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Chapter 1 User's Manuals

Please read the following user's manuals along with this document.

Manual Name	Document Number
CC-RL Compiler	R20UT3123EJ0106

Chapter 2 Changes

This section describes changes to CC-RL from V1.05.00 to V1.06.00.

The features of the latter can only be used if the compiler is registered under the professional license.

They are indicated by **[Professional edition]** from here on.

2.1 C99 standard

To select conformance of the language specifications with the C99 standard, the **-lang** and **-strict_std** compiler options have been added.

Note that this version of the compiler does not support variable-length arrays and complex types, and some standard library functions.

```
-lang={c|c99}
```

When the **-lang=c** option is specified, the language specifications conform with the C90 standard.

When the **-lang=c99** option is specified, the language specifications conform with the C99 standard.

```
-strict_std
```

This option selects processing of the C source program in strict accordance with the language standard (C90 or C99) specified with the **-lang** option. Error and warning messages are output in response to code that violates the given standard.

V1.05.00 and earlier versions have the **-ansi** option to select the processing of C source programs in strict accordance with the C90 standard; however, in V1.06.00 and later versions, the **-strict_std** option is used. If the **-ansi** option is specified in V1.06.00 and later versions, it is automatically converted to the **-strict_std** option for input to the compiler.

2.2 Improvements to the feature for checking source code against MISRA-C:2012 rules **[Professional edition]**

The following rule numbers have been added to those which can be designated as arguments of the **-misra2012** option for use with the C99 standard, which selects checking by the compiler of source code against the specified MISRA-C:2012 rules.

[Mandatory rules] **17.6**

[Required rules] **8.14 , 9.4 , 9.5, 13.1, 18.7, 21.11**

[Advisory rules] **21.12**

The following are the numbers of MISRA-C:2012 rules against which each revision of compilers can check source code for compliance.

<i>Rule classification (number of rules in the standard)</i>	<i>V1.02.00</i>	<i>V1.03.00</i>	<i>V1.04.00</i>	<i>V1.05.00</i>	<i>V1.06.00</i>
Mandatory rules (16)	3	3	4	6	7
Required rules (108)	31	58	76	80	86
Advisory rules (32)	7	21	23	25	26
Total number of rules (156)	41	82	103	111	119

2.3 Feature for detecting illegal indirect function calls [Professional edition]

A feature for detecting indirect function calls to illegal addresses has been added.

The compiler checks the branch destination addresses of indirect calls of functions through the following steps and calls an error function if it detects a problem.

1. The compiler automatically extracts functions which may be indirectly called in the C-source program and the linker consolidates the information to generate a list of functions in the executable files.
2. The compiler inserts processing for calling the “__control_flow_integrity” checking function immediately before calls of indirect functions it finds in analyzing the C-source program. The branch destination address of the call of the indirect function is passed as an argument to this checking function.
3. Within the checking function at the time of execution, the branch destination address given as the argument is checked to see if it is included in the list of functions. If the address is not included, it is regarded as an illegal indirect function call, so the “__control_flow_chk_fail” error function will be called.

The following C-source program shows an example of an illegal indirect function call.

```
extern void func1(void);
extern void func2(void);

void (*fp)(void) = &func1;

void main(void) {
    (*fp)();          // Function func1 is indirectly called.
    func2();          // Function func2 is directly called.
}
```

Since the address of func1 is acquired in the fourth line, the call of func1 is regarded as indirect and added to the list of functions.

Since a function pointer fp is used to indirectly call func1 in the seventh line, the compiler acquires the value of fp immediately before this call and generates code to call the “__control_flow_integrity” checking function by specifying the acquired value as an argument. Within the checking function, a check of whether the value specified by the argument (the address of func1 in the case of normal operation) is included in the list of functions is conducted and subsequent operation is as follows.

- If the list includes the value, the compiler continues to process the C-source program.
- If the list does not include the value, the “__control_flow_chk_fail” error function is called.

Illegal indirect function calls can thus be detected in the way described above.

Since the call of func2 is direct, the eighth line is not detected.

Specify the following options to enable this feature.

[compile option]

-control_flow_integrity

This option selects the generation of code for detecting illegal indirect function calls.

[linker option]

-cfi

This option selects the generation of a list of functions for use in detecting illegal indirect function calls.

The following linker options have also been added in association with this feature.

- **-cfi_add_func**
This option adds the symbols or addresses of functions which are specified as arguments to the list of functions.
- **-cfi_ignore_module**
This option selects the non-addition of the addresses of functions included in a file which is specified as an argument to the list of functions.
- **-show=cfi**
This option selects the output of the contents of the list of functions to the list file which is output in response to specifying the -list option.

2.4 Specifying more than one vector table address for a hardware interrupt handler

#pragma interrupt can be used to specify more than one vector table address for a single function.

```

<Example>
#pragma interrupt func(vect=2, vect=8)
  or
#pragma interrupt func(vect=2)
#pragma interrupt func(vect=8)

```

2.5 Accessing indirect references by pointers in 1-byte units

To support the porting of code written for the CA78K0R compiler, the CC-RL compiler newly supports the `-unaligned_pointer_for_ca78k0r` option that leads to the generation of code for indirect reference with 1-byte access to types without the volatile qualifier.

2.6 Enhanced optimization

For V1.06.00, optimization has been further enhanced on points (1) to (2), listed and described below.

(1) Handling of bitwise operations

Handling of bitwise operations for data having a narrow bit width has been enhanced.

```

<Example of source code>
void func(unsigned char *t, unsigned char i, unsigned char j, unsigned char v) {
    unsigned char *p = &t[i & 0xff];
    unsigned char m = j >> (i & 0xf);
    *p = v ? m : ~m;
}

```

<Code generated by V1.05.00 (1/2) >

```

_func:
    .STACK_func = 8
    push bc
    push hl
    movw hl, ax
    mov a, b
    mov [sp+0x00], a
    mov a, c
    and a, #0x0F
    mov b, a
    mov a, [sp+0x00]
    shrw ax, 8+0x00000
    cmp0 b
    bz $.BB@LABEL@1_2
.BB@LABEL@1_1: ; entry
    shrw ax, 0x01
    dec b
    bnz $.BB@LABEL@1_1
.BB@LABEL@1_2: ; entry
    movw [sp+0x00], ax
    clrb a

```

<Code generated by V1.06.00 (1/2) >

```

_func:
    .STACK_func = 8
    push bc
    push hl
    movw hl, ax
    mov a, b
    mov [sp+0x00], a
    mov a, c
    and a, #0x0F
    mov b, a
    mov a, [sp+0x00]
    shrw ax, 8+0x00000
    cmp0 b
    bz $.BB@LABEL@1_2
.BB@LABEL@1_1: ; entry
    shrw ax, 0x01
    dec b
    bnz $.BB@LABEL@1_1
.BB@LABEL@1_2: ; entry
    movw bc, ax
    mov a, e

```

<pre> <Code generated by V1.05.00 (2/2) > movw bc, ax mov a, e cmp0 a bnz \$.BB@LABEL@1_4 .BB@LABEL@1_3: ; bb22 movw ax, [sp+0x00] mov a, #0xFF xch a, x xor a, #0xFF xch a, x movw bc, ax .BB@LABEL@1_4: ; bb25 mov a, [sp+0x02] shrw ax, 8+0x00000 addw ax, hl movw de, ax mov a, c mov [de], a addw sp, #0x04 ret </pre>	<pre> <Code generated by V1.06.00 (2/2) > cmp0 a mov a, c mov b, a bnz \$.BB@LABEL@1_4 .BB@LABEL@1_3: ; bb22 xor a, #0xFF mov b, a .BB@LABEL@1_4: ; bb25 mov a, [sp+0x02] shrw ax, 8+0x00000 addw ax, hl movw de, ax mov a, b mov [de], a addw sp, #0x04 ret </pre>
---	---

(2) Alias analysis

Optimization by alias analysis has been enhanced. Alias analysis was implemented in V1.05.00 and is enabled by specifying the `-Oalias=ansi` option.

In V1.05.00, alias analysis is disabled when the `-Omerge_files` option is specified. However, in V1.06.00, it is enabled even when the `-Omerge_files` option is specified.

When optimization by alias analysis is enabled, the effect is the same as in V1.05.00.

```

<Example of source code>
struct tag1 {
    char member1;
    int member2;
    long long member3;
} StructArray[2];

struct tag2 {
    short index0;
    short index1;
    short index2;
};

void func(struct tag2 *p) {
    StructArray[p->index1].member1 = 1;
    StructArray[p->index1].member2 = 2;
    StructArray[p->index1].member3 = 3;
}

```

Although the address of StructArray[p->index1] would be calculated three times in V1.04.00, it is only calculated once in V1.06.00.

<pre><Code generated by V1.04.00> movw de, ax movw bc, #0x000C movw ax, [de+0x02] mulh movw bc, ax mov LOWW(_StructArray)[bc], #0x01 movw ax, [de+0x02] movw bc, #0x000C mulh addw ax, #LOWW(_StructArray+0x00002) movw hl, ax onew ax incw ax movw [hl], ax movw ax, [de+0x02] movw bc, #0x000C mulh addw ax, #LOWW(_StructArray+0x00004) movw de, ax clrw ax movw [de+0x06], ax movw [de+0x04], ax movw [de+0x02], ax movw ax, #0x0003 movw [de], ax ret</pre>	<pre><Code generated by V1.06.00> push hl movw de, ax movw bc, #0x000C movw ax, [de+0x02] mulh addw ax, #LOWW(_StructArray) movw [sp+0x00], ax movw de, ax movw ax, de mov [de+0x00], #0x01 incw ax incw ax movw de, ax onew ax incw ax movw [de], ax movw ax, [sp+0x00] addw ax, #0x0004 movw de, ax clrw ax movw [de+0x06], ax movw [de+0x04], ax movw [de+0x02], ax movw ax, #0x0003 movw [de], ax pop hl ret</pre>
--	--

2.7 Upper limits on usable amounts of memory

The amounts of memory on the host computer that are usable by the CC-RL compiler have been expanded.

- 2 Gbytes with the 32-bit and 64-bit OSs [V1.05.00 and earlier versions]
- **3 Gbytes** with the 32-bit OS and **4 Gbytes** with the 64-bit OS [V1.06.00 and later versions]

2.8 Control of messages

The **-change_message** compiler option, which is used to change warning messages to error messages, has been added to avoid oversights in the form of warning messages not being noticed.

In addition, the **-no_warning_num** compiler option that controls the output of warning messages can now specify messages with numbers from 0510000.

- W0520000 to W0559999 can be controlled. [V1.05.00 and earlier versions]
- **W0510000 to W0559999** can be controlled. [V1.06.00 and later versions]

2.9 Fixing of the record length of the Intel HEX file

The **-fix_record_length_and_align** option, which causes the output addresses of Intel HEX files (.hex)

and Motorola S-record files (.mot) to have a specified alignment and be output with a fixed record length, has been added. Since with this option a HEX file is always output with a fixed record length, it can improve the efficiency of work such as comparing HEX files.

The `-byte_count` option has also been extended to allow its specification along with the `-form=stype` option.

2.10 Addition of a message at linkage

In V1.05.00 and earlier versions, the warning code W0561322 was output if sections with different alignment conditions but the same names were linked. In V1.06.00, warning code **W0561331** is output when sections with the same names but different alignment conditions, with the condition for one not being a multiple of that of the other, are linked.

W0561322: Section alignment mismatch : " *section* "

W0561331 : Section alignment is not adjusted : " *section* "

In both cases, specification of the greater value of the alignment condition is enabled and the sections are linked.

W0561322 can be ignored since it does not indicate a problem with operation. However, since W0561331 indicates a possible problem with operation, the alignment conditions must be reviewed.

2.11 Rectified points for caution

The points for caution on the following four items no longer apply. For details, refer to Tool News.

- Relational Operators in the Control Expressions of switch Statements (CCRL#015)
- Using a goto statement to move to a label in a switch statement (CCRL#016)
- When a function has multiple arguments and also has assignment or comparison between formal arguments (CCRL#017)
- Loop statements with loop-control variables in which constants are used as the condition for ending the loop (CCRL#018)

2.12 Other changes and improvements

The generation of an internal error in response to building has been corrected.

Chapter 3 Points for Caution

Please refer to the user's manual for caution regarding V1.06.00 of the CC-RL compiler.

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Revision History

Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
Rev.1.00	Dec 20,2017		First Edition issued
Rev.1.01	Jan 16,2021	9	The error in rectified points for caution is corrected.

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