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APPLICATION NOTE

Control of a Brushless DC Motor (H8/3687)

Introduction

The H8/3687 is used to control a brushless DC motor in the way shown in Figure 1.1.

Target Device

H8/300H Tiny Series H8/3687

Contents

1.	Specifications	3
2.	Design	.4
3.	Description of Functions Used	.4
4.	Description of Operation	.12
_		
5.	Description of Software	.15
5.1	Description of Software Description of Modules	15
5.2	Description of Arguments	15
5.3	Description of Internal Registers	15
5.4	Description of RAM	.21
6.	Flowchart	.22
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7.	Program Listing	.26

Feb. 2003

ADE-502-119 16-bit / H8/300H Tiny

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Specifications

- 1. The H8/3687 is used to control a brushless DC motor in the way shown in Figure 1.1.
- 2. The H8/3687 detects signals that indicate the positions of the rotor's magnetic poles and operates the motor by producing six PWM waveforms that provide control of the rotating magnetic field according to the positional signals from the motor. The PWM signals are output through an I/O port and timer Z.
- 3. The H8/3687's built-in timer generates a PWM waveform that handles chopping control for the motor.

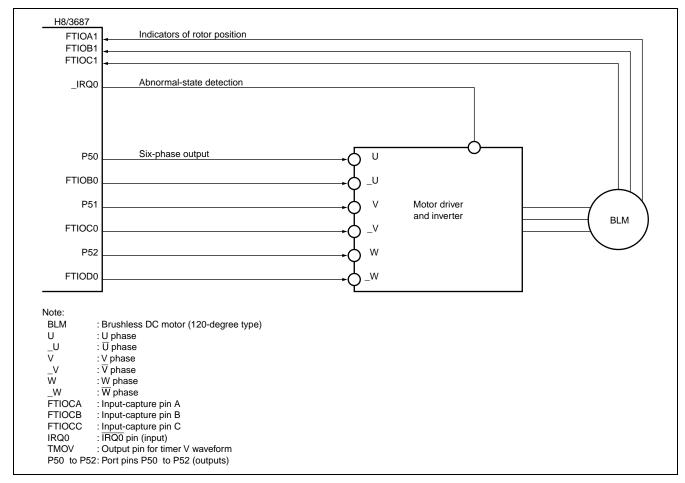


Figure 1.1 Set-up for Controlling a Brushless DC Motor

ADE-502-119

Page 3 of 36 http://www.renesas.com/

16-bit / H8/300H Tiny

2. Design

- 1. The PWM waveforms for motor control are generated by timer Z and output through I/O-port and timer Z pins.
- 2. In the initial stage of the motor's operation, the motor is started by sequential switching of the excited phase on a constant cycle and outputs the control signals from the port and timer Z.
- 3. After switching the excited phase 12 times, control by the CPU shifts to the procedure where control of the motor is based on the rotor-positional signals from the motor.
- 4. The positional signals from the motor are taken in through the input-capture terminals of timer Z (CH0) and drive the generation of interrupts.
- 5. These interrupts drive switching to produce a rotating magnetic field and control phase excitation through chopping.

3. Description of Functions Used

1. As shown in Figure 3.1, timer Z (input capture/output comparison), an I/O port (Port 5) and the IRQ (external interrupt) perform the functions required to control the motor.

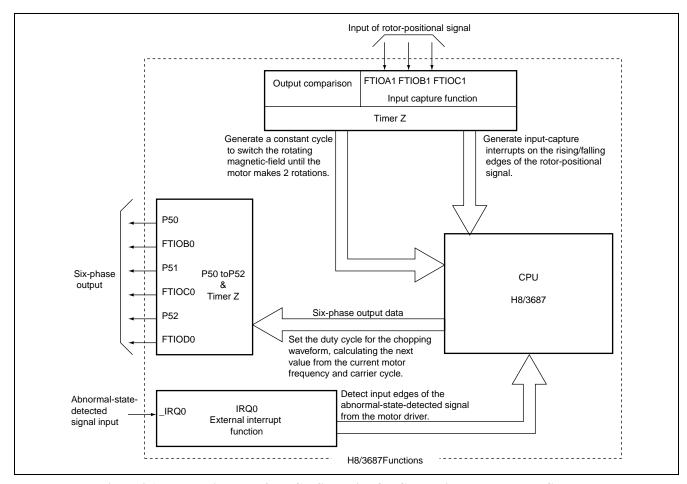


Figure 3.1 Block Diagram of the Configuration for Controlling a Brushless DC Motor

Feb. 2003

ADE-502-119 16-bit / H8/300H Tiny

Page 4 of 36 http://www.renesas.com/

The tasks performed by the H8/3687 functional blocks are outlined below.

— Timer Z (CH1) input capture: generates an interrupt request for the CPU on the rising and falling edges of the rotor-positional signal.

- Timer Z (CH1) output-comparison: generates an interrupt request for the CPU at the end of each magnetic-field rotation switching cycle (period that corresponds to 60 degrees at a given motor rotation frequency) until the motor has made two rotations.
- Timer Z (CH0) PWM-mode function: Chopping waveform is generated to perform chopping-control when the driver transistor turns on, and the data for the three negative-phase signals is output to the driver from pins FTIOCB0-FTIOCD0.
- Port 5 function: Outputs the data for the three positive phases to the driver.
- IRQ external interrupt function: Stops the motor on detection of the abnormal-state-detected signal from the driver.
- 2. Detailed descriptions of the individual functions used are given in the following pages.
 - Two functions of Timer Z (CH1) are used: input capture, to generate interrupts in response to the rising and falling edges of the rotor-positional signal, and output comparison, to measure the magnetic-field rotation switching cycle in the initial stage of motor control.

The following functions are used in both the input capture and the output-comparison function of timer Z.

- The system clock (\$\phi\$) is the 16-MHz standard clock that drives the CPU and peripheral functions.
- Timer Counter 0/1 (TCNT0/1) of timer Z is a 16-bit readable/writable up-counter, the clock source can be selected from among a total of five signals: the four obtained by dividing the system clock signal by 1, 2, 4, or 8, and an external clock. The input clock of TCNT1 is set by TCRT1. In this sample task, the system clock ϕ is selected.
- Timer Control Register 0/1 (TCR0/1) is an 8-bit readable/writable register used to select the factor that drives clearing of timer counter 0/1, the sense of the driving edge when an external clock is selected, and the clock that drives counting by timer counter 1.
- Timer I/O Control Register 0/1 (TIOR0/1) is an 8-bit readable/writable register that controls the general register (GR) of general timer Z. When operation as an output-comparison register is selected, the value that is output on a compare match is to be specified. When operation as an input-capture register is selected, the input edge is to be specified.
- Timer Status Register 0/1 (TSR0/1) is an 8-bit readable/writable register that indicates the states of the input-capture and output-comparison register and overflow of the timer.
- PWM Mode Output Level Control Register (POCR) is an 8-bit readable/writable register that is used to select the active level for the PWM mode. In this sample task, active-high is selected as the active output level for FTIOB1-FTIOD1.
- Timer PWM Mode Register (TPMR) is an 8-bit readable/writable register that selects the operating mode (normal or PWM), in the output of a waveform generated by compare-matching on FTIOB FTIOD. In this sample task, FTIOB0 FTIOD0 are placed in the PWM mode.
- Timer Output Enable Register (TOER) is an 8-bit readable/writable register that is used to enable and disable output through channel 0 and 1. In this sample task, FTIOB0 FTIOD0 are set as output pins.
- Timer Output Control Register (TOCR) is an 8-bit readable/writable register that is used to set up initial outputs that are valid until the first compare-match occurs. In this sample task, the FTIOB0 FTIOD0 pins are set to output "0".

Feb. 2003

ADE-502-119 16-bit / H8/300H Tiny

Page 5 of 36 http://www.renesas.com/

— Timer Interrupt Enable Register (TIER), an 8-bit readable/writable register, controls enabling/disabling of each of the interrupt-request signals IMFA to IMFD and OVF. In this sample task, an interrupt request (IMIA1) by IMFA1 is enabled.

- Timer Start Register (TSTR) of timer Z is an 8-bit readable/writable register that starts/stops the counter operation for channels 0 and 1. In this sample task, this register starts counting by TCNT0/1.
- 2) Timer Z (CH1) input capture function provides a way to generate interrupts on detecting the rising and falling edges of the rotor-positional signal. Figure 3.2 is a block diagram of how the input-capture function is used to generate interrupt requests in response to edges of the rotor-positional signal.
- The rotor-positional signal is input through input-capture pins A, B, and C (FTIOA1, FTIOB1, FTIOC1).
- Input capture registers A, B, and C (GRA1, GRB1, GRC1) are 16-bit readable/writable registers. When an edge is detected in input signal A, B or C, respectively, the value of TCNT1 is transferred to GRA1, GRB1 or GRC1, and IMFA1, IMFB1 or IMFC1 of TSR1 is set to "1". In this case, when the value of the corresponding IMIAE, IMIBE or IMICE bit in TIER is "1", an interrupt request is sent to the CPU.

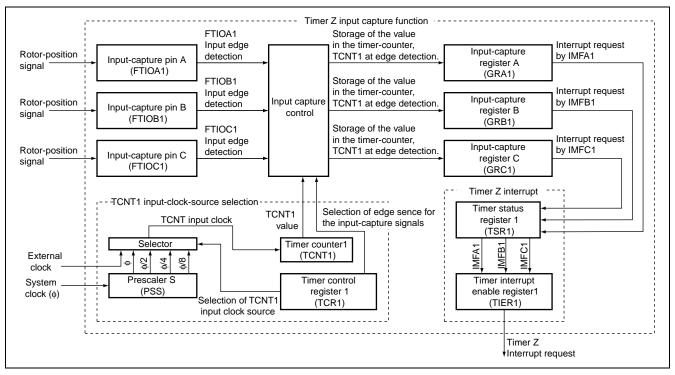


Figure 3.2 Block Diagram of Interrupt Generation by the Input-Capture Function in Response to Edges of the Rotor-Positional Signal

Feb. 2003

ADE-502-119 16-bit / H8/300H Tiny

Page 6 of 36 http://www.renesas.com/

3) The timer Z (CH1) output-comparison function is used to issue an interrupt request for the CPU at the end of every magnetic-field rotation switching cycle (i.e., at the intervals that correspond to 60 degrees at the motor's frequency of rotation) until the motor has gone through ten rotation. Figure 3.3 is a block diagram of the control of these interrupt requests by timer Z's output-comparison function. The operation of the blocks is described below.

— Output-compare register A1 (GRA1) is a 16-bit readable/writable register. The content of GRA1 is constantly compared with TCNT1. When the two values match, IMFA1 in TSR1 is set to "1". In this case, if the OCIAE bit of TIER is set to "1", an interrupt request is sent to the CPU.

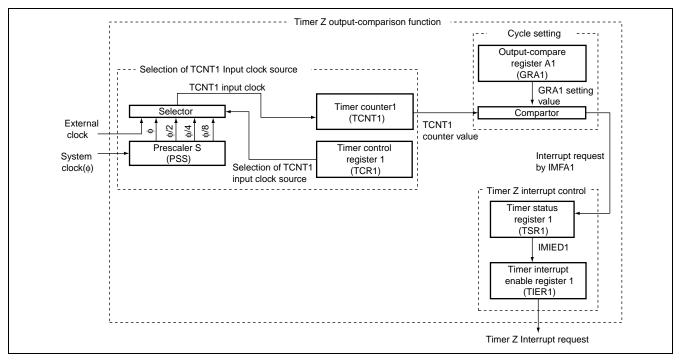


Figure 3.3 Block Diagram of Interrupt Generation Per Magnetic-Field Switching Cycle by Timer Z's Output-Comparison Function

- 4) Timer Z (CH0) is placed in PWM mode and its compare—match function is used to generate the chopping waveform for output on the FTIOB0 to FTIOD0 pins. Figure 3.4 is a block diagram of the control of chopping-waveform output by timer Z's compare—match function in PWM mode. The operation of the blocks is described below.
- Timer Counter 0 (TCNT0), a 16-bit readable/writable up-counter, is incremented by either an internal or external clock input. The clock-source selection is made in bits TPSC2 to TPSC0 of the TCR0 register. The value in TCNT0 is always readable/writable from the CPU, and is cleared by the input of an external reset signal or by compare—match signal (GRA0, GRB0, GRC0, or GRD0). The clearing signal is selected by bits CCLR2 to CCLR0 of TSR0.
- General Register (GRA0) is an 8-bit readable/writable register. The value in GRA0 is constantly compared with TCNT0, and when the values match, IMIFA of TSR is set to "1". When IMIEA of TIER0 is "1", an interrupt request is sent to the CPU.

Feb. 2003

ADE-502-119 16-bit / H8/300H Tiny

Page 7 of 36 http://www.renesas.com/

— Timer Control Register 0 (TCR0), an 8-bit readable/writable register, is used to select the input clock, designate the signal that clears the TCNT0 and enable interrupt requests. In this sample task, interrupt requests by IMFA are enabled and other interrupt requests are disabled. Compare—match IMFA is selected to drive the clearing of TCNT0. The input clock source for TCNT1 is selected by the TPSC2 to TPSC0 bits of TCR1.

- Timer Status Register 0 (TSR0), an 8-bit register, is used to set the compare–match flag and control output in response to a compare–match. In this sample task, output of "0" is selected for compare–match B and output of "1" is selected for compare–match A.
- Timer PWM Mode Register (TPMR) is an 8-bit readable/writable register that is used to select compare–match output as the operating mode of the ... pins (FTIOB0 to FTIOD0 and FTIOB1 to FTIOD1).
- Timer Output Master Enable Register (TOER) is an 8-bit readable/writable register used to enable/disable the output setting of channels 0 and 1.
- Timer Output Control Register (TOCR) is an 8-bit readable/writable register used to set the initial output until the first compare—match occurs.
- The chopping waveform is output by timer Z (CH0) output pins (FTIOB0, FTIOC0 and FTIOD0).

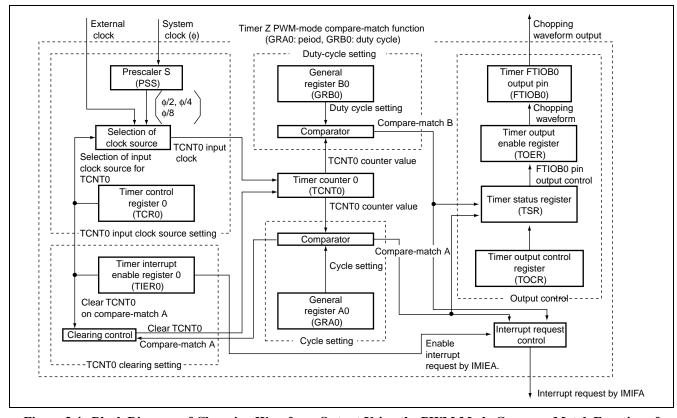


Figure 3.4 Block Diagram of Chopping Waveform Output Using the PWM-Mode Compare-Match Function of Timer Z (CH0)

Feb. 2003

ADE-502-119 16-bit / H8/300H Tiny

Page 8 of 36 http://www.renesas.com/

5) Port 5 function is used as the output for the positive-phase components of the six-phase output. It is also used as an input to detect the state of the motor-stop switch. Figure 3.5 is a block diagram of six-phase output and detection of the motor stop signal by port 5. The functions of the blocks are described below.

- Port 50 pin (P50) functions as the output pin for the U phase of the motor driver.
- Port 51 pin (P51) functions as the output pin for the V phase of the motor driver.
- Port 52 pin (P52) functions as the output pin for the W phase of the motor driver.
- Port data register 5 (PDR5) is an 8-bit register that stores the data for each pin, P50 to P57, of port 5. When the value in a bit of the port 5 control register (PCR5) is "1", the value read from the data bit is that of the corresponding bit in PDR5. Therefore, PDR5 is not affected by the pin states. When the value in PCR5 is "0", the pin is an input and the value read is its state.
- Port Control Register (PCR5) provides bit-by-bit control of the input/output state of each of pins P50 to P57 on port 5. In this sample task, pins P50 to P52 are set as output pins and P53 to P57 are set as input pins.

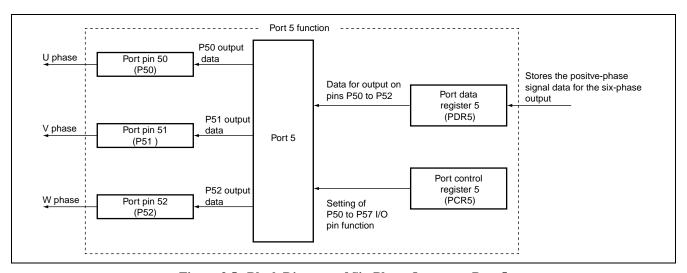


Figure 3.5 Block Diagram of Six-Phase Output on Port 5

Feb. 2003

ADE-502-119 16-bit / H8/300H Tiny

Page 9 of 36 http://www.renesas.com/

6) The IRQ external interrupt line is used to detect the abnormal-state-detected signal. Figure 3.6 is a block diagram of how the IRQ external interrupt function is used to handle this signal. The operation of the blocks is described below.

- The _IRQ0 pin is used as the input pin for the externally generated abnormal-state-detected signal.
- An IRQ0 interrupt is requested in response to the input of an edge on the IRQ0 pin. Rising or falling may be selected as the sense of the _IRQ0 pin.
- Interrupt Edge Select Register 1 (IEGR1) is an 8-bit readable/writable register used to designate rising- or falling-edge detection by the _IRQ0 pin.
- Interrupt Enable Register 1 (IENR1) is an 8-bit readable/writable register for the enabling and disabling of interrupts. In this sample task, IRQ0 interrupt requests are enabled and the direct-transition, timer A, wake-up, IRQ1, IRQ2, and IRQ3 interrupts are disabled.
- Interrupt Request Register 1 (IRR1) is an 8-bit readable/writable register of interrupt flags. When a direct-transition, timer A, or IRQ0, ..., IRQ3 interrupt is generated, the corresponding flag is set to "1". Interrupt-request flags are not automatically cleared, even by acceptance of the interrupt. Write a "0" to clear any of the interrupt-request flags.

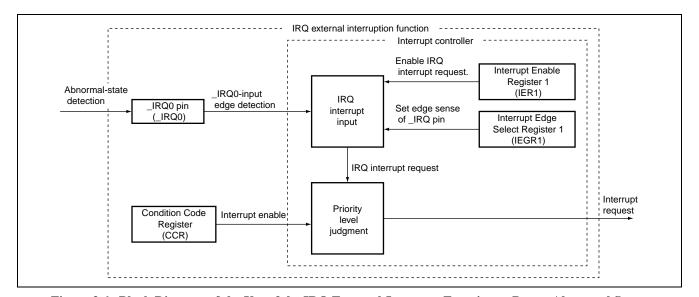


Figure 3.6 Block Diagram of the Use of the IRQ External-Interrupt Function to Detect Abnormal States

Feb. 2003 ADE-502-119 16-bit / H8/300H Tiny

Page 10 of 36 http://www.renesas.com/

3. Table 3.1 lists the assignment of functions to H8/3687 elements for this sample task, i.e., control of the brushless DC motor.

Table 3.1 H8/3687 Function Assignments

H8/3687 Element	Assigned Function
FTIOA1	Rotor-positional signal input
FTIOB1	
FTIOC1	
TMPR	Select operating mode of compare–match waveform output.
GRD1	Selection of the initial switching period for the motor-rotating field
TSR1	Reflects the presence of timer Z (CH1) interrupt requests (IMIFA to IMIFD).
TIER1	Enable/disable interrupt requests (IMIFA to IMIFD) from timer Z (CH1).
FTIOB0	Six-phase output: negative-side signals
FTIOC0	
FTIOD0	
TCNT0	16-bit up-counter (timer Z: CH0).
TCNT1	16-bit up-counter (timer Z: CH1).
GRA0	Set the chopping waveform's period
GRB0	Setting for the chopping output waveform's duty cycle
GRC0	
GRD0	
TCR0	Selection of the counter-clearing signal, driving clock edge, and clock source for counter TCNT0
TCR1	Selection of the counter-clearing signal, driving clock edge, and clock source for counter TCNT1
TIOR	Set the general-register (GR) functions
TOER	Enable/disable CH0 and CH1 output of timer Z
TOCR	Set initial output until the first compare–match
P50 to P52	Six-phase output: positive-side signals
PCR5	Set P50 to P52 input/output pin function
PDR5	Storage of the data for output on the P50 to P52 input/output pins and reading of the pin levels
_IRQ0	Abnormal-state-detected signal input
IEGR1	Selection of the input edge for detection by _IRQ0
IER1	Reflects the sources of IRQ0 interrupt requests

Feb. 2003	
ADE-502-119	16-bit / H8/300H Tiny

Page 11 of 36 http://www.renesas.com/

4. Description of Operation

1. Figure 4.1 shows the principle of operation in the initial stage of motor control (ie, switching of the rotating magnetic-field takes place at a constant period until the motor has gone through its first ten rotations). Initial control of the brushless DC motor is through hardware and software processing by the H8/3687 as shown in figure 4.1.

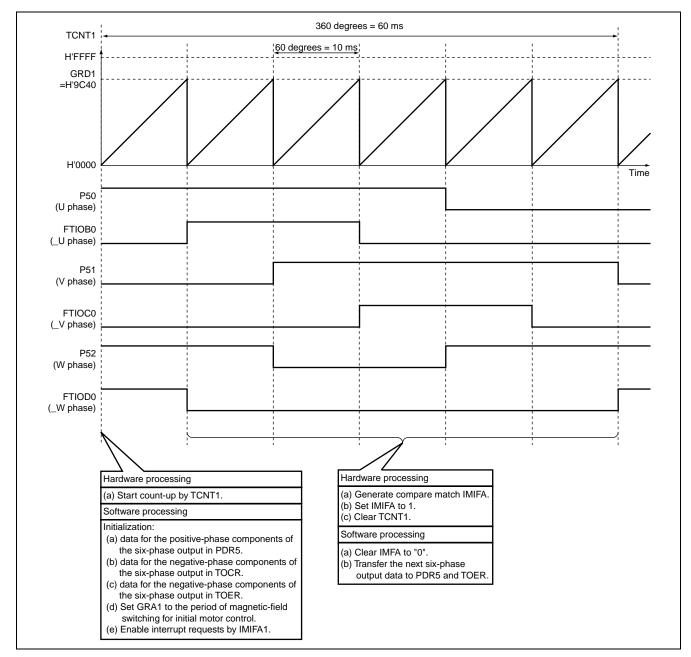


Figure 4.1 Initial Control of the Brushless DC Motor: Principle of Operation

Feb. 2003

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Page 12 of 36 http://www.renesas.com/

2. Figure 4.2 shows the principle of control to make the magnetic field rotate in response to the rotor-positional signal. Control of the brushless DC motor is through hardware and software processing by the H8/3687, based on the detected rotor-positional signal, as is shown in figure 4.2.

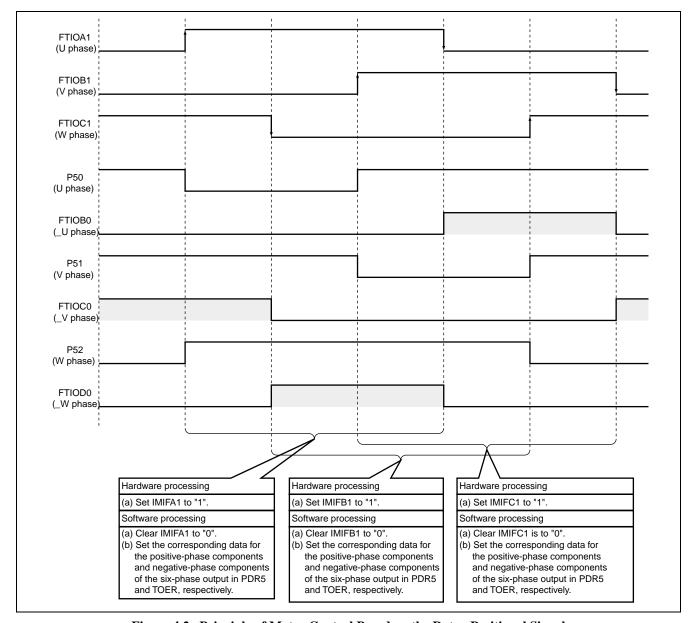


Figure 4.2 Principle of Motor Control Based on the Rotor-Positional Signal

Feb. 2003

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Page 13 of 36 http://www.renesas.com/

3. In this sample task, chopping control is applied when the driver transistors on the negative-phase side are turned on. Chopping waveforms are generated by the timer Z compare—match function and output on the FTIOB0 to FTIOD0 pins. Figure 4.3 shows the principle of operation for output of the chopping waveform.

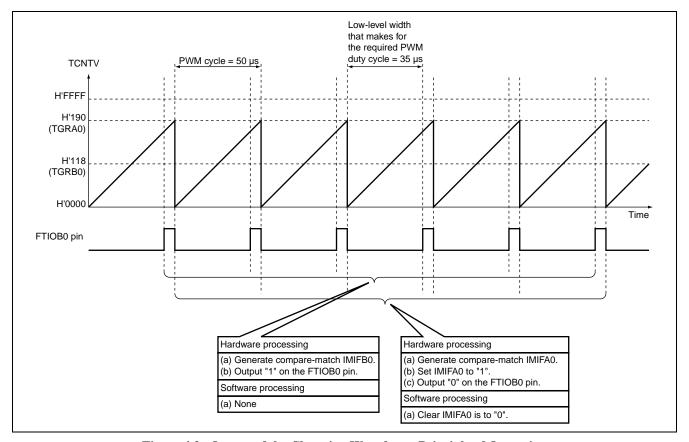


Figure 4.3 Output of the Chopping Waveform: Principle of Operation

Method for calculating the phase and setting the PWM duty cycle:

The value for establishing the next PWM duty cycle is calculated by the IMIFA interrupt routine and is set in GRB0. In calculating the value for setting in GRB0, the advancement of the phase by one carrier-period is calculated from the present frequency of the motor and carrier period.

360 degrees / (Carrier period / Frequency of motor) = Advancement of the phase by one carrier period ---(1)

Transform expression (1) to get

(360 degrees × Motor-rotation period) / Carrier period = Advancement of the phase by one carrier period

The value that corresponds to the calculated phase is obtained from a reference data table and set in GRB0.

Note: In this sample task, the PWM period (GRA0 setting) is fixed at 50 µs (H'320) and the low-level width that makes for the required PWM duty cycle (GRB0 setting) is fixed at 35µs (H'230).

Feb. 2003

ADE-502-119 16-bit / H8/300H Tiny

Page 14 of 36 http://www.renesas.com/

5. Description of Software

5.1 Description of Modules

Table 5.1 describes the modules used in this sample task.

Table 5.1 Description of Modules

Module Name	Label Name	Function		
of ti		nitializes the stack pointer, sets up the IRQ0 interrupt, the port, places CH0 of timer Z in the PWM timer mode, sets up CH1 of timer Z for output comparison, and sets up the RAM to be used and the other interrupts.		
Timer Z interrupt Timer Z routine		This is the timer Z interrupt handler, which clears the interrupt-request flag and controls the six-phase output.		
IRQ0 interrupt processing routine	IRQ0	The IRQ0 interrupt routine clears the interrupt request flag and sets the error flag to stop the motor.		

5.2 Description of Arguments

Table 5.2 describes the arguments used in this sample task.

Table 5.2 Description of Arguments

Argument Name	Function	Used in	Size (B	ytes) I/O
GRA1	Initial motor control: holds the initial switching cycle for the motor's rotating field.	main routine	1	input
GRA0	Chopping output waveform: period setting	Timer Z	1	input
GRB0	Chopping output waveform: duty cycle	Timer Z	1	input
GRC0	Chopping output waveform: duty cycle	Timer Z	1	input
GRD0	Chopping output waveform: duty cycle	Timer Z	1	input

5.3 Description of Internal Registers

Table 5.3 describes the internal registers used in this sample task.

Table 5.3 Description of Internal Registers

Register Name	Function	Address	Setting
PDR5	Port Data Register 5:	H'FFD8	H'04
	When P5n is "0", the level on pin P5n is "Low" (n=0 to 7).		
	When P5n is "1", the level on pin P5n is "High" (n=0 to 7).		
PCR5	Port Control Register 5:	H'FFE8	H'07
	When PCR5n is "0", pin P5n is an input pin.(n=0 to 7)		
	When PCR5n is "1", pin P5n is an output pin.(n=0 to 7)		

Feb. 2003	
ADE-502-119	16-bit / H8/300H Tiny

Page 15 of 36 http://www.renesas.com/

 Table 5.4
 Description of Internal Registers (Ctd.)

Register Name		Function		Setting
TCR0	CCLR2	Timer Control Register 0	H'F700	CCLR2=0
	CCLR1	(Counter clear 2 to 0):	Bit 7	CCLR1=0
	CCLR0	When CCLR2 = "0", CCLR1 = "0" and CCLR0 = "1", clearing of	Bit 6	CCLR0=1
		TCNT0 occurs on a GRA0 compare-match.	Bit 5	
	CKEG1	Timer Control Register 0	H'F700	CKEG1=0
	CKEG0	(Clock edge 1 to 0):	Bit 4	CKEG0=0
		When CKEG1 = "0" and CKEG0 = "0", counting is driven by rising edges.	Bit 3	
	TPSC2	Timer Control Register 0	H'F700	TPSC2=0
	TPSC1	(Timer prescaler 2 to 0):	Bit 2	TPSC1=0
	TPSC0	When TPSC2 = "0", TPSC1 = "0" and TPSC0 = "0", counting is done	Bit 1	TPSC0=0
		by the internal clock cycle.	Bit 0	
TIORA0	IOB2	Timer I/O Control Register 0	H'F701	IOB2=0
	IOB1	(I/O control B2 to B0):	Bit 6	IOB1=0
	IOB0	When IOB2 = "0", IOB 1 = "0" and IOB 0 = "0", pin output of the GRB0	Bit 5	IOB0=0
		compare-match state is disabled.	Bit 4	
TIORA0	IOA2	Timer I/O Control Register 0	H'F701	IOA2=0
	IOA1	(I/O control A2 to A0):	Bit 2	IOA1=0
	IOA0	When IOA2 = "0", IOA1 = "0" and IOA0 = "0", pin output by GRA0	Bit 1	IOA0=0
		compare-match is disabled.	Bit 0	
TIORC0	IOD2	Timer I/O Control Register 0	H'F702	IOD2=0
	IOD1	(I/O control D2 to D0):	Bit 6	IOD1=0
	IOD0	When IOD2 = "0", IOD1 = "0" and IOD0 = "0", pin output by GRD0	Bit 5	IOD0=0
		compare-match is disabled.	Bit 4	
TIORC0	IOC2	Timer I/O Control Register 0	H'F702	IOC2=0
	IOC1	(I/O control C2 to C0):	Bit 2	IOC1=0
	IOC0	When IOC2 = "0", IOC1 = "0" and IOC0 = "0", pin output by GRC0	Bit 1	IOC0=0
		compare-match is disabled.	Bit 0	
TSR0	IMFA0	Timer Status Register 0:	H'F703	0
		(Input capture/output compare-match flag A)	Bit 0	
		When IMFA0 = "0", an input capture/output compare-match has not occurred.		
		When IMFA0 = "1", an input capture/output compare-match results has occurred.		

Feb. 2003
ADE-502-119

 Table 5.4
 Description of Internal Registers (Ctd.) (cont)

Register	Name	Function	Address	Setting
TIER0	IMIEA	Timer Interrupt Enable Register 0	H'F704	0
		(Input capture / output compare-match interrupt A enable):	Bit 0	
		When IMIEA = "0", ICFA interrupt requests are disabled.		
		When IMIEA = "1", ICFA interrupt requests are enabled.		
POCR0	POLD	PWM Mode Output Level Control Register 0	H'F705	POLD=1
	POLC	(PWM output control register B to D):	Bit 2	POLC=1
	POLB	When POLD = "0", POLC = "0" and POLB = "0", the FTIOD0, FTIOC0 and FTIOB0 outputs are active low.	Bit 1 Bit 0	POLB=1
GRA0		General Register A0	H'F708	H'320
		(Input-capture/output compare-match register):		
		If GRA0 = "H'320", an IMFA0 compare-match is generated and FTIOB0 to FTIOD0 go low when counting by TCNT1 reaches "H'320".		
GRB0		General Register B0	H'F709	H'230
		(Input capture / output compare-match register)		
		: When GRB0 = "H'230", if TCNT1 counts up to "H'230", IMFB0 compare-match is generated and FTIOB is high level.		
GRC0		General Register C0	H'F70A	H'230
		(Input capture / output compare-match register)		
		: When GRC0 = "H'230", if TCNT1 counts up to "H'230", IMFC0 compare-match is generated and FTIOC is high level.		
GRD0		General Register D0	H'F70B	H'230
		(Input capture / output compare-match register)		
		: When GRD0 = "H'230", if TCNT1 counts up to "H'230", IMFD0 compare-match is generated and FTIOD is high level.		
TCR1	CCLR2	Timer Control Register 1	H'F710	CCLR2=1
	CCLR1	(Counter clear 2 to 0):	Bit 7	CCLA1=1
	CCLR0	When CCLR2 = "1", CCLR1 = "1" and CCLR0 = "0", a GRD0	Bit 6	CCLA0=0
		compare-match clears TCNT0.	Bit 5	
	CKEG1	Timer Control Register 1	H'F710	CKEG1=0
	CKEG0	(Clock edge 1 to 0):	Bit 4	CKEG0=0
		When CKEG1 = "0" and CKEG0 = "0", counting is driven by rising edges.	Bit 3	
	TPSC2	Timer Control Register 1	H'F710	TPSC2=0
	TPSC1	(Timer prescaler 2 to 0):	Bit 2	TPSC1=0
	TPSC0	When TPSC2 = "0", TPSC1 = "0" and TPSC0 = "1", counting is done by the divided-by-two internal clock (ϕ /2) cycles.	Bit 1 Bit 0	TPSC0=1

Feb.	2003
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Table 5.4 Description of Internal Registers (Ctd.) (cont)

Register Name		Function		Setting
TIORA1	IOB2	Timer I/O Control Register A1	H'F711	IOB2=1
	IOB1	(I/O control B2 to B0)	Bit 6	IOB1=0
	IOB0	When IOB2 = "1", IOB1 = "0" and IOB0 = "0" input capture to GRB1 is	Bit 5	IOB0=0
		done on the rising edge.	Bit 4	
TIORA1	IOA2	Timer I/O Control Register A1	H'F711	IOA2=1
	IOA1	(I/O control A2 to A0)	Bit 2	IOA1=0
	IOA0	When IOA2 = "1", IOA1 = "0" and IOA0 = "0", input capture to GRA1	Bit 1	IOA0=0
		is done on the rising edge.	Bit 0	
TIORC1	IOD2	Timer I/O Control Register C1	H'F712	IOD2=0
	IOD1	(I/O control D2 to D0)	Bit 6	IOD1=0
	IOD0	: When IOD2 = "0", IOD1 = "0" and IOD0 = "0", pin output by GRD0	Bit 5	IOD0=0
		compare-match is disabled.	Bit 4	
TIORC1	IOC2	Timer I/O Control Register C1	H'F712	IOC2=1
	IOC1	(I/O control C2 to C0)	Bit 2	IOC1=0
	IOC0	When IOC2 = "1", IOC1 = "0" and IOC0 = "0", input capture to GRC1	Bit 1	IOC0=0
		is done on the rising edge.	Bit 0	
TSR1	IMFA1	Timer Status Register 1	H'F713	0
		(Input capture/output compare-match flag A):	Bit 0	
		When IMFA1 = "0", an input capture/output compare-match has not occurred.		
		When IMFA1 = "1", an input capture/output compare-match has occurred.		
	IMFB1	Timer Status Register 1	H'F713	0
		(Input capture / output compare-match flag B):	Bit 1	
		When IMFB1 = "0", input capture / output compare-match has not been generated.		
		When IMFB1 = "1", input capture/output compare-match has been generated.		
	IMFC1	Timer Status Register 1	H'F713	0
		(Input capture / output compare-match flag C)	Bit 2	
		: When IMFC1 = "0", input capture/output compare-match has not been generated.		
		: When IMFC1 = "1", input capture/output compare-match has been generated.		

ADE-502-119 16-bit / H8/300H Tiny

Page 18 of 36 http://www.renesas.com/

 Table 5.4
 Description of Internal Registers (Ctd.) (cont)

Register Name		Function	Address	Setting
TSR1	IMFD1	Timer Status Register 1	H'F713	0
(cont)		(Input capture / output compare-match flag D)	Bit 3	
		: When IMFD1 = "0", input capture/output compare-match has not been generated.		
		: When IMFD1 = "1", input capture/output compare-match has been generated.		
GRD1		General Register	H'F71E	H'9C40
		(Input capture / output compare-match register):		
		If GRD1 = "H'9C40", an IMIFD1 compare-match is generated when counting by TCNT1 reaches "H'9C40".		
TSTR	STR1	Timer Start Register	H'F720	1
		(Counter start 0, 1):	Bit 1	
		When STR1 = "0", counting operation by TCNT1 is disabled.		
		When STR1 = "1", counting by TCNT1 is enabled.		
	STR0	Timer Start Register	H'F720	1
		(Counter start 0, 1)	Bit 0	
		: When STR0 = "0", counting by TCNT0 is disabled.		
		: When STR0 = "1", counting by TCNT0 is enabled.		
TPMR	PWMD0	Timer PWM Mode Register	H'F722	1
		(PWM mode):	Bit 2	
		When PWMD0 = "0", FTIOD0 operation is in the normal mode.		
		When PWMD0 = "1", FTIOD0 operation is in the PWM mode.		
	PWMC0	Timer PWM Mode Register	H'F722	1
		(PWM mode)	Bit 1	
		: When PWMC0 = "0", FTIOC0 is normal mode.		
		: When PWMC0 = "1", FTIOC0 is PWM mode.		
	PWMB0	Timer PWM Mode Register	H'F722	1
		(PWM mode)	Bit 0	
		: When PWMB0 = "0", FTIOB0 is normal mode.		
		: When PWMB0 = "1", FTIOB0 is PWM mode.		

Feb. 2003
ADE-502-119

 Table 5.4
 Description of Internal Registers (Ctd.) (cont)

Register Name		Function	Address	Setting
TOER ED0		Timer Output Master Enable Register	H'F724	0
		(Master enable FTIOD0):	Bit 3	
		When ED0 = "0", enabling or disabling of the FTIOD0 pin output is according to the settings of TPMRE, TFCR and TIORC1.		
		When ED0 = "1", FTIOD0 pin timer output is disabled, regardless of the setting of TPMR, TFCR and TIORC1 (the FTIOD0 pin functions as an I/O port pin.)	:	
		In setting of WKP4N input, when inputting low level to WKP4N, "1" is set.		
	EC0	Timer Output Master Enable Register	H'F724	0
		(Master enable FTIOC0)	Bit 2	
		: When EC0 = "0", FTIOC0 pin output is enabled according to the setting of TPMRE, TFCR and TIORC1.		
		: When EC0 = "1", FTIOC0 pin timer output is disabled regardless of the setting of TPMR, TFCR and TIORC1. (FTIOC0 pin functions as I/O port.)		
		When WKP4N is input, if inputting low level to WKP4N, "1" is set.		
	EB0	Timer Output Master Enable Register	H'F724	0
		(Master enable FTIOB0)	Bit 1	
		: When EB0 = "0", FTIOB0 pin output is enabled according to the setting of TPMRE, TFCR and TIORC1.		
		: When EB0 = "1", FTIOB0 pin timer output is enabled regardless of the setting of TPMR, TFCR and TIORC1. (FTIOB0 pin functions as I/O port.)		
		When WKP4N input is set, if inputting low level to WKP4N, "1" is set.		
TOCR	TOD0	Timer Output Control Register	H'F725	1
		(Output level select FTIOD0):	Bit 3	
		When TOD0 = "0", "0" is output on FTIOD0.		
		When TOD0 = "1", "1" is output on FTIOD0.		
	TOC0	Timer Output Control Register	H'F725	1
		(Output level select FTIOC0)	Bit 2	
		: When TOC0 = "0", "0" is output from FTIOC0.		
		: When TOC0 = "1", "1" is output from FTIOC0.		
	TOB0	Timer Output Control Register	H'F725	1
		(Output level select FTIOB0)	Bit 1	
		: When TOB0 = "0", "0" is output from FTIOB0.		
		: When TOB0 = "1", "1" is output from FTIOB0.		

Feb. 2003
ADE-502-119

16-bit / H8/300H Tiny

Page 20 of 36 http://www.renesas.com/

Table 5.4 Description of Internal Registers (Ctd.) (cont)

Register Name		Function	Address	Setting
IEGR1	IEG0	Interrupt Edge Select Register 1	H'FFF2	0
		(IRQ0 edge select):	Bit 0	
		When IEG0 = "0", the falling edge of the signal on the IRQ0 pin is detected.		
		When IEG0 = "1", the rising edge of the signal on the IRQ0 pin is detected.		
IENR1	IEN0	Interrupt Enable Register 1	H'FFF4	0
		(IRQ0 interrupt enable):	Bit 0	
		When IEN0 = "0", IRQ0 interrupt requests are disabled.		
		When IEN0 = "1", IRQ0 interrupt requests are enabled.		
IRR1	IRRI0	Interrupt Request Register 1	H'FFF6	0
		(IRQ0 interrupt request flag):	Bit 0	
		When IRRI0 = "0", IRQ0 interrupts are not requested.		
		When IRRI0 = "1", IRQ0 interrupts are not is requested.		

5.4 Description of RAM

Table 5.5 describes the RAM used in this sample task.

Table 5.5 Description of RAM Usage

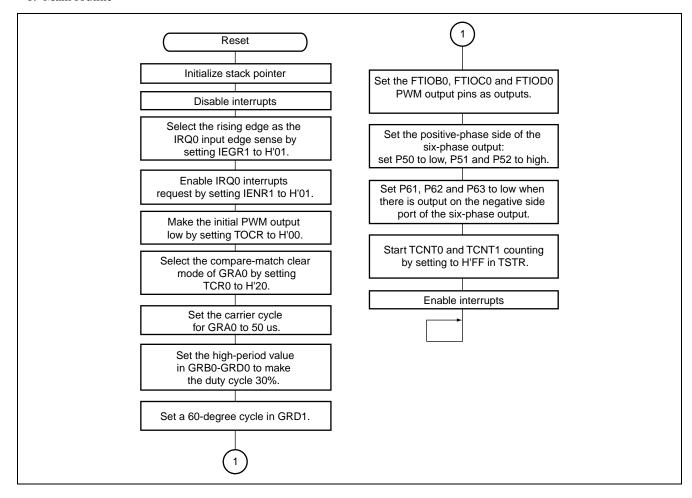
Label name	Function	Used in
cnt	Counter for switching of the output waveform every 60 degrees.	Timer Z
rot	Counter for the motor's initial operation cycle.	Timer Z
mode	Flag to indicate switching of the motor from initial to normal operation.	Timer Z

Feb. 2003 ADE-502-119 16-bit / H8/300H Tiny

Page 21 of 36 http://www.renesas.com/

6. Flowchart

1. Main routine

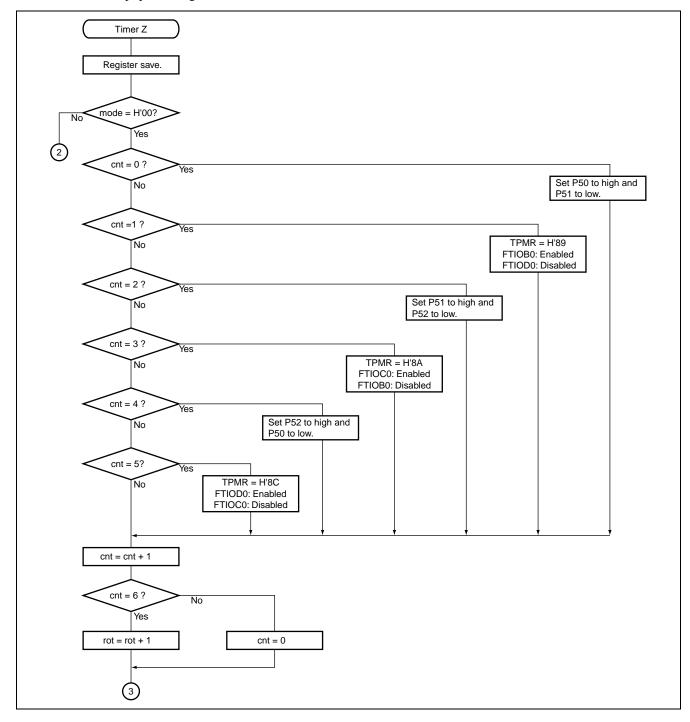


Feb. 2003

ADE-502-119 16-bit / H8/300H Tiny

Page 22 of 36 http://www.renesas.com/

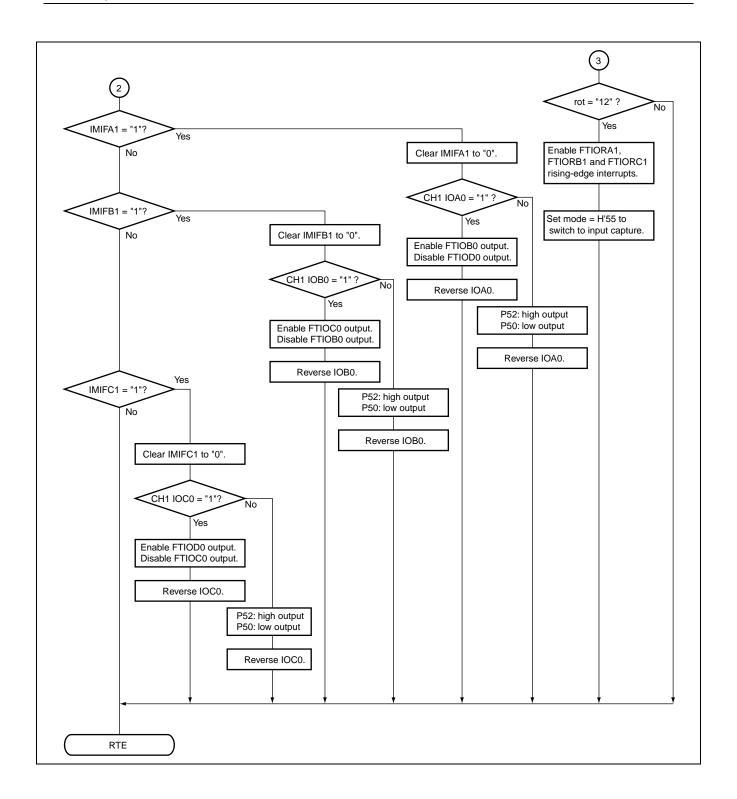
2. Timer Z interrupt processing routine



Feb. 2003

ADE-502-119 16-bit / H8/300H Tiny

Page 23 of 36 http://www.renesas.com/

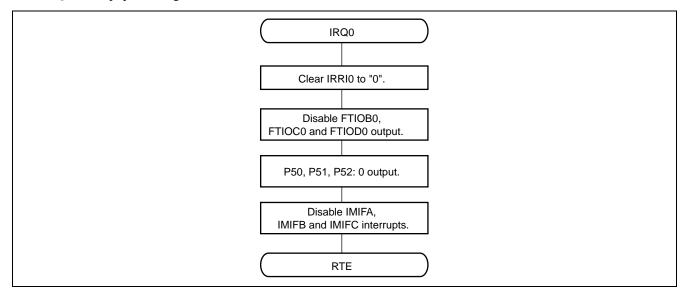


Feb. 2003

ADE-502-119 16-bit / H8/300H Tiny

Page 24 of 36 http://www.renesas.com /

3. IRQ0 interrupt processing routine



Feb. 2003

ADE-502-119 16-bit / H8/300H Tiny

Page 25 of 36 http://www.renesas.com/

7. Program Listing

INIT. SRC (program listing)

```
.EXPORT _INIT
.IMPORT _main
;
.SECTION P,CODE
_INIT:

MOV.W #H'FF80,R7

LDC.B #B'10000000,CCR

JMP @_main
;
.END
```

```
/* H8/300HN Series -H8/3687-
/* Application Note
/*'DC brushless motor control function'
/* Function
/* :Timer Z PWM mode &input capture
/* External Clock :16MHz
/* Internal Clock :16MHz
/* Sub Clock :32.768kHz
#include <machine.h>
/*Symbol Definition
struct BIT {
unsigned char b7:1;
              /*bit7 */
             /*bit6 */
unsigned char b6:1;
unsigned char b5:1;
              /*bit5 */
             /*bit4 */
unsigned char b4:1;
              /*bit3 */
unsigned char b3:1;
unsigned char b2:1; /*bit2 */
```

Feb. 2003

ADE-502-119 16-bit / H8/300H Tiny

Page 26 of 36 http://www.renesas.com/

unsigned char b1:1; /*bit1 */		
unsigned char b0:1; /*bit0 */		
#define TCR0 *(volatile unsigned char *)0xF700	/*Timer Control Register 0	*/
#define TCR0_BIT (*(struct BIT *)0xF700)	/*Timer Control Register 0	* /
#define CCLR2_0 TCR0_BIT.b7	/*Counter Clear 2	*/
#define CCLR1_0 TCR0_BIT.b6	/*Counter Clear 1	*/
#define CCLR0_0 TCR0_BIT.b 5	/*Counter Clear 0	*/
#define CKEG1_0 TCR0_BIT.b4	/*Clock Select 1	*/
#define CKEGO_0 TCRO_BIT.b3	/*Clock Select 0	*/
#define TPSC2_0 TCR0_BIT.b2	/*Timer Prescaler 2	*/
#define TPSC1_0 TCR0_BIT.b1	/*Timer Prescaler 1	*/
#define TPSCO_0 TCRO_BIT.b0	/*Timer Prescaler 0	*/
#define TIORAO *(volatile unsigned char *)0xF701	/*Timer I/O Control Register A0	*/
<pre>#define TIORA0_BIT (*(struct BIT *)0xF701)</pre>	/*Timer I/O Control Register A0	*/
#define IOB2_0 TIORA0_BIT.b6	/*I/O Control B2	*/
#define IOB1_0 TIORA0_BIT.b5	/*I/O Control Bl	*/
#define IOB0_0 TIORA0_BIT.b4	/*I/O Control B0	*/
#define IOA2_0 TIORA0_BIT.b2	/*I/O Control A2	*/
#define IOA1_0 TIORA0_BIT.b1	/*I/O Control Al	*/
#define IOA0_0 TIORA0_BIT.b0	/*I/O Control AO	*/
<pre>#define TIORC0 *(volatile unsigned char *)0xF702</pre>	/*Timer I/O Control Register CO	*/
<pre>#define TIORCO_BIT (*(struct BIT *)0xF702)</pre>	/*Timer I/O Control Register CO	*/
#define IOD2_0 TIORC0_BIT.b6	/*I/O Control B2	*/
#define IOD1_0 TIORC0_BIT.b5	/*I/O Control B1	*/
#define IOD0_0 TIORC0_BIT.b4	/*I/O Control BO	*/
#define IOC2_0 TIORC0_BIT.b2	/*I/O Control A2	*/
#define IOC1_0 TIORC0_BIT.b1	/*I/O Control Al	*/
#define IOCO_0 TIORCO_BIT.b0	/*I/O Control AO	*/
<pre>#define TSR0 *(volatile unsigned char *)0xF703</pre>	/*Timer Status Register 0	*/
<pre>#define TSR0_BIT (*(struct BIT *)0xF703)</pre>	/*Timer Status Register 0	*/
#define UDF_0 TSR0_BIT.b5	/*Under Flow Flag	*/
#define OVF_0 TSR0_BIT.b4	/*Over Flow Flag	*/
#define IMIFD_0 TSR0_BIT.b3	/*Input Caputure/Compare-match Flag D	*/
<pre>#define IMIFC_0 TSR0_BIT.b2</pre>	/*Input Caputure/Compare-match Flag C	*/
#define IMIFB_0 TSR0_BIT.b1	/*Input Caputure/Compare-match Flag B	*/
#define IMIFA_0 TSR0_BIT.b0	/*Input Caputure/Compare-match Flag A	*/
<pre>#define TIER0 *(volatile unsigned char *)0xF704</pre>	/*Timer Interrupt Enable Register 0	*/
<pre>#define TIER0_BIT (*(struct BIT *)0xF704)</pre>	/*Timer Interrupt Enable Register 0	*/
#define OVIE_0 TIERO_BIT.b4	/*Over Flow Interrupt Enable	*/
#define IMIED_0 TIER0_BIT.b3	/*Input Capture/compare-match Interrupt Enable D	*/

Feb. 2003

ADE-502-119 16-bit / H8/300H Tiny

Page 27 of 36 http://www.renesas.com/

#define IMIEC_0 TIER0_BIT.b2	/*Input Capture/compare-match Interrupt Enable C	*/
#define IMIEB_0 TIER0_BIT.b1	/*Input Capture/compare-match Interrupt Enable B	*/
#define IMIEA_0 TIERO_BIT.b0	/*Input Capture/compare-match Interrupt Enable A	*/
<pre>#define POCR0 *(volatile unsigned char *)0xF705</pre>	/*Port Output Level Control Register	*/
<pre>#define POCR0_BIT (*(struct BIT *)0xF705)</pre>	/*Port Output Level Control Register	*/
#define POLD_0 POCR0_BIT.b2	/*PWM Mode Outputr Level Control Register D	*/
#define POLC_0 POCRO_BIT.b1	/*PWM Mode Outputr Level Control Register C	*/
#define POLB_0 POCR0_BIT.b0	/*PWM Mode Outputr Level Control Register B	*/
<pre>#define TCNT0 *(volatile unsigned short *)0xF706</pre>	/*Timer Counter 0	*/
<pre>#define GRA0 *(volatile unsigned short *)0xF708</pre>	/*General Register A0	* /
<pre>#define GRB0 *(volatile unsigned short *)0xF70A</pre>	/*General Register B0	*/
<pre>#define GRC0 *(volatile unsigned short *)0xF70C</pre>	/*General Register CO	* /
<pre>#define GRD0 *(volatile unsigned short *)0xF70E</pre>	/*General Register D0	* /
<pre>#define TCR1 *(volatile unsigned char *)0xF710</pre>	/*Timer Control Register 1	*/
<pre>#define TCR1_BIT (*(struct BIT *)0xF710)</pre>	/*Timer Control Register 1	*/
<pre>#define CCLR2_1 TCR1_BIT.b7</pre>	/*Counter Clear 2	*/
<pre>#define CCLR1_1 TCR1_BIT.b6</pre>	/*Counter Clear 1	*/
#define CCLR0_1 TCR1_BIT.b5	/*Counter Clear 0	*/
<pre>#define CKEG1_1 TCR1_BIT.b4</pre>	/*Clock Select 1	*/
<pre>#define CKEG0_1 TCR1_BIT.b3</pre>	/*Clock Select 0	*/
#define TPSC2_1 TCR1_BIT.b2	/*Timer Prescaler 2	*/
#define TPSC1_1 TCR1_BIT.b1	/*Timer Prescaler 1	*/
<pre>#define TPSC0_1 TCR1_BIT.b0</pre>	/*Timer Prescaler 0	*/
<pre>#define TIORA1 *(volatile unsigned char *)0xF711</pre>	/*Timer I/O Control Register Al	*/
<pre>#define TIORA1_BIT (*(struct BIT *)0xF711)</pre>	/*Timer I/O Co ntrol Register Al	*/
#define IOB2_1 TIORA1_BIT.b6	/*I/O Control B2	*/
#define IOB1_1 TIORA1_BIT.b5	/*I/O Control B1	* /
#define IOBO_1 TIORA1_BIT.b4	/*I/O Control B0	*/
#define IOA2_1 TIORA1_BIT.b2	/*I/O Control A2	*/
#define IOA1_1 TIORA1_BIT.b1	/*I/O Control Al	* /
#define IOA0_1 TIORA1_BIT.b0	/*I/O Control AO	*/
<pre>#define TIORC1 *(volatile unsigned char *)0xF712</pre>	/*Timer I/O Control Register C1	*/
<pre>#define TIORC1_BIT (*(struct BIT *)0xF712)</pre>	/*Timer I/O Control Register C1	*/
#define IOD2_1 TIORC1_BIT.b6	/*I/O Control D2	*/
#define IOD1_1 TIORC1_BIT.b5	/*I/O Control D1	*/
#define IOD0_1 TIORC1_BIT.b4	/*I/O Control DO	*/
#define IOC2_1 TIORC1_BIT.b2	/*I/O Control C2	*/
#define IOC1_1 TIORC1_BIT.b1	/*I/O Control C1	*/
#define IOC0_1 TIORC1_BIT.b0	/*I/O Control CO	*/
<pre>#define TSR1 *(volatile unsigned char *)0xF713</pre>	/*Timer Status Register 1	*/

Feb. 2003

ADE-502-119 16-bit / H8/300H Tiny

Page 28 of 36 http://www.renesas.com/

#defir	ne TSR1_BIT (*(struct BIT *)0xF713)	/*Timer Status Register 1	*/
#defir	ne UDF_1 TSR1_BIT.b5	/*Under Flow Flag	*/
#defir	ne OVF_1 TSR1_BIT.b4	/*Over Flow Flag	*/
#defir	ne IMIFD_1 TSR1_BIT.	/*Input Caputure/Compare-match Flag D	*/
#defir	ne IMIFC_1 TSR1_BIT.b2	/*Input Caputure/Compare-match Flag C	*/
#defir	ne IMIFB_1 TSR1_BIT.b1	/*Input Caputure/Compare-match Flag B	*/
#defir	ne IMIFA_1 TSR1_BIT.b0	/*Input Caputure/Compare-match Flag A	*/
#defir	ne TIER1 *(volatile unsigned char *)0xF714	/*Timer Interrupt Enable Register 0	*/
#defir	ne TIER1_BIT (*(struct BIT *)0xF714)	/*Timer Interrupt Enable Register 0	*/
#defir	ne OVIE_1 TIER1_BIT.b4	/*Over Flow Interrupt Enable	*/
#defir	ne IMIED_1 TIER1_BIT.b3	/*Input Capture/compare-match Interrupt Enable D	*/
#defir	ne IMIEC_1 TIER1_BIT.b2	/*Input Capture/compare-match Interrupt Enable C	*/
#defir	ne IMIEB_1 TIER1_BIT.b1	/*Input Capture/compare-match Interrupt Enable B	*/
#defir	ne IMIEA_1 TIER1_BIT.b0	/*Input Capture/compare-match Interrupt Enable A	*/
#defir	ne POCR1 *(volatile unsigned char *)0xF715	/*Port Output Level Control Register	*/
#defir	ne POCR1_BIT (*(struct BIT *)0xF715)	/*Port Output Level Control Register	*/
#defir	ne POLD_1 POCR1_BIT.b2	/*PWM Mode Outputr Level Control Register D	*/
#defir	ne POLC_1 POCR1_BIT.bl	/*PWM Mode Outputr Level Control Register C	*/
#defir	ne POLB_1 POCR1_BIT.b0	/*PWM Mode Outputr Level Control Register B	*/
#defir	ne TCNT1 *(volatile unsigned short *)0xF716	/*Timer Counter 1	*/
#defir	ne GRA1 *(volatile unsigned short *)0xF718	/*General Register Al	*/
#defir	ne GRB1 *(volatile unsigned short *)0xF71A	/*General Register B1	*/
#defir	ne GRC1 *(volatile unsigned short *)0xF71C	/*General Register C1	*/
#defir	ne GRD1 *(volatile unsigned short *)0xF71E	/*General Register D1	*/
#defir	ne TSTR *(volatile unsigned char *)0xF720	/*Timer Start Register	*/
#defir	ne TSTR_BIT (*(struct BIT *)0xF720)	/*Timer Start Register	*/
#defir	ne STR1 TSTR_BIT.b1	/*Counter Start 1	*/
#defir	ne STRO TSTR_BIT.b0	/*Counter Start 0	*/
#defir	ne TMDR *(volatile unsigned char *)0xF721	/*Timer Mode Register	*/
#defir	ne TMDR_BIT (*(struct BIT *)0xF721)	/*Timer Mode Register	*/
#defir	ne BFD1 TMDR_BIT.b7	/*Buffer Register D1	*/
#defir	ne BFC1 TMDR_BIT.b6	/*Buffer Register D0	*/
#defir	ne BFD0 TMDR_BIT.b5	/*Buffer Register Cl	*/
#defir	ne BFC0 TMDR_BIT.b4	/*Buffer Register CO	*/
#defir	ne SYNC TMDR_BIT.b0	/*timer Synchonus Mode	*/
#defir	ne TPMR *(volatile unsigned char *)0xF722	/*Timer PWM Mode Register	*/
#defir	ne TPMR_BIT (*(struct BIT *)0xF722)	/*Timer PWM Mode Register	*/
#defir	ne PWMD1 TPMR_BIT.b6	/*PWM Mode D1	*/
#defir	ne PWMC1 TPMR_BIT.b5	/*PWM Mode C1	*/
#defir	ne PWMB1 TPMR_BIT.b4	/*PWM Mode B1	*/

Feb. 2003

ADE-502-119 16-bit / H8/300H Tiny

Page 29 of 36 http://www.renesas.com/

#define PWMD0 TPMR_BIT.b2	/*PWM Mode D0	* /
#define PWMC0 TPMR_BIT.b1	/*PWM Mode C0	*/
#define PWMB0 TPMR_BIT.b0	/*PWM Mode B0	*/
#define TFCR *(volatile unsigned char *)0xF723	/*Timer Function Control Register	*/
<pre>#define TFCR_BIT (*(struct BIT *)0xF723)</pre>	/*Timer Function Control Register	*/
#define STCLK TOER_BIT.b0	/*External Clock Select	*/
#define ADEG TOER_BIT.b2	/*A/D Egde Trigger Select	*/
#define ADTRG TOER_BIT.b1	/*A/D Trigger Disable	*/
#define OLS1 TOER_BIT.b0	/*Output Level Select 1	*/
#define OLSO TOER_BIT.b2	/*Output Level Select 0	*/
#define CMD1 TOER_BIT.b1	/*Conbination Mode 1	*/
#define CMD0 TOER_BIT.b0	/*Conbination Mode 0	*/
<pre>#define TOER *(volatile unsigned char *)0xF724</pre>	/*Timer Output Master Enable Register	*/
<pre>#define TOER_BIT (*(struct BIT *)0xF724)</pre>	/*Timer Output Master Enable Register	*/
#define ED1 TOER_BIT.b7	/*Master Enable D1	*/
#define EC1 TOER_BIT.b6	/*Master Enable C1	*/
#define EB1 TOER_BIT.b5	/*Master Enable B1	*/
#define EA1 TOER_BIT.b4	/*Master Enable Al	*/
#define ED0 TOER_BIT.b3	/*Master Enable D0	*/
#define EC0 TOER_BIT.b2	/*Master Enable CO	*/
#define EB0 TOER_BIT.b1	/*Master Enable B0	*/
#define EA0 TOER_BIT.b0	/*Master Enable A0	*/
<pre>#define TOCR *(volatile unsigned char *)0xF725</pre>	/*Timer Output Master Enable Register	*/
<pre>#define TOCR_BIT (*(struct BIT *)0xF725)</pre>	/*Timer Output Master Enable Register	*/
#define TOD1 TOCR_BIT.b7	/*Output Level Select D1	*/
#define TOC1 TOCR_BIT.b6	/*Output Level Select C1	*/
#define TOB1 TOCR_BIT.b5	/*Output Level Select B1	*/
#define TOA1 TOCR_BIT.b4	/*Output Level Select A1	*/
#define TODO TOCR_BIT.b3	/*Output Level Select D0	*/
#define TOCO TOCR_BIT.b2	/*Output Level Select CO	*/
#define TOB0 TOCR_BIT.b1	/*Output Level Select B0	*/
#define TOA0 TOCR_BIT.b0	/*Output Level Select A0	*/
<pre>#define IEGR1 *(volatile unsigned char *)0xFFF2</pre>	/*Interrupt Edge Select Register 1	*/
<pre>#define IEGR1_BIT (*(struct BIT *)0xFFF2)</pre>	/*Interrupt Edge Select Register 1	*/
#define IEG0 IEGR1_BIT.b0	/*IRQ0 Edge Select	*/
<pre>#define IENR1 *(volatile unsigned char *)0xFFF4</pre>	/*Interrupt Enable Register 1	*/
<pre>#define IENR1_BIT (*(struct BIT *)0xFFF4)</pre>	/*Interrupt Enable Register 1	*/
#define IEN0 IENR1_BIT.b0	/*IRQ0 Interrupt Enable	* /
<pre>#define IRR1 *(volatile unsigned char *)0xFFF6</pre>	/*Interrupt Flag Register 1	*/
<pre>#define IRR1_BIT (*(struct BIT *)0xFFF6)</pre>	/*Interrupt Flag Register 1	*/

Feb. 2003

ADE-502-119 16-bit / H8/300H Tiny

Page 30 of 36 http://www.renesas.com/

```
/*IRQ0 Interrupt Request Flag
#define IRRIO IRR1_BIT.b0
                                                                                      * /
#define PMR1 *(volatile unsigned char *)0xFFE0
                                              /*Port Mode Register
#define PMR1_BIT (*(struct BIT *)0xFFE0)
                                              /*Port Mode Register
#define IRQ0 PMR1_BIT.b4
                                              /*IRQ0 Pin Select
#define PDR5 *(volatile unsigned char *)0xFFD8
                                              /*Port5 Data Register
#define PDR5_BIT (*(struct BIT *)0xFFD8)
                                              /*Port5 Data Register
#define P5B2 PDR5_BIT.b2
                                              /*Output Level Select D1
#define P5B1 PDR5_BIT.b1
                                              /*Output Level Select C1
#define P5B0 PDR5_BIT.b0
                                              /*Output Level Select B1
#define PDR6 *(volatile unsigned char *)0xFFD9
                                              /*Port6 Data Register
#define PCR5 *(volatile unsigned char *)0xFFE8
                                              /*Port5 Control Register
#define PCR6 *(volatile unsigned char *)0xFFE9
                                              /*Port6 Control Register
#pragma interrupt (timerz)
#pragma interrupt (irq0)
/* Function Definition
extern void INIT (void );
                                              /*SP Set
void main (void );
void timerz (void );
void irq0 (void );
/*RAM define
unsigned char mode;
                                             /*User Flag Erea
unsigned char cnt;
                                             /*User Flag Erea
unsigned char rot;
                                             /*User Flag Erea
extern void _INITSCT();
/*Vector Address
#pragma section V1
                                              /*VECTOR SECTOIN SET
                                                                                      * /
void (*const VEC_TBL1[])(void)={
                                              /*0x00 - 0x0f
INIT
                                              /*00 Reset
}
#pragma section V2
                                              /*VECTOR SECTOIN SET
void (*const VEC_TBL2[])(void)={
                                              /*1C IRQ0 Interrupt
irq0
}
```

Feb. 2003

ADE-502-119 16-bit / H8/300H Tiny

Page 31 of 36 http://www.renesas.com/

```
#pragma section V3
                                                         /*VECTOR SECTOIN SET
                                                                                                          * /
void (*const VEC_TBL3[])(void)={
timerz
                                                         /*38 Timer Z Interrupt
#pragma section
/*Main Program
void main (void )
    _INITSCT();
   set_imask_ccr(1);
                                                         /*Interrupt Disable
   mode = 0x00;
    cnt = 0x00;
   rot = 0x00;
    IEG0 =1;
                                                         /*_IRQ Falling Edge Detection
    IEN0 =1;
                                                         /*_IRQ Interrupt Reguest Enable
    IRQ0 =1;
   TSTR =0xFC;
                                                         /*Timer Stop
   TOCR = 0 \times 00;
                                                         /*PWM Initial Output "0"
    TCR0 = 0x21;
                                                         /*GRA Compare-match Clear Mode,\phi=1/2
    POCR0 =0xFF;
                                                         /*FTIOB0,FTIOC0,FTIOD0 High Active
                                                         /*Carieer Cycle 50us
    GRA0 = 0x320;
    GRB0 = 0x230;
                                                         /*Duty 30%
    GRC0 = 0x230;
                                                         /*Duty 30%
    GRD0 = 0x230;
                                                         /*Duty 30%
   TCR1 = 0xC2;
                                                         /*GRD1 Compare-match Clear, $\phi=1/4$
    TIER1 = 0 \times 08;
                                                         /*TGRD1 Compare-match Interrupt Enable
    GRD1 = 0x9c40;
                                                         /*60 Degree cycle =10ms
    TOE R =0xF1;
                                                         /*FTIOB0,FTIOC0,FTIOD0 Output Enable
    PDR5 = 0 \times 00;
                                                         /*P50,P51,P52 =Low
    PDR6 = 0 \times 00;
                                                         /*P61,P62,P63 = Low
    PCR5 = 0 \times 07;
                                                         /*P50,P51,P52 Output
    PCR6 = 0x0E;
                                                         /*P61,P62,P63 Output
    PDR5 = 0 \times 06;
                                                         /*P50 =Low,P51 =High,P52 =High
   TSTR =0xFF;
                                                         /*TCNT0,TCNT1 Start
    set_imask_ccr(0);
                                                         /*Interrupt Enable
    while(1){
    }
```

Feb. 2003

ADE-502-119 16-bit / H8/300H Tiny

Page 32 of 36 http://www.renesas.com/

```
/*Timer Z Interrupt
void timerz (void )
   if (mode ==0x00)
    {
   IMIFD_1 =0;
                                                  /*Clear IMIFD to 0
   switch(cnt){
   case 0x00:
       P5B0 =1;
                                                  /*U Phase High Output
       P5B1 =0;
                                                  /*V Phase Low Output
       break;
   case 0x01:
       TPMR =0x89;
                                                                                            */
                                                 /*_U Phase(FTIOB0)Output Enable
       break;
   case 0x02:
       P5B1 =1;
                                                 /*V Phase High Output
                                                                                            */
        P5B2 =0;
                                                  /*W Phase Low Output
        break;
   case 0x03:
        TPMR = 0x8A;
                                                  /*_V Phase(FTIOC0)Output Enable
                                                                                            */
        break;
   case 0x04:
        P5B2 =1;
                                                  /*W Phase High Output
        P5B0 =0;
                                                  /*U Phase Low Output
        break;
   case 0x05:
        TPMR = 0 \times 8C;
                                                  /*_W Phase(FTIOD0)Output Enable
                                                                                            * /
        break;
   cnt =cnt +1;
   if (cnt ==0x06)
     {
        cnt = 0x00;
```

Feb. 2003

ADE-502-119 16-bit / H8/300H Tiny

Page 33 of 36 http://www.renesas.com/

```
}
    rot =rot +1;
    if (rot ==0x12)
         TIORA1 =0xCC;
                                                           /*FTIOA1,FTIOB1 Rising Edge Interrupt Enable
         TIORC1 =0x8C;
                                                           /*FTIOC1 Rising Edge Interrupt Enable
         TIER1 =0xE7;
         mode = 0x5 5;
                                                           /*Change initial rotation to nornal rotation
}
else{
   if (IMIFA_1 ==1){
         IMIFA_1 =0;
                                                           /*Interrupt Flag Clear
                                                                                                              */
         if(IOA0_1 ==1 ){
                 TPMR =0x89;
                                                           /*FTIOD0:disable,FTIOB0:enable
                 IOA0_1 =0;
                                                           /*Falling Edge Select
                  }
         else{
                        P5B2 =1;
                                                           /*W phase high,U phase low
                        P5B0 =0;
                         IOA0_1 =1;
                                                           /*Rising Edge Select
                  }
         }
    else if (IMIFB_1 ==1){
                  IMIFB_1 =0;
                                                           /*Interrupt Flag Clear
                  if(IOB0_1 ==1 ){
                        TPMR = 0x8A;
                                                           /*FTIOB0:disable,FTIOC0:enable
                        IOB0_1 =0;
                                                           /*Falling Edge Select
                         }
                  else{
                        P5B0 =1;
                                                           /*U phase high, V phase low
                        P5B1 =0;
                        IOB0_1 =1;
                                                           /*Rising Edge Select
                  }
    else if (IMIFC_1 ==1){
                  IMIFC_1 = 0;
                                                           /*Interrupt Flag Clear
                  if(IOC0_1 ==1 ){
                        TPMR = 0 \times 8C;
                                                           /*FTIOC0:disable,FTIOD0:enable
```

Feb. 2003

ADE-502-119 16-bit / H8/300H Tiny

Page 34 of 36 http://www.renesas.com/

```
IOC0_1 =0;
                                                /*Falling Edge Select
                                                                                           */
               else{}
                    P5B1 =1;
                                                /*V phase high,W phase low
                    P5B2 =0;
                    IOC0_1 =1;
                                                 /*Rising Edge Select
              }
       }
   }
/*IRQ0 Interrupt
void irq0 (void )
   IRRI0 =0;
   TOER =0xFF;
                                                 /*FTIOB0,FTIOC0,FTIOD0 Output Disable
   PDR5 = 0 \times 00;
   TIER1 =0xE0;
   while(1){}
```

Link Address Setting:

Section Name	Address
CV1	H'0000
CV2	H'001C
CV3	H'0036
Р	H'0100
В	H'FDB80

Feb. 2003 ADE-502-119 16-bit / H8/300H Tiny

Page 35 of 36 http://www.renesas.com/

Feb. 2003

ADE-502-119 16-bit / H8/300H Tiny

Page 36 of 36 http://www.renesas.com/