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7544 Group Clock Asynchronous Serial I/O (UART)

1. Abstract

The following article introduces and shows an application example of clock asynchronous (UART) of serial I/O.

2. Introduction

The explanation of this issue is applied to the following condition: Applicable MCU: 7544 Group



3.0 Contents

For clock asynchronous serial I/O (UART), the baud rate and transfer formats used by a transmitter and receiver must be identical.

In the 7544 Group, eight serial data transfer formats can be selected.

3.1 Data Transfer Rate

The transfer bit rate is calculated by the following formula;

• When the internal clock is selected (when baud rate generator is used)

Transfer bit rate [bps] = $\frac{f(X_{IN})}{Division ratio ^{1} X (BRG setting value ^{2} + 1) X 16}$

Division ratio^{*1} : "1" or "4" is selected (set by bit 0 of serial I/O control register) BRG setting value^{*2} : 0 to 255 (00_{16} to FF₁₆) is set

• When the external clock is selected

Transfer bit rate [bps] = Clock input to SCLK pin/16

Table 1 shows the setting example of baud rate generator and transfer bit rate values.

| BRG count source | BRG set value | Transfer bit rate (bps) | |
|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | | At f(X _{IN}) = 4.9152 MHz | At $f(X_{IN}) = 8 \text{ MHz}$ |
| f(XIN) / 4 | 255 (FF ₁₆) | 300 | 488.28125 |
| f(XIN) / 4 | 127 (7F ₁₆) | 600 | 976.5625 |
| f(XIN) / 4 | 63 (3F ₁₆) | 1200 | 1953.125 |
| f(XIN) / 4 | 31 (1F ₁₆) | 2400 | 3906.25 |
| f(XIN) / 4 | 15 (0F ₁₆) | 4800 | 7812.5 |
| f(XIN) / 4 | 7 (0716) | 9600 | 15625 |
| f(XIN) / 4 | 3 (0316) | 19200 | 31250 |
| f(XIN) / 4 | 1 (0116) | 38400 | 62500 |
| f(XIN) | 3 (0316) | 76800 | 125000 |
| f(XIN) | 1 (0116) | 153600 | 250000 |
| f(XIN) | 0 (0016) | 307200 | 500000 |

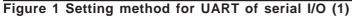
Table 1 Setting example of baud rate generator (BRG) and transfer bit rate values



3.2 UART Setting Method

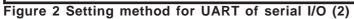
Figure 1 and Figure 2 show the setting method for UART of serial I/O.

| Process 1: Stop and initialize serial I/O. |
|---|
| Process 2: Disable serial I/O transmit/receive interrupt. |
| Process 3: Set serial I/O control register. |
| b7 b0 Serial I/O control register (SIOCON) [Address 1A16] BRG count source selected (set in internal clock selected) 0: f(Xn) 1: f(XiN)/4 Serial I/O synchronous clock selected (Note 1) 0: BRG output/16 1: External clock input/16 1: When transmit interrupt source selected 0: When transmit shift operation is completed 1: When transmit disabled (at half-duplex communication receive) 1: Transmit enable selected 0: Transmit disabled (at half-duplex communication transmit) 1: Receive enable selected 0: Receive enable d(at full-duplex communication transmit) 1: Receive enabled (at half-duplex communication) (Note 2) Clock asynchronous serial I/O Serial I/O enabled (P10–P12 pins operate as serial I/O pins)(Note 3) |
| Note 1: Setting of serial I/O synchronous clock selection bit is as follows; "0": P12 pin can be used as a normal I/O pin "1": P12 pin is used as an input pin for an external clock. 2: When data transmission is executed at the state that an external clock input is selected as the synchronous clock, set "1" to the transmit enable bit while the ScLK is "H" state. 3: When clock asynchronous (UART) serial I/O is selected, P13 pin can be used as a normal I/O pin. |
| "0": P1₂ pin can be used as a normal I/O pin "1": P1₂ pin is used as an input pin for an external clock. 2: When data transmission is executed at the state that an external clock input is selected as the synchronous clock, set "1" to the transmit enable bit while the ScLk is "H" state. |





| b7 | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | UART control register (UARTCON) [Address 1B ₁₆] |
| | Select character length 0: 8 bits |
| | 1: 7 bits |
| | Select parity enable |
| | 0: Parity disabled |
| | 1: Parity enabled Select parity (valid only when parity is enabled) |
| | 0: Even parity |
| | 1: Odd parity |
| | O: 1 stop bit |
| | 1: 2 stop bits |
| | Select P11/TxD P-channel output disable (in output mode) |
| | 0: CMOS output 1: N-channel open-drain output |
| | |
| Process 5: When B | RG output/16 is selected as synchronous clock, set value to baud rate generato |
| | |
| | Baud rate generator (BRG) [Address 1C16] |
| | Set baud rate value |
| | |
| Dragona 6: In order i | not to avagute the ne requested interrupt processing set "0" (ne requested) |
| | not to execute the no requested interrupt processing, set "0" (no requested) erial I/O transmit/receive interrupt request bit. |
| | |
| b7 | b0 |
| | 0 0 Interrupt request register 1 (IREQ1) [Address 3C16] |
| | 0 0 Interrupt request register 1 (IREQ1) [Address 3C16] |
| | |
| | 0 0 Interrupt request register 1 (IREQ1) [Address 3C16] No serial I/O receive interrupt request issued |
| b7 | 0 0 Interrupt request register 1 (IREQ1) [Address 3C16] Image: No serial I/O receive interrupt request issued No serial I/O transmit interrupt request issued |
| Process 7: When the | Interrupt request register 1 (IREQ1) [Address 3C16] No serial I/O receive interrupt request issued No serial I/O transmit interrupt request issued ne interrupt is used, set "1" (interrupt enabled) to the serial I/O transmit/receive |
| Process 7: When the | Interrupt request register 1 (IREQ1) [Address 3C16] No serial I/O receive interrupt request issued No serial I/O transmit interrupt request issued ne interrupt is used, set "1" (interrupt enabled) to the serial I/O transmit/receive t enable bit. |
| Process 7: When the interrupt | Interrupt request register 1 (IREQ1) [Address 3C16] No serial I/O receive interrupt request issued No serial I/O transmit interrupt request issued ne interrupt is used, set "1" (interrupt enabled) to the serial I/O transmit/receive t enable bit. |
| Process 7: When the interrupt | Interrupt request register 1 (IREQ1) [Address 3C16] No serial I/O receive interrupt request issued No serial I/O transmit interrupt request issued te interrupt is used, set "1" (interrupt enabled) to the serial I/O transmit/receive t enable bit. Interrupt control register 1 (ICON1) [Address 3E16] Serial I/O receive interrupt enabled |
| Process 7: When the interrupt | Interrupt request register 1 (IREQ1) [Address 3C16] No serial I/O receive interrupt request issued No serial I/O transmit interrupt request issued ne interrupt is used, set "1" (interrupt enabled) to the serial I/O transmit/receive t enable bit. Interrupt control register 1 (ICON1) [Address 3E16] |
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| Process 7: When the interrupt | Interrupt request register 1 (IREQ1) [Address 3C16] No serial I/O receive interrupt request issued No serial I/O transmit interrupt request issued no serial I/O transmit interrupt request issued |
| Process 7: When the interrupt | Interrupt request register 1 (IREQ1) [Address 3C16] No serial I/O receive interrupt request issued No serial I/O transmit interrupt request issued te interrupt is used, set "1" (interrupt enabled) to the serial I/O transmit/receive t enable bit. Interrupt control register 1 (ICON1) [Address 3E16] Serial I/O receive interrupt enabled Serial I/O transmit interrupt enabled |
| Process 7: When the interrupt | Interrupt request register 1 (IREQ1) [Address 3C16] No serial I/O receive interrupt request issued No serial I/O transmit interrupt request issued no serial I/O transmit interrupt request issued |
| Process 7: When the interrupt | 0 0 Interrupt request register 1 (IREQ1) [Address 3C16] No serial I/O receive interrupt request issued No serial I/O transmit interrupt request issued No serial I/O transmit interrupt request issued < |





3.3 Communication Using UART of Serial I/O (Transmit/Receive)

Outline : 2-byte data is transmitted and received, using UART. Port P0₀ is used for communication control.

Specifications : •The Serial I/O (UART selected) is used.

- •Transfer bit rate : 9600 bps ($f(X_{IN}) = 4.9152$ MHz divided by 512)
- •Communication control using port P0₀ (output level of port P0₀ is controlled by software)
- •2-byte data is transferred from the transmitter to the receiver at 10 ms intervals which the timer generates.

Figure 3 shows a connection diagram, Figure 4 shows a timing chart, Figure 5 shows the control procedure of transmitter, and Figure 6 shows an example of control procedure of receiver.

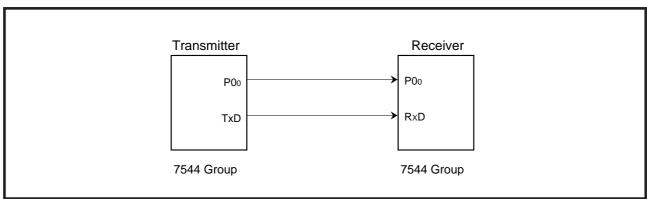


Figure 3 Connection diagram

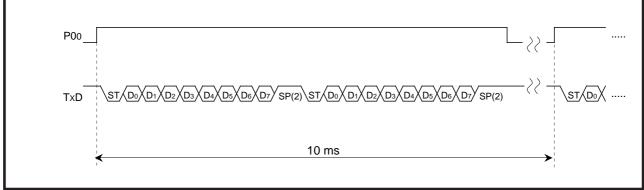


Figure 4 Timing chart



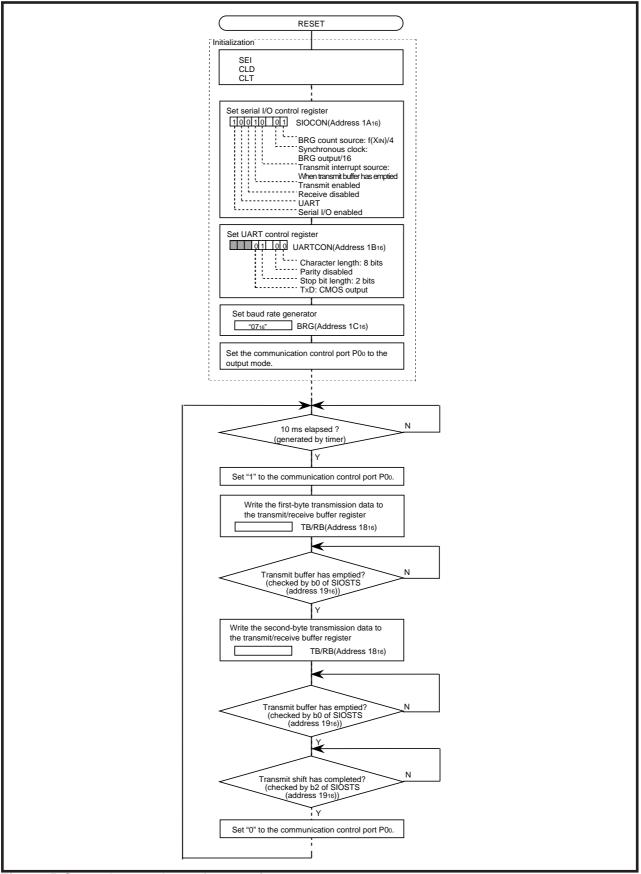
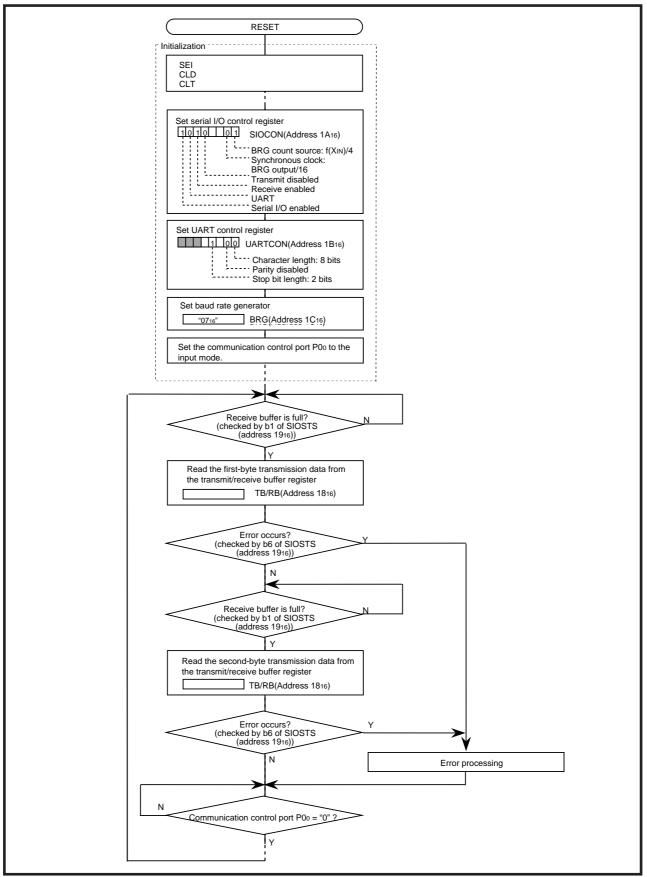


Figure 5 Control procedure of transmitter







4. Sample Programming Code

| [Reset Start | ••• | Main Routine Process] | | |
|------------------|--------------------------|--|-------|--|
| | SEI CLD CLT | | ; | Interrupt disable |
| | DX XS | #\$FF | ; | Set stack bottom |
| ; L | JDM | #%10000000,CPUM | ; | Set CPU mode register |
| ; ; Wait f(XI | N) (| oscillation stabilizi | ng | time |
| i L | JDM | #%00000000,CPUM | ; | Set CPU mode register |
| RAM_clear:S | LDA LDX STA INX | #0 #>RAM_top \$00,X | | |
| | BNE | RAM_clear | | |
| Ūart_initia | J: DM | #%10010001,SIOCON | ;;;;; | BRG count source : f(Xin)/4 synchronous clock : divided 16 interrupt request factor : transmit buffer is empty enable transmit disable receive serial I/O mode : asynchronous serial I/O mode |
| L | JDM | #%00001000,UARTCON | ;;;; | enable serial I/O character length bit : 8 bits disable parity 2 stop bits TxD : CMOS output |
| L | JDM | #\$07,BRG | ; | set baud rate |
| L | DM DM | #\$055,SEND_DATA #\$0AA,SEND_DATA+1 | ; | set send data |
| L | DM DM | #%00000000,P0 #%00000001,P0D | ; | Set Port PO direction register |
| L L L | LDM LDM LDM | #%00000001,TCSS2 #\$F9,PRE1 #\$61,T1 | ;; | <pre>select timer 1 count source : f(Xin)/2 transmit cycle 10ms</pre> |
| CLB 5, N | IRE(IOP | Q2 | ; | clear timer 1 interrupt request |
| ; | | | | |
| | | | | 10 |
| | BBC CLB | | | 10ms? clear timer 1 interrupt request |
| S | SEB | 0,P0 | ; | transmit start flag |
| | LDA STA | SEND_DATA TBRB | ; | Send data write |
| | BBC | 0,SIOSTS,MAIN00 | ; | data send? -> no |
| | LDA STA | SEND_DATA+1 TBRB | ; | Next send data write |
| i | BBC | 0,SIOSTS,MAIN01 | ; | data send? -> no |
| | BBC | 2,SIOSTS,MAIN02 | ; | Shift end check ? -> no |
| ; C | LB | 0,P0 | | |
| | BRA | MAIN | | |
| ; | | | | |
| Figure 7 Sam | ple | Programming Code (T | rar | ismit Side) |



| [Reset Start ••• Main Routine Process] | | | | |
|--|-------------------|------------------------|--------|---|
| RESET: | SEI CLD CLT | | ; | Interrupt disable |
| ; | LDX TXS | #\$FF | ; | Set stack bottom |
| ; | LDM | #%10000000,CPUM | ; | Set CPU mode register |
| | XIN) (| oscillation stabilizi | ing | , time |
| ; | LDM | #%00000000,CPUM | ; | Set CPU mode register |
| ; RAM_clear | : | #>RAM_top | | |
| | INX BNE | RAM_clear | | |
| ; Uart_init | | #%10100001,SIOCON | ; ; | BRG count source : f(Xin)/4 synchronous clock : divided 16 disable transmit |
| | | | ;;;;; | <pre>enable receive serial I/O mode : asynchronous serial I/O mode enable serial I/O character length bit : 8 bits disable parity 2 stop bits enable wete</pre> |
| | | #\$07,BRG | | set baud rate |
| i | | | | Set Port PO direction register |
| ; MAIN: ; | | | | data receive ? -> no |
| 7 | | TBRB Receive_Data | ; | store received data |
| | BBS | 6,SIOSTS,ERROR | ; | error occur ? -> yes |
| MAIN00: | | 1,SIOSTS,MAIN00 | ; | data receive ? -> no |
| | LDA STA | TBRB Receive_Data+1 | ; | store received data |
| | BBC | 6,SIOSTS,MAIN_01 | ; | error occur ? -> no |
| ; ERROR: ; | LDM | #\$00,SIOSTS | ; | clear all error flag |
| ; error p: ; | roces | sing | | |
| ; MAIN_01 | | | | |
| | | 0,P0,MAIN_01 | | |
| ; | BRA | MAIN | | |

Figure 8 Sample Programming Code (Receive Side)



5. Reference

Data Sheet 7544 Group Data sheet 7544 Group Data sheet (QzROM Version)

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REVISION HISTORY

7544 Group Clock Asynchronous Serial I/O (UART)

| Rev. | Date | Description | | |
|------|--------------|-------------|--------------------------------|--|
| NEV. | Date | Page | Summary | |
| 1.00 | Apr 01, 2003 | - | First Edition issued | |
| 2.00 | Nov 12, 2004 | 8-9 | Sample Programming Code added. | |
| | | | | |



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