                          */
/* 123456789
               123456789
                                                                          */
/* 101000010
               000000000
                                                                         */
/* Slave RA
               Read data A
                                                                         */
/*-----*/
unsigned char Recv_data1_EEPROM( void ) {
unsigned char
               recv;
IIC.ICCR.BYTE |= 0x30;
                                  /* Master transmission setting (MST=1,TRS=1)
                                                                         */
IIC.ICCR.BYTE = ((IIC.ICCR.BYTE & 0xfe) | 0x04);
                                  /* Generating of start condition
                                                                          */
while (IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC == 0)
                                  /* Transmission OK?
                                                                          */
;
IIC.ICDR = (unsigned char)(DEVICE_CODE | SLAVE_ADRS | IIC_DATA_R);
                                   /* <1> Slave address set
                                                                          * /
IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC = 0;
while (IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC == 0)
                                  /* <1> Transmission complete?
                                                                          * /
;
if ( IIC.ICSR.BIT.ACKB != 0 ) {
                                   /* ACK?
                                                                          * /
return(0);
}
wait_e(30);
                                   /* dummy wait
                                                                          */
                                                                          * /
                                   /* Master reception setting
IIC.ICCR.BIT.TRS = 0;
```

<pre>IIC.ICMR.BIT.WAIT = 1;</pre>						
<pre>IIC.ICSR.BIT.ACKB = 0;</pre>						
<pre>recv = IIC.ICDR;</pre>					/* dummy read	* /
<pre>IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC = 0;</pre>						
while (IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC	. == 0)				/* Reception complete?	* /
;						
					/* < The last reception >	* /
IIC.ICSR.BIT.ACKB = 1;						
<pre>IIC.ICCR.BIT.TRS = 1;</pre>						
<pre>IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC = 0;</pre>						
while (IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC	:== 0)				/* Reception complete?	*/
i						
<pre>IIC.ICMR.BIT.WAIT = 0;</pre>						
recv = IIC.ICDR;					/* Received data read	* /
						,
return(recv);						
}						
, /*						_*/
/* Recv_datan_EEPROM						*/
/* Argument1: Storing r	read data addr	ess (unsigned	char *)			*/
						*/
<pre>/* Argument2: Read byte number1-512 (unsigned char) /* Return value: 1: OK / 0: NG EEPROM NOACK (unsigned char)</pre>						*/
/ /* (CURRENT ADDRESS REA						*/
/* <1>	<2>	<3>	<n></n>			*/
/* 123456789		123456789				*/
		000000000				*/
		Read data A				*/
unsigned char Recv_datan						/
		gneu chai iu_	per , unsigned	SHOLE IN		
unsigned char	recv;					
				/* M	w twongmiggion gatting (MOR 1 mp	c−1) +/
<pre>IIC.ICCR.BYTE  = 0x30; /* Master transmission setting (MST=1,TRS=1) IIC.ICCR.BYTE = ((IIC.ICCR.BYTE &amp; 0xfe)   0x04);</pre>						5=1) ^/
11C.1CCK.BITE = ((11C.1C	CR.BIIE & UXI	= )   UXU4);				

	/* Generating of start condition	*/
while (IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC == 0)	/* Transmission OK?	*/
i		
<pre>IIC.ICDR = (unsigned char)(DEVICE_CODE   SLAVE_ADR.</pre>	S   IIC_DATA_R);	
	/* <1> Slave address set	* /
<pre>IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC = 0;</pre>		
	/* <l> Transmission complete?</l>	*/
;		
if ( IIC.ICSR.BIT.ACKB != 0 ) {	/* ACK?	*/
return(0);	, net	,
}		
<pre>wait_e(30);</pre>	/* dummy wait	*/
	/* Master reception setting	*/
<pre>IIC.ICCR.BIT.TRS = 0;</pre>		
<pre>IIC.ICMR.BIT.WAIT = 1;</pre>		
<pre>IIC.ICSR.BIT.ACKB = 0;</pre>		
<pre>recv = IIC.ICDR;</pre>	/* dummy read	*/
<pre>IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC = 0;</pre>		
while (IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC == 0)	/* Reception complete?	*/
;		
<pre>IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC = 0;</pre>		
while (1 < no) {		
while (IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC == 0)	/* Reception complete?	*/
;		
<pre>*rd_ptr = IIC.ICDR;</pre>	/* Received data read	*/
<pre>IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC = 0;</pre>		
while (IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC == 0)	/* Reception complete?	*/
;		
		+ /
rd_ptr++;	/* Storage address increment	*/
no;		

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```
if (1 < no) {
IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC = 0;
}
}
                         /* < The last reception >
                                                    */
IIC.ICSR.BIT.ACKB = 1;
IIC.ICCR.BIT.TRS = 1;
IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC = 0;
while (IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC == 0)
                        /* Reception complete?
                                                    */
;
IIC.ICMR.BIT.WAIT = 0;
                                                    */
*rd_ptr = IIC.ICDR;
                         /* Received data read
IIC.ICCR.BIT.IRIC = 0;
IIC.ICCR.BYTE = IIC.ICCR.BYTE & 0xfa;
                        /* Generation of stop condition
                                                    * /
return(1);
}
/*-----*/
/* IIC Register function
                                                    * /
/*-----*/
/*-----*/
/* ICSR 7 6 5 4 3 2
                 1
                                                    */
                     0
/* ESTP STOP IRTR AASX AL AAS ADZ ACKB
                                                    */
/*-----*/
/*-----*/
/* ICCR 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0
                                                    */
/* ICE IEICMST TRS ACKE BBSY IRIC SCP
                                                    */
/* 0x89 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 1
                                                    */
/* SCLSDA
                                                    */
              ACK Enable
/*-----*/
```

/*-									*/	
/*	ICMR	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0 *	/
/*		MLS	WAIT	CKS2	2 CKS1	CKS0	BC2	BC1	BC0 *	/
/*	0x08	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0 *	/
/*				CKS	= 40	0kHz		format	= 9bit *	/
/*-									*/	
/*-									*/	
/*	TCSR	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0 *	/
/*		1	1	1	1	1	1	IICRST	* IICX *	/
/*	0xfc	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0 *	/
/*-									*/	
/*-									*/	
/*	EEPF	ROM R	ead/	Write	e End	l			*/	
/*-									*/	