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April 1<sup>st</sup>, 2010 Renesas Electronics Corporation

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# 455A Group

## Interrupts

#### 1. Abstract

This document presents the method for using the interrupt of the 455A-group microcomputers and shows an application example.

#### 2. Introduction

The application example explained in this document applies for use with the microcomputers and under the conditions described below.

• Microcomputer : 455A group

• Oscillation frequency : 4 MHz (external 0, timer 1); 2 MHz (timer 2) as main clock f(XIN), however;

32.768 kHz (timer 3) as sub-clock f(Xcin), however

• System clock : Used in through mode (not frequency divided)

In this application note, explanation is made of an example of interrupt setting method and an application example with respect to the following:

- External 0 interrupt
- Timer 1 interrupt
- Timer 2 interrupt
- Timer 3 interrupt



## 3. Related Registers

### 3.1 Interrupt Control Register V1

Table 3.1 shows the bit configuration of Interrupt Control Register V1.

For write to the register V1, first set a value in the register A and then use the TV1A instruction.

Furthermore, the TAV1 instruction may be used to transfer the content of register V1 to the register A.

Table 3.1 Bit Configuration of Interrupt Control Register V1

	Interrupt Control Register V1	W	/hen reset: 00002	When powered down: 00002	R/W TAV1/TV1A				
V13	Timer 2 interrupt enable bit	0	Disables interrupt g	Disables interrupt generation (SNZT2 instruction effective)					
V 13	Timer 2 interrupt enable bit	1	Enables interrupt g	Enables interrupt generation (SNZT2 instruction has no effect)					
V/12	V12 Timer 1 interrupt enable bit		Disables interrupt generation (SNZT1 instruction effective)						
V 12			Enables interrupt generation (SNZT1 instruction has no effect)						
V/1 <sub>1</sub>	V11 Unused		This bit has no functions assigned, but can be read/written.						
			This bit has no functions assigned, but can be read/whiten.						
V10	V10 External 0 interrupt enable bit	0	Disables interrupt generation (SNZ0 instruction effective)						
• 10		1	Enables interrupt g	eneration (SNZ0 instruction has no effec	t)				

Note 1: The letter R denotes "readable," and the letter W denotes "writable."

Note 2: Unused bits during interrupt setting.

## 3.2 Interrupt Control Register V2

Table 3.2 shows the bit configuration of Interrupt Control Register V2.

For write to the register V2, first set a value in the register A and then use the TV2A instruction.

Furthermore, the TAV2 instruction may be used to transfer the content of register V2 to the register A.

Table 3.2 Bit Configuration of Interrupt Control Register V2

	Interrupt Control Register V2	When reset: 00002		When powered down: 00002	R/W TAV2/TV2A				
V23	Unused	0	This hit has no fu	This bit has no functions assigned, but can be read/written.					
V 23	Ullused	1	Triis bit has no lui	ictions assigned, but can be read/writte	11.				
V22	V22 Unused		This bit has no functions assigned, but can be read/written.						
V ZZ	VZZ Oriuseu	1	This bit has no functions assigned, but can be read/whiten.						
V21	Unused	0	This bit has no functions assigned, but can be read/written.						
۷۷۱	vzi Onused	1	This bit has no randions assigned, but can be read/written.						
V/2n	V20 Timer 3 interrupt enable bit	0	Disables interrupt generation (SNZT3 instruction effective)						
<b>V Z</b> 0		1	Enables interrupt	generation (SNZT3 instruction has no e	ffect)				

Note 1: The letter R denotes "readable," and the letter W denotes "writable."

Note 2: : Unused bits during interrupt setting.



#### 3.3 Interrupt Control Register I1

Table 3.3 shows the bit configuration of Interrupt Control Register I1.

For write to the register I1, first set a value in the register A and then use the TI1A instruction.

Furthermore, the TAI1 instruction may be used to transfer the content of register I1 to the register A.

Table 3.3 Bit Configuration of Interrupt Control Register I1

	Interrupt Control Register I1	Wher	n reset: 00002	When powered down: State retained	R/W TAI1/TI1A				
112	I13 INT pin input control bit Note 2	0	Disables input	Disables input					
113		1	Enables input						
112	INT pin interrupt active waveform/ return level select bit Note 2	0	Falling wavefo	Falling waveform/low level (SNZI0 instruction recognizes low level on INT pin)					
112		1	Rising waveform/high level (SNZI0 instruction recognizes high level on INT pin)						
111	INT pin edge detection circuit control bit	0	Detects one edge						
'''	The live pin eage detection circuit control bit	1	Detects both edges						
110	INT pin timer 1 count start synchronizing	0	Deselects timer 1 count start synchronizing circuit						
110	circuit select bit	1	Selects timer 1 count start synchronizing circuit						

Note 1: The letter R denotes "readable," and the letter W denotes "writable."

Note 2: When the contents of these bits (I12 or I13) are changed, the external interrupt request flag (EXF0) may be set

Note 3: : Unused bits during career output setting.

### 3.4 Timer Control Register PA

Table 3.4 shows the bit configuration of Timer Control Register PA.

For write to the register PA, first set a value in the register A and then use the TPAA instruction.

Table 3.4 Bit Configuration of Timer Control Register PA

	Timer Control Register PA	When reset: 02		When powered down: 02	W TPAA
PA <sub>0</sub>	PAo Prescaler control bit	0	Stop (state reta	ained)	
1710	1 Au   Tescaler control bit		Start		

Note 1: The letter W denotes "writable."



#### 3.5 Timer Control Register W1

Table 3.5 shows the bit configuration of Timer Control Register W1.

For write to the register W1, first set a value in the register A and then use the TW1A instruction.

Furthermore, the TAW1 instruction may be used to transfer the content of register W1 to the register A.

Table 3.5 Bit Configuration of Timer Control Register W1

	Timer Control Register W1	Wh	en reset	: 00002	When powered down: State retained	R/W TAW1/TW1A			
W/12	W13 Timer 1 count auto stop circuit select bit Note 2		Desele	Deselects timer 1 count auto stop circuit					
VV 13			Selects	timer 1 c	count auto stop circuit				
W12	W12 Timer 1 control bit		Stop (st	Stop (state retained)					
VV 12	VV12 Timer I control bit	1	Start	Start					
			W10	W10 Count source					
W11		0	0	0 PWM signal (PWMOUT)					
	Timer 1 count source select bit Note 3	0	1	Prescaler output (ORCLK)					
W10		1	0	Timer 3 underflow signal (T3UDF)					
**10		1	1	CNTR in	CNTR input				

Note 1: The letter R denotes "readable," and the letter W denotes "writable."

Note 2: This function is usable only when timer 1 count start synchronizing circuit is selected (I10 = 1).

Note 3: If CNTR input is selected for the timer 1 count source, port C output is disabled.

#### 3.6 Timer Control Register W2

Table 3.6 shows the bit configuration of Timer Control Register W2.

For write to the register W2, first set a value in the register A and then use the TW2A instruction.

Furthermore, the TAW2 instruction may be used to transfer the content of register W2 to the register A.

Table 3.6 Bit Configuration of Timer Control Register W2

	Timer Control Register W2	Wh	en reset: 00002	When powered down: 00002	R/W TAW2/TW2A			
W23	CNTR pin output control bit	0	Disables CNTR pi	n output				
VV23	W23 CNTR pin output control bit	1	Enables CNTR pir	output				
W2a	W22 PWM signal high period extend function control bit	0	Disables PWM signal high period extend function					
VVZ2		1	Enables PWM signal high period extend function					
\M21	W21 Timer 2 control bit	0	Stop (state retained)					
VVZ1		1	Start					
W20	Timer 2 count source select bit	0	XIN input					
VVZ0	Time: 2 count source select bit	1	Prescaler output (ORCLK) divided by 2					

Note 1: The letter R denotes "readable," and the letter W denotes "writable."



## 3.7 Timer Control Register W3

Table 3.7 shows the bit configuration of Timer Control Register W3.

For write to the register W3, first set a value in the register A and then use the TW3A instruction.

Furthermore, the TAW3 instruction may be used to transfer the content of register W3 to the register A.

Table 3.7 Bit Configuration of Timer Control Register W3

Timer Control Register W3		When reset: 00002			When powered down: State retained	R/W TAW3/TW3A		
W33	W33 Timer 3 control bit		Stop (ir	Stop (initial state)				
VV33	Timer 3 control bit	1	Start					
	W32	W32	W31	W30	Count value			
W32		0	0	0	Generates underflow every 512 counts			
		0	0	1	Generates underflow every 1,024 counts			
		0	1	0	Generates underflow every 2,048 count	s		
W31	Timer 3 count value select bit	0	1	1	Generates underflow every 4,096 counts			
		1	0	0	Generates underflow every 8,192 counts			
		1	0	1	Generates underflow every 16,384 cour	nts		
W30		1	1	0	Generates underflow every 32,768 counts			
		1	1	1	Generates underflow every 65,536 cour	nts		

Note 1: The letter R denotes "readable," and the letter W denotes "writable."

## 3.8 Timer Control Register W5

Table 3.8 the bit configuration of the Timer Control Register W5.

For write to the register W5, first set a value in the register A and then use the TW5A instruction.

Furthermore, the TAW5 instruction may be used to transfer the content of register W5 to the register A.

Table 3.8 Bit Configuration of Timer Control Register W5

	Timer Control Register W5	Whe	en reset: 00002		When powered down: State retained	R/W TAW5/TW5A			
\ <i>\\\</i> 52	W53 Unused		This b	This bit has no functions, but can be accessed for read/write.					
VV33			This b	This bit has no functions, but can be accessed for read/write.					
W52	W52 Unused		This b	This bit has no functions, but can be accessed for read/write.					
VV32	Onused	1	This b	This bit has no functions, but can be accessed for read/write.					
		W51	W50	Count source					
W51		0	0	0 Xcin input					
	Timer 3 count source select bit	0	1	1 ORCLK input					
W50		1	0	0 Low-speed on-chip oscillator input (LSOCO)					
VV30		1	1	High-speed on-chip oscillator input (HSOCO)					

Note 1: The letter R denotes "readable," and the letter W denotes "writable."

Note 2: : Unused bits during interrupt setting.



## 3.9 Port Output Mode Control Register FR2

Table 3.9 shows the bit configuration of Port Output Mode Control Register FR2. For write to the register FR2, first set a value in the register A and then use the TFR2A instruction.

Table 3.9 Bit Configuration of Port Output Mode Control Register FR2

Р	ort Output Mode Control Register FR2	W	hen reset: 00002	When powered down: State retained W TFR2A			
FR23	Port P32 and P33 output mode select bit	0	N-channel open-o	Irain output			
11123	FR23 Fort F32 and F33 output mode select bit	1	CMOS output				
ED22	FR22 Port P30 and P31 output mode select bit	0	N-channel open-drain output				
11122		1	CMOS output				
FR21	Port D <sub>5</sub> output mode select bit	0	N-channel open-drain output				
111121	Port Ds output mode select bit	1	CMOS output				
FR20	Port D4 output mode select bit	0	N-channel open-drain output				
11120		1	CMOS output				

Note 1: The letter W denotes "writable."

Note 2: : Unused bits during interrupt setting.



#### 4. Application Example for Using the Interrupts

#### 4.1 External 0 Interrupt

The INT pin is an external interrupt pin whose active waveform is selectable. A falling edge (high to low transition), rising edge (low to high transition) and both edges (high to low and low to high transitions) on this pin can be recognized.

Point : A falling edge (high to low transition), rising edge (low to high transition) or both edges (high to

low and low to high transitions) can be used as a trigger for external 0 interrupt.

Specification: External 0 interrupt is generated by both edges (high to low and low to high transitions) of an

external signal.

Figure 4.1 shows an example of external 0 interrupt operation. Figure 4.2 shows an example of external 0 interrupt setting.

#### 4.2 Timer 1 Interrupt

Timer 1 permits a fixed-cycle interrupt to be used based on a set timer value.

Point : A fixed-cycle interrupt based on an underflow signal of timer 1 can be used.

Specification: A timer 1 interrupt is generated every 1 ms synchronously with the timing signal derived by

dividing the system clock frequency (= 4.0 MHz) with the prescaler and timer 1.

Figure 4.3 shows an example of how to set a timer 1 fixed-cycle interrupt.

#### 4.3 Timer 2 Interrupt

Timer 2 permits a fixed-cycle interrupt to be used based on a set timer value.

Point : A fixed-cycle interrupt based on an underflow signal of timer 2 can be used.

Specification: A timer 2 interrupt is generated every 0.125 ms synchronously with the timing signal derived by

dividing the system clock frequency (= 2.0 MHz) with timer 2.

Figure 4.4 shows an example of how to set a timer 2 fixed-cycle interrupt.

#### 4.4 Timer 3 Interrupt

Timer 3 permits a fixed-cycle interrupt to be used based on a set timer value.

Point : A fixed-cycle interrupt based on an underflow signal of timer 3 can be used.

Specification: A timer 3 interrupt is generated every 500 ms synchronously with the timing signal derived by

dividing the sub-clock frequency (f(XCIN) = 32.768 kHz) with timer 3.

Figure 4.5 shows an example of how to set a timer 3 fixed-cycle interrupt.



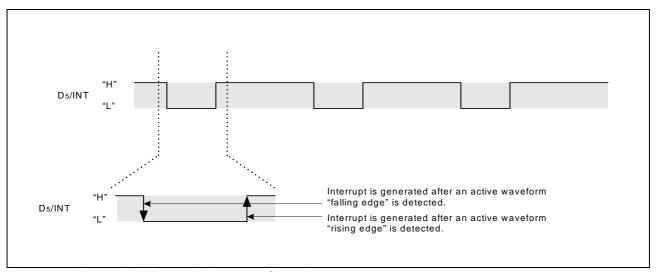


Figure 4.1 Example of External 0 Interrupt Operation



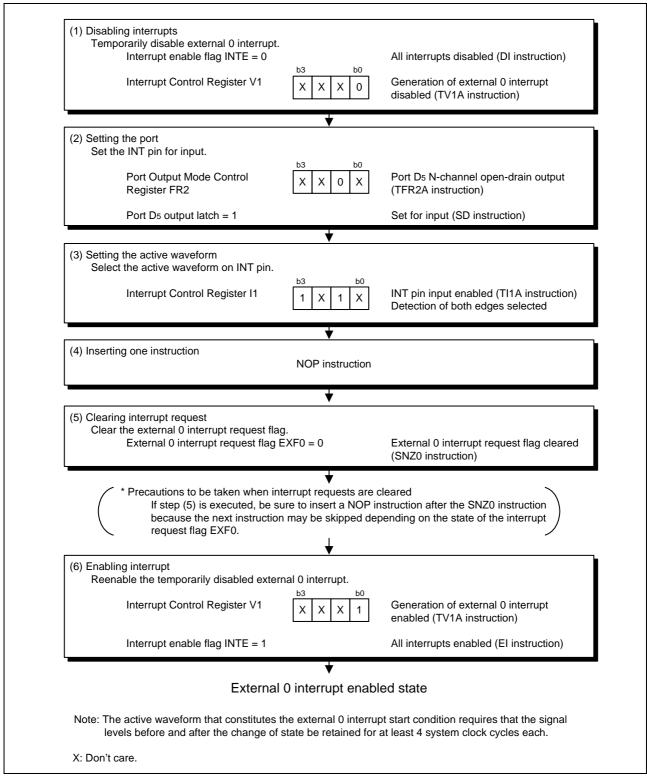


Figure 4.2 Example of External 0 Interrupt Setting



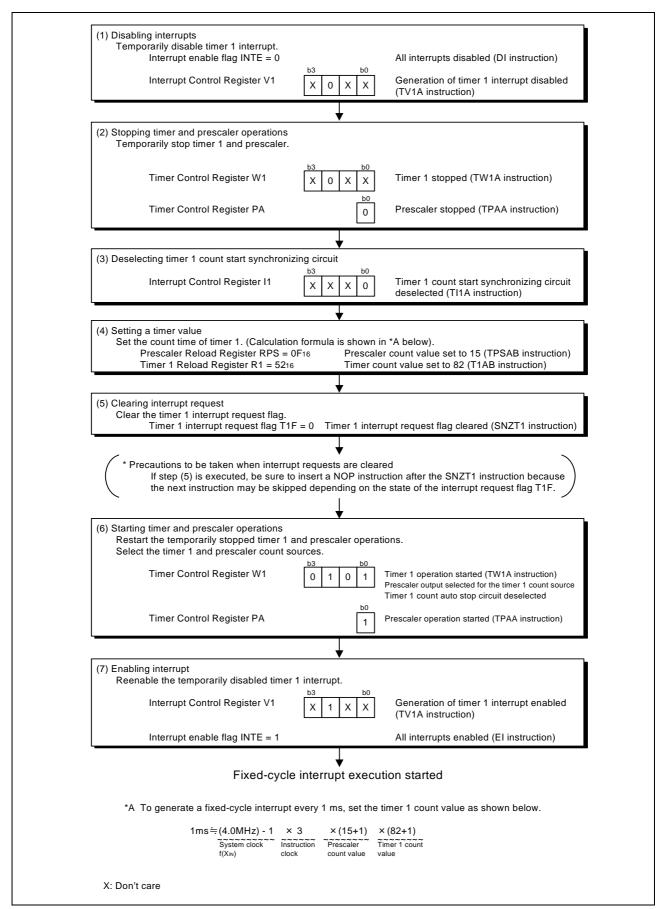


Figure 4.3 Example of Timer 1 Fixed-cycle Interrupt Setting



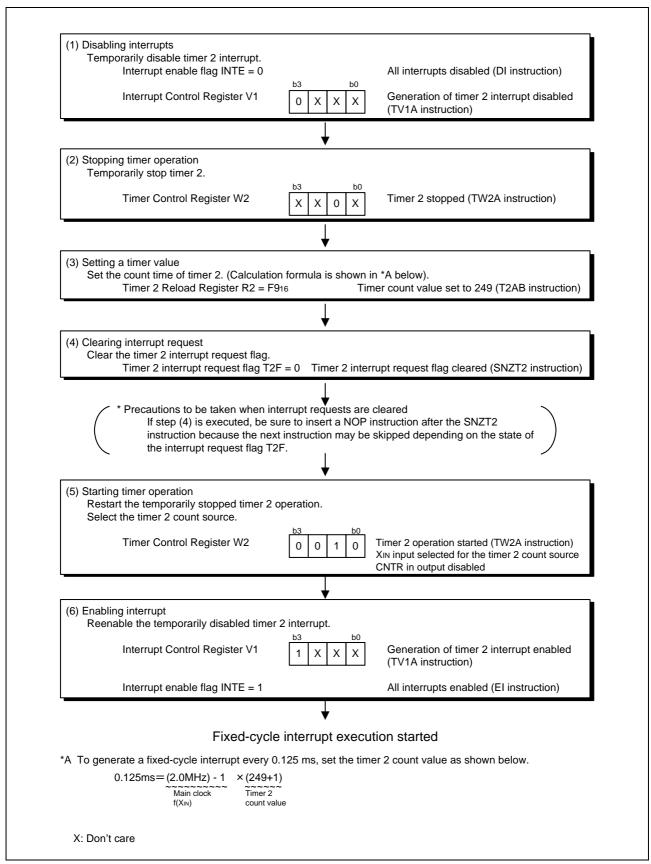


Figure 4.4 Example of Timer 2 Fixed-cycle Interrupt Setting



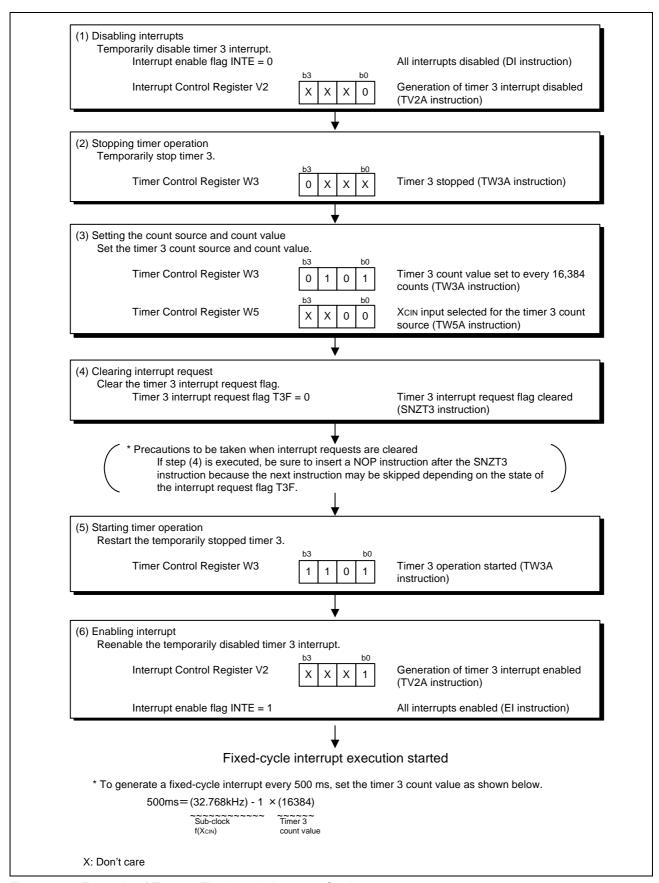


Figure 4.5 Example of Timer 3 Fixed-cycle Interrupt Setting



#### 5. Reference Documents

Data sheet 455A Group Data Sheet (The latest version is available from the Renesas Technology Web site.)

Technical news / Technical Update (The latest information is available from the Renesas Technology Web site.)



## 6. Sample Programs

Sample programs are available from the Renesas Technology Web site. To download one, click the screen menu "Application Note" on the left side of 455A group Web site.



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